The New Orleans Crescent.

FRIDAY MORNING, MARCH 13, 1868.

Hippophagy.

GRAND HORSE DINNER AT LANGHAM'S HOTEL, LONDON.

[From the London Times, Feb. 7.]

At least one hundred and fifty persons were asking each other yesterday why horse flesh should not be good fare. It was a question of reason against prejudice. A horse is clean, and even a dainty feeder. The pig, which Christians eat without scruple, is not to be compared in this respect. Many persons had by actual experiment convinced themselves that horse flesh was not less succulent and appetizing than other animal food. It was necessary to show that these were not mere theorists, enthusiasts or epicures desirous only to create a new sensation. So what is called a "banquet hippophagique" was given at the Langham Hotel last night, and over one hundred and sixty gentlemen were invited to partake of it. You may convince yourself more or less completely that you ought to eat horse without feeling squeamish. Can you compose the stomach and banish all qualms by force of reason? This was the experiment which at the cost of a guinea and a half was tried last evening.

As far as we could ascertain, the guests went through the bill of fare conscientiously; there was a little gibbing. The soup was hardly distinguishable from that usually given at such dinners. There was, perhaps, some approach to a shudder when soles "*a l'huile hippophagique*" were handed round, but it was barely possible to detect the special flavor of the animal, even here, and one could not but recognize the truth of Mr. Samuel Weller's profound observation: "It's the reasoning that does it." After all the fancy dishes and sauces—the piquant sauce derived from an imaginary Arab steed, the slice cut from Pegasus, and so on—the test which practical man desired to apply was, how did horse taste *au naturel*? A slice cooked to rags, like the French *bouilli*, and was neither more nor less palatable. A more satisfactory dish then appeared. A trumpet sounded, and a beef eater entered, clad in scarlet and gold, and playing "The Roast Beef of Old England," followed by four cooks in kitchen costume, bearing on their shoulders a smoking baron of horse. This monster joint, weighing 280 pounds, was soon carved and served. Epicures said the flavor resembled that of roebuck. It was certainly a meat which, once tasted, would be taken without hesitation. The result may soon be described. Your prejudice was overcome, but you did not enroll yourself among the enthusiasts who say that horseflesh is more palatable than prime beef. This, we think, would be the conclusion of an average diner, who was neither enthusiastic nor prejudiced. It is quite possible to dine off horse, even at your first meal, without nausea. With very little effort of cookery you will hardly distinguish it from beef. At your next meal your appetite may come in eating.

Three horses contributed to this dinner. Their photographs were handed round. If you yielded to sentiment it was sad to look at the living image of the gray horse you were then eating in soup, or of the brown horse which was then being served *en culotte*. But the chairman, Mr. Forsyth, Q. C., reminded the diners that you secured to the horse humane treatment in his latter days when you showed that his carcass was fit, not for dogs, but for men. Statisticians declare that in this realm 75,000 horses, free from disease and available for human food, are slaughtered annually. On this theme the chairman enlarged. Here was animal food, palatable, nutricious, cheap. Should it be any longer wasted when animal food was so dear as to be partially beyond the reach of our poorer countrymen? Mr. Forsyth treated the horse question, not as one for epicures, but as a practical question of the highest importance; and this dinner was intended not to gratify the palates of a few, or to introduce a new dish into the rich man's house, but to popularize a new article of food for the poor.

"The horse and meat at 2½d. per pound," was the next text on which he dwelt. Mr. Maule, Q. C., Sir Henry Thompson, Sir J. Lubbock, and Mr. A. S. Bicknell also spoke. To the latter gentleman was justly ascribed the merit of providing the banquet—a task, where the staple dish is horse, of considerable difficulty. It only now remains to convince the classes who have most to gain from the cheapening of animal food that horseflesh is good to eat. Sir Henry Thompson, whose authority on such a point must needs be great, declared last night that for invalids equine tea was more nourishing than beef tea. Other medical authorities who were present at the dinner were ready, we believe, to corroborate Sir Henry as to the stimulating properties of the horse when treated in this way.

We should add that three horses partaken of were of the respective ages of four, twenty, and twenty-two years. Two had been cart horses; one had drawn a brougham, and in his prime had been worth seven hundred guineas. The baron was carved from the four-year-old.

The following letter from the "Societie Protectrice des Animaux," founded in Paris in 1845, was read by the chairman during the evening. The bronze medal therein referred to was handed by the chairman, amid general acclamation, to Mr. Bicknell:

"PARIS, Jan. 30, 1868.

