THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT.

VOLUME XVII. WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 18, 1868. NUMBER 184.

Address

—TO THE—

NERVOUS AND DEBILITATED

—WHOSE—

Sufferings Have Been Protracted

—FROM—

HIDDEN CAUSES,

—AND—

Whose Cases Require Prompt Treatment

—TO—

RENDER EXISTENCE DESIRABLE.

If you are suffering or have suffered from involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce upon your general health? Do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order? Is your urine sometimes thick, milky, or ropy, or is it ropy on settling? Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have spells of short breathing or dyspepsia? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel dull, listless moping, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody? Does any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken or restless? Is the luster of your eye as brilliant? The bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your knees weak, and have you but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver complaint?

Now, reader, SELF-ABUSE, VENEREAL DISEASES badly cured, and sexual excesses, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, when in perfect health, make the man. Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become sad and discouraged; they are ways polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—some of your downcast looks or any other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running to excess. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with or for.

How many men from badly-cured diseases, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—idiocy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal affections, suicide and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a Diuretic.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

—IS THE—

GREAT DIURETIC,

—AND IS—

A CERTAIN CURE FOR DISEASES OF THE BLADDER,

FEMALE COMPLAINTS,
GENERAL DEBILITY,
KIDNEYS,
GRAVEL,
DROPSY,
ORGANIC WEAKNESS,

—AND—

ALL DISEASES OF THE URINARY ORGANS,

Whether Existing in Male or Female,

—FROM—

WHATEVER CAUSE ORIGINATING

AND NO MATTER OF HOW

LONG STANDING

If no treatment is submitted to Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of Posterity, depend upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

ESTABLISHED

UPWARD OF 18 YEARS,

—PREPARED BY—

H. T. HELMBOLD, DRUGGIST,

594 Broadway, New York, and

104 South 10th street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PRICE—$1 25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6 50, delivered to any address.

Sold by all druggists everywhere.

THE CRESCENT'S DISPATCHES.

FROM WASHINGTON.

THE TROUBLE IN TENNESSEE.

THE ELECTION IN PORTLAND.

A. H. Stephens on His Way Home.

A BROTHER OF GEN. HANCOCK NOMINATED TO SUCCEED GEN. STEEDMAN.

THEFT FROM THE PATENT OFFICE.

INTERNAL REVENUE RECEIPTS

Thad. Stevens Struggling for Universal Suffrage.

THE GEORGIA CASE IN THE SUPREME COURT.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

Discussion of the Bill to Remove Political Disabilities.

STEVENS OPPOSES THE ALABAMA ADMISSION BILL.

WASHINGTON, March 1.7—The president has indorsed the Grant and Thomas Tennessee correspondence, that the State authorities having made no constitutional application Federal interference is unauthorized.

The "Kluxiux Klan" which has produced such a scare is the "Sons of Malta" under a new name.

The second mayoralty contest at Portland, Me., resulted in no choice. Republican 2694. Independent 267. Democratic 2563.

Alexander H. Stephens started for his home, Crawfordville, Georgia, to-day.

John Hancock has been nominated for collector of internal revenue at New Orleans.

Gen. Hancock's visit to Washington has no political significance. The president merely desires to consult him personally regarding the possibility of relieving him from his present post.

Commander Biddle's sword, valued at $10,000, was stolen from the patent office to-day.

Internal revenue receipts to day $362,000.

It transpired to-day that Stevens has all along opposed Alabama's admission under the recent election, and that he is struggling for suffrage only restricted by conviction of crime.

The Supreme Court granted leave to file the new Georgia bill, notwithstanding Carpenter's objection that Jenkins was not governor.

House.—Jenckes, chairman of the retrenchment committee, denounced Van Wycke's recent whisky fraud report as the unauthorized work of an individual member of the committee—made without consent, knowledge or approval of the other members.

The secretary of the treasury is asked how frauds are prevented and detected in printing bonds.

Wilson desired to make an explanation regarding the clandestine judiciary amendment. Wood objected unless the Democrats were allowed to reply.

