[illegible]

[illegible]

... lands ... of the State of Lou... ... Antoine ... Lake Pontchartrain ... several miles ... both banks of the Bayou Gentilly or Sauvage, ... Fort Wood or Pike, ... The owner of this domain ... a very eccentric man, and, withal, in his younger days, a great "amateur chasseur," had such a predilection for this particular property of his on account of the great stock of game which is to be found there in the proper season, that, as we have already related in our last number, at the opening of each hunting season, he would regularly issue, in some newspaper, his warning off from his premises all intruding huntsmen or other game seekers, pretending that to him solely belonged the immense flocks of wild geese and ducks that would settle in the winter season in the extensive prairies and cane brakes which cover his lands as above described.

How an owner ... enclosing such a vast tract of open plain, woods, marshes, etc., it was easy to be understood that these paper warnings were mere "brutum fulmen" ... and our New Orleans hunters, and others from the neighborhood, continued undisturbed their "[illegible]" upon these forbidden grounds.

That in course of time those now unproductive lands, except with regard to this branch of game shooting, will be made profitable by culture, or as pasture ground, is self evident, because the area of vacant lands in the immediate range round the city will become scarcer with every encroachment for the extension of building and garden purposes. In their present state, it is true, these lands are unfit for any actual agricultural purposes, but by a proper system of draining, ditching and levying against the swells of the lake tides, they can be rendered extremely productive.

Rice culture would be the most profitable branch, next to that of rich pasture range for raising of neat cattle and other live stock. That these lake shore lands can be rendered remarkably fertile may be inferred from one circumstance, namely, the spontaneous growth of wild rice, at the estuary of the several branches of the Pearl river and other localities in that vicinity, which is one of the causes of attraction for the innumerable flocks of wild fowl to be met there annually in the winter season, and from which our New Orleans market is in a great measure supplied with the immense quantity of ducks and other water fowl in the proper season.

Upon the same Bayou Gentilly our city corporation possesses likewise very extensive tracts, still in a state of wilderness, being part of the immense landed estate left by the late John McDonogh, for sundry benevolent purposes and institutions. These lands, also, in process of time, cannot fail to become very valuable, although the want of easy communication with our city is the greatest drawback to the speedy settling of this vicinity.

Years ago, attempts were made by sundry German immigrant families to settle upon these lands, which were then supposed to be vacant ones, or belonging to the United States. However, all these attempts failed of success, on account of the impracticable thoroughfare in the rainy season of the year. We have known that as much as five dollars per cord wood were paid for the mere transport of the same towards the railroad line. Under these circumstances, the families had to break up their settlement, and since that, no other person has undertaken the like hazardous experiment.

This does not prevent, however, this region from being rendered productive in one respect; for there are a number of swamp settlers, that cut the timber in the forests and, by means of small dug-outs, convey the pickets, clap boards and other forest products, to the margin of the woods, from which, by means of small canals, they are afterwards transported to the plains and openings in the rear of the suburbs of the city. In this way a great branch of industry has sprung up for those poor white people, mostly inhabiting the outskirts of the town; and during the interruption of the lake trade, from which our city is mostly supplied with the charcoal so extensively consumed in our boarding houses, restaurants and other culinary establishments, we have observed that charcoal ovens and piles (kiln) were made in several localities in that direction, and hence citizens were supplied with this almost indispensable combustible.

These several industries may be found still carried on, upon a smaller scale, however, in the rear of the former Luxenburg's hospital, on the Pontchartrain Railroad track, in the Third District, or ancient faubourg Marigny.

It is in this locality that may also be noticed the beginning of several small rivulets or runs, called coulée in the creole language of the country, meaning thereby rain drainings, which, by uniting in the adjoining cypress swamp—now, however, nearly deprived of all the ancient cypress trees—form the first branch or bayou of a more considerable one, which bears the name of Bayou Bienvenu, or the River St. Francis. This same bayou, or water course, empties in the Lake Borgne, running all the time in the rear of the important plantations, formerly producing immense sugar crops, as well as molasses.

