MEDICAL.

SCHENCK'S SEA-WEED TONIC,

—AND—

MANDRAKE PILLS.

The Sea-Weed Tonic is a Stimulant,

AND NONE OTHER IS REQUIRED WHEN IT IS USED.

IT IS PURE AND PLEASANT.

NO BAD EFFECTS LIKE WHEN USING BOURBON WHISKY,

WHICH DISORDERS THE STOMACH, STOPPES THE LIVER, LOCKS UP ALL THE SECRETIONS, TURNS THE BLOOD INTO WATER, DROPSY SETS IN, AND THE PATIENT DIES SUDDENLY.

THE SEA-WEED TONIC PRODUCES

LASTING RESULTS.

THOROUGHLY INVIGORATING THE STOMACH AND DIGESTIVE ORGANS, AND ENABLING IT TO ASSIMILATE AND MAKE INTO HEALTHY BLOOD THE FOOD WHICH MAY BE USED FOR THAT PURPOSE.

IT IS SO WONDERFUL IN ITS EFFECTS

—THAT—

A Wine Glass Full will Digest a Hearty Meal,

AND A LITTLE OF IT TAKEN BEFORE BREAKFAST

WILL GIVE A

TONE TO THE STOMACH

WHICH FEW MEDICINES POSSESS THE POWER OF DOING.

The MANDRAKE PILLS may be taken with entire safety by all ages and conditions, producing all the good results that can be obtained from Calomel or any other Mercurial Medicine, and without any of their hurtful or injurious results. They carry out of the system the foulest and worst humors, loosened and dissolved by my SEA-WEED TONIC.

Dr. Samuel Gilbert's Preparations.

DR. SAMUEL GILBERT, so celebrated as having had, for the last twenty-five years, in the treatment of

CHRONIC DISEASES,

the most lucrative Medical Practice in the South, has at last consented to allow several of his most esteemed remedies to be prepared and sold as proprietary medicines. This resolution has been strengthened by the repeated solicitations of those who have experienced the benefit of his remarkable professional skill, and by the impossibility of giving especial attention to each of the written applications made to him for prescriptions by those whose pecuniary circumstances, or business habits produce the possibility of applying in person to him.

The Public

May rest assured that the manufacturers spare neither pains nor expense in the preparation of these remedies. They are made of the very best medicines known, in a highly concentrated form, upon strictly scientific principles.

Dr. Samuel Gilbert's General Alterative

Acts directly upon the Glands and Mucous Membranes—stimulating them to additional activity in their natural functions of eliminating from the Circulating Fluids the usual Effete (and in disease, Morbid) Matters, and expelling them through the Skin, Kidneys, Liver, and Alimentary Canal from the System. It is, therefore, adapted for the relief of Chronic Diseases affecting these organs, and of the mucous membranes lining them, such as

ERUPTIONS, TETTER, ULCERS, SCROFULA, JAUNDICE, GOITER,

CHRONIC INFLAMATION OF BLADDER AND UTERUS, ETC

It is particularly useful in

SUPPRESSED MENSURATION,

HEREDITARY TAINTS, SYPHILIS

And maladies arising from long continued use of Calomel, Blue Mass, Corrosive Sublimate, Fowler's Solution, Donovan's Solution, and other preparations of Mercury and Arsenic.

Dr. Samuel Gilbert's Tetter Ointment

Is a most excellent preparation for the cure of that class of maladies usually termed

DISEASES OF THE SKIN,

and which are popularly know as

CHRONIC ERUPTIONS, TETTER, PIMPLES, BLISTERS, SCABS, SCALD-HEAD, MILK-CRUST, RINGWORM, ETC., ETC.

It will also kill ITCH and other local vermin which prey upon the Skin. It softens and detaches the excrementitious matters deposited upon the skin; heals the Cracks, Blisters and Pimples, and renders the cutaneous surface smooth and pliable. It has been used by Dr. GILBERT, with most satisfactory result, for many years. It is offered for sale, in this style, from the firm conviction that it must necessarily meet with the hearty approbation of those who make use of it.

Full directions for the method of using these remedies, a plain and accurate description of a number of the different varieties of Skin Disease and many valuable suggestions in regard to their cure, will be found printed on circular accompanying each package. These suggestions are the fruit of most ample experience acquired by Dr. Samuel Gilbert during his extraordinary professional career in the treatment of this class of diseases in the cities of Memphis, New Orleans and New York; and will, it is expected, enable most unprofessional persons to treat their own cases with much greater success than that which usually falls to the lot of ordinary physicians.