The bill removing political disabilities was resumed. Bingham moved to amend so as to relieve from disabilities imposed by both the Constitution and the laws. The amendment inserting Gilmer's name was withdrawn. Amendments adding other names to the original list was rejected. Miller said Longstreet's name should be omitted. Bingham said "Oh, no." A dozen suggestions were then offered. Bingham begged them not to load the bill; that W. H. Holden would be the next governor of North Carolina, and that he could not act unless the bill passed. Logan questioned Governor Orr's evidence of loyalty. Bingham said Orr had made an encouraging speech to the South Carolina Convention. Logan wanted to know about Orr's Philadelphia speech. Bingham declined going into particulars, but thought that a man who had influence enough to beat Wade Hampton for governor ought to be encouraged to use that influence in favor of the reconstruction laws. Schenck proposed a month's postponement to obtain facts. Boutwell favored taking the responsibility. Logan wanted fruits meet for repentance. Farnsworth reported what Sickles said of Orr, adding that Orr's course at Philadelphia was no worse than Raymond's, and that Raymond was afterwards admitted to radical caucuses. Logan denounced Governor Brown, of Georgia, as a mere politician. Kelly said Brown worked zealously and ought to be forgiven. Mullen wanted to know how long Adam had to lie out before God gave him a chance, by the birth of a Savior, to repent. (Laughter.) Farnsworth intimated that some plan must be devised to relieve white men, otherwise there would be two parties based on color, when the black man's party would go to dust. Bill recommitted.

The bureau continuation bill was again postponed.

Alabama's admission was resumed. Stevens said: After a full examination of the returns I am not satisfied to force a vote on this bill and admit a State against our own law, while there is a difference of 25,000 against it. It would not be doing such justice in legislation as would be expected by the people. That being the case, I move that the bill be recommitted. Carried.

The South Carolina constitutional convention protests against the repeal of the tariff on rice. Adjourned.

Senate.—Numerous important petitions and memorials were presented.

Edmunds characterized Van Wyck's whisky repeal as unauthorized.

A bill changing the time of holding District and Circuit Courts in Tennessee passed.

The tax bill was resumed. An amendment was adopted which leaves the tax on wholesale dealers one-fifth of one per cent. on amounts over ten thousand dollars. Other amendments were proposed. Ajourned.

FROM EUROPE.

Fenians Tampering with Soldiers—Irish Reforms in Parliament—Speeches on the Irish Question by Messrs. Gregory, Gladstone and Disraeli—The Latter Threatens to Appeal to the Country.

LONDON, March 17.—Recent developments lead to the belief that the Fenians in Ireland, England and Scotland have been tampering with the regular soldiers. There is evidence of an alarming disaffection in some Irish regiments.

In the House of Commons to-day Maguire's resolution relative to Irish reforms was resumed. Disraeli opposed, and Maguire withdrew them.

LONDON, March 17.—In the House of Commons, last night, Gregory denounced the English misgovernment in Ireland. The Irish asked for lands, churches and education as a reform, but the ministry evaded their demands and gave them what they did not want. He denied that any Catholic clergy were in favor of national schools.

Gladstone said the Irish tenants lacked enterprise—that they should be encouraged in their improvement of the farms. The ministry should lay down some definite plan about the church, and the House should lose no time in declaring for religious equality in Ireland. He had hoped that the ministers realized the gravity of the crisis. It was vain to rely on time for a cure. Seven hundred years had already been wasted. The Irish in Canada and Australia were only contented because they enjoyed the fruits of their labor and civil and religious liberty. Irish discontent was widespread and deep, caused by actual misery. He wanted political reform, but deprecated inquiry into the church establishment, and closed with a plea for immediate action.

Disraeli deplored his fate in attaining office when the Irish question, of seven hundred years neglect by preceding governments, was to be settled. He combated Gladstone's arguments; Fenians did not effect events or plans of the ministry; the government should move slowly; hoped the House was not alarmed by the speeches of the opposition, which in power did nothing for Ireland; deprecated rash interference with the Irish church—a system of three hundred years' standing; if pressed to an issue, the government would appeal to the country. He closed by asking for more time.

MISCELLANEOUS.

AUGUSTA, March 17.—There was a large procession of Irish here to-day, in honor of St. Patrick.

LOUISVILLE, March 17.—The 5 P. M. train yesterday, from Nashville, ran against a fallen tree near Cook's Station, smashing the engine, tender, express and baggage cars. Thomas McMurray, fireman, and Thomas Hibburn, engineer, were killed, and William Taylor, conductor, was slightly injured.

CINCINNATI, March 17.—A train of cars on the Indianapolis and Cincinnati road was blown off the track and wrecked. All aboard injured—none fatally.

CHICAGO, March 17.—During the storm a frame dwelling was demolished and a woman killed.

BELLEVILLE, Canada, March 17.—The Iron bridge was swept away by a gorge, to-day, and the town inundated. Water higher than ever before known.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 17.—The whole body of ice for twenty miles south is moving; at Schenectady it is still firm.

The Hudson river railroad is submerged at Castleton, and the water is high throughout the Central road.

ST. LOUIS, March 17.—Weather clear and cold.

CINCINNATI, March 17.—The total number hogs packed the past season in the West was 2,780,870.

JACKSON, March 17.—In the convention to-day the report of the executive committee was adopted as a whole.

LANSINGBURG, N. Y., March 17.—The aqueduct at Crescent, with thirty canal boats, and the bridges at Schenectady and Waterford, have been washed away.