Whilst this bayou would be of immense value, in a point of view, with respect to an inland navigation for the Third District, it must be observed that the obstructions placed in the water course in 1814, by order of Gen. Jackson, have caused the same to become almost unnavigable, except for very small water craft. Hence, the Third District is deprived of the same privilege, which her two sisters—the First and Second Districts—enjoy, by having each a navigable canal communicating with the open lake. It would be but just and fair to accord to the Third District—so long neglected and treated as a step child by our city corporation—a similar favor, to-wit: The opening of the long promised Florida Canal, which actually *figures* upon all the charts and maps of our city environs, but which, in reality, never yet has had the first beginning by a spade being stuck in the ground.

This canal, called the Florida one, was to take its start at or about the elbow or angle of the old Marigny Canal, a few squares further towards the lake, from the Luxenburg's hospital, and thence running towards the Bayou Bienvenu, where it would have emptied into Lake Borgne by this water course.

We need not point out the advantage which would have accrued to the whole neighborhood by such an opening, and we are fully persuaded that had some enterprising company taken this work in hand, the result could not be otherwise than remunerative and profitable to the parties.

As it is, we must wait for more prosperous times, when, no doubt, the attention of speculators and others will be directed towards this section of our city, which, according to our opinion, offers a vast field for new enterprises and profitable investment.

Upon inquiry among the planters and other residents below the barracks of the United States, where the Canal des Pêcheurs forms the boundary between the parish of Orleans and that of St. Bernard, we have been informed that the forest, formerly called swamp, upon the borders of the Bayou Bienvenu, or River St. Francis, furnishes an almost inexhaustible quantity of timber and firewood; that the tree-growing tract being completely renewable in less than twenty years, (in Europe it requires thirty for the "coupe,") planters by managing well the timbered part of their tracts, have an annual resource for the supply of fuel and timber, so as to create a regular revenue.

When, however, this regular management is not observed, a tract of land may soon be stripped of its richest revenue by cutting down indiscriminately every tree, and thus destroying the value of these forest lands.

However, our remarks respecting the draining and ditching, in order to render these lands cultivable and productive, are equally applicable to the banks of the river under review, and hence, in process of time, and particularly under the supposition of the completion of the Florida Canal, this region would share the same fate with that of the Bayou Sauvage, its neighbor, and offers, therefore, a similar chance for successful or profitable investment.

Letter From General Sherman.

The Alexandria Democrat publishes the following extract from a private letter addressed by Gen. Sherman to a friend in Rapides parish:

I have seen several numbers of the Louisiana Democrat, in one of which is made a common mistake which I have observed before, attributing to Bragg and Beauregard my appointment as Superintendent of the State Seminary in 1859. I was at Leavenworth City, a member of a law firm, when Gen. Buell, then a Major in the Adjutant General's office, on duty near the Secretary of War, Governor Floyd, sent me the invitations for applicants for the different professorships, which he had received from Gen. G. Mason Graham. I applied and was appointed just as you were at the same time.

Beauregard had no agency in the matter at all, and Bragg, who was my friend, had no knowledge that I was an applicant, for he told me that, ignorant of the fact, he had recommended Jenkins for the same office. I am under no personal obligations to either Bragg or Beauregard in the matter, though both were most friendly to me all the time I was in Louisiana, but not in a way to lay me under obligations to anybody that could qualify my allegiance. I was hired by a contract, earned my pay, and received it.

Again, the idea is given out that I left Louisiana pledged not to take service against the South. That you know is absurd. At that day no one at the South expected war; but I always told you and others that war was the inevitable result of secession. In my last interview with Bragg at the hotel in New Orleans, I may have said that I did not go North to seek military service, which was true; for I came here (to St. Louis,) and corresponded with you from here. Even our Northern papers mistake my position. I refused to enter the volunteer force, first called out by Lincoln—the 75,000 call—because I considered that the rebellion was bound to involve the whole South, and could be handled only by vast armies, and those of regulars. I urged an army so large as to make your rebellion ridiculous.

But events have drifted otherwise, and thank God, it is over. I think such a thing will never be dreamed of again. I wish you all well; I wish the South well, and if I have been a scourge, think how much better that it was I than Ben Butler, or some other of that school.

