The New Orleans Crescent

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Orders attended to with dispatch

Prices reasonable

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No. 94 CAMP STREET,

Between Natchez and Poydras, New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT.

THE CRESCENT IS PUBLISHED DAILY (Sundays Excepted) AND WEEKLY, BY J. O. NIXON, No. 94 CAMP STREET. TERMS—DAILY, $16; WEEKLY, $5 PER YEAR.

VOLUME XVI. TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 2, 1866. NUMBER 42.

Dry Goods! Dry Goods!

GREAT OPENING OF A NEW STORE,

—BY—

PEPIN & TURCOTTE,

131.....CANAL STREET.....131

TOURO BUILDING, BETWEEN ROYAL AND BOURBON

On Thursday, Sept. 27th.

A LARGE AND MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF FANCY

DRY GOODS,

Directly Imported from France, England and Germany.

—ALSO—

A LARGE STOCK OF DOMESTIC GOODS,

For Families and Plantations, is offered at MUCH REDUCED PRICES.

The attention of Ladies is specially called to our splendid assortment of

SHAWLS,
SILK, CASHMERE AND CLOTH CLOAKS;
BASQUINES, PEPLUMS, JACKETS, Etc.,
Of the Latest Parisian Style.
Rich Chuty Trimmed BODIES, SLEEVES, COLLARS,
INFANT ROBES, MARSEILLES DRESSES,
EVENING GOWNS, Etc.,
SILKS, POULARDS, CASHMERES,
MERINOES, POPLINS, BIARRITZ,
LINOS, SULTANAS, BRILLIANTS,
PIQUES, PRINTED PERCALS,
BALMORALS AND EMPRESS SKIRTS,
LACE, VEILS, RIBBONS,
TRIMMINGS, LINENS,
TULLES, HOSIERIES,
Etc., Etc., Etc.

Prepared Oil

—OF—

PALM AND MACE

—FOR—

RESTORING, PRESERVING,

—AND—

BEAUTIFYING THE HAIR,

And is the most delighted and wonderful article the world ever produced.

The Proprietor has devoted both time and attention in combining and preparing this article. Each ingredient is selected, carefully prepared and combined in proper proportions, and is offered with a certainty that it will give satisfaction.

No ornament is necessary—a fair trial will convince all of its efficacy.

Ladies will find it not only a certain remedy to RESTORE, DARKEN and BEAUTIFY THE HAIR, but also a delightable article for the Toilet, as it is highly perfumed with a rich and delicate perfume, independent of the fragrant odor of the Oils of Palm and Mace.

For sale by all Druggists and Perfumers.

T. W. WRIGHT,
Sole Proprietor,
160 Liberty street, New York.

Winer's Canadian Vermifuge

FOR EXPELLING WORMS.

Remember it is the only thing that can be depended on.

It has had years of trial and has always been hailed with joy by the suffering. Be sure and ask for WINER'S Canadian VERMIFUGE.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

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The Marvel of Peru,

A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL PERFUME.

THE MARVEL OF PERU,

A NEW AND BEAUTIFUL PERFUME.

Comment is not needed to establish the reputation of this Delightful Perfume. One trial will establish it as a favorite.

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Merchants from the Interior,

WHO ARE ENABLED TO

PURCHASE DRY GOODS WITH CASH,

SHOULD EXAMINE OUR STOCK AND PRICES

Every article in it, comprising all descriptions of

SILK GOODS,
DRESS GOODS,
LINEN GOODS,
WOOLEN GOODS,
DOMESTIC GOODS,
WHITE GOODS,
HOSIERY, ETC., ETC.,

Has been Bought for Prompt Cash,

And will be sold on the same terms,

AT A VERY SMALL ADVANCE.

No examination is requested.

P. VAN BENTHUYSEN & CO.,
121 Canal street.

Removal.

Henry Hamburger, Fashionable Tailor,

Has removed his Establishment from 131 Common street to No. 88 ST. CHARLES street, in the Grand Lodge Masonic Hall, where he will be pleased to see his friends and the public. A fine stock of Cloths and Cassimeres always on hand. All work done in the latest style and best manner. Satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.

F. H. Knapp,

DENTAL SURGEON,

129.....Canal Street.....129

Adjoining Christ Church,

Is now to be found at his Office from 9 o'clock A. M. until 3 P. M., prepared to attend to the practice of his Profession in every department.