Dr. Larookah's Sarsaparilla Compound,

For the Speedy and Permanent Cure of

Silver Complaint, Scrofula, or Kings' Evil, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Neuralgia, Epilepsy, Erysipelas, St. Anthony's Fire, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Salt Rheum, Ulcers and Sores, Rheumatism, Pain in the Stomach, Side and Bowels, General Debility, Uterine Ulceration, Syphilis

—And—

MERCURIL DISEASE,

And all Complaints arising from or resulting in

IMPURE BLOOD.

It is double the strength of any other Sarsaparilla Compound o the market, and is indorsed by the Medical Faculty as the

BEST AND CHEAPEST BLOOD PURIFIER & TANT.

Read the following commendation from Dr. Abbott, of Boston, widely known as one of the most successful practitioners in the country:

BOSTON, Dec. 6, 1865.

DR. R. R. KNIGHTS, MELROSE, MASSACHUSETTS—Dear Sir—I have used Dr. Larookah's Sarsaparilla Compound in my practice for several years, and after a careful observation of its effects, I do not hesitate to say that it is, in my opinion, the SUREST, SAFEST and CHEAPEST REMEDY for SCROFULOUS and SYPHILITIC DISEASES that has ever been made available to the medical profession. Fraternally yours, S. V. ABBOTT, M. D.

Price, $1 00 per Bottle.

—Prepared by—

DR. R. R. KNIGHTS, CHEMIST, MELROSE, MASS.

DR. LAROOKAH'S

Indian Vegetable Pulmonic Syrup,

Cures Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Croup, Asthma, Catarrh, Bronchitis, Pain in the Side, Night Sweats, Hoarseness, to which Public Speakers and Singers are liable, Consumption in its early stages and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Indorsed by the highest medical authority, clergymen of every denomination, authors, editors, professors in our various colleges and by many of our most eminent public men.

Containing no opium, it is adapted to every age, and may be used without fear of the dangerous results which follow the use of many of the Cough Preparations of which opium and soac are the base.

Letter from Hon. G. W. Gooch, Member of Congress from Massachusetts:

DR. R. R. KNIGHTS—Dear Sir—I have used Dr. Larookah's Syrup in my family for six years, and have found it an excellent remedy for Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat and all Consumptive Complaints, etc. I have recommended it to several friends, who have received great benefit from its use.

GIVE IT A TRIAL.

Price 50 cents and $1 per Bottle.

DR. R. R. KNIGHTS, Proprietor, Melrose, Massachusetts

DEMAS, BARNES &CO., New York.

BARNES, WARD & CO., New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT.

THE CRESCENT IS PUBLISHED DAILY (Sundays Excepted) AND WEEKLY, BY J. O. NIXON, No. 94 CAMP STREET. TERMS—DAILY, $16; WEEKLY, $5 PER YEAR.

VOLUME XV. WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 18, 1866. NUMBER 287.

The New Orleans Crescent

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J. O. NIXON, Proprietor.

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No. 94 CAMP STREET,

Between Natchez and Toulouse, New Orleans.

New Orleans Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL

—OF—

THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 18, 1866.

Local Intelligence.

Funeral of Lieut. Grivot.

The funeral of Lieut. William Paul Grivot, First Louisiana Regular Infantry, who died in Georgia, of wounds received at the battle of Jonesboro, will take place from the residence of his father, Gen. Maurice Grivot, on Poyfarre street, this afternoon. Lieut. Grivot was a worthy scion of a noble stock. His remains have been brought here for sepulture with the ashes of his kindred. He was brave, and to the last faithfully devoted. He was of that stamp who are an honor to their country, to their race, and to their family, and it is sad to think how many such gallant spirits we have lost.

The Office of the Recorder of the First District.

Notwithstanding the frequent notices of the press of the disgusting condition of the office of the recorder of the First District, we fail to see any disposition on the part of the city authorities to make a change. The room altogether is badly arranged, the matting is offensively filthy, and the gas light for night business is entirely insufficient. It is to be hoped that those whose duty it is to see to the matter will no longer defer the steps needful to put the room in a decent condition.

Fire.

A fire broke out about half-past 9 A. M. yesterday, in the upper story of Mr. Henry Nolting's extensive bakery, corner of Elysian Fields and Casacalva streets, in the Third District, which, but for the prompt and strenuous efforts of our gallant fire boys, would have proved a disastrous conflagration. Undeterred by calls of business or the intense heat of the weather, these devoted, self-sacrificing men were on hand with even more than their usual alacrity, for Mr. Nolting has been for many years an active and zealous member of their association.

