New Orleans Daily Crescent, Wednesday Morning, May 7, 1862.

New Orleans Daily Crescent.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 7, 1862.

New Orleans Money Market.

CRESCENT OFFICE, No. 76 Camp street, Tuesday Evening, May 6, 1862.

We are not crowded with any important movements commercial and financial; but, politically, we might weave out a long review of the events from time to time. We are not aware that this would be of any special advantage at this moment. We might comment on many things that would be of interest to our numerous readers. We have never depended on foreign intelligence to make up the department of the Crescent. We are really at a loss at this juncture how to make up our usual diurnal review of finance.

The most important feature was the congregation of large numbers of people in front of and at the doors of the Bank of New Orleans, on St. Charles street, soliciting small notes in exchange for Confederate notes. Unfortunately for the applicants, the engravings for the small notes are not in readiness. The cashier of the bank was signing his name as fast as his physical powers would admit to $5 issues, which, divided, will do something towards relieving the demand. We are asked, why do not the other banks issue small notes? The Bank of New Orleans, we learn, will issue about $500,000 of small notes, which is 15 per cent. on its capital. Assuming the capital of the eleven banks to be eighteen millions of dollars, it appears that if they all adopted the policy of one-fifth, or 20 per cent., they might be added to the small note circulation, say under five dollars down, a volume of small currency of three millions and a half dollars. We cannot ascertain, in fact, we cannot arrive at any conclusion, what amount of small issues by our banks would meet the requirements of the community. It puzzles us, and must the requirements of our community, with the present with paper other than bonds and a more extensive possession of bullion than we have the privilege of calling to our assistance, to determine what amount of small note currency of responsibility will the wants of the community require. The issues of the banks have not at no time, since September last, met the wants of the public. There has been no reflux of bank bills; that is, the bills have not been called on, only in small sums, for redemption at the counter. We may note it as one of the characteristics of the crisis, and denoting the strongest confidence in our banks, that since the suspension of coin payments on the 16th of September last, there has not been paid into the banks in the way of payments due to the banks, an amount of circulation exceeding 6 per cent. of the general circulation of the banks. Debtors to the banks have invariably paid their dues in currency. If our banks were to issue ten millions of dollars, they would, in all probability, be hoarded. We urge on our public to refrain from this hoarding process; let each individual strive to maintain the circulation of bank notes of small issues; it is it, when they receive them pay them out at once. It is more than apparent, that in the general suspension of trade and commerce there must be a general mixture of paper money; say Confederate Treasury notes, State of Louisiana Treasury notes, the individual issues of parties of account and strength; now, the individual issues of parties of every little responsibility. The suggestion we made weeks ago of the formation of a change notice station for the management and control of twelve or more of those of repute and standing, seems to be gathering strength each succeeding day. If we lose a little further, we are admonished that we cannot refer to precedents in regard to the present distraction of our currency; because, in the history of nations, we have not a record of so mighty and important changes in the affairs and conditions of a Government or nation, as now attaches to its general political, social, commercial and financial status of the heretofore United States of North America.

It is manifest that no reasonable hope can be entertained that general investments—say in stocks, bonds, paper, or, rather, securities—will, for some current time, make return to owners and holders of the said securities—possibly, here and there in partial cases, some dividends may be returned. The rule will be, no provision, no earnings. True, there may be exceptions to the rule, which we shall take great pleasure in making known.

There were some sales of stocks to-day, though they were not made public; in fact, there are sales going on daily irrespective of the momentous crisis through which we are now passing.

There are signs of movements in specie, alias gold and silver. The prohibition being removed, the incentive to speculative buy and sell according to the legitimate and immutable laws of supply and demand, the exigencies and contingencies of the state of the country, and we may add the phrase, "the state of the times," combines.

COMMON COUNCIL.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN,

COUNCIL CHAMBER, CITY HALL, New Orleans, May 1, 1862.

Proceedings of the Common Council in secret session, May 1st, 1862.

Present—Aldermen: Hon. Gerard Stith, President pro tem.; Messrs. Cox, Forstall, Huckins and Robin—5.

Assistant Aldermen: Hon. J. Magioni, President; Messrs. Allen, Beggs, Davis, Dupre, Hodgkins, Kingsland, Leefe, Seiclshnydre and Toledano—10.

On motion, the Common Council went into secret session, after which the doors were opened, and the proceedings had were ordered to be published.

A message of the Mayor, accompanied by a communication from flag officer D. C. Farragut, of the blockading squadron, were read, and action on the same not being considered necessary nor expedient, on motion, Messrs. Dupre, Leefe and Forstall were appointed a committee to return the said message and communication to the Mayor. The committee proceeded to the discharge of the duty, and returned reporting that they had fulfilled their mission.

