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NEW ORLEANS DAILY CRESCENT.

THE CRESCENT IS PUBLISHED DAILY (Sundays Excepted) AND WEEKLY, BY J. O. NIXON, No. 94 CAMP STREET. TERMS—DAILY, $10; WEEKLY, $5 PER YEAR.

VOLUME XVI. THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 18, 1866. NUMBER 56.

New Orleans Daily Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL
—OF—
THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 18, 1866.

Local Intelligence.

The Coming Fair—Description of the Grounds—Exhibition Halls, Stables, Arena, etc., to be Built—Probable Cost of Improvements near $100 000.

The sensation for the people of this city for the coming month will undoubtedly be the grand fair, which is to be held about the 20th proximo, at the Fair Grounds, formerly the Creole Course. A large number of our citizens are doubtless already aware that preparations have been on foot in anticipation of this event for many months past, draining ditches have been dug to provide against the danger of overflow, three new buildings have been projected, and in the floral department as great efforts have been made as were permitted by the period of preparation, to add to the ornaments of these already picturesque grounds.

In accordance with a promise already made to the readers of the CRESCENT, we yesterday visited the Fair Grounds, and in the hopes of interesting some of our friends at a distance in this great enterprise, we give below what may seem to some a minute account of our observations.

It hardly need be said that the road thither is by Esplanade, the most magnificent of our downtown streets, and one in which almost every house and garden takes some new and attractive form. If you go by the cars, you continue on to Mystery street, where a walk of a hundred yards brings you to the grounds in question. If you are rolling in your carriage, you effect your entrance by the Gentilly road. Going by this latter means of conveyance you pass through a neatly constructed *porte cheochere*, with a small office upon either side. The *coup d'œil* that now lies before you, if not magnificent or striking, is well worth seeing for its own sake.

The ground has but recently been mown, and appeared in the sere and yellow hues of autumn. But if the turf is no longer wearing the green, the deficiency is amply compensated for by numerous live oak trees, which, with their evergreen leaves and long, swaying moss, tempt you to linger in their shade.

But the florist's care has been called in to assist nature. A road commences outside of the track, and is to be extended from one entrance to another. It is already partially completed, and thus far is bordered with fragrant beds of flowers, which are all just now in full bloom. Some have been transplanted thither in boxes and flowerpots, and for the rarer exotics a couple of hothouses have been built.

But our attention was chiefly directed to the new buildings which are being constructed for the indoor exhibition, and which, it is said, will cost $60,000 alone. They are three in number, and all situated near the observatory, which is built in the forks of a large tree, and which is on the side of the track opposite to the stand. In the buildings at the wings will be exhibited the machinery—in that of the center, every other kind of articles. The latter building will be of octagonal shape, three stories high, not including the cupola, which will be a room 25 feet square itself, and will command a view of the city and lake. The height of the building from the flag staff to the ground, will be 100 feet, and its width and length the same. The lower floor will be especially constructed for dancing and similar amusements. The other portions of the building will contain all manner of light and fancy goods, fruits, etc. The buildings at the wings will be of one story, 150 feet long, 38 feet wide, 25 feet high, and with three gables or pediments at each end. It will be lighted by more than thirty windows upon the sides, and ten in the cupola, which latter will be 70 feet long, and might, perhaps, more properly be called the second story.

Right in front of the central building, a road, which is now being made from the entrance on Mystery street, will strike off to the center of the track inclosure. Upon this center an arena is to be built which will be a fourth of a mile in circumference, and which will be surrounded by seats rising behind each other like those in a pavilion circus. These will be capable of seating 10,000 people, and will remind us of the exhibitions of imperial Rome. However, the spectacles that will be exhibited therein will not be more bloody than that furnished by our best blooded stock. Underneath the seats will be stalls fitted up for refreshments.

As it is the intention of the committee to whom the matter has been intrusted, to make this one of the most interesting and complete exhibitions of the kind ever gotten up in the South, six stables will be also built at the left of the main buildings, and each of which will contain 150 stalls. To each of these will be attached two cisterns and a well. (Altogether, there will be upon the ground thirty-five reservoirs of water.) Other stables in addition to these will be built for sheep, hogs, etc. As the subject of cattle of this description, whether alive or butchered, naturally suggests thoughts of eating, we will state that among other improvements a spacious dining saloon will probably also be added to the plans which have not yet been decided upon.