Every style of ARTIFICIAL TEETH, from the cheap Vulcanite Base to Gold and Platina; but particular attention given to the Preservation of Natural Teeth by Plugging, etc., millions of which are now (at his hand of TIMELY AND SKILLFUL OPERATMENT. In this Department none who have patronized him for more than a quarter of a century in this city, can be in doubt. None in his profession.

He has the latest improvement for EXTRACTING TEETH Without Pain. Prices no higher than usually charged by Dentists of skill and experience.

Seelye & Atwood,

A. B. SEELYE.....H. P. ATWOOD.

COTTON GINNERS AND PICKERS,

CORNER ST. JAMES AND ST. THOMAS STS.,

We use the eighty-saw CARVER GIN. Drop Box at Picks Current office, No. 120 Gravier street.

Carpet Warehouse,

17.....CHARTERS STREET.....17

Just received—DAMASKS, of all kinds and qualities; FLOOR OIL CLOTHS of all gas Rice, which we cut to suit rooms; CURTAIN MATERIALS, Lace Curtains, Cornices and Bands, in great variety; Window Shades, Hair Cloth, Cramo Cloths, Table and Piano Covers, China and Cocoa Mattings of all widths.

A. BROUSSEAU & CO.

New Orleans Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL

—OF—

THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 2, 1866.

Local Intelligence.

Accidental Killing of a Mother by her Child.

An inquest was held yesterday upon the body of Josephine Charles Pliquo, a native of France, about thirty-three years old, who came to her death from a ball shot out of a toy cannon, such as is used by children, on Sunday last. She had three sons—the oldest about thirteen, and the youngest about nine years of age—who were amusing themselves by loading and firing the toy. Unfortunately, one of the children put a ball or some other missile into the little gun, and fired it in the direction of the mother, not dreaming of the injury it might do. The missile entered the right side, and, penetrating the heart, was almost immediately fatal.

The deceased is represented to us as being a very worthy woman, who sustained herself and four children by her labors as a washerwoman. Her youngest child, a babe not three months old, was in her arms at the time the accident occurred, and although the poor woman was shot through the breast, the infant was uninjured. The following is the evidence introduced before the coroner:

Mason Barton sworn—Sunday evening I heard a loud report, and at the same moment there came to my door a colored woman, who told me there was something the matter the next door. Immediately went there, and found the deceased sitting upon the steps to her kitchen door and bleeding at the left side. A boy, who was holding the infant in his arms, cried, "We have wounded mother." Some ladies coming from every quarter took her up in their arms, while witness ran for the doctor.

Mrs. Lancelin Peissier sworn—Was in my room, opposite the residence of the deceased. Upon going to the latter place the sight of the wounded body produced such an impression that I ran home again. Suppose the death was caused by the miniature cannon. As to my knowledge the children of the deceased had been playing the Sunday previous with a small gun.

The verdict was in accordance with the above facts.

The other inquests were upon the bodies of Charlotte Bennett, two infants, colored Stephen Little, and Leon Fribo, also colored.

Suicide of J. B. Meunie—Coroner's Inquest.

In the CRESCENT of yesterday morning we have already given an account of the death of J. B. Meunie, a well known gas fitter of French extraction. Below we now give the evidence of two of his old friends taken at the coroner's inquest:

J. Lizon sworn—Was in the habit of playing cards every evening at a coffeehouse. On Thursday evening, 27th of September, the deceased, J. B. Meunie, did not seem to be in his usual good humor; said he was very much mortified at having been put in prison. At about 8 P. M. I left him in the coffeehouse; did not see him until Saturday when we found him lying upon the floor dead.

B. F. Cutler sworn—Knew the deceased to be industrious and hard-working. A week before the occurrence the deceased seemed low spirited. His family had just left him—a matter with which he seemed unchafficted. Last Thursday he came to the coffeehouse where he was spending all of his evenings, complaining that he had been robbed of everything during an imprisonment which he had recently sustained. "If I have been put in prison," he said to some of his friends, "it is the fault of my eldest daughter." I know nothing of the cause of his death.

