# New Orleans Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

J. O. NIXON, Editor and Proprietor.

OFFICE---NO. 70 CAMP STREET.

Yearly Subscription, $10 00 -- By the Week 20 cents

☞ Advertisements inserted at the usual rates. A liberal discount made to regular advertisers.

☞ The Weekly Crescent is published every Saturday morning. Subscription $3—invariably in advance.

SATURDAY MORNING, APRIL 20, 1861.


☞ Correspondents, subscribers and others communicating with the Crescent will greatly oblige us by writing on but one side of their paper.

## AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

S. Roger & Co. sell at 10 o'clock, at Nos. 45 and 47 Old Levee street, between Conti and Bienville streets, a lot of dry goods, boots, shoes, etc.

C. S. Gleadey & Co. sell at 11 o'clock, at No. 31 Magazine street, mains and carts; also at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' and Auctioneers' Exchange, two complete cotton presses and pickeries, valuable stores, etc.

Julian Ker sells at 12 o'clock, at the St. Charles Exchange, valuable property on Opelousas street.

Richard Relf & Co. sell at 12 o'clock, at the St. Charles Exchange, valuable real estate in the First District.

Edward C. Andler sells at 12 o'clock, on St. Louis street, opposite the St. Louis Hotel, fine furniture, etc.

☞ Particulars in advertisements under auction heads, 5th page.

—SHERIFF'S SALES—

E. T. Parker, Sheriff of the Parish of Orleans, sells at 12 o'clock, at the City Hotel, Common street, between Camp and Magazine street, valuable real estate.

☞ Particulars in advertisement on 3d page.

—CONSTABLE'S SALES—

W. H. Walker, Constable, sells at 12 o'clock, on Clouet street, between Prytania and Parallel, household furniture, etc.

☞ Particulars in advertisement on 4th page.

☞ We are under obligations to Mr. J. J. McKeever and his gentlemanly assistants for the latest Northern and Western papers.

☞ We had the pleasure of a call, last evening, from our old time friend, Jona. C. White, editor of that excellent journal, the Attakapas Register, published in the flourishing town of Franklin, parish of St. Mary. We were right glad to see him in the enjoyment of his usual good health, and trust that prosperity may ever attend upon him and his sterling newspaper.

☞ J. D. Walton's Auction Sales on third and fifth pages.

The New Flag.—If any of our readers want a specimen of the new flag of the Southern Confederacy—the stars and the bars—right of the former instead of seven—let them inquire of Mr. Sutterley, St. Charles newsroom, who will furnish letter envelops, bearing the fine simile of what the flag will be when Virginia ratifies the Confederate Constitution.

Strawberries.—We have received a box of large, fragrant and delicious strawberries, from Mr. James W. Fee, 92 Camp street, who keeps constantly on hand a lot of this super-excellent fruit for sale. Of course, there is no use in telling anybody to give him a call, as they will go anyhow.

Information on Gen. Scott.—There was a rumor in the city yesterday evening, apparently well authenticated, that Lieut. Gen. Scott had resigned his commission in the Army of the United States, and tendered his services to the State of Virginia. This is an important and significant event, if true. It will cause dismay and demoralization in the ranks of the Black Republican invaders.

Orleans Cadets.—A special meeting of this company will be held this evening, at 7 o'clock. Punctual attendance is required. Business of much importance will be presented. In another column will be found the official order.

A Card.—Thanks, to the members of the Fire Department, are, by a card to day published, tendered, for efficient services rendered at the fire occurring on Thursday afternoon.

Appropriate.—The resolutions adopted at the meeting of Virginians on Thursday night may be found at the counting-room of the Crescent Office, open for the signature of all Virginians. A great many have already signed. Those who wish to add their names will please do so to-day.

Orleans Rifle Rangers.—The members of the above named company are elsewhere notified to meet every evening at 7½ o'clock, until further notice. Those who desire to join are notified that the roll will remain open for a short time longer.

Montgomery Guards.—In accordance with official orders, the members of this company will assemble this evening, at 7 o'clock, at their armory.

Washington Guards.—The members of this company are required to be punctual in attendance, at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning, to answer to roll call. Due notice is given in another column.

The Confederate Loan.—The Board of Directors of the Bank of Charleston have unanimously agreed to take $200,000 of the Confederate Loan.

Crescent Guards, Third Division.—A meeting of this company will be held on Sunday, 21st inst., at 5 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing officers, at the hall of Fire Co. No. 24. Official notice is elsewhere given.

Thanks.—A card tendering thanks to the members of the Fire Department, for efficient services rendered at the fire on St. Charles street on the evening of the 18th inst., is elsewhere published.

Meeting of the Members of the Bar.—To-day, at 10 o'clock A. M., the members of the Bar are requested to assemble in the Supreme Court Room. The purpose of the meeting are detailed in the unanimously signed card which we publish in another column.