"*Sir*—In the name of our entire committee we congratulate you on the generous efforts which you are making to introduce horseflesh into consumption in England.

"We know by experience how much courage and perseverance are required to struggle against public opinion in such a matter, but the importance of the object at which you aim, and the love of humanity, will give you the necessary strength to maintain this struggle. You think, with much reason, that it is absurd to lose each month throughout England millions of pounds of meat, admittedly wholesome and nourishing, when at the same time throughout England there are millions of human beings who stand in need of meat.

"In France the opposition to this new food has been very strong, and the authorities, in spite of the favorable opinion of the council of health, La Commission Generale d'Hygiene, have delayed for more than three years the grant of any authority to open in Paris a shop for the sale of horseflesh. Things have changed now. At the official reception at the beginning of the new year, the minister of agriculture congratulated our committee on the results which it has attained. His excellency was pleased to remind us that at this moment there are twenty-three butchers' shops at which nothing but horseflesh is sold, and that they have already produced for public consumption several million kilogrammes of this flesh, which has been sold at a price much below that of beef, a result which at this moment is a great boon to the poorer classes.

"Our committee, sir, wishing to encourage your efforts, has just resolved that a medal should be offered to you. You will receive it very shortly.

"We pray you on our behalf to address our congratulations to the honorable gentlemen who give you their support, and who, in organizing a horseflesh banquet, cause this important question to be the subject of a fair experiment. By and by the public gratitude will recompense them for the initiative they have so courageously taken.

"Pray accept, sir, the expressions of our sympathy.

"LE DOCTEUR BLATIN, President.
"A. GEOFFROY ST. HILAIRE, Vice President.
"FOURQUIN, Secretary.
"E. DECS. IX, Assistant Secretary."

Mississippi Intelligence.

The late Catholic Orphan's Fair at Natchez realized $3067 50.

The body of A. P. Brennan, a federal soldier, belonging to the command at Grenada, who has been missing for some time, was found four miles from camp, last week. The rumor is that under the influence of liquor he wandered from camp, and died from cold or some other cause. A watch, seven dollars and other articles were found upon his person.

The Grenada sentinel understands that it is the intention of a great many planters not to go extensively into the planting of cotton this year.

A message was sent, the other day, from Natchez to Liverpool and the answered returned in 13½ hour, at an expense of $68 in gold.

DICKENS'S APPRECIATIVE AUDITOR.—The bark of the dog on Monday evening at Dickens's reading reminds us of an incident that occurred in Vermont some years ago. Rev. Mr. D., a venerable and forcible expounder of the Gospel, was in the habit of frequently rousing and calling the special attention of his hearers to what he was saying; and among the regular attendants of the church was a large Newfoundland dog, who frequently planted himself upon his hind-quarters in front of the pulpit, and looked the minister squarely in the face. Under these circumstances, one Sabbath, the reverend gentleman spoke out so loudly and energetically as to wake all the slumberers. "Here is an idea for you! I want you to take hold of it! Seize it! Instantly the dog perceived a personal application, and broke out with a ringing bow-wow! The whole congregation, even the deacon, found it as difficult to suppress laughter and return to sober business as did Mr. Dickens when he seemed to be so well appreciated by at least and very *funny dog*.

(Washington Chronicle, Feb. 7.

Fifty dollars! Sloat elliptic sewing machine triumphant. Highest premium Louisiana State Fair. For sale at 87 Canal street.

N. O. STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHARTER.....CHARTER

—OF THE—

NEW ORLEANS STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,
STATE OF LOUISIANA, CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

Be it Known, That on this eighth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-second, before me, Edward Ivy, a notary public, in and for the City and Parish of New Orleans, State of Louisiana aforesaid, duly commissioned and sworn, personally came and appeared the parties hereinafter named and undersigned, who severally declared that, availing themselves of the provisions of the statutes of the State of Louisiana relative to the organization of corporations in this State, they have covenanted and agreed, and do by these presents covenant, agree and bind themselves, and those whom they represent, to form themselves into and constitute a corporation for the objects and purposes, and under the stipulations, regulations and obligations following, to-wit:

ARTICLE I.

