New Orleans Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL
—OF—
THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

J. O. NIXON, Editor and Proprietor.

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THE WEEKLY CRESCENT is published every Saturday, subscription $5 per annum, invariably in advance.

THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 22, 1866.

THANKS.—We are obliged to the officers of the Southern Express Company for late Eastern and Northern papers.

The officers of the steamship I. C. Harris, from Indianola and Galveston, have kindly furnished us with Galveston papers of the 17th and 18th and the Telegraph of the 16th and 17th.

The purser of the steamer Manhattan has placed us under obligations for the Mobile Times of the 20th.

We tender our thanks to Mr. Louis Hall, purser of the steamship James S. Green for a late number of the Pensacola Observer.

We have received from Mr. E. E. Overall, of the New Orleans Commercial Exchange and Reading Rooms, a copy of the New York Mercantile Journal of the 15th, which he is the agent for in this city.

The ladies' fair for the Orphans Home is still continued at Odd Fellows' Hall, and is deservedly *the point* of attraction of the week. We need only say that the whole affair is gotten up and conducted in the usual felicitous style by the same fair hands who have hitherto labored in this most worthy cause. We say to all our readers, go—see—hear and be pleased.

The fair for the benefit of the Orphans' Home, corner Constance and Seventh streets, Fourth District, will remain open to-night and to-morrow night at Odd Fellows' Hall.

AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.—At the Varieties—"Jesse Brown" and the "Lady's Maid."

At the St. Charles—"My Neighbor's Wife" and "The French Spy."

At the Olympic—"The Pioneer Patriot."

At the Academy of Music—"Mazulme."

☞ See second page for future auction sales.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL SUMMARY.—*Gold* sold yesterday as low as 125½ and afterwards reacted without any apparent cause. The business for the day was very light, and the market closed unsettled at 126@126¼ against 125¾@126¼, which were the ruling figures on Tuesday evening.

Sterling Exchange—The downward tendency of foreign bills was exhibited yesterday in a still further decline of fully 1 per cent. in rates of both sterling and francs. The business for the day was heavy, and the market closed drooping at 135@135¼ for bank sterling; 134@135 for clear bills; 122@123 for document bills; 4.15@4.17½c. for bank francs and 4.21½@4.20½c. for outdoor francs.

Domestic Exchange—The only noticeable variation under this head since our last was a slight decline in rates of time bills, with an evident weakness in both sight and short sight drafts. Offerings were heavier than for some days past, but the demand was restricted throughout, and transactions showed, if anything, a still further reduction, at ⅜ ⅜ cent. discount at bank, and ½@⅝ ⅜ cent. discount out of doors for sight checks on the northern cities; ⅝@⅞ ⅜ cent. discount for 5 to 10 days; 1@1¼ ⅜ cent. discount for 15 to 20 days; 1¼@1½ ⅜ cent. discount for 60 days, and 2@2½ ⅜ cent. discount for 60 day drafts.

Bank Notes and Securities—There is no longer any movement worthy of notice in uncurrent bank notes, and operations in stocks and bonds continue quite restricted. Sales of the latter, since our last, have been restricted to some lots of Crescent City Bank and Bank of New Orleans stock, and to operations in Opelousas Railroad Company's stock, at the prices furnished in our financial article.

Cotton.—The market continues exceedingly unsettled, and no quotations can yet be furnished for any grade of the staple. Rates, however, appeared to be still weaker yesterday, owing to further depression in exchange, and some 3880 bales changed hands, at very irregular figures.

Sugar and Molasses—The movement yesterday was almost wholly suspended. Sales only reached 20 hhds. of the former and 40 bbls. of the latter, at previous figures.

Western Produce—There was a fair demand for most articles embraced under this head, with sales yesterday of 1400 bbls. of flour, 9000 sacks corn, 1000 sacks oats, 400 sacks bran, and 800 bales hay, at full prices, as will be seen in our commercial article.

BENEFIT OF MADAM CELESTE.—This famous performer takes her benefit at the St. Charles to-morrow night. The admirers of her peculiar style will find the entertainment well adapted to a display of her talents.

BENEFIT OF MRS. DEBAR.—While we have been paying compliments to the younger members of the Varieties company, a lady, whose excellence in every part she performs is generally accorded, has been held in abeyance for a benefit, which, we are sure, will verify the old saying—"though last, not least." Mrs. DeBar has her benefit to-morrow night. Independent of her merits as an artist, she has, as an old performer on our boards, with her assiduous endeavors to please, acquired claims that must be freely and fully acknowledged by the house at the Varieties to-morrow night.