LOUISVILLE, March 17.—The Wabash Valley is flooded.

RIVER NEWS.

VICKSBURG, March 17.—Passed down: John Kilgour at 11 A. M., Pauline Carroll at 2, Alice Dean at 5 and Magenta at 6 P. M. Passed up: Swallow at 8 P. M. River rising.

LOUISVILLE, March 17.—River rising fast.

FROM SOUTHWEST PASS.

SOUTHWEST PASS, March 17—11 A. M.—Wind southeast—fresh. Arrived—Ship Riverside, Randall, master, 21 days from Bath, Me., to Lovell & Bailey; schooner Salvador, Hanson, master, 4 days from Havana, with sugar and molasses to A. Couturie.

MARKETS.

LONDON, March 17—Noon—Consols 93¼@93⅜; bonds 72¼@72½.

LIVERPOOL, March 17—Noon.—Cotton market dull and inactive, but unchanged. Sales 8000 bales. Breadstuffs dull.

LONDON, March 17—Afternoon.—Consols 93@93⅛; bonds 72½.

LIVERPOOL, March 17—P. M.—Cotton dull and easier; uplands, on the spot, 10½d.; afloat, 10½d.; Orleans 10¾d. Corn 40s. 6d. Pork 78s. Others unchanged.

LONDON, March 17—Evening.—Consols, 94. Bonds, 72.

LIVERPOOL, March 17—Evening.—Cotton closed dull. Sales to-day 8000 bales. Uplands, on the spot and afloat, 10½d.; Orleans, 10¾d. Tallow 44s.

NEW YORK, March 17.—Cotton—Demand dull and nominal, but closed heavy and lower. Sales to-day 1900 bales; middlings 25c. Flour dull; 5@10c. lower. Wheat declining. Corn dull; white Southern $1 18@$1 22, yellow $1 27@$1 30. Mess pork $24@$24 60. Lard dull at 14¾@15. Sugar fairly active. Muscovado 10¾@11½c. Other groceries quiet. Turpentine 65@66c. Rosin $3 10@$7. Freights dull; cotton by sail 5-16d. Governments weak.

NEW YORK, March 17.—Money very stringent; call loans firm at 7; discounts nominal. Stocks fell under the pressure of the money market and closed at a general decline. Sub-treasury balance $106,000,000. 5-20s of 1862, 110¼; of 1864, 107¾; of 1865, 108⅛; of 1866, 107⅞. 10-40s, 100⅞; 7-30s 105⅞.

NEW YORK, March 17.—Gold after board, 138⅞. Sterling 9⅜.

MOBILE, March 17.—Cotton—sales to day 200 bales. Market dull and almost nominal. Middlings 24@24½c. Receipts 333. Exports 7271.

CINCINNATI, March 17.—Flour firm and unchanged; family $10 75@11 25. Wheat $2 50. Corn 86@88c. Rye $1 75. Tobacco steady. Mess pork $24. Bulk meats—10@12c. for shoulders and sides; bacon shoulders 11c.; rib sides 13c.; clear rib 14c., and clear sides 14½c. Lard 15c. Sugar-cured hams 17½@18c. Sugar dull. Butter 48@52c.

LOUISVILLE, March 17.—Tobacco market firm; sales to-day 157 hhds. logs to selections, $5 to $25 75; Hart county bright leaf, $44 50. Cotton, 23@23½c. Flour—superfine, $8 50@$8 75. Wheat, $2 55@$2 60. Oats in bulk, 70c. Corn—shelled, 76@78c.; ear, 75c., in bulk. Lard, 15@15½c. Mess Pork, $24. Bulk meats—shoulders, 10½c.; clear sides, 13½c. Bacon—shoulders, 11½c.; clear sides, 14½c.

ST. LOUIS, March 17.—Tobacco firm. Flour inactive, $7 50@$8 50 for superfine. Wheat steady and firm, $2 55@$2 70. Corn quiet, 78@90c. Oats, 70@74c. Pork quiet, $23 75@$24. Bulk meats—rib sides, 11c. Bacon—shoulders, 10¾@11c.; clear sides, 14c.; sugar cured hams, 17c. Lard firm, 14½@15c.

SAVANNAH, March 17.—Cotton dull—nominally unchanged. Sales to-day 200 bales. Receipts 2669 bales. Exports 5548 bales.

Military Order—General Reynolds to Command this Military District.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH MILITARY DISTRICT, New Orleans, La., March 16, 1868.

General Orders No. 14.

During the absence of Major Gen. Hancock, or until further orders, he transfers the command of the Fifth Military District, and the military department, to the senior officer on duty in the District—Brevet Major General J. J. Reynolds.

