

NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT

THE CRESCENT IS PUBLISHED DAILY (Sundays Excepted) AND WEEKLY, BY J. O. NIXON, No. 94 CAMP STREET. TERMS—DAILY, \$10; WEEKLY, \$35 PER YEAR.

VOLUME XVI.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 28, 1866.

NUMBER 39.

New Orleans Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL

THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

FRIDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 28, 1866.

Local Intelligence.

Death of Capt. Sam Brewer.

Capt. Sam Brewer died last evening about eight o'clock of cholera. He had been ailing, slightly, for three or four weeks, but continued attending to business as usual. Apparently, as late as eleven o'clock in the morning, yesterday, he was in his usual health, but at eight o'clock he was a corpse.

Capt. Brewer was an attaché of the Crescent office, where, as in every other relation of life, he was highly respected for his many estimable qualities. Through charged with the care of a large family, he was among the first to enter the Confederate service. During the early part of the war he served as a lieutenant in the Seventh Louisiana Regiment, and having been promoted by election, to a captain in the Twenty-second Regiment, he closed his military career only with the surrender of Gen. Taylor, when he returned to civil life, honored by his comrades-in-arms for his courage and exemplary conduct.

Capt. Brewer was as public-spirited in peace as he was valiant and faithful in war. He had been for many years one of the most efficient members of the fire department, and in recognition of his services, as well as in respect to his personal worth as a private citizen, he was elected foreman of that gallant company, Columbia, No. 5, which position he held at the time of his death.

Another Charge Against W. Dreyfus of the Taking Goods by Force. Recorder Aldern, yesterday, issued a warrant against W. Dreyfus, of Shreveport, for obtaining dry goods of the value of twenty-six hundred dollars from the house of Adler & Levy, No. 181 Canal street, and that he was under bonds in the sum of five thousand dollars to appear for examination. We find that a similar charge against Mr. Dreyfus has been made before Recorder Gastinel, and will be examined to-morrow, and the accused, in this case also, has furnished five thousand dollars for his appearance. The report on the streets is that Mr. Dreyfus has purchased goods to the amount of about seventy thousand dollars from various merchants in the city upon the representations alleged in the prosecution instituted against him. The documents in the office of the magistrats do not describe, specifically, the manner in which the alleged fraud was perpetrated, but in private conversation we learn from parties interested, that it will be attempted to be shown that Mr. Dreyfus, who is, and has been, for years in business in Shreveport, represented in making his purchases, which were all on credit, that the goods were intended to be retained in his establishment at Shreveport, but, instead of shipping them to that point he had them auctioned in this city or disposed of otherwise, and immediately realized upon them, which is denied by the merchants, considering themselves aggrieved, evidence of intended fraud.

In the case before Recorder Gastinel, the complainant is Mr. Joseph Melroy, of the house of Taylor, Melroy & Co., No. 73 Canal street. Mr. Melroy avers that the accused, on the 14th inst., purchased from the firm ready made gentlemen's clothing, to the amount of upwards of four thousand dollars, and that he obtained the goods upon credit, by falsely representing that he intended to retain them in the store, and to give a check for the same in Shreveport, and that he had a banking account with the banking house of Pike, Lapeyre & Brother, of this city. Mr. Melroy further affirms that but for these representations having been believed by him, the goods would not have been sold to Mr. Dreyfus on credit; that instead of shipping the goods to Shreveport, he disposed of them "cleanly in the city," and that he had no account whatever with the banking house of Pike, Lapeyre & Brother.

The Courts vs. the Military Authorities. On Monday last an affidavit was made before Recorder Gastinel by police officers Thos. Hogan and S. McGuire, charging Henry Walsh and Geo. Kema, both colored soldiers of the 3rd United States cavalry, with firing three shots at the complainants on the day before, for the purpose of committing murder. The shooting took place on Tremé street, between Conti and Bienville, while the above named officers were on duty, and the accused have since been confined in the Parish Prison.