PARADISE LOST.—Last evening, at Masonic Hall, we witnessed the greater portion of this celebrated panorama. There are in it many scenes of natural landscape worth the price of admission. The "Fourth Day of Creation" and the "Garden of Eden" are absolutely beautiful. The painter is excellent in the material; but when he attempts to follow the mighty genius of Milton into the realms of ideality he becomes "of the earth earthy." In Satan, and Adam and Eve, we saw nothing superexcellent. If the orchiend was really such a looking individual with a pair of wings that appeared to bother him a good deal, there was no great need of obscuring his glory; and as to the first pair, a better looking man can be found any day upon the street, and the Academy of Music nightly furnishes specimens more comely and attractive than the Eve of the "Paradise Lost." But, we repeat, the exhibition is well worthy a visit.

BIENVILLE TO MONTGOMERY AND WETUMPKA.—The staunch, swift steamer Alabama Belle, will leave the New Basin on Saturday, 24th inst., at 4 P. M., direct for Montgomery, Wetumpka and all intermediate landings on the Alabama river.

The reputation of Captain Newman and his gentlemanly clerk, E. C. Brent, coupled with the well known speed and reliability of the boat, is sufficient inducement for everybody traveling that way to secure passage on the Alabama Belle.

LOUISIANA MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.—We publish, to-day, the yearly statement of the staunch and excellent corporation whose name heads this article. It shows the very flattering dividend of *thirty-five* per cent. on net earned premiums for the year ending February 28, 1866, for which certificates will be issued on and after the 2d of July ensuing.

The Louisiana Mutual is a substantial, prudent and money-making company, as is emphatically proved by their duly attested statement in another column; their officers and trustees are numbered among the most influential and prominent citizens of New Orleans, and whoever insures with them may rest satisfied that all risks will be honorably and speedily adjusted.

Wilcox & Gibbs' Family Sewing Machines are *heartily recommended* by all who use them. Wilcox & Gibbs' Family Sewing Machines are absolutely complete. Office No. 5 St. Charles street.

OUR LEGISLATURE.

During the session, which is just about to terminate, the legislature has passed one hundred and twenty-seven bills, of more or less importance. This fact alone is sufficient to refute the assertion that our General Assembly has been lax in industry and zeal. Some of the acts passed required the utmost care and study, for they were intended to provide for contingencies of which the history of mankind furnishes no example. Every word had to be weighed with the utmost care; every clause debated, lest our watchful enemies should discover something which could be turned into a weapon against our sincerity. Happily, our legislators have been equal to the emergency. Whilst they have acted with commendable independence and self-reliance, they have at the same time shown due consideration for the change in the affairs of the nation which four years of contest have brought about. They have sustained the dignity of the State, and have enacted laws which guarantee all the rights and privileges of the citizen; and, at the same time, the freedmen are protected in their new and anomalous condition.

The legislature has done its duty conscientiously and fearlessly. Its members will return home with the proud consciousness that every patriotic and sensible man in Louisiana approves of their labors, and they can refer to the subjoined list of their acts as a proof of their diligence, their forethought and ability:

No. 1—An act to provide for the payment of members, officers and contingent expenses of the General Assembly of the State of Louisiana; approved Feb. 3, 1866.

No. 2—An act to amend section first of an act to define the duties and fix the compensation of State Printer, approved Jan. 7, 1865; approved Feb. 9, 1866.

No. 3—An act to authorize the State Treasurer to return a certain amount of money from the general fund to the levee and drainage fund, and authorize the payment of the same for levee purposes; approved Feb. 9, 1866.

No. 4—Joint resolutions expressing the feelings of the General Assembly on the death of ex-Governor Andre Bienvenu Roman; approved Feb. 9, 1866.

No. 5—An act to authorize the issue of certificates of indebtedness, and of bonds for the funding of the same; approved Feb. 9, 1866.

No. 6—An act to authorize the police jury of the parish of St. Mary to reduce the number of police jury wards in said parish to five, and to fix the limits of the same; approved Feb. 9, 1866.

No. 7—An act for the relief of the sureties of A. J. Law, late sheriff of East Feliciana; approved Feb. 9, 1866.

No. 8—Joint resolution for the relief of the residents of the Vacherie Settlement, Parish of St. James; approved February 9, 1866.

No. 9—An act to repeal an act amending article 2253 of the Civil Code; approved February 9, 1866.

No. 10—An act authorizing William M. Goodrich to withdraw from the records of L. T. Caire, Notary Public, an original act of sale, and substitute therefor a duly certified copy; approved February 9, 1866.

No. 11—An act to amend an act, entitled an act relative to Justices of the Peace for the Parish of Jefferson; approved February 9, 1866.

No. 12—An act to authorize the lease of the New Canal; approved February 10, 1866.

No. 13—An act to authorize John Bellow, Elizabeth Bellow, Michael Bellow, Amelia Bellow and Joseph Bellow, to resume their original name; approved Feb. 12, 1866.

No. 14—An act to organize the police of the city of New Orleans, and to create a police board therein; approved Feb. 12, 1866.

No. 15—An act to authorize the issue of State bonds for the purpose of paying certain debts; approved Feb. 12, 1866.