By command of Major General Hancock:

GEO. L. HARTSUFF,
Assistant Adjutant General.

OFFICIAL: NATHANIEL BURBANK,
Second Lieut., 37th Infantry, Brevet First Lieut. U. S. Army, Acting Assistant Adjutant General.

FRESH GOSHEN BUTTER, CHEESE, ETC.—Messrs. John Anderson & Co., commission merchants and wholesale grocers, 69 Poydras street, are just in receipt of a large invoice of Goshen butter fresh from New York dairies. It is a very choice article, put up in beautiful packages, and as sweet as "Timothy." The cheese is of a very superior quality, and Messrs. Anderson & Co., following up the old adage of quick sales and small profits, are determined to sell at the lowest market rates, and thereby keep their capital constantly in active operation. Their general stock of staple and fancy groceries is select and complete, and these gentlemen are offering the most liberal advantages to the retail dealer. Messrs. Anderson & Co. are courteous and accommodating gentlemen, and a safe and most excellent firm to do business with. See advertisement.

BUTTER, CHEESE, FISH AND FLOUR.—Messrs. Emley, Van Norden & Co. advertise in another column the receipt by steamers Cortes and United States, of a choice lot of New York butter, cream, Western reserve and English dairy cheese, Western butter of all kinds, in tubs and firkins, all of which they will sell at the lowest market rates. They also keep a large assortment of fish constantly on hand, such as mackerel, codfish, herring, etc., etc. This firm are perhaps the largest dealers in fish in the city, and having all the facilities of this particular trade are always prepared to meet any demand. They are also the agents of the following celebrated brands of flour, Bluff City, Highland Beauty, Hinckley's Extra, Sucker City and Siebold's Best. Their large and splendid store is No. 14 Tchoupitoulas and 14 New Levee street.

END OF A NOTED BURGLAR—*Tom Porter, Leader of the Mackerel Brigade, Killed.*—The Memphis Bulletin, of the 16th, says: "Last night, about half-past 12 o'clock, three of the mackerel brigade, named respectively Tom Porter, John Harris and William Henderson, were caught in the act of committing burglary near the corner of Second and Madison. They were duly escorted to the First District station, and while one of the officers was in the act of opening the door, Tom Porter, the notorious leader of the mackerel brigade, broke and ran up the alley. The officer gave immediate pursuit, and after having ordered him to halt, fired on him three times, one of the shots taking effect and hitting him in the left side of the back above the heart, the ball passing through his body, causing almost instant death. The other two were locked up."

Local Intelligence.

REPORTORIAL BREVITIES.—Corporal McDonald, Second District police, reports having found in a vacant lot, corner of Peters and Clay streets, two large sacks of cotton, which he took to the Second District main station.

Remember the ball of Orleans Fire Company No. 21, that gallant set of fire boys, that is to come off to-morrow, St. Joseph's night.

Mr. J. E. Scott, the new appointee in the place of Mr. J. H. Oglesby, resigned, took his seat last night in the Board of Assistant Aldermen.

The city notary will net over $1500 by drawing out the leases of the stalls of the city markets at fifty cents each.

Neither the city treasurer nor the city controller made their weekly report last evening to the Board of Assistant Aldermen.

The temperature, yesterday, as shown by the thermometer at C. Duhamel's, corner Bienville and Chartres streets, was as follows: At 6 A. M., 73 degrees; at 12 M., 69; at 3 P. M., 70; at 6 P. M., 71.

THE ORDINANCE FOR THE SALE OF THE STALLS OF THE CITY MARKETS.—This ordinance, as will be seen by the proceedings of the City Council, in this morning's CRESCENT, passed both boards of the council unanimously last night, and will beyond a doubt immediately receive the signature of Mayor Heath. The terms of sale present a feature which are subject to comment and must have been the result of omission on the part of the framers of the ordinance. The ordinance says that the sale shall be for ten years one half payable cash in *city notes*, and for the balance the purchaser shall give his note, bearing 8 per cent. interest per annum, payable eighteen months from the date of adjudication, without specifying the nature of the money in which the note shall be paid at maturity.

It is evident that an omission exists here, which may involve litigation to no little extent, unless the currency in which the payment shall be made is determined before the sales are effected. It may be justly argued that the best legal tender which a debtor can offer to his creditor is the latter's own note, and therefore the city of New Orleans would be in duty bound to receive its own currency for the payment of the notes given by the purchasers of the stalls. But the ordinance, by providing for the "subrogation of the rights and privileges of the city to parties to whom these notes may at any time be transferred or conveyed," leads us to believe that there exists a probability of their being thrown upon the market.