Crescent hand engine No. 14, we are reliably informed, put on the first water, whilst Creole steam engine was run out of her house, had steam up, and poured a resistless stream on the flames within 64 minutes of the first signal. Lieutenants Jacobs and Ehehan, of the police, were present and with the co-operation of their men, prevented plunder and disorder. Firemen and policemen worked so well together, that what had every appearance of becoming a destructive fire was subdued and quenched in fifteen or twenty minutes. If the bakery had been burned the citizens of the lower part of town would have been put to great inconvenience.

The loss is estimated at $1800.

Inquests by the Coroner.

Coroner Delery yesterday held the following inquests:

On the body of John Shannon, aged 33 years, born in Ireland, at the corner of Fourth and Chestnut streets. Verdict: Died of apoplexy.

On the body of a still born infant of Mrs. Margaret Malone, at 132 Thalia street. Verdict in accordance with facts.

Also on the body of a still born colored infant, on Morales street, between Piety and Desire streets. Name of parents not given. Verdict in accordance.

Accident.

Thomas Wheelahan, employed in the ice house of Mr. J. K. Warner, on Victory street, fell accidentally from the second story of the building yesterday afternoon, and was severely wounded. He was taken to his residence, and immediately received medical treatment.

Burglary.

The residence of General Harry T. Hays was feloniously entered on Monday night, and robbed of a meerschaum pipe, a hundred and fifty dollars in money, a gold watch and a hat.

Board of Aldermen.

This board met last evening, pursuant to adjournment, Mr. Bosworth, president, in the chair, and six members present.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The Board of Assistant Aldermen, by communication, invited this board to meet them in joint session at 8 o'clock. Accepted.

The resignation of Major Bosworth, as porter of the City Hall, was accepted.

A resolution authorizing the vestry of St. John's Church to establish a cemetery on the square bounded by Canal, Anthony, Bernadotte and Customhouse streets. Concurred in.

A resolution granting permission to J. B. Judin, No. 86 Hospital street, to continue his distillery on his premises. Referred to committee on streets and landings.

A resolution authorizing the assistant city attorney to compromise the claims of the ex-sheriff and present sheriff of the parish at his discretion. Concurred in.

An ordinance relative to driving of animals and vehicles on the levee in front of the city. Referred to committee on streets and landings.

A resolution authorizing the mayor to enter into contract with Henry Rileman principal, and Francis Martin and Charles E. Eager securities, for building the steamboat wharves in the First District, at $41 per superficial square of wharf complete, $8 per superficial square of wharves raised and stripped, and $7 50 per running foot of rivetment complete. Concurred in.

A resolution granting permission to Nicholson & Co., to erect a steam machine and blacksmith shop, on the square bounded by Carondelet, Baronne, Eighth and Ninth streets. Concurred in.

A resolution granting permission to G. J. Guilia to erect a steam mill on the corner of Claiborne and Orleans streets. Concurred in.

The Board of Assistants, by message, asked concurrence in the following:

A resolution authorizing the street commissioner to put in good repair the shell road from the lake end of the Pontchartrain Railroad and the Bayou St. John. Referred to committee on streets and landings.

An ordinance to license the vending of lottery tickets in the city of New Orleans. Referred to committee on finance.

An ordinance providing for the sale of the right of way to establish railroads on Claiborne and other streets. Referred to committee on streets and landings.

A resolution authorizing the mayor to cancel a mortgage given in favor of the city to secure the payment of a note by E. Boulin, amounting to $6220—said note having been paid. Concurred in.

A resolution, granting permission to P. Bizot to erect a small steam engine on his premises, at the head of the Old Basin, in the Second District. Concurred in.

A resolution, granting permission to Patrick Cosgrove to erect a blacksmith shop and forge on his premises, on Claiborne street, between St. Louis and Toulouse streets. Concurred in.

A resolution, approving the contract for collecting dues at the Second District vegetable market. Concurred in.

A resolution authorizing the controller to sell the contract for building a foot bridge across Bayou St. John. Concurred in.

A resolution authorizing the surveyor to put the public squares in good order. Concurred in.

A resolution directing the street commissioner to repair Delord street from Liberty to Claiborne streets. Referred to the committee on streets and landings.

A resolution authorizing the controller to sell the contract for shelling First street from the Levee to Magazine street, and Eighth street from Apollo to Magazine street. Referred to the committee on streets and landings.

It being now 8 o'clock, the board proceeded to meet the Board of Assistants in joint session. On the return of the board—

A petition was taken up from oyster dealers in relation to the ordinance permitting the sale of oysters during certain seasons and asking that they be allowed to sell all the year round. Referred to committee on streets and landings.