Present me kindly to your associates and write me fully and frankly as of old.

Your friend, W. T. SHERMAN.

Louisiana Intelligence.

ST. MARTIN.—The planters of the parish of St. Martin were to hold a meeting on the 7th, to "concert measures for the organization of labor."

OUTRAGE.—Somebody has committed a "dastardly outrage" on the editor of the Winnsborough Herald, by throwing a beef bone through the window and hitting him on the head.

SHREVEPORT.—The Southwestern, of the 3d, reports light receipts of cotton. Price, 27 cents in specie.

They are talking about establishing an insurance company and a national bank at Shreveport.

ALEXANDRIA.—H. S. Losee has been elected mayor of Alexandria. The river, which rose eight feet, has commenced falling. Weather clear and cool. So says the Democrat of the 10th.

BATON ROUGE.—The large family dwelling house of the late Gen. Joseph Bernard, two miles east of Baton Rouge, was totally consumed by fire on Saturday night last, together with nearly all the furniture and clothing.

HEAVY RAIN.—The Bienville Messenger complains of a rain there that was so heavy that it actually kept the ladies from running about town.

SOMEWHAT SOLD.—The Bienville Messenger relates the following incident:

Our friend, Toby Toppleton, crossing a bayou the other day after the recent rains, found the bridge gone, and the angry waters dashing furiously by. A convenient log just below the ford suggested a happy thought. There was no use in taking a ducking when he could walk over on the foot-log dry shod, and lead his horse over by the side of it. So down he got, shouldered his saddle and other traps, and proceeded cautiously over. But to his astonishment, the water reached only to his horse's knees.

EAST FELICIANA.—The Clinton Democrat says: The behavior of our freed population during the holidays, was quite exemplary. No single case of disturbance has come to our knowledge. This was owing in a great measure to the vigilant patrols kept by the militia throughout the parish.

Referring to getting labor for this year's crop, the Democrat says:

Our planters, from what we can learn are making but slow progress in securing labor for the present year. In many instances, negroes have staid with their former owners, impressing them with the belief that they would remain and work as usual, but at the close of the year, without a minutes warning, have left in a body, not even a single house servant remaining. The great idea is change, thinking that there is some good or benefit to be obtained under new employers, which they cannot receive under the old. This renders the procuration of labor difficult and uncertain. Another drawback is the want of an agent of the Freedmen's Bureau to furnish the necessary blanks for contracts, and attend to the other regulations laid down in Gen. Baird's circular.

The Clinton Patriot, a weekly paper, published before the war, is to be revived by Messrs. E. J. Pullen & Co.

The Democrat calls out for the speedy "reconstruction" of the Clinton and Port Hudson railroad.

ST. MARY.—We take the following paragraphs from the Planters' Banner:

The town election last Monday, in this place, resulted in the choice of A. L. Tucker, for mayor. Aldermen, J. A. Peterman, A. Delahoussaye, Benj. Johnson, Wilson McKerall, A. Gates, Sr. Michael B. Gordy was elected constable.

Our parish is quiet since the holidays, and most people seem anxious to do something for themselves. Many of the negroes have made contracts, others still wait for "something to turn up." There is some talk of a few strangers purchasing places in different parts of the parish. Upon the whole, prospects look much better than they did two months ago.

MRS. HOWARD BACK.—There is not an old play goer in New Orleans but will be delighted to learn that an opportunity will be presented on Monday and Tuesday next of seeing that universal favorite Mrs. Charles Howard, now Mrs. Harry Watkins, again on the boards. With Mr. Watkins and Miss Carlotta Shaw, a talented pianist, she will appear in a very unique entertainment at Odd Fellows' Hall, and we look for a crowded house to greet the return of this estimable lady and accomplished actress.

