New Orleans Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

J. O. NIXON, Editor and Proprietor.

OFFICE---NO. 70 CAMP STREET.

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THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 5, 1861.

For all debts due this office, and for all new contracts entered into, the Treasury Notes of the Confederate States will be received at par.

We call attention to the circular of Secretary Memminger, published in to-day's paper. The nature and conditions of the produce loan are there fully explained, and the gratifying fact is stated that the subscriptions in cotton already amount, in some of the States, to from one-third to one-half the entire crop. The General Agent of the Government for this loan is J. D. B. De Bow, Esq., well known as the editor of the Review which bears his name, and a gentleman thoroughly acquainted with everything connected with the agriculture, commerce and manufactures of the South.

ANNUAL REGATTA OF THE CRESCENT CITY YACHT CLUB.--The annual regatta of the Crescent City Yacht Club is advertised for next Monday, the 19th inst., and will take place at the lake end of the Jefferson Railroad. The prize can be seen at the Phœnix House, on St. Charles street, where it will be on exhibition until the day of the race. Persons interested in yachts are referred to the advertisement of the Club, which appears in another column.

WINTER MEETING OF THE METAIRIE JOCKEY CLUB.--A programme of the races to be run at the Metairie Course, at the fall meeting, commencing on the 7th December next, will be found in another column. It will be seen that the stakes offered are in no way inferior to those of former meetings, and it may, therefore, be safely inferred that fine sport will be enjoyed.

WASHINGTON ARTILLERY.--A meeting of members of this company is called for this evening, at 7 o'clock.

A. S. K. X.--This organization holds meetings at 11½ o'clock every day. See notice in another column.

NEWS FROM GOVERNOR FLOYD'S COMMAND.--The Abingdon Virginian is permitted to make the following extract from a letter from Gov. Floyd to his wife. The letter was not designed for publication, but as rumors of defeats and losses in Gens. Floyd's and Wise's Brigades have had extensive circulation, the extract was furnished by a friend in order to correct the erroneous impressions that have gotten abroad in the country. It is dated at "Camp Gauley," near Somerville, Nicholas county, August 23d:

I have been constantly moving since my last letter, and have crossed Gauley river and occupied the important position recently held by the enemy.

We have had some skirmishing upon our picket on our march; but not amounting to much. We had three men wounded in Capt. Buchanan's company. Our scouts killed and wounded twenty or thirty of the enemy, and took some prisoners every day.

We are expecting now, in a few days, to make some decisive movement against Gen. Cox in the Kanawha Valley. Up to this time my advance has been extremely prosperous, and I hope beneficial to the public service. If I can succeed in driving the Yankees from the Kanawha Valley, I will have done essential service to the State.

THE CONFEDERATE LOAN--KING COTTON DETHRONED.--By the last accounts from the rebel States, it appears that the junta of Jefferson Davis are preparing to exchange their paper promises for a million bales of cotton--not to speak of sugar, rice and tobacco. We have only to request that the insurrectionary chieftains will see that these various articles of produce are properly stored. The North have need of them. As soon as the frosts set in we expect to send down our well-organized armies to seize and confiscate the property of the rebel authorities, and we want to find it in good order. A million of bales of cotton ought to be worth fifty millions of dollars, of which we expect to receive every single cent. Certain English agents have, it is true, smuggled themselves backwards and forwards between Richmond and London, and advances on the present and future crops of cotton are said to have been made by English capitalists to the Rebel Government; but we warn the former that they will assuredly be called on to pay twice over. The North will supply Lancashire with cotton, and will ask for a proper price, and there will be no deduction on account of previous payments.

So says that modest but prophetic journal, the New York Herald. Wonder if the "well-organized armies" that are to come for the cotton, etc., when "the frost sets in," will march via Manassas.

MRS. GWIN NOT ARRESTED.--The following note in the New York Herald of the 28th contradicts the statement made in positive terms by the Washington correspondent of that paper on the day previous:

WEST POINT, SUN HOTEL, Aug. 27, 1861.

I was startled, yesterday, by reading, as an item of intelligence in your paper, that I had been arrested in Washington City for alleged cooperation with the Southern army. I have had no aspirations, I assure you, for either a crown of martyrdom, or any such laurels as your correspondent would encircle my brow with; but have been residing very quietly, with my family, in the place from which this letter is dated, for the last two weeks, exclusively occupied with domestic concerns. May I ask you to contradict, etc.

Yours, respectfully, MARY F. GWIN.