We took occasion before leaving the grounds to pay a casual visit to the old stables, in which we found some dozen of running and trotting stock. But the entries for this or any other department have, of course, not yet been made, and we shall reserve what we have to say upon this subject until later in the season.

As we have already intimated, ditches for draining the ground already extend through the course, and with the appropriations recently made by the city council for continuing these to the Marigny Canal, no fears need be entertained of a recurrence of the overflow of last spring.

To conclude then, our observations, the coming fair, the cost of which, it is thought, will amount to $100,000, promises to be one of the most interesting exhibitions that has ever attracted a crowd to this city; and if all classes take the interest which they obviously ought in the matter, there is no doubt that these promises will be magnificently fulfilled.

$2000 Robbed from a Bank.

A burglary was last night committed in the office of Messrs. Cassanave & Bros., No. 88 Bourbon street, but by whom can only be surmised. The sum stolen was $2000, and this sum was locked up in one of those iron safes which it is almost a distinct science to know how to open. What made the burglary the more difficult to be understood was that the key to the safe was locked up in a drawer. Added to this, there was a severe dog about the premises who, sullimore unaccountably, neglected to give any warning.

An entrance to the office was effected by means of false keys. Once in, the thief, as if sure there was no danger of interruption, proceeded to leisurely cut with a chisel a piece of wood out of the drawer which contained the safe key, instead of at once prying it open, as he could easily have done. The safe key was applied, and what appears singular, when the $2000 were abstracted, $300 were left behind, one or two checks and two watches. As there was no one but members of the family, besides the servants, occupying the house, no clue has yet been discovered to the thief. A negro is now under arrest on suspicion, but the police do not appear to think him guilty.

Below the City.

Any one who wishes to see the manner in which a city gradually extends her limits—breaking through gardens and back yards, and transforming the field into the thoroughfare, can do so by starting at the termination of the Dauphin street railroad, and walking in the opposite direction. The street that is variously known as Hercules, Circus, Rampart, and Love is there being prolonged, and may, when it is finished, receive a fifth appellation. It is being built for the purpose of supplying the milk carts, wagons, and other vehicles, another road to the city, and will soon be finished to Reneo street.

This remote portion of the city has another subject of interest just at the present moment. The new street passes by the side of a cottonfield—the one to which we alluded yesterday as attacked by the army worm. We visited for ourselves the locality in question yesterday, and the truthfulness of our information was fully confirmed. The army worm had come and conquered and stripped every stalk of cotton clean. Having done this, they had already commenced a forward movement for the next cotton field without appearing to be at any loss as to what direction their interests lay. It was thought at first that water might stay their progress, but they seemed to wiggle through it (slowly it is true,) but with as much certainty as if they had carried along a train of pontoon bridges.

The cotton crop in these fields was nearly destroyed already by the badness of the season, and so far as accomplishing this purpose was concerned, the cotton worm might have saved *Mosely* the trouble.

Meeting of the Police Board.

The Board of Police Commissioners held their regular weekly session last evening. Present: Messrs. Conway, Moore and Soule; Mayor Monroe presiding.

Officer Michael Riordan, convicted at the last meeting of being found asleep on his beat, and sentenced to suspension for three months, memorialized the board for a remission of his sentence, in whole or in part, and on motion of Mr. Moore, the suspension was, by a unanimous vote, reduced to thirty days.

Officer J. McLaughlin was put on trial for absenting himself, without leave, from his beat on Congress street, in the Third District, and being found asleep and drunk on the banquette on Love street, three squares from his beat. Mr. Aurryo, who appeared as counsel for officer McLaughlin, produced a certificate from Dr. Bell that the accused had been under medical treatment at the time of and several days subsequent to the occurrences complained of, and stated that officer McLaughlin explained that he left his beat in consequence of severe illness, and was on his way to the station to report his condition, when he fell, and was thus found insensible. He was suspended for thirty days.

The board then adjourned.

Various Items.

An inquest was yesterday held upon the body of a man upon Royal street, but three weeks arrived from France. The coroner's verdict was death from yellow fever.