Upon which the doors were opened, and, on motion, the Board of Aldermen retired and adjourned to Tuesday next, at 7 o'clock P. M.

CHAS. CLAIBORNE, Sec'y.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, CITY HALL, New Orleans, May 3, 1862.

The Common Council met this day in joint session, on a convocation of the Mayor.

Members present: Hon. Gerard Stith, President pro tem.; Messrs. Forstall, Huckins, Robin and Wiltz—5.

ASSISTANT ALDERMEN.

Hon. J. Magioni, President; Messrs. Beggs, Benit, Davis, Dupre, Hodgkins, Kingsland, Leefe and Forstall—9.

The following resolutions were read, and, on motion, were adopted by the following vote:

ALDERMEN.

Yeas: Hon. G. Stith, Messrs. Forstall, Huckins, Robin and Wiltz—5.

Nays: None.

ASSISTANT ALDERMEN.

Yeas: Hon. J. Magioni, President; Messrs. Beggs, Benit, Davis, Dupre, Hodgkins, Kingsland, Leefe and Forstall—9.

Resolved, That the municipal authorities will continue their normal functions, with the understanding that they shall not be interfered with, in all matters of mere administration, and in all matters of police proper, unless disturbances should occur calculated to endanger the relations created by the existing state of things between the city and the invading army.

The necessities of the people require that the circulation created by the city authorities, in the name of the city, remain undisturbed.

The city authorities should have power to organize efficient patrols, in lieu of additional issues of policemen, that they may be enabled to maintain and protect the public tranquility.

It is expected that immediate provision will be made to procure those articles of subsistence most needed, and that such measures will be taken as will secure safe means of transportation from the place where they may be had to the city of New Orleans.

The City Council would remind the Commanding General of the promise so made to Mr. Soulé to remove the guard from the avenues to the City Hall, now the place where Mr. Soulé and staff lived by the Council, that the public archives shall remain intact.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted by the Secretaries of the Common Council to the Commanding General of the United States Army in possession of the city, and that the same be offered as an embodiment of the views of the municipal authorities to the suggestions discussed in the conference had between the General and said authorities.

The following, presented by Mr. Leefe, was read a second time and adopted, and, on motion, copies of the same were ordered to be sent to Messrs. P. Soulé, Wm. Freret and Moses Greenwood.

Resolved, That a special committee, comprised of Messrs. Stith, Dupre and Wiltz, be and is hereby appointed to act in conjunction with Messrs. Pierre Soulé, Wm. Freret and Moses Greenwood, of the Committee of Public Safety, to inform the said Federal commander relative to obtaining supplies of necessaries of life for the people.

On motion, the Common Council adjourned.

CHARLES CLAIBORNE, Secretary.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, CITY HALL, New Orleans, May 4, 1862.

The Common Council met this day in joint session on a convocation of the Mayor.

Members present: Hon. G. Stith, President pro tem.; Messrs. Cox, Forstall, Huckins, Robin and Wiltz—5.

ASSISTANT ALDERMEN.

Hon. A. Dupre, President pro tem.; Messrs. Allen, Beggs, Davis, Hodgkins, Kingsland, Leefe, and Mensman—8.

On motion the Common Council went into secret session, after which the doors were opened and the proceedings had ordered to be published.

The following warrant was then read, with the following endorsement of Major-General Butler, of the resolutions adopted by the Common Council 3d instant, and transmitted by the Secretaries of the Council, in accordance with said resolution, viz:

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, May 4, 1862 5

To the Common Council in joint session:

Gentlemen—I herewith transmit to you a copy of the resolutions passed by the Board of Aldermen, expressive of their intention to continue the exercise of their official functions in the administration of the city government, with the understanding that in all matters of police proper they shall not be interfered with" by the authorities of the United States. These resolutions are an embodiment of the views of the municipal authorities to the suggestions discussed in the conference between said authorities and the commanding officer of the United States army, to whom they have been submitted, and you will perceive General Butler makes an endorsement upon the resolutions to the effect that "the action contemplated by them is agreed to by him to be substantially within the terms and spirit of his proclamation," thus ratifying his ratification of the concession entered into between himself and the city authorities, whereby the city of New Orleans is to be governed during its occupation as a military post by the army of the United States.

Respectfully,

JOHN T. MONROE, Mayor.

Proceedings of the municipal authorities of New Orleans, May 3, 1862.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF, New Orleans, May 3, 1862.

The Commanding General has received from the Mayor, by direction, resolutions to the effect that the municipal authorities will continue their normal functions, with the understanding that they shall not be interfered with, in all matters of mere administration, and in all matters of police proper, unless disturbances should occur calculated to endanger the relations created by the existing state of things between the city and the invading army.

The necessities of the people require that the circulation created by the city authorities, in the name of the city, remain undisturbed.