THE ARMY WORM.--The Baton Rouge Comet of Tuesday says:

Mr. Daniel Morgan, a cotton planter of this parish, placed on our table this morning a stalk selected at random from his crop, which is literally covered with that great enemy to the plant, "the army worm." The insect is here, in every stage of progression, from the freshly hatched worm to the full grown, vigorous masticator of forms, leaves and stalks, and thence to the chrysalis, coiled up in the leaf and ready within day's sunshine to come forth in the fly form and deposite its ten thousand eggs. It is needless to dwell on the effect of this enemy. A few days suffices for them to march through field and over hedge, until the crop is consumed. The fate of the crop will be sealed in a few days, unless some sudden change take place, which is not probable, for daily rains, with a heavy atmosphere when the sun essays to shine, is favorable to the invading army.

REACTION IN KENTUCKY.--The Memphis Appeal of Friday says:

Numbers of gentlemen, who have returned to this city from various parts of Kentucky within the last few days, bring us the most gratifying intelligence of the reaction which has recently commenced to sweep over that State. We are reliably informed that Lincolnism is doomed for the future among her people, everywhere outside of that miserable sink hole of submissionists--Louisville--where traitors like Guthrie, Prentice and Barney hold temporary sway. The Confederate flag is said to wave along the railroad line from the Ohio river to the border of Tennessee, and a now-born enthusiasm has suddenly seized upon the people, which promises to very soon consolidate political sentiment in favor of the South. Shouts for the patriot Davis, when a month ago would have been dangerous, now make the welkin ring in every town, county and community, and the cry gains ground for deliverance from the oppressions of abolition tyranny.

The idea of neutrality seems now to be regarded in its proper aspect as a myth and an impossibility; and the outrageous excesses of the Lincoln Government are beginning to open the eyes of all freemen who yet value their liberties and look to their perpetuation.

A better day, we believe, is dawning upon the State of Boone and Clay.

A GENTLE REBUKE.--Miss Knight, in her autobiography, relates the following new anecdote of Dr. Johnson, who was often at her father's house: "On one occasion, his anxiety to understand the wants of the ex-slaveholders tempted him to go down to Portsmouth and spend a week in the flag ship. At the week's end, he was put on shore by an officer, who asked him if he had any further commands. "sir," said Johnson, "have the goodness to thank them all for their kindness to me, and tell Mr. ----, the first lieutenant, that I beg he will leave off the practice of swearing." The officer exclaimed that the sailors could hardly be kept at their work without the use of strong language, and that his majesty's service required it. "Then pray, sir," answered the doctor, very gravely, "tell Mr. ---- that I beseech him not to use one oath more than is absolutely required for the service of his country."

OUR FOREIGN RELATIONS.

The Richmond (Virginia) Examiner has the following interesting statement of facts as to the views of foreign Governments and peoples respecting our affairs on this side of the Atlantic:

A day or two ago we had the pleasure of reading a private letter from a distinguished English statesman, written in regard to the relations between the British Government and the Confederate States. He frankly gives the difficulties in the way of immediate recognition abroad, and presents a candid view of English opinion on the American question. The writer is a gentleman of the highest consideration, who has rendered signal service to our cause in Europe.

The great difficulty under which we labor, as may be readily imagined, is the utter ignorance on the part of Europeans of our people, the nature of our struggles, and of the views and facts on which we have entered into it. All the channels of information touching American matters are through the Northern press, which, of course, never fails to depreciate, not only our power and resources, but to calumniate our cause; all the while exaggerating the greatness of the North, and extolling what it styles "its mighty effort to preserve the Union." The traveled and educated classes in England know more of the question, and hence our friends mostly are of this description of people. Public opinion, however, is becoming daily more enlightened and more in our favor.

The distinguished writer thinks that the English Government has gone a great length in acknowledging our people as belligerents, and in extending to them belligerent rights; and all that is wanting to secure a recognition abroad is to manifest our ability to maintain this position respectably before the world. His letter was written before the late affairs at Bull Run, Manassas and Springfield, else he may have been enlightened as to what we are capable of doing on that point.

Another powerful obstacle in the way of our acknowledgment is in the steady and obstinate assertion of the Northern prints and the Yankee Embassy in Europe, that there is an immense Union sentiment at the South, only awaiting the approach of a Federal army to arise and effect its deliverance--that this formidable feeling is kept in chains by Secession leaders, who have gotten into accidental possession of the civil and military organizations of the various States, and that the powerful intervention of the Federal arm is alone wanting to restore the Union and effect a thorough change in public opinion. The persistence with which this absurdity has been urged by the Northern press has had a great effect on public sentiment in England, and has occasioned belief in the minds of many that the facts, as stated, really exist. Strange and ridiculous as the idea may appear to the reader, the writer alleges that it has, probably, more than any other one cause, retarded the progress of our negotiations in Europe.