The purchasers of these notes will not occupy the same position as the city, and can justly claim from the drawers that they shall be paid in legal tender notes of the United States. Something, therefore, it would seem, should be done towards defining in what kind of money these notes are to be paid. This action would remove all doubt in the minds of the people, and facilitate the sale of the stalls as provided for by the ordinance.

A MERITED HONOR.—Dr. Felix Fomento, of this city, who during the recent epidemic rendered successful professional aid to many indigent Italians, has been decorated by King Victor Emmanuel with the cross of the order of St. Maurice and Lazarus.

THE TALIAFERRO "SO-CALLED" CONVENTION.—Some fifteen or twenty persons, a self constituted convention, have been assembling for several nights, in a room in the house, No. 66 St. Charles street, and have been distributing favors to this community with no niggard hand. A Dr. Belden is the president of the body. The organization does not like carpet-baggers to interfere with old "residenters," in dosing the people with physic, instructing them in law, or in doctrinating them with the principles of "constitutional" government. The "convention" is making nominations; in other words it is making a tail over which Taliaferro, the counsel of jayhawkers, the associate justice of the Supreme Court, the president of the "black and tan" convention, may, with his colored lieutenant, go kiting into the gubernatorial office, under a Constitution that makes every white man in the State the slave of the negro.

This kite tail manufacturing coterie has had the express approval of Colonel A. P. Field, Colonel Attorney General Barney Lynch and Col. the Right Reverend Doctor Rogers, the latter of whom, as a magnanimous *called person*, has said he has not much faith in those white strangers from the North, who invite darkies to champagne suppers.

The nominations made by this little clique of radical malcontents last night will astound the respectable people of New Orleans. Whether the parties whose names are used authorized the use of them or not, we are not informed, but there are some names put forth that the respectable population of New Orleans will be astonished to find in such a connection, and every decent man expects to see a disclaimer from those who bear such names, of any association with a class of men who aim to degrade their own race and are seeking to procure the adoption of a Constitution that must result in the slavery of the white man or something nearly as bad.

This so-called convention has something in the shade called a "State Central Committee," and the nominations made last night were put forward as recommendations for office, subject to the approval of this mythical committee. The nominations are appended:

For Judges—First District Court: Paul W. Collens. Second: Guy Duplantier. Third: A. A. Atocha. Fourth: C. M. Emerson. Fifth: E. Rawle. Sixth: Numa C. Augustin. Seventh: T. G. Earhart. District Attorney: Charles H. Luzenberg.

For Clerks of Courts—First District: J. B. Bofil. Second: P. K. O'Rorke. Third: J. B. Bogart. Fourth: Joseph Hanlon. Fifth: Wm. H. Seymour. Sixth: W. Randolph. Seventh: J. H. Bernos.

For Sheriffs—Criminal Court: Dr. Belden. Civil Courts: H. Wurtzberger.

For Coroners—First and Fourth Districts: E. F. Schultz. Second and Third Districts: Dr. O. Dennis.

For Justices of the Peace and Constables—First Justice: G. W. Saddler; Constable: P. K. O'Connor. Second Justice: John H. Reed; Constable: John Hart. Third Justice: John P. Montamat; Constable: John Flechier. Fifth Justice: T. B. Schuppert; Constable: Thomas Gieseppie.

For State Assessors and Tax Collectors—First District: Thos. Rice, assessor; P. Harnan, collector. Second District: F. M. Crozat, assessor; L. E. Lemarle, collector. Third District: Julius Fulda, assessor; M. O. Tracy, collector. Fourth District: J. C. Golding, assessor; George Meusman, collector. Algiers: W. S. Toy, assessor; John Brownlee, collector.

City Offices.—For Mayor: Geo. A. Fosdick. Controller: J. A. Letten. Street Commissioner: J. C. Kathman. Recorder First District: Wm. H. Manning. Recorder Second District: D. M. C. Hughes. Recorder Third District: M. Weisheimmer. Recorder Fourth District: H. T. Vennard.

The "convention" having got thus far, adjourned to meet again to-morrow night for "unfinished business."

A SUCCESSFUL EXPERIMENT.—A second trial of Holmes's steam vault cleaner was made on Monday evening, about 5 o'clock, at the Marshall School, on St. Mary street, between Girod and Julia. Several scientific gentlemen were present, among whom were Doctor J. S. Copes, president of the Academy of Sciences, and Doctor McPartlin, medical department United States army. A large number of the boys attending the school were also gathered around, and looked with eager curiosity at the proceeding. We need hardly say the apparatus worked with full effect and the utmost dispatch. The process is as follows: A boiler, 3½ feet diameter, by 7½ feet, is placed upon a wagon. A vacuum is created within it by steam, when a pipe is laid, with one end in the vault and the other attached to the boiler. The contents of the vault are thus forced into the boiler until it can hold no more.

