

Helmbold's FLUID EXTRACT

BUCHU Is a Certain Cure for Diseases

BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY.

Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, Treat whatever cause originating, and no matter how LONG STANDING.

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS, And that of POSTERITY, depend upon prompt use of a Reliable Remedy.

HELMHOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is pleasant in taste and odor, free from all injurious properties, and immediate in its action.

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THE CRESCENT'S DISPATCHES.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Case of Georgia vs. Grant et al.—The McCord Case—The President's Last Letter to Grant—The President's Last Letter to Grant—The President's Last Letter to Grant.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11.—Judge Black filed yesterday the case of State of Georgia vs. Grant, Messrs. Ruger and Black endeavor to avoid the grounds which led to the dismissal of the former case.

The extra parte McCord case still held by the court; the majority of the bar incline to the opinion that it will be dismissed.

The President's last letter to Grant opens as follows: "The extraordinary character of your letter of the 2d inst. would require a reply, but the manner in which publicity has been given to the correspondence, whereof that letter formed a part, and the grave questions involved, induce this mode of giving the proper sequel to the communications which have passed between us."

After quoting from Grant's letter the president says: "Whenever a controversy upon matters of fact reaches the point to which this has been brought, further assertion of detail between the immediate parties should cease, especially where on either side it loses the character of respectful discussion which is required by the relations in which the parties stand to each other."

After quoting again from Grant's letter, the president says: "The point is that before you changed your views you had secretly determined to do the very thing which you at last—sentencing the office of Mr. Stanton. You may have changed your views as to the law, but you certainly did not change your views as to the course you had marked out for yourself from the beginning."

The president concludes at some length the legality of his order to Grant to disregard Stanton's orders, making the point that Grant will not obey his direct orders, but will obey his indirect orders. The president concludes by saying that without further comment upon the inordinate attitude which you have assumed, I am at a loss to know how you can relieve yourself from obedience to the orders of the president, who is made by the Constitution the commander in chief of the army and navy, and is, therefore, the official superior as well of the general of the army, as of the secretary of war.

The following is the president's letter to the secretaries present at the 14th of January conversation: "This morning's Chronicle contains the correspondence between the president and Grant, reported from the war department in answer to a call from the House. It then calls attention especially to that part of the correspondence relating to the conversation between Grant and the president, and requests a statement of what was said on that occasion."

In reply Secretary Wells says: "The recollection of the conversation corresponds with your statement of it in your letter of the 31st of January. The three points specified in that letter, giving your recollection of the conversation, are correctly stated."

Secretary McCulloch says: "I cannot undertake to state the precise language used, but I have no objection in saying that your account of that conversation as given in your letter to General Grant, of the 31st, substantially, and in all its important particulars, accords with my recollection of it."

Postmaster General Randall says: "I have read carefully the correspondence in question, and particularly the letter of the president to Gen. Grant, of the 31st. The following extract of that letter is, according to my recollection, a correct statement of the conversation that took place between the president and Gen. Grant at the cabinet meeting on the 14th of January."

Randall then quotes the president's version of the conversation as published in the Chronicle. Secretary Seward's letter is quite long, giving a detailed account of his impressions of what occurred. Quoting the substance of what the president said in his letter of the 31st, Seward says: "I did not understand Grant as denying or as explicitly admitting these statements in the form and full extent to which you have made them. His admission of them was rather indirect and circumstantial, though I did not understand it to be an evasive one."

After further details, Seward continues: "Certainly Gen. Grant did not, at any time in the cabinet meeting, insist that he had in fact, and in his own mind, admitted that he had, as you have stated, advised you of his determination to retire from the charge of the war department otherwise than under your own subsequent direction. He acquiesced in your statement of the fact that the Saturday conversation ended with an expectation that there would be a subsequent conference on the subject, which he, as well as yourself, supposed could reasonably take place Monday."

Seward's letter caused shouts of laughter, and alternate derision and incredulity from the Republicans, as his cautious narrative proceeded. Secretary Browning's letter is also quite long, and is mainly a repetition of the others. Grant has already written a reply, opening as follows: "I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of the 10th inst., accompanied by statements of five cabinet officers of their recollection of what occurred in the cabinet meeting on the 14th of January. Without admitting anything contained in these statements, where they differ from anything heretofore stated by me, I propose to notice only that portion of your communication wherein I am charged with insubordination."