The worthy gentleman admits that our whole foreign diplomacy must of necessity be tedious and slow, and inculcates patience, and upon all a calm self-reliance. Europe needs our staples, and must have them. There is but one way it can get them, and that is by acknowledging our independence, confessing its own necessities and removing the blockade. This, he is satisfied, will be done in good season. He is of opinion that England will make the advance movement in the premises, to be followed by the immediate cooperation of France. Between the two countries a perfect *entente cordiale* exists in the American question. While the Northern press do as much mischief by its scandalous misrepresentations of the South, yet the silver lining to its cloud of evil is to be found in the hectoring tone it has manifested of late towards England, which the distinguished writer remarks has done Yankeedom more harm with the British people, and the Southern cause more good, than can well be conceived. He doubts if thousands of essays in vindication of the South could have had the same effect with the British people in her behalf as these truculent denunciations in the Northern press. It has already sent five thousand men to Canada, and doubled the English fleet on the American coast.

The above are the candid opinions of one of the first statesmen in England, and present a frank resume of the state and prospects of our negotiation with the European powers. After all he inculcates steadily the great fact that the foreign world is against us, and that our only allies are to be found in the products of our teeming soil, and in the valiant hearts and stout hands of our own people. We have a dauntless race of freemen, who can neither be conquered nor overrun, and who mean to win their independence at the sword's point. We grow products that to the European world are necessities, which it must have or let its millions starve. These are our claims on foreign powers, and only these.

This we regard as a true and reliable exposition of foreign feeling and sentiment. It is as favorable to us of the South as we had any right to expect.

Our duty, then, is to wait patiently until time shall remove the false impressions created by the Northern press, and the powers of Europe can see the American question in all its bearings, and with a full knowledge of all the facts. Since the war began, their attention has been specially directed to affairs on this continent, and they are fast learning the truth. One important discovery has been already made--to wit: The utter mendacity of the Northern press; and that its statements can never be relied upon. This is of great advantage to us. Very soon they will find out that there is not one word of truth in the assertion that there is a Union party of the slightest consequence in the Southern Confederacy. They will see that we are more than a match for the enemy on the field of battle. They will see that it is not our purpose to interfere with the Government of the North, but simply to establish one of our own. Gradually the mists of error and falsehood created by the North will disappear before the rays of truth, and the Southern position will be correctly appreciated. Let us, then, possess our souls in patience, recpitecting that, after all, the only certainty of success, both at home and abroad, consists in the invincibility of our arms. The contest has now reached that point when the sword alone can decide the issue.

THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

A number of leading gentlemen and prominent citizens of Alabama, the Governor of the State at their head, have issued an address to the people in which they recommend a set of electors to be voted for at the Presidential election on the 6th of November. They have done this to avoid the trouble and expense of holding a State Convention to nominate electors, saying that if there is any objection to the ticket, or to any man on it, or to the mode by which it is gotten up, they are perfectly willing to withdraw it. In proof of their disinterestedness they have not put any one of their own number on the ticket, or any one from Montgomery, the place whence the address issues; nor have they selected any of the leading active politicians of the State, but have confined themselves to retired public men or men of high character who have never sought public position. The ticket is gotten up, also, without reference to old party divisions, men of all the old parties being selected, the only conditions being that they are, "heart and soul, sustaining the holy work of deliverance and liberty," and who, if nothing shall occur hereafter to forbid it, will cast the vote of the State for the eminent and tried men who now preside over the destinies of the Confederate States, Jefferson Davis and Alexander H. Stephens.

It seems to us that there ought to be no objection to the ticket thus gotten up, and we have no doubt it will be universally accepted by the people of Alabama. It is perfectly useless to be holding conventions in the respective States for the nomination of electors, if there is, as we have reason to believe there is, entire unanimity as to the next incumbents of the Presidency and Vice-Presidency. The people of Alabama, we should think, will be under obligations to these gentlemen for taking the trouble to form this ticket, and thus avoid any contests of either a political or personal character, at a time like this, when we should all be united in form as we are in fact. In Mississippi, we believe, the Legislature recommended an electoral ticket. The election is only two months off, and it is time the other States were moving in the matter. Any ticket that may be gotten up, free from all suspicion of trickery or intrigue for personal advantage, will be acceptable to the people.

RAIN IN MISSISSIPPI.--Of the month of August the Hinds County Gazette says:

It was ushered into existence with a rain storm; and dark and dreary clouds, and threatened wind storms, and rain--rain--RAIN--followed throughout its ample length of days. Scarcely a day escaped without one shower, at least, while many witnessed the falling of floods of water in a space of time, so brief as to be without precedent. Roads, fences and fields have suffered severely--to a far greater extent than ever before, from a like cause, at this season of the year; while the cotton crop, we fear, has been fearfully injured. The wet weather of August has, thus far, been the only disaster which has overtaken the present cotton crop; but such has been so severely, that, even with the very best season from this time on to the 1st of December, the crop of Hinds county must fall far short of the calculations of the 1st of August. Should the rot, the rust, the worm or any other casualty incident to September make its appearance, the crop will certainly be very short.

DIED.

