THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT.

VOLUME XVII. WEDNESDAY MORNING, JUNE 24, 1868. NUMBER 268.

THE CRESCENT'S DISPATCHES.

FROM WASHINGTON.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

THE ARKANSAS SENATORS SEATED

REJECTION OF S. S. COX.

DEATH OF HEBER KIMBALL.

WASHINGTON, June 23.—The attempted ousting of Edgar Needham from the Louisville assessorship is making a big fight. Nearly all Kentucky is engaged.

Senate.—Sumner reported the House bill for the protection of the interests of Americans abroad, with amendments.

Hendricks presented the protest of seventy-seven citizens and soldiers whom the bill now in the hands of the president disfranchises; referred to the District committee.

The judiciary committee was instructed to consider the expediency of allowing Indians to testify in murder and rape cases, and cases between themselves and whites.

The Arkansas senators were seated, on the motion of Howard, without division.

The appropriation bill was resumed, and after executive session Senate adjourned.

The Senate rejected the nomination of S. S. Cox as minister to Austria.

House.—After referring the credentials of the Arkansas delegation to the committee on elections, the House resumed the tax bill. An amendment fixing the direct whisky tax at 50 cents was adopted—87 to 37. Other amendments were discussed, but no further action taken.

House took a recess.

Sumner's amendment to the bill protecting American citizens abroad erases the clause authorizing the president to imprison foreigners in retaliation. During its discussion Sumner told Conkling that his manners suited the House better than the Senate.

Heber Kimball, second president of the Mormon Church, is dead.

It is stated that the judiciary committee have reported favorably on Evarts's nomination.

J. S. Speed has arrived, and Edgar Needham is en route from Louisville to work on the Senate adversely to Treador's confirmation.

FROM JACKSON, MISSISSIPPI

Gov. Humphreys Forcibly Turned Out of his Office.

HE TAKES ANOTHER AND CLAIMS TO BE GOVERNOR.

THE MISSISSIPPI ELECTION.

THE DEMOCRATS AHEAD

JACKSON, MISS., June 23.—To-day at 12 o'clock Gen. Biddle, commander of the post, demanded the surrender of the governor's office. Governor Humphreys refused to vacate, when Gen. Biddle asked if he would have to use force in order to get possession. Gov. Humphreys replied that he would. General Biddle then brought in a squad of soldiers and took forcible possession of the office. Gov. Humphreys has fitted up another room and claims to be governor of Mississippi.

The election commenced yesterday for the ratification of the proposed Constitution. Thirty-nine precincts have been heard from, giving a Democratic majority of over 2000. The radicals have carried ten of the thirty-nine boxes. They have the American flag printed on the back of their tickets.

FROM EUROPE.

A Liberal Meeting Broken Up by Tories—Irish Reform Bill—Suppression of a Mutiny—American Mediation—Papal Allocutions—New Bishops—Fire in Bremen—The New Prince of Servia—Young Garibaldi Raising a Band to Attack Rome—Passage of the Scotch Reform Bill.

LONDON, June 23.—A Liberal meeting at Guildhall, the lord mayor of London presiding, was broken up by Tories.

The House of Commons in committee agreed to the Irish reform bill.

The mutiny on the American ship Neven, at Antwerp, was suppressed by the police and a boat's crew from the American steamer Ticonderoga after a desperate fight.

MADRID, June 23.—American mediation between Spain, Peru and Chili is regarded in official circles as the practical termination of the war.

Cable Summary—In the Consistory at Rome yesterday many new bishops were named.

The pope delivered two allocutions, one on the bull calling a general council of the church, and the other on the state of religion in Austria.

A fire destroyed the warehouses of Fitzerberls and Coething & Son, in Bremen yesterday, with heavy stocks of cotton and tobacco.

Milan, the new Prince of Servia, has arrived at Belgrade from Paris, and was enthusiastically received by the authorities and people. Alexander Karas Georgeowich denies all connection with the assassination of the late Prince Michael.

La Liberte, of Paris, says Menotta Garibaldi is raising a band to attack Rome.

Gen. Damont, of the French army, at dinner, declared France would never abandon the pope.

The British House of Lords has passed the Scotch reform bill to the second reading.

FROM MEXICO.

Address by President Juarez—A Mexican Army Destroyed by Indians.

GALVESTON, June 23.—Brownsville papers give overland accounts from Mexico, to the 19th inst. The Mexican Congress closed its session on 31st ult. Juarez delivered an address, in which he said that the establishment of colonies upon the northern frontier was the most efficacious method of protecting them against invasion by the Indians, in increasing and securing the well-being of those States by the accretion of population and the development of their elements of wealth.

The Progress of Vera Cruz says Col. Dominguez, who went out of Campeachy with 700 men to fight Indians, was killed and his army destroyed. Up to the 16th ult. only two soldiers were known to have saved themselves.

The Brownsville Ranchero corrects the statement of the New York Herald's special correspondent, that corruption, fraud and disorder had attended the installation of the new collector of customs at Brownsville.