Night before last was the most quiet the Third District station has known in some months. The lock-up, whose doors are as seldom left open as those of the temple of Janus were closed, was without a tenant. As the station has been recently undergoing some white washing and repairs, it has been suggested that the vagabonds and thieves who are usually quartered here, may have felt a delicacy about intruding into such clean quarters, or perhaps the parties who make the arrests could not recognize the place.

Between twelve and one o'clock yesterday morning a fire broke out in a two-story tenement at the corner of Rousseau and Philip streets, occupied by several families, and owned by Tony Stabb. It was extinguished with slight damage. The fire is supposed to have been set purposely.

The police of the Second District have been notified that Mrs. Finingen or Bennett has been missing from her home since Tuesday. She is described as twenty-three years of age, and wearing a black dress with green trimmings, a sun bonnet and green veil.

Mike Gallagher, a boy about ten years of age, was given into the custody of the First District police last evening, charged with stealing a new coat from Mr. Abrams' clothing shop on Camp street, opposite Lafayette square.

First District Court.

Informations were filed by the district attorney yesterday against the following parties:

J. Longhouse, for having in his possession, feloniously, two mules, stolen from Mrs. C. Waggaman.

James M. Coffey, for embezzling monies from the office of the recorder of the First District, whilst employed as chief clerk in said office.

John Thibeaux, for having in his possession, feloniously, a hogshead of sugar, stolen from F. J. Da Silva.

Joseph Thiel, for having in his possession, feloniously, a gold watch, stolen from J. A. Lacroix.

Francis J. Gastner, for having in his possession, feloniously, harness stolen from John Cline.

John Coffee, for having in his possession, feloniously, a stolen skiff, the property of the city of New Orleans.

Recorders' Courts.

FIRST DISTRICT.—James Duffy and John Robinson were yesterday examined before Recorder Ahorn, on a charge of highway robbery committed on James McCabe. Duffy was sent before the First District Court for trial, and Robinson was discharged. The evidence showed that Duffy, who seemed to be in company with Robinson, met Mr. McCabe on the afternoon of the 7th inst., on the levee, a couple of squares below the Triangle building; that Duffy asked him the time, when, having taken out his watch to answer the question, Duffy knocked him down and ran off with his watch, which was valued at $12. For the time being, Duffy succeeded in escaping, but was afterwards arrested by the police. The watch, however, was not recovered. The testimony did not show any complicity in the affair on the part of Robinson.

The case of Louis Wolf, accused of having in his possession, knowing the property to have been stolen, two barrels of whiskey, valued at $250, and stolen from a lot on the levee, belonging to the steamship Continental. The barrels were marked "T. M., Glass." was examined. Mr. Lewis J. Johnson, discharging clerk for the ship, missing the two barrels from the lot, made enquiries of negroes in the vicinity and was informed by one that the stolen goods had been taken to the accused, who keeps a grocery store on St. Anthony street, in the Third District, and had bought them from the thief. Mr. Johnson procured a search warrant, and with an officer examined the premises of Wolf. He was absent. One barrel was in the store and the second in a back room. The brand had been partially effaced by scraping and then rubbed over with charcoal, in such manner as to cover every letter, but upon the charcoal being dusted off, sufficient of the brand remained legible to enable Mr. Johnson to identify the property. Wolf made his appearance while the search was being made and stated that the whiskey had been rolled into his store from a dray by three negroes, and professed entire ignorance of there having been stolen. Upon this showing the recorder sent the case before the criminal court.

William Rodney was arraigned on the affidavit of C. C. Davis, charging him with unprovokedly assaulting Thomas McDonald, at the Frenier station of the Jackson railroad, in the parish of St. James, on Sunday last, and stabbing in the breast with intent to murder. All the parties are employees on the railroad. McDonald is lying in the Charity Hospital in a precarious condition, resulting from the wound; and the prisoner was remanded to jail to await the result of the injury, before which is known, the nature of the crime for which he may be prosecuted, cannot be determined.

Two charges of embezzlement and one of larceny, preferred by C. Izard, against N. H. Ealing, which were to have been examined yesterday, were continued to next Monday.

