Wheelock, Finlay & Co.,

WHOLESALE

DRUGGISTS AND IMPORTERS

Corner Magazine and Gravier Streets,

Offer for SALE AT THE LOWEST RATES, the following Goods, of direct importation, now landing ex British bark Hinda and steamships Alabama and Carolina:

75 casks SAL-SODA.
500 kegs BICARB SODA.
600 boxes French WINDOW GLASS, assorted.
5 cases Cox's GELATINE.
18 .. Coleman's MUSTARD, in glass and tin.
20 gross Lowe's Brown Windsor SOAP.

French Patent Medicines.

A full and complete assortment of all the most popular kinds.

ALSO IN STORE:

300 boxes Castile SOAP.
3 casks CARB AMMONIA, in bulk.
5 .. .. .. in jars.
5 cases GUM SHELLAC.
5 .. .. ASAFŒTIDA, prime.
5 .. .. OPIUM, Turkey.
20 .. TARTARIC ACID, English.
100 sacks CUTCH.
80 bbls. ALUM, lump.
20 .. .. ground.
2000 lbs. ARALS, COPAIBA, pure.
20 bbls. Refined BORAX, English.
20 .. CASTOR OIL, No. 1.
24 kegs EMERY, assorted.
160 gross WINES, sizes.
2000 lbs. SUGAR LEAD, English.
600 .. English CALOMEL.
600 .. .. BLUE MASS.
500 .. IODIDE POTASH, English and French.
2000 ozs. SULPH. QUININE, French.
2000 .. .. .. P. & W.

On hand, a full and complete assortment of the EFFERVESCENT GRANULAR MEDICINAL PREPARATIONS of Messrs. T. Morson & Son, and Mr. Bishop, of London.

Agents for Messrs. Batley & Watt, of London, for the sale of their Celebrated PREPARATIONS, a full and complete stock of which we will always keep in store.

Together with a full variety of

FINE ENGLISH CHEMICALS,

—AND—

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ESTABLISHMENT,

No. 94 Camp street, New Orleans, La.

Business men and the public are respectfully informed that the CRESCENT is now in possession of superior facilities for the neat and expeditious execution, on the most reasonable terms, of

EVERY STYLE AND VARIETY

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SUCH AS:

LAWYERS' BRIEFS,
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And Every Other Description of Job Printing.

The material of the BOOK AND JOB ESTABLISHMENT is ENTIRELY NEW, having just been received from the most Celebrated Foundries, and comprises all the Modern Improvements.

The Louisiana and Texas

PETROLEUM VAPOR STOVE

—And—

GAS LIGHT COMPANY

Being organized, have opened the exhibition of Stove and Gas BURNERS, at No. 196 Camp street, near Poydras, where the public are invited to call and witness the operation daily, (Sundays excepted,) from 9 to 3 o'clock.

An order book is open at the office.

Capital Prize $50,000.

BRILLIANT SCHEMES FOR APRIL.

Only 30,000 Tickets.

CHARLES T. HOWARD,

9.....Exchange Alley.....9

—OR—

LOCK BOX NO. 692, POST OFFICE,

LICENSED LOTTERY DEALER,

For the City of New Orleans.

Kentucky State Lottery—Class 302.

To be drawn at Covington, Ky.

On Saturday, April 28, 1866.

TICKETS ONLY TWELVE DOLLARS.

Compare this scheme with any other Lottery.

Prizes cashed at this office.

NOTICE—Persons buying Lottery Tickets at branch offices, will see they have the Auditor's stamp, or signature attached.

Maison Boree,

144.....CANAL STREET.....144

NEW ORLEANS.

John Sirenna, Proprietor.

T. Fitzwilliam,

STATIONER, PRINTER AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURER,

Is now receiving a fine assortment of

ENGLISH AND FRENCH COMMERCIAL AND PACKET POST PAPERS,

White and Blue, ruled and plain, manufactured expressly for this market, to which he invites the attention of the commerce and the public generally.

BLANK BOOKS of every size and style of ruling and binding, constantly on hand and made to order.

COMMERCIAL STATIONERY in all kinds on hand and printed to order in the neatest style.

An extensive and complete stock of Office Furnishing Goods generally, including Hotels, Law Copying Presses, as well as a variety of cheaper ones, all warranted.

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WRITING PAPER and ENVELOPES of all kinds.

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PRINTING PAPER—24x38 and 31x38.

Checks, Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, Bill Heads and Cards printed on lithographed in handsome style.

Orders will receive prompt and careful attention.

73.....Camp Street.....73

A Card.

It is with sincere acknowledgment of their kindness that I tender my thanks to the firemen of New Orleans, St. Louis, was nearly destroyed by fire. It is of the utmost importance that this great Western Metropolis should be supplied as soon as possible. Its remaining Church and Public buildings, and the property in the part of the city which is certainly saved that our continued liberality and generosity continue to the success of this noble object.