The city authorities should have power to organize efficient patrols, in lieu of additional forces of policemen, that they may be enabled to maintain and protect the public tranquility.

It is expected that immediate provision will be made to procure those articles of subsistence most needed, and that such measures will be taken as will secure safe means of transportation from the place where they may be had to the city of New Orleans.

The City Council would remind the Commanding General of the promise so made to Mr. Soulé to remove the guard from the avenues to the City Hall, now the place where Mr. Soulé and staff lived by the Council, that the public archives shall remain intact.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted by the Secretaries of the Common Council to the Commanding General of the United States Army in possession of the city, and that the same be offered as an embodiment of the views of the municipal authorities to the suggestions discussed in the conference had between the General and said authorities.

The following, presented by Mr. Leefe, was read a second time and adopted, and, on motion, copies of the same were ordered to be sent to Messrs. P. Soulé, Wm. Freret and Moses Greenwood.

Resolved, That a special committee, comprised of Messrs. Stith, Dupre and Wiltz, be and is hereby appointed to act in conjunction with Messrs. Pierre Soulé, Wm. Freret and Moses Greenwood, of the Committee of Public Safety, to inform the said Federal commander relative to obtaining supplies of necessaries of life for the people.

By command of

MAJOR-GEN. BUTLER.

GEO. C. STRONG, A. A. G., Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF, New Orleans, May 3, 1862.

General Orders No. 20.

The President, Directors and Company of the Opelousas Railroad are authorized and required to run their cars on the road, for the service of bringing to the city of New Orleans such merchandise for provisions, marketing, and supplies of food which may be offered, in order to supply the wants of the city.

No passengers, other than those having the care of such supplies as owners and bearers, are to be permitted to come into the city. All other supplies are prohibited, except meat on the hoof, either way, except cotton and sugar, which may be safely brought over the road, and will be purchased at their fair intrinsic value by the United States forces.

The transportation of live stock is specially enjoined. An agent of the city Government will be permitted to pass over the road, either way, supplies of all points, on the faith of a pledge of such Government that no transmits no intelligence nor affords aid to the Confederates.

The officer commanding the post having such termini within his pickets, will cause a thorough inspection of the cars and boats, for the purpose of furthering the order; and will office no other hindrance so long as the order is in good faith complied with.

By command of

MAJOR-GEN BUTLER.

GEO. C. STRONG, A. A. General, Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF, New Orleans, May 3, 1862.

General Orders No. 21.

The Commanding General of the Department of the Gulf has been informed that live stock, flour and provisions, purchased for the subsistence of the inhabitants of the city of New Orleans are now at the junction of the Red and Missis ippi rivers.

The suffering condition of the poor of the city of New Orleans appeals to the humanity of those having authority on either side.

For the purpose, therefore, of the safe transmission of these supplies to the city, the Commanding General orders and directs that a safe conduct be offered to two steamers, or vessels, to be hailed with the same, to this place.

This safe conduct shall extend to the entire protection of the boat in landing, reasonable delay for discharge, and return to Mobile.

The boat shall take no passengers, save the owners and bearers of the flour, and will be subject to the strict inspection of the Harbor Master detailed from these headquarters, to whom he will report its arrival.

The faith of the city is pledged for the faithful performance of the requirements of this order, on the part of the agent of the city authorities, who will be allowed to pass with the boat, giving no intelligence or aid to the Confederates.

By command of

MAJOR-GEN. BUTLER.

GEO. C. STRONG, A. A. G., Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF, New Orleans, May 3, 1862.

General Orders No. 22.

The President, Directors and Company of the Opelousas Railroad are authorized and required to run their cars on the road, for the service of bringing to the city of New Orleans such merchandise for provisions, marketing, and supplies of food which may be offered, in order to supply the wants of the city.

The faith of the city is pledged for the faithful performance of the requirements of this order, on the part of the agent of the city authorities, who will be allowed to pass with the boat, giving no intelligence or aid to the Confederates.

By command of

MAJOR-GEN. BUTLER.

GEO. C. STRONG, A. A. G., Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF, New Orleans, May 3, 1862.

General Orders No. 23.

The Commanding General of the Department of the Gulf has been informed that live stock, flour and provisions, purchased for the subsistence of the inhabitants of the city of New Orleans are now at the junction of the Red and Mississippi rivers.

The suffering condition of the poor of the city of New Orleans appeals to the humanity of those having authority on either side.

For the purpose of the safe transmission of this flour, the Commanding General orders and directs that a safe conduct be afforded to a steamboat, to be hailed with the same, to this place.

This safe conduct shall extend to the entire protection of the boat in landing, reasonable delay for discharge, and return to Mobile.

The boat shall take no passengers, save the owners and bearers of the flour, and will be subject to the strict inspection of the Harbor Master detailed from these headquarters, to whom he will report its arrival.