The prosecution against Police Officer Thomas Flannigan for an assault and battery on Robert Barnes, was withdrawn by the complainant, and the accused was discharged.

Madam Mery, proprietor of a coffee stand in St. Mary's market, appeared to answer a charge of assault and battery on the person of Victor Delihius, and the prosecution was dismissed, Delihius failing to appear.

Capt. Hanson of the schooner Pauline, complained of by Dr. Burns, health officer of the First District, for introducing hides into the city, without a permit, in violation of the health ordinance was fined $50, and Messrs. B. L. Mann & Co., for being a party to the offense, were likewise fined $50.

C. Connell, corner of Rampart and Clio streets, prosecuted by Dr. Burns for violating the health ordinance, in allowing orders to accumulate and remain in his premises, and neglecting to have his privies emptied and put into sanitary condition, was fined $10.

A charge preferred by Dr. Burns against Messrs. Sanford & Black, 287 Julia street, for introducing hides into the city without a permit, was dismissed.

John Robinson was sent to the Workhouse for six months as a vagrant. Della Williams, a negress, accused of stealing a lady's cloak from the store of Morice Rosenstein, No. 126 Rampart street; Fredrico Bowniso, negro, arrested with several articles of bedding and a bell in his possession, supposed to have been stolen; George Chandler, Willis Reynolds and Robert Epp, found asleep on Julia street between one and two o'clock yesterday morning; Joseph Rolland, negro, arrested for a petty theft; Ellen Rose, a Girod street nymph of the pave, who had William Welsh arrested on a false accusation of assault and battery, and Max Toulin and Thomas Gibbons, for drunkenness and insulting officer Warner in the discharge of his duty, were sentenced to the Workhouse for ninety days. Ann Brown was sentenced to the same extent, should she fail to pay a fine of ten dollars imposed upon her as a lewd woman and a drunkard.

Maggie Waters, charged with being a lewd woman, drunk and disturbing the peace; Peter McDermott for being drunk; William Beaty for running a wagon without a plate; were fined $10 each. Watson Scott, negro, for being drunk and insulting a police officer; E. K. Stone and John O'Brien, found lying drunk on St. Charles street; Ben Payton, negro, for obstructing the gangway of the Mississippi Valley Transportation Company, and Mary Dwyer for habitual drunkenness, were fined $5 each, and Michael Frame, negro, for rapping on the banquette in imitation of a police call, and Hugh Gaffney, John Ryan, Joseph Leade, W. D. Simms and William Keegan for crooking the elbow too often, $7 50 each.

SECOND DISTRICT.—Mrs. Dormany and Mary Palmer were sent to the Workhouse for ninety days for lying drunk on the streets.

Florence Jacobs, colored was fined $24 for violating a city ordinance, and Leon Cross $10 for disturbing the peace.

The two soldiers who were arrested about three weeks since, (Sept 23d,) for shooting at police officer Maguire, on Basin street, near where a ball was being given, were yesterday examined. The evidence shows that Maguire, seeing some suspicious object in the hands of one of the two soldiers, (Henry Walsh,) hailed him, and was about approaching when the negro's pistol went off prematurely. Police officer Higgins then approaching, was shot at twice by the same negro. The latter was sent before the First District Court; his companion was discharged. Both of the accused were of the 5th Key West U. S. cavalry. It will be remembered that it was when this case first came up, permission was granted by General Sheridan to try them civilly, and that this precedent has not yet been overruled.

THIRD DISTRICT.—J. T. Delmas charged by Geo. Valnot with inviting him with intent to kill, was released on bail.

Nugent, the car driver who was shot a week ago arrested for requesting a white lady to leave his car, on the ground that she was colored, was discharged, at the request of the lady.

J. G. Duffy was accused by John Trainer with stealing five dollars, which had been deposited upon a coffee house counter in payment of drinks by a friend who had invited Duffy to hob-nob with him. According to the evidence, Duffy had been invited to take a drink, and while waiting to be served, caught up the bill and secreted it behind his neck in his collar. The case was sent before the First District Court.

Mortuary Reports.