Notice to Marines.—In accordance with official order, the Southwest Pass of the Mississippi river will be closed from this date. Those interested are referred to the notification elsewhere given.

De Soto Rifles.—A special meeting of this company is called for this evening, at 7½ o'clock. Business of import will be presented.

Battalion Washington Artillery.—The officers and members of this battalion are elsewhere notified to attend a special meeting at the arsenal, this evening. The esprit of the corps guarantees a prompt and punctual attendance.

From Mexico.—Advices from the city of Mexico via Havana inform us that the forces of Lozada and Mejia, in the Sierra, have been completely defeated, the former at Alica on the 13th ultimo, and the latter at Guayabites on the 23 ultimo, by Gen. Doblado. The action at Alica was extremely desperate and bloody. A correspondent of the Estrella, writing from Tepic, in the State of Xalisco, says a body of a hundred and fifty filibusters landed at Cape San Lucas on February 2, since which time they have been joined by many more, swelling their numbers to about four hundred. On the 15th of the same month, a Mexican vessel left Mazatlan, with three hundred men and three small pieces of artillery, under Col. Cota, with the intention of operating against them. The expected difficulty with Spain is in a fair way of being amicably adjusted.

Sale Without Reserve.—The particular attention is invited to call to the to-day sale, without reserve, of books, drugs, hardware, clothing and shirts, to take place this day at 10 o'clock, at the salerooms of E. Roger & Co., Nos. 45 and 47 Old Levee street. Positive sale.

Messrs. Gardner Smith & Co. sell this day at 12 o'clock, at the St. Charles Exchange, valuable property, to wit:

1. That very desirable residence, with four lots of ground, on Annunciation street, between Felicity and St. Mary streets.

2. Two elegant residences on Napoleon street, between Coliseum and Chestnut streets.

3. A double two story tenement on Bacon street, between Chartres and Gibson streets.

For particulars see advertisement.

The Sheriff sells this day at 12 o'clock M., at the City Hotel, Common street, a valuable lot of ground situated in the Third District. For particulars and terms see advertisement.

## TWO PROCLAMATIONS.

Two important proclamations appear in our columns this morning. The substance of the one has been already communicated by telegraph—the other appears for the first time.

These proclamations are from two Presidents, each representing a regularly organized, independent Government—and both documents breathe war and destruction.

The objects of these Presidents are as different as sun-light is from darkness, or pure religion is from unmitigated infidelity. The history of the earth may be searched in vain for a more striking contrast than these two documents exhibit.

The Government at Montgomery, of which President Davis is the head, has, from its first organization, conducted its operations with consummate ability, honor, and fair, open dealing.

The Government at Washington, of which Abraham Lincoln is the head, has blundered from the beginning of the troubles its own wicked policy compelled, and has exhibited neither statesmanship, honor or candid dealing. On the contrary, it has lied from the commencement, and by deceit, vileness and duplicity, sought to accomplish objects by means which all honorable Governments would recoil from with horror. Fortunately for the right, the very dishonesty of these men has brought disgrace upon them, and glory upon us.

President Davis is a scholar, statesman, soldier and patriotic man. He has issued his proclamation for defensive purposes solely. He does not desire to injure the Northern people, and only wishes Lincoln's proclamation having forced him to it, to adopt such defensive and aggressive measures as will be likely soonest to bring the Northern people to their senses. From the first he, and the people he represents, have been for peace. They are now for peace. They do not wish to fire a hostile shot at the Northern people, either on land or sea, and every shot they have fired, or may hereafter fire, will be exclusively on the principle of self-defence. All they ask, or ever have asked, is a peaceable separation and an equitable apportionment of the property and debts of the old national partnership. This has been denied them by Lincoln's Government. Every proposition for peace has been spurned with contempt—wanton, unseless war, has been declared against them—and, while they are well prepared to meet the enemy on land, they are preparing to attack his commerce on sea, by issuing letters of marque and reprisal. We expect, shortly, to know of some hundreds of privateermen afloat, and to hear that Northern ocean commerce is in a rapid process of extermination. As we were the first to suggest this mode of terrible retaliation, it affords us great pleasure that President Davis immediately adopted it after seeing Lincoln's ruthless declaration of war against the people of seven States that had never wronged him or his.

Abraham Lincoln is neither a scholar, a soldier, a statesman, or an honest man. Uneducated, uncouth, inexperienced, and with nothing to recommend him of an ennobling nature, he was, by a mere accident, elected to a position he is no more fitted to occupy than a baboon is to fill the chair Louis Napoleon so ably adorns. He has performed his role characteristically ever since he was inducted into office; and the antics he has played would have been sufficiently amusing to a laughing crowd of happy plantation negroes, were it not for the fact that neither children nor fools should be permitted to play with fire near a combustible vicinity.

Seven States were out of the Union had resumed their sovereignty, and declared their independence—before and about the time of his inauguration; and yet, six weeks after, on the 15th of April, he issues a proclamation declaring war upon them! What a miserable fool in the first instance, and what a sanguinary wretch in the second.