No. 16—Joint resolutions relating to the election of State Printer; approved Feb. 14, 1866.

No. 17—An act ordering an election for municipal officers for the city of New Orleans, passed over the Governor's veto on Feb. 13, 1866.

No. 18—An act to provide for the election of parish and district officers throughout the State; passed over the Governor's veto, on Feb. 15, 1866.

No. 19—An act to amend the second section of an act entitled an act relative to elections in the parish of Orleans; approved Feb. 13, 1866.

No. 20—An act to confirm and ratify the appointment of levee commissioners previously made by the Governor of the State, and to continue their functions; approved Feb. 20, 1866.

No. 21—An act to license the vending of lottery tickets; approved Feb. 21, 1866.

No. 22—An act to amend and re-enact section fifth of an act entitled an act relative to sureties, approved March 15, 1855; approved Feb. 17, 1866.

No. 23—Joint resolutions making an appropriation for the expenses of our Senators and Representatives in Congress; approved Feb. 19, 1866.

No. 24—An act for the relief of tax payers of the State; approved Feb. 19, 1866.

No. 25—An act to provide for the prompt collections of the tax on gross sales or receipts; approved Feb. 19, 1866.

No. 26—An act to abrogate the office of State Surveyor General, and register and receiver of the branch land office at Winnsborough; approved Feb. 19, 1866.

No. 27—An act to legitimate Andrew Jackson Dunn, son of John Dunn and Mary Ann Hickey; approved Feb. 21, 1866.

No. 28—An act relative to the sale of public lands; approved Feb. 21, 1866.

No. 29—An act relative to publication of judicial advertisements in the French language; approved Feb. 21, 1866.

No. 30—An act for the relief of Thos. P. Harrison and the heirs of A. T. Hawkins Duvall; approved Feb. 21, 1866.

No. 31—An act relative to the registry of voters in the city of New Orleans; approved Feb. 21, 1866.

No. 32—An act authorizing the election of an additional justice of the peace and constable for the seventh ward in the parish of St. Helena; approved Feb. 21, 1866.

No. 33—An act authorizing the banks to discount paper at eight per cent. per annum; approved Feb. 21, 1866.

No. 34—An act to amend an act entitled an act to amend an act entitled an act to consolidate the city of New Orleans, and provide for the government of the city of New Orleans, and the administration of the affairs thereof; approved Feb. 26, 1866.

No. 35—An act to amend and renew the charter of the Catholic Church of Opelousas, St. Landry; approved Feb. 26, 1866.

No. 36—An act to authorize the city authorities of New Orleans to build a drawbridge over the New Canal Basin; approved Feb. 26, 1866.

No. 37—An act to authorize the Register of Conveyances of the city of New Orleans to sign certain acts; approved Feb. 26, 1866.

No. 38—An act providing for the final liquidation of the Consolidated Association of the Planters of Louisiana; approved Feb. 26, 1866.

No. 39—An act relative to suits for the ejectment of tenants; approved Feb. 26, 1866.

No. 40—An act to authorize the sale of stamps to vendors of lottery tickets; approved Feb. 28, 1866.

No. 41—An act for the relief of R. G. Cobb; approved Feb. 28, 1866.

No. 42—An act to incorporate the town of Arcadia, in the parish of Bienville; approved Feb. 28, 1866.

No. 43—Joint resolution granting leave of absence to the State Treasurer; approved Feb. 28, 1866.

No. 44—An act for the relief of Robert J. Caldwell; approved Feb. 28, 1866.

No. 45—An act to provide for supplying the loss of the public records and other papers consumed by the burning of the court house in the parish of Rapides, during the month of May, 1864, and to ratify the appointment by Governor Wells, of a commissioner for that purpose; approved Feb. 28, 1866.

No. 46—An act in relation to ferries across Red River at the city of Shreveport; approved Feb. 28, 1866.

No. 47—Joint resolution relative to grant of lands by Congress to the State of Louisiana by act approved June 3, 1856; approved Feb. 28, 1866.

No. 48—Joint resolutions expressive of the sense of the legislature, relative to the official course of President Andrew Johnson; approved March 2, 1866.

No. 49—An act fixing the terms of the districts courts; approved March 2, 1866.

No. 50—An act to regulate the sale of property seized under an order of seizure and sale or writ of *fieri facias*; approved March 2, 1866.

No. 51—An act relative to persons arrested within the limits of the city of New Orleans and parish of Orleans; approved March 2, 1866.

No. 52—An act providing for an election of municipal officers in the town of Farmerville, in the parish of Union; approved March 2, 1866.

No. 53—An act for the relief of John N. Carrigan, of the parish of Orleans; approved March 2, 1866.

No. 54—An act for the relief of J. H. Rills, assistant clerk of the House of Representatives for the year 1865; approved March 2, 1866.