A question here arose, owing to the fact that the accused were in the military service, whether the civil courts would be allowed to exercise any jurisdiction in the matter—the usage thus far having varied. In order to ascertain definitely the wishes of our military authorities a letter was addressed to the commander of the department, by Recorder Gastinel, in which the above facts were related, and inquiry made as to what should be done with the prisoners. This letter has since been returned to the recorder with the following endorsement:

HEADQUARTERS DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF, New Orleans, 25th Sept., 1866. Respectfully referred to Judge Arthur Gastinel, recorder of the Second District Court, who will please have these notes brought to trial and published in the Crescent. Assistant Adjutant-General. By command of Maj. Gen. P. H. Sheridan: GEORGE LEBLANC, Assistant Adjutant-General.

We presume this settles the matter and that this precedent will henceforth be followed. The case referred to has not been fixed for trial.

Deadly Assault in St. Charles Parish. On Wednesday evening last, Wm. T. Barlett, a former resident of this city, but who, for some months past, has been residing at the Bonnet station, on the Opelousas railroad, was the victim of an assault from which he narrowly escaped with his life. Returning, after midnight, toward the above named village, he was halted by a man named I. B. Tinney, who was mounted upon horseback and who immediately after rode on ahead, and proceeded upon his way some distance, when he was again overtaken by the same party, this time accompanied by a negro of the neighborhood, known as Sam. The latter carried a gun upon his shoulder. Tinney, who is a magistrate of the neighborhood, now demanded his weapons, and commenced, when the latter had delivered up a small knife, to assault him with a sword-cane. His head and arms are still covered with scars, and in one of the latter he received a severe wound. To make a complete thing of the assault he was twice fired at, as he believes, by the party who thus far made the attack. Barlett was finally found in a fainting condition by some of the people of the village, and remained delirious during most of the night. Owing to his weak condition, and to the fact that his assailant is the committing magistrate, so far as he has as yet been made, and the latter, we believe, has not yet been arrested. The negro is not thought to have taken any active part in the difficulty, and both the name of the wounded man are now in the city. The motive of the attack is not known to the party wounded, no words having previously passed between them.

A Citizen Missing.

The police have been notified that a man named Edward Mullins, about fifty-seven years of age, a carpenter by trade, left his home on Thursday last and has not been heard of since. He was suffering from ill health. He is about six feet high, has a fair complexion and grey hair.

A Doubtful Bargain.

Among the distinguished arrivals in our city yesterday, was an eminently colored visitor who, with charming modesty, announces himself to men by the name only of Henry. Henry comes from Ouachita parish, and is now exhibiting in the city for the first time. We regret to have to chronicle the fact that his first introduction to us was made under such circumstances as to perhaps lead him to regard with suspicion his new acquaintances. His exact reason for thinking so, is that immediately upon his landing he was accosted by a stranger of too pleasing address, who soon convinced him that it would be for his interest to exchange his watch for that of his new friend's. What added to the plausibility of the argument was that Henry's watch did not keep time, and the stranger's did. The exchange was made, and would have been so definitely, but a police officer was a witness of the transaction and thought that the matter had better be referred to the authorities at the Second District police station. The most amusing part of the matter was that Henry's watch proved the most worthless of plums, having only a few minutes to spare on the watchman had a license to have goods upon the verge, the matter was dismissed, and the parties left to "trade or travel," as they might deem proper.

Among the Clouds.

Weather prophets who witnessed, yesterday afternoon, the singularly clouded appearance of the heavens, presaged a gathering epicyclonic storm as about to burst upon us of extraordinary fury. And, in truth, the clouds which apparently came up the river and spread over the opposite leveaves were, at times, of a ghastly, yellowish, ominous hue, as to have suggested thoughts of plagues, famines, or any other of the evils which are usually shrouded forth by portents. Nevertheless, these clouds were of very transient origin, and, as we have been informed, from the bursting of one of the Cliftone's canals, several miles below the city, and igniting the surrounding dry grass and bushes.

About sunset, these artificial clouds, finding, perhaps, that the wreck was discovered, had assumed a more benign appearance, and for any one upon the levee who could for the moment look sight of the surrounding lakes and boxes, and look forth upon the picturesque scene of art and nature, the prospect was almost inspiring. Still, we do not think that this is a sufficient excuse for our describing it at length, just at present. The dull line of the city—the yellow and red houses and state roofs, cathedrals, courts, steamboats, shipping, etc., are still there and if the weather to-day is fine, the materials of the same picture will probably keep until this evening at twilight for those who wish to see it.