The name and title of said Company shall be the "NEW ORLEANS STEAMSHIP COMPANY," and its domicil is hereby established in the city of New Orleans and it shall exist and continue for the term of twenty five years from the date of these presents, unless sooner dissolved, as hereinafter provided for. It shall have a corporate seal with a device upon the same and the name of the Company upon the margin thereof.

ARTICLE II.

The object of said company is to construct or otherwise procure and maintain one or more steamships, to constitute a line or lines of steamships, to be owned and controlled in the city of New Orleans, and to trade between said city and any port or points in the Atlantic coast or Gulf of Mexico.

The manager of said company shall be the proper person on whom to serve citations, notice and other legal process wherein the said Company may be interested.

ARTICLE III.

The capital stock of said Company is hereby fixed at the sum of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, divided into shares of Fifty Dollars each, all of which to be paid at or before the signing of these presents; which capital may be increased to an amount not exceeding one million, if the same should be required by two-thirds capital.

ARTICLE IV.

The affairs of said Company shall be under the direction and management of Edward Higgins who may at any time have the privilege of associating with him one or more persons from among the stockholders of the Company, subject to the approval of the Board of Control, who shall act as a Board of Agents to assist in transacting the business of said Company.

ARTICLE V.

SECTION 1. The regular meetings of the stockholders of the Company shall be held annually, commencing on the first Tuesday in February 1869, at which meeting a majority in capital shall choose five of their number to serve as Directors for the ensuing year, who shall constitute and form a Board of Control, of which the said Manager shall be Chairman and entitled to one vote on all matters brought before it; and until the election of Directors as aforesaid, the following named persons shall constitute the first Board of Control, viz: M. J. SMITH, WM CREEVY, J. PEMBERTON, J. ARMSTRONG, J. MCCLOSKEY.

SEC. 2. The failure to elect Directors as aforesaid, shall not dissolve the said corporation, but the Board in office shall continue to exercise its functions, until a new Board can be elected.

SEC. 3. Three members of said Board of Control shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and the said Board is hereby invested with full power to frame and adopt such by-laws, rules and regulations as they may deem requisite and necessary for the Company and the transaction of its affairs; provided, the same shall not conflict with the true intent and meaning of this Act of Incorporation, or with the laws of this state. And in the temporary absence of the Manager they may select a Chairman to preside at their meetings. They shall have power and are hereby authorized to buy and sell steamships, real estate etc., for the use of the Company; to make contracts, leases, mortgages, hypothecations and compromises; to fix salaries of officers and employes; to borrow money, and to build or cause to be built steamships for the use of said Company.

SEC. 4. If any member of said Board shall cease to be a Stockholder of said Company during his term of service, his office shall be declared vacant; and in the event of the death, permanent absence, or resignation of any member of said Board of Control, the said Board of Control shall have power to fill vacancies occasioned thereby until the first regular meeting thereafter of the Stockholders for the election of officers of the Company.

SEC. 5. The said Board shall meet monthly for the transaction of business, and the Manager may call them together at any time, by giving six hours' notice in writing.

ARTICLE VI.

SECTION 1. It shall be the duty of the Manager to keep, or cause to be kept, in sound books, in the name of the Company, a correct record of the proceedings, transactions, accounts, property, business and affairs, as well as a full and complete account of the receipts and disbursements thereof. He shall moreover act as Treasurer of the Company, and keep a cash account in one of the banks or banking companies, of this city, subject to the approval of the Board of Control, in the name and for account of the Company, and to be alone authorized and empowered to draw checks, to be countersigned by the Secretary, and transact all banking business thereof.

SEC. 2. I. shall be the duty of the Manager of said Company to exhibit, or causes to be exhibited to the Stockholders, whenever thereto required by them, all the books, papers, accounts and documents belonging to said Company, and also submit to them on or before the twentieth of each month a detailed statement of the business and affairs of the Company during the preceding month.

SEC. 3. In the event of the resignation, permanent absence or death of the Manager, the Board of Control shall immediately proceed to appoint a Manager pro tem., who shall act as such until the first annual meeting thereafter of the Stockholders at which meeting the Stockholders shall proceed to elect a manager from among themselves who shall be subject to election annually thereafter; and in the case of the temporary absence of the Manager, the aforesaid Board of Control shall have power to appoint a Manager pro tem.

SEC. 4. At the annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Company, the Manager may make a report of such matters and things as he may deem expedient and necessary for the interest of the Company, at which meeting each share of stock in the said Company shall be entitled to one vote on all matters brought before it.