The natural consequence of wickedness has followed all this. The seven States are now actually extended to the number of thirteen, and we should not be surprised if the entire fifteen were enlisted under one banner in less than thirty days.

Lincoln could not, by any possibility, have subjugated the seven original seceded States. What chance will he have when he has to meet fifteen? Not much, we imagine. He may inaugurate the bloodiest war on record, but he is as sure to be whipped as that the sun will ever rise and set again.

But, we will close by referring to the language of the two proclamations. The difference between right and wrong—patriotism and demagogueism—is there as apparent as the noon-day sun.

## TALK ON CHANGE.

The gatherings on the flags appear to be diminishing from day to day. Several of our transient residents have closed up and departed. There are, however, sufficient remaining, and more than sufficient to close the season's business. The flags, or rather the habitude thereof, were in good feeling, though exchange could not be freely sold. There is no desire to extend business relations with New York. It will not be long before we shall have limitations from England about direct trade. Our Commissioners will be in London in four or five days. The accounts of the surrender of Fort Sumter will follow. They went out by the different steamers which left New York on Sunday last, they having been detained from Saturday to await the result. They talk in New York that the result in Europe will be disastrous, presuming that they will be for the old concern.

Our neighbor and cotemporary, Geo. B. Young, of the Price Current, appeared on the flags of Camp street after a short sojourn in New York, where he had been called by family affections. He says the entire North appears to be united against the South; that with some exceptions they appear to be united, and boast of what they will do with the South. They had not heard from Virginia then, nor of the resignation of Gen. Scott. It is more than apparent that the Northern States are arrayed in hostility against the South. Our talk is, let them come; we don't expect to travel any further North this season than Washington City. Possibly General Beauregard may be taking a view of the ten mile square in a short time. It cannot be disguised that great alarm prevails in New York city. It was suggested on the flags that our old merchants, who are not connected with military associations, should meet and form a company, and adopt a platform conformable to the present attitude of the country, binding themselves to resist Northern aggression in every shape. A movement of this kind on the part of our old merchants would have a better effect on Wall street. Let Carondelet street come out and defy Wall street. We ask no favors of New York nor any other city. But let them talk to New York in a plain manner. New York has made millions and millions of dollars out of New Orleans. Let us tell them that the time for separation has arrived—that their capitalists have advanced money for the subjugation of the South.

All debts now due New York and other States from the South are cancelled, wiped out by the operation of civil war. Though it is not probable that it will be taken advantage of to cancel debts, still while the war lasts there cannot be any trade carried on between the belligerents. It is not probable that this state of things will come, as Lincoln and his Administration will back down after the next grand fight, if they wait for it.

There was talk of President Davis' proclamation regarding letters of marque, reprisals and privateers. To realize something effective at once, bear down, as it were, on Northern commerce, a half dozen privateers are required to be fitted out. The bonds required are light. A trip to Aspinwall, or in the track of the steamers from that port to New York, will pay—that it would. We shall soon hear of a tremendous buzzing among Northern underwriters. As bold as they now talk of subduing the South, they will change their tune before the assembling of the rump Congress of Mr. Lincoln. Let the privateers be fitted out at once; let the blow be struck without delay.

The military order increases from day to day. The flags cannot keep clear of it. It has been suggested that competent officers, versed in military affairs, should open a sort of military school or Conservatorium on the public squares every evening, to dispense knowledge to aspiring tactics to those who will come and behave themselves, and submit to an hour or two of military training and discipline. Many persons, perhaps hundreds, would attend who have not leisure during the day. Let all come who desire instruction, and we should be still better prepared to meet the army of freebooters of the North.

Arrivals from the great West continue free. The report by telegraph of the stoppage of shipments of produce at Cincinnati is not confirmed. They want our money, and if the West has anything to sell, it will come hither. But if an embargo was laid in Cincinnati, or all along the Black Republican side of the Ohio river, it would have a very trifling effect, as nearly all the produce has come to market that is intended to come this season. Several boats have been laid up at Cincinnati and other places for want of freight. The suspension of trade with Ohio, Indiana and Pennsylvania, will not hurt us much in the South. Nobody will be hurt down this way.

## MISREPRESENTATION.

The following paragraph is taken from the money article of the Boston Advertiser of the 18th instant:

Agents entrusted with the matter of negotiation of the loan at the North for the Southern Confederacy, have found ill success, and have retired without accomplishing the object of their mission.

How Northern journals, laying claim to the smallest share of respectability and decency, can circulate such abominable falsehoods, passes our comprehension. There is not one particle of truth in the paragraph quoted from the Boston Advertiser. Not a single bond has been sent beyond the limits of the Confederate States; indeed, the loan was not offered to the public, even within the limits of the Confederate States, until the 17th inst., four days *after* the above paragraph appeared in the Advertiser, and, as a matter of course, "agents entrusted with the negotiation of the loan," could not have been sent North or anywhere else.