The faith of the city is pledged for the faithful performance of the requirements of this order, on the part of the agent of the city authorities, who will be allowed to pass with the boat, giving no intelligence or aid to the Confederates.

By command of

MAJOR-GEN. BUTLER.

GEO. C. STRONG, A. A. G., Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF, New Orleans, May 3, 1862.

General Orders No. 24.

The President, Directors and Company of the Opelousas Railroad are authorized and required to run their cars on the road, for the service of bringing to the city of New Orleans such merchandise for provisions, marketing, and supplies of food which may be offered, in order to supply the wants of the city.

No passengers, other than those having the care of such supplies as owners and bearers, are to be permitted to come into the city. All other supplies are prohibited, except meat on the hoof, either way, except cotton and sugar, which may be safely brought over the road, and will be purchased at their fair intrinsic value by the United States forces.

The transportation of live stock is specially enjoined. An agent of the city Government will be permitted to pass over the road, either way, supplies of all points, on the faith of a pledge of such Government that no transmits no intelligence nor affords aid to the Confederates.

The officer commanding the post having such termini within his pickets, will cause a thorough inspection of the cars and boats, for the purpose of furthering the order; and will office no other hindrance so long as the order is in good faith complied with.

By command of

MAJOR-GEN BUTLER.

GEO. C. STRONG, A. A. General, Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF, New Orleans, May 3, 1862.

General Orders No. 21.

The Commanding General of the Department of the Gulf has been informed that live stock, flour and provisions, purchased for the subsistence of the inhabitants of the city of New Orleans are now at the junction of the Red and Mississippi rivers.

The suffering condition of the poor of the city of New Orleans appeals to the humanity of those having authority on either side.

For the purpose, therefore, of the safe transmission of these supplies to the city, the Commanding General orders and directs that a safe conduct be offered to two steamers, or vessels, to be hailed with the same, to this place.

This safe conduct shall extend to the entire protection of the boat in landing, reasonable delay for discharge, and return to Mobile.

The boat shall take no passengers, save the owners and bearers of the flour, and will be subject to the strict inspection of the Harbor Master detailed from these headquarters, to whom they will report their arrival.

The faith of the city is pledged for the faithful execution of the requirements of this order on the part of the agent of the city authorities, who will be allowed to pass with the steamboat, giving no intelligence or aid to the Confederates.

By command of

MAJOR GEN. BUTLER.

GEO. C. STRONG, A. A. G., General.

Hon. S. P. DeLabarre appeared and took the chair.

The Hon. J. Magioni appeared and took the chair.

On motion of Mr. Wiltz the message of the Mayor and endorsement of the resolutions of the Common Council by Gen Butler, were ordered to be published.

On motion of Mr. Stith, the chairmen of the Finance Committees were appointed to designate rooms in the City Hall for the office of the Provost Marshal.

The following orders of General Butler were read:

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF, New Orleans, May 3, 1862.

General Orders No. 19—The Commanding General of this Department has been informed that there is now at Mobile a stock of flour, purchased by the city of New Orleans, for the subsistence of its citizens.

The suffering condition of the poor of this city, for want of this flour, appeals to the humanity of those having authority upon either side.

For the purpose of the safe transmission of this flour, the Commanding General orders and directs that a safe conduct be afforded to a steamboat, to be hailed with the same, to this place.

This safe conduct shall extend to the entire protection of the boat in landing, reasonable delay for discharge, and return to Mobile.

The boat shall take no passengers, save the owners and bearers of the flour, and will be subject to the strict inspection of the Harbor Master detailed from these headquarters, to whom he will report its arrival.

The faith of the city is pledged for the faithful performance of the requirements of this order, on the part of the agent of the city authorities, who will be allowed to pass with the boat, giving no intelligence or aid to the Confederates.

By command of

MAJOR-GEN. BUTLER.

GEO. C. STRONG, A. A. G., Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF, New Orleans, May 3, 1862.

General Orders No. 20.1

The President, Directors and Company of the Opelousas Railroad are authorized and required to run their cars on the road, for the service of bringing to the city of New Orleans such merchandise for provisions, marketing, and supplies of food which may be offered, in order to supply the wants of the city.

The faith of the city is pledged for the faithful performance of the requirements of this order, on the part of the agent of the city authorities, who will be allowed to pass with the boat, giving no intelligence or aid to the Confederates.

By command of

MAJOR-GEN. BUTLER.

GEO. C. STRONG, A. A. G., Chief of Staff.

MAYORALTY—OFFICIAL.

MAYORALTY OF NEW ORLEANS, City Hall, May 4, 1862.

Common Council of the city of New Orleans,

[No. 6022.]

Resolved, That the municipal authorities will continue their normal functions with the understanding that they shall not be interfered with in all matters of police proper, unless disturbances should occur calculated to endanger the relations created by the existing state of things between the city and the invading army.