Mr. Clark offered an ordinance defining the time that the payment of taxes past due shall be delayed. Adopted.

The Board of Assistants asked concurrence in a resolution granting a leave of absence to the city attorney. Concurred in.

The finance committee reported as follows:

Favorably, by resolution, on the petition of Jose Santo Domingo for the sum of $360, for a portion of ground taken from him by the city at the corner of Schdelle and London Avenue. The resolution was adopted.

The petition of Louis A. Parmela and Thomas Wiltz, heirs of Theophite Wiltz, deceased, for the sum of $384 08, claimed as balance due him for services rendered as city assessor in 1862. Adversely.

Favorably on the resolution that the mayor be authorized to purchase of Messrs. J. B. Walton & Deslonde, acting for the president of the Carrollton Railroad Company, a portion of ground situated on Poydras street, in front of Poydras market, for $10,000, half cash. Concurred in.

Favorably, by substitute, on the resolution authorizing the mayor to secure the services of Chas. O'Connor, Esq., to defend the interests of the city before the United States Supreme Court, in the case of the New York Steamship Company vs. the City of New Orleans. The substitute was adopted and sent to the Board of Assistants for concurrence.

Favorably, by resolution, on the petition of St. Anna Asylum, appropriating $500. The resolution was adopted and sent to the Board of Assistants for concurrence.

Favorably on the resolution approving of the adjudication of the contract of Wm. Lowry & Co. for 150,000 barrels of gravel, at 53¾ per barrel. Concurred in.

Favorably, by substitute, on the resolution empowering the controller to pay three outstanding notes given for a lot of ground on Erato street. The substitute was adopted.

The committee on streets and landings reported as follows:

Favorably on the resolution authorizing the sale of a contract for building an extension to Poydras Market. The resolution was concurred in.

Favorably on the resolution authorizing the adjudication of the contract with the N. O. Gas Co. Laid over to next meeting.

Favorably on the resolution to pay Wm. Barcher $150 for a windlass and wrench taken from him by the city. The resolution was concurred in.

Unfavorably on the resolution to authorize Philip Drumm to continue running the Fourth District ferry to the expiration of a contract.

Favorably on the resolution granting permission to Widow Castillo to build a portly wood house on Hospital street, between Bourbon and Dauphine streets. The resolution was concurred in.

Unfavorably on the resolution for paying $490 to F. Borges for ballast taken from him by the city.

The Board of Assistants, by message, asked concurrence in the following resolution:

Resolved, That in compliance with section No. 124 of the city charter, the following estimate of liabilities and the expenditures of the city of New Orleans, for the six months ending December 31, 1866, be and the same is hereby adopted, to wit:

BUDGET OF PROBABLE RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDING DECEMBER 31, 1866.

EXPENDITURES.

For support of Orphans and destitute	$12,000
For support of small pox patients	3,000
For burial of indigent and conveyance of poor	1,500
For Street Commissioner's estimate	1,000
For Cemeteries of Fourth District	500
For Lafayette Cemetery	900
For Board of Public Instruction for four months, beginning in September	80,000
For contingencies	500
For Canal bridges, per Surveyor's estimate	17,000
For City Library	1,000
For City Park	1,500
For contingent	2,500
For City Hall, repairs and supplies	20,000
For contingent	64,000
For City Water Works, for laying the 30 inch pipe, etc	12,000
For City Prisons	12,000
For Courts	8,000
For Drainage, per Surveyor's estimate	13,000
For Elections	5,000
For Fire Alarm Telegraph	2,000
For Metallic Compounds	46,000
For Boys' House of Refuge	8,000
For Girls' House of Refuge	8,000
For Interest Account	13,000
For Interest on Taxes of 1862—'63—'64	10,000
For Insane asylum	7,000
For Judgments	40,000
For Jury Service	10,000
For Law Charges	10,000
For Lighting, per Street Commissioner's estimate	90,000
For Markets, repairing, etc	45,000
For Opening of Streets, Street Commissioner's est	40,000
For Public Squares, Surveyor's estimate	12,000
For Rounds, First, Second, Third and Fourth ($1800 ea.	24,000
For Building and Repairs, etc	14,000
For Paving, per Street Commissioner's estimate	250,000
For Police	250,000
For Police Stations—First, Second, Third and Fourth Districts—$11,000 each	44,000
For Printing	3,000
For Powder House	1,000
For Reimbursement of Taxes	80,000
For Subsidies	100,000
For Sculleery	4,000
For street, per Street Commissioner's est	300,000
For Workhouse	15,000
For Wharves and Levees, per Surveyor's est	480,000
Total Expenditures	$2,222,500

RECEIPTS.

