THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT.

VOLUME XVII. WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 15, 1868. NUMBER 208.

THE CRESCENT'S DISPATCHES.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Arrival of Sergeant Bates—Adjournment of Court of Impeachment.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—Sergeant Bates arrived to-day at 1 o'clock, and received an enthusiastic reception.

Senate.—In consequence of Stanbery's illness, the court adjourned until 12 o'clock to-morrow, with but two dissenting voices. The House did nothing.

The adjournment will add éclat to Sergeant Bates's reception ceremonies. He unfurls his flag from the dome of the capitol at 2 P. M.

After adjournment of the court, the Senate continued in session. The House returned to their chamber, but no quorum was present.

FROM BOSTON.

Burning of a Steamer.

BOSTON, April 14.—The Zodiac, of the regular line between Savannah and Boston, burned to the water's edge last night. No cargo aboard.

FROM SAVANNAH.

Conservative Meeting.

SAVANNAH, April 14.—At a conservative meeting this morning in Masonic Hall, the names of Hon. J. B. Gordon, for governor, Hon. H. S. Fish, for Congress, and Rufus E. Lester, for State Senator, were received with loud applause. The audience was addressed by several prominent speakers.

FROM SOUTHWEST PASS.

SOUTHWEST PASS, April 14, 11 A. M.—Barometer 30:10. Wind south and fresh.

Arrived: Steamship United States, Norton, New York, to Wood, Low & Ludwigsen. She was disabled off Cape Hatteras, and came the balance of the way on one wheel. Steamship Hudson, Blakeney, Indianola, merchandise to order. Brig Hope, Barton, to Puig Bros.

Sailed: Steamship Star of the Union.

SOUTHWEST PASS, April 14, 6 P. M.—Barometer 29:40. Wind southeast and strong.

Arrived: British bark Mandelle, Gale, master, from Liverpool, to order.

Sailed: Ship Arthur.

MARKETS.

LONDON, April 14, Noon.—Consols 93¼. Bonds 92¾.

FRANKFORT, April 14.—Bonds 75¼@75½.

LIVERPOOL, April 14, Noon.—Cotton firm at yesterday's advance. Sales 12,000 bales. Middling uplands 12¼d.; middling Orleans 12½d. Breadstuffs firm; corn 46s. Provisions quiet.

LONDON, April 14, Afternoon.—Bonds 72¾@73¼. Sugar firm and higher.

NEW YORK, April 14.—Stocks active. Money in good demand at 7 ₱ cent. Exchange 109¾. Gold 138¼. Old bonds 111; new 107½. Flour 5c. better. Wheat 1@2c. better. Corn unchanged. Pork drooping; new mess $27. Lard dull at 17¼@18c. Cotton quiet and steady; middling uplands 31½c. Freights dull.

[Telegraphic lines all down.]

FRESH JOTTINGS.

Tax payers remember that the pre-eminently "loil" Baker is on the radical ticket.

Miss Emma Maddern appeared last week at the Howard, Boston, in a new piece called "Nip the Crow."

The newspaper called Every Afternoon, expired in New York on the 11th. The editor frankly avows in his valedictory that it too much resembled an old fashioned weekly.

Do you want to be forced to send your children to school with negroes? You do not? Then be sure to vote against the Black Crook Constitution.

Havana letters state that two negroes on the island claim their freedom on the plea that they are working in a copper mine which belongs to England, and as that country prohibits slavery, they are free. The case is in the courts.

Rev. Wm. Henry Green, D. D., has been elected president of the College of New Jersey, to fill the vacancy caused by the late resignation of Rev. Dr. McLean. Dr. Green is a professor in the Presbyterian Theological Seminary at Princeton.

A serious shooting affray occurred in Vicksburg recently between J. Q. Wilcox, a merchant doing business on the corner of Crawford and Levee streets, and John J. Smith, proprietor of the Prentiss House, in which the latter was severely, if not fatally wounded by the former.

Two men in an open boat have been picked up, says an Havana dispatch, and it is thought they are deserters from some of the prisons in Florida. It will be remembered in this connection that St. Ledger Grenfel recently escaped with some soldiers from the Dry Tortugas.

The Black Crookites have about finished up their cheating, as far as the registry is concerned—now look out for them at the polls. If there is any style of fraud which they have not conceived, and for which they have not prepared, it must be something surpassing human ingenuity.

We learn from a Montreal dispatch, that a man named Leban and his wife, who were in the habit of murdering travelers who stopped at their house, attacked a traveler, the man with an ax and the wife with a razor. The traveler knocked down his assailant, and his wife mistaking her husband for him cut his throat. She has been arrested and confessed to all of the past horrible transaction. Three skeletons were found in the house.

Registration closed in Wilmington on the 11th, and considerable excitement. The total registration in the city for five days was: whites, 404; blacks 49. The total, including the former registration, was: whites, 1309; blacks, 2072. The political excitement is increasing daily. Both parties are straining every nerve. The accounts from Bladen and Richmond counties indicate large additions to the white vote under the new registration.

