# NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT.

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VOLUME XIV. SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31, 1861. NUMBER 153.


## MAYORALTY--OFFICIAL.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS,
City Hall, August 30, 1861.
Common Council of the City of New Orleans.

[No. 574.]

*Resolved*, That the Treasurer be and he is hereby authorized to receive from tax payers who have paid twice the probable amount to be paid by them next year, and to give them receipts for payments so collected and credit the same on their dues, and to be relieved in payment of taxes imposed for the years 1861 and 1862, in the manner so advised to be applied by the officers of the city.

[Signed] J. O. NIXON,
President Board of Aldermen.
[Signed] J. MAGIONI,
President Board of Assistant Aldermen.

Approved: August 30, 1861.
[Signed] JOHN T. MONROE, Mayor.

### To Bakers.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS,
City Hall, August 12, 1861.

The attention of all persons carrying on the business of a baker, in pursuance of the provisions of the ordinance for establishing an Assized system, regulating the Weight and Issue of Bread, and all persons engaged in the business of a baker, or who intends to carry on the business of a baker, are hereby notified to call at the Mayor's office prior to the 1st September, and there make the declaration required by the ordinance, in default of which they will incur the penalty provided by said ordinance.

JOHN T. MONROE, Mayor.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS,
City Hall, August 12, 1861.
Common Council of the City of New Orleans.

[No. 3703.]

ORDINANCE, For establishing an Assized and regulating the Weight and Price of Bread.

Section 1. Be it ordained, That all bakers or other persons engaged in the business of baking for sale, or who may hereafter engage in the business of baking within the city, shall assize the weight of bread they shall make, and shall make a declaration of the assize, before the Mayor, in the following form, to wit:

"I, A. B., do solemnly declare that I will make bread of the assize of ounces, and that I will not deviate from said assize, without previous notice to the Mayor of the city of New Orleans, or his successor in office, and that I will not make any other description of bread than that which I have declared to be of the assize of ounces, and that I will not make any other description of bread than that which I have declared to be of the assize of ounces, without previous notice to the Mayor of the city of New Orleans, or his successor in office, and that I will not make any other description of bread than that which I have declared to be of the assize of ounces, without previous notice to the Mayor of the city of New Orleans, or his successor in office, and that I will not make any other description of bread than that which I have declared to be of the assize of ounces, without previous notice to the Mayor of the city of New Orleans, or his successor in office, and that I will not make any other 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## COMPTROLLER--OFFICIAL.

## STREET COMMER--OFFICIAL.

## POLICE JAILS--OFFICIAL.

## Particular Notices.

## Military Notices.

## New Orleans Daily Crescent.

SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 31, 1861.

### Local Intelligence.

### Letter from Virginia.

### Letter from Camp Moore.

## TELEGRAPHED TO THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT

### Fort Hatteras, N. C., Captured by the Grand Federal Expedition.

ONLY 20 GUNS FIRED FROM OUR BATTERIES.

OUR FORCE THREE HUNDRED AND THIRTY MEN.

FEDERAL FORCE FIVE WAR VESSELS AND FOUR THOUSAND MEN.

[VIA THE SOUTHWESTERN AND AMERICAN LINES.]

PETERSBURG, Aug. 30.—The Express of this morning says, on reliable authority, that the fleet under Gen. Butler took Fort Hatteras, on the North Carolina coast, Wednesday morning. The fort was surrendered after the firing of twenty guns at the fleet.

Fort Hatteras was under the command of Capt. Bantom, formerly of the Federal army, with three hundred and thirty men.

Gen. Butler's force consisted of 4000 men, with the frigates Minnesota and Wabash, the steamer Pawnee, the gunboats Pawnee, Monticello, Harriet Lane, Adelaide and others.

The loss of life is not stated.

**Travel to and from Louisville.**

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 30.—Travel over the Southern Railroad is immense. The trains continue to arrive and depart regularly.

**Another Order by the U. S. War Department.**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—The War Department has issued the following order under the act of Congress which makes the holding of correspondence with, or giving aid, directly or indirectly, to the enemy, punishable by death, or other punishment directed by a court martial.

"Whereas, the public safety requires the enforcement of this article, therefore it is ordained that all correspondence or communication—verbal, written or telegraphic—respecting the operations of the army or military movements, either by land or water, or respecting the troops, camps, arsenals, entrenchments or military affairs, by whomsoever, or indirect intelligence may be obtained, without the sanction of the General commanding, be and are hereby absolutely prohibited. From and after the date of this order, persons violating this will be proceeded against."

**Abolition of U. S. Post-offices in Kentucky.**

The Post-office Department orders the abolition of the Kentucky post-offices at Hickman, Columbus, Paducah and all the post-offices and post routes west of the Tennessee river, except the route from Russellville, via Cadiz and Mayfield, and from Eddyville to Olive. All the post-offices on these routes are continued except the one at Aurora.

