

New Orleans Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL. THE STATE OF LOUISIANA. N. O. NIXON, Editor and Proprietor. OFFICE, NO. 94 CAMP STREET.

FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 6, 1868.

Among the other visitors to the city at the present time we have had the pleasure of welcoming our editorial brother, David Deane, Esq., of the "Daily Banner," whose former we count among our most valued Louisiana correspondents.

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THE NEW RADICAL PLATFORM.

The civil rights bill, returned to Congress by the President, on the 27th ult., assigned, in many respects a remarkable document. It appears to have been prepared with extreme care, both as to matter and to form. Its terms are marshaled with great precision, and its sweeping provisions are set forth with such order and accuracy as to leave no doubt of their scope and meaning.

We have never seen at a loss to account for the painful and scrupulous care employed in framing this bill, if we regard it, as it was probably intended, in the light of a declaration of principles or a party platform. Care appears to have been taken to put into this one bill the whole radical theory, and to assert, in the most explicit and unmistakable form, all that the extremists claim and all that the President and his supporters deny.

It involves the issue on which parties will go to the polls in 1870. It is the essence of Black Republicanism, distinctly asserted on one side, and as distinctly denied on the other. What is thus demanded will appear from a brief summary of its monstrous provisions:

1. It confers on all negroes not convicted full citizenship, and all the rights pertaining thereto, in all the States and Territories, to the same extent as is now held by white citizens, with absolute and entire equality in privileges and legal remedies.

2. It punishes by fine and imprisonment any attempt to limit or impair the rights and privileges so conferred.

3. It gives to Federal courts exclusive cognizance of all infractions of these rights, and all violations of the law, conferring them, and provides an appeal at the expense of the negro from any State court in any suit or proceeding, upon his bare allegation that he cannot obtain justice in said State court.

4. It empowers and requires United States district attorneys, marshals, bureau agents and commissioners to arrest, imprison and bring to trial all persons who may infringe the provisions of this act, with authority to the Federal courts to appoint additional commissioners for this purpose at discretion, which latter are authorized to issue warrants of arrest equally with the judges of district and circuit courts, all at the expense and cost of the United States.

5. It adds these marshals, deputy marshals and commissioners as authorized at will and in their discretion to employ as many aids as they think proper; and they are furthermore authorized and empowered to summon to their aid any of the "land or naval forces of the United States," whose duty it is made by the bill to obey such summons and to execute the arrests or other official acts directed.

6. Authority is given to the President, in case of actual or apprehended violation of the provisions of this act, to send the United States district judge, or the district attorney, or marshal to the place of disturbance, for the purpose of making speedy arrests. He is also authorized to "prevent the violation" of the act and to enforce its execution by employing the land and naval forces of the United States at his discretion, and he may deputize any officer of the army, or any citizen, to command such forces when so called out, and to employ troops at the discretion of the agent so appointed.

The bill might have been entitled "an act to confer all the rights of citizenship upon negroes, and to maintain the same at the expense and by the judicial authority and military power of the Federal government." All that has been claimed for the negro for the last thirty years of war is here set forth in full. All the means and a host of others which he began to make war upon the President, and while Jackson was yet our President, and all the rancor and venom of the radicals are concentrated in the proposed plan of enforcing the execution of this act. It is a monster of malice. It is a monster of blood and guano. It is a monster of blood and guano. It is a monster of blood and guano.

Methodist Episcopal General Conference.

The Conference, in accordance with the first of the rules adopted on Wednesday, assembled at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, but did not get to business for an hour after that.

The business first entered upon was entirely of a routine character, of no interest to the general reader. The Rev. Dr. E. W. Sehon, of the Louisville Conference, the Missionary Secretary of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, presented and read a lengthy report of the proceedings, in reference to the various missions and of their present condition. The report covered the whole period since 1861, during which the state of affairs prevented the holding of any Conference or the presentation of any report. It stated that the missions to the colored population and to the Indians had been, of necessity, suspended, although they are now being revived. The missions to China had, however, been sustained, and had progressed satisfactorily. Figures were given illustrative of the number of members of the church of various classes and ages, and the array was considered very satisfactory in view of the state of society which had unhappily prevailed. The report was referred to the Committee on Missions, without discussion.