It is stated that at the recent interview between Senator Sprague and Representative Garfield the latter said that he had no doubt in his mind that Mr. Stanton's case was clearly within the tenure of office act, and that the president's position was therefore untenable. Both Mr. Garfield and Mr. Sprague agreed that the president was a dangerous man, and ought to be removed for acts committed. Mr. Sprague admitted that the views of Chief Justice Chase were rather unorthodox, but intimated that he did not agree with the chief justice.

The Black Crook Constitution says that every business requiring a license is "public business." The legislature and the council can require a license for anything—so that if the Black Crook gets into power, there will be no such thing as business or private rights in the State of Gotham. Everybody's business will be everybody's business, and everybody will be under certain negroes, whether he wishes to or not. The only way to avert such a fate is to reject the Black Crook Constitution.

The Georgetown Herald learns that early Saturday morning the house of Mr. Henry Keenan, in Georgetown, was discovered to be burning. Some of the neighborhood, on repairing to the house, found that Mrs. Keenan and her two children had been murdered, and terribly burned in the burning building. A further search enabled them to discover the body of Mr. Keenan Having a [illegible] of all colors [illegible] enabled to [illegible] THE CRI[illegible] be most [illegible] PRE[illegible] [illegible] hundred yards from the house, covered with blood and bark from the trees, with ten bullets in his back. Who could have committed the crime is as yet a matter of conjecture.

Local Intelligence.

REPORTORIAL BREVITIES.—A laborer employed on the St. Louis packet Lizzie Gill fell overboard at the landing yesterday, while wheeling a truck across the gang plank, and was drowned before assistance could be rendered him.

Nothing of public interest occurred in the First District Court yesterday. There are many important cases to be tried, but as the judge of the court is a candidate for election, he is, as government and society are now organized, entitled to a certain degree of indulgence.

Notwithstanding the order of General Buchanan, issued yesterday, prohibiting night processions, the radical negroes came to the rendezvous, in Lafayette Square, last night, from the different quarters of their secret clubs, with music and banners and transparencies, as if Gen. Buchanan had no authority to issue an order.

Laura Fry, an unfortunate woman, who had led a life of depravity, died suddenly on Monday. The appearance of her corpse created a suspicion that she might have been poisoned, and the coroner, holding an inquest over the body yesterday, had the stomach and intestines taken out and sent to Mr. Laster, the apothecary at the Charity Hospital, for a chemical analysis of the contents. Salvador Fortunes, a man who is said to have been in some way connected with the deceased, and who the police seem to suspect had some motive to do away with her, has been arrested and is in custody awaiting the result of the inquest.

Nine hundred dollars in Mexican and American silver coin were stolen, yesterday morning, from the residence of S. Schonfeld, No. 279 Low Levee street.

Three hundred and fifty thousand dollars in city notes of all denominations have thus far been turned into the city treasurer as the proceeds of the sale of market stalls.

Gen. Buchanan has named the 15th of June for the assembling of the Texas reconstruction convention.

When the thunder shower came up last evening a mass meeting of radical Republicans was in progress in Lafayette Square. At first there was evident a desire to brave the elements and see the thing out, but the rain kept coming down harder and harder, until the assemblage melted away in a grand dissolving view.

Edward Diggs and Ben McBright, both colored, appeared before U. S. Commissioner Warren yesterday, charged with perjury and collusion of perjury, respectively, in endeavoring to procure a fraudulent registration of the former. The charge will be examined into at an early day.

Governor Baker has appointed Mr. Otto Waldkirch a member of the Board of Control Louisiana State Penitentiary, in place of Mr. S. M. Hart, who was unable to qualify.

Cars commenced running over the Canal and Claiborne road at noon yesterday. The terminus at Canal street presented an unusually busy aspect.

Mr. Dunbar, second clerk of the Opelousas packet J. G. Blackford, fell into the river on Monday night and was drowned. The body was not recovered.

The Protestant Episcopal Orphans' Home will celebrate its anniversary at Christ Church, Canal street, to-morrow evening.

THE THIRD WARD DEMOCRACY.—An enthusiastic meeting of the Democrats of the Third Ward was held last evening at the National Hall, at which Mr. McCaleb, candidate for the legislature, made some stirring remarks upon the issues presented to voters at the present time. An adjourned meeting will be held this evening, and it is to be hoped the attendance will be greater even than that of last night.

CHARITY HOSPITAL.—The Board of Administrators of the Charity Hospital held a meeting on Monday last, for the purpose of choosing visiting physicians and surgeons. The following were elected:

Surgeons—Samuel Logan, M. D., C. Beard, M. D., Edmund Souchon, M. D., Warren Stone, Jr., M. D., Heber Smith, M. D., Bolling H. Pope, M. D.