The process is continued with other wagons and boilers until the vault is entirely empty. By afterwards throwing water into the vault it can be completely cleansed. During the entire process on Monday evening, which occupied but a few minutes, not a particle of unsavory matter exuded from the pipes or the boiler.

This method of cleaning privy vaults is in universal use in St. Louis; and we trust that, if it should do as well as is promised for it in this city, it shall also be adopted here. We understand that Dr. Jas. Burns, health officer of the First District, to whose enlightened efforts its introduction in New Orleans is chiefly due, is determined to test the qualities of this method to its full extent before expressing an opinion for or against.

RADICAL NOMINATIONS.—The following is a list of candidates for municipal offices put in nomination by the radical party:

For controller, Felix Casanave, colored; for street commissioner, William Baker, the present incumbent; for State tax assessors, J. W. Menard, J. O. Lainez and W. C. Kinsella, for the First, Second and Third Districts.

First District Nominations—For tax collector, T. C. Mahon. For recorder, John P. Becker. For justice of the peace, First and Second Wards, E. Gifford. For constable, T. Cook. For justice, Third Ward, F. Gauter. For constable, James Quinn. For State senators, G. W. Mader, D. Wilson, colored, L. R. Moses, colored. Representatives—Second Ward, C. Glaudon, colored; G. Fox, (secretary to Mayor Heath,) B. Geddis, colored. Third Ward, B. Collins, F. C. Antoine, colored; L. Rodrequez, colored; B. H. Isabelle, colored. No nominations were made for the First Ward. Aldermen—First Ward, James Graham. Second Ward, J. M. G. Parker. Third Ward, Captain McConnell. Assistant Aldermen—J. B. Noble, colored; W. B. Armstrong, Fabius Dunn, colored; Dr. W. H. Pemberton.

Second District Nominations—For tax collector, Victor Gerodais; recorder, Eugene Staes; justice of the peace, V. E. Macarthy; constable, R. Cannon; State senators, P. B. S. Pinckbeck, colored, Hugh J. Campbell, secretary Board of Aldermen; representatives—fourth ward, Jerry Hall, colored, and Henry Heidenham; fifth ward, James Mansion and Y. Correjolles; sixth ward, John Selden; aldermen, L. Boquille, colored, J. A. Raynol, colored; assistant aldermen—fourth ward, E. J. Jenkins and J. H. Ingraham, colored; fifth ward, C. Granpré, colored; sixth ward, A. St. Leger, colored.

Third District Nominations—For tax collector, O. C. Blandin; recorder, J. A. Massicot; justice of the peace, John J. Meldrick; constable, Eug. Meilleur; aldermen, L. Pesson and Oscar Poynot; representatives—seventh ward, Charles Martinez, A. M. Victor. Judge Duplantier having resigned the nomination for judge of the Sixth District Court, A. B. Long was nominated in his stead.

In the Fourth District, E. P. Ducloslange was nominated for tax collector, Wm. Webber for recorder, Dr. Mackay for justice of the peace and Leon Potheil for constable. The convention then adjourned, leaving the other nominations to be filled up by the several clubs.

H. C. Dibble, J. M. Davis, David Douglas, colored, J. B. Jourdan, colored, R. H. Isabelle, colored, and Robt. Malcomb, colored, were appointed a campaign committee.

GENERAL DISTRESS.—People are so accustomed to speak of "these hard times," that now, in this season of general distress the phrase loses a part of its significance. And yet it is none the less the fact that there has rarely, if ever, been a time when a more general depression existed here than now. The atmosphere smacks of writs, judgments and seizures. A glance at the columns of official journals is sufficient evidence of the struggle between debtor and creditor. It is stated that on one day of last week the sheriff had one hundred and fifty keepers out in charge of various premises under seizure. But a ramble through any of the principal streets is a more forcible and disheartening reminder of the condition of mercantile affairs. There is a store, the window of which bears a placard, "To be sold at auction!" here another where the show-window itself is placarded for sale. At the auction marts, signs, counters, shelves and show-cases figure conspicuously among the articles exposed for sale, the melancholy wreck of once prosperous business. Very many cannot even pay house rent, numbers, alas! cannot even buy bread. There have been cases lately (we know of one yesterday) where persons, probably themselves none too well off, have generously emptied their pockets to save a friend from starvation.

BASE BALL.—The following communication has been sent us by Mr. F. J. Letten, president of the association therein referred to:

"HALL WASHINGTON BASE BALL CLUB,
"March 17, 1868.

"The Washington Base Ball Club is now prepared to receive challenges from any club in the Independent Base Ball Association. The Mississippi Base Ball Club having joined the Senior Association, we now consider ourselves the Champion Junior Club. Any club having objections to our bearing that title, will please send in their challenges and we will play them for it."