Grant then proceeds to argue the point at some length. Grant's last letter to the president closes by dismissing any attention on his part, now or hereafter, to discuss any legal order of the president.

Guthrie has resigned the Kentucky senatorship on account of sickness. The legislature will elect his successor on the 15th. The Senate has rejected Wm. D. Bishop, for commissioner of patents, John M. Johnson, federal marshal of Virginia, and Leslie Combs, marshal of Kentucky.

The president has nominated Henry F. Heriot collector of customs, Georgetown, S. C. The judiciary committee stands four to three against Edmund's bill regulating impeachment proceedings.

The Senate committee will report favorably upon the bill forbidding deposits in national banks in cities where assistant treasurers have offices.

FROM EUROPE.

Feinlan—Death of Mr. Edward Brewster—London, Feb. 11.—Sir Edward Brewster, physician, scientific discoverer and author, died today, aged eighty-seven years.

London, Feb. 11.—A mob of Fenians drove the police through the streets with firearms yesterday, but none were hurt.

London, Feb. 11.—The British iron-clad Hercules, the largest in the world, was successfully launched at Chatham dockyard today.

DUBLIN, Feb. 11.—Lemon has been convicted of treason and murder. Sullivan has been indicted for sedition libel.

THE ALABAMA ELECTION. MONTGOMERY, Feb. 11.—In 134 counties the vote for the Constitution stands 41,733. Registration in the same counties, 111,293.

THE RECONSTRUCTION CONVENTIONS. RICHMOND, Feb. 10.—In convention today the judiciary committee reported adversely to two resolutions, one for setting debts contracted prior to 1865 at 25 cents on the dollar, and another declaring all debts contracted prior to that date null and void.

Richmond, N. C., Feb. 10.—The convention proceedings today were of little interest. An article of the Constitution on militia was under consideration.

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Market quotations. Flour—superfine \$28 25. Wheat, \$2 40/2 45. Corn, 75/80c. in bulk. Cotton, 14 1/2 @ 15. Lard, 14 @ 14 1/2. Mess pork, \$23. Bacon—shoulders 10 1/2, clear sides 13 1/2. Bulk meats—shoulders 9 1/2, clear sides 12 1/2. Whisky, raw and free, \$2 26.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—Cotton market active and prices advanced 1/2; sales to-day 1400 bales; middling uplands 20 1/2 @ 21 1/2. New York, Feb. 11.—Stocks active and higher. Gold 142 1/2. Money 5 1/2 cent. Sterling 105 1/2. Old bonds 111 1/2. Flour steady. Wheat quiet and at \$2 30. Oats firm. Pork 41 @ 41 1/2. Cotton firm; middling uplands 20 1/2 @ 21 1/2. Freights firm.

MOBILE, Feb. 11.—Cotton market irregular through the day, closing steady. Middlings 20c. Sales 4000 bales. Receipts 577 bales. New York, Feb. 11.—Money remains easy at 4 1/2 on call loans. Gold weak. Stocks steady 1/2 lower. Sub-treasury balance \$103,000,000. Government bonds, as follows: At 6 a. m. 1864, 107 1/2; 1865, 109 1/2; 1867, 107 1/2; 10 1/4; 7-30's, 107 1/2.

Local Intelligence. RECREATIONAL BRITANNIES.—A silver-plated fork with the initials T. S. R. upon it was found on Grand street, near Gravier, yesterday, and can be claimed at the office of the chief of police.

Mr. William Sweatman, a deserving actor and Ethiopian delineator, has been tendered by his friends a benefit concert to be given at the place on Saturday night next at the Olympic Theatre.

The stockholders of the Orleans Railroad Company held a meeting on Monday night and elected the following officers, to serve during the ensuing year: George Clark, president; Jules Benit, secretary; finance committee—George W. Hynson, chairman, Felix Labatut and L. E. Lamarie; construction committee—B. Saloy, chairman, and J. E. Martry.