The necessities of the people require that the circulation created by the city authorities, in the name of the city, remain undisturbed.

The city authorities should have power to organize efficient patrols, in lieu of additional forces of policemen, that they may be enabled to maintain and protect the public tranquility.

It is expected that immediate provision will be made to procure those articles of subsistence most needed, and that such measures will be taken as will secure safe means of transportation from the place where they may be had to the city of New Orleans.

The City Council would remind the Commanding General of the promise so made to Mr. Soulé to remove the guard from the avenues to the City Hall, now the place where Mr. Soulé and staff lived by the Council, that the public archives shall remain intact.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be transmitted by the Secretaries of the Common Council to the Commanding General of the United States Army in possession of the city, and that the same be offered as an embodiment of the views of the municipal authorities to the suggestions discussed in the conference had between the General and said authorities.

The following, presented by Mr. Leefe, was read a second time and adopted, and, on motion, copies of the same were ordered to be sent to Messrs. P. Soulé, Wm. Freret and Moses Greenwood.

Resolved, That a special committee, comprised of Messrs. Stith, Dupre and Wiltz, be and is hereby appointed to act in conjunction with Messrs. Pierre Soulé, Wm. Freret and Moses Greenwood, of the Committee of Public Safety, to inform the said Federal commander relative to obtaining supplies of necessaries of life for the people.

[Signed] GERARD STITH,
President pro tem. Board of Aldermen.
[Signed] J. MAGIONI,
President Board of Assistant Aldermen.

Approved May 3, 1862.
[Signed] JOHN T. MONROE, Mayor.

[No. 6023.]

Resolved, That a Special Committee comprised of Messrs. Stith, Dupre and Wiltz, be and is hereby appointed to act in conjunction with Messrs. Pierre Soulé, Wm. Freret and Moses Greenwood, of the Committee of Public Safety, to confer with the Federal Commander to affect to obtaining supplies of necessaries of life for the people.

[Signed] GERARD STITH,
President pro tem. Board of Aldermen.
[Signed] J. MAGIONI,
President Board of Assistant Aldermen.

Approved May 3, 1862.
[Signed] JOHN T. MONROE, Mayor.

[No. 6024.]

Resolved, That in accordance with General Order No. 19, issued by Major General Butler, with regard to the provisions, live stock and flour, now at the junction of the Red and Mississippi rivers, A. Roselli, Esq., be and he is hereby appointed the agent of the city of New Orleans to attend to the transportation of said provisions, live stock and flour, and that he is also authorized to take all the necessary steps to carry this resolution into effect.

The officer commanding the post having such termini within his pickets, will cause a thorough inspection of the cars and boats, for the purpose of furthering the order; and will office no other hindrance so long as the order is in good faith complied with.

By command of

MAJOR-GEN BUTLER.

GEO. C. STRONG, A. A. General, Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF, New Orleans, May 3, 1862.

General Orders No. 21.

The Commanding General of the Department of the Gulf has been informed that live stock, flour and provisions, purchased for the subsistence of the inhabitants of the city of New Orleans are now at the junction of the Red and Mississippi rivers.

The suffering condition of the poor of the city of New Orleans appeals to the humanity of those having authority on either side.

For the purpose, therefore, of the safe transmission of these supplies to the city, the Commanding General orders and directs that a safe conduct be offered to two steamers, or vessels, to be hailed with the same, to this place.

This safe conduct shall extend to the entire protection of the boat in landing, reasonable delay for discharge, and return to Mobile.

The boat shall take no passengers, save the owners and bearers of the flour, and will be subject to the strict inspection of the Harbor Master detailed from these headquarters, to whom they will report their arrival.

The faith of the city is pledged for the faithful execution of the requirements of this order on the part of the agent of the city authorities, who will be allowed to pass with the boat, giving no intelligence or aid to the Confederates.

By command of

MAJOR GEN. BUTLER.

GEO. C. STRONG, A. A. G., General.

Hon. S. P. DeLabarre appeared and took the chair.

The Hon. J. Magioni appeared and took the chair.

On motion of Mr. Wiltz the message of the Mayor and endorsement of the resolutions of the Common Council by Gen Butler, were ordered to be published.

On motion of Mr. Stith, the chairmen of the Finance Committees were appointed to designate rooms in the City Hall for the office of the Provost Marshal.

The following orders of General Butler were read:

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF, New Orleans, May 3, 1862.

General Orders No. 19—The Commanding General of this Department has been informed that there is now at Mobile a stock of flour, purchased by the city of New Orleans, for the subsistence of its citizens.

The suffering condition of the poor of this city, for want of this flour, appeals to the humanity of those having authority upon either side.

For the purpose of the safe transmission of this flour, the Commanding General orders and directs that a safe conduct be afforded to a steamboat, to be hailed with the same, to this place.