List of passengers per steamship Austin from Indianola via Galveston:

Mr Norton and family, Misses Arnold, Mrs E Hughes, Rev W M Baker and family, Mrs Chandler and daughter, Mrs Chandler, H Bouldin and wife, Miss Bouldin, Dr Shelby, N A Thompson, C G Cornwell, A C Reynolds, N Suez, Henry Stanley, G F Munson, Messrs Sarber, Reichmann, Olmmeyer, Thomson, Twitchell, Warrack, Col Gordon, Arnold, E E Hand, W A Ryan, Eisenstein, Dr Fife, U S N, Ford, D & N H James, E W Owen, Shackleford, Price, J L Harris, and 10 on deck.

ARRIVAL OF THE CREOLE.—The steamship Creole, Captain Anderson, from New York December 30th, via Havana 8th inst., with a full cargo of assorted merchandise, arrived at her wharf at Post 35, Fourth District, at 8 o'clock yesterday morning.

The Creole crossed the bar at Southwest Pass at noon on the 10th inst., and arrived off the Battle Ground Flats (below the city) at 7:15 A. M., yesterday, where she remained at anchor until after daylight, and arrived at her wharf as stated above.

The following named persons came passengers on the Creole:

A G Grant, A Fleury, M'me Kunts and two children, L Imhoff, G Converse and lady, Geo Freeland, J S De Pang, H Miller and lady, Benj Miller, J Turnbull, James Manster, P F Darland, J Shields, Geo W Long, Arthur Sarron, M J Paul, R Simmons and lady, Miss Mary Palmer, Alice Gunther, Pauline Mead, A Almiga, Frank Read, Geo Miller, J M Gonzales, K Kohl, Ed Barret, K Fulterigan, J K Barker, B Monahan, John Hollas, C W Barnes, W K Dreos, H S Randell and lady, Jos McNab, G D Garchaine and servant, G R Brown, Henry Jasper, G Smith, Philip Von Colen, A Daer, J S Clarke, agent steamship line, P B Medale and lady, and 18 in steerage.

TO WHOLESALE GROCERS.—Tobacconists and commission merchants in this city wishing to purchase from first hands, and at low prices, manufactured and smoking tobacco, would do well to call on Messrs. Sutherlin, Warren & Co., Nos. 105 and 107 Gravier street. They have the largest and most complete stock. See their advertisement.

TRUE.—The New York Tribune, (says a cotemporary,) is episodically truthful, occasionally, for instance:

We have had a terrible civil war, but we have fought it out, and there is the end of it. To persist in hating and insulting each other because of this bygone quarrel, is not the way of brave men, but of cowards.

"Nobody ever lost anything by love," said a sage looking person. "That is not true," said a young lady who heard the remark, "for I once lost three nights' sleep."

NEW OUACHITA RIVER BOAT.—By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen, that a new boat, the Nicholas Longworth, has been put in the Ouachita trade, and in her engagements for transportation will include Bayou D'Arbonne and Bayou Bartholomew. The Longworth is a new and finely equipped boat, and travelers on the Ouachita will be delighted to learn that she is commanded by their old time favorite, Captain John W. Tobin, who, throughout North Louisiana, has been celebrated for his luxurious fare, his attention to passengers, and his strict carefulness. Mr. G. Press Work, the clerk, may not be so generally known in that region, but as soon as known will become a favorite also.

GRAND DRESS BALL OF LOUISIANA LODGE.—We acknowledge the compliment of tickets of invitation to the grand dress and Masonic regalia ball to be given by Louisiana Relief Lodge No. 1, at Masonic Hall, next Thursday evening. This is going to be one of the most brilliant balls of the season, and the devotees of the dance may prepare themselves accordingly.

BALL OF INDEPENDENCE LODGE.—We return our thanks to the managers for tickets of invitation to the Ball of Independence Lodge No. 23, I. O. O. F. to be given at Odd Fellows' Hall to-night for the benefit of the widows and orphans in charge of the Lodge. This is to be a Grand Fancy Dress Ball, and the names of the managers insure that it will be in every respect a success.

RED JACKET BITTERS.—Attention is directed to the advertisement of Messrs. Gray & Norris, announcing an adequate supply on hand now of these bitters, to meet the great and growing demand for them. A list of wholesale grocers and druggists from whom country dealers can procure supplies of the article will also be found advertised in our columns.

CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS.—Are you about to get married and want a wedding suit; do you want a business suit to save that suit; do you want suits to suit all sorts of weather; or, are you going to a more suitable climate than this, you can suit yourself in clothes, in trunks and everything of that kind suitable for a gentleman, or a traveler, at Garthwaite, Lewis & Stuart's, 31 and 33 Camp street, and whether you want to buy wholesale or retail, you can be suited in that also.

A Card.

STEAMER IDAHO, Mississippi River, Jan. 11, 1866.

At a meeting of the passengers of the New Orleans and Ouachita packet Idaho, on a recent trip, Capt. John R. Fellows in the chair, the following resolutions, presented by a committee of three, were unanimously adopted, viz.:

Resolved, That our thanks are due, and are hereby cordially extended, to the officers and crew of the steamer Idaho, for the very agreeable and expeditious trip that we have enjoyed from Camden to New Orleans.

Resolved, That on no boat in the Ouachita trade can four days be more pleasantly passed than on the Idaho, and that from the captain down to the "cook's mate's assistant" no changes for the better could be made. The boat is sound to the core, and the officers such as all true Southern men delight to do honor to and travel with, and we cordially recommend her to the patronage of travelers and shippers.

Resolved, That these proceedings be published in the New Orleans Crescent and Camden Eagle.

J. R. FELLOWS, Chairman.

T. C. PECK, Secretary.

Chas. A. Mogith, M. D., S. Levy,
Wm. H. Norris, Col. A. C. Mitchell,
Jas. W. Todd, S. S. Bell,
F. O. Rojas, J. N. Camp,
Frank O. Harrison, Wm. Munn,
H. W. Myer, E. R. Vickers,
L. Levy.

Large Stock

—OF—

FINE CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, TRUNKS, VALISES AND TRAVELING BAGS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AT LOW PRICES.

TOURO BUILDING, 31 AND 33 CAMP STREET, New Orleans, Jan. 13, 1866.

A large stock of fine well made Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Ladies' and Gents' Trunks, Valises, Traveling Bags, etc., wholesale and retail at low prices.

GARTHWAITE, LEWIS & STUART,
31 and 33 Camp street.

To the City Trade.

The undersigned take this method of returning their thanks to their friends for the patience they have displayed during the vexatious delays in the supply of the

Red Jacket Bitters.

For the first time since their introduction into this city, we are enabled to announce a supply sufficient to meet the demand. We can now pledge ourselves to fill promptly all orders for the BITTERS. In another column we give a list of some of the leading houses who have steadily sustained the BITTERS, and from whom our country friends can get their supplies of RED JACKET on the same terms as from us.

GRAY & NORRIS,
Wholesale Agents for Red Jacket Bitters,
62 Canal street, New Orleans, La.

Fassman's Iron Hoops and Ties.

2,000 BUNDLES

Now landing ex ship Ella Thayer and steamship Carolina, and for sale low by

H. FASSMAN,
61 Carondelet street.

Dry Goods

—AT—

REDUCED PRICES,

—BY—

C. A. BARRIERE & BRO.

In order to make room for our Spring importations, we will sell, on and after the 8th instant, the balance of our Fall and Winter stock at very reduced prices.

We invite our friends and the public to give us a call and see for themselves.

C. A. BARRIERE & BRO.,
138 Canal street, Touro Buildings.

Metropolitan Hotel,

LATE BROWN'S,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

This leading Hotel, RENOVATED AND REFURNISHED, is now in perfect order for the reception and accommodation of its patrons.

Woodruff, Butler & Co.,

Nos. 17 and 19 New Levee Street,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES,

Fine Wines, Liquors Etc.,

Are constantly in receipt of the choicest GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, CORDIALS, CONSERVES, etc., which they offer for sale at the lowest market prices.

Agency

—OF—

THE MANHATTAN OIL CO.,

96 CAMP STREET.

WINTER NATURAL SPERM OIL,
" BLEACHED " "
MASON'S EXTRA " "
" No. 1 " "
MANHATTAN MACHINERY "
" Extra TALLOW "
" No. 1 " "
" SIGNAL "
" CAR "
" No. 2 CAR "
WINTER BLEACHED WHALE OIL.