On Wednesday evening, 4th inst., ANN ELIZA, aged 15 months and 8 days, daughter of Eliza Dunn and Joseph Rodrigues.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral this morning, at 10 o'clock, from residence No. 125 Girod street, between St. Charles and Carondelet.

On Thursday morning, Aug. 15, at the residence of Mr. Hilary Ferrel, near La Grange, Ga., Mr. WM. H. McKIBBOY, of New Orleans.

Official.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERS Of the Consolidated Debt of New Orleans, New Orleans, Aug. 29, 1861.

GEO. L. BRIGHT, Esq., Attorney at Law, having been duly appointed COLLECTOR for this Board, at its sitting of the 27th inst.,

Notice is hereby given, that from and after this date, Mr. GEO. L. BRIGHT is the sole and only authorized person to prosecute, demand, or collect the debts or obligations of whatever kind, due the old corporation, the several Municipalities, and the city of Lafayette, prior to the consolidation of the same.

All previous contracts, or agreements with other parties, are hereby revoked.

By order of the Board:

O. DEBUYS, Secretary.

au29 2p1m

Blankets for Sick Soldiers.

It will be impossible for the Confederate, or State Governments, to purchase BLANKETS for the use of our sick and wounded soldiers. They are not to be had, the supply being now nearly exhausted. I therefore call on heads of families, and all other persons, and especially on the Planters of Louisiana, to contribute one or more pair of Blankets to this good purpose. Every family nearly--certainly every planter--can spare from one to half a dozen pair of their abundant supply. They should be sent to some central point in each parish, and pressed in a bale at some cotton press, and marked with the number it contains, and directed to A. B. JAMES, my agent, New Orleans.

It is hoped the steamboats will bring them down free of charge; but, if not, freight will be paid by those shipping them.

THOS. O. MOORE, Governor.

au22 2p1d

Notice.

Contributions for the Sick and Wounded Soldiers of our Army are to be left at WILLIAM H. SMITH'S store, No. 58 Gravier street.

By order of the Committee:

W. A. ELMORE, President.

D. I. RICARDO, Secretary. se2 2p2

A Card.

Professor McCarthy, corner of Magazine and Washington streets, gives lessons, at stated hours, in Grammar, Rhetoric, Algebra, Geometry, Navigation, Engineering, Geology, and Book-keeping.

Professor McCarthy lectures to classes in colleges when employed by the hour. se2 2p1d

Volunteer Relief Committee.

PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Further registration of names of applicants for Relief at the hands of this Committee, necessarily ceases from this date until further notice.

JAMES BEGGS, Chairman of Committee.

se2 2p1f

To the Southern Public.

At a meeting of the citizens of New Orleans, convened on the 20th of July last, a permanent committee of twenty-four gentlemen was appointed to solicit contributions for the relief of the sick and wounded soldiers of the Southern Confederacy, and provide for their comfort during the war.

The undersigned, in behalf of the committee thus appointed, appeal to the humane and patriotic to aid them in their holy work. It behooves those who enjoy the safety and comforts of home to testify, in a material form, their appreciation of the perils and sufferings of our brave volunteers. It is in our cause they are stricken, and it is our mission to pour balm into their wounds. The poorest can contribute something, and the offering will be appreciated; perhaps such will be especially blessed in their results.

The committee will be advised of the nature of the supplies required at hospitals. Their efforts will not be confined to the soldiers of a particular State or section. They will afford all the aid and relief in their power to all sufferers in our cause. If means can be raised, they propose to organize a permanent system of relief. Contributions of clothing, blankets and bedclothes, articles of nourishment suitable for the sick, particularly sugar, coffee, tea, rice, tapioca, arrowroot, cordials, pure liquors, and wines, are especially solicited. Warm sle-bing, woolen socks and shoes, in great quantity, will soon become absolutely necessary in the latitude of the seat of war. We appeal to our fellow citizens not to abandon our brave soldiers to their sufferings.

A warehouse for the reception of such stores as may be contributed has been established at No. 28 Gravier street, where a responsible person will be in attendance. Each member of the permanent committee will receive contributions in money.

JOHN FINNEY,
T. O. SULLY,
R. GARDERE,
HENRY RENSHAW,
Sub-Committee.

NOTICE.

The following gentlemen compose the permanent committee for the relief of the sick and wounded soldiers of the Southern Confederacy--

W. A. ELMORE, President.
D. I. RICARDO, Secretary.
HENRY RENSHAW, Treasurer.

P. H. Benford,	W. A. Gaugenel,
J. Pamberton,	A. M. Buchanan,
H. Wright,	B. A. Bourke,
S. O. Nelson,	G. A. D. Kemper,
G. Mihenbergen,	A. B. James,
P. S. White,	J. Finney,
J. Bermudez,	J. P. Sweet,
S. P. Delacroix,	H. Hier,
T. O. Sully,	P. A. Girard,
R. Gardere,	J. D. Denegre.
S. B. Newman,	

au2 2p1f

Volunteer Relief Committee.