We do not want Northerners to take any portion of our loan or loans. We do not intend to allow them any opportunity to do so. We are rich enough within ourselves to meet all the requirements of the circumstances which now surround, or may hereafter surround us. We do not need their assistance, and we spurn their sympathy.

We have no objection to urge against Abolitionists lying about us to their hearts' content. We seldom notice them, and depart from the general rule in this instance, only on account of the decent reputation the Boston Advertiser formerly sustained.

The secessionists complain that their section was oppressed under the old government and yet they are now exercising over their own people the most insufferable tyranny. They deny them all liberty of thought and speech. They grind out of them the very soul of freedom. (Louisville Journal, 16th inst.

The above is absolutely and unqualifedly untrue in every particular. There is no "tyranny" over the people of the seceded States of any kind or description. They are as free as they ever were, and much happier and better contented. They exercise the fullest possible "liberty of thought and speech;" and when Lincoln's Abolition mymidons, encouraged by quasi Black Republicans like the Journal men, attempt to "grind out of them the very soul of freedom," they will find that their liberty, as well as power of action, are altogether tremendous and irresistible.

Schooners Seized.—On Thursday last a number of gentlemen living in the lower part of St. Mary's parish, on Berwick's Bay, proceeded in the steamer A. B. Seger to a schooner at anchor in the upper part of the Bay, which was awaiting a fair wind to sail northward with a cargo of live oak for the navy yards of the United States Government. They took possession in the name of the Southern Confederacy, towed her ashore and placed a man in charge. They then steamed about fifteen miles up Grand Lake and took possession of a large schooner, with a similar cargo, the captain of which made no objection to the proceeding. The vessels will probably be released, but the cargoes will not, as we may have occasion to use large quantities of live oak by and by.

We obtain this information from Messrs. Henry E. Lawrence and C. N. Vinson, who assisted in the capture.

Amusements — *Varieties.*— The Varieties continues to draw well, notwithstanding the military excitement and the absence of many of the regular patrons of the theater. "The Rivals" was capitally rendered last night to a paying audience. To-night we are to have "Dreams of Delusion" and "The Honey Moon"—two of the best comedies that have been offered this season, bringing out the whole strength of the company.

*Opera House.*—In consequence of the indisposition of M'me Frezzolini, she will not appear to-night, as has been announced. But the company will appear in Donizetti's grand opera, "La Favorite." M'me Paure takes her benefit on Monday night.

Gov. Pickens to Gov. Letcher.—On the 13th, the day after the fire was opened on Fort Sumter, Gov. Pickens, of South Carolina, telegraphed the following to Gov. Letcher, of Virginia.

Charleston, S. C., April 13, 1861.—*To Governor Letcher:* Received your telegram. It is true, Sumter was bombarded all day yesterday, after refusing to evacuate, and four vessels were off the bar with troops or supplies, waiting the tide to come in, and the fort was in signal with them. President Lincoln sent a special messenger and informed me in writing that supplies would be put in, but asked no reply.

Not a man at our batteries is hurt even. The fort was furious in its fire on us. Our iron batteries have done great damage to the fort's south wall. Our shells fall freely in the fort. The exact effect is not known, but supposed to be serious as they are not firing this morning. Our Enfield batteries dismounted three of their largest Columbiads. We will take the fort and can keep sixteen mortars—ten inch—all the time on it, besides heavy guns that will give no peace night nor day. We can sink the fleets if they attempt the channel. If they land elsewhere, we can whip them. I have now near 7000 of the best troops in the world, and a reserve of 10,000 on our railroads. The war has commenced, and we triumph or perish. This is my answer to you. Please let me know what Virginia will do, as I telegraph you cordially,

F. W. PICKENS.

In answer to the question "what will Virginia do?" Gov. Letcher replied that "the Convention will decide." The Convention has decided, and its decision was indeed a glorious one. The Old Dominion now stands boldly erect, and, instead of furnishing the eight thousand men that Lincoln called for to subjugate the South, she will throw into the field, if needed, one hundred thousand brave spirits to protect herself and her Southern sisters from harm.

Messrs. Gharbery & Co. will sell at auction this day, at the Merchants' and Auctioneers' Exchange, the lease of a good, well two-story brick tenement and pickeries, corner of Orange and Religious streets. Also, three lots of ground, with two story brick cotton sheds and pickeries, on Peyda street, between St. Jean and St. Malo streets, and a valuable gang of slaves, comprising house servants and field hands.

Estray.—A goat is elsewhere advertised as found estray. The owner will receive his property upon proper application. See advertisement.

☞ We are authorized to announce Byrtill Haynes, of East Feliciana, as a candidate for Auditor of Public Accounts at the election in November.

a2 2plms

☞ For Auditor of Public Accounts—Please announce H. Peralta as a candidate for Auditor of Public Accounts at the election in November.

a4 2plo CREOLE.