SEC. 5. The said Manager shall have power to appoint a Secretary, agents and other employes annually, and oftener if vacancies should occur, subject to the approval of the Board of Control; and he may remove said Secretary, agents, or other employes at any time, without the sanction of said Board.

ARTICLE VII.

On the expiration of the said term of twenty-five years, hereinbefore agreed upon for the existence of said Company, a majority of the stockholders in capital shall have power to determine upon the mode of selling and disposing of all the property and effects belonging to said Company, and also to decide upon and fix the terms and conditions of the sale or disposition thereof, and finally of winding up and liquidating its affairs to the best advantage.

ARTICLE VIII.

Three-fourths of the stockholders in capital shall have the power to wind up and settle the business and affairs of said Company, at any time during its existence, or of making any modifications and additions or changes to this act, on giving sixty days previous notice in two of the newspapers published in this city.

ARTICLE IX.

All transfers of stocks shall be made in the office of the Company, and recorded in a book of transfer to be kept for that purpose. The new stockholder binding himself in said act of transfer to abide by all the terms, conditions and stipulations of this act and all or any rules, regulations or by-laws made and adopted in pursuance thereof.

ARTICLE X.

No stockholder shall ever be held liable or responsible for the contracts, or faults of said Company, beyond the amount of his stock in said Company, nor shall any mere informality in the organization of said Company have the effect of rendering the present charter null, or of exposing a Stockholder to any greater liability than the amount of his stock therein.

ARTICLE XI.

The said Company shall sue and be sued in its corporate name and capacity, and plead and be impleaded accordingly.

ARTICLE XII.

The following named persons are Stockholders in said Company, and as such are entitled to the number of shares placed opposite to their names respectively, to-wit:

M. J. Smith, Wm. Creevy, Jno. Armstrong, Thos. B. Lee, Geo. G. Garner, J. H. Morison, Geo. W. Manson, J. H. Stauffer, W. A. Shropshire, John Pemberton, Edw'd A. York, Harmon Doane, C. H. Bradshaw, David McCloaro, Kennett & Bell, Wm. M. Perkins, A. Miltenberger & Co., Wilhelmus Bogart, and others.

ARTICLE XIII.

The Board of Control shall be empowered to receive further subscriptions to said Capital Stock, until the amount subscribed shall have reached the aforesaid sum of one million.

ARTICLE XIV.

This Association shall go into operation as soon as the sum of Fifty Thousand Dollars shall have been subscribed for. And, in conclusion, the stockholders hereinbefore named, in confirmation of the aforesaid stipulations, covenants and agreements ordained and established by the present act, for the purposes hereinbefore mentioned, and to that effect only, do hereunto subscribe their names respectively.

Thus done and passed at the city of New Orleans aforesaid, the day, month and year first above written, in the presence of Geo. Clark and F. McC. Swain, competent witnesses, who hereunto sign their names with said parties and me, notary.

John Pemberton, E. Rigney, Geo. W. Manson,
William Creevy, Marshall J. Smith, C. H. Bradshaw,
Jas. McCloskey, J. A. Bradbury, M. D., Edward Higgins,
Jno. Armstrong, Edw. A. Yorke,
EDWARD IVY, Notary Public.

In presence of Geo. Clark, F. McC. Swain.

MACHINERY, HARDWARE.

HARDWARE AND SHIP CHANDLERY

(ELLIS H. BOSTICK, FRANK W. SEYMOUR.)
Bostick & Seymour,
Importers and Dealers in
HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWAR AND CUTLERY
STOVES, TIN WARE and TINNER'S TOOLS,
BAR and SHEET IRON, TIN and TIN PLATE
SHEET COPPER, ZINC, NAILS, AXES,
CHAINS, SHOVELS, SPADES, HOES,
LEAD PIPE, SHEET LEAD, GAS PIPE,
BRASS WORK and PIPE FITTINGS
RUBBER BELTING, HOSE and PACKING,
COTTON WASTE, Etc., CORDAGE,
COTTON and FLAX DUCK, TWINES,
OILS, PAINTS, LAMPS, LANTERNS, Etc.
All Kind of Steamboat and Railroad Supplies
Fulton and Front streets, corner Common.
Sole Agents for J. H. Weston's LIGHTNING RODS, Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas and Alabama.

LEEDS' FOUNDRY—

(ESTABLISHED IN 1828.)

Corner of Delord and Foucher streets.