Subscriptions for said purpose will be taken by the undersigned, by any member of the Savings Bank, on Canal street.

C. S. MENNING, Rector St. Luke's Church, S. C.

NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT.

THE CRESCENT IS PUBLISHED DAILY (Sundays Excepted) AND WEEKLY, BY J. O. NIXON, No. 94 CAMP STREET. TERMS—DAILY, $16; WEEKLY, $5 PER YEAR.

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New Orleans Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL

—OF—

THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 25, 1866.

Methodist Episcopal Church Conference.

The conference met yesterday at the regular hour.

The first business of interest taken up was the memorial from the African church, praying that certain property might be made over to it.

As an amendment, it was proposed to refer the question to the annual conference. One member urged that this proposed action would bring back the colored people to this church. An amendment to this purport was adopted, and finally the report of the committee on the whole subject of African churches, was, with amendments adopted as a whole.

The report, No. 4, of the Committee on Books Periodicals, etc., was called up, and a lengthy discussion ensued upon the subject. There were a majority report and a minority report, and a substitute for the whole before the conference. One proposition was to sell the property of the publishing house, and to purchase books instead of manufacturing them for sale. In reference to the proposition to remove the publishing house from Nashville, one member said that this would lead the creditors to seize the establishment. Another member was convinced that it would be better to throw away the "bricks and mortar" belonging to the church in Nashville, and establish a publishing house in Baltimore, Philadelphia or New York, than to continue the former arrangement. Another member, again, pronounced the book concern a success, and explained that out of what had been reckoned as its capital there was $68,000 in debts, of which not one per cent. had been paid, $28,000 of payments for lawyers' fees, court expenses and commissioners, $20,000 for papers, so much for bishops' salaries, $30,000 for losses in tracts, $24,000 for Richmond loses, etc., etc., and he urged that the actual capital of the concern had been very small in comparison with what had been supposed. A quarterly review, again, was referred to as a loss forced on the publishing house besides which there had been too many editors and too many agents employed. Notwithstanding all this, it was contended that the object of the enterprise had been accomplished as far as furnishing even more publications than the church wanted. There are now on hand between thirty-five and forty thousand good Methodist books which could not be sold. On the whole it was contended the concern is solvent and in a better condition than ninety-nine out of a hundred of establishments who had encountered the war in the South with as large a capital. In fact, it was pronounced the best engineered enterprise in the South, during the war.

The discussion continued up to the hour of adjournment, without any result being arrived at.

The conference meets again this morning at the regular hour—9 o'clock.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTIES TO DAY.—Messrs. Palfrey & Co., auctioneers, will sell to-day, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' and Auctioneers' Exchange, fifty-eight lots of ground in the Fourth District, and three lots in the First District, belonging to the estate of Jasper Strong, and sold by virtue of an order of the Second District Court. The location of these lots is accurately described in the advertisement in another column, to which we invite the attention of the reader, remarking only that this is a most favorable chance to secure property in a part of the city that is very desirable, and where real estate is bound to increase rapidly in value.

They will also sell at the same time and place a square of ground in the Fourth District, divided into twenty lots, and admirably situated in a first-rate neighborhood. It will be sold in lots to accommodate purchasers.

Wilcox & Gibbs' Family Sewing Machines are *heartily recommended* by all who use them. Wilcox & Gibbs' Family Sewing Machines are absolutely complete. Office No. 5 St. Charles street.

GROCERIES AT WHOLESALE.—Messrs. S. H. Kennedy & Co., 65 and 67 Poydras street, advertise this morning 2500 barrels flour of different brands, 500 barrels mess pork, 1500 boxes candles, 250 casks brandy, 500 barrels whisky, 600 kegs nails, besides a variety of other standard goods in the grocery line, such as lard, shoulders, sides, hams, soap, alcohol and oil. The house of S. H. Kennedy & Co. has been so long and favorably known that it is only necessary to direct the attention of the trade to the full stocks of everything in their line that they now have on hand.

VON ZINKEN & SULLY'S SALES.—Attention is called to the auction sale by Von Zinken & Sully, on Thursday (to-morrow) at 1 o'clock, at the corner of St. Joseph and New Levee streets, of a screw cotton press, a large lot of old copper, 21,000 osnaburg sacks, together with bagging and rope, steamboat bells and "sundries." The sale was originally fixed for eleven o'clock, but has been changed to come off at one. This will be a chance for a bargain. See advertisement under auction head.

WILCOX & GIBBS' Machine will sew, hem, fell, braid, tuck, gather, quilt, cord and embroider with perfect satisfaction. Wilcox & Gibbs' are repaired and warranted at No. 5 St. Charles street. Please call and examine.