The subjoined table presents the deaths from cholera and other diseases, together with a classification, with reference to color, reported to the Board of Health, since the existence of cholera in the city became an established fact. This table does not include the interments from the Marine Hospital, which, being under military control, are not reported to the board. From the 5th to the 8th August the board has no returns from the cemeteries. The first daily report was made to the board on the 9th August. That, and all the succeeding daily reports, show the interments up to 6 o'clock of the morning of the day the report may be dated:

DATE	Cholera	White	Black	Not classified	Other diseases	White	Black	Not classified	Total each day	Total since Cholera appeared
July 29 to Aug 5	29	—	—	29	104	—	—	104	133	—
Aug 5 to Aug 8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
August 9	18	12	6	24	35	22	13	—	55	—
August 10	24	—	—	24	41	—	—	41	41	—
.. 11	27	16	11	1	24	16	5	3	43	—
.. 12	27	16	16	—	32	18	6	1	59	—
.. 13	36	16	15	5	32	20	11	1	68	—
.. 14	22	11	16	2	51	21	11	2	62	—
.. 15	26	13	12	1	17	13	4	—	43	—
.. 16	44	19	22	3	21	13	5	3	65	—
.. 17	24	11	9	4	26	19	6	1	50	—
.. 18	27	21	6	—	22	19	3	—	49	—
.. 19	28	16	9	3	29	17	12	—	57	—
.. 20	14	8	3	—	31	21	8	2	45	—
.. 21	25	13	12	—	18	14	4	—	43	—
.. 22	28	17	10	1	14	7	7	—	42	—
.. 23	27	16	11	—	23	17	6	—	50	—
.. 24	29	24	2	3	19	12	7	—	48	—
.. 25	16	11	5	—	23	14	8	1	39	—
.. 26	17	8	8	1	20	11	9	—	37	—
.. 27	8	4	4	—	16	11	5	—	24	—
.. 28	14	4	7	3	23	12	6	5	37	—
.. 29	22	8	6	8	26	20	6	—	48	—
.. 30	14	5	6	3	20	16	6	4	34	—
.. 31	9	4	4	1	24	19	5	0	33	—
September 1	22	7	7	8	19	11	5	3	41	—
.. 2	12	6	6	—	18	13	5	0	30	—
.. 3	15	8	6	2	22	13	6	3	37	—
.. 4	13	6	8	3	14	9	5	0	32	—
.. 5	16	9	4	3	19	14	5	0	35	—
.. 6	23	8	14	1	26	15	10	1	49	—
.. 7	17	7	—	10	28	16	12	1	45	—
.. 8	14	6	8	1	21	13	7	1	35	—
.. 9	19	10	6	3	18	10	7	1	37	—
.. 10	29	7	16	6	28	17	7	4	57	—
.. 11	32	14	11	7	22	14	2	6	54	—
.. 12	14	7	5	4	22	11	6	5	36	—
.. 13	22	10	11	1	18	13	4	1	40	—
.. 14	16	7	4	5	27	19	6	2	43	—
.. 15	22	11	7	4	20	16	4	0	42	—
.. 16	18	6	10	2	30	15	8	7	48	—
.. 17	16	7	2	7	8	3	5	0	24	—
.. 18	10	5	10	5	21	14	6	1	42	—
.. 19	15	7	3	5	21	15	6	0	39	—
.. 20	11	3	6	2	20	15	5	0	31	—
.. 21	7	2	4	1	19	11	4	4	26	—
.. 22	12	2	4	6	25	16	4	5	37	—
.. 23	7	3	1	3	15	12	2	1	22	—
.. 24	11	11	—	—	13	7	5	1	24	—
.. 25	9	6	3	—	32	19	7	5	41	—
.. 26	7	2	3	2	29	20	5	3	36	—
.. 27	11	2	2	7	12	10	2	—	23	—
.. 28	3	3	—	—	30	14	5	11	33	—
.. 29	9	1	5	3	15	13	3	—	24	—
.. 30	22	17	—	5	21	13	6	2	46	—
October 1	8	7	1	—	23	15	6	2	31	—
.. 2	5	2	3	2	20	20	3	—	25	—
.. 3	12	8	4	—	11	9	2	—	23	—
.. 4	9	7	2	—	36	28	10	3	45	—
.. 5	3	3	—	—	16	10	4	2	19	—
.. 6	5	4	1	—	20	12	8	—	25	—
.. 7	10	6	4	—	34	28	6	—	44	—
.. 8	8	7	1	—	20	17	3	—	28	—
.. 9	11	7	4	—	20	18	2	—	31	—
.. 10	5	3	2	0	21	15	2	4	26	—
.. 12	3	1	1	0	28	20	6	2	31	—
.. 14	8	7	1	0	12	6	3	0	20	—
.. 15	7	4	3	0	21	15	4	2	28	—
.. 16	9	4	3	0	27	17	3	0	36	—
.. 16	4	3	1	0	23	16	6	1	27	—
.. 17	8	5	3	—	28	19	9	—	36	—