We beg leave to inform our friends and the public generally that we are prepared, as formerly, to manufacture Steam Engines, Boilers, Sugar Mills, Sugar Kettles, Draining Machines, Saw Mills, Cotton Presses, Newell Screws, Gin Gearing, Furnace Mouths, Grate Bars, all kinds of Plantation and Steamboat Works, and every description of Machinery in the South. LEEDS & CO.

Orders left at Box 73, Mechanics' and Dealers' Exchange, will receive prompt attention.

SHAKSPEARE IRON FOUNDRY,
306 Girod street, New Orleans.
JOHN GEDDES—JOS. A. SHAKSPEARE—S. FOOP.
Geddes, Shakspeare & Co.,
Iron and Brass Founders and Machinists, manufacture every variety of Steam Engines, Sugar Mills, Draining Machines, Mill and Gin Gearing, Grate Bars, Store Fronts, Columns, Bash Weights, etc. Blacksmith Work of all kinds.

NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT.

THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT.

OFFICE 94 CAMP ST., NEW ORLEANS.

J. O. NIXON, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Official Journal of the State of Louisiana.

To promote the social, material and political well-being of the city of New Orleans, the State of Louisiana, and the great Southwest, will be in the future, as it has been in the past, the purpose of this journal. The columns of each day's issue are referred to as an earnest of the faithfulness and success with which this design is executed.

While the stand-point of the CRESCENT is an independent one with reference to all the subjects of newspaper comment and discussion, its opinions will always be found to be candidly, definitely and fearlessly expressed.

A carefully selected corps of

Correspondents, Home and Foreign,

add to the usefulness of the CRESCENT, by impartial letters upon topics of moment to the people of this section. Its letters from the people form not the least interesting and valuable feature of its well-filled columns. A large share of each day's issue is given up to

SOUTHERN ITEMS,

carefully culled from our exchanges. In the selection, preparation, and arrangement of News and other Reading Matter, it is claimed that the CRESCENT is not surpassed by any other daily journal in the United States. The

Commercial and Monetary Reviews,

will bear the severest scrutiny as to the fidelity and judgment with which this important branch of newspaper duty is performed for the CRESCENT.

In brief the proprietor of the CRESCENT proposes to continue to present to the public a LIVE, and, in every respect A FIRST-CLASS PAPER, properly supplying the imperative needs of the BUSINESS COMMUNITY AND FAMILY CIRCLE. It will be in the future, as in the past, influenced by the spirit of true progress, aiming at its own continual improvement for the benefit of its patrons.

The CRESCENT'S circulation and its line of advertisements are sufficient testimony as to the favor with which its efforts for the public have been appreciated and rewarded.

THE DAILY CRESCENT

—IS—

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING (MONDAYS EXCEPTED),

Yearly Subscription in advance.....$16 00
Half-yearly.....8 00
Quarterly.....4 00

THE SUNDAY CRESCENT

Is peculiarly a HOME JOURNAL. Its ample columns will be found crowded with choice reading matter especially written or selected for this issue, including a rich, entertaining and instructive variety, welcome alike to the merchant, the planter, the mechanic, the housewife, the young and the old.

THE WEEKLY CRESCENT

—HAS—

A LARGER CIRCULATION THAN ANY OTHER WEEKLY PUBLISHED IN THIS CITY.

It presents the news of the week, carefully prepared editor upon topics of present interest, selections in great variety, reviews of the money and commercial markets, foreign and domestic correspondence, and has supplied the want of the Southwest for a STERLING WEEKLY FAMILY PAPER. It has proven an admirable premium for advertising, as it circulates in all directions throughout the South.

THE WEEKLY CRESCENT

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PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,

And is supplied to subscribers at the following rates:

For one year, in advance.....$
For six months " .....
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—IS—

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And is managed by as competent masters of the typographical art as are to be found in this country. It is fully supplied with all the latest improvements in PRESSES and all the newest styles of TYPES. All kinds of work promptly executed, such as—

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HAND BILLS; BILLS OF FARE;
BALL and RAFFLE TICKES
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ACCOUNT SALES;
NOTES; CHECKS;
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MERCHANTS' ACCOUNT BOOKS got up in the best style, as the BINDING and RULING departments of the office receive special attention.

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Having a full and well selected stock of INKS and TINTS of all colors, the CRESCENT Lithographic Establishment is enabled to produce any kind of work in the very best style.

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IN THE SOUTH.