The convention yesterday voted its members an increase of salary, raising their "per diem per day" to thirteen dollars. In these hard times such an indication of prosperity is truly refreshing. The vote only involves an additional expense of \$23,000.

Mr. Fiske (not the funny man) is to receive \$200 for his services in opening the convention with prayer. Judge Judah yesterday consented that the amount would be more than the reverend gentleman could have made outside in the same period.

A motion having been made yesterday in convention to dismiss the secretary for non-attendance, it was asserted that the missing official had been seen making tracks for the interior with a carpet bag full of circulars, and tickets emanating from the late radical nominating convention. His bag, it was therefore urged, ought to be continued.

Mr. Conrad Streeter, arrested some days ago for attempting to defraud the internal revenue office, was yesterday honorably acquitted from the charge by U. S. Commissioner Urban.

An addition of two hundred volumes has been made to the city library. More will be added soon. The books were purchased by the School Board.

In the Granger-Gastine case statements are made by Mrs. Granger, privately, that give the affair an aspect even more serious than a usurpation of authority by a magistrate, and such circumstances to have been disclosed by Mrs. Granger yesterday as demand the early attention of the Grand Jury to the case. Although the two brothers were illegally sentenced to the penitentiary, they are still in jail, under Recorder Gastine's commitment.

None of the gentlemen appointed to the upper Board of Aldermen by Gen. Hancock was at the session last evening, except Mr. Schneider. Mr. Wolfley has been elected president of the Board of Aldermen.

The city license for coffee-houses has been reduced to \$250, and the license of billiard saloons to \$50 for each table.

AN EVENTFUL BALL.—One of the finest balls that has been given in this city, last year, at the Moresque Building, by the Dry Goods Clerks' Association, now known as the Dry Goods and Mercantile Clerks' Association. This society propose to give another gathering of the kind to celebrate the anniversary of the 20th of January, on Thursday evening, the 20th instant. Beyond doubt the affair will be grand and marked with the gaiety which usually characterizes the balls of the Dry Goods and Mercantile Clerks' Association. Thanks for invitation tickets.

FIRE.—A fire broke out about half-past one o'clock yesterday morning, in the house No. 619 Magazine street, which was unoccupied, but was quickly extinguished before much damage had been done. That it was the work of an incendiary cannot be doubted, for, upon an examination of the premises it was ascertained that the wall separating the building from an adjoining one had been perforated, and that both floors were saturated with coal oil. Two fires had been built on the floor of the first house. A man named Patrick, residing in the back yard of the premises, has been arrested on suspicion of being connected with this act of incendiarism.

CONWARDLY ASSAULT.—On Monday evening, while Mr. John Anderson was standing on the corner of Cypress and Claiborne streets, he was cowardly stabbed from behind in the head and neck by a person whose name is not known, happily, not in a dangerous condition, but suffers considerably from his wounds.

STILL ANOTHER BURGLARY.—The grocery store of Mr. Alexander Stewart, corner of Orange and Magazine streets, was burglariously entered on Monday night, and a quantity of goods, valued at about one hundred dollars. No clue to the thieves has yet been found.

FIRE.—A little before 11 o'clock last night, the three-story brick building, No. 55 Royal street, the lower floor of which is occupied by Mr. Ed. Lanza as an apothecary shop, and the upper part by Mrs. Charles, a boarding place, was happily not in a dangerous condition, but suffers considerably from his wounds.

party holders, as well as coffee house keepers, to reduce the license to what it was before the war, viz \$150. Mr. Burbank withdrew his motion to refer, and moved to concur in the resolution. Upon the motion to concur the vote stood two to two, and was rejected by the casting vote of the chair, who observed that he would rather the resolution should be referred to the finance committee. After some discussion the vote was reconsidered and the resolution was again before the board. Mr. Schneider then moved to amend by substituting \$200 for \$250. Messrs. Schneider and Carriere voted for the amendment, Messrs. Burbank and Dewees against it. The vote being a tie, the chair, by his casting vote, rejected the amendment. The resolution was then concurred in as it came from the assistant board.

A communication from Mr. Felix Labatut, president of the Commercial Water Works Co., proposing to purchase the interest of the city in that corporation at \$50 per share, payable in Federal currency, was read and laid over to be considered in joint session.