Fair for the Benefit of the St. Vincent's Home for Boys. A short time since we had occasion to notice an admirable institution, which is being established here by the Society of St. Vincent de Paul, as a home for friendless and destitute boys. The society, notwithstanding the poverty of its present resources, is about to venture upon opening the institution speedily; and to assist the benevolent project, the ladies of the families of members of the society are preparing to give a fair in December next, at Masonic Hall. There are eight conferees of the society already in existence in the city, and the proposed fair may be looked for as one of the finest entertainments of the kind that has ever been given in New Orleans.

Burglary.

Night before last, the old levee kept by Mr. Ouside, at No. 223 1/2 Old Levee street, was burglariously entered by parties yet unknown, and the sum of \$25 and some valuable papers were stolen. All that is further known in the matter is, that the door to the barroom was either unlocked by means of a "nightingale," or that the party who did the stealing was secreted about the premises.

Coroner's Inquests.

The coroner yesterday held inquests upon the following bodies: Upon a colored infant found dead of cholera at 273 Bourbon street. Upon a colored still-born infant found dead at the corner of Tchoupitoulas and Calmes streets.

Mortuary Reports.

The subjoined table presents the deaths from cholera and other diseases, together with a classification, with reference to color, reported to the Board of Health, since the existence of cholera in the city became an established fact. This table does not include the interments from the Marine Hospital, which, being under military control, are not reported to the board. From the 21st of the 8th August the board has no returns from the cemeteries. The first daily report was made to the board on the 21st August. That, and all the succeeding daily reports, show the interments up to 6 o'clock of the morning of the day the report may be dated:

DATE	WHITE	COLORED	TOTAL	INTERMENTS	DEATHS
July 29 to Aug 5	1	1	2	1	1
Aug 6 to 12	1	1	2	1	1
Aug 13 to 19	1	1	2	1	1
Aug 20 to 26	1	1	2	1	1
Aug 27 to 31	1	1	2	1	1
Sept 1 to 7	1	1	2	1	1
Sept 8 to 14	1	1	2	1	1
Sept 15 to 21	1	1	2	1	1
Sept 22 to 28	1	1	2	1	1
Sept 29 to Oct 5	1	1	2	1	1
Oct 6 to 12	1	1	2	1	1
Oct 13 to 19	1	1	2	1	1
Oct 20 to 26	1	1	2	1	1
Oct 27 to 31	1	1	2	1	1
Nov 1 to 7	1	1	2	1	1
Nov 8 to 14	1	1	2	1	1
Nov 15 to 21	1	1	2	1	1
Nov 22 to 28	1	1	2	1	1
Nov 29 to Dec 5	1	1	2	1	1
Dec 6 to 12	1	1	2	1	1
Dec 13 to 19	1	1	2	1	1
Dec 20 to 26	1	1	2	1	1
Dec 27 to 31	1	1	2	1	1
Jan 1 to 7	1	1	2	1	1
Jan 8 to 14	1	1	2	1	1
Jan 15 to 21	1	1	2	1	1
Jan 22 to 28	1	1	2	1	1
Jan 29 to Feb 5	1	1	2	1	1
Feb 6 to 12	1	1	2	1	1
Feb 13 to 19	1	1	2	1	1
Feb 20 to 26	1	1	2	1	1
Feb 27 to 31	1	1	2	1	1
Mar 1 to 7	1	1	2	1	1
Mar 8 to 14	1	1	2	1	1
Mar 15 to 21	1	1	2	1	1
Mar 22 to 28	1	1	2	1	1
Mar 29 to Apr 5	1	1	2	1	1
Apr 6 to 12	1	1	2	1	1
Apr 13 to 19	1	1	2	1	1
Apr 20 to 26	1	1	2	1	1
Apr 27 to 31	1	1	2	1	1
May 1 to 7	1	1	2	1	1
May 8 to 14	1	1	2	1	1
May 15 to 21	1	1	2	1	1
May 22 to 28	1	1	2	1	1
May 29 to Jun 5	1	1	2	1	1
Jun 6 to 12	1	1	2	1	1
Jun 13 to 19	1	1	2	1	1
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