

Helmbold's GENUINE PREPARATION.

HIGHLY CONCENTRATED COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

A POSITIVE AND SPECIFIC REMEDY FOR DISEASES OF THE

Bladder, Kidney, Gravel and Dropsical Swellings.

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For Weakness arising from Excess, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretions or Abuse, attended with the following symptoms:

Impotency, Fatigue, Epileptic Fits, in one of which the patient may expire.

INSANITY AND CONSUMPTION.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU.

THE CRESCENT'S DISPATCHES.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Proceedings of Congress-Immigrant Statistics-The Union Pacific Railroad-Arrival of the Texas.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.-House.-Under the call of States the following among others were introduced: To tax national bonds; removing obstructions at Hill Gate; forbidding assessors and collectors from being directly or indirectly interested in forfeitures under the revenue laws; bill by Stevens regulating suffrage on national questions; to regulate appointments of government agents; providing temporary government for Wyoming Territory; bill by Cony to provide uniform currency and liquidate the national debt; relieving McClain College, Tennessee; amending national currency act; applying provisions to agricultural colleges; removal of obstructions at upper Missouri river; bill allowing transportation from warehouse at Indianapolis to San Antonio, Texas; declaring compromise for violation of revenue laws felony; for the better organization of the United States district courts in Louisiana; establishing a branch mint at Santa Fe.

A resolution passed, repealing the territorial act of Louisiana on account of the exclusion of certain citizens from suffrage and from holding office.

Several executive communications were presented.

Also a resolution of the Georgia convention, urging the reorganization of the State government, removal of political disabilities and modification of the test oath.

Also a petition from members of the Louisiana convention, praying for the removal of General Hancock and parish and State officials.

Also a petition from the Mississippi convention relative to the freedmen's bureau.

The bill forbidding the payment of certain claims arising from the rebellion, was resumed and passed; yeas 86, nays 63.

The secretary of state was asked the expense of the arrest and trial of Sarrazin.

A resolution was adopted after considerable filibustering, and suspension of the rules, instructing the reconstruction committee to inquire whether combinations had been made or attempted to obstruct the due execution of the reconstruction laws, with power to send for persons and papers.

Senators Wilson introduced a bill removing disabilities from certain citizens of Virginia.

The secretary of the treasury was called on for an elaborate report regarding captured and abandoned property.

The bill relieving Governor Patton, of Alabama, from political disabilities, was resumed. Howard and Drake wanted further proof of Patton's honesty.

The reconstruction bill was resumed. Wilson favored the bill. In opening, said, "He had in the thirteen years he had been in the House listened to a great many speeches. He had heard the demagoguing Davis, the blustering Toombs, the plausible Mason, the wild Shilley, but he had never listened to a more wicked speech than that delivered by the speaker from Wisconsin (Mr. Doolittle) on Thursday last."

Johnson followed with a powerful constitutional argument against the bill.

Bill relieving Governor Patton passed—yeas 26, nays 63.

The bureau of statistics reports the number of immigrants since 1851, 1,500,000. Inward passengers, not immigrants, during same time, 455,000.

The Union Pacific Railroad is in good running order 547 miles beyond Omaha, and has reached the height of 7500 feet above tide water.

The Supreme Court has decided that in case of treaty the captain of a vessel can sell her in a foreign port.

Harmen, the bureau agent at Lake Providence, La., who stole money from that department, was arrested at Charleston, and has been started for New Orleans, where he is to be tried.

The following is the substance of the bill which passed yesterday. It enacts, that hereafter no money shall be paid out of the treasury on the following class of cases growing out of the rebellion, until further action of Congress: First, on account of seizure or imprisonment, or for damages or demurrage or detention of any appliances of transportation, whether by land or water in insurrectionary States. Second, for transportation service, tolls, ferries, etc., beyond the tariff fixed by the quartermaster general during the war. Third, for the use and occupation of land in insurrectionary States, and for fortifications and other military defensive purposes during the war.

The Supreme Court to-day rendered an opinion confirming a decision made by Judge Watrous, in the District Court of Texas, relative to a land claim.

The opinion derives additional importance from the fact that a few years ago the judicial conduct of Judge Watrous was the subject of adverse animadversions, and the House of Representatives took testimony looking to impeachment for alleged malpractice in that court. After the trial, Judge Watrous was acquitted, and the imputation by the opinion of the supreme tribunal of the land.

FROM TALLAHASSEE, FLA.

The Florida Reconstruction Convention.

Tallahassee, Jan. 24.—Sixth Day.—The convention met at 10 A. M.

The committee on privileges and elections made a majority and a minority report. The consideration of which, after a short session, was postponed to the 23d of February next.

A committee on the boundary of the State, location of the capital, and miscellaneous matters, was appointed.

Invitations were extended to Solon Robinson, of New York; Col. O. B. Hart, Harrison Reid and others to address the convention.

After general discussion, the convention adjourned.

FROM MONTGOMERY.

Montgomery, Jan. 27.—The following important order was issued to-day:

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Local Intelligence.

REPORTORIAL SERVICES.—Lieut. W. H. Manning, Sergeant Gibney and Special Officers John Doody and E. Reynolds are now installed in the office of the First District. We were transferred from the First District. We installed the people of the Fourth District upon their new acquisitions; they signify order.