A memorial from merchants and parties interested in the shipping and steamboat business of the port, remonstrating against the sale of the revenues of the wharves, as prejudicial to the interests of the city, in placing the wharves under the control of speculators, was laid on the table, subject to call.

A resolution from the assistant board authorizing John Durkin to establish a stable on Union street, between St. Charles and Carondelet streets, was adopted on two readings.

A resolution reducing the license on billiard saloons so that each table shall \$50 per annum, was adopted on two readings.

A resolution proposing approving the adjudication of the contract for repairing the engine houses of Nos. 14, 18, 20, 23 and 24. A resolution passed authorizing the sale of contracts for cleaning the draining canals.

A resolution was passed approving the appointment of S. Johnson, for building an asylum for French orphans, from the Girod fund, by paying said Johnson \$12,000, and he agreeing to make no other claim on the fund, or to accept of any other consideration, and was laid over until the next meeting. The board then adjourned.

BOARD OF ASSISTANT ALDERMEN.—A regular meeting of this board was held last evening. The meeting was called to order by the secretary. Mr. F. W. Perkins was called to the chair, and the following members answered to their names: Messrs. Steery, S. L. Davies, J. H. Moore, Chas. Leamont, W. S. Whittaker, Williamson Smith and J. H. Sampson.

An original resolution was offered by Mr. Sampson, providing for filling by the chair the vacant positions of chairmen of the different committees and of the various committees of finance and streets and landings.

Mr. Davies wished that the vacancies be filled by a vote of the board. Judge Whittaker was in favor of waiting for a meeting to be called with the appointments. Judge Leamont and Mr. Smith were of the same opinion. Mr. Smith proposed that the board adjourn until this evening. Mr. Sampson here withdrew his resolution.

The following message was then received from the mayor: FEBRUARY 11, 1868. Gentlemen—I hereby return without my signature, a resolution containing the probable receipts and expenditures of the current year, in compliance with section 124 of the city charter. My reason for doing so is that the appropriation for the public schools seems to me to be inadequate to the extent of the support of the most important department of the city government. The intelligence of the people being the foundation and bulwark of republican institutions, I would recommend a liberal appropriation for the support of the schools, certainly not less amount than was appropriated last year, while the most rigid economy is recommended in every other department.

Very respectfully, HEATH, Mayor. Referred to the finance committee. The treasurer's report for the week ending on the 8th, shows: receipts, \$270,737 51; expenditures, \$65,635 79; balance on hand, \$724,764 75. Referred to the finance committee.

A communication was received from Mr. G. D. Field, street commissioner, informing the board that he had appointed Messrs. W. J. McCulloch and G. D. White as his assistants, and asking for the approval of his appointments. Appointments confirmed.

A petition was received from Joseph Artigues, a resolution was passed by the mayor and city council, in rejecting his contract, entered into on June, 1867, for cleaning and repairing the unpaved streets of the Third Ward, and asking redress at the hands of the present council. Referred to the committee on streets and landings.

A petition from the lessees of the different theaters, asking for a reduction of the license upon theaters, in view of the losses which they are incurring in consequence of the dullness of the times, was referred to the finance committee. A resolution authorizing Mr. John Durkin to erect a stable on Union near St. Charles streets, was adopted and sent to the upper board for concurrence.

A petition from W. H. Hannan, asking to be exempted from paying half duty while he was carrying shells for the city. Referred to the committee on finance.

A resolution requiring the controller to submit his rolls for approval by the finance committee of the council before presenting the same to the treasurer, came up on a second reading but was postponed for one week.

A resolution authorizing the controller to sell the right of way to establish a street railroad on Canal, Marais, Villier and other streets, for twenty years, came up for a second reading, and was adopted. A motion to reconsider was lost.

Editorial Paragraphs, &c.

Dickens died on Sunday week with Summer. The Prince of Wales will visit Ireland in April. In Italy the gold premium is fifteen per cent. Dickens returns to England in April. Another good day yesterday for vendors of hot chestnuts.