This safe conduct shall extend to the entire protection of the boat in landing, reasonable delay for discharge, and return to Mobile.

The boat shall take no passengers, save the owners and bearers of the flour, and will be subject to the strict inspection of the Harbor Master detailed from these headquarters, to whom he will report its arrival.

The faith of the city is pledged for the faithful performance of the requirements of this order, on the part of the agent of the city authorities, who will be allowed to pass with the boat, giving no intelligence or aid to the Confederates.

By command of

MAJOR-GEN. BUTLER.

GEO. C. STRONG, A. A. G., Chief of Staff.

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF, New Orleans, May 3, 1862.

General Orders No. 20.1

The President, Directors and Company of the Opelousas Railroad are authorized and required to run their cars on the road, for the service of bringing to the city of New Orleans such merchandise for provisions, marketing, and supplies of food which may be offered, in order to supply the wants of the city.

The faith of the city is pledged for the faithful performance of the requirements of this order, on the part of the agent of the city authorities, who will be allowed to pass with the boat, giving no intelligence or aid to the Confederates.

By command of

MAJOR-GEN. BUTLER.

GEO. C. STRONG, A. A. G., Chief of Staff.

AUCTION SALES.

POSITIVE SALE AT AUCTION OF BANK SHARES, for cash, in lots to suit purchasers.

BY PALFREY & CO.

A. BOULIGNY, Auctioneer.
Office, 41 Carondelet street.

WEDNESDAY, May 7, at 12 o'clock, M., will be sold at auction, at the Merchants' and Auctioneers' Exchange—

48 Shares Bank of New Orleans Stock.
18 Shares Union Bank Stock.
10 Shares Commercial Dry Dock Stock.

☞ TERMS—Cash, in Confederate notes.
Additional orders received up to the hour of sale. my7

EXTRA FINE OLD BRANDIES, WHISKIES, WINES, etc., at auction.

BY D. E. MORPHY.

Auctioneer—47 Magazine street.

THURSDAY, May 8, at 11 o'clock, A. M., will be sold at auction, at the store of Messrs. Eaton & Betterton, corner of New Levee and Common streets—

Sixty chokee and very old Purity Brandies, superior old Whiskies, Wells Badger, etc., etc.

Amateurs, hotel and bar-room keepers, will find it to their interest to attend the sale.

☞ TERMS—Cash. my7

STOCK OF A COUNTRY STORE AT AUCTION.

BY PLACIDE J. SPEAR,

Auctioneer—Office, 74 Chartres st.

THURSDAY, May 8, at 10 o'clock, A. M., will be sold at auction, on Poydras street, between Carondelet and Baronne—

The Stock of a Country Store, consisting in part of Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Bonnets and Winter Clothing, School Books, etc., etc.

Also—

At the same time and place:

100 Lots Assorted Dry Goods, such as Swiss Muslin, Jaconets, Silk Mantillas, Ribbons, etc., etc.

☞ TERMS—Cash; payable in Confederate notes. my6

STOCK OF GROCERIES, LIQUORS AND WINES.

BY D. E. MORPHY.

Auctioneer—47 Magazine street.

THURSDAY, May 8, at 10 o'clock, A. M., will be sold at sundry, at the store of Messrs. Eaton & Betterton, corner of New Levee and Common streets—

The Entire Balance of that valuable Stock of Groceries, Liquors, Wines, etc., etc.

☞ For full particulars, see catalogues. my6

AUCTION NOTICE—HENRY SAMORY, NOS. 45 and 47 Old Levee street.

All persons indebted to me for goods purchased at auction are requested to come forward immediately and pay the same. And all persons to whom I am indebted for sales of goods at auction are requested to present themselves forthwith, to receive amount of the proceeds of the same.

HENRY SAMORY.

FOR GONORRHŒA, GLEET, WEAKNESS, PAINS in the Back, and all Urinary Affections.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY, SPECIFIC SOLUTION.—This world-renowned preparation cures all affections of the genitive organs, whether recent or chronic. Physicians of England, France and of America, acknowledge its efficacy. Thousands of sufferers have been relieved by it. Purely vegetable in composition, it is as harmless as it is efficacious. Free from the acids invigorated, and the debilitated and depressed mind are restored to energy.

S. ARMAS,
Sole agent for the United States,
my17 1y Apothecary, 28 Carondelet, N. O.

CLARET—1000 CASES ST. JULIEN, ST. ESTEPHE and Margaux
For sale by
S. WOLFF,
ap14 corner Gravier and New Levee.

VINEGAR—
15 bbls. WHITE WINE VINEGAR, in store
For sale by
S. D. GRATIAA & CO.,
jy1 59 Chartres street.

WHITE OF ZINC—600 lbs. FRENCH WHITE OF ZINC.
For sale by
S. D. GRATIAA & CO.,
49 Chartres street.