FROM SOUTHWEST PASS.

SOUTHWEST PASS, June 23—11 A. M.—Barometer 29:80. Wind east and light. Arrived: Steamship Agnes, Wilson, Brazos, to C. A. Whitney & Co. Sailed: Steamship Hudson. Arrived at Pass a l'Outre: Brig Fortuna, Otterson, to Piaggio Bros.

SOUTHWEST PASS, June 23—6 P. M.—Barometer 29:75. Wind northeast, strong. Arrived: Steamship I. C. Harris, Talbot, Brazos, to C. A. Whitney & Co. Sailed: Schooner E. C. Whipple.

RIVER NEWS.

VICKSBURG, June 23.—Passed up: Richmond at 2, Quitman and Kilgour at 5 and Mohawk with barge at 6 P. M. yesterday, and Commonwealth at noon to-day. River falling rapidly.

LOUISVILLE, June 23.—Weather clear and pleasant. River falling, with 7 feet 8 inches in the canal.

ST. LOUIS, June 23.—River falling steadily.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Rev. J. M. Raphael, an eminent Jewish divine, died to-day of apoplexy, aged 60.

An explosion took place this afternoon in the fireworks establishment of Lyons & Co., on Broadway. One of the firm, named Winege, was killed.

HAVANA, June 23.—Ex-Mayor Monroe, of New Orleans, has been prohibited from employing his men as stevedores, on account of the severity of the Spanish laws.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23.—The Democratic congressional nominating committee is harmonious. Resolutions lauding Johnson were adopted.

MARKETS.

LONDON, June 23 — Noon.—Consols 95@95¼. Bonds 73¾.

FRANKFORT, June 23.—Bonds 77⅞@77¾.

LIVERPOOL, June 22—Noon.—Cotton dull. Sales 7000 bales. Other markets unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, June 23—Afternoon.—Cotton declining; middling uplands 11¼@11⅜d., middling Orleans 11½@11¾d. Manchester markets quiet and dull. Flour 31s. 6d. Corn 34s. 6d. Pork dull. Lard 63s.

LIVERPOOL, June 23—Evening.—Cotton: Sales 7000 bales; middling uplands 11¼d., middling Orleans 11½d. Sugar heavy.

NEW YORK, June 23—Afternoon.—Cotton dull and lower; middling uplands 30c.; sales 100 bales. Flour unsettled; Southern dull and declining—$9 15@14 75. Wheat dull; new white South Carolina $2 75. Corn unchanged. Pork firmer; new mess $28 30; old $27 50@28. Lard heavy; kettle-rendered 17½@18¼c. Whisky quiet. Turpentine 46½@47c. Rosin $3 05@7 50. Freights lower: wheat by steam 5d. Gold strong—140¾. Southern stocks in active demand at improved prices. Governments steady.

LONDON, June 23—Evening.—Consols 94¾. Bonds 73¾.

HAVANA, June 23.—Freights are improving. Sterling exchange 10¾ premium. Federal currency 29¾ discount.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Evening.—Money unchanged. The supply of idle capital is very large and the demand is moderate. Call loans 3@5 ⅌ cent. Prime discounts 5@6 ⅌ cent. Five-twenties of 1862, coupons, 113¾; do. of '64, 111¼; do. of '65, 111¼; do. January and July, 114¼; do. of '67, 114¼; do. '68, 110¼. Ten-forties 107¼. Seven-thirties 110¼. General stocks steady. Flour—State and Western irregular and unsettled; State $7@9 40; Ohio $8 80@13 00; Western $7@13 00. Sugar steady; Muscovado 11¾@12½c. Coffee heavy. Molasses dull. Tallow more active, 12@12½c.

LOUISVILLE, June 23.—Sales 204 hhds. tobacco; lugs $7 50@9 75, common to medium leaf $10@14 50, Owen county $23, Virginia medium $20, Hart county $35. Flour—superfine $7 50, new crop, A1, $11. Wheat, old, $1 75@$2; new, nominal at $2. Corn 90@93c. Oats 78@80c. Mess pork $28 25@28 50. Bacon—shoulders 13½c, clear rib sides 16½@17c., clear sides 17½@17½c. Lard 17½c. Cotton nominally, 28½c. for middlings.

CINCINNATI, June 23.—Family Flour, $9 50@10. Wheat, $2 05@2 15. Corn, 87@92c. Oats, 75@77c. Pork held at $28. Bulk shoulders, 11½@12c., sides held at 14@14½c. Bacon nomial. Sugar cured hams, 18½@20c. Lard, 17c. Butter, 26@27c. Eggs, 18@19c.

ST. LOUIS, June 23.—Flour—No market. Spring Wheat 3c. lower. Corn, 81@87c. Oats, 72@75c. Provisions very quiet.

SAVANNAH, June 23.—Cotton dull; middlings nominally 29c. No sales. Receipts 328 bales.