The Northern and Western mails failed last night. Mrs. Yelverton's readings are pleasing the Charlestonians. St. Louis will make a mighty effort to have the Democratic National Convention there.

We are indebted to the navy department for its annual register for 1868. Thanks to Mr. C. E. Cormier, purses of the steamer Agues. The late severe weather in Kentucky did no great harm to the fruit trees.

Head, who smokes, is trying the Parton cure—four drinks of whisky and water after each pipe. The Nashville Banner urges the cultivation of the castor bean in the Southern States. The Louisville Germans are moving for a theater.

Cactuses, fifty feet high, are among the flora of Arizona. The horse Bashaw, Jr., was sold for \$14 50 a pound. London philanthropists are looking after the starving dogs in that city.

The Tomahawk is said to be cutting out Panch with its carotids. Thanks to the officers of the steamer Belle Lee. Tenneyson is to receive ten thousand dollars for twelve poems.

President Johnson has accepted an invitation to visit Baltimore and partake of a banquet, at which he will make a speech. "You are my lost, long brother," is the last reading at the Varieties of a passage in "Roseade."

We learn from the Gazette that a good deal of lumber is going from Bay St. Louis to the West Indies. Mr. Hay, the American charge d'affaires at Vienna, took no part whatever in the funeral of Maximilian.

A Paris actress fell near the footlights, but escaped injury from the circumstance that she had nothing on which could take fire. At his hotel in Cork Train aided the detectives by protracted readings from his pro-Fenian speeches.

The members of the commercial convention in Boston were received at the State House by Gov. Bullock, and banqueted by the Board of Trade. Twenty thousand starving Christians in Tunis obtained their chief and almost sole relief from the liberal charities of the Hebrew population.

Hon. F. Corwin may be the next Republican candidate for governor of Illinois. Gens. Palmer and Logan have withdrawn from the field. The Hancock says there is no bar in Texas that can possibly excel the Brownville bar in point of talent and legal ability.

The New Orleans correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial writes a graceful and interesting descriptive pen. It was colder at Bay St. Louis, during the late cold snap, than for fifteen years previous, and the people had no thermometer, either, says the Gazette.

In the last two years, \$20,000,000 worth of grain was raised in California, against \$3,500,000 worth in the preceding two years. Eighty per cent of the last year's crop went to Great Britain. The Commodore has taken an important spoke out of the New England wheel, and all the young fellows will soon be flying out of the "hab."

Bishop Atkinson, of North Carolina, heard Brigham make a speech in the House of Lords, and says it was hardly more than senile twaddle. The noble peers made unbecomingly haste to avoid hearing him.

Despite the terrible weather Monday a small audience attended the concert at Deutsche Company Hall, for the benefit of Mount Olivet Church. We trust the rare musical treat there presented will be repeated before a larger audience. Edward C. Towne, the late pastor of a Unitarian church in Medford, Mass., has resigned his ecclesiastical charge, and disclaiming the title of reverend, is now on the staff of The Chicago Tribune.

Prof. Newman, of University College, London, has rendered Longfellow's "Hiawatha" into Latin verse. Here are two lines: "Egredere Ogishwida, B. sedula, Doctorem." "And the Pharisae came also," remarked the blind man as Head and his friend halted before that unfortunate person while he was fingering the raised letters in his Testament, at the Fair Grounds' gate.

The Fall Mail Gazette presumes that Boston, for some time, will bear the same relation to New York that Edinburgh, in the Walter Scott period, did to London; and then, after a certain lapse of time, literary talent will obey the universal law, and gravitate to the metropolis. A dark reddish stone which abounds in North Stonington, Conn., was turned out to be glass in a natural state. Near the same place a lot of disintegrated quartz, in the shape of white sand, and of great value in the manufacture of flint glass, has been discovered.

A writer in Public Spirit claims that, to miserable victims of a glorious civilization, masked balls are a healthy tonic. There is a streak of outlawry running through everybody, which if it cannot find a harmless outlet, will seek one that is not harmless. A correspondent of the New York Tribune, shocked at the terrible, and, as he says, needless, torture of criminals by hanging, suggests that hereafter they may be made to touch a wire communicating with twelve Leyden jars, when death by electricity would be instantaneous and painless.