We had hoped that sufficient evidence would have been brought forward to have explained some matters that remain obscure, and thus save us the embarrassment of making any statement upon our own information alone. It will be observed that the evidence of the daughter who is charged with being the remote cause of the offense was not taken—or indeed, any member of the family of deceased, although he left a wife and eight children—and that what appears singular and unnatural in the daughter's conduct, might have been partially or wholly explained.

But as the old family quarrel has been ripped open by the evidence, we shall proceed to state what little we know that refers to the matter. According to our information, Meunie some months before his death, went as security upon a note for $1800, upon which he afterwards was sued, and had judgment rendered against him. But no property of his could now be found upon which to serve the writs.

It is said by some that it was to the daughter alluded to in the evidence that the property was transferred, and that his arrest arose from his eccentric conduct and excessive drinking. After he was released, he drove his family away from his house and lived alone; or according to others, they left of their own accord. The furniture was then claimed by the latter and removed from Meunie's house.

We state the above facts with some reluctance and as carefully as we can. If we have unintentionally done any of the parties injustice we shall be prompt to make the correction.

A letter from the deceased which we have published already, and in which he admitted himself to be the author of the deed, was the only other evidence that it was thought necessary to introduce. The verdict was that the deceased came to his death by his own hand.

A Scandalous Circular.

A large number of respectable citizens have lately been annoyed by a scandalous circular thrown into their private residences, advertising a preventative of the fruits of marriage. The ostensible author of the advertisement was a "Mrs. W. S. Robbins, M. D.," who sought to inform the public that communication could be had with her through box No. 1901 of the New Orleans postoffice. Gentlemen, into whose domicils the publication had been clandestinely thrust, brought the matter to the attention of the chief of police, who, speedily discovered that "Mrs. W. S. Robbins, M. D.," was a myth, and that the renter of box No. 1901 was an individual known as C. C. Jarvis. Col. Adams having ascertained where he was to be found, made an affidavit against him for violating the city ordinances in issuing and circulating an obscene and scandalous pamphlet. He was arrested yesterday, and the case will come before Recorder Abern for examination.

Enchanted Ground.

Considering the number of parties that are daily arraigned for sleeping upon the levee, it might naturally be suspected of possessing some mysterious somnolent power, some atmosphere of poppy and mandragora peculiar to itself, which makes every one who venures near it in danger of falling asleep and awaking in one of the recorders' courts. The causes which are given for this prevalent drowsiness, are some of them ingenious. A negro explained it upon the principle that "the sun is so hot that if you do but set down a moment, you are sure to drop off." One man candidly admitted that he was drunk, and another that he was out of friends and money and knew not where else to go. The drowsy feeling was accounted for in one instance by the sleepy party having been advised by a friend to take equal parts of brandy, camphor, etc., and that the sleep was superinduced by this advice. Another one reduced the time he had been sleeping down to one minute, but the consequences of this minute had been as unhappy for him as Rabelais's *quart d'heure*. But the best of the excuses for "dropping off," we have yet to record. The victim had purchased a copy of one of the city papers (the reader may be sure it was not the CRESCENT) and had rashly carried it on the levee to read. He had not held it before him long, before he was asleep. The recorder of the Second District seemed to consider it a legitimate excuse, and after charging him not to repeat the offense, allowed him to go.

Magdalens.

Four Marys, (Speller, Smith, Lee and Ellen,) out of each of whom seven devils might have been cast, were sent to the Workhouse from the Second District recorder's court for sixty days.

An affidavit was made by Mrs. Kelly, charging her daughter, who is fifteen years of age, with being lewd and abandoned. The offender, though young in age, has more than once caused the guardians of the city to blush, and her mother might have with more reason brought the charge several years ago. The girl said she preferred going to the Workhouse to living with her mother, and was accordingly sent there for three months.

Various Items.

The house of Mr. Griffe, at the corner of Bienville and Common streets, was entered yesterday morning between midnight and daylight, and the sum of ninety-five dollars stolen from his pantaloons pocket.

Louis Bridges, a negro, supposed to be insane, was locked up by the police of the First District yesterday, having been arrested in the act of attempting to commit suicide at the steamboat landing.

The Last Charge Preferred Against N. Dreyfus.

The prosecution instituted against Mr. N. Dreyfus, of Shreveport, came up before Recorder Abern yesterday, and the case was set for examination on Thursday next.