To Harbor Property	$100,000
To Stalls	1,500
To Omnibus Carriages	1,000
To Coffee Houses	80,000
To Cemeteries	3,000
To City Taxes in Arrears	180,000
To Drays and Carts	10,000
To Family Groceries	5,000
To Auctioneers and Brokers	1,000
To Ground Rents	4,000
To Hotels and Boarding Houses	1,000
To Royal House of Refuge	4,000
To Interest	12,000
To Levee Dues	3,000
To Market Stalls	2,000
To Merchants	40,000
To Note Receivable	125,000
To Oyster Houses	1,000
To Peddlers	1,000
To Private Carriages	5,000
To Recorders' Courts	9,000
To Trucks and Two horse Wagons	4,000
To Public Pounds	2,000
To Workhouse	5,000
Total Receipts	$567,000
To Balance of Cash on hand July 1st per Treasurer's Report	$ 28,718 30
Total amount of Cash and Receipts	$625,718 30
Deficit	566,481 70

The resolution was concurred in. The board then adjourned, to meet next Friday evening, at 7 o'clock.

Board of Assistant Aldermen.

This board was in regular session last evening Mr. McCulloch in the chair.

The mayor communicated with the board on the following subjects:

Inclosing a petition from Mr. C. Waters, for payment for paving stones taken by the city in October, 1862. Referred to the committee on streets and landings.

Transmitting an application from Judge Ogden, city attorney, for leave of absence for three weeks. Granted.

Forwarding the resignation of Mr. George W. Race as member of the Board of Commissioners of the House of Refuge.

A message was also received from the mayor stating that Mrs. Mumford, whose husband, W. B. Mumford, was executed by order of Gen. Butler, had applied for relief for herself and her orphan children, and recommending an appropriation to her.

Mr. Kaiser moved that the petition be referred to the finance committee.

Mr. Patsley moved that an appropriation of five hundred dollars be made to the lady.

Mr. Montamat objected. If it was for a charitable institution he would not object. But there were many widows in the city needing relief and who were as much entitled to it as Mrs. Mumford.

Mr. Paisley—There would be no objection if the appropriation was for brandy and cigars for the bogus convention. An appropriation for that purpose would meet with no objection from the gentleman.

Mr. Montamat desired to know if the gentleman intended anything personal to him. He is all the time slapping at me. I'll stand it no longer. I am as good a man as he is, and a d—n sight better, and he can get anything out of me he wants, in any manner or form he wants it.

The chair directed Mr. Montamat to take his seat as being out of order, and he did so, but continued muttering in a very excited manner.

The motion for a reference of the mayor's communication to the finance committee, was then put and carried.

The treasurer's weekly statement showed a balance on hand of $29,235.

A warm debate sprung up between Mr. Goldmann and Mr. Prague, chairman of the committee on streets and landings, Mr. Goldmann charging the chairman of the committee with behaving unjustly to the laborers employed by the commissioner, in refusing to approve the pay roll of the commissioner, and Mr. Prague replying that his approval had been withheld because the street commissioner had transcended his powers in undertaking work he was not authorized to do. The matter was settled by the chairman of the committee on streets and landings being directed to approve the pay roll, and the appointment of a special committee to examine the roll and report how far the commissioner had exceeded his authority.

ELECTION OF SCHOOL DIRECTORS.

The Board of Aldermen entered and a joint session was held and the following citizens were chosen directors of the public schools:

First District.—Thomas L. Macon, Thomas H. Shields, Robert Hare, James McConnell, Tim O'Neal and Edward C. Kelley.

Second District.—Antonio Sambola, Louis Prados, Paul W. Collens, M. A. Baker, Jules Benit and George Cronan.

Third District.—Edward Bermudez, J. J. F. Masseco, T. F. Thieneman, J. B. Leete, Charles W. Culbertson and Dave Stickney.

Fourth District.—James Brewer, Dr. M. Dowler, Robert Huyghe, W. S. Mount, J. G. Parham and Dr. Zeander.

For Keeper of the City Hall, W. H. Toler was chosen.

For commissioner of the House of Refuge, in place of Mr. Race, Mr. F. W. Delesdernier was chosen.

The budget, which will be found in the proceedings of the other board, having been read, Mr. Higginbotham, in behalf of the finance committee, explained that the great deficit was owing to three unusual expenditures; first, $600,000, under an act of the legislature, were to be returned to tax payers; second, interest to be returned amounted to $120,000, and third, the estimate of the survey for repairing and rebuilding wharves was $480,000, making a total of $1,200,000 beyond the usual outlay.