KELLER, J. H., SOAP MANUFACTURER, corner of St. Andrew and Howard streets, New Orleans.
Orders left at Post-Office, Box No. 1990, will be promptly filled. my15

DAMRON & CO., J. D., DEALERS IN GAS Fittings, Oil Globes, etc., No. 158 Canal street.

INSURANCE

LOUISIANA MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE—CORNER CAMP AND NATCHEZ STREETS.

Amount of Premiums for the year ending February 28, 1862.....$443,257 96
Amount of Profits for the year ending February 28, 1862.....114,356 66
Amount of Assets for the year ending February 28, 1862.....774,899 26

The Trustees have declared a dividend of Twenty-Five Per Cent., after paying six per cent. interest on outstanding scrip.

Interest on scrip payable on and after the second Monday in May next.

Certificates of scrip for the year 1862 deliverable on and after the 1st of June, 1862.

CHARLES BRIGGS, President.
H. P. JANVIER, Secretary.
New Orleans, March 24, 1862. mp25 1y

CITIZENS INSURANCE COMPANY—
Office No. 3 Carondelet street.

Capital, $371,780 36.

OMER GAILLARD, President.... A. SCHRIEBER, Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

Geo. W. West,	E. F. Hunt,
James A. White,	M. Maison,
Douglas West,	Martin Gordon, Jr.,
D. Jumelle,	Simon Augustin,
Ar. Mitchenbergs	Casimir Offner,
J. Leby,	A. Bohn,
	Omer Gaillard.

The Company insures against the perils of Inland and River Navigation and Damage by fire at the usual rates. mh28 6m

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS. Office—No. 4 Camp street.

Amount of Premiums for the year ending the 30th of December, 1861.....282,908 3
Amount of Assets on the 30th of December, 1861.....338,586 77

The Trustees have declared a scrip dividend of FIFTY per cent., after paying six per cent. interest on all outstanding scrip not have resolved to redeem the same on 1857.

Interest and redeemable scrip, payable on and after the 15th of February next.

Certificates of Scrip for the year 1861, deliverable on and after the 15th of March, 1862.

A. BROTHER, President.
JAMES H. WHEELER, Sec'y.

New Orleans, 11th Jan., 1862. ja15 1y

SCIENTIFICAL TEETH—Dr. Ely, late of Philadelphia, has opened a Dental Rooms, and would announce to the citizens of New Orleans, to DR. FIELDING'S, 49 Canal street.

His Institution for Supplying Artificial Teeth are unsurpassed by any Practical Dentist in the Southern States, copying completely in all its organs employed by the inexperienced. Persons wishing artificial teeth will find it to their interest to call upon this new member of our profession.

Every Artificial Teeth is of surpassing beauty, which cannot be detected from the very productions of nature, gradually reproducing the deficiency in the features so essential to youth and beauty, and warranted satisfactory for mastication and articulation.

PAINLESS TOOTH EXTRACTOR, for readily extracting Teeth without pain, superseding anything before attained by the profession, astonishing all who witness it.

All Operations for Decaying Teeth performed with scientific skill, and for cleanness and safety are unsurpassed by others. Unskilful only applied Teeth to establish one's name. It pays one to call at once and be satisfied. Those who have been disappointed elsewhere, has always room created to join. An unbiassed judgment there that it will be to our interest to give us the fullest satisfaction so that we may never hear from you with your orders.

ap26 3m DR. FIELDING, Dental Surgeon.

LOSS OF TEETH—Dr. J. WEBB, Dentist, continues to supply the loss of TEETH without wires or springs upon the new principle of our invention. It is entirely free from all chemical operations, and is recommended by the profession as the most perfect and durable method of inserting Artificial Teeth with gold palates of the finest workmanship. Those interested will find them unequalled for elegance and satisfactory effect. Dr. W. refers to his numerous friends in New Orleans and vicinity for the correctness of the above statement. Office and residence, No. 76 Charles street, corner of Lafayette square. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. ap16 1y

DYEING.....DYERS.....DYERS

J. RONTEMPS, DYER AND SCOURER

No. 99 Bourbon street,

Has the honor to inform the public that he has re-commenced the business of the Dyeing Establishment, No. 73 Bourbon street, and that he will continue, as heretofore, with the several duties for which he is established.

The cleaning of Ladies' and Gents' wearing apparel, in the most skilful manner, and the immediate execution of the establishment on short notice, is a guarantee for those gentlemen favor him with their orders.

WINES, LIQUORS, ETC.

AGENCY OF

KARETT & CO.,	CHAMPAGNE,	Reims.
POULTENEY & CO.,	BRANDY,	Cognac.
E. G. H. LUREAS,	BRANDY,	Nantes.
F. KLEPPER & CO.,	WINES,	Bordeaux.
MORT & CHANDON,	CHAMPAGNE,	Epernay.
GARNETT & SONS,	PORTER and ALE,	London.