The complaint has been filed by Ernest Malus, who charges that the accused, about the middle of September, purchased from Messrs. E. S. Benedict & Son, twelve packages of hats, for the sum of $2917, and the goods were delivered to him upon a credit of six and eight months, in consequence of certain false representations made by him.

The circumstances of the transaction, as sworn to by Mr. Malus, are substantially as follows: Mr. Dreyfus explained that he wished to make large purchases, and ship them to Shreveport, while freights were low and before Red River fell, so that he might be fully prepared with a large stock when the cotton selling season opened. After delivering the goods, Messrs. Benedict & Son received information that they had not been sent to Shreveport, but had been otherwise disposed of. Thereupon they demanded from Mr. Dreyfus cash payment for the bill, or a return of the merchandise. He maintained that the property had been shipped to Shreveport, and accepting the latter proposition, gave the firm an order addressed to Moses Kaufman, his clerk at Shreveport, to return the packages to them. The Messrs. Benedict sent a special agent to Shreveport with the order, when it was discovered that the goods were not there, and had not been shipped to that point.

Fire.

A fire occurred yesterday morning, on St. Bernard, between Liberal and Force streets, in the Fourth District. A small one story frame house, which was occupied by Mrs. Snickert as a grocery, was burnt to the ground, and is a total loss to the owner.

Academy of Sciences.

A regular monthly meeting of this academy was held last evening; present, Professor Vallas in the chair, Dr. Harrison, Dr. McLane, Rev. Mr. Hoppe, Dr. Lawrence, Mr. Halliday and Dr. Burns.

The minutes of the preceding monthly meeting were read and confirmed.

Dr. Burns stated that specimens of water and of geological developments met in the digging for an artesian well in this city, had been tendered, through him, to the academy by Dr. S. S. Riddell, but that, in the present condition of the academy's rooms, during the repairs being made to the building, he had thought it advisable to defer their removal.

Communications were read and referred; and several matters of ordinary business were discussed and disposed of. The matter of deprivation of gas was informally referred to Dr. Burns.

Mr. Halliday was, by resolution, requested to wait on the treasurer and get a report of the number of members on his books, of the state of the finances, and of such other matters as he may be able to give.

Several nominations for corresponding member and for fellow of the Academy was duly made and seconded.

On motion of Dr. Harrison, seconded by Mr. Halliday, Samuel Burns was elected assistant librarian and janitor.

After a brief discussion, it was decided that in view of the present condition of the building, it would not be practicable to resume weekly meetings and the usual course of lectures until November.

The academy adjourned to the first Monday in that month.

Meeting of the Commissioners of the House of Refuge.

The regular monthly meeting of this body was held last evening, Mr. Leefe presiding.

A report from Mrs. Mary E. Randall, president of the ladies' committee of the Girls' Refuge, stated that there were, on the 30th ult., thirty-five girls in that institution, and that after the 1st July last there had been six admissions, six discharges, and one death in that branch of the house.

Mrs. Randall adds, that from the 1st July to the 1st inst., the girls had made 203 shirts, mended 330 articles of clothing, and washed 5184 pieces.

Superintendent Bosworth reported that the sales of articles fabricated in the Boys' Refuge during the month amounted to $1340 14, viz.: in the bakery, $334 93; shoe shop, $337, and tin shop $668 20.

Mr. Bosworth in another communication laid before the board the following facts:

The number of inmates in the boys' establishment, at present, is 111, an increase of 10 since September 1st. During September there were 16 admissions, 4 discharges and 2 deaths, which were by cholera. The boys able to work are thus employed: Shoe shop 16, tailor shop 10, tin shop 3, bakery 4, mess room 6, officers' mess room 2, hospital 1, superintendent's office 1. The boys are required to attend school four hours in the day, and the superintendent remarks "beneficial results are apparent." Mr. Bosworth suggested in his report that certain improvements were needed to the premises and the subject was referred to the committee on building.

The following applications for the release of inmates of the Refuge came before the board:

From Frank Hennetts and his wife, lately Mrs. Ellen Cusac, for the discharge and restoration to them of Elizabeth Cusac, daughter of Mrs. Henrietta by her former husband. Refused, the board not considering either parent proper persons to have charge of the girl.