No. 55—An act to provide for the payment of the contingent expenses of the General Assembly; approved March 2, 1866.

No. 56—An act to change the name of Brownson Ker, a minor, son of David Ker, of the parish of St. Mary, to John Brownson Ker; approved March 2, 1866.

No. 57—Joint resolution authorizing the Governor to provide buildings for the use of the State; approved March 2, 1866.

No. 58—An act to amend an act entitled an act to amend an act entitled an act to incorporate the town of Farmerville, in the parish of Union; approved Feb. 18, 1852, and to repeal an act to amend the fifteenth section of the aforesaid act, approved March 10, 1853, approved the 30th of April, 1853; approved March 2, 1866.

No. 59—An act to incorporate the town of Vienna in the parish of Jackson; approved March 2, 1866.

No. 60—An act for the relief of William Hampton; approved March 6, 1866.

No. 61—An act for the relief of Wade Hampton; approved March 6, 1866.

No. 62—An act providing for the election of district and parish officers throughout the State, on the first Monday in May, eighteen hundred and sixty-six; approved March 6, 1866.

No. 63—An act for the relief of the Louisiana State Seminary of Learning and Military Academy; approved March 7, 1866.

No. 64—An act to refund to tax-payers costs, interests and charges paid upon the State, parish, municipal and city taxes, for the years 1861, 1862, 1863 and 1864, and to relieve from payment of such costs, interests and charges those who have not paid the same; approved March 8, 1866.

No. 65—Joint resolution requesting the Governor to instruct the Attorney General to investigate certain proceedings wherein the interests of the State are involved and report; approved March 8, 1866.

No. 66—An act providing for the drawing of juries in the parishes of St. Martin and Vermillion; approved March 8, 1866.

No. 67—An act to authorize the officiating clergyman of the Catholic congregation of St. James to sign certain acts; approved March 8, 1866.

No. 68—An act authorizing the loan of the State Laboratory at Mount Lebanon, in the parish of Bienville; approved March 8, 1866.

No. 69—An act for the relief of Lewis Palms, late register of the United States land office, for the South Eastern District of Louisiana; approved March 8, 1866.

No. 70—An act to amend and re-enact an act entitled an act to authorize the construction of a drawbridge across the Bayou Lafourche, approved March 9, 1855; approved March 8, 1866.

No. 71—An act to authorize Caroline Vanhille, wife of Eucline J. Dupre, of St. Landry, to alienate her dotal property; approved March 8, 1866.

No. 72—An act for the relief of Wm. Lockwood; approved March 8, 1866.

No. 73—Joint resolution granting leave of absence to the Hon. John Henry Isley, judge of the Supreme Court of the State of Louisiana; approved March 8, 1866.

No. 74—An act to provide for the better management of the institution for the deaf, dumb and blind, at Baton Rouge, in this State; approved March 8, 1866.

No. 75—Joint resolution to receive papers from the late surveyor general; approved March 8, 1866.

No. 76—An act to incorporate the town of Monroe, in the parish of Ouachita, and to provide for the government of the same; approved March 8, 1866.

No. 77—Joint resolution relative to the tax on gross sales and receipts; approved March 10, 1866.

No. 78—An act granting ferry privileges to C. K. Marshall, his heirs or assigns; approved March 10, 1866.

No. 79—An act to extend the limits of the corporation of Donaldsonville; approved March 10, 1866.

No. 80—An act to amend the first section of an act entitled "an act relative to forced surrenders and the mode of making the same," approved March 14, 1855; approved March 10, 1866.

No. 81—An act granting to M. McDavid, of St. Landry, and L. M. Cortel, of Pointe Coupee, the right of keeping a ferry across the Atchafalaya river at Cotre Port, near the mouth of Bayou Rouge, on the road leading from Morganza, in Pointe Coupee, to Opelousas, in St. Landry; approved March 10, 1866.

No. 82—An act to organize the Supreme Court and to fix the terms thereof; approved March 13, 1866.

No. 83—An act for the relief of purchasers of sixteenth section; approved March 13, 1866.

No. 84—An act to regulate the commissions of State tax collectors in certain cases; approved March 13, 1866.

No. 85—Joint resolution instructing the Attorney General to institute certain legal proceedings in regard to the steamboat canal from Vermillion Bay to Sabine river; approved March 13, 1866.

No. 86—An act to amend an act entitled an act relative to district courts for the parish and city of New Orleans, approved March 29, 1865; approved March 13, 1866.

No. 87—An act relative to judicial advertisements; approved March 13, 1866.

No. 88—An act for the relief of A. B. Hailey; approved March 13, 1866.

No. 89—An act for the relief of the Baton Rouge, Grosse Tete and Opelousas Railroad Company; approved March 13, 1866.

No. 90—An act for the relief of L. R. Marshall; approved March 13, 1866.

No. 91—Joint resolutions relative to the public buildings and property of the State located at Baton Rouge; approved March 13, 1866.