List of passengers per steamship I. C. Harris, Charles Fowler commander, from Indianola and Galveston, April 22, 1866:

In cabin—Lady children and servant, Longmire wife and three children, Jones and wife, Mrs Wetherby and servant, Mrs Reid and daughter, Strong and wife, Mrs Taylor, Miss Dewey, Whitcomb and wife, M S Cross and wife, Kaufmand and wife, Mrs Stevens and children, Capt Shewick and family, Gov Lubbock and servant, Williams wife and servant, Miss Hunt, Miss Stone, Cooley wife and child, Mrs Wooman, Mrs Walton, Mrs Healey and son, Grant and two children, Miss Grant, Mrs Wise and two children, Mrs Wilson and child, Mrs Stokes, Burchard, Gerald, Frost, Hunt, Buckley, Hodges, Padgett, Innerarity, Long, Snyder, Klingsmith, Mrs Mitchelbaum, Trapido, Kornour, Capt Pritchard, Wood, Scott, Noble, Hornick, Ford, Barnes, Forster, Sessions, Hunt, Shannon, Alexander, King, Richard, Price, A and J Rushing, Sawyer, Porter, Clark, Hodgeskiss and Dr Dowe, Hodgeskiss, Gibbs, M and W Bisson, Rushing, Trevinon, Sanborn, Gorge, Wood, Mathews, Westerwill, Pope, Price, Johnson, Elridge, Cuppies, Clock and seventy can no deer.

SAILING OF THE MONTGOMERY.—The steamship Montgomery, Capt. Ryder, of the Black Star Line, Geo. A. Fosdick, agent, will leave her wharf tomorrow morning at 8 o'clock, for New York direct, with a good freight and the following passengers:

Mr Rowlet Mrs Campbell and three children, Miss Campbell, Hugh Tuttry, Jos Smith d, J—D r, Gary, H D Cooper, U S A; Ernest Seffrent, Capt Jno Sayers, U S A; Mr Grandee.

THESE INFANTES.—There are three things in this world that deserve no quarter—hypocrisy, pharisaism and tyranny.

Local Intelligence.

ARRESTS.—Thos. Higgins was arrested, charged by Julia Conlon with assault and battery.

Wm. Murray was arrested, charged with being drunk and disturbing the peace.

Polk Kennelly was arrested, charged with being an habitual drunkard.

Thos. Morrisey was arrested at the St. Charles Hotel, charged with being drunk.

Henry Ross was arrested at the corner of Prytania and St. Andrew streets, charged by Charles Edwards with robbery.

Chas. Dugan was arrested on Tchoupitoulas street, charged by John Nugent with committing an assault and battery, with intent to kill, on Hugh McTague, on the night of the 23d inst.

F. Young and T. Newcombe were arrested, charged with fighting and disturbing the peace.

KILLED.—A colored man, name unknown, was unfortunately killed at No. 58 South Market street by an oven falling on him.

THE CRICKET MATCH YESTERDAY.—Our report of the cricket match played yesterday on the Delachaise Ground is unavoidedly left out in this morning's paper. The single men beat the Benedicts very handsomely, but the return match may probably turn the tables.

FIRES.—A fire broke out yesterday about 1 o'clock A. M., in a two-story frame kitchen, in rear of the house corner of Magazine and Calliope streets, and extended to the two adjoining houses on Calliope street, all of which were completely destroyed. The property belonged to Wm. Briscoe, colored, and was occupied by several families, both white and colored. The property was fully insured.

About 12 o'clock yesterday a fire broke out in the roof of the kitchen No. 180 Washington street. The fire was caused from sparks alighting on the roof from the stove-pipe. The house was occupied by M. D. Simpson and the damage was slight.

A MAN OF DISTINCTION ACCUSED.—Mr. Atocha came here, we are informed, with General Banks, and by the favor of that distinguished General, became a provost judge. Mr. Alexander Walker has made the following affidavit against Mr. Atocha, who has given bail in the sum of $5000 to answer the charge preferred against him.

That A. A. Atocha, an attorney at-law, who has his office No. 14 Carondelet street, in the city of New Orleans did, on or about the first day of December, A. D. 1865, receive in this city, as the agent of Mrs. Evelina Hale, born McFarland, now of Norfolk, Virginia, the sum of eighteen hundred dollars, being the proceeds of the sale of certain lots belonging to Mrs. Hale, and sold for her account by the said A. A. Atocha, which money the said Atocha appropriated to his own use and wrongfully used, disposed of, or embezzled. And affiant further charges and deposes that on or about the fifth day of January of the present year, 1866, the said A. A. Atocha did sell and dispose of as agent of the said Mrs. Evalina Hale three lots in this city to her belonging for six thousand dollars, which money he wrongfully used, disposed of, conceived or embezzled; that he concealed the receipt of the sums of money aforesaid from Mrs. Hale; that he has admitted to affiant and to others his receipt thereof; that though repeatedly directed and requested and directed to remit the same to the owner, he has evaded, equivocated and failed to pay to the agent and attorney of the said Mrs. Hale, all of which he has done with the intent to defraud the said Mrs. Hale, etc., etc.