TO ALL GOOD CITIZENS.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 19, 1861.

As this Committee has received, with deep regret, positive proof that impositions have been practiced upon the public generosity, by persons obtaining relief who were not entitled to the same, they hereby appeal to all good citizens, who may come to the knowledge of any such cases of fraud, to inform members of the Committee in person, or leave such information, with as little delay as possible, at their office, Secretary's Room of Board of Assistant Aldermen. The following are the names of the Committee--

GERARD STITE, Board of Aldermen.	
S. P. DELABARRE, " "	
L. E. FORSTALL, " "	
J. H. HUCKINS, " "	
JAS. BEGGS, Board of Ass. Aldermen.	
W. P. HODSKINS, " "	
J. B. LEFEE, " "	
JAMES DAVIS, " "	

JAMES BEGGS, Chairman of the Committee.

au19 2p1f

Attention, Ladies!

A number of Ladies having organized themselves into a society for the purpose of preparing Lint for the relief of those who may be wounded in the coming conflict, they would solicit the aid of every lady in the city in this work of mercy. The "Young Men's Christian Association" have kindly tendered their aid, and by the liberality of the Louisiana Mutual Insurance Company, room No. 3, second story, 82 Camp street, adjoining the rooms of said Association, has been provided for our use as a depository, in addition to the Hall of the Association. We sincerely hope that every housekeeper in New Orleans will respond immediately with donations of old linen and other useful articles. *s22 2p1f

Notice--I take this method of offering my professional services, free of charge, to the families of those who are absent from the city on military duty. Residence on Harmony street, between Prytania and Coliseum streets, Fourth District.

P. YEISER, M. D.

au31 2p1f

Ed. Crescent: Please announce JAMES R. BRADLEY as candidate for Constable First Justices' Court, in the district bounded by Julia and Felicity streets, and from the River to the Swamp. Election, 4th November.

MANY VOTERS.

au23 2p1d

For Auditor of Public Accounts--Please announce H. PASALIA as a candidate for Auditor of Public Accounts at the election in November.

CREOLE.

s4 2p1e

Ed. Crescent: Please announce the undersigned as a candidate for the office of State Superintendent of Public Education.

W. H. N. MAGRUDER,
Baton Rouge, La.

au23 2p1d

Superintendent Public Education--Please announce that HENRY AVERY, the present Superintendent of Public Education, is a candidate for reelection.

au17 2p1d

Coal Oil and Lamps--Country Merchants, Planters, and the public generally, will find at the Great Southern Coal Oil and Lamp Emporium, No. 8 Chartres street, by far the largest and only complete stock of PURE COAL OILS and COAL OIL LAMPS in this city, which Messrs. COVERT & HILL offer to the trade or at retail at lower prices than they can be purchased for at any other house in the South. au28 2p1f

Herring's Patent Champion Fire and Burglar Proof SAFES. Nos. 6 and 8 Gravier street, New Orleans. 15 2p7

B. L. Defrocher the present incumbent, is a candidate for Clerk Traverse. 191 2p1

A Card to Cotton Planters.

The undersigned, Cotton Factors in the city of New Orleans, in view of the interests of all parties, recommend to their various consignors and correspondents, not to ship any portion of their crops of Cotton to this city, or to remove it from their plantations, until the blockade is fully and entirely abandoned, of which due notice will be given.