Three deaths from yellow fever were reported yesterday.

List of passengers per steamship Henlan, John Lewis commander, from Indianola and Galveston, October 14th and 14th:

Dr Decker and wife Eller and wife, Pendergrass and wife, Pickard, Lyons, Sumpatrick, Lee, Carter, Lyon, Williams, Smith, Sweet and wife, Hunt, Dolan, Gen Shaw and wife, Captain Rice and wife, Six officers and 331 men 7th regiment United States cavalry and troops.

The Springfield (Mass.) Union says, that "sensualism, in all its more beastly and disgusting forms of licentiousness and profligacy, is on a rapid increase in all our New England cities and towns, and nobody can think it out of sight without doing violence to his knowledge and sincerity."

TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES.

NEW YORK CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATION.

THE BALTIMORE POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

LETTER FROM GEN. LEW. WALLACE IN MEXICO.

Liberals Reported Progressing and Victorious.

ALBANY, Oct. 16.—The Democratic and Conservative Congressional Convention for the fourteenth district nominated to-day the Hon. John V. L. Pruyn as their candidate for Congress.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 17.—The committee appointed by the conservative convention last night, to collect evidence against the police commissioners, meet this afternoon preparatory to presenting the matter formally to Gov. Swann.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—A private letter dated Monterey, September 27th, from Major General Lew Wallace, has been received by a prominent merchant of this city. The Liberals were confident of success, and were continually receiving assurances of war, and as they advanced were obtaining the necessary funds for carrying on the war. At the time of his writing the French were retreating instead of advancing.

The President's Policy Will Not be Changed.

The Freedman Lynching Case in Georgia.

Gen. Tilson will Garrison Henry County.

DEATH OF DR. GIBBES OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Farris Case Taken Into a Civil Court.

MASONIC GRAND LODGE OF KENTUCKY.

Gen. Thomas to Make Louisville his Headquarters.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—There is no probability whatever of the President changing his present position as to his restoration policy, as has been intimated in some of the papers.

AUGUSTA, GA., Oct. 17.—Four white men, charged with the murder of a freedman in Columbia county, on Tuesday morning, were arrested by the military to-day, and committed to jail. It is understood the prisoners will have an examination before the judge of the county court now in session.

Gen. Tilson will publish a communication tomorrow, stating that the civil authorities of Henry county having failed to protect the people and the agent of the bureau, he will maintain a garrison in said county until the conduct of the people and the action of the civil authorities warrant the belief that the laws will be enforced and all classes of citizens protected in their rights, persons and property.

AUGUSTA, GA., Oct. 17.—Dr. R. W. Gibbes, a prominent citizen and journalist, of South Carolina, is dead.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 17.—The five persons charged with detaining the mail steamer and mail agent, Dr. Farris, at Ghent, Ky., recently, have been produced before the United States Court on a writ of habeas corpus, and indicted for the aforesaid offenses.

In the Grand Masonic Lodge of Kentucky forty additional lodges were represented, aggregating three hundred and twelve. The elections resulted as follows: J. T. Martin, of Cynthiana, grand master; Elisha S. Fitch, of Flemingsburg, deputy grand master; Charles Eginton, of Clark county, grand senior warden; H. V. Jones, of Glasgow, grand junior warden; J. S. McCoskley, of Louisville, grand secretary; A. G. Hedges, of Frankfort, grand treasurer; Rev. George Larimer, of Louisville, grand chaplain.

Major General Thomas, commanding the department of the southwest, embracing the States of Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, Mississippi and Kentucky, will establish his headquarters here on the first of November.