MEETING OF THE BOARD OF ALDERMEN.—The board of aldermen met in their room last evening in regular session, Alderman Clark presiding.

The following gentlemen, members of the board, responded to their names: McCloskey, Bosworth, Walley, Smith, Whitney, White.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

A communication was received from the recorder of the First District, requesting the confirmation of the appointment of W. H. Keagley as an additional clerk in his office. The appointment, on motion, was confirmed.

Several communications were received from P. G. Mohan, city controller, which were referred to the appropriate committees.

A resolution offered, to annul the contract entered into between the city of New Orleans and Mr. H. T. Dobson, was referred to the Committee on Streets and Landings.

A resolution was offered, that the street commissioner be, and he is hereby authorized to appoint an additional clerk in his office, whose compensation shall be fixed at the rate of $100 per month.

On motion of Mr. Whitney it was referred to the Finance Committee.

An amendment to a previous resolution was offered allowing the Second District Recorder's Court an additional clerk.

Mr. McCloskey saw no reason why the other district courts should have an addition to their present clerical force. It was apparent to every one that the business of the First District far exceeded that of the other recorder's courts and although an additional clerk had been allowed that court, he saw no just grounds for increasing the force of the others. The resolution as amended was adopted.

A lengthy petition was received from the property owners of the Third District and vicinity, objecting to the proposed change of the original railroad route along New Levee street.

On motion it was referred to the Committee on Streets and Landings.

A petition was read asking that certain individuals who were commissioned as policemen by ex-Mayor Kennedy, be paid for their services from March 19th to the 2d day of April, at which time they were discharged.

Referred to Finance Committee.

Mr. Whitney offered a resolution looking to the erection of new bridges in various localities throughout the city. An amendment was offered and rejected.

After considerable debate, the resolution was adopted.

Mr. Whitney offered the following:

Resolved, That the surveyor is hereby authorized to purchase paving material for the repair of the streets on which the St. Joseph street railroad passes, after said road shall have been removed by the military authorities, the paving to be done by and at the expense of the United States under direction of the city surveyor.

Referred to the Committee on Streets and Landings.

A resolution was offered authorizing the city to employ counsel to defend its interests in the suit brought against it by the New York Mail Steam ship Company, before the U. S. circuit court. Adopted.

A resolution was offered that all the small pox patients thrown on charge of the city be sent to Dr. O. Antoux's hospital on Elysian Fields street. An amendment to substitute Lozenberg hospital was offered, and the matter disposed of by reference to the Finance Committee.

A resolution was offered by Mr. Smith, requesting that the common council and the members of the legislature use their endeavors to have adopted Ingoman's machine for the prevention of crevasses. Referred to Committees on Streets and Landings.

A resolution was offered that a joint committee be appointed to revise the salaries of all city officers. Adopted.

The board then proceeded, on invitation, to the lower board, and went into joint session.

Upon the return of the board, the reports of committees were called for.

The Finance Committee reported favorably on a number of bills.

The resolution to pay certain claims presented against the city was read and adopted.

An ordinance to appoint levee inspectors was read and concurred in.

The report of the Finance Committee was then adopted.

The Committee on Streets and Landings reported favorably on the petition of G. T. Beauregard, president of the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company.

Favorably on the petition of H. S. Brown and others, allowing them to erect a two-story building on the vacant lot No. 211 Julia street, to be used as a blacksmith's shop.

The report of the Committee on Streets and Landings was then adopted.

After which the board adjourned.

BOARD OF ASSISTANT ALDERMEN.—This board met last evening in regular session, Mr. McCulloch in the Chair.

A resolution was adopted declaring the contract between Mr. H. C. Dobson and the city null and void.

A resolution from the board of aldermen authorizing the recorder of the First District Court to appoint an additional clerk, was amended, on motion of Mr. Montamat, so as to give an additional clerk also to the recorder of the Second District, and, thus amended, the resolution was concurred in.

The compensation of these additional clerks was fixed at $900 per annum each.

A resolution passed its first reading, directing the surveyor to divide into sections the line of wharves of the city, and to prepare plans and specifications with the view of selling the reconstructions of the wharves, and the farming of the revenues of the same.

A communication from Mr. Wm. L. Cushing, agent of Messrs. Getty, McClime & Co., of St. Louis, asking the continuation of a contract made by that firm during the war, in regard to certain water supplies, was referred to the Committee on Improvements.

A petition to remove Dr. Anfoux's smallpox hospital, on Esplanade street, was laid on the table.