Physicians—S. S. Herrick, M. D., John C. Legare, M. D., J. B. Johnson, M. D., Joseph Holt, M. D., Frank Hawthorne, M. D., W. C. Wilson, M. D., Alfred W. Perry, M. D., Wm. P. Brewer, M. D., Alexander Hart, M. D., Louis H. Burgess, M. D., F. H. Dennis, M. D.

The following gentlemen were appointed resident students:

Mr. E. Harrison, Mr. Thomas Kennedy, Mr. P. J. Hiriart, Mr. E. W. Potts, Mr. Arthur, Mr. R. F. Wright, Mr. Jamison, D. DeRosaides.

TRINITY ELECTIONS.—The following gentlemen were on Monday afternoon (Easter Monday) chosen to serve as wardens and vestrymen of Trinity Episcopal Church for the ensuing year: Wardens—A. P. Cleveland, Sr., T. W. Champlin, Jr. Vestrymen—Alfred Moulton, H. V. Ogden,* Jules A. Blanc, Richard Lloyd, F. W. Gustine,* William Flash,* Geo. G. Garner, George S. Kausler,* John Chaffe,* W. G. Wheeler.* *Re-elected.

ALDERMANIC APPOINTMENT.—Mr. E. H. Chadwick, cashier of the U. S. treasury office in this city, has been appointed an assistant aldermen by Gen. Buchanan, to fill a vacancy occasioned by the death of John Gauche, Esq.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.—At the meeting, last evening, a communication from the controller announced the sale of the Iron Building for $550 per year, to John Henderson, Jr. Referred to the finance committee.

A resolution from the lower board to proceed at this meeting, in joint session, to elect a city attorney, to fill the place of Judge Buchanan, resigned, was concurred in, and the board adjourned to the chamber of the Assistant Board.

After the joint session the aldermen returned to their chamber and adjourned immediately.

BOARD OF ASSISTANT ALDERMEN.—Meeting last evening, Mr. Hepp in the chair.

Mr. Sullivan read an order from Gen. Buchanan appointing Mr. M. C. Chadwick a member of the board, in the place of the late John Gauche. Accpted.

The mayor transmitted to the board a statement of the sales of the market stalls, for a term of ten years, as made by the city auctioneer and controller.

The council having prohibited the further issue of city money, Mayor Heath recommends that measures be taken at once to pay claimants upon the city pay rolls, in order that the treasurer may meet the demands now pressing upon the city with peculiar force and hardship as well as upon various individuals. Both communications were ordered filed.

The mayor also transmitted a letter from Judge Buchanan, (who lately resigned the city attorneyship,) stating that the Supreme Court has decided the suit of W. H. Wells vs. the City in favor of the city, the appeal taken by claimants from the order dissolving the injunction in the case being dismissed. After a short delay required for making the decision final, the city will be at liberty to take possession of the stalls and tables claimed, and Wells and his security on the appeal bond (E. Tomatis) will be liable to the city for all the rents collected by Wells from the date of the appeal. Ordered filed.

Another communication from Judge Buchanan renewed the tender of his resignation, and in consequence of important suits by or against the city requiring attention, he urges that his successor qualify as soon as possible. The letter was ordered to be filed.

An ordinance relative to the "New Orleans Elevator and Warehouse Company," asking the use of certain portions of the wharves and other privileges, was adopted, allowing the company the use of the wharves, etc., as desired for ten years.

The following resolution from the upper board was concurred in:

Resolved, That the superintendent of the Fire Alarm Telegraph be, and he is hereby authorized and requested, to place a "signal box" at the depot of the Canal and Claiborne Streets R. R. Co. on Common street, between Tonti and Rocheblave streets.

The treasurer's report for the week ending April 11, showed: Receipts $90,377 36, expenditures $4,006 21. Balance on hand $115,031 06, as follows:

In $20 city notes	$16,000 00
In $10 " "	18,660 00
In $5 " "	10,500 00
In $1, $2 and $3 city notes	63,952 00
In fractional "	5 242 50
In old issue "	297 75
In cut $5's "	332 50
In legal tender notes	46 31

The report was referred to the finance committee.

A resolution was adopted inviting the upper board to meet with the lower board in joint session to elect a successor to Judge Buchanan, city attorney, resigned. [A joint executive session was held and E. Filleul, Esq., chosen.]

A petition of R. and W. Salter was granted.

A resolution from the upper board relative to the draining commissioners of the first draining district and authorizing the city attorney to take legal steps to compel the commissioners to show cause why the work was not finished, was referred to the city attorney.

The board adjourned after joint executive session in which E. Filleul, Esq., was chosen city attorney, as above stated.

FIRES.—Five newly constructed cottages on Galvez street, between St. Peter and Carondelet Walk, were destroyed by fire early yesterday morning. Four of them belonged to Mr. Lawrence Kenney, the fifth to a Mr. Oake. The damage is estimated at about $10,000, but the cause of the fire or the amount of insurance could not be ascertained.