No. 92—An act to authorize the common council of the city of New Orleans to divide said city into urban and rural districts, and to levy a tax in said portion of the city for the purposes hereinafter set forth; approved March 13, 1866.

No. 93—An act to incorporate the town of Tangipahoa, in the parish of St. Helena; approved March 13, 1866.

No. 94—An act to provide for the election and commission by the Governor of a justice of the peace for the town of Monroe, in the parish of Ouachita, and to define his powers; approved March 13, 1866.

No. 95—An act to authorize Mrs. Louisa Bourgeois, wife of Thomas Taquino, to sell a portion of her dotal property; approved March 13, 1866.

No. 96—An act relative to the navigation of Red River; approved March 12, 1866.

No. 97—An act for the relief of Wm. H. C. King & Co.; approved March 15, 1866.

No. 98—An act relative to the organization of the board of police, in and for the town of Opelousas; approved March 15, 1866.

No. 99—An act to establish an additional justice of the peace ward, for the parish of St. Mary; approved March 15, 1866.

No. 100—An act to amend an act entitled an act to consolidate the city of New Orleans, and to provide for the government of the city of New Orleans and the administration of the affairs thereof; approved March 15, 1866.

No. 101—An act for the relief of J. D. Lott; approved March 17, 1866.

No. 102—An act for the relief of the heirs and legal representatives of Benjamin Ray, deceased; approved March 17, 1866.

No. 103—An act founding a soldiers' home for Louisiana; approved March 17, 1866.

No. 104—An act for the relief of B. Bloomfield; approved March 17, 1866.

No. 105—An act to authorize a bureau of immigration, to prescribe the duties thereof and to provide for the expenses of the same.

No. 106—An act for the relief of the succession of Juan Y. de Egala; approved March 17, 1866.

No. 107—An act to amend the second section of an act entitled "an act to amend the act entitled an act for the organization and government of the State Seminary of Learning, established near Alexandria," approved the 18th of March, 1858; making an appropriation for the same, approved March 7, 1866; approved March 15, 1866.

No. 108—An act to authorize the recorder of mortgages of the parish of Orleans to erase mortgages resulting from the recording of bonds of notaries public in said parish; approved March 15, 1866.

No. 109—An act requiring the assessors of the parish of Iberville to correct the assessment rolls thereof for the year 1865; approved March 15, 1866.

No. 110—An act for the relief of W. T. Hall; approved March 15, 1866.

No. 111—An act to provide for supplying the loss of the public records and other papers burned or otherwise destroyed during the late war, in the parishes of Madison, Carroll, Concordia and Tensas; approved March 19, 1866.

No. 112—An act for the relief of S. L. Slack; approved March 19, 1866.

No. 113—An act for the relief of James M. Pisniger and John McLean; approved March 19, 1866.

No. 114—An act to provide for an election of municipal officers in the town of Vernon, parish of Jackson.

No. 115—An act supplementary to an act to incorporate the town of Vienna, in the parish of Jackson, approved March 2, 1866; approved March 19, 1866.

No. 116—An act for the relief of Josiah Reams, a veteran of 1814 and 1815; approved March 19, 1866.

No. 117—An act to legitimate Georgiana Dease, natural child of George Marshall Gordon and Sarah J. Dease, and to confer on her the rights of a forced heir; adproved March 19, 1866.

No. 118—An act to establish a ferry across the Atchafalaya at Simmsport; approved March 20, 1866.

No. 119—An act to legalize a contract between Mrs. Rachel J. Boone and Mrs. Elizabeth Callihan in regard to the ferry at Simmsport, Louisiana; approved March 20, 1866.

No. 120—An act making appropriations for the general expenses of the State, for the year ending the 31st day of December, 1866; approved March 21, 1866.

No. 121—An act to postpone all seizures for city taxes.

No. 122—An act in relation to exemption from State, parish and city taxes, for the year 1862, 1863, 1864 and 1865 in certain cases.

THE STITCH made by the Wilcox & Gibbs' Sewing Machines is unexceptionable, and superior even to hand-sewing, being stronger and more beautiful. Can be seen at No. 5 St. Charles street.

MARRIED:

March 20th, in this city, by the Rev. Thos. R. Markham, Mr. CESAR R. VESSER, of Mississippi, to Mrs. EMMA J. KNALDSON, of Louisiana.

☞ Vicksburg papers please copy.

In Memoriam.

At a stated meeting of Louisiana Lodge No. 102, March 1st, 1866, W. M. W. C. Dutee communicated to the brethren the information he had received of the sudden death of Brother GEORGE ARNOLD HOLT;

And, upon motion of S. W. Harry T. Hays, a committee was appointed to prepare a series of resolutions, expressive of the feelings of the Lodge, excited by this sad announcement.