No. 94 Camp Street,
NEW ORLEANS

INSURANCE.

GLOBE MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEW YORK.

Capital.....$1,171,193 58

PLINY FREEMAN.....President.
LORING ANDREWS.....Vice Presidents.
JNO. A. HARDENBERG.....
H. C. FREEMAN.....Secretary.

Statement January 1, 1868

To Net Cash Assets, January 1, 1867		$ 629,263 60
To Premium Account, 1867	$ 758,313 19	
To Interest received and accrued	51,757 01	
		809,970 20
		$1,439,233 80
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Paid losses by death	$ 106,050 00	
Paid commissions and agency expenses	102,452 51	
Paid Medical examinations and advertising	14,036 50	
Paid Salaries, printing, rent and office expenses	39,334 65	
Paid for taxes and internal revenue	6,328 92	
Paid return premium and re-insurance	4,506 48	
Paid interest on Stock	7,455 00	
		271,164 06
		$1,168,069 74
ASSETS.		
U. S. 6s, 1881, Bonds, cost (Market value $365,645 00.)	$ 370,513 62	
U. S. 5-20 1867, Bonds, cost (Market value $39,286 00)	37,229 25	
U. S. 10-40 Bonds, cost (Market value $40,750 00)	40,000 00	
Brooklyn City Bonds, cost (Market value $99,900 00)	94,475 00	
New York County Stock, cost (Market value $10,000 00)	10,000 00	
Bonds and Mortgages	234,350 00	
Temporary Loans	32,628 83	
Cash on hand and on deposit	112,027 08	
Premiums due from Agents and in course of collection and transmission, and unadjusted accounts	72,558 71	
Quarterly and Semi-Annual Prem's due subsequent to Jan. 1868	158,994 05	
Office Furniture, Printing and Stationery on hand	11,094 03	
Accrued Interest	3,809 17	—1,168,069 74
Add excess of market value of Bonds over cost		3,123 82
		$1,171,193 56

J. C. SHIPLEY, Agent,
6 Camp street, New Orleans.

ATLANTIC INSURANCE COMPANY
—OF—
NEW ORLEANS.

Office.....No. 19 Camp Street.

FIRST ANNUAL STATEMENT.

NEW ORLEANS, July 10, 1867.

In conformity with the requirements of their Charter, the Company publish the following statement:

Amount of Premiums for the year ending July 5th, 1867		$157,622 27
Viz:		
Fire Premiums	$73,365 19	
Marine Premiums	39,031 65	
River Premiums	45,286 43	—$157,683 27
Less Returned Premiums		698 21
		$156,985 06
Losses Paid, viz:		
On Fire Risks	$22,587 43	
On Marine Risks	26,870 13	
On River Risks	18,851 88	
	$67,309 43	
Rebate	34,225 50	
Re-Insurance	9,817 57	
Taxes	2,281 46	
Expenses, Discount, etc	28,758 61	—143,592 57
		$13,392 69
—ASSETS—		
Capital Stock Notes		$300,000 00
Bills Receivable, secured by mortgage		5,000 00
Premiums in course of collection		17,240 62
Bills Receivable payable on demand		38,500 00
Valette Dry Dock Co. Stock		1,000 00
Office Furniture and Fixtures		2,691 37
Cash		24,160 70
		$388,592 69

The above statement is a just, true and correct transcript from the books of the Company.

E. RIGNEY, President.

H. P. JANVIER, Secretary.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 11th day of July, A. D 1867, PAUL W. COLLENS, Third Justice of the Peace.

DIRECTORS.

E. Rigney, H. H. Stanley,
George W. Manson, A. S. Hitchcock,
T. M. Simmons, James Byrnes,
W. H. H. Witherell, B. J. West,
T. Prudhomme, C. M. Soria,
B. L. Mann, E. Newman,
Alexander Marks, J. P. Eggleston,
W. R. Greene, A. D. Grieff,
John H. Keep, C. E. Slayback,
N. H. Thomas.

E. RIGNEY, President.
A. D. GRIEFF, Vice President.
H. P. JANVIER, Secretary.

UNION INSURANCE COMPANY
OF NEW ORLEANS.

TENTH ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE UNION INSURANCE COMPANY.

PUBLISHED AS ENQUIRED BY LAW AND THEIR CHARTER.