TERRIFIC BOILER EXPLOSION AND FIRE IN ST. LOUIS.

OVER TWENTY PERSONS SUPPOSED TO BE KILLED.

BODIES SO BURNED AS TO BE UNRECOGNIZABLE.

NEGRO CONVENTION IN NEW YORK.

INTERESTING GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

Markets—Shipping—River News

Etc., Etc., Etc:

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 17.—A terrible boiler explosion occurred at 10 o'clock this morning in the turning shop of J. H. Von Brock, on Franklin avenue, totally demolishing also a three story building on the west and a dwelling on the east side. Twenty-two persons are known to be buried in the ruins, eight of whom were taken out dead and two perhaps mortally injured. Twelve remain in the ruins. The debris of the building immediately took fire which the firemen are engaged in extinguishing.

LATER.—Six more corpses have been taken from the ruins. It is now thought that others remain. The rescued are so burned that they cannot be recognized.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—A convention of the colored citizens of New York assembled at Albany yesterday, to discuss the proper policy to be pursued by this class of our population. The nomination of Governor Fenton was indorsed, and the eight thousand negro voters of the State were urged to support the ticket.

The trotting race between Lady Emma and George Wilkes for $5000 at the Fashion Course yesterday was won by Lady Emma in three straight heats. Time, 2:27; 2:27¼; 2:28¾.

NEW YORK, October 17.—Arrived, steamship Montgomery, from New Orleans.

LIVERPOOL, October 17.—The cotton market closed firm and unchanged; sales to-day 10,000 bales. Middling uplands 15½d.

LONDON, October 17.—The money market is quiet. Consols closed at 89½. The following are the closing prices of American securities: Erie Railway, 50¼; Illinois Central shares, 68¼; U. S. 5-20's, 68¼.

LOUISVILLE, Oct. 17.—Sales of 121 hhds. of leaf tobacco; good leaf, $40. Flour, superfine, new wheat, $9 50; A No. 1, $14. Corn higher; old mixed, 84c. Bulk oats, 50c. Pork, $32. Bacon shoulders, 16c.; clear sides, 20c. Lard in tierces, 17c. Whisky, $2 33.

CINCINNATI, October 17.—Flour unchanged and firm; superfine $9 50@$11; trade brands $12@$13; fancy $14@$15. Wheat steady at $2 85 for No. 1. Corn in good demand at 83c. Oats steady at 45c. Whisky steady. Pork $32, and firm. Bulk meats and bacon more firm but unchanged. Lard 15¾c., closing firmer under the impression that it is now lower than it can be produced. Gold 147¼.

SOUTHWEST PASS, Oct. 17—5 p. m.—Bark Flora Southward arrived at the bar this morning.

Ship Carl, from Bremerhaven, is aground off Grand island, about thirty miles to the westward of the pass. Three tugs have gone to her assistance.

Schooner Planet and schooner E. Kidder went up in tow at 5 p. m. Weather clear and pleasant. Tide very good. Wind northeast, light.

VICKSBURG, Oct. 17.—No arrivals to-day. River falling.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Evening.—Gold closed at 145½. 5-20's 114.

Cotton closed heavy; sales 900 bales at 41@43c.

Flour steady; sales 450 bbls. Southern at $12@$13 50. Wheat 1@2c. better. Corn 2@4c. better. Oats 1c. higher. Pork firm; sales 4200 bbls. of mess at $33 50. Lard lower. Whisky quiet. Sugar firm. Coffee steady. Molasses firm. Spirits of turpentine 70@72c. Rosin $4 25@$9 50.

[From Yesterday's Evening Papers.]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 17.—There seems to be no doubt that Mr. Stanton will soon retire from the war department, and that Lieut. Gen. Sherman will succeed him for a time, at least, as acting secretary of war.

OMAHA, Oct. 17.—The official returns from the territory are nearly complete. They show a Republican majority of between six and seven hundred. The legislature is two-thirds Republican.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17.—Three large stores on West and Washington streets were burned last night. One was filled with cotton. Loss $300,000.

List of dispatches remaining in the telegraph office for want of proper address: E. W. Wallace, general freight agent; Peter White, C. P. Houston, Bussey & Stevens, Captain Jos. Foy.