The alarm of fire about eleven o'clock last night came from the corner of St. Joseph and Tchoupitoulas streets, but up to a late hour no report of the particulars had been made at the station.

[Communicated.]

THE ELECTION—BEAT THE CARPET-BAGGERS.

Can it be done? Yes. *Will* it be done? That's the question. Reader, when you complain and sneer at carpet-baggism, you are either in earnest or you are not. If you are, then act; now, or never, is the time to give the *coup de grace* to carpet-baggism. If you are not in earnest, then let carpet-baggism triumph, but spare us for the future with your worse than silly complaints and sneers! Take our word for it, the future existence of carpet-baggism is staked upon the result in this city and parish, and not upon that of the Constitution and the State ticket. Carpet-baggism must *live*, and it can do so only by feeding upon our thousand city and parish offices. To achieve this one great desideratum, it has strained the last nerve, and spent the last dollar. If successful herein, it will henceforth be a fixed fact in our midst, but if frustrated, it will starve, pack its carpet-bags and rid us of its presence for all time to come. Then shall you see a collapse, a confusion and scattering to the four winds of political adventurers as no shot of disaster has yet worked amongst a motley party crew. The contest is doubtful. Reader, will you do your share to make it sure? The carpet-baggers, besides their own votes and those of some 500 or 1000 white subordinate office-seekers, depend entirely on the 16,000 or 17,000 registered colored voters to elect them to the city and parish offices. Is it right, is it just, is it good policy that they should be permitted to monopolize this entire vote? Will the conservative resident citizens, who support nine-tenths of our colored population, quietly stand by and see them vote their inveterate enemies into power to their own destruction? We think not, or else the history of the last seven years is indeed a barren waste to them. Let the colored voters understand that if they support the carpet-baggers, men of here and everywhere, against their own and their employers' interest, they must depend upon carpet-baggism, which would banish capital and enterprise, and kill industry, for their material support and welfare. Let this advice be carried out, and this solid mass of colored voters will be broken, at least 2000 of them be diverted from, and turned against the carpet-baggers, who will thereby be so discomfited, that they will never again raise their political heads in our midst. *We* know this is the *only* way to defeat them! Shall our advice be acted upon? In conclusion, we say: First—The policy of "masterly inactivity" is no policy now. Second—Do your own voting, and no longer expect the Northern conservatives to do it for you. Third—Every vote cast for an independent candidate is a vote for the carpet-bag opponent. Fourth—Every vote cast for the decoy "Working men's" ticket, set up in the interest of the carpet-baggers, is a vote for their own ticket. Fifth—See to it, that either yourself, or a trusty friend accompany your employé to the very polls, to see whether or not he will betray and deliver you into the hands of your political enemies. Politics at this crisis are no fancy science, in which one may indulge as his whims may prompt him. Let everyone understand, that if he will persist in a contrary course, he does so at his own risk.

NO CANDIDATE.

Charles Dickens's—Last Reading in Boston—He Makes a Brief Speech, and Retires Under Three Cheers

Mr. Charles Dickens gave his final reading in Boston in Tremont Temple, before one of the largest and most cultivated audiences that ever greeted him in this country. His reading table was profusely decorated with rare and beautiful flowers, and as he noticed the graceful compliment on approaching the footlights, Mr. Dickens said: "I kiss the fair hands unknown who have so beautifully adorned my table."

He read "Dr. Marigold" and "Sairey Gamp" with a spirit and life showing that he felt the magnetic charm of the friendly faces around him, and was resolved on this parting occasion to do justice to the fruits of his genius. He was again and again greeted with applause, and at the close of his reading he responded to the enthusiastic plaudits with the following words:

"*Ladies and Gentlemen*—My precious and generous welcome in America, which can never be obliterated from my remembrance, begun here. (Applause.) My departure begins here, too; for I assure you that I have never, until this moment, really felt that I am going away. In this brief life of ours it is sad to do almost anything for the last time; and I cannot conceal from you, that although my face will soon be turned toward my native land and to all that makes it dear, it is a sad consideration with me that in a very few moments from this time this brilliant hall, and all that it contains, will fade from my view for ever more. But it is my consolation that the spirit of the bright faces, the quick perception, and ready replies, the generous allowance, and the cheering sounds that have made this place joyful to me, will remain, and you may rely upon it that that spirit will abide with me as long as I have the sense and sentiment of life. (Loud applause.) I do not say this with any reference to the private friendships that have for years and years made Boston a memorable and beloved spot to me; for such private references have no business in this public place. I say it purely in remembrance of, and in homage to the great public heart before me. Ladies and gentlemen, I beg most earnestly, most gratefully and most affectionately to bid you each and all farewell." (Overwhelming applause.)

As Mr. Dickens was leaving the stage the audience rose en masse, and while the gentlemen hurrahed over and over again, their wives and daughters waved their handkerchiefs until he had retired from view.