Amount of premiums received during the year ending April 30, 1867:		
Premiums on fire risks	$110,13 67	
Premiums on river risks	56,034 86	
Premiums on marine risks	55,690 21	
Unterminated risks, April 30, 1866	39,647 12	
		$261,752 59
Less return premiums		3,847 70
Net premiums		$257,904 89
Paid losses during the year, viz:		
Fire losses	$44,787 57	
River losses	26,808 38	
Marine losses	33,962 77	
Total losses	$99,263 73	
Reinsurances	8,937 17	
Expenses, interest on scrip and profit and loss account, less discount and interest account	18,129 17	
Taxes and internal revenue	7,883 43	
Twenty and twenty five per cent. returned	51,144 48	
Reserved for unterminated risks	35,941 91	
		$220,404 89
Net profits		$37,500 00
The assets of the Company are:		
Capital stock notes	$37,500 00	
Loans secured by mortgage	18,337 65	
Loans secured by pledge	25,595 36	
Bills receivable for premiums	20,140 45	
Stocks, bonds and other securities	148,867 25	
Real estate	47,127 40	
Individual accounts for premiums	30,657 72	
Cash	35,739 78	
Scrip of other companies	1,545 00	
		$396,498 61

The above statement is a correct transcript from the books of the Company. A. CHIAPELLA, President.

J. M. CRAWFORD, Secretary.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
PARISH OF ORLEANS, CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this eighth day of May 1867. S. MAGNER, Notary Public.

The Board of Directors have declared a dividend of fifteen dollars per share to the Stockholders; said dividend to be placed to the credit of unpaid stock account. They have further resolved to pay six per cent interest on the outstanding certificates of Scrip to the holders thereof, on and after this date.

The Company continues to insure against the perils of the seas, rivers, and loss or damage by fire, at the current rates of premium, and returns twenty-five per cent. cash to parties insuring.

DIRECTORS.—J. B. Eimer, A. Chiapella, R. W. Ogden, R. W. Adams, J. J. Fernandez, A. Coutin, J. Goldstein, R. Salomon, L. F. Generes, W. B. Schmidt, C. Kohn, J. A. Seignouret, John I. Adams, Victor Burthe, C. Blanchin.

PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.,
HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Assets.....$3,500,000.

GEORGE S. DARLING, General Agent,
Office corner Canal and St. Charles streets. Entrances No. 112 Canal and No. 8 St Charles street, New Orleans.

Refers to E. Salomon, Esq., Glenny Burke, Esq., J. O Nixon, Esq., J. Morgan Hall, Esq.

NATIONAL MARINE AND FIRE
INSURANCE COMPANY.

Office—Corner Camp and Common Streets.

WM. WHANN, President.
E. N. GANUCHEAU, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

S. C. Emley, Louis Schneider,
A. S. Mansfield, Wm Whann,
D. C. McCan, J. M. Lapeyre,
W. W. Howe, B. L. Sillasdon,
Geo. W. Cochran, Geo. W. Porch,
J. T. H. Grace.

This Company continues to insure against the Perils of the Sea, River and against Fire—subject to the conditions of the tariff of the Board of Underwriters of this city.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE
FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital.....$5,000,000 in Gold,

GOLD AND STERLING POLICIES ISSUED.

R. G. MUSGROVE, General Agent.

OFFICE.....63 CARONDELET STREET.

INSURANCE.

SUN MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

OFFICE OF THE SUN MUTUAL INSURANCE CO., New Orleans, 23d Jan., 1868.

TWELFTH ANNUAL STATEMENT OF THE AFFAIRS
—OF THE—
Sun Mutual Insurance Company
OF NEW ORLEANS,
For the Year Ending December 31st, 1867.