S. O. Nelson & Co.,	A. Levi & Co.,
A. D. Kelly & Co.,	A. Miltenberger & Co
Edward Nalle & Co.,	Ar. Miltenberger,
Weight & Allen,	Scudder & Stamps
Hewitt, Norton & Co.,	Gallagher & Dyer,
M. D. Cooper & Co.,	Moses Greenwood,
Fellowes & Co.,	Sentell & Prentice,
T. H. & J. M. Allen & Co.,	Black & Bylington,
R. McIlhenny & Co.,	John Watt & Co.,
Martin, Cobb & Co.,	Byrne, Vance & Co.,
Gladden & Sexton,	Pilcher & Goodrich,
J. W. Barbridge & Co.,	Warren & Crawford,
Green & Crump,	Friedlander & Gerso
W. & D. Urquhart,	J. W. Champlin & Co.,
J. J. Person & Co.,	Thornhill & Co.,
Walker & Snyder,	Reichland, Brown & Co.,
Perkins & Co.,	Logan, Sexton & Claiborne,
John T. Hardie & Co.	Copes & Pincus,
A. H. May & Co.,	D. S. Carroll & Co.,
B. M. Lowe & Co.,	A. D. Donovan,
R. P. Hunt,	Prellson & Stevenson,
Geo. P. Black & Co.,	R. W. Rolfe & Co.,
Campbell & Strong,	Winston, Morrison & Co.,
R. C. Cummings & Co.,	Gillis & Ferguson,
W. A. Gordon & Castillo,	J. & G. Cromwell,
Montgomery & White,	Moore & Brother,
B. Toledano & Taylor,	Cleveland, Bro. & Co.,
Pritchard & Flower,	Murdock & Williams,
Montgomery & Hall,	Phelps & Jones,
A. J. Tully & Co.,	Payne, Hourigtze & Co.,
Holloway & Lonsdale,	R. Yeatman,
Sykes & Conly,	Nixon & Co.,
Walker & Co.,	Hawkins & Norwood,
Rhorer & Zunts,	Stuart & James
Foley, Avery & Co.,	Scruggs, Donegan & Co.,
Tarlton, Whiting & Tallis,	Patton & Finney,
Farley, Jones & Co.,	Gillen, Smedes & Co.,
P. H. Skipwith,	John Williams & Co.,
Moore & Browder,	F. B. Ernest,
Henderson, Terry & Co.,	Carroll, Hay & Co.,
Allison, Pattison & Co.,	Edward Pillsbury,
West, Renshaw & Carsmack,	Levy & Beiter,
J. B. Grihole & Co.,	Wilson & Pomroy,
Lewis & Ordway,	Abat, Maye & Cushman,
W. Cox & Co.,	Robert L. Adams & Co.,
J. C. & R. S. Ricks,	Horrell, Gayle & Co.,
Hillard, Summers & Co.,	Thos. Henderson & Peale,
John L. Lea,	Richard Nugent & Co.,
George Connelly & Co.,	Watt & Noble,
Brander, Chandler & Co.,	McIlmoyle, Raymond & Co.,
Fitzsimmons, Conway & Co.,	Battle, Noble & Co.,
Coleman & Wilson,	Bartley, Johnson & Co.
Belknap, Nottom & Co.	Hughes, Hylkested & Co.
A. D. Henkel & Co.	Lane, Salter & Co.
Patton, Henderson & Co.	Duncan, Pugna & Co.
McFarland & Burkedale,	R. H. Short & Co.
Block, McAfee & Co.,	Thompson & Clark,
W. A. Johnson & Co.	Broadwell & Haynes,
Smith & Johnson,	John F. Wyche & Co.
Boddy, Wilson & Co.	George S. Mandeville,
Dumois & Co.,	Gillespie, Jordan & Co.,
Culver & Harrison,	Bell & Boulligny,
Wood & Low,	Samuel Barrett.
Louis Dufilho,	

New Orleans, July 17, 1861. jy24 2p6f

Supplies for Sick and Wounded Soldiers.

The Surgeon General of the Confederate Army has applied to me, and through me to the citizens of Louisiana, for supplies of the following articles for the sick and wounded soldiers, viz.: Hospital Shirts, Bed Linen, Blankets, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Bandages, Lint, Rags, Corn Starch, Gelatine, Rice, Flour, Tapioca, Brandy, Whisky, Port Wine, and Blistering Agents.

I have already called on heads of families and planters, in another notice, to supply me with blankets, and I now request those wishing to donate any of the above articles to send them to my agent, A. B. James, 37 Magazine street, compactly boxed or bailed, with a statement of contents. If blankets cannot be had, Bed Comforts can be substituted.

(Signed) THOS O. MOORE.

NEW ORLEANS, August 24, 1861. au29 2p1d

Great Expectations Complete.

PIP, HOW ARE YOU PIP. By Charles Dickens. For sale at

ELLIS',

s 3 2p2t Post-Office News Depot, opposite Post-Office.

For Sale.

A GOOD COOK, WASHER AND IRONER, aged 25 years, with her child 15 months old. She is sold for no fault, and is fully warranted. If desired, will be sold for Confederate States Treasury Notes at PAR.

Address Box 2522, Post-Office. se4 2p2t

Soldiers' Clothing.

NOTICE FROM THE GOVERNOR TO THOSE PREPARING IT.

I am now endeavoring to furnish the Volunteer Troops of Louisiana with suitable winter clothing, and am having prepared uniform suits of woolen cloth and suitable undercloths, to be distributed among them. I am informed that the patriotic citizens of several parishes are also engaged in similar preparations for the benefit of their companies. If these contributions of clothing are sent by them directly to their several companies, without my being aware of the quantity and kind sent, and the companies supplied, great confusion and waste will be the consequence.

A soldier can only carry a certain quantity of clothing. It is of great importance that each one of our soldiers shall have good, substantial woolen suits, as soon as possible; but it is also important that there be concert of action among those supplying them, in order to avoid sending double supplies to companies.

I therefore urgently recommend the citizens of the country parishes to send to me, in this city, such supplies of clothing as they may prepare, with explicit directions as to the companies or individuals for whom they are intended. I will take care that they reach their destination. The clothes should be boxed up or baled, and directed to me in New Orleans, with the name of the company for which they are intended marked on it, and a statement sent to one of its captains, so that I may not duplicate its articles.