From P. Higgins, for the discharge of Thomas Houlahan. Referred to the executive committee, with power to act.

From Joseph Bonner, for the discharge of his wife's nephew, Hammond Doyle. Referred to the executive committee, with power to act.

From A. M. Parr for the release of Thomas Dorsey. Granted.

From Rev. Father Cornelius Moynahan, of St. Peter's Church, for the release of a little boy named Patrick Buckley, whose father was killed in the defense of Vicksburg, and who Mr. Moynahan intends placing in an orphan asylum. Granted.

From Thomas Manning, to have his son Michael Manning returned to him. A member of the board stated that the boy had been sent to the Refuge, at the instance of his father, merely for disobedience. Mr. Manning was now anxious to get his child out, Mrs. Manning having been much grieved since the boy was committed some four or five months ago. The application was granted.

From several citizens for the release and restoration to a widowed mother of her son Thomas Murphy. Refused, the boy having been sentenced to the Refuge for larceny.

From John Hopkins for the discharge of his adopted daughter, Jane Hefferan, a niece of his wife. Refused, the board being informed that the girl had been maltreated by her parents and so badly beaten that her brain was affected.

From William Rinehardt for the release of Josephine Sodawater, a girl about fourteen years of age, the applicant representing that she had an aged and dependent mother, who needed her services. Inquiry was made by members of the board if Mr. Rinehardt was a relative of the girl or if he had any claim to assume guardianship over her. The reply being in the negative the application was rejected.

From Mrs. Widow Barbara Fay, for the release of her son, George Fay. Referred to the executive committee with power to act.

The applications having been all disposed of, Mr. Gubernateur, chairman of the executive committee, remarked that the most vicious boys in the Refuge were boys who had been engaged in selling newspapers. His observation led him to the conclusion that the business of newspaper selling was a school of the worst description for boys to learn depravity in, and he thought it devolved upon newspaper proprietors to change the system. They might, for instance, instead of employing boys engage the services of crippled soldiers.

On motion of Mr. Wing, the president of the board was authorized to procure, by donation or purchase, a library of one hundred volumes of light and instructive reading for the Boys' Refuge.

Mr. Cronan suggesting that no sectarian books should be introduced, the chair replied that he (Mr. Leefe) was catholic in the fullest sense; he had no partiality for any sect.

Mr. Gubernateur said inquiry had lately been made of him, whether Catholic clergymen would be admitted to the institution to give religious instruction? Not having thought on the subject he was not prepared to answer the question, but, since the subject of religion had been mentioned, he thought he would call the attention of the board to the matter.

The chair said he had been approached on the same question. His answer was that he had no objection to the clergymen of any denomination giving religious instruction in the institution, but if the right was given to one sect it should be given to all.

Mr. Cronan moved that any clergyman requesting to be allowed to give religious instructions to those confined in the refuge, should be admitted.

It was explained that the religious training of the girls' department was already attended to by the committee of ladies, who took the girls out once a week to Sunday school.

The motion was so modified as to confine instructions by visiting clergymen to the boys' department, and requiring clergymen to notify the superintendent of their intended visits one day in advance, and thus amended the resolution was adopted.

It was resolved that the regular meetings shall be held hereafter on the second, instead of the first, Monday of each month.

The board then adjourned.

Mortuary Reports.

The subjoined table presents the deaths from cholera and other diseases, together with a classification, with reference to color, reported to the Board of Health, since the existence of cholera in the city became an established fact. This table does not include the interments from the Marine Hospital, which, being under military control, are not reported to the board. From the 3d to the 9th August the board has no returns from the cemeteries. The first daily report was made to the board on the 9th August. That, and all the succeeding daily reports, show the interments up to 6 o'clock of the morning of the day the report may be dated:

