

GEN. HANCOCK'S ORDERS.

Yesterday the Crescent published General Hancock's order appointing registrars throughout the State, and this morning there appears another order arranging the details of the election. The duty of the registrars is to revise the lists already formed; and, in pursuance of this duty, they will strike from the registry all names that have been unduly placed on it, and add the names of applicants who are entitled to be registered under the law. It is to be supposed that, this time, there will be no such indecent exhibitions as characterized Gen. Sheridan's regime—no wholesale registration of negroes, simply because they happen to be black; no promptory rejection of qualified citizens, simply because they happen to be white. Gen. Sheridan directed the registrars to be governed in their rulings by the dictation of the radical committee, thereby disfranchising nearly half of the white qualified electors. Gen. Hancock commands them to be guided by the law. If those functionaries display half as much alacrity in obeying the law, as their predecessors manifested in violating it, we shall have as fair a registration as the law of Congress permits.

The order published this morning arranges, as we have stated, the details of the election. In every respect it strictly conforms to the law and, hence, it does not recognize the ordinance of the convention providing for the election of State and local officers, concurrently with the vote on the Constitution. The Convention fixed the 17th and 18th of April for holding the election; Gen. Hancock's order names the same days; but without referring to the action of the convention as authority. Clerks of court, parish recorders, or parish assessors may take the places of such registrars as may fail to discharge the duties assigned to them. Three commissioners, at each poll, will conduct the election; no candidate at the election can act as registrar, or commissioner; sheriffs are made responsible for the preservation of order, and each sheriff will appoint a deputy to remain at the polls during the voting; registrars and commissioners have authority to call on civil officers to make arrests; the retailing of liquor is prohibited on the days of election, and soldiers are forbidden to interfere, or to appear at the polls. Such is a brief statement of the important portions of the order.

THE CURRENCY STILL SICKLY.

The doubts which were expressed by this paper as to the efficacy of the funding project of the City Council, were fully sustained by the position of the city currency in the money market yesterday. The symptoms which it exhibited were decidedly sickly. The action of the Council had not dissipated general misgiving with regard to this currency. The popular mind was still so feverish on the subject as to prevent the ascertainment of a practicable price for city notes as a marketable commodity. We think it now beyond question that the half-way measure of funding adopted at the City Hall will not suffice to bridge over the crisis which has been reached in the depreciation of these notes. The conversion of a large portion of them into interest-bearing certificates payable in greenbacks, while it may tend to improve them as currency by decreasing their bulk, must also tend to diminish their value as evidences of debt by increasing the aggregate of the city's indebtedness. Such a prospect is calculated to deepen the depression of a community already staggering under taxation, and aggravate their fears regarding the financial ability and good faith of the city government. One thing, moreover, is certain, that if this money undergo many more paroxysms of depreciation it will become at length wholly impracticable for the monetary purposes of the city authorities. It can not remain long in its present condition without forcing the people to abandon it as a local currency, and the existing authorities will then have either to stop running the municipal machine, or devise some method of greasing its wheels with a different sort of money.

THE ELECTION.

Since Gen. Hancock's election orders are out, and it is known that there is to be a revision of the registry, it is incumbent on the Democracy to go to work in earnest in order to defeat, if possible, the nefarious scheme of congressional reconstruction in its application to this State. The law of Congress having been altered, the so-called Constitution, wrought out at Mechanics' Institute by the vagrant and mendicant carpet bag convention, is now necessary to vote directly against that instrument. Notwithstanding the actual discouraging appearance of the registry, the object can be accomplished if the people go to work earnestly, resolutely and perseveringly, and if the committees act with promptitude and vigor. We can beat the Constitution, and we must beat it. There should be no admission of the possibility of failure. But the first thing to be done is to assure the registration of every qualified voter during the five days allowed for revising the lists. After that let every man vote, and see to it that his neighbor votes. With the white people of Louisiana success in this election is a question of liberty, of civilization, of social existence. The highest motives that influence the citizen prompt them to go into this contest with determination to win. Let them make up their minds to it, and act accordingly, and they will win.

A suggestive item for Pacific Railroad travelers is given in a San Francisco dispatch of the 9th: "A snow slide, five or six miles in length, near Cisco, on the Central Pacific, killed six Chinamen, buried six locomotives, and destroyed considerable other property."

An artesian well has lately been opened in Chicago. It is 1190 feet in depth, from which water runs at the rate of six hundred thousand gallons a minute.—[Exchange.]

Why not say six hundred million gallons at once?

The Mobile Register makes the following good hit:

A horse-bath banquet has just been served gratuitously in the large saloon adjoining the lecture room of the Crystal Palace, England. The animal eaten was twenty-five years old, and had been used as a broom-horse.—[Ex.]

Did they cut up the broom-horse into sweep-sticks? asks the Register.

An Eastern paper publishes an account of a hole in a hill side. The bank, it says, fell in and left the hole sticking out some ten feet.