We invite the attention of consumers and dealers to the above list of Lubricating and Burning Oils.

A FULL SUPPLY ON HAND.

POTTHOFF & KNIGHT,
Dealers in Paints, Oils, etc.

A Card.

It is well known to the citizens of New Orleans that during my absence my Church, St. Luke's, was totally destroyed by fire. It is of the utmost importance that this great loss should be repaired as soon as possible. To rebuild this Church will require much effort and liberality on the part of its friends. It is earnestly hoped that our generous community will liberally and promptly respond to the appeals of this noble object.

Subscriptions for this purpose will be taken by the undersigned, or may be left at the Savings Bank, on Canal street.

C. S. HEDGES, Rector St. Luke's Church, N. O.

Lewis E. Allen,

—WHOLESALE—

DEALER IN BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS,

No. 100 COMMON STREET,

Opposite City Hall.

J. S. Maunsell & Co.,

(John S. Maunsell, William Boyd.)

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS

—AND—

General Commission Merchants,

21..........CHARTRES STREET..........21

Importers and dealers in

DRUGS, CHEMICALS,

WINES AND LIQUORS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

Offer for sale a full assortment of

Drugs, Chemicals, Perfumery and Fancy Articles, French, American and German Patent Medicines, Stationery, Perfumery, Ships' Medicine Chests, etc., etc.

COGNAC, old Hennessy and Otard Dupuy.
BOURBON and RYE WHISKIES.
PORT, SHERRY and MADEIRA WINES.
JAMAICA RUM.
SCOTCH and IRISH WHISKIES.
CHAMPAGNE and RHINE WINES.
ALLAH, or RUSSIAN KIMIL.
HOSTETTER, PLANTATION and other Bitters.

We are also agents for TILDEN'S EXTRACTS, Dr. D. JAYNE'S FAMILY MEDICINES, and other popular remedies.

Sole Agents for Davis' Wild Cherry and Tar, and Eureka Hair Restorer.

Our Wholesale and Retail friends may always rely upon having their orders promptly attended to, and at the very lowest rates.

J. S. MAUNSELL & CO.,
21 Chartres street,
Between Customhouse and Canal street.

Southerners, Read! Read!

BARNETT & LION'S

SOUTHERN

GREY JACKET STOMACH BITTERS,

A Purely Southern Manufacture,

From the recipe of a well known and justly celebrated

GREY JACKET CHIEF.

The peculiar properties of these Bitters are that, whilst possessing all the good qualities of Bitters in general, they INVIGORATE WITHOUT INTOXICATING; are one of the best Tonics ever known, and having been the means of relieving and in many instances saving the lives of thousands on the battle field, can be relied on in all dyspeptic and flatulent disorders.

Every ingredient contained in the article, and everything used in the putting up of these Bitters ARE PRODUCED ON SOUTHERN SOIL, and contain no injurious property.

For sale to dealers and merchants only, at

BARNETT & LION'S
31 and 33 Gravier streets,
New Orleans.
Manufacturers and Sole Proprietors.

And at retail everywhere.

CARD.

The Proprietors, in presenting to the public the above incomparable Bitters, assure them that but for a sense of gratitude to the generous donor of the recipe, and in response to the importunities of the hosts of Southern friends who have experienced their efficacy, they would have hesitated before placing an article of such sterling merit on a market flooded with deleterious compounds, libelling the name of Stomach Bitters. Our Senior, however, having, at the solicitation of those friends, expended on the manufacture of the GREY JACKET BITTERS the experience acquired in half a lifetime devoted to the preparation of Tonic Digestive Stimulants, and discovered their immense superiority over all other Stomach Bitters, we have unhesitatingly added them to the list of articles already prepared at our establishment, and so well known and largely patronized by the community at large.

BARNETT & LION take this seasonable opportunity of thanking their numerous friends for the immense increase in their business during the year, and inform them that, although the manufacture of the GREY JACKET BITTERS must necessarily cause an additional tax on their energies, yet from large additions in the improvements made and making in the manufacturing department of the establishment, their orders will be filled as promptly and they hope as satisfactorily as usual.