DATE	Cholera	Other Diseases	Cholera	Other Diseases	Cholera	Other Diseases	Cholera	Other Diseases	Cholera	Other Diseases
July 29 to Aug 5	20	—	—	27	134	—	—	166	193	
Aug. 5 to Aug. 9	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	
August 9	18	12	6	—	35	22	13	—	53	
August 10	21	—	—	24	17	—	—	17	41	
" 11	22	15	11	1	21	16	5	1	43	
" 12	27	13	16	—	32	25	6	1	58	
" 13	21	13	15	1	36	20	11	3	56	
" 14	28	15	15	2	43	31	11	2	62	
" 15	26	14	12	—	37	19	18	1	45	
" 16	17	11	12	1	29	17	12	1	46	
" 17	24	12	9	3	26	20	6	—	50	
" 18	27	24	8	—	27	19	8	—	51	
" 19	17	12	5	1	29	17	12	—	47	
" 20	14	8	8	—	31	21	8	2	45	
" 21	28	13	15	—	29	18	4	—	48	
" 22	26	12	10	1	23	16	7	1	42	
" 23	27	16	11	—	25	17	6	—	53	
" 24	26	21	2	—	20	16	4	—	49	
" 25	18	8	7	1	25	14	8	1	30	
" 26	17	8	8	1	20	11	9	—	37	
" 27	14	7	7	—	20	13	7	—	34	
" 28	14	4	7	3	23	12	6	5	37	
" 29	10	5	4	1	26	20	6	—	36	
" 30	14	5	4	1	20	10	6	4	34	
" 31	9	4	4	1	24	19	5	0	33	
September 1	22	7	7	8	19	14	5	2	41	
" 2	20	12	7	1	21	13	8	0	41	
" 3	16	8	5	2	22	15	6	1	37	
" 4	15	8	5	2	14	9	5	0	29	
" 5	12	9	4	3	16	14	2	0	28	
" 6	23	8	11	4	26	16	10	1	49	
" 7	16	7	9	0	22	17	4	1	38	
" 8	14	5	8	1	20	13	7	1	35	
" 9	15	10	6	3	18	12	7	1	37	
" 10	17	9	7	1	24	17	4	3	37	
" 11	32	14	9	4	22	14	2	5	54	
" 12	15	7	4	4	22	11	6	5	37	
" 13	22	10	11	1	18	14	3	0	40	
" 14	13	7	4	2	27	19	6	2	42	
" 15	22	11	9	2	20	13	6	1	42	
" 16	15	7	5	3	24	15	8	1	39	
" 17	10	7	2	1	11	7	3	1	21	
" 18	13	8	4	1	18	12	6	0	31	
" 19	15	7	5	3	24	15	8	1	39	
" 20	11	5	6	2	20	15	5	0	31	
" 21	7	2	4	1	17	12	5	0	24	
" 22	12	5	4	3	25	17	4	4	37	
" 23	7	3	4	0	15	12	3	0	22	
" 24	11	10	1	0	17	15	2	0	28	
" 25	9	6	3	0	17	11	6	0	26	
" 26	7	5	2	0	22	17	5	0	29	
" 27	11	7	2	2	22	17	5	0	33	
" 28	5	3	2	—	20	14	5	1	25	
" 29	13	7	5	1	18	13	5	0	31	
" 30	22	17	5	—	23	18	5	0	45	
October 1	8	7	1	—	23	15	8	2	31	

Three deaths from yellow fever reported on Sunday, and four yesterday.

Recorders' Courts.

FIRST DISTRICT.—Charles W. Foster was arraigned before Recorder Abern yesterday, on a charge of stabbing and cutting Thomas H. Murphy, with intent to kill. Murphy is in the Charity Hospital. His wounds are not dangerous, and Foster has given bonds in the sum of one thousand dollars to appear when notified.

George W. Reeves was brought to the bar to answer a charge of burglariously entering the grocery store of Mrs. B. Gilligan, corner of Bolivar and Perdido streets, on Saturday night, and stealing therefrom the sum of $14 25. The case was set for the 10th inst.

Louis Bridges was brought before the recorder upon the complaint of G. Casanave, accusing him of obtaining horse feed and stabling from complainant to the amount of about sixteen hundred dollars, by falsely representing that he was the owner of a carriage and pair of horses that he drove. The accused pleaded not guilty, and the case was set for the 10th inst.

Robert Gilbert, colored, is to be examined on the 10th, on a charge of stealing four dollars from William Wagner's grocery, corner of Dryades and Julia streets, on Saturday last.

Mrs. Annie Barnet is to appear on the 10th also, to answer a charge of embezzlement, alleged to have been committed in refusing to give Robert Buchanan change out of a ten dollar bill, which he gave her in payment for two watch keys, the price of which was but sixty cents.