☞ Coal Oil and Lamp Emporium—Country Merchants and Planters, and the public generally, are invited to call and see the largest and only complete stock of COAL OIL LAMPS and PURE COAL OIL in this city, which is offered for sale (wholesale and retail) at lower prices than at any other house in the Confederate States at No. 6 Chartres street.

a16 2p5f COVERT & HILL.

☞ Herring's Patent Champion Fire and Burglar Proof SAFES, Nos. 5 and 54 Chartres street, New Orleans. d6 2p5f

☞ Cristadoro's Hair Dye is the only Dye ever analyzed.—Ptochitz Dye is worse than poisonous—The only Dye for a living brown—The Only Dye that is perfect black—The Only Dye that defies detection—The only Dye that is instantaneous, and the ONLY DYE for all who desire to have the color of their hair changed with safety, certainty and rapidity, to any shade they may desire.

Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, No. 6 Astor House, New York. Sold everywhere, and applied by all Hair Dressers.

m28 2plm&W

## MARRIED:

On Wednesday, 17th inst., by Rev. R. H. Reed, ALPHONSE F. BIGNON, to Miss MARY L. HARRISSON, both of this city.

### Confederate Loan.

The hostile attitude of the Federal Government, and the large armaments now fitting and intended for the subjugation of the South, rendering it necessary for the Secretary of the Treasury to offer the entire Loan of FIFTEEN MILLIONS, ($15,000,000) and the President of the Confederate States appeals to the patriotism of the people to come forward and sustain the Government in the present emergency.

The undersigned Commissioners, in conformity to the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, give notice that the Books of Subscription to said Loan will be kept open at the CITIZENS' BANK until SATURDAY, the 20th inst., at 2 o'clock.

SAMUEL SMITH,
JAS. D. DENEGRE,
EDM. F. FORSTALL,
JOHN L. NOELL.

New Orleans, April 19, 1861. a19 2p3t

### Notice.

The members of the Bar are requested to meet in the Supreme Court room on SATURDAY NEXT, 20th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., to respectfully express their earnest desire that the Courts may be reopened for the dispatch of the business as can be disposed of without prejudice to the rights of persons engaged in the military service of the country.

| | |
|---|---|
| W. W. Ellis, | W. O. Bennett, |
| Thomas, Labatt & Cotton, | Benj. Sanford & Finney, |
| Hunter & Miller, | Kendrick Bacon, |
| Ro. Mott, | Thomas J. Durant, |
| A. A. Finney, | Charles W. Hornor, |
| W. R. Smedmore, | T. H. Kennedy, |
| D. S. Bryan, | Thomas Gibbons, |
| E. H. Farrell, | L. L. Levy, |
| Thos. Cherry, | Geo. L. Bright, |
| J. M. Squier, | W. H. Hunt, |
| R. King Cutler, | Hunt & Lambert, |
| J. W. Thomas, | J. B. Dalton, |
| G. W. H. Muir, | M. M. Cohen, |
| L. D. Grisolmb, | A. P. Field, |
| P. S. Bison, | Rickel Chalkley, |
| John H. Kennard, | T. H. Hall, |
| A. Lakatop, | L. Custera, |
| D. H. Leonard, | Chas. Pelham, Jr., |
| Alfred Phillips, | Thos. Allen Clarke, |
| E. Fitzal, | Camille Gellet, |
| D. Aucoin, | R. A. Snow, |
| J. Molay, | T. L. Lemly, |
| H. H. Grandjean, | T. A. Hardcastle, |
| Christoval Mott, | Hunt & Hall, |
| H. M. Spofford, | M. H. Benton, |
| J. Magne, | T. A. Mackenzie, |
| Jean Lacoste, | J. McIntosh, |
| Noah Bigney, | Jas. D. Arguelle, |
| Geo. H. Ferry, | James F. Hooper, |
| A. G. Sherman, | Jos. P. Hooper, |

a19 2p1

### A Card.

The undersigned return his sincere thanks to Fire Companies No. 23, 26, 22 and 11; to Lafayette Hook and Ladder Companies No. 1 and 2; to Volunteer Steam Engine No. 1, and Pioneer No. 1 from Jefferson City; also to the Chief Engineer and his Assistants, for their prompt and efficient aid in rescuing his dwelling house from the flames yesterday afternoon. No. 23 was the first on the spot and the last to leave.

WM. C. AUSTIN,
Washington Street, near Apollo.

### A Card.

The undersigned would most respectfully tender his most grateful thanks to the Fire Department for their prompt and efficient exertions in extinguishing the fire (with his premises), on St. Charles street, on the evening of the 18th inst.; also to his numerous friends whom kindly offered their assistance on that occasion.

a20 2t1t E. L. TRACEY.