Mr. Paisley moved that the upper board be invited to a joint session, for the election of city printer, and the motion was adopted with an amendment proposed by Mr. Higginbotham, including certain other officers in the election.

Mr. Prados introduced a resolution for the appointment of a special committee to examine the salaries of the clerks in the controller's office, and report upon the same.

Mr. Goldmann could see no objection to the organization of the controller's office. He wished to know what the objections were.

Mr. Prados replied that the salaries of the clerks in that office were not proportioned to services.

The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Paisley introduced a resolution, which was adopted, for the appointment of a special committee to confer with the Gas Company in relation to the lighting of the suburbs.

A resolution authorizing the street commissioner to buy ballast to put Calliope street in good traveling order was adopted.

A resolution from the board of aldermen authorizing the mayor to engage counsel to defend the city against a suit instituted by the New York Mail Steamship Company, in regard to the privileges granted to that company by the late city authorities, was concurred in.

On motion of Mr. Kaiser, the board of aldermen was notified that the board of assistant aldermen was ready to proceed to the election of city printer.

A motion was made to adjourn, the question of notifying the board of aldermen pending.

Mr. McCulloch in the chair, advised the boar not to adjourn. The business of the evening, h suggested, should be got through with.

The motion to adjourn was dropped.

A communication was received from Mr. Creevon, resigning his place as collector of levee dues on ships and steamboats in the Second and Third Districts, and recommending Colonel Mandeville Marigny for the place.

The board of aldermen then entered, and the two boards went into joint session for elections. Mr. Clark, chairman of the board of aldermen, presiding.

The chair announced that the first business in order was the election of city printer.

Assistant Alderman Moore nominated "The Times."

Assistant Alderman Goldmann seconded the nomination.

The Times was unanimously elected.

For superintendent of the fire telegraph, Mr. Mingle was elected.

For assistant superintendent, Mr. Samuel Weeks was elected.

For collector of levee dues on sea going vessel and steamers in the Second and Third Districts, Mr. Myles Sharkey was elected.

The board of aldermen then returned, and the remainder of the session of the board of assistants was consumed in routine business, with the exception of the adoption of a resolution that the election of city printer should continue until July 1867.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—Charles Anderson was brought out of the workhouse on a writ of habeas corpus. He alleged he had been remanded to prison by Recorder Ahern without being granted a trial. Through the agency of his counsel, J. H. Bernoe, Esq., he was discharged.

RECORDER VENNARD'S COURT.—Emily, colored, was arraigned, charged with larceny. She was held in $1000 bail to appear before the First District Court.

Henry Ross charged with a similar offense, was placed under $1000 bond for his appearance before the First District Court.

Sophia Donahan was arraigned, charged with assault and abuse. Case continued.

Chas. Ross, charged with committing a nuisance, was fined $15.

Albert Lewis, charged with resisting an officer, was fined $10.

Susan Lewis, charged with using insulting and abusive language, was fined $10.

Susan Lewis, similar offense, same fine.

J. Harford, charged with committing an assault and battery, was fined $10 and required to give bonds.

William Wibel, charged with stabbing Peter Swetzer, and Wm. Werner, charged with being an accessory, was continued.

Francis Curm, charged with assault and battery. Case continued.

RECORDER GASTINEL'S COURT.—Pierre Louis was arraigned, charged with being an accessory after the fact to the larceny of $1000 in gold, committed at the residence of J. Menendez, on the night of the 23d inst. He was committed to prison to await an examination.

Mrs. Calvery and Lizzy Wilson, charged with being drunk and behaving badly, were sent to the workhouse for ninety days each.

Michael Delaney was arraigned, charged with having, on the night of the 22d inst., murdered Martin Lynch. He was committed to prison.

James Golding, charged with being a dangerous and suspicious character, was sent to the workhouse for 90 days.

Jas. Nelson, J. C. Brady, W. M. Foster, James Moran E. Mancrogh, J. Clark, Jennie May, Em. Saunders and Kate Bloomfield were all arraigned, charged with fighting and disturbing the peace on Basin street. They were fined $10 each, or in default of payment undergo imprisonment in the workhouse.

Several unimportant cases after examination were dismissed.

RECORDER AHERN'S COURT.—Charles Walsh was arraigned, charged by H. Hanna with stealing, on the 21st, from Front Levee street, a horse, saddle and bridle, valued at $150. Bail was required in the sum of $1000, and case sent before First District Court.

Jacob Wallace, charged by Amile Simms colored, with stealing a watch and $5 in currency. The case was sent before First District Court, and bail required to the amount of $500.

John Philbert, charged by John Sullivan with stabbing him on the left side of the face. Case sent before the First District Court, and bail required in the sum of $500.

Henry Thompson, charged with being a vagrant, Catherine Russell with keeping a disorderly house, and Jenny Devine with being a vagrant, were all committed to the workhouse for sixty days.