Celestine Johnson, colored, for drunkenness and disturbing the peace, John Nolan for vagrancy, and Mary Burns, a lewd and abandoned woman, were sent to the Workhouse for six months. Amide Cligne, for sleeping out; George Martly, colored, for stealing a chicken from George Ditlemeyer in St. Mary's Market; James Jones, negro, for vagrancy; and Ellen Ludlum, Benjamin Howard and Lydia Howard, for habitual drunkenness, ninety days. Michael David, Louis Johnson and James Davis, street sleepers, and Catherine Gaynie, Elizabeth Collins and Ann Connolly, drunkards, thirty days.

Peter McDermott, for being drunk and disorderly was fined $25; Martha White, Linda Russell and Jane Taylor, colored, and John Williams for drunkenness and disturbing the peace and Willis Curtis, negro, for drunkenness and indecent behavior on the streets, were fined $10 each. Prosper American for assaulting Louisa American, both negroes; Robert Spann, negro, for larking on a watchman's beat in a suspicious manner; Gregory Williams and Benj. Mosby, colored, Henry McDougal, James Fitzgerald and Jno. Murphy for fighting and disturbing the peace; Jake Lyons and C. S. Chauncey, for being drunk and disturbing the peace and James Mason for being drunk, $5 each; and Robert Jones, negro, and Joseph Johnson, Jno Regan, Ellen Regan, Barney Kelley, Patrick Curtis, Patrick Dwyer, Richard Conway, John Cassidy, Edward Flynn, J. S. McAllister, William Moore, George Hodges, William Brown, Dennis Carroll, Rupert Sulzer, $2 50 each, all too much whisky.

SECOND DISTRICT.—Francis Jenny, his wife and daughter, charged with grossly abusing C. Rodriguez, were made to give bonds to keep the peace for six months.

Charley Gourey and Alabama Harrison, both colored, and charged with breach of the peace, were released upon bonds.

TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

Cotton, 14 3-4d. in Liverpool—Consols

DECLINE IN U. S. BONDS IN LONDON.

Gold in New York 147 1-8.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 1.—Noon.—The cotton market opened very active. Prices are 1-4d. higher. The sales to-day are estimated at 30,000 bales. Middling uplands are quoted at 14¾d.

LONDON, Oct. 1.—Noon.—Consols 89¼ for money; U. S. 5-20's, 70¾; Illinois Central railroad shares, 77½; Erie railroad shares, 49¼.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—Gold closed at 147½ under rumors of a heavy decline in bonds in London.

The third race at Gentone Park for one mile and a half was won by Richmond. Time 2:51½.

A Government Employee Gambles Away $8000 in Coin, of Public Funds.

GEN. DIX INSTALLED.

NO CHANGES IN THE OFFICE.

Arrest of a Confederate Vigilance Committee Man.

HIS BAIL FIXED AT $50,000.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—A subordinate government official, whose name is not known, has been arrested on the charge of losing $8000 in coin, belonging to the government, in gambling.

The gamblers are to be prosecuted for the sum.

General Dix took formal possession of the naval office this morning. The deputies under Mr. Odell were sworn in and are to remain in their places.

New York, Oct. 1.—Geo. H. Goddard, a member of the Confederate Vigilance Committee of Arkansas, was arrested to-day at the instance of Wm. Newman, a Unionist, whose property at Camden, Ark., was seized in May, 1861, and turned over to the Confederate government. Goddard's bail was fixed at $50,000.

ALABAMA SLAVE-SELLING CANARD PROVED FALSE.

Fatal Foundry Boiler Explosion, and Fall of a College Building.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—Major General Swayne, the assistant commissioner for the freedmen's bureau at Montgomery, Ala., reports to Major General Howard that, upon investigation, no foundation could be obtained for the report that two freedmen had been sold in that State.

CINCINNATI, October 1.—At noon to-day the boilers of Mitchell's brass foundry, on Lawrence street, exploded, crushing through the roof of the building, and again falling into the engine-room, after a terrific flight. The engineer was fatally scalded and several others were seriously hurt. The building was badly wrecked.