☞ The undersigned, acting only as general agent for the above established houses, solicits orders on Hotel Keeps, for circulars, prices list of all which will be sent on application. Orders will be executed on the most favorable terms, and shipped as directed.

S. WOLFF,
ap17 1y corner Gravier and New Levee streets.

GALPIN'S NEW RESTAURANT, 32 Royal street.

JOHN GALPIN has the pleasure of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has now ready to receive and entertain them in his new establishment, Royal street, next door to the corner of Conti, whose large and commodious premises, formerly occupied by Messrs. Bonfanti & Co., and on the ground floor, where meals are provided at all hours, from 6 o'clock A. M. until 12 P. M., the undersigned has a large room on the first floor, for the accommodation of ladies and parties. Parties giving an application as above, can be supplied with the best of everything, the market affords, at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms. The undersigned has also in connection with the above, a large and well assorted stock of Wines, Liquors and Cigars, which he will sell at the lowest rates.

JOHN GALPIN.

MUSSELMAN'S HOTEL, Nos. 85 AND 89 St. Charles street—Fine commodious establishment in one of the most PLEASANT situations in the city. LOCATED in this city. The proprietor tenders his thanks for the patronage heretofore bestowed, and solicits a continuation thereof, confidently assuring his patrons that nothing shall be wanting during the coming season to their comfort. The BAR and TENPIN ALLEY connected with the establishment are unsurpassed.

RICHARD MURPHY, Proprietor.

JEFFERSON LAKE HOTEL—END OF Carrollton R.R.—Having leased this delightfully situated Hotel for a term of years, we take this means of making it known to the public that it has been thoroughly renovated, painted, and refurnished, and will be opened by or on the 4th of April. Stockholders and parties for pic nic parties, we promise to every manner possible to meet their wishes, should it please them to favor us with it.

ap2 2m DANL. PETERS & CO.

NEW AIR-GANS ORNAMENTAL Stone Works, 124 and 126 Magazine street, are the public and builders generally, that they are manufacturing all kinds of Architectural and Building Iron Work, at their Foundry, corner of Magnolia and Bridge streets, Algiers, in Bayou Row, Carondelet street—such as Verandahs, Railing, Stairs, Iron and Slate Tracts, Straight and Circular Stairs, Iron Bridges, Roofs, etc., etc.

They keep constantly on hand their own Wrought Iron Columns, Caps and Bases, from 8 to 24 inches, and all sizes of every description of Castings, Columns, Brass and Iron Front, with Balconies.

BENNETT & LUGER, Davidson's Row, Carondelet street.

SALTER & BROTHER,
No. 128 THOMPITOULAS STREET,
—Manufacturers of—
COPPER, TIN AND SHEET IRON WORK

In all its varieties. Also on hand a large assortment of Copper and Tin Furnace Stoves, and have prepared to do all work in the above lines in a city or Country.

Particular attention paid to all descriptions of building work for Sugar Houses, Distilleries, Cane Mills, Water Boilers, Roofing, Gutter Pipes, Brass and Iron Bell Hangings.

Have the exclusive agency for the State of Louisiana to those new and valuable recently patented articles of Patent Lever, Iron Pan and Shingle, which the roof of buildings is roofed from all other to the worst kind, confidence to the elements. Being safe and easy to apply, it commends the notoriety of any hand taking it in action: a feature not enclosed may before. ap14 1y

LEEDS' FOUNDRY, NEW ORLEANS

LEEDS & CO., IRON FOUNDERS

and Manufacturers of Vertical and Horizontal Steam Engines, Boilers, Sugar Mills, Vacuum Pans, Brass Castings, Gutters, Hearts, Steam and Water Pipes, Shafting, Machines, Saw Mills, Mill Gearing, Iron Railings and Posts for Buildings, Furnace grates, Grate Bars, etc., etc. Much new work on hand. No 31.

We have been duly authorized and are prepared to construct STILLMAN'S PATENT BAGASSE FURNACE

ja12 6m

SUNDRIES IN STORE.

PORTO—300 ⅛ casks Crown brand.
SHERRY—20 ¼ casks Crown brand.
" 5 ¼ casks Cabaliet.
" 2 ⅛ casks Lacrima.
RED WINES—24 casks Margaux.
" 20 casks Chateaux.
" 50 casks Carcavelos & Co.
" 100 casks Lacrau-Inferno.
" 100 casks Leon Knutson.
" 100 casks Chateau Yquem.
WHITE WINES—2 casks Chateau Yquem.
" 2 casks Sauterne.
PRUNES—50 cases, in jars.
PEAS—20 cases, in ½ boxes.
TRUF