G. B. McFall and M. Murphy were arraigned, charged with fighting and disturbing the peace. They were fined $15 each, or ten days in the parish prison.

Lilly, colored, was charged by Amanda Baker, colored, with assault and battery. She was fined $25, or sixty days in the workhouse.

Nicholas Batiste, colored, charged with assault and battery, was fined $25, and required to enter $500 bonds to keep the peace for six months.

Henry Tanns, charged with running a carriage under a false number, was fined $25.

Jos. Williams, colored, and Andrew Andrews were charged with being drunk, and fined $10 each.

R. Roach, charged with firing a gun in the public thoroughfare, was fined $10.

Charles O'Leary, charged with committing a nuisance on the banquette, was fined $10.

Ann Bayley, Ellen O'Meilly and Mary Walsh were all arraigned, charged with being drunk. They were fined $5 each and required to give $500 bonds, or the alternative of ninety days' imprisonment.

Robert Bush, Timothy Johnson, colored, and Thos. Sullivan, charged with being drunk were fined $5 each.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT.—In this court yesterday, the case of certain parties who had been the worst for informality, was renewed. Messrs. Chandebois and Tully, counsel for Dave Whitney, Dan Tay or and William Peters, again brought their clients before the court. These parties, known to the police, it was alleged, as professional thieves, it was contended by counsel were illegally held in custody, because the vagrant act was unconstitutional, and because, admitting its constitutionality, the manner of compelling the dangerous and suspicious characters," was not within the jurisdiction of a recorder. The question as to the constitutionality of the act was decided against the applicants, but as to the power of the recorder, Judge Lemannon decided that when a party, as in this case, was accused of confirmed vagrancy, he who was so accused was subject to the penalty of hard labor for three years, or less, to the period of six months, and he could only be sentenced by the criminal court, after a jury trial, to such punishment.

The question as to the right of Recorder Abbott to exercise magisterial jurisdiction, in consequence of his want of commission from the Governor, was touched upon.

Judge Lemannon adjudged that the question could not be decided in this manner; that upon an application for a writ of *habeas corpus*, the judication must confine itself to the parties interested, and that the parties interested in questioning the right of office in Mr. Ahern, must present themselves in another form than applicants for a writ of *habeas corpus*.

For the respondents, Mr. Alexander Walker was present, and argued all the questions coming up. The attorney general was also present, in anticipation that the question of the eligibility of Recorder Ahern would become a serious question in the issue, but as it was summarily disposed of he took no part in the argument.

The Courts.

Cases Set for Trial This Day.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.

State vs. John Lane.
State vs. Sam Murphy.
State vs. Beauregard Jamison.
State vs. David Maguire.
State vs. Mrs. Hinchey.
State vs. John Merry.
State vs. James Hanly.
State vs. Malvina Garidelle.
State vs. Malvina Garidelle.

SECOND DISTRICT COURT.

James S. Materc vs. A. Tete, testamentary executor—Dufour. Castera.

Mrs. M. Cunnesfaford vs. Jno. Cooney, curator—Budd. E. Hunt.

Alfred Penn vs. Alfred Kearney—Hunt & Denegre. Bright.

Succession of J. Lerethe—Buisson, Jannin. Rosellus & Phillips.

THIRD DISTRICT COURT.

Mr. Ventriss vs. W. R. Hodges—Lacey, Buchanan and Gilmore.

S. Stewart vs. J. Enderlin—Tissot. Davidson.

J. Domingo vs. Union Insurance Co.—Hunt & Bayne. Castera, Lea.

Thiele & Gieler vs. Crutcher & Co—Buchanan & Gilmore. Bradford, Lea & Finney.

M. Mahen vs. H. Avent—Huntington. Emerson & Grow.

Mrs. S. V. Wiltz vs. L. Miltaudon—Collens & Wolcdridge. E. Bermudez.

L. Wiltz vs. L. Miltaudon—Benjamin, Bradford & Finney.

FOURTH DISTRICT COURT.

Babcock & Kernochan vs. J. M. & J. C. Murphy—Hyams & Jonas. Miller & Spofford.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT.

Eugenie George vs. J. Rousseau, her husband—Troin. Drouett.

Emma Hill vs. Bianca Robinson et als.—Earhart & Bergason. Howard.

Monheim Berwin vs. steamship Matanzas et als.—Fillcul. Tatum.

Citizens' Mutual Insurance Company vs. Thomas Murray & Co.—Castera. Semmes & Mott.

Fanny Barnett vs. Joseph Hebert, her husband—Coleman. Redmond.

John T. Grant & Co. vs. Micajah Harris et als.—T. J. & A. G. Semmes. Race, Foster & Merrick, Vavent.

SIXTH DISTRICT COURT.