THE ELEPHANT ROMEO.—The monster elephant Romeo, whose "fighting weight" has been discovered to be nearly five and a quarter tons, declared his independence and slew his keeper at his winter quarters at Hatboro, Pennsylvania, last December. Since then he has been wholly unmanageable. As the season for exhibition is at hand, it was lately determined to conquer him, and, accordingly, Romeo's former keeper, Mr. Craven, and the Messrs. Forepaugh, with a small army of assistants, visited the old rebel's quarters the other day and gave him a lively stirring up. After much difficulty he was brought down by powerful tackle, but he maintained a combative temper for three days after his fall. Wearied with the hopeless struggle against human ingenuity and huge cables, he at length, on the third day, surrendered, and was, at last accounts, on exhibition in some of the Pennsylvania towns, as docile as a spaniel.

THE PRINCE OF WALES.—As a preparation for his visit to Ireland, the prince of Wales presided, on the 17th ult., at a Protestant St. Patrick's dinner in London. The prince made three or four of his nice little speeches. They never have anything in them so princely as an idea, or even a felicitous expression, yet they excite the wildest enthusiasm. That a prince should condescend, or even be able to talk at all, seems rather wonderful when you think of it, and a wise and eloquent prince, a statesman and philosopher, might set the world on fire. But if the prince of Wales does not manifest a high order of genius, he is unsurpassed in urbanity, excelled by none in good nature. If the Irish are glad to see him, he will make them a longer visit. He is unwearied in visiting popular places of amusement in London. Wednesday night he went with the princess for the second or third time to see the burlesque of "Black-Eyed Susan," at the Little Royalty, in Soho. Thursday night they were at the Haymarket, to see Mr. Sothern in the "Romance of a Poor Young Man," or, as he has named it, "A Hero of Romance," and his royal highness had the gracious condescension to send for Mr. Sothern twice to congratulate him upon the excellence of his performance. That the future head of the church should go to the jolliest theater four times a week in Lent is rather a scandal to strict churchmen, but they take comfort in the reflection that he might do worse, that he is not yet the head of the church and that it is quite possible he never may be.

[London Correspondent N. Y. Times.

"So you are going to teach a school?" said a young lady to a maiden aunt. "Well, for my part, sooner than do that, I would marry a widower with nine children."

"I would prefer that myself," was the quiet reply; "but where is the widower?"

IMPORTANT MILITARY ORDERS.

PRAISEWORTHY PRECAUTION.

Order to be Observed on Election Days.

POLITICAL PROCESSIONS AT NIGHT FORBIDDEN.

The Carrying of Firearms Forbidden.

The following proclamation and order from headquarters explain themselves:

A PROCLAMATION.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH MILITARY DISTRICT, New Orleans, La., April 14, 1868.

To the People of Louisiana:

Whereas, it has been reported to the commanding general of this military district, that evil disposed persons in various parts of the State of Louisiana are preparing to cause disturbances and riots at the polls during the coming election, to be held on the 17th and 18th insts., and as the right to vote peaceably is an inheritance belonging to the people, not to be interfered with—therefore, all persons of whatsoever condition are hereby cautioned and directed to keep the peace on that occasion, and to avoid and discountenance all acts which may tend to prevent a full and accurate expression of the will of the people in the matters then to be decided by their votes. The laws must and shall be enforced. All men entitled to vote must be allowed to exercise this privilege, and will be protected in so doing.

The necessity for military interference for the purpose of keeping order should not arise, but if it becomes necessary all are notified that proper measures have been taken for the protection of each in the exercise of his legal rights. Under existing orders the sheriffs of the several parishes are charged with the preservation of good order at the polls, and they are notified that this duty must be faithfully performed by them, on penalty of such punishment as the laws of the country have provided. They are armed with ample authority for the purpose, and it is expected that they will exercise it fully, but kindly, and thus secure a quiet election.

ROBERT C. BUCHANAN,
Bvt. Maj. Gen., U. S. A., Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH MILITARY DISTRICT, New Orleans, La., April 14, 1868.

Special Orders No. 79.]

[Extract.]

2. The attention of all concerned is hereby called to the orders heretofore issued from these headquarters, forbidding the carrying of firearms, which orders must be rigidly adhered to. Until after the coming election no political processions at night will be permitted in the streets of this city, and any political meetings will be attended quietly and without parades or unnecessary ceremonies.

All persons arrested by civil authorities for disturbances at the polls, or for riotous and disorderly conduct at other places in the city, on the days of the election, will not be released until after the election, or by orders from these headquarters.

By command of Brevet Maj. Gen. R. C. Buchanan:

GEO. L. HARTSUFF,
Assistant Adjutant General.

AMUSEMENTS.