In the discharge of that duty, the following statement and resolutions, submitted by the undersigned committee, were unanimously adopted, and ordered to be spread upon the minutes of the Lodge:

But a short time ago, on the re-assembling of the members of this Lodge, after a long separation, among the first duties that devolved on us, on discovering the sad tidings death had made in our ranks, was to pay the only tribute which was left us to the memory of the fallen, in putting on record an expression of our grief at their loss and our respect for their character.

Our hall is yet dark from the drapery of woe then displayed; our hearts are yet heavy in the contemplation of the deprivation then sustained; and our hopes are yet chilled by their absence, whose glowing zeal was wont to kindle our aspirations and to stimulate our efforts for the diffusion of Masonic principles.

Upon this melancholy scroll we have now to place the name of another brother. Upon that load of grief another burden is laid.

Brother GEORGE ARNOLD HOLT, a charter member of Louisiana Lodge is no more.

Associated with the formation of our organization; connected with every step of its development; a participant of its days of light and its nights of gloom; a shining exemplar in his walk and conversation of the sincerity of his Masonic professions, and of the efficacy of the truths he so zealously inculcated; his loss, at this time, comes with a shock, as if a pillar had been wrenched from our temple and the building were threatened with a fall.

As an evidence of the sense we entertain of the magnitude of our deprivation,

Be it Resolved, That in the death of Brother HOLT, Louisiana Lodge has sustained a severe and lasting loss.

Be it Resolved, That in his practical exemplification of the beauty of charity; in his open hand, the type of his open heart ever ready for the administration of kindness to the distressed; in the outpouring of his sympathy with suffering wherever found; his ignorance of country, creed, time or circumstance where want appeared, Brother HOLT has left us a most beautiful illustration of the influence of that divine precept of love to our neighbor, which forms the corner stone of our Masonic edifice.

Be it Resolved, That we wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days; that the Lodge Hall be draped in mourning; and that copies of these resolutions be sent to the relatives and friends of the deceased.

HARRY T. HAYS,
A. HARRIS,
JOHN H. NEW.

Correspondence.

NEW ORLEANS, March 17, 1866.

Mr. Wm. Golding:

Sir—Having been informed that you have allowed your workshop to be used by parties contending for the eight hour system, we beg leave to call your attention to the agreement entered into between yourself and the undersigned "to continue in our several workshops the ten hour system," etc.

Considering the use of your workshop by any person whatever, working on any other than the ten hour system, a violation of both the spirit and letter of our agreement, we take this mode to express to you our entire dissatisfaction at your action in this matter.

We, however, trust that when you have reflected upon our agreement, you will admit the justice of our position, and discontinue the use of your workshop by those who are this enabled to carry out a scheme otherwise impracticable.

Yours respectfully,

LEEDS & CO.,
JOHN CLARK,
BENNETT & LURGIS,
GRIGGS, SHAKESPEAR & CO.,
D. C. MCCAN,
JOHN ARMSTRONG,
DENNIS CRONAN.

Gentlemen—In reply to the above communication I have to state that the agreement referred to by you was abrogated on my part both in spirit and letter, according to my understanding, until the meeting of the 20th, 1866. I addressed you a note on the morning of the 19th, stating that owing to the pressure of contract work I would be compelled to resume business at any sacrifice, and work, if necessary, inconsiderate the demand of the mechanics. You, therefore, had due notice of my intention, and can have no complaint on that score.

In regard to certain parties using a portion of my establishment, I have to state that the parties referred to called upon me to request the use of my machinery to execute some repairs for the steamer Vicksburg, for which they would pay me a satisfactory remuneration. I informed them that their request would be granted. I afterwards learned that Messrs. Leeds & Co. had commenced the same repairs. I then informed the principal of the portion that, as Leeds & Co. were doing the work, I would have nothing to do with it whatever, and positively refused to allow them to proceed with the work. The Chief Engineer of the Vicksburg then called on me and stated that he could not get the work done at Leeds & Co.'s, as they could not give a satisfactory answer as to when they could have the work done, and also that the Captain would consider it a great favor if I would let the men proceed with the work, to which request I consented.

I cannot conceive how you can construe my action to a violation of the letter and spirit of our agreement, since the men, instead of working eight hours per day, have worked day and night, regardless of hours. In yielding to the emergency, my opinion on the subject, as expressed to a card which was read March 13, 1866, has undergone no change. I am still firm in my belief that the subject of labor and remuneration is something that we cannot control, and we lose all on the talent with which nature has endowed us, and our standard of common sense becomes inferior to animal instinct, when we presume to interfere with the laws of nature, by which our every act is governed. Had you been as zealous in ascertaining the facts of my action, upon which you have expressed your extreme dissatisfaction, you would have discovered that some of your number who had no work of importance on hand, were aiding and encouraging the men in every way possible to hold their ground, as the employers would be compelled to yield; others, again, induced their men to return to work, and remain in the establishment ten hours per day, out of which time they would be allowed two hours to read the newspapers.