THE MILITARY EXCURSIONISTS.—It is still a matter only of speculation as to the whereabouts of the excursionists, who sailing hence for the Rio Grande upon the beautiful steamer Josephine, got among the breakers on Padre Island, and were thence transferred to another vessel, probably the St. Mary, of the Morgan line. It is suggested that the delay of this vessel may have been occasioned by her having been detained to render assistance in getting the Josephine afloat again. Whatever the cause of detention, the party may be expected back at any hour.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.—At the meeting held last night a message was received from the mayor stating that complaints had been made to him of the injurious effects to shipping, caused by the agitation produced by steamboats passing close to ships at the wharves, and he recommended an ordinance prohibiting steamboats from passing nearer than within one hundred yards of the ships at the levee. Referred to the committee on streets and landings.

The mayor's message, recommending a sale of the leases of the markets for fifteen years, to redeem the issues of city money, was laid over until the subject comes up, through the action of the assistant board.

A message from the mayor, vetoing the ordinance increasing the appropriation for Public Schools from $240,000 to $360,000, because the number of members voting was not sufficient, according to the requirement of the charter, was made the special order for next meeting.

A resolution from the Assistant Board to sell a contract for supplying the public institutions of the city with beef during the present year was concurred in.

A resolution providing for the destruction of the plates used for printing city currency was concurred in.

A petition for the suppression of a disorderly house of ill fame, at No. 237 Customhouse street, which the memorialists say the police refuse to take notice of, was referred to the mayor.

The resolution authorizing the Canal and Claiborne Streets Railroad Company to use the present bridge over the Carondelet canal passed a final reading.

A resolution from the Assistant Board reducing the license on theaters from $1000 to $750, was laid on the table some time ago. Subsequently a resolution originating in this board was presented, which was an exact copy of the Assistant Board resolution, and which passed a second reading last night. Mr. Woolley desired to know if it was necessary to send the resolution thus passed to the lower board for concurrence, and the chair (Alderman Graham) decided not, as the resolutions passed by both boards were exactly the same.

The ordinance which came from the Assistant Board, to sell the right of way for a passenger railroad from Canal, through Rampart, St. Philip, Marigny and other streets, passed its final reading.

An ordinance from the Assistant Board, providing for the sale, separately, of the tables, stalls and stands in the several markets for a period of ten years was, by a unanimous vote, taken up and concurred in on both readings.

An amendment from the lower board to the ordinance for leasing the iron building at the head of Canal street for two years, providing that the purchaser of the lease may use the building for any legitimate business, was concurred in. The original ordinance restricted the use of the building for a market exclusively.

BOARD OF ASSISTANT ALDERMEN.—This board met in regular weekly session last evening, President W. T. Hepp in the chair, and the following members present: Messrs. Sullivan, Dunn, Sampson, Souvinet, Straight, Jubert, Mary, Thezan, Scott, Perkins and Flood.

A communication from the mayor, inclosing a petition from property holders near the City Park, asking for the grading and ditching of Murat street, and bridges constructed, for the purpose of making a better and shorter route to the Park. Also a petition from property owners and residents near the Metairie Ridge railroad, calling attention to the failure of the City Railroad Company to run their cars in conformity with their contract with the city. The mayor recommends that the company be held strictly to the terms of their contract. The communication was received and the petitions were referred to the committee on streets and landings.

A resolution, by Mr. Sullivan, to pay John S. Walsh for repairs to the Soraparu Market. Adopted.

A communication from the Public School Board, transmitting to this board resolutions thanking the mayor and council for the restoration of the public school appropriation. Referred to the committee on education.

A resolution from the upper board donating 306 superficial feet of ground in the Washington Cemetery No. 2 to the Protestant Orphans' Home, in compensation of other grounds taken from them for an avenue. Concurred in.

A resolution from the same board authorizing the surveyor to make repairs to the wooden sidewalks on Hancock and Delery streets, Third District, provided the cost does not exceed two hundred dollars. Concurred in.

A resolution from the same board authorizing the purchase of the Water Works by the city upon the terms and conditions provided for in the act of the Legislature to incorporate the Commercial Bank of New Orleans, approved April 1, 1833. Concurred in.

From the same board a resolution that the city accepts the transfer of the real estate, moveable property and monies on hand, belonging to the Touro Alms House, under the act of the legislature, approved 23d March, 1867, entitled an act for the relief of the board of directors of the "Touro Alms House." That the city attorney be authorized to prepare an act of transfer in conformity with the act of the legislature aforesaid, and the mayor sign the same on behalf of the city. That the money on hand belonging to said Alms House be paid over to the city treasurer, and that a detailed statement of all monies on hand, real estate and personal property of the said Touro Alms House, conveyed and transferred as aforesaid, be submitted to the Common Council by the controller as soon as practicable after said conveyance and transfer are completed, was received and concurred in.