TABLEAUX AND CONCERT.—Among the many needy objects earnestly appealing to the sympathy and support of the charitable, none bring greater or more urgent claims than those institutions where are found homes for the widow and the fatherless, and stony indeed must be the heart of that one who refuses to give what he can to aid in the maintenance of such. Among the associations for the relief of widows and orphans, none can boast a better record for benevolence and relief than that conducting St. Anna's Asylum, on Prytania street, near Felicity. But the necessities of the times have reached even those helpless ones, and it is imperatively necessary that some means be devised whereby the funds of the association may be augmented sufficiently to withstand the demands of the coming summer season. It is therefore with pleasure that we invite the public to attend a performance at the National Theater on next Tuesday evening, at which some two hundred ladies and gentlemen will appear in a series of tableaux, and Miss Filomeno will entertain by some of her best music. To those interested in the good work of which St. Anna's Asylum is an exponent, this bare announcement will be a sufficient inducement to attend.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.—The grand opera, "William Tell," will be sung to-morrow evening, and for Saturday evening we are promised the first representation of Meyerbeer's splendid production "L'Africaine."

AMES'S CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE.—On Saturday noon and evening, and daily thereafter until further notice, there will be exhibited at Tivoli Circle, a display of wild animals and an equestrian performance which, according to all accounts, equals, if not surpasses, anything of the kind ever seen in New Orleans. Mr. Ames, favorably known as the proprietor of the Crescent City Museum, is also manager of this establishment, consisting of thirty-two performers, four dens of trained lions and tigers, performing elephants and monkeys, and a host of other attractions. We confidently anticipate crowded pavilions at Tivoli Circle next week.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The "G. D. A. B. F. A." was witnessed last evening by another enthusiastic audience, and its various hits upon congressional or cabinet eccentricities met with hearty appreciation and applause. We thought Miss Hardy, as *Virginia*, more charming than we have ever seen her, while Bloodgood, Schoolcraft, Delahanty and Hengler in their mock ballet were unspeakably ludicrous. The piece, together with the usual olio performances, will be repeated tonight.

CRESCENT CITY MUSEUM.—To those who would idle away a leisure hour or two, no more desirable opportunity is offered than by visiting this museum, located on St. Charles street, opposite the St. Charles Hotel. The collection of curiosities, at least ten thousand in number, includes objects of interest collated from the animal, vegetable and mineral world, and can be inspected at any hour between 9 A. M. and 10 P. M., daily.

VARIETIES.—This evening Prof. Roberts's Magic Illuminated Tableaux will be placed upon exhibition at the Varieties Theater. Comprising as they do scenes from every portion of the world, as well as humorous delineations of various phases of humanity, there ought to be a good audience attracted thither by their display. The Senorita Filomeno will also lend a charm to the entertainment, performing selections for the piano and violin at intervals between the tableaux.

LECTURES AT LYCEUM HALL.—The second lecture of the course, given under the auspices of the "Army and Navy Union," will be delivered this evening at Lyceum Hall, by Judge W. W. Howe, subject: "François Xavier Martin." We doubt not that the Judge will handle his subject in an able and scholarly manner.

SACRED CONCERT.—A sacred concert for the benefit of Calvary Church will be given in that church on Prytania street this evening. We are indebted to the management for invitations to be present. Messrs. Tracey, Chase, Meteye and Seward will be prominent among the performers.

THE LATE THOMAS D'ARCY MCGEE.—The late Thomas D'Arcy McGee was born in Ireland in 1825. Before going to Canada he passed some years in this country as an "exile" from his native land, in consequence of his activity in the "Young Ireland" movement in 1848. In Boston he was known as a writer of no mean ability in the cause of Irish freedom. He seems to have undergone a kind of "reconstruction," however, as the disabilities under which he labored—among which was a reward of £300 for his apprehension and return to the jurisdiction of the British courts—were removed, and he became rehabilitated, returning to his allegiance to the British government, and classifying his disloyalty among the follies of his youth. In Canada his eloquence as a speaker and power as a writer soon brought him into notice, and he became the ablest champion of the Irish people of the province. He has represented a district of Montreal in Parliament for eight years, first on the reform side of the House, and subsequently as a conservative, on his being dropped from the administration.

Mr. Moore, of New Iberia, was brought to Franklin and lodged in jail Thursday night by Constable Etie. Moore had bought a team of Seaver, who asked him for part pay. Angry words followed, and two or three days after, Moore obtained a revolver, hunted up Seaver, who was not armed, shot him twice and killed him. Report says that Seaver had threatened to kill Moore if he did not pay him.—[Planters' Banner.

SPRING MEETING AT THE METAIRIE.

SECOND DAY.

A more disagreeable day than yesterday was for a drive out of town could not well be imagined. The wind which had been increasing in force all day long, blew a perfect gale by the afternoon, and raised along the road such clouds of dust as to make it a matter of difficulty for riders even to see their way clear before them. It was thoroughly uncomfortable, and he must indeed have been a Mark Tapley who could have enjoyed the ride from the city to the race course.

The drawbridge over the canal creaked and shook, while the wind ruffling up the usually placid waters into a little ocean of billows, almost threatened to lift horse and buggy bodily over into the waves.