LETTER PROSPECTS IN THE COUNTRY.

Too many have been disposed to accept the agricultural disasters and discouragements of last year as the rule, and to dismiss former periods marked by happier results as exceptions. The very fact that our planters in general were profoundly disappointed in the outcome of their operations, implies that the case was exceptional. Calamity in such circumstances must be reasonably regarded as out of the ordinary course of things. Numbers of planters, we are glad to learn, are beginning to act upon the hopeful and healthful conclusion that the disastrous experience of last year was one of those passages in agricultural enterprise which may be rationally set down as solecisms. What has gone far to inspire a more cheerful view of the prospect than they took at the opening of the present year, is the improved disposition of freedmen to engage on reasonable terms as field laborers, and to discharge their duties as such with industry and fidelity. This appears to be more especially true of the northern portion of Louisiana, a region stretching from the mouth of Red river across Ouachita river to the Texas line on the one hand, and up to the Arkansas boundary on another hand, and which comprises the best lands in the State for producing cotton and corn. Our accounts from various parts of this district concur in representing the industrial morale of the freedmen to be much more satisfactory than it was a few months ago. These people have been forced by necessity to become seekers for work, instead of dallying coquetishly with extravagant terms which the planter could not afford to offer, and which they would only languidly accept and perfunctorily fulfill. They are awaking at length to the truth that freedom has more thorny paths than rosy bowers and downy beds. Its glittering mirages are vanishing, and its hard realities are pressing upon them. The friction of experience rubs off the furbish which novelty gave to the ballot, that most profitless and treacherous of banes in the hands of the poor and ignorant of any color, or race, or nationality. They find that enfranchisement opens for them no royal road to nature's bounties; that it may enable them, perchance, to assist a few vagabond and pestilent adventurers to power and plunder, but not to call into existence, by miracle, bread and meat in places where no bread and meat have been produced by honest industry; that it grants them no charter of unlimited idleness, and no talisman to exorcise the specter of famine or charm away the pangs of want. The sobering effects of this discovery, there is no present reason to doubt, will in due time be manifest in substantial results of agricultural industry. The same causes which have induced the change adverted to in this State, have operated doubtless in almost an equal degree in the interior portions of Texas and Mississippi; and hence, on all these hands, there is a prospect of crops that will render no small measure of compensation for the agricultural deficiencies of last year.

Theatricals.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.—The fifth representation of that excellent opera "The Grand Duke," which was to have taken place to-night has been postponed until next Sunday when it will be presented, together with a side splitting three-act farce, entitled "Marius de Marius Grae." To-morrow, Saturday, the grand opera company which has returned from Mobile, will sing Meyerbeer's grand and gorgeous opera "Werther," with the beautiful Marie de Maris, Adolphe as Adolphe, Madame as Adolphe, Van Huffen as Bertrand and Decer as Rainald. Of course, a brilliant audience will be present, it being subscription night and our public having been deprived of the grand opera for nearly ten weeks. Rossini's grand and imposing opera of "William Tell," considered by many the greatest opera ever written, will probably be given on Wednesday next, for the benefit of our first troupe, Mr. Piccini.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—In addition to the variety performance last evening, the musical burlesque, "The Red Crook," was brought out, and that before a large audience. Considering that the piece is put upon the stage devoted to the exhibition of new scenery, it took wonderfully well, and several of the local or political hits, in which it abounds, were loudly applauded.

This evening's concert, which the admirable Ethelwyn has so ably conducted, will be a most successful performance, and will offer entertainment amply remunerative to those who may attend. "The Red Crook" will be repeated.

ST. CHARLES.—In accordance with a very general request Alice Kingsbury repeated last evening her exquisite character Funcheon, the Cricket. It is a pity that such an admirable piece of acting could not have been witnessed there, as it has been in theaters elsewhere, by an overflowing audience. Still, had every seat and aisle been crowded, we doubt whether Miss Kingsbury could have entered more thoroughly into the spirit of her part than she did in the shadow dance she so quick, graceful, charming, and we have never agreed more completely with anyone than we did with Lavinia Barbree (Mrs. Stevens) in admiring her. She will appear this evening as Asmodeus and the Little Jewess, in the former of which she is said to be especially admirable.

VARIETIES.—"Ours" was repeated last evening, and will be played again to-night, for the last time but one. The opportunity of witnessing the beautiful tableaux which occur in the second and third acts, should not certainly be lost by those who have hitherto failed to see the piece. To-morrow evening, Mr. Adams makes his final appearance in the farewell benefit performance. CRESCENT CITY METHODIST.—The report of the curiosity-seeker, may always be found open from 9 A. M. to 10 P. M. Is located on St. Charles street, between Common and Gravier, opposite the St. Charles Hotel.

A Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial, whose nom de plume is "Maek," thus refers to a dirty fellow who is a member from Illinois of the so-called Congress of the United States, and whose name is Logan: "I never see the general in a set speech that I am not reminded of certain six penny prints of the battles of the late war—in which a purple eagle is represented as reaching forth three or four inches of red paint, which will do for blood or fire, according to the purchaser's fancy. As that picture is to true art, so is Logan's speech to true oratory. If the cur, any fanatical or bono-bono wanted on the trial, the speaker will furnish it—but law or reason not a word. He is neither a reasoning man nor a lawing man. He would come least into play if it should so happen that A. J. could be convicted by the sheer force of great expectations. Except upon the fine carpet of the Senate chamber, I can't see how John can make his mark in any impeachment trial.

Probably the great popular conviction of the last eight years has brought to the surface no such vulgar and disreputable a beast as Logan.

L. V. B. MARTIN ASCENDED.—We find following in the Montgomery Sentinel of the 9th: "We learn that L. V. B. Martin, who attempted to assassinate Judge Busted, in the streets of Mobile, last fall, has absconded, and is nowhere to be found."

A military commission had been organized to try Martin for this murderous outrage, and getting the news of it, when an officer with a squad of men called for him at Tuscaloosa he was not to be found. It is thought that Martin has made his way to Jamaica or Honduras.

DEED.—At three o'clock P. M. on the 11th last, MRS. FANNIE E. JARVIS, second daughter of the late James D. Arty and Mrs. Jane D. Arty. Her funeral will take place from the residence of her mother, First street, near Pryor, at a o'clock THIS EVENING. Her friends and acquaintances, and those of the family, are respectfully invited to attend, without any further notice.

In New Orleans, March 12, 1868, JOHN CHARLES O'NEILL, a native of Pennsylvania, and about 57 years of age, the funeral will take place TO-DAY, at 3 o'clock P. M. from the hall of Lawrence Lodge No. 107, P. M. A. M., at 80 1/2 Camp street, over the Bible House. Brethren of the Masonic fraternity are respectfully invited to attend.

State Central Committee,

APPOINTED UNDER RESOLUTION

OF THE

LOUISIANA DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION,

HELD IN THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS

5th and 6th of March instant, 1868.

For the City of New Orleans at Large. J. R. WALTON, JAMES MANN, E. SALOMON.

Parish of Orleans. FIRST WARD—T. L. MAON, J. M. REID. SECOND WARD—ALEX. WALKER, M. D. LOGAN. THIRD WARD—J. O. NIXON, JOHN HART. FOURTH WARD—NORMAN WHITNEY, H. F. STURCKEN.

FIFTH WARD—R. D. HUBBARD, L. BOZONIER. SIXTH WARD—JOHN PEMBERTON, GEORGE W. WHITE. SEVENTH WARD—T. F. THIEHNEMANN, JOHN YOUNG.

EIGHTH WARD—M. O. TRACEY, G. DELAMORE. NINTH WARD—ROBERT WYNNER, FREDERICK LOSBERG. TENTH WARD—J. E. AUSTIN, GEO. DIRMEYER. ELEVENTH WARD—A. W. BOSWORTH, JOHN BREEK.

Parish of Orleans, Right Bank. A. B. MAGON, THOMAS H. JONES.

COUNTRY PARISHES. Plaquemine. CHARLES J. VILLER, H. P. KERBOCIAN.

St. Bernard. A. W. WALKER, PHILIP TOGA.

Cadeo. J. C. MONCURE, R. WALSH.

De Soto. J. E. ELAM, T. M. GATHIN.

St. Landry. E. C. DAVIDSON, R. L. ARMSTRONG.

Natchitoches. E. M. HYAMS, DAVID PEARSON.

Rapides. E. B. BROSSAT, J. C. WISE.

Avoyelles. ALFRED S. IRON, R. W. BLAKEWOOD.

St. Landry. J. H. OVERTON, ADOLPH GARRIQUE.

Calcasieu. DAVID J. REID, W. H. HASKELL.

Lafayette. A. D. BOUDREAU, M. E. GIRARD.

Vermilion. DANIEL O'BRIEN, NICHOLAS YOUNG.

St. Martin. A. DUPERRIER, ALCEBIAS DE BLAND.

St. Mary. R. C. WHITE, DANIEL DENNETT.

Lafourche. JOHN NELSON, B. T. GRISAMORE.

Terrebonne. F. S. GOODE, ANDREW McOLLUM.

Jefferson. A. G. BRICE, F. H. BATECH.

St. Charles. CHAR. DAVENPORT, F. B. TREPAGNIER.

St. James. EMILE LEGENDRE, J. K. GAUDET.

St. John Baptist. MICHEL BECNEAL, SAM. HOLLINGSWORTH.

Assumption. D. F. KENNER, TRASMOND LANDRY.

Assumption. W. W. PUGH, F. T. NICHOLLS.

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West Baton Rouge. H. M. FAYROT, R. W. CLARK.

Point Coupee. L. B. CLAIBORNE, D. I. MERRICK.

Concordia. JOHN JANNEY, G. W. GREEN.

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March, 1868.

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