The following ordinance, from a special committee was offered:

An ordinance authorizing the city controller to sell, separately, at public auction, after ten days' notice in the official journal, and by posters, in English, French and German, to be posted in the markets and other portions of the city, the stalls, stands and tables of the various city markets, for a term of ten years, commencing on the 1st day of January, 1869, and ending on the 31st day of December, 1878. The sales to be made under the supervision of the mayor and chairmen of the finance committees, and the stalls to be used by the purchasers for the vending thereon of all such articles as are permitted to be sold at the various markets under present ordinances; the purchaser having the right to sell any or all such articles on the same tables, stalls or stands, as follows: (here the names of the thirteen markets are mentioned.) The sales are to be made of these markets, respectively, for ten years, commencing with the sale of the stalls, etc., of the Beef Market, Second District, and to be continued from day to day for a period not exceeding thirty days, provided that the mayor and finance committee can at any time cause the termination of said sale. Each stall to be sold separately, according to a list to be made by the surveyor, to the highest bidder, one-half cash in city notes and the other in a note of the purchaser satisfactorily indorsed to the city, payable eighteen months after the adjudication, with eight per cent. interest per annum till paid, each purchaser to have the right to pay the whole price of his adjudication in cash in city notes. The amount of cash in city notes to be paid by each purchaser to be deposited by him with the city notary in three days after the adjudication, to be deposited by him with the city treasurer from day to day, to be kept separate and apart from all other money in his possession, as a special deposit till the sale is signed, when the city notes so deposited shall be compared with the notarial act and destroyed by burning in presence of the mayor, etc.; and a full certified report thereof made to the City Council at first meeting thereafter, to remain on file and recorded in the archives of the city. The sale of said stalls shall continue daily till all are sold, the controller to furnish proces verbal to the city notary, and the price thereof, and at the expiration of three days after each sale it shall be the duty of the notary to report the names of all purchasers who have not complied, and deposited the amount of cash payment required. Whereupon the controller shall proceed to resell the stalls, etc., for which the first purchaser has failed to comply, who shall be liable to the city for any deficiency in the price of adjudication, at said second sale without any right to any excess over the amount of his bid which said second sale may produce. No notice demand for a compliance shall be necessary by the city. Bids may be reported by the mayor. Each purchaser or occupant of any stall shall be bound to conform to the ordinances or police regulations now or hereafter in force; to keep the same clean, in repair, etc., and to be delivered to the city in good order at the end of the ten years. The city to keep the market house in good order, etc. The city reserves to itself the power to alter or amend the same as circumstances may require. In case any note given by any purchaser is not paid as stipulated, the sale to him of any stall shall be forfeited for the unexpired term, without any other notice, default, etc., and the same shall revert to the city without any indemnity from the city for expenditures or improvements. The holder of any note given by any purchaser, who shall fail to pay his note at maturity, shall be subrogated to all the rights of the city against the drawer of said note. The purchaser of any stall shall, besides the use and privileges thereof, be free from any charges by the city on the same, as well as the articles sold therein, except such annual tax and license as may be imposed by the city ordinances on trades, professions, etc. Expense of acts of sale at the cost of the purchaser.

The board then adjourned.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT—*Judge Howe—March 17.* John Davis and Cecilia Wilson, both colored, were tried for the larceny of wearing apparel and other articles valued at one hundred and forty dollars, from the residence of John R. Waterman, No. 237 Galvez street, and were found guilty, but with a recommendation to mercy.

George Wedlove, colored, was convicted of stealing two tobacco jars filled with tobacco, from the shop of P. Bernard, on Marais street.

John Swan pleaded guilty to an information charging him with carrying an iron knuckle concealed on his person, and was sentenced to pay a fine of ten dollars.

In the case of P. Boutte, accused of obtaining one hundred and seventy-one dollars from Edward Watts by false representations, the district attorney entered a *nolle prosequi*.

Jane Brown, colored, informed against for the larceny of a bottle of costly wine, a pair of pantaloons and a silver-mounted meerschaum pipe, the property of Alexander P. Selmy, pleaded guilty, and was remanded to await sentence.

The application for a new trial in the case of Da Rocha, convicted of attempting to set fire to a store opposite the Orleans Hotel, on Chartres street, was overruled to-day.

Charles Frank alias Tony, and Peter Krepple, charged with getting into the residence of Mrs. M. Muller, between the hours of four and six on the morning of the 23d June last, by opening a window, administering chloroform to the children of Mrs. M., who had gone to market to attend to her business as a huckster, and robbing the house of six hundred and five dollars in money, and jewelry valued at eight hundred dollars, were tried and both found guilty.

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