The attendance at the course was not so large as on Saturday, although, in view of the inconvenience attending the trip, it was remarkably good. On the track the dust blew as freely as elsewhere, while the blasts now and then sweeping from the southward rattled the metal roof of the stand, and fairly made the building shake. But the sport went on nevertheless, and betting was lively on the track prior to the commencement of the

FIRST RACE.

A dash of one mile for a purse of $250, for which there were five entries, *Agnes Donovan, Richelieu, Nellie Gwynne, General McMahon* and *Jennie C.* The preference was evidently in favor of McMahon from the first, although Donovan and Richelieu, the plucky winner of Saturday's colt race, were not without friends. A good start was made at the tap of the bell, Richelieu taking the lead, closely followed by Jennie C., Donovan, Gwynne and McMahon. The quarter pole was passed in 26¼ seconds, when Jennie C. rapidly lessened the distance between herself and Richelieu, and for a few seconds went ahead; but Richelieu made heroic efforts and regained the lost ground, making the half mile pole in 50¼ seconds. Meanwhile, on the third quarter Agnes Donovan and McMahon, hitherto third and fourth in line, came dashing up to the front, passing first Jennie, then Richelieu, both of whom seemed to show signs of having made too much effort at first, and all five came down the home stretch in splendid style, McMahon leading, behind him Agnes, and then Richelieu, Jennie C. and Gwynne. Just within the gates, McMahon's rider, certain, and reasonably so, of victory, unintentionally fouled by cutting off the track of Richelieu, coming in however ahead, in 1:47¾, followed by Agnes Donovan, with the others in the order last mentioned. It was the general belief for a time that the race had been won by McMahon. But a consultation of the judges was held upon the point, whether or not McMahon had swerved to the detriment of Richelieu. It was finally decided that McMahon was distanced, for unintentional foul riding, and to Agnes Donovan, the second in line, the race was accordingly awarded. In this decision it is but proper to observe McMahon's backers gracefully acquiesced.

The guests meanwhile had betaken themselves to a bountiful repast, spread in the basement. Of a sudden, however, the bell tap announced that everything was in readiness for the

SECOND RACE.

Three mile heats for a purse of $1000, for which were entered *Privateer, Painter* and *Bismarck.*

First Heat—Painter took the lead at the start, with Privateer second in line, passing the quarter pole in 31½ and the half mile in 1:01½. Privateer took the lead on the third quarter, passing the stand on the first mile in 2:06, with Painter following very close upon him. In going down the back stretch on the second mile, Bismarck waked up and put himself in front of Painter, who continued losing ground, so that the horses finished their second mile in 4:05½, in this order, viz: Privateer, Bismarck (ore length behind him) and Painter (about three lengths behind Bismarck). And now came the tug of war. The bay colt appeared to enjoy the sport as well as did any spectator, stepping out at an easy pace, apparently confident that he held the game in his hands. But look—at the quarter pole Bismarck threatens to steal a march on him, creeping up nearly abreast, now losing a little, now regaining it, and rendering the result as yet a matter of doubt. Hundreds of eager eyes watched them as they came around the third quarter turn and entered the home stretch. Here, however, Privateer gained again, coming in ahead in 5:56, about four lengths ahead of Bismarck, while Painter, jaded and weary, was a good distance behind. The heat was accordingly awarded to Privateer, while Painter, being declared distanced, was led off by his groom. The customary interval having elapsed, then came the signal for the

Second Heat.—Both horses started off at an easy gait, evidently determined not to push matters at that early stage of the game. Privateer kept about a length ahead, but any child could have seen that during the first mile it was mere play between the competitors. They passed the stand the first time in 2:57, having made the quarter and half poles in 43 and 1:25 respectively, and in traversing the course the second time preserved the same relative distance, with, perhaps, a slight increase of pace. The second mile was made in 5:20, Privateer passing the stand about two lengths ahead. And now, on the third mile, as in the previous heat, began the real struggle for the goal. Privateer stood well to his work, with apparently little effort, but Bismarck pushed him close, surprising all by his pluck and endurance. They came down the home stretch handsomely, Privateer passing the stand in 7:12½, his competitor a single length behind him. And so to Privateer was awarded the race and the purse. We append a summary of the day's races:

SUMMARIES.

METAIRIE JOCKEY CLUB RACES—SPRING MEETING, 1868—SECOND DAY, TUESDAY, APRIL 14TH—FIRST RACE—Dash of one mile—Purse $250

T. S. Moise enters Wm. Brady's b. f. *Agnes Donovan*, by Lexington—dam Little Peggy, 4 years old 1
E. Witherspoon enters T. B. Patterson's ch. c. *Richelieu*, by Hiawatha—dam Fanny McAllister, 2 years old 2
T. M. Simmons enters Wm. Cottrill's b. f. *Jennie C.*, by Daniel Boone—dam by Glencoe, 3 years old 3
G. A. Breaux enters S. Leonard's s. m. *Nellie Gwynne*, by imp. Bonnie Scotland—dam by Chorister, 5 years old 4
H. B. Foley enters T. G. Moore's b. c. *Gen. McMahon*, by Lexington—dam Magenta, by imp. Yorkshire, 4 years old ..... dis.