A. J. Powell vs. Jonas Pickles—Hunt & Denegre. Singleton & Hardie.

J. Coleman & Co. vs. Carondelet Canal, etc.—Durant & Hornor. Dufour.

L. H. Richard vs. C. Welshaar—J. Magne. Tissow.

W. R. Bell vs. A. Brown & Co.—Koontz. Clark & Bayne.

L. Doyle vs. W. Alexander—Singleton & Hardie. T. W. Collins.

F. Linandri vs. Joseph Muchaced—Moyers & Augustin. Bambois & Ducros.

A. Rocheereau & Co. vs. J. Vissea, Jr.—Magne. Drouett.

SUPREME COURT.

State vs. M. Surcke—Attorney General. J Henderson, Jr.

Widow M. Duflessat vs. Chas F. Berens—Dufour. Bernudez, Huntington.

Grieff & Byrne vs. Wm. S. Betterton—W. H. Hunt. Durant & Hornor.

B. Kittredge & Co. vs. Juan Rivas—W. H. Hunt. Durant & Hornor.

John Howard vs. M. Yezer and Timothy Kimball—Lynch. Holland.

Patrick J. Cally vs. Jos. L. Herwig et als.—Dufour, Hewes. Whitaker, Fellows & Mills.

Elizabeth H. Hall vs. J. A. Cartwright—Van Dolson. Eggleston.

J. J. Becker vs. Rosa Smith—Huntington. Castera.

BONES OF THE DODO.—A single foot and an old painting in the British museum, a head in the Ashmolean museum at Oxford—such have been for many years the only evidence on which naturalists have had to rely to prove the existence of that singular extinct bird, the dodo of the Mauritius. On this slight foundation anatomists have built up a superstructure reconstructing the entire bird, wooing the reader, as a German would say, out of the depths of their inner consciousness. It is quite true, as subsequent discoveries have proved, that some of their suggestions were erroneous; thus Professor Owen formerly maintained that the dodo was an enormous wingless vulture. But the more elaborate investigation of Messrs. Strickland and Melville proved that the bird really was a gigantic ground pigeon, doubtless feeding its young with the milky secretion of its crop, like the whole of the columbine birds of the present day. The views of Messrs. Strickland and Melville as to the structure of the dodo have been remarkably borne out by the discovery of a large number of bones of the bird in a small morass in the Mauritius, known as the "Mare aux Songes," which had been drained for agricultural purposes. These bones have been carefully examined, and an elaborate and very valuable paper descriptive of the osteology of the animal was recently read before the zoological society by Professor Owen. In addition to a complete set of the bones retained for the national collection in the British museum, a considerable number of duplicates have been obtained.—[London Newspaper.

DANGER OF CRINOLINE TO COMPASSES.—A steamer, on her passage to Portland, Me., after passing a certain point, shaped her course by the compass as usual, when it was found that she was going astray, by reason of the influence of the iron in the upper course, although the compass was of the best kind, and had never before failed them. Two or three of the officers of the boat and a young lady were in the pilot house. Search was made for iron, which might have been carelessly placed near there, as the cause of the difficulty; but none could be found, and the mystery could not be accounted for, until some one shrewdly suggested that perhaps it was the lady's steel hoop-skirt that caused the difficulty, and the whole matter was at once solved by the withdrawal of the lady, when the compass assumed its proper position.

OPTHALMOGRAPHY.—The romantic theory that a murderer may be discovered by the impression of his image left on the retina of the victim's eye, which was put forth a few years ago, and a short time after pronounced a failure, on experiment, is being revived. The Memphis Bulletin says that the body of a man was found lately in Memphis in such a condition as to leave no doubt that he had been murdered. The police, finding no clue, determined on trying photography, and, accordingly, on the day of the murder, with the aid of a microscope, images left on the retina of the eye of the dead were transferred to paper, and curious facts developed. A pistol, the hand and part of the face of the man who committed the crime are perfectly delineated.

Gen. John C. Breckinridge is said to be residing in Canada. A letter from that place says: "Canada is making its work on the place. His hair, which four years ago was black as jet, is now ivory. He is weary of exile, and is anxious to return to home and friends." It is reported that ex-Governor Price, of New Jersey, is going to Washington to intercede for him, and we need only say that the Governor's mission has our best wishes for its success.—[N. Y. Vindicator.

Congress is about deciding that hereafter the head of no living man shall be printed on United States currency. The next important issue will probably bear the head of Surney.

How does a hair dresser end his days? He curls up and dyes.

And a sculptor? He makes faces and busts.

WIFE.—There is no combination of letters in the English language which excites more pleasing and interesting associations in the mind of man than the word wife. It presents to the mind's eye a cheerful companion, a disinterested adviser, a nurse in sickness, a comforter in misfortune, and an ever affectionate companion. It conjures up the image of a lovely woman who cheerfully undertakes to contribute to your happiness, to partake with you the cup of weal or woe which destiny may offer. The word wife is synonymous with the greatest blessing, and we pity the unfortunate wight who is compelled by fate's severe decree to trudge along through life's dull pilgrimage without one.