The budget was adopted.

A communication from the city attorney, questioning if the writ taken out by Recorder Vennard to enjoin the board from impeaching him, was not properly issued, in accordance with law, and recommending that the committee charged with drawing articles of impeachment, before formally preferring charges against the recorder, should hear all the evidence, including that which may be presented for the defense. The communication was referred to the special committee, with power to make the inquest recommended.

Resolutions from the Board of Aldermen were received as follows:

For the improvement of Liberty street, between Josephine and Jackson, etc. Concurred in.

For the building of one hundred vaults in Lafayette cemetery No. 2, and the fencing of the cemetery. Concurred in.

In relation to the improvement of McCarthy square. Referred to the committee on streets and landings.

An amendment to the ordinance defining the urban and suburban limits of the city, coming back from the upper board with an amendment relative to the Third District, the delegation from that district were appointed a committee of conference.

A resolution from the other board appropriating $500 for the relief of the St. Ann Asylum, was concurred in.

A communication from Recorder Vennard was read, complaining that he had not been allowed an opportunity of defending himself from the charges made against him, alleging that the city controller had made those charges upon newspaper reports, and claiming that he was innocent of the accusations made against him.

Mr. Kaiser was astonished at this communication. The committee had by the appointment of Mr. Vennard held the examination on a certain day, and every opportunity was afforded him to exculpate himself by any proof he might have to offer. It was false that he had been denied a chance to defend himself. The investigation had been delayed three weeks to allow him to bring forward his proof.

Mr. Montamat argued that the proceedings of the committee had not been regular.

Mr. Cummings, from the committee on fire, submitted an ordinance providing for the farming to the Firemen's Charitable Association the extinguishment of fires in the city for five years, from December next, the association to supply all the apparatus and labor necessary, and to receive as compensation for its services the sum of $133,000 per annum, payable monthly. The ordinance was referred to the fire and finance committees of both boards, with power to act.

The board then adjourned to this evening, at half-past eight o'clock.

Board of Health.

This board held its regular weekly meeting last evening. Present—Dr. Smith, in the chair; Dr. Austin, Dr. Foster, Mr. Pennington and Mr. McCord.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed.

The president laid before the board a communication from Dr. White, quarantine physician at the Atchafalaya station, asking for instructions as to the prevention of the introduction of cholera and yellow fever. He had written to inform Dr. White that he knew of no law or regulation at present existing authorizing such action. He presumed that Dr. White had been led to the point by the passage of a law in Congress upon the subject, or by the introduction of a section upon it in the proposed health ordinance.

The action of the president was approved.

The president also laid before the board a similar communication from Dr. McKelvey, quarantine physician at the Mississippi station, and his reply to the same effect. His action was approved.

The other business done was not of general interest. Adjourned.

The Recorders' Courts.

FIRST DISTRICT.—James Duane, lieutenant of police of the Fourth District, was yesterday arraigned before Acting Recorder Moore, charged with embezzling some fifty odd dollars, the property of Marx Schonberg, which money it is alleged came into his hands officially, when he was a police officer.

Babe alias Nicholas Nash, colored, arrested on suspicion of having stolen a gold watch found in his possession, was discharged.

The prosecution against Cyprien Pouliadie, accused of selling, without authority, a horse and buggy, the property of Mr. H. A. Harding, master painter on Girod street, was dismissed by request of Mr. Harding, who states that he has discovered that Pouliadie, at the time the act was committed, was not in a condition to be responsible for his conduct.

Jeff Collins, colored, accused by John Bazile, colored, of larceny, was discharged.

Thomas Donnelly, charged with stealing five bags of cotton, valued at $20, from on board the steamer Grey Eagle, was discharged.

A like charge of cotton pilferage against Peter Crosby and Thomas McGinn, was dismissed.

SECOND DISTRICT.—E. Guillotte, for being drunk and kicking up a row, was sent to the workhouse for twenty days.

Thomas Dorgan, Wm. Brown and Chas. O'Bielley, charged by John Rodriguez with stabbing him with a knife, on board the schooner Robert Peel, were remanded to the parish prison to await an examination.

Mary Scott and John Hally, who indulged in a bit of a fight on Dauphine street, and for resisting the officer when he attempted to arrest them, were fined $10, or in default, to go to the parish prison for fifteen days.

James Little, a darkey, who made his bed on the levee, in violation of certain ordinances made and provided, was sent to the workhouse for thirty days.