**Arrests in Maryland.**

BALTIMORE, Aug. 29—Daniel Dicker, editor of the Hagerstown Mail, and Gen. McKaig, of Alleghany county, have been arrested.

**Confederates in Virginia Constructing a Railway.**

The Confederates are reported taking rails and materials to connect Winchester and Strasburg by railroad.

**Reports from Washington.**

The Washington correspondent of the New York Times telegraphs that Gen. Scott has expressed his opinion that the Confederates must make an attack at an early day. The correspondent also says there is information that large numbers are in and about Manassas, scattered on the roads leading from Richmond and Fredericksburg.

The correspondent of the Herald telegraphs that the Confederates not only maintain their old lines, but have encroached half a mile, and occupy several important strategical points.

**Telegraphic Communication with Louisville.**

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 29.—It is known that an order of the War Department is on its way here, in the hands of an officer authorized to execute it, suspending telegraphic communication with the South. The management of the lines from Louisville South refuse to suspend till their lines shall be forcibly or authoritatively closed by the Government, which will probably be done by the close of this week.

**Confederate Prisoners to be Sent Here.**

The following is a copy of a dispatch sent to Major-General Twiggs:

RICHMOND, Aug. 29.—Prisoners of war are to be sent to forts in the vicinity of New Orleans. How many can be there accommodated without crowding?

JOHN H. WINDER,
Brigadier-General C. S. A.

## DISPATCHES RECEIVED LAST NIGHT.

**Further of the Fort Hatteras Capture.**

WILMINGTON, Aug. 30.—Official intelligence received this morning says that the Hatteras Battery was taken at 11 o'clock A. M. yesterday by the Federal forces.

Five hundred and thirty-five of our forces were taken prisoners, including Commander Barron and Col. Bradford.

Later intelligence from Hatteras reports that Forts Hatteras and Clark, two miles north, were both taken, notwithstanding the hard fighting and bravery of our troops.

The loss on our side in killed is supposed to be forty, and wounded twenty. Another report says that eighty were killed and wounded, and that the balance of the force, numbering from 600 to 800, were taken prisoners by the enemy. Only ten or twelve succeeded in making their escape good.

**Engagement Expected near Fall's Church.**

Passengers by the Manassas train to-day say that active skirmishing commenced at Fall's Church Wednesday evening. The opinion prevails that a general engagement will take place at an early day.

**The President's Health.**

The President is much better, and approved of several bills to-day, which as yet have not been made public.

We have nothing else worthy of interest to report.

**Suppression of the Baltimore Secession Papers.**

[Special to the New York Post.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—A new army order will be issued to suppress objectionable papers, under which Gen. Dix will suppress the Baltimore Secession papers.

**From Chicago.**

QUINCY, ILL, Aug. 30.—A special message telegraphed to the Chicago Times, says that Lieut. Binkley reports that Martin Green took Palmyra yesterday morning.

A train of cars containing a considerable number of guns for St. Joseph, was fired into and made to return.

**Tyler Defeat Confirmed.**

CINCINNATI, Aug. 30.—The defeat of Col. Tyler's command in Western Virginia is fully confirmed by later reports.

**The "National" Loan.**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—Secretary of the Treasury Salmon P. Chase has in contemplation the issuing of an address on behalf of the national loan.

**Running the Blockade.**

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—Matanzas dates of the 25th inst. are received.

A British schooner which ran the blockade of Newbern, N. C., had arrived and sailed again for Charleston.

A sloop from Charleston also ran the blockade.

**From Louisville.**

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 30.—Passengers from St. Louis report that Jefferson City and Boonville are in the hands of the Missourians.

Ex-Minister Pleasonton made a speech at Lexington lately, in which he declared himself in favor of neutrality, but said it was impossible to maintain it. He announced himself for the South when the imminent contest comes.

**From Missouri.**

FAYETTE, Mo., Aug. 30.—The cashier of the bank here has sent $100,000 in specie to St. Louis.

Twenty Secessionists, headed by Capt. Poindexter, have been seized.

**Lincoln to Governor Magoffin, of Kentucky.**

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 30.—It is understood that Lincoln's letter to Governor Magoffin is conciliatory, and will be guided by the action of the Legislature.

**War Reports.**

WASHINGTON, Aug. 30.—We have received no warlike reports to-day from Virginia.

**New York Cotton Market.**

NEW YORK, Aug. 30.—The sales of cotton to-day were 3,000 bales at 19½c.

## LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE STEAMSHIP ARAGO.

CAPE RACE, Aug. 30.—The steamship Arago passed this point to-day, bound for New York, bringing Liverpool advices to the 21st inst.

The steamer Etna, having broken her shaft, was compelled to put back to repair the damage done.

**Commercial Intelligence.**

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 21.—The sales of cotton on Monday and Tuesday amounted to 30,000 bales, speculators and exporters taking 13,000, at an advance of 1-16 to ⅛d. The market closed quiet, but with an advancing tendency. The advance is principally on middling and the lower grades.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—Consols 90¼ to 90⅞.