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Col. Mitchell, secretary of civil affairs at headquarters, will be absent for forty days, passing most of that time at his home in Pennsylvania.

The temperature, yesterday, as shown by the thermometer at the observatory, corresponded to Charles streets, was as follows: At 6 A. M., 63 degrees; at 12 M., 64; at 3 P. M., 66; at 6 P. M., 64.

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Our friends of the reportorial fraternity, Col. Deane and Mr. Manning, were yesterday evening with the Plebeians. Whatever undertaking they may have in view, it is certain that their energy and enterprise, to which we can testify by our experience of frequent friendly competition, will insure that success which is always to be wished for one's whole-souled companions.

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It is said that the latest dodge of the sharpers is for two to start a distillery on a capital of twenty dollars. One of the sharps is a Frenchman, and the other an informer divides the \$300 reward with his partner.

The Dry Goods and General Mercantile Clerks Association of New Orleans gave their second annual dinner on Saturday evening, at the Grand Hotel. The grand ball which this association gave last year at the Moreau building, which, unhappily, is not available this year. The next ball takes place at the National Theater.

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CINCINNATI, Jan. 27.—Flour shade firmer; family 11 1/2 @ 12. Red winter wheat 82 1/2. Corn dull, 80 @ 85. Oats firm, 68 @ 70. Whisky unchanged. Provisions firm. Mess pork 21 3/4 @ 22. Bulk meats—shoulders 8 1/2, sides 11 1/2. Bacon advanced 4c. Shoulders 10c. Sides 12 1/2 @ 13. Bulk meats—shoulders 8 1/2, clear sides 11 1/2. Whisky nominal.

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SAVANNAH, Jan. 27.—Cotton quiet but firm—middlings 17c. Sales 850 bales. Receipts 4500 bales.

POLITICAL.—The Massachusetts anti-slavery society met on the 23d. Resolutions were offered by Wendell Phillips, regarding the refusal of the Republican party to impeach the president as a grave crime against the nation; regarding with satisfaction the courageous persistency of Congress in its policy of reconstruction; condemning as one of the fondest blots on the nation's honor the cruel desertion of loyal men at the South; whom the law has no adequate protection; approving the reinstatement of Mr. Stanton, and opposing Grant for the presidency, in the absence of evidence that he sympathizes with the radical Republican party. Speeches were made by Mr. Phillips, Col. Higginson, Rev. Frothingham and others, until recess. Resolutions were adopted.

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"News has just reached us of a terrible explosion in the Chinese arsenal at Wehnao, opposite Harkow. The loss of life has not been definitely ascertained, but some persons estimate it as high as five thousand. Probably one thousand is nearer the number of killed and wounded. No Europeans were hurt. The shock was distinctly heard at Kinkiang, one hundred and twenty miles distant."

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LETTER FROM NEW YORK.

Special Correspondence of the New Orleans Crescent.

Every once in a while our city seems to be possessed with a sort of apathy; from which nothing can apparently come except some great crime committed, or a railroad accident, a fight among our aldermen or pleasant past-times of a similar description. Such is the state of New York city at present, and the newspapers, for want of anything else to write about, are obliged to describe the state of their party and every speck of cloud appearing on the political horizon in their minds as once magnified into a terrible hurricane. To judge of the public state of mind, last week after the news of Secretary Stanton having been reinstated into the war office, you would have thought that nothing short of a revolution would be the immediate consequence; still matters have again resumed a quiet course, and the storm has apparently blown off. If a temporary calm prevails in the political world, this is more than can be said of the atmosphere; for the last two days we have had successively snow, ice, rain, storm and finally snow again, and those who are not compelled for business to trod the streets all day, as are many poor fellows in our city, may consider themselves lucky indeed. The river is so full of ice that it was expected yesterday, to form a natural barrier to the militia, and they were accordingly ordered to the militia stations, and the militia were ordered to the militia stations, and the militia were ordered to the militia stations.

James Goveens, colored, was tried for breaking into the dwelling of Michael McQuade, with intent to steal, and cutting McQuade with intent to murder. The jury found the prisoner guilty.

Reilly Moe, charged with being concerned with Frank Grover in an alleged larceny of four hundred pounds of tallow, the property of Pierre Coste, was tried and acquitted.

John King and Louis King, tried for assault and battery on E. W. Shepherd, were acquitted.

In the case of Henry Meyer and Fred Stephens, charged with stealing a barrel of whisky from J. Stifford, the district attorney entered a nolle prosequi.

RECORDED GARNISH COURT.—Jean Capdeville and Pierre Bertrand, who are reported by the police to be "dangerous and suspicious characters" in other words, professional thieves, were arrested, on Sunday morning, on suspicion that they were concerned in the burglary of the cigar shop of Fernandez & Villa, at the corner of Customhouse and Royal streets. The grounds of suspicion being that they were seen near the place when the case shall have been examined.

Joseph Paul, colored, is in custody, charged with stealing a pocketbook from Mrs. Edmondson. Clatsou Natre was arrested on Sunday morning in the Beef Market, for passing upon several persons split railroad tickets; and he is accused of swindling, inasmuch as split tickets are not detected by the city railroad companies, and are therefore worthless.

J. C. Gonzales has given bond to appear to answer a charge of larceny. The complainant in the case is Louis Falson, and he avers that at the post-office at the police station, the accused attempted to rob him of his watch