Annie Waters, charged with stealing a lot of wearing apparel from Eugenie Puson, gave $150 bond to appear and answer to the charge when called upon.

George Washington, colored, was sent to the workhouse for ninety days for being a vagrant.

Mary Thompson and Mary Clark, a couple of street walkers, were sent to the workhouse for thirty days.

Philip Speikler, charged with robbing Albert Bristch, was remanded to prison to await examination.

Mary Short and Mary Bristin were held in bonds of $200 each, to appear and explain a charge of larceny.

THIRD DISTRICT.—Philip Clark, charged with assault and battery, was held in bail to answer.

Jefferson Edwards, a case of chronic drunk, was allowed to choose between paying $5 or going to the parish prison for five days.

Kate Shaw, charged with cutting M. Lardner with intent to murder, was remanded to await further examination.

D. Willis, charged with assault and battery, was also held to answer when called upon.

Louis Grass, who assaulted Mrs. Grass, was made a member of the peace society.

Mary Frick, who disturbed the peace, was fined $25, or in default ordered to be sent to the parish prison for thirty days.

FOURTH DISTRICT.—Jacob Walker, a case of drunk, sent to the parish prison for five days.

Sam Wilson, alias Buck Sam, a nigger, was sent to the workhouse for sixty days.

NEW BOOKS AT GRESHAM'S.—Our neighbor, Jas. A. Gresham, 92 Camp street, has received a fresh supply of Dr. Craven's book, "Jefferson Davis in Prison," for which the demand continues to be so great. He has also the second volume of "Napoleon's Life of Cæsar," the writings of Bill Arp, (so-called,) "Renan's Lives of the Apostles," "Dove in the Eagle's Nest," Miss Braddon's new novel, "What is this Mystery," Godey's Lady's Book for August, and all the other fresh publications of the day. Gresham's is the place to go for anything and everything in the way of fresh literature.

Mr. I. C. Harris, agent of the Texas Morgan line of steamers, received a dispatch from Galveston, dated 16th inst., stating that the steamers I. C. Harris and Harlan were both detained inside Pass Cavallo bar by a heavy gale of wind from the S. E. In consequence of this delay, the steamship Austin will leave as advertised, on Friday morning, for Galveston, Indianola and Lavaca, instead of the I. C. Harris.

TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES.

Military Aid to Brownlow Against Tennessee Legislators Refused.

GREAT HEAT IN THE NORTH.

NEW YORK CHOLERA REPORTS.

MOTION TO EXPEL ROUSSEAU DEFEATED.

ANOTHER WHIPPING CASE.

MISCELLANEOUS—MARKETS—RIVER NEWS

Etc., Etc., Etc.

[Associated Press Dispatches.]

WASHINGTON, July 17.—The following dispatch was received to-day from Maj. Gen. Thomas:

"NASHVILLE, TENN., July 14.—Lieut. General Grant: Some of the members of the House of Representatives of the Tennessee General Assembly conduct themselves in a very refractory manner, absenting themselves to prevent a quorum, thus obstructing business. The Governor cannot manage them with the means at his disposal, and has applied to me for military assistance. Shall I furnish it? (Signed) G. H. THOMAS,

"Major General Commanding."

The following answer was immediately given:

"WASHINGTON, D. C., July 17.—Gen. Grant will instruct Gen. Thomas that the facts stated in his telegram, do not warrant the interference of the military authorities. The administration of the law and the preservation of peace in Nashville belong properly to the State authorities, and the duty of the United States forces is not to interfere in any way in the controversy between the political authorities of the States, and Gen. Thomas will strictly abstain from any interference with them. (Signed) E. M. STANTON,

Secretary of War."

The secretary of the treasury has appointed to the new office of special commissioner to the revenue David A. Wells, now chairman of the United States revenue commission. The office was created by Congress with the express understanding he was to be appointed. This is the first instance in which a civil office has been created for a particular individual.

WASHINGTON, July 17—*Senate.*—The House bill to revive the grade of general was amended and passed.

In the House, six hours were consumed in consideration of the Rousseau-Grinnell case.

The resolution to expel Rousseau for his assault on Grinnell, was defeated by 72 against 49, which is not two-thirds.

Rousseau will be summoned to the bar of the House, to be censured by the Speaker.

Three gentlemen who were in company with Rousseau when he committed the assault, were declared guilty of violation of privilege, and are to be brought to the bar of the House.

The resolution of the select committee, disapproving of Grinnell's gross language in the debate against Rousseau, was laid on the table.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—There is little doubt that Judge Stansberry, of Ohio, has been tendered the position of attorney general.