GEN. WASHINGTON AND GEN. BUTLER.—Gen. Washington was "first in war, first in peace and first in the hearts of his countrymen!"

Gen. Butler was—

First in war, first in peace, and first in the pockets of his countrymen!

TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES

SOUTHERN BANKS MUST BECOME NATIONAL BANKS OR WIND UP.

COLLISION AT SEA AND LOSS OF LIFE.

CANAL ROUND THE NIAGARA FALLS.

MAYOR MONROE AND COLONEL NIXON IN INTERVIEW WITH THE PRESIDENT.

HOME MARKETS—RIVER NEWS

Etc., Etc., Etc.

ST. LOUIS, April 24.—Cotton depressed, under the steamer's news. Flour and wheat quiet and unchanged. Corn easy. Oats steady. Mess pork $27 50. Bacon unchanged. Lard 18½c. Whisky unchanged.

Sixteen hundred and twenty-five bales of cotton passed Cairo last week for Cincinati.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—In a letter to the Finance Committee of the Senate, Secretary McCulloch says it is important that the Southern State banks should have an opportunity to become National banks, otherwise, by the operation of a law of the United States, they will be compelled to wind up after the 1st of July.

NEW YORK, April 24.—The steamer American, from Southampton the 11th, has arrived at quarantine.

The ship Eliza, from New York to Bremen, was run into and sunk off Portland, England, and all hands except one man perished.

LIVERPOOL, April 11.—The cotton market is dull and irregular, owing to the Fenian difficulties and excessive receipts.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The House had under consideration to-day a joint resolution to construct a ship canal around the Falls of Niagara.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—Messrs. Monroe and Nixon had an interview with the President to-day.

VICKSBURG, April 23.—Passed up—Louisiana at 10 last night, J. F. Groesbeck at 11 A. M.

Passed down—Baltic at 12 M., Eagle at 5 P. M., Vicksburg at 7 P. M.

River stationary.

LOUISVILLE, April 24.—Tobacco—sales 149 hhds. of leaf at unchanged prices. Flour—superfine $7 25. Corn 73c. Oats 44c. Mess pork $26 75. Bacon—shoulders 12½c.; clear sides 16½c. Prime lard 18½c. Raw whisky $2 22.

CINCINNATI, April 24.—Flour—superfine $8. Wheat firm at $2 25@$2 50. Corn firm at 56c. Oates 45c. Whisky $2 22. Mess pork $26 50. Lard 18¾c. Bacon 12¼@16¼c.

NEW YORK, April 24.—Cotton closed dull and heavy at 38c. Flour advanced 10c. Whisky quiet at $2 27. Wheat advanced 3c. Coffee and Sugar dull; Havana 12¼. Molasses dull; sales 110 bbls.; Cuba 44c. Mess Pork $26 43¾. Lard 19½c. Money quiet at 5 ⅌ cent. Sterling Exchange dull at 107¾. Gold 126¾. Government Stocks active and decidedly firmer.

[From Yesterday's Evening Papers.]

NEW YORK, April 24.—By an arrival this morning we have European advices to the 11th inst.

LIVERPOOL, April 10.—The sales of cotton Monday and Tuesday were 500 bales at a decline of one penny.

LONDON, April 10.—U. S. 5-20's 71¼@72¼. Consols 86¼@86¾.

The German difficulty looks worse.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The Senate has passed a bill for the better organization of the pay department of the navy.

NEW YORK, April 24.—Tendeathe have occurred on board the hospital ship Falcon, from cholera. Seventy-three cases are on board the hospital ship.

The Post's special says the ways and means committee expect to report their tax bill to-day. The tax on cotton remains five cents per pound, and on whisky two dollars per gallon.

The Commercial's special says indications are that the Tennessee members will soon be admitted to Congress.

Mr. Seward has sent important instructions to our minister at Vienna, regarding the sending of Austrian troops to aid Maximilian. A strong protest against such action will be made.

LOUISVILLE, April 24, 12 M.—We have as yet received no regular morning telegraphic press report, the eastern wires being interrupted between Buffalo and Cleveland.

Cool Correspondence.

The subjoined letter is about as amusing a case of effrontery, considering the circumstances, as ever met our eyes:

AT HOME, April 16, 1866.

Dr. C. Ward, Editor Iberville South:

While our army, just after the return from Pennsylvania, was encamped in the neighborhood of Orange Court House, Virginia, I became acquainted with an old gentleman living on the banks of the Rapidan river, a mile or two from the camp, whom I shall call Mr. S. One evening when I happened to be at his house, he approached where I was sitting on the gallery, having in his hand an official-looking document which he said he wished to show me. After I had finished reading