### Our Friends at Pensacola.

Families and friends of the members of the Louisiana Guard, by Colonel Allen and Orleans Cadets, having sent her to forward, are requested to mark them to the care of Col. Gladden's Regiment, Pensacola. All postal matter should be directed to the same care, at Washington Post office, near Pensacola.

Arrangements have been made to forward with dispatch all articles intended for the destination, by

CAPT. C. E. GIRARDEY,
32 Magazine street.

### Planters

WILL FIND AT OUR ESTABLISHMENT

—An assortment of—

DRY GOODS!

Of every description, and in any quantity to suit the buyer, enabling them to do all their or the most of their DRY GOODS IN ONE BILL. Our stock comprises all descriptions of—

PLANTATION GOODS,
HOSIERY and GLOVES,
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
MEN'S AND BOYS' WEAR,
DRESS GOODS,
RIBBONS AND TRIMMINGS,
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS,
SHAWLS AND MANTILLAS,

LINEN, COTTON AND WOOLEN GOODS,

At Very Low Prices!

FOR CASH OR CITY ACCEPTANCES.

BENTHUYSEN, LEWIS & CO.,
No. 116 Canal street.

a16 2p1f

### Great Sale of Silks!

—AND—

BLACK LACE POINTES AND MANTILLAS!

—AT—

TODD'S,

13 and 14.....Chartres Street.....13 and 14.

THE BALANCE OF MY STOCK

—OF—

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS!

—I now offer at—

25 per cent. Under First Cost.

—Also, the entire assortment of—

REAL THREAD,
CAMBRIA,
FUSHER and
SILK LACE POINTES,
MANTLES and MANTILLAS,

—Being the—

Greatest Bargains Ever Shown

—IN—

NEW ORLEANS!

JOHN TODD,
13 and 14 Chartres st.

a15 2pMoThsSa

### E. Pfifft,

GREAT SOUTHERN EMPORIUM,

No. 123 Canal Street,

(Former Building.)

Offers for sale, at WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, his immense stock of—

Ladies' DRESS TRIMMINGS and RIBBONS, of every description.
A rich assortment of MERCERY.
Five hundred pieces of BELTING.
PORTEMONNAIES, CARD CASES and POCKET BOOKS.
Ivory, Amber, Shell and Gold TUCKING COMBS, and all styles of DRESSING and POCKET COMBS.
Fine French and English HAIR BRUSHES and CLOTHES BRUSHES.
Gold, Jet and Bead NECKLACES and BRACELETS.
Ladies' Royal Davenport DESKS.
Papier Mache WORK BOXES.
Ladies' and Gents' Papier Mache DRESSING CASES and DESKS, at from 50 cents to $35 each.
Fine MEERSCHAUM PIPES and TUBES.
LIQUOR CASES, from $2 50 to $150.

Fans! Fans! Fans!

Shade, Mandarin and Feather FANS; Pearl FANS, from 25 cents to $50; Palmetto FANS, by the cove.
CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES, of French, English and American manufacture.
VELOCIPEDES, ROCKING HORSES and MECHANICAL HORSES.
French, American and German TOYS.
STRAW BASKETS, of every size and description.

Country merchants are invited to call and examine my stock of STRAW GOODS, which is just being opened. It consists in part of—

STRAW BONNETS, SHAKER HOODS,
Boys' HATS and HATS, Infants' CAPS,
Wire Trimmed and Untrimmed FLATS,

Which will be sold at a great reduction in price.

Hammocks! Hammocks!

a15 2pMoWeSa From $1 50 to $25.

### Clothing!

MALARD & TOOKER,

Corner Canal and Old Levee streets,

OPPOSITE THE POST OFFICE,

Offer to their numerous customers and the public in general a well selected assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING!

—Consisting of—

Tweed and Summer Cassimere Suits, of various qualities.
Fine Silk Warp Summer Cassimere Suits.
French and English Merino Coats, Pants and Vests.
Colored and Black Alpine Sacs and Dusters.
Fancy and White Drill Planters' Linen and White and Colored Duck Pants.
Planters' Linen, Checkers and White Linen and Duck Coats.
Planters' Blown Linen Duster.
Imitation Seersucker Coats, Pants and Vests.
White and Colored Marseilles Vests, and Bombazine, Alpaca and Merino Vests.

YOUTHS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

—A general assortment of—

BOYS' AND YOUTHS'

Spring and Summer Clothing!!

—Also—

A FULL STOCK

—OF—

FURNISHING GOODS!

—Consisting of—

Plain, Puff and Cross Bosom SHIRTS—colored and white.
Gents' Merino, Cotton and Lisle Thread UNDERSHIRTS.
Linen and Cotton DRAWERS.
SOCKS.
NECK TIES.
SUSPENDERS.
Hats, Caps, etc., etc.

MALARD & TOOKER,
Corner Canal and Old Levee sts.

a15 2p1 NAW

### Plantation Clothing.

MALARD & TOOKER,

Corner Canal and Old Levee streets,

OPPOSITE THE POST-OFFICE.