Paynter, who is correspondent of the Palladelphia Enquirer and clerk of a committee of the House, was whipped in the Capitol to-day by one Beveridge, whom he is said to have insulted. The House thereupon appointed a committee to investigate the case and report.

The following gentlemen have been selected as members of the commission to revise and codify the statutes of the United States in accordance with the act of Congress recently passed: Caleb Cushing, of Massachusetts, William Johnson, of Ohio, and return J. Meigs, of Washington.

NEW YORK, July 17.—The weather is torrid here and in the principal Northern cities. The mercury marked yesterday 96, to-day 96. Yesterday was the hottest day for ten years; 90 degrees was the highest. There were 25 cases of sun stroke, 13 of which were fatal. There were seven cases of cholera in New York yesterday, and four in Brooklyn. There were a number of deaths from sunstroke in Baltimore and here.

NASHVILLE, July 17.—There was no quorum in the House to-day, fifty members only being present. Mr. Williams, from Carter county, was arrested by the sergeant-at-arms, brought to the House, and is held in close custody. Judge Williams has issued a writ of *habeas corpus* in favor of Williams. A resolution was passed authorizing the arrest of seven more refractory members.

BOSTON, July 17.—A revolution broke out at Gonaives, Hayti, on the 5th, and spread through the adjacent territory. Business was suspended.

HALIFAX, N. S., July 17.—A fire occurred in Charlottestown, Prince Edwards Island, which destroyed one hundred buildings, involving a loss of $250,000.

LOUISVILLE, July 17.—Leaf tobacco; sales 206 hhds. at fully sustained prices, ranging from $36@5. for light lugs to manufacturing leaf. Flour, superfine $6 75; extra family $10. Corn 70c. Oats 44c. Mess Pork $32 75. Bacon shoulders 16½c., sides 21½c. Lard 21c. Whisky $2 25.

CINCINNATI, July 17.—Flour unchanged and nominal. Wheat dull and lower at $1 90 to $2 15. Oats dull and unchanged. Corn and whisky unchanged. Provisions dull. Mess pork, $31. Bulk meats, 15c. to 17½c. for shoulders and sides. Bacon firm. Shoulders, 17c. Sides, 19½c. Clear sides, 21½c. Lard, 19½c. Cotton dull at 34c. Gold, 149½.

NEW YORK, July 17.—U. S. 5-20's coupons of '65, 105½; registered of '61, 109½. Treasury notes 104. Gold closed at 151.

Cotton closed firm, with sales of 1200 bales at 36@36c. Flour dull—Southern lower at $9 75 @$15 75. Wheat dull. Corn closed with an advancing tendency at 83@84c. Pork heavy. Lard and whisky dull. Sugar steady—Muscovado 10¾ @11½c. Coffee firm. Molasses quiet. Naval stores steady—turpentine 79@79c.; rosin $8 50.

VICKSBURG, July 17.—Passed down: Ruth at 6 A. M. and Fashion at 6 P. M. River falling.

SOUTHWEST PASS, July 17.—Arrived in and proceeded up in tow, bark Sandy Hook, from New York. Steamship Morgan went to sea at 4 P. M. Nothing new. Nothing in sight. Weather fine; wind E. by S.

[From Yesterday's Evening Papers.]

WASHINGTON, July 16.—The President has returned the freedmen's bureau bill to the House of Representatives without his signature. He says the legislation it proposes is not consistent with the welfare of the country, and that it falls clearly within the reasons assigned in his veto message of a similar measure in February. He refers to that document for his objections. He says the act now in force will extend to some months beyond the meeting of the next Congress, and if additional legislation be required, Congress can then mature the bill. He opposes it as a class of legislation unwise; as setting up military tribunals which are liable to come in conflict with the civil law, and unnecessary, as the laws of each State protect the person and property alike of white and black. He also objected to it on the score of economy. The acts of violence which are made the pretext of the bill, he contends, are confined to no State or section, but are common throughout the country, and in consequence of the agitation and derangement incident to a long and bloody war. While such occurrences are to be deplored, they furnish no reasons for a continuance of the bureau beyond the time fixed in the original act. The conduct of agents is likewise noted as leading to fraud, corruption and oppression. It further urges as another reason against the necessity of the legislation contemplated by this measure, that reference may be had to the civil rights bill, now a law of the land, and which will be faithfully executed as long as it shall remain unrepealed, and may not be declared unconstitutional by the courts of competent jurisdiction. Its provisions, he declares, furnish full protection to all pers