Amount of premiums for the year ending 31st December, 1867, viz:			
On fire risks	$166,471 53		
On marine risks	65,930 94		
On river risks	85,402 24		
		$317,804 71	
Add unterminated risks for 1866	66 885 00		$384,689 71
Deduct unterminated risks for 1867	$60,415 00		
Return premiums for 1867	2,598 94		$63,014 04
Net earned premiums 31st Dec., 1867			$321,675 67
Losses paid during the same period, viz:			
On fire risks	$32 051 12		
On marine risks	39,641 76		
On river risks	35,022 94		
		$106,715 82	
Add re-insurances	$2,507 75		
Discount on premium	48,466 87		
		50,974 62	
Expenses, taxes, rent account, profit and loss, etc, less discount and interest		71,610 31	
Reserved for payment of interest on scrips due in 1868, including balances		5,213 10	
			$254,513 85
Net profits			$37,161 82
The Company have the following assets, viz:			
Two hundred and nine Consolidated City Bonds, valued at 80c			$167,200 00
One hundred and twenty-four N. O., J. and G. N. R. R. City Bonds, valued at 70c			86,800 00
One hundred and two N. O., O. and G. W. R. R. City Bonds, valued at 70c			71,400
Twenty-five Pontchartrain R. R. City Bonds, valued at 70c			17,500 00
Four Opelousas R. R. State Bonds, valued at 50c			2,000 00
Six Mexican Gulf R. R. State Bonds, valued at 50c			3,000 00
Nine Vicksburg, S. and Texas R. R. State Bonds, valued at 50c			4,500 00
Bank and Gas Stocks, etc			163,455 00
Loans on pledge			25,100 00
Loans on mortgage			53,000 00
Bills receivable			11,296 38
Premiums due in course of collection			47 183 02
Scrips of other Insurance Companies			12 400 00
Uncurrent funds			4,000 00
Coupons on City Bonds due, not collected			13 800 00
Cash on hand			84,974 41
			$767,768 81

The above statement is a true and correct transcript from the books of the Company.

THOMAS SLOO, President.

THOS. ANDERSON, Secretary.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
PARISH OF ORLEANS, CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 23d day of January, 18 8. PARIS CHILDRESS,
Second Justice of the Peace, Parish of Orleans.

The Board of Directors have resolved to pay six per cent. interest on the outstanding certificates of profits, on and after the second Monday of February next. And they have further declared a Scrip dividend of Thirty-five Per Cent. on the net earned participating premiums for the year ending December 31, 1867, for which certificate will be issued on and after the 16th day of March next.

THOS. SLOO, President.
JOHN G. GAINES, Vice President.
THOS. ANDERSON, Secretary.

DIRECTORS:

Jno. G. Gaines, E. J. Hart,
Henry Renshaw, Jno. C. Ricks,
H. T. Lonsdale, J. B. Stauffer,
B. Biscoe, J. B. Bres,
J. C. Barelli, Thos. Sloo,
Theo. A. James.

MERCHANTS' MUTUAL INSURANCE
COMPANY.

THIRTEENTH ANNUAL STATEMENT

In conformity with the requirements of their Charter, the Company publish the following statement:

Premiums received during the year ending 31st May, 1867 including unearned premiums of the previous year:		
On Fire Risks		$ 895,210 45
On River Risks		200,338 08
On Marine Risks		337,231 33
Total Premiums		$1,433,479 86
Less premiums Unearned on the 31st May, 1867	$224,187 06	
Returned Premiums	16,955 29	
		$280,137 1
Net Earned Premiums 31st May, 1867		$1,153,342 67
Losses paid during the year:		
On Fire Risks	$ 311,228 89	
On River Risks	199,719 43	
On Marine Risks	278,627 60	
	$789,570 92	
Taxes	35,660 97	
Reinsurance, Expenses, Profit and Loss less interest	85,302 44	—910,523 93
Net Profit		$ 256,818 64
The Company have the following Assets:		
Real Estate		$ 169,817 27
Notes Secured by Mortgage		591,990 18
Notes Secured by Pledge		100,037 40
Cash on hand		74,750 32
Premiums in Course of Collection		95,629 88
City Bonds		59,639 00
Bank and Railroad Stocks		142,735 00
Bills Receivable		113,891 78
Scrip of Mutual Insurance Companies		35,715 00
Stock of Vallette Dry Dock Company		15,000 00
" Levee Steam Press		5,000 00
" Gas Light Company		6,000 00
" Marine Dry Dock		2,950 00
" Merchants' Exchange		1,000 00
" Lightering and Wrecking Co		1,000 00
State Bonds		1,500 00
Total		$1,404,416 43
Less claimed interest and interest payable in July next on all outstanding scrips	$25,364 2	
Thirty per cent. curtailment on scrip of 1859, payable in July	89,568 80	
Unearned premiums on 31st of May, 1867	224,182 00	
		378,994 63
		$1,027,421 81

The above statement is a just, true and correct transcript from the books of the Company.

JOHN PEMBERTON, President.
PAUL FOUECHY, Secretary.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 6th day of June, 1867
PAUL W. COLLENS,
Third Justice of the Peace.

At a meeting of the