BARNETT & LION,
31 and 33 Gravier street.

Pianos! Pianos! Pianos!

PLEYEL'S, DUNHAM'S, STEINWAY & SONS' AND CHICKERING'S,

At the Piano Forte Warerooms of

L. GRUNEWALD,

129 Canal Street, New Orleans.

The largest stock of Sheet Music and Musical Instruments in the South, wholesale and retail.

To the Country Trade.

LIST of Wholesale Grocers and Druggists, from whom the Country Trade can get their supplies of RED JACKET BITTERS on the same terms as from the Agents,

GRAY & NORRIS,

Wholesale Grocers and Liquor Dealers.

Messrs. Smith & McKenna, Messrs. Schmidt & Zeigler,
S. Debow & Co., Griffin & Pouch,
J. I. Adams & Co., Puljo, Marks & Co.,
Ladig & Dammaron, Stromberg & Co.,
L. Bassot, C. N. Morrison,
A. D. Grieff, Theo. Foelo,
J. H. Carter, E. J. Hart & Co.,
Bidwell, Payne & Co., G. G. Garner,
J. M. Stone & Co., Barnett & Shepherd,
Barnes, Ward & Co., T. W. Marsden, etc.

Immigration Agency,

54..........Union street..........54

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA.

MR. F. REIMONENQ announces to the planters of Louisiana and neighboring States that he has been appointed agent of the Commercial Houses of France and the Great Indies, and that he is authorized to sign contracts for the Immigration of Laborers from India or China.

Laborers Wanted.

1000 WHITE LABORERS WANTED.

Wages at the Rate of $30 per Month and Board.

[illegible] information apply to

THOS. O. HEA & CO.,
Morganza, Point Coupee parish, La.
or, JOHN KILLIEN,
[illegible] & China Levee, 9 miles above Baton Rouge.
or, SMITH & HUGHES,
Ross' Levee, 4 miles below Lake Providence, La.
At New Orleans to JAMES BREEN,
Corner of Notre Dame and New Levee streets.

REFERENCE—His Excellency Gov. J. M. Wells, of Louisiana.

Chicago Times and St. Louis Republican copy six times semi-weekly, and send bill to this office.

Everybody Inquires

—FOR THE—

GOLDEN SHEAF WHISKY,

EXTRACT OF RYE, and DUNSTON'S LONDON LIQUORS, and to

C. A. Richards, No. 94 Camp street

And all grocers and Druggists.

Fancy Goods.

FURNISHING GOODS,

HOSIERY, CUTLERY,

STATIONERY & PERFUMERY.

CHARLES E. SPENCER,

82..........CANAL STREET..........82

NEW ORLEANS.

Importer and Wholesale Dealer

—IN—

FANCY GOODS, FURNISHING GOODS,

HOSIERY,

Cutlery, Perfumery, Stationery, Etc.

Country merchants are respectfully invited to examine our very superior Stock before purchasing elsewhere, composed in part of the following articles:

SHIRTS, COMBS,
DRAWERS, BRUSHES,
HOSIERY, TOILET SOAPS,
GLOVES, COLOGNES,
SUSPENDERS, EXTRACTS,
HANDKERCHIEFS, POMADES,
EMBRO'D'D CUFFS, HAIR OILS,
and COLLARS.

BELTS, HOOP-SKIRTS,
BELT BUCKLES, ZEPHYR WORSTED,
RIBBONS, BRAIDS,
TRIMMINGS, SPOOL COTTON,
BUTTONS, NEEDLES and PINS,
HAIR NETS, HOOKS and EYES,
SONTAGS and NUBIAS.

SHOE THREAD, PIPES,
WRAPPING TWINE, PORTEMONNAIES,
PAPER, WALLETS,
ENVELOPES, SCISSORS,
PENS and PENCILS, RAZORS,
INKS, FISH HOOKS and
BLACKING, LINES, etc., etc.

Has Also Constantly on Hand a Very Large

—AND—

WELL SELECTED STOCK OF

TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY.

CHARLES E. SPENCER,
82 Canal street,
New Orleans.