A report and memorial from the Montgomery Conference, on the general condition of the church and proposed changes, was also presented, and was presented, excited quite a lengthy and warm discussion, in which the subjects of episcopacy, itinerancy, finance and revival were severally and collectively treated. The object of the documents appeared to be to induce changes in the general economy of the church, and the various speakers all agreed on this point, and then to another set of points, and finally to the whole of these changes. On the one hand some members thought all change unnecessary and calculated to produce evil. On the other hand some considered the condition of the church so precarious that unless something was done promptly and decisively to sustain her for the present, and to carry her through imminent trials, her safety must be greatly imperiled. The question of disposing of the act, with authority to the Federal courts to appoint additional commissioners for this purpose at discretion, which latter are authorized to issue warrants of arrest equally with the judges of district and circuit courts, all at the expense and cost of the United States.

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MAILED.

On Sunday, April 1st, at St. James's Church, by the Rev. Charles H. Bell, Mr. CHARLES KNOWLTON, of the City, to Miss KATE T. daughter of John Andrews, of the parish of Berwick.

The Whole Assortment. All the kinds, 12 number, of C. A. RICHARDS'S STAND-AND LIQUORS AND WINES, all packed in one case, and all very low by Druggists and Grocers, and at No. 94 CAMP STREET.

John A. Giddig, 107 CANAL STREET, 107. Has received a SELECT ASSORTMENT OF SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, FOR GENTLEMEN. Great Assortment of Clothing, NO. 10 CHARTRES STREET. MALARD & TOOKER'S. PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

The Louisiana and Texas PETROLEUM VAPOR STOVE. GAS LIGHT COMPANY. Important Notice. FURNISHING GOODS. Boys' and Children's Clothing. Fashionable Clothing. SPRING AND SUMMER, 1868.

FRANCIS FABRE, UNDER THE ST. CHARLES HOTEL. Point Clear Hotel. BATHING AND FISHING. Carpet Warehouse. Dry Goods! Dry Goods!

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS. Dr. Charles E. Kells, DENTIST. Wallace & Co., SLOCOMB BUILDING.

Metropolitan Hotel, LATE BROWNS, WASHINGTON, D. C. Spring! Spring! W. DAUPHIN, MILLINERY, SOAP AND FANCY GOODS.

Death to the Living! LONG LIVE THE KILLERS. Death to the Living! LONG LIVE THE KILLERS.

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Capitol.

BRILLIANT SCHEMES FOR APRIL. Only 30,000 Tickets. CHARLES T. HOWARD, Exchange Alley. LICENSED LOTTERY DEALER.

Kentucky State Lottery—Class 202. Tickets only twelve dollars. The Louisiana and Texas PETROLEUM VAPOR STOVE. GAS LIGHT COMPANY.

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STILL LOWER.

C. A. BARRIÈRE & BRO., 135 Canal Street. TOURS BUILDINGS. OWING TO THE GREAT DEMAND FOR OUR GOODS, We will keep our Store Open until the 30th instant, at which time IT WILL POSITIVELY BE CLOSED.

NEW SPRING GOODS. Lower than the Cost of Importation. Spring Trade. BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS. J. LEVOIS & CO.

J. F. Lindsay, Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants, and Dealers in STAPLE AND FINE GROCERIES. Agency of WILLIAM MALLER & SON, NEW YORK. PATENT CUT LOAF SUGAR.

Wagon and Ambulances. Reduced Prices. HARRISON & DOWNING, NO. 1 MAGAZINE STREET, CORNER CANAL. Wallace & Co., SLOCOMB BUILDING.

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BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

ESTABLISHMENT, No. 94 Camp Street, New Orleans, La. Business men and the public are respectfully informed that the CRESCENT is now in possession of superior facilities for the most and expeditious execution, on the most reasonable terms, of EVERY STYLE AND VARIETY OF BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.

THE MATERIAL OF THE BOOK AND JOB ESTABLISHMENT IS ENTIRELY NEW, having just been received from the most celebrated Foundries, and comprises all the Modern Improvements. Wallace & Co., SLOCOMB BUILDING.

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