I respectfully request the newspapers to give publicity to these suggestions, in consideration of the objects to be effected.

THOS. O. MOORE, Governor.

New Orleans, Aug. 27, 1861. au29 2p1f

Sundries.

200 bags prime RIO COFFEE.
500 bbls. MESS PORK.
500 tierces prime LARD.
50 casks BACON SHOULDERS.
100 tierces SUGAR CURED HAMS.
300 bbls. extra and superfine FLOUR.
100 bags SHOT, assorted, buck and drop.
500 cases SARDINES, half and quarter boxes.
700 boxes Castile SOAP.
300 boxes Star CANDLES, 14 and 15 oz.
200 bbls. Rectified WHISKY.
500 bbls. Refined, Crushed and Powdered SUGARS.
100 cases OYSTERS and LOBSTERS.

For sale by

JOHN T. MOORE & CO.,
21 and 23 Poydras street.

au30 2p1m

An Appeal for Small Arms

--TO THE--

CITIZENS OF LOUISIANA AND ADJOINING STATES.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 12, 1861.

Having been appointed, by the Secretary of War, an agent to collect, receive, and purchase small arms for the Confederate States, I deem it necessary and expedient to make known the fact as generally as possible, the better to secure cooperation in a work which needs to be done quickly. Citizens and patriots! Your Government asks for the many thousands of TRIED guns that lie, unused in your houses. Recent experiments have proven that any one of your fine Double Barrelled Shot Guns, with the improved Minie ball, is more than a match for the much talked of Mich Musket. Then, bring them forth and place them upon the altar of your country's liberty, that they may at once be consecrated to the noble work of Christian defense. If objection be made to sending away your guns, and it be urged that you MAY need them at home, the reply is, that the surest way to prevent the necessity of using them at home, is to place them in the hands of the many thousands of brave men who are now chafing with anxious desire to stand as a wall of fire between you and the invading foe. If this answer be deemed inconclusive, then the reflection that those high in authority, those in whose judgment we all have confidence, and who, it is but fair to presume, know well our necessities, both at home and on our borders, have, after mature deliberation, inaugurated this movement, should be a sufficient guarantee for the wisdom, utility, and patriotism of the service you are called on to perform. Then, as you desire a short war, a speedy peace, and an acknowledgment of our independence honorable to ourselves, place your weapons at the disposal of your Government. As you desire to strike terror to the hearts of those who are now plotting our subjugation and destruction, let it be known that the trusty Rifle, and the death dealing Shot Gun, which you have hitherto so highly prized, are to take part in the next conflict, rendering, if possible, our victory more complete than was their defeat and route on the plains of Manassas.

My instructions contemplate that I shall send forth into our more populous regions, assistant agents, charged with the duty of collecting and forwarding to proper points, all the weapons thus obtained. I may be well here to state, that any one who wishes to do so, even though he be not visited by an Agent, can greatly facilitate this work by sending any guns in his or, or can command, to my address, care of Robert Phillips, No. 13 Camp street, New Orleans.

BALLARD S. DUNN,
Agent for Collecting, Receiving, and Purchasing Small Arms, for the Confederate States. au13 2p1f

Proceedings

--OF THE--

LOUISIANA STATE CONVENTION,

IN ENGLISH AND FRENCH,

Together with the ORDINANCES passed by said Convention, (in both languages) and the CONSTITUTION of the State as amended.

For sale by

BLOOMFIELD & STEEL,	PETER O'DONNELL,
T. L. WHITE,	HERBERT & SCODESE,
GEO. ELLIS,	W. F. GOLDSWAITE,
P. HAWES & CO.,	E. SECKINS,
T. FITZWILLIAM.	

Orders from the country filled at a liberal discount. au22 2p1f

Every Army and Navy Officer

Should provide himself with the best description of comfortable and well made SHIRTS and FURNISHING GOODS to be had; by doing so, half the supply will suffice, and the annoyance of having to make your garments ever again at the seat of war, or buying new ones, avoided. To insure satisfaction, patronize

S. N. MOODY,

CORNER OF CANAL AND ROYAL STREETS,

Who has still on hand the best of everything in his line, and at prices that must satisfy every patriot and soldier, no advance on any article having been made since the interruption of supplies.

Fine Flannel Campaign Shirts,

Beautifully made in this city, with Side Pockets, Buttons warranted never to come off, and consisting of a

score of handsome patterns.

FINE LINEN CHECK SHIRTS.
COLORED LINEN AND MUSLIN SHIRTS.
HEAVY SILK UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS.
" WOOL " " "
" COTTON " " "
CANTON FLANNEL UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS.
WOOL SOCKS--At the cost of yarn only.
DOUBLE COTTON SOCKS--Full double feet.
LARGE SILK POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS.
HEAVY BUCK AND CAMPAIGN GLOVES.
WHITE MILITARY GLOVES.
CRAVATS AND SUSPENDERS, and every article for a

Complete Toilet,

Remember, at

S. N. MOODY'S
Corner of Canal and Royal streets.

se2 2p3tsod

A New Work.