We have in store an EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT of

SUMMER PLANTATION CLOTHING,

For Negro Men, Women, with Boys' and Girls' also, made up out of the best materials, and cheap in the cheapest manner.

☞ Planters are solicited to call and examine our stock before purchasing, as they are sure of finding at our establishment all the varieties of Clothing necessary to fitting out Negro Clothing.

MALARD & TOOKER,
Corner of Canal and Old Levee streets.

a15 2p5 AdW

### Still on Hand!

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 15,000 | yards Choice Plaids BAREGES, at 37½c, worth 50c. | | |
| 2,000 | yards BAREGE ANGLAIS, at 12½c, worth 25c. | | |
| 25 doz. | Best Stitched HANDKERCHIEFS | $2 00 | per doz. |
| 25 .. | .. .. | 2 25 | .. |
| 50 .. | .. .. | 2 50 | .. |
| 50 .. | .. .. | 3 00 | .. |
| 20 .. | .. .. | 3 25 | .. |
| 25 .. | .. .. | 3 50 | .. |
| 21 .. | .. .. | 4 00 | .. |
| 50 .. | .. .. | 4 50 | .. |
| 25 .. | .. .. | 5 50 | .. |
| 38 .. | .. .. | 6 50 | .. |
| 10 .. | .. .. | 7 50 | .. |

ALL WORTH MUCH MORE.

—Also—

GREAT BARGAINS!

—In—

LINEN DIAPERS,
BIRDS EYE DIAPERS,
EMBROIDERIES,
ORGANDIES and LAWNS,
LINEN CAMBRICS, etc.

—With—

LARGE LOTS OF SILKS!

MUCH UNDER COST.

☞ Terms—CASH.

BENTHUYSEN, LEWIS & CO.,
116 Canal street.

a15 2p1f

### The Blood Reviving Air

Of Sarlop is not made welcome to the world from Dr WRIGHT'S REJUVENATING ELIXIR is to the invalid. Nothing in the materia medica can compare with this truly delightful remedy in point of simplicity and efficacy in all cases of prostration and general debility.

For sale in New Orleans, wholesale and retail, by

J. WRIGHT & CO.,
32 and 161 Chartres street,
New Orleans.

a15 2p5tEod

### All Linen Shirts, All Linen Shirts,

—AT—

$27 50 PER DOZEN!

SUCH AS ARE USUALLY SOLD AT $45 PER DOZEN.

—Also—

LISLE UNDERSHIRTS,
CHECKED CAMBRIC UNDERSHIRTS,
LINEN and COTTON DRAWERS,
Etc., etc., etc., etc., etc.

BENTHUYSEN, LEWIS & CO.,
116 Canal street.

a15 2p5f

### Aaron Bird,

(SUCCESSOR TO SEWELL T. TAYLOR) IMPORTER OF FINE OLD WINE, LIQUORS, ETC.,

Nos. 13 and 15 Royal street,

Has now in store a large supply of the celebrated CHIMBURE COUNTY CHAMPAGNE, in quarts and pints; also, other brands, viz: CHARLES HEIDSIECK, PIPER HEIDSIECK, PARMENTIER, and other brands of superior quality. I have a large assortment of the best Old Sherries, such as AMONTILLADO, TOPAZ, MONTILLA, DOLEDO, DUFF GORDON and ANCHOR BRERRIES—1834—SOUTHSIDE MADEIRA, of direct importation; other Madeiras of lower grades. Superior Old London Dry Dock PORT, and other Ports of less grade, the celebrated SARARAC BRANDIES—Vintage 1784 1811, 1822 and 1835—always supply always on hand. All grades of CLARET and WHITE WINES, in glass and wood. WHISKYS—Scotch and Irish, Old Rye, Bourbon and Wheat Whiskys. SCOTCH ALE and PORTER, in pints and quarts. COGNIAC BRANDY, etc. My stock is assortment of the best WINES, which will be sold on as reasonable terms as any other house in the city.

AARON BIRD,
Nos. 13 and 15 Royal street.

a13 2p4p

### To Dry Goods Jobbers.

For sale on consignment, by the undersigned—100 cases UMBRELLAS, Brands of LINEN THREAD, Brands of SWISS MULL.

J. G. SIBBALD,
No. 87½ Magazine street.

a22 2p1m

### Ladies' Fair! Ladies' Fair!

The Ladies of the THIRD PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Third District, —Will hold a—

At Odd Fellows' Hall,

Beginning TUESDAY EVENING, April 16, 1861, and continuing Four Evenings, the proceeds of which will be devoted to the liquidation of the debt due on their new Church building.

☞ A very fine LUNCH will be served by the Ladies from 12 to 3 o'clock every day. a15 2p6

### Country Merchants

Visiting this city for the purpose of replenishing their Stocks, will find at the establishment of—

BENTHUYSEN, LEWIS & CO.,

116.....CANAL STREET.....116

—A large and fresh assortment of—

FANCY DRY GOODS!