Time—1:47¾.

SECOND RACE—Same day—Three mile heats—Purse $1000.

H. B. Foley enters T. G. Moore's b. c. *Privateer*, by Lexington—dam Bessie Farrow, by imp. Shamrock, 4 years old 1 1
S. M. Westmore enters Jas. Nelligan's b. h. *Bismarck*, by Lexington—dam by Glencoe, 5 years old 2 2
S. Minor enters E. Slavin's ch. c. *Painter*, by Vandyke—dam Temptation, by imp. Trussee, 4 years old .. dis.

Time—5:56—7:12½.

IMPORTANT DECISION.—An important question with reference to the practice of stock brokers has been decided in England by Vice Chancellor Malins, in the case of Langton vs. Waite & Co. The plaintiff borrowed £6000 for three months, and deposited £22,000 in stock in the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada, which, as a collateral security, was transferred to Mr. Waite. On repayment of the loan, the same stock was not restored, but other stock of the value of £22,000, and plaintiff, finding the defendant has sold the deposited shares at a high price and bought again at a much lower, when they had to transfer, making a profit of £3000 by the transaction, brought an action to recover that sum, his contention being that the profit belonged to him. The vice chancellor, in giving judgment, said that in the absence of an express contract to the contrary, a pawnee could not sell the pawned property until the debt became payable, and if he did so, the owner was entitled to any profit which the pawnee made by the sale. The court, therefore, decided in plaintiff's favor, giving the costs of the suit also against defendants.

CAFE IMPERIAL.—The opening of the splendid Café Imperial, at the approach of hot weather, offers a pleasant place for spending a few moments in the indulgence of cooling beverages. The cool punches and cocktails, and the *cool* and artistic manner of mixing them at this elegant café have already attracted general attention. Capt. Albert Sadusky has no superior in this line, and he may always be found at the Imperial, anxious and willing to display his accomplishments and to please those who may bestow their patronage. No one can fail to be satisfied with everything in and about this place.

ARRIVAL OF THE CORTES.—The steamship Cortes, Capt. Whitman, from New York 4th instant, arrived at her wharf at an early hour this morning, with a good freight and the following passengers. Capt. Whitman reports having experienced heavy southerly gales on the 7th and 8th inst. in latitude 30:44, longitude 76; hove to for 48 hours in a fearful gale:

Passengers—Miss M. A. Tweed, R. Tweed, A. Nicoteva, wife and two children; G. Lee, M. Gremaud, wife and son; J. Diaz, C. J. Cooper, M. Hirsch, C. Wall, G. W. Clark and lady, E. Seals.

The best way to economise in these hard times, is to buy a Grover & Baker sewing machine, and do your own work.

EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS, ETC.

A young English baronet is about to marry a waitress in a Glasgow restaurant.

New York's new postoffice is to cover two acres of ground.

Sailors in the French navy must shave their mustaches.

Cerf, Napoleon's coachman, used to serve Louis Philippe.

Cincinnati expects to reach a population of 300,000 in 1870.

A baker should feel complimented if called big loafer.

The New York Mail insists that people eat twice as much as they need. True as Gospel.

Thanks for courtesies to the officers of the steamer Vicksburg.

Colored people are arrested in Cuba for practising witchcraft.

Bavaria is prosecuting a couple of editors for cutting up old King Louis in their obituary notices.

Bonner has purchased six lots at the corner of Fifth avenue and Fifty-sixth street, New York, for $147,000.

Chicago has invested $2,000,000 in street railroads, but they have paid no dividends for some years, the officers say.

Madame Celeste has arrived at London from Australia, and will take her farewell of the stage "under the patronage of the Duke of Edinburgh."

The French prince imperial is soon to be styled Napoleon IV., to accustom the French to the dynastic idea.

A newspaper has already made its appearance in Alaska. It is styled the Alaska Herald, and is printed in Russian and English.

A cotton manufacturer's' convention, as we have before stated, is to be held in New York on the 29th inst.

The Sugar Planter says there is an enterprising individual in the upper part of that parish engaged in catching and shipping wild cats.

Persons who have lost their registration certificates, but whose names appear on the lists, should make affidavit to the fact, and they will be permitted to vote.

Col. Dennett, of the Banner, has made a recent journey up the Bayou Teche, and reports everything encouraging in that beautiful country. He says even the bees, which exhibited symptoms of demoralization last year, are again doing finely.

James Ferguson, of Barnett, Vt., now 97 years old, a native of Scotland, is in vigorous health and unimpaired intellect, and works every day. He wears a coat whose cloth was woven one hundred and thirty years ago in Bushlivat, Scotland.

Do not loose sight of the fact that the main issue in the coming election is the adoption or rejection of the infamous Black Crook Constitution. Speak against it; work against