I have no desire to judge of the acts of others, yet if any one has the curiosity to judge of mine, I will be happy to place all the facts of any particular case at their disposal, in order that they may make no mistakes. I would further state that some of your number, being armed with your combined consents of my action, have endeavored to make light of my reputation; but it will do but little harm, for I do not envy the reputation that would suffer from such a source.

In conclusion, I have only to say that although my action in this matter has merited your extreme dissatisfaction, I have some consolation in the belief that I have acted with consistency and common sense.

Respectfully, etc.,

WILLIAM GOLDING,
Proprietor Novelty Iron Works.

Preamble and Resolutions.

NEW ORLEANS, March 20, 1866.

At a meeting of the BOSS PAINTERS, held this evening, the following Preamble and Resolutions were unanimously adopted:

The Boss Painters of this city, wishing to do justice to the public, the Journeymen Painters and themselves, met this evening, to take into consideration the action of the Journeymen in the present strike.

WHEREAS, For a number of months past, several demands have been made by the Journeymen for an advance of wages, which, in every instance, has been cordially met by the employers; and

WHEREAS, No proof has been exhibited that eight hours has been conceded throughout the United States as a day's work; and

WHEREAS, No previous notice has been given to the employers, of this strike, contracts having been made on the old basis; this demand, which is at once an increase of 25 per cent. on labor, is unwise, unreasonable and unjust. It is therefore

RESOLVED, 1st, That Ten Hours shall constitute a Day's Work, until the Eight Hour system becomes general throughout the United States.

RESOLVED, 2d, That we publish this Preamble and Resolutions in the New Orleans Times, Picayune, Bee, (French side), German Gazette, Southern Star, Crescent and True Delta:

Painters wanted by the undersigned in accordance with the above resolutions:

John Breen, 162 Girod street.
E. Lynch, 145 St. Charles street.
Lancur & Patterson, 101 Tchoupitoulas street.
Breen & Carroll, 141 Camp street.
Thos. E. Suter, 12 Commercial Place.
John S. Bradley, 115 Lafayette street.
Bull & Rae, 379 Camp street.
M. Hyland, 498 Camp street.
Reid & Mitbank, Camp and Magazine streets.
John Nutter, 256 Camp street.
H. A. Harding, 189 Girod street.
Jas. O'Hara, 118 Carondelet street.
Jothoff & Knight, 96 Camp street.

N. B.—A meeting of the Boss Painters will take place at No. 104 Tchoupitoulas street, on TUESDAY EVENING, March 27, at 8 o'clock. All Boss Painters invited to attend.

By order of the President.

THOS. E. SUTER,
Secretary.

Hats. Hats. Hats.

The undersigned invites the attention of buyers to his large and complete assortment of Men's, Boys' and Children's

Fur and Wool Hats,

of all colors, dimensions and quality.

STRAW GOODS—STRAW GOODS.

An elegant and complete line, now ready for the Spring Trade.

Men's, Boys', Ladies', Misses' and Infants', trimmed and untrimmed.

All of which will be offered unusually low.

S. C. HICKEY,
49 Camp street,
Importer, Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealer in Hats, Caps and Straw Goods.

The Assortment.

One Bottle each of

HOLLAND GIN,
DARK and PALE BRANDY,
SCOTCH, BOURBON and RYE WHISKIES,
ST. CROIX and JAMAICA RUM,
PORT, SHERRY,
MADEIRA WINE, and
CHERRY BRANDY,

all contained in a case of

C. A. Richard's Standard Spirits and Wines.

Sold very low at

94 CAMP STREET.

Wallace & Co.,

SLOCOMB BUILDING.

No. 74 Canal street, and Nos. 91, 93, and 95 Common Street,

ADJOINING THE CITY HOTEL.

DIRECT IMPORTERS

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS.

Offer a complete assortment of all styles of Goods pertaining to this branch of their business.

THEIR SPRING STOCK,

Being fully open, is offered to buyers at prices fully meeting the recent decline.

Sales Guaranteed at New York Prices.

Samuel Locke,

37, 39, 41 and 43 PETERS STREET, (LATE FRONT LEVEE.)

Dealer in

HARDWARE AND STOVES.

TIN PLATE, SHEET and BAR IRON.
COPPER, PIG and BAR LEAD.
SHEET ZINC, PIG and BAR TIN.
NAILS, CASTINGS and HOPS.
PLOWS, SHOVELS and SPADES.
MANILLA CORDAGE, INDIA RUBBER BELTING and PACKING.
TIN and JAPANNED WARE.
Constantly on hand
A Large and Complete Assortment of COOKING STOVES.
Sole Agent for the CELEBRATED STEWART COOKING STOVE.

Clothing and Furnishing Goods

—AT—

REDUCED PRICES.

HARRISON & DOWNING,

NO. 1 MAGAZINE STREET, CORNER CANAL.