Which they offer FOR CASH OR APPROVED CITY ACCEPTANCE, at extremely Low Prices!

They have recently opened large lines of the following, viz:—

BARRIES and BAREGE ANGLAIS.
ORGANDIES and ORGANDIE ROBES.
JAPONET and LAWNS.
SILKS, POPLINS and GRENADINES.
LACE POINTES and MANTILLAS.
EMBROIDERIES and LACES.
WHITE GOODS and CURTAIN DRAPERIES.
LINEN GOODS and LINEN LAWNS.
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.
FILEY MITTS and GLOVES.
PARASOLS and FANS.
TRIMMINGS and RIBBONS.
HOSIERY of all descriptions.
HOUSEKEEPING GOODS.

☞ An examination of our stock and prices is requested.

BENTHUYSEN, LEWIS & CO.,
No. 116 Canal street.

a15 2p6f

### Home Manufactures.

P. A. TYLER,

115.....Canal Street.....115

—DEALER IN—

FINE WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY,

Silver and Plated Ware

MANUFACTURED TO ORDER,

SILVERWARE AND JEWELRY

DIAMONDS SET.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired.

FINE FRENCH AND ENGLISH FANCY GOODS,

Plated Ware, etc.

a15 2p1f

### Robert Pitkin

WOULD AGAIN INFORM HIS FRIENDS,

—AND—

STRANGERS VISITING THE CITY,

—That his assortment of—

SUPERIOR READY-MADE CLOTHING,

—And—

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,

Is New, Large and Complete, embracing every article in his line of trade.

☞ Officers and Strangers calling at his

Fashionable Clothing Emporium,

13 and 15.....CAMP STREET.....13 and 15

Opposite Ladies' Entrance to City Hotel,

Will find everything suitable to their wants, manufactured and selected with great care, MAGNIFICENCE and taste.

ROBERT PITKIN,
13 and 15 Camp street.

a17 2p1f

### Twenty Dollars Reward

Will be paid for such evidence as will lead to the detection of the following known, under the following notice of the City Ward Bureau Old series, No. 2461:

Sec. 21. Each and every person and resident of the State who shall receive or retain orders or citations, or display emblems, letter dispatches, guards, or other articles of commerce, in any manner whatsoever, either for themselves or students of others, shall pay a license of one hundred dollars, payable on demand to the commanding officer, and be a penalty of fifty dollars, recoverable before any competent Magistrate or Recorder for the benefit of the city.

Apply at the corner of Camp and Canal streets, to

GEO. W. GRIGGS,
Collector of Secret Licenses.

a18 2p1f

### Removal.

SMITH, COOPER & STEBBINS

Have removed from 71 Tchoupitoulas street to No. 71 POYDRAS STREET, one door from Magazine. a18 2p1m

### Merchants' Hotel,

CORNER ST. CHARLES AND CANAL STREETS

NEW ORLEANS.

The pleasantest and most conveniently located House in the city.

RATES OF BOARD:

| | |
|---|---|
| Per Day | $1 50 |
| Per Week | 10 00 |
| Per Week, (Guardedly) | 8 00 |
| Per Month | 32 50 |

BRET & HALLER,
Proprietors.

a4f 2ply

### Hardware.

BRUSE BROTHER & SEAVER,

43 Magazine street,

Opposite the St. James Hotel, NEW ORLEANS,

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Foreign and Domestic Hardware,

CUTLERY AND GUNS.

Manufacturers of RIFLES and DERRINGER PISTOLS.
Inventors of the Cast Steel Cast-Eye COTTON HOOKS.
Sole Agents for R. P. Boulton's Celebrated AXES.
SUGAR SKIMMERS, LADLES and CANE KNIVES.
ANVILS, VICES, CHAINS, PLANTATION TOOLS, etc.

☞ Merchants from the country are invited to call and examine our stock before purchasing. a23 3p1f

### The Toilet.

"TRÉFELIO" IS THE TRUE SECRET OF BEAUTY

"TRÉFELIO" Conceals Eruptions.
"TRÉFELIO" Softens the Skin.
"TRÉFELIO" Beautifies the Skin.
"TRÉFELIO" Eradicates Humor.
"TRÉFELIO" 50 cents a bottle.

Fastidiously adapted to every climate. A few drops mixed in the water for Bathing is deliciously refreshing and exhilarating, giving the Skin Freshness, Smoothness, Elasticity, Softness, Brilliancy and Purity—Healing and Invigorating—renders the Skin firm and of an alabaster whiteness of Beauty; removes all Eruptions. Immensely popular among the Ladies.

☞ Sold everywhere at 50 cents a bottle.

Sold wholesale and retail by JAMES STARR, No. 124 Canal street, and by Druggists generally.

TILESTON & CO.,
General Agents, 48 Broadway, New