G. L. O. DAVIS, Manager.

The Coming Elections—Their Dates and the Officers to be Elected.

The following are the dates of the State elections yet to be held this fall, also the officers to be chosen:

West Virginia—October 25.—Governor, three members of Congress, and legislature.

New York—November 6.—Governor, thirty-one members of Congress, and one hundred and twenty-five members of the assembly—Senate holding over. United States senator to elect in place of Ira Harris.

Massachusetts—November 6.—Governor, ten members of Congress and State legislature.

New Jersey—November 5.—Five members of Congress and State legislature. United States senator to elect in place of Wm. Wright.

Michigan—November 6.—Governor, six members of Congress and members of legislature.

Illinois—November 6.—State officers, fourteen members of Congress and members of legislature. United States Senator to elect in place of Lyman Trumbull.

Wisconsin—November 6.—State officers, six members of Congress and members of legislature. United States Senator to elect in place of Timothy O. Howe.

Minnesota—November 6.—Governor, two members of Congress, and members of legislature.

Missouri—November 6.—Superintendent of public instruction, nine members of Congress, and members of legislature. United States Senator to elect in place of B. Gratz Brown.

Kansas—November 6.—Governor, member of Congress and members of legislature. Two United States senators to elect in place of James H. Lane and Samuel C. Pomeroy.

Nevada—November 6.—Governor, member of Congress and members of legislature. United States senator to elect in place of James W. Nye.

Maryland—November 6.—State controller, five members of Congress and members of the legislature. United States senator to elect in place of John A. J. Creswell.

Delaware—November 6.—Governor, member of Congress and legislature.

Yesterday, says the Mobile Tribune of the 16th, we received the following anonymous letter from New York:

NEW YORK, October 8, 1866.

Sirs—My attention has been directed to an article copied from your paper, (for I assure you, I would otherwise never see it,) in which you use a whole dictionary of Southern billingsgate against General Butler, for declaring that that perjured traitor, Robert E. Lee, should be hung. I wish simply to say, that so far from General Butler being alone in this matter, his opinion is entertained by thousands of a loyal community, who desire not only to see treason punished in the execution of this most infamous of all rebels, but in that of all the principal actors in that most horrible of all rebellions.

Your own president assures you that "treason is a crime and must be punished," and we at the North are determined that the axe shall fall upon the most prominent.

Permit me to say, that before you denounce loyal people as "lifeless and liars," you should be careful to examine yourselves, for it comes with bad grace for a people to make use of terms which are so peculiarly applicable to those who not only perjured themselves but who stole government property at wholesale. A people who commit such atrocious acts are lost to all honor and the truth is not in them.

Thank God that a magnanimous North permits you and your fellow-traitors to live when justice demands a large quantity of hemp. We are mild and lenient. See that you accept it in the right spirit. You deserve different treatment.

A LOYAL MAN.

BUTLER ON COLOR.—In one of his late speeches, Butler, of the silver spoons, declared that he loathed the doctrine that this is a white-faced man's government. "I insist," said he, "that it is a white-hearted man's government—a loyal man's government. I look to the color of the heart, and not to the color of his face, for my political friends and foes. It might be difficult, says the New York News, to observe the heart, unless an improvement should be introduced in the manufacture of the darkey, and a bow window be placed in his bosom, on the model of the Greek philosopher's. But there are other symbols, better defined and more easily distinguishable than either the face or the heart, by which to judge whether a man was entitled to be called white. If we lived under a white hearted government, for instance, Butler's claim to the Presidency would be irresistible, and under a white hearted government he would be without an equal.

A project is on foot for supplying the city of New York with gas manufactured at the coal mines in Pennsylvania, and then conveying it through iron pipes, a distance of 150 miles, to the city. It is asserted that it can be furnished at a much cheaper rate than is now paid.

GEN. CRITTENDEN.—The Louisville Journal announces that Gen. Thos. L. Crittenden has received the appointment of colonel in the regular army.

Reasons for Not Removing Mr. Davis.

The following letter, referred to in Attorney General Stanbery's reply to the President's inquiry relative to the trial of Mr. Davis, has, we believe, not yet been published here:

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