Offer their Complete Assortment of

SPRING CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS

—AT—

25 Per Cent. Below Former Prices.

Great Bargains in Dry Goods,

—OFFERED BY—

C. A. BARRIERE & BRO.,

IN LIQUIDATION,

135 ..... Canal Street 135

TOURO BUILDINGS.

On and after the 5th inst., we will offer our entire stock of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS at greatly REDUCED PRICES. Whatever will remain unsold on the 1st of next month will be disposed of at public auction, as the firm of C. A. Barriere & Bro., is to be finally dissolved. We invite merchants, jobbers and house keepers, and all in want of goods, to give us a call and examine our stock, which is mostly composed of goods recently imported by ourselves.

C. A. BARRIERE & BRO.

Wallace & Co.,

SLOCOMB BUILDING,

74 Canal street,

—AND—

91, 93 and 95 Common street,

ADJOINING CITY HOTEL.

Of recent Direct Importations, offered at prices corresponding with recent decline:

SCOTCH GINGHAMS,
Spring and Summer CASSIMERES,
LINEN DUCK,
LINEN DRILL, White and Brown;
LINEN CHECKS, all grades;
IRISH LINENS, all qualities;
LINEN LAWNS,
TABLE LINENS.

J. V. Lindsay,

—WITH—

BARNETT & SHEPARD,

Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,

Wines, Liquors, Cigars, etc.,

No. 45 Magazine street, opposite St. James Hotel,

NEW ORLEANS.

Agents for the celebrated Leudon Jockey Club House Gin.
" Tilton & McFarland's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes.

☞ Advances made on consignments.

Continuation of the Great Sale

—OF—

CLOAKS,
CLOAKS,
CLOAKS,
SILKS,
SILKS,
SILKS,

—AND—

FANCY GOODS,

—AT—

JAMES RYBACK'S.

The great closing out sale will continue for this week, with a reduction of

Thirty per cent. from Former Prices.

JAS. RYBACK,
149 Canal street.

Removal.

DR. CHARLES E. KELLS,

DENTIST,

Has removed his office to

14 DAUPHINE STREET, second door from Canal, near Lopez.

Southern Journal

—OF—

THE MEDICAL SCIENCES

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

A quarterly journal of two hundred pages, issued on the first days of May, August, November and February.

Subscriptions, invariably in advance, $3 per annum.

E. D. FENNER, M. D.
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C. BEARD, M. D.
Editors and Proprietors.

All remittances to be made to Dr. D. W. Brickell, Box 196, Postoffice, New Orleans. All communications to be addressed to "Southern Journal of the Medical Sciences, Box 959, Postoffice, New Orleans."

Soap for the South.

Pyle's O. K. is the kind, being made from pure stock, on the French plan. It becomes hard, and don't waste away in the wash like common rosin soap. Pyle's Shining Powder is also the best laundry blue in use. All first class grocers keep them. Manufactured by

JAMES PYLE,
New York.

Notice to the Public.

GREY JACKET AHEAD.

The increased demand for the GREY JACKET BITTERS induces the Proprietors to inform their friends and the citizens generally that this "Favorite Southern Beverage" can be obtained from the following mercantile establishments of this city:

E. J. HART & CO.,
WHEELOCK, FINLAY & CO.,
SCHMIDT & ZEIGLER,
J. H. CARTER,
BLOCK & BRITTIN,
ROSENBERG & SCHERCK,
FAZIO, MARKS & CO.,
M. L. CRAWFORD,
SCHNEIDER & ZUBERBIER,
BARNES, WARD & CO.,
G. M. BAYLY & CO.,
BARNETT & SHEPARD,
W. G. LYON & CO.
E. BLEASLEY & CO.,
BITE & MURDOCK,
G. TIEDEMAN,
F. CONREY,
BISCOE & SIMMS,
GEORGE GRAY,
LEHMAN, NEWGASS & CO.,
JAMES BUTLER, JR. & CO.,
E. BROWN & CO.,
J. S. MACNSELL & CO.,
OSCAR ROBIN,
S. N. MORISON,
ADLER, EAST & CO.,
P. GALLAHER,
McSOMBE & CO.,
L. J. MAILLOT,
CHARLES LEDIG,
E. B. FALLS & CO.,
B. & J. ABRAMS,
D. MORGAN,
S. G. GILLIET,
W. F. NORMAN,
CONWAY & BRO.,
BARNETT & LION,
81 and 83 Gravier street,
Sole Proprietors.

Wallace & Co.,

SLOCOMB BUILDING,

74 Canal Street,

—AND—

91, 93 and 95 Common Street,

ADJOINING CITY HOTEL.

Call attention of the Country Trade to their well assorted stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, and HATS.

Having a superior assortment and the advantages of their own factory, together with the exclusive attention of an experienced buyer, WALLACE & CO. feel they can offer un