UNIFORMS AND DRESS OF THE ARMY OF

--THE--

CONFEDERATE STATES.

A limited edition of this work, (1000 copies), the authorized standard, will be shortly issued. The distinctions between the various grades are shown by the plates, of which there will be fifteen, and consisting of all the different departments of the service, and comprising about 60 figures.

This edition will be plain black, and will be followed by another edition in full colors--a Magnificent Work. It will contain photos, and full directions for the guidance of tailors.

Liberal terms will be extended to Booksellers. Apply to

COL. BLANTON DUNCAN,
Richmond, Va.

se2 2p3t

To Prevent Piles,

Use GATETTI'S MEDICATED PAPER for the water closet, made of pure Manila Hemp, without chemicals, and medicated by an entirely new process--cures and prevents Piles. It is a blessing to the sick and the healthy. Unequalled as a cure, incomparable as a preventive. All other paper poisonous and pile producing.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by

J. WRIGHT & CO.,
Sole Proprietors,
21 and 151 Chartres street,

se2 2p3tsod.4i W New Orleans.

What an Awful Cough!

This is generally the expression you hear so commonly used by persons when they hear so many with bad coughs. How few, also, are aware of the fatal consequences of neglecting a cough. Do they not know that it may end in consumption? Why, then neglect it? Why not get rid of it by using

Dr. Davis'

COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY AND TAR?

This valuable medicine will cure the worst case. The tickling sensation in the throat will cease, the mucus membrane will be relieved, and death by consumption entirely avoided.

For sale, wholesale and retail, by

J. WRIGHT & CO.,
21 and 151 Chartres street,

se2 2p3tsod.4i W New Orleans.

Military Goods!!

MUSKET CAPS,

CAPS FOR COLT'S REVOLVERS

--AND--

CARTRIDGES.

--ALSO--

FINE BLUE, SKY-BLUE, GRAY and RED BROADCLOTH,
GOLD AND WORSTED TRIMMINGS,
SWORDS WITH FINE BLADES,
BELTS AND SASHES

Buttons for Military Uniforms.

GOLD LACES AND SILK OIL CLOTH.

For sale at

H. FRANKO'S,
146 Poydras, next to Carondelet st.

au24 2ofSuWeTh

Fassman's Iron Tie.

The subscribers are receiving weekly, supplies of Iron from Tennessee, which they will sell at a small advance for CASH ONLY.

H. FASSMAN & CO.,
41 Carondelet street,

R. G. LATTING & CO.,
16 Union street.

au21 2p1f

To Printers.

SOUTHERN INK

MANUFACTURING COMPANY,

LOCATED AT AMITE, LOUISIANA

THOS. H. SHIELDS & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS.

We have just received a large shipment from the manufactory and are prepared to receive orders.

This INK is WARRANTED equal to any yet made.

In all cases orders must be accompanied with the CASH. PRICES--News, 25c. per lb.; Book, from 30c. to 42 per lb.

--Also--

Just received, another shipment of DOUBLE MEDIUM BOOK PAPER, MANILLA WRAPPING, HARDWARE, AND OTHER PAPERS.

THOS. H. SHIELDS & CO.,

au26 2p12t Nos. 59 Gravier street, and 10 Bank Place.

Millinery and Dressmaking.

Having still on hand a large and varied assortment of elegant MILLINERY, I would inform the ladies of New Orleans and country, that I will sell it all off at very moderate prices for CASH.

GARIBALDI RIDING HATS, in great variety.

MOURNING BONNETS, in great variety.

In my Dressmaking Department, I am making and Trimming Dresses in the most fashionable manner, at greatly reduced prices.

Orders from the country promptly attended to.

MRS. M. E. BENSON,
Dressmaker and Milliner,

au23 2ms8se 127 Canal st., up stairs, adjoining D. H. Holmes'.

Boots, Shoes and Brogans,

AT WHOLESALE.

Plantations supplied with prime Ditching BOOTS, Russet BROGANS; Wool, Mexican, Palm Leaf, Straw and Campeachy HATS, at the lowest market prices, by

FROST & CO.,
No. 10 Magazine street, New Orleans.

Hats, Caps, etc., at Wholesale.

We are constantly receiving a general assortment of Silk and Fur, Cassimere, Panama, Leghorn, Straw, Palm Leaf, Mexican and Wool HATS, at the lowest market prices, by

FROST & CO.,
No. 10 Magazine street, New Orleans.

jy13 2p4W

Merchants' Hotel,

CORNER ST. CHARLES AND CANAL STRE