A sad catastrophe occurred on Friday morning at Hillsdale, Michigan. The three story building known as the commercial college hall fell at 7 o'clock in the morning, burying in the ruins a family named Dudley, in the adjoining house. Mr. Dudley, his wife and one son were killed, and another son had a leg broken. The building was entirely new, and only the third story was occupied.

Conservative Delegation from Alexandria, Va., to the President.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—Major General William W. Howell has been appointed consul general to the British North American provinces to reside at Montreal, vice J. F. Potter resigned.

Major General Morgan L. Smith, of Missouri, has been appointed consul at Honolulu, Sandwich Islands, vice Caldwell recalled.

Brigadier General Wm. L. Duff, of Illinois, who was chief of artillery on Gen. Grant's staff, has been appointed consul to Glasgow, vice Bailey recalled.

A delegation representing the original Union men of Alexandria, Va., called on the President to-day and presented a series of resolutions touching upon the political questions of the day, adopted at a recent conservative mass meeting held in Alexandria. The President made no speech beyond expressing his thanks for the respect, and reiterating his determination to stand by the principles which have heretofore guided his administration.

INTERESTING GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

HOME MARKETS—RIVER NEWS.

Etc., Etc., Etc.

FORTRESS MONROE, Oct. 1.—U. S. District Attorney Chandler arrived at Norfolk this morning, on his return from Washington, where he has been consulting with the judicial authorities relative to the sessions of the district and circuit courts and the trial of Mr. Davis. He brought intelligence that no court will be held to-morrow in Richmond, and has notified the members of the grand and petit jury to that effect.

MEMPHIS, Oct. 1.—During the past forty-eight hours there have been seventy one new cases of cholera. Twenty-four deaths are reported. This is a decrease in the mortality, as also in the number of cases.

VICKSBURG, Oct. 1.—Passed up, John Kilgour at 1 P. M., and down, Quitman at 5 P. M. River rising.

SOUTHWEST PASS, Oct. 1.—Nothing passed in or out to-day. Two tugs are on the bar, and two pilot boats are at anchor outside the bar. There is nothing else in sight. Weather clear; wind north and fresh; tide very good.

NEW YORK, October 1.—Arrived: Steamers Geo. Washington, Merrimac, Richmond and Huntsville, from New Orleans, and Hermann Livingston from Savannah.

Coupons of '62, 113½; do. '65, 109; treasuries 108; Carolina 6's, 64½.

Cotton closed active and advancing. Sales 5000 bales. Uplands middling 42@43c. Orleans middling 44@45c.

Flour higher at $12 20@13 25. Wheat 3@5c. better. Mess pork heavy at $33 38. Lard lower. Sugar dull. Turpentine 66@67c. Rosin $4 to $9 20.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 1.—Sales 99 hhds. tobacco; lugs $3 25@$5 50; leaf $20 75. Superfine flour $9. Good red wheat $2 60. Mixed corn 85c. Oats 43c. Mess pork $32. Bacon shoulders 16½c. Clear sides 20½c. Lard in tierces 18½c. Whisky $2 33.

The river is falling, with 10 feet 11 inches of water in the canal.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 1.—Superfine flour, $10 50@11; trade brands, $11 50@15. Wheat—No. 1 red, $2 80@2 85. Corn 80c. Oats 43c. Whisky $2 33. Mess pork $33. Bulk meats 14@14½c. Bacon shoulders 16½c; clear sides 20½c. Lard 17½c. Cotton—middling, 44@42c. Gold 145½.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 1.—Flour, wheat and oats unchanged. Corn 79@81c. Pork $33 25. Bacon unchanged. Prime leaf lard 18c. Whisky $2 33.

(Yesterday's Evening Dispatches.)

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—A special to the Herald, from London, dated Sept. 30, says in consequence of a difficulty which has existed for some time past, between the United States consul at the Island of Cyprus and the Turkish authorities, the United States consul in Constantinople, Mr. E. J. Morris, has demanded full satisfaction from the Sultan and his cabinet. Pending the negotiations, which look serious, Mr. Morris has communicated with Admiral Goldsborough, and the United States ship Ticonderoga, which has been off the port of Venice, was sent to Cypress.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 30.—The Muskingum river was higher on Saturday than since the great flood of 1859. The Central Ohio railroad has been broken since Saturday, and the crops along the Lickum and Mosaingum rivers are seriously damaged.