CHARLESTON, June 23.—Cotton dull, ½@1c. lower. Sales 32 bales. Middlings 29c. Receipts 68 bales.

Reverdy Johnson.

"Swede," the Washington correspondent of the Cincinnati Commercial, says:

The respectability of the country will experience a common satisfaction in Reverdy Johnson's appointment to the English mission. In like manner will it appreciate the generous and prompt confirmation of the Senate, led by Senator Sumner, who is so little given to panegyric upon his political opponents that on this occasion his eulogy had more than the merit of its hearty good taste; it rose above scholarship to manliness. That there are gentlemen in Maryland it is not now treason to say, and both Reverdy Johnson and George Vickers are worthy of the State's good breeding. Both were Union men when the earliest drums beat; neither, to any recollection of mine, ever opposed fractious or frank resistance to the perfect success of the war. After it was over they fell back to the State's conservative place, but Reverdy Johnson has been favorable to the reconstruction measures of the Republican party, and would, therefore, not have been returned to the Senate on the expiration of his term in 1869. He is the oldest senator. Seventy-two years, says the directory of Congress, but seventy-seven says rumor. He was born at Annapolis some years before the death of Washington, and has served his State in every hard-working capacity, for the past sixty years. He is probably the best constitutional lawyer living, and his personal dignity of character has deeper foundations than the law; it is built in honor, patriotism and cheerful circumstantial conviction.

Reverdy Johnson has always had, to me, the look of one of the more voluptuous Roman emperors. Perhaps I get the idea from a remembrance of Gerome's picture of the Colosseum, where a self-indulgent, over-fattened Galba, or Otho, or somebody, is leering down at the bloody gladiators as they cry "*Ave Cesar!*" His head and face are strong and intellectual down to the lip; the under lip and chin are retreating, and decidedly irresolute and self-enjoying to me. I know that it is often a mistake to judge public men by these facial marks. Mr. Johnson has, beside, lost one eye, and, while this does not make him at all unsightly, it gives a humorous suggestion of the arena to his face. His ears are large, like those of nearly all senators. Politicians have habitually big ears. His head is solid and large, and the milk-white hairs hold fast to it, except around the temples. His eye-sight is now very dim indeed. His life has been moderately successful in temporal things. He had a good farm, stock, a city residence, but scarcely ranks among rich men. Socially he could not be an old school Marylander, and not delightful. His talents are facile ones, and he can make a good plea either way. Politically, he is a "no party" man, but not a trimmer. He would never die in the fires of martyrdom because he would think that absurd as well as disagreeable. He will make a less "flunekin" ambassador than Mr. Adams, and less after a reserved Englishman's model; but, altogether, had he the same extended chance, probably the most popular minister ever sent from this country to John Bull. There is no affectation about him, less talent than Mr. Adams had, but also fewer "moods" and more genius. Perfectly at home over a dinner of roast beef and old port, old enough to fulfill a British idea of a statesman's age, and widely acquainted with the *personnel* of American and foreign public people for half a century, we send this most agreeable of our public men to England with the indorsement that he is more unlike Boston Common, and also more unlike a first family of Virginia, than any type of man we possess. Sea-sickness, avoid him! Canvas-back ducks and terrapins, attend him! Baltimore, with your solitary line of American steamships, give him the best berth, and hear, ye first-cabin officers, his anecdotes! *Bon voyage.*

With all this said in Reverdy's favor, it must also be admitted that he is a bad business man. He is a good deal like Daniel Webster in his contempt for money, believing that his genius is national and ought to be recognized by his clients. He never refuses a fee, believes that true statesmanship ought to accept the present situation, and, therefore, his political course is crooked as the Pamunkey river. He undoubtedly expected to be made chief justice in place of Roger Taney, and to this end may or may not have swung round to Mr. Lincoln's stand-point. He was, more than Mr. Chase, the slayer of impeachment, his influence upon Ross, Fowler and Van Winkle being positive and perfect. But who can fight amiability and talent? As well try to hate a bottle of port wine, a dozen fried oysters and a pretty landlady.

The emperor of China deals summarily with incompetent generals. In his last proclamation he says: "Te Hung Chang and others not having been sufficiently prompt in coming to the rescue, we have already issued orders handing them over to the board of punishments for a severe investigation of their conduct. Now we receive memorials informing us that the rebels have advanced northward as far as the cities of Hungshui and Tingchau. On reading them we are filled with indignation. Kwan-wan was appointed to the viceroyalty of this province for the express purpose of exterminating these banditti, but he is unable to hold them in check, but allows them to come northward and rove about at pleasure. Tsotsungtang failed to crush them out, as he ought to have done, while they were yet within the bounds of Shensi, and is guilty of allowing them to enter the very neighborhood of the capital. Let both these officers be handed over to the board for a rigorous investigation. As for Te Hung Chang, he is a minister upon whom the court placed its special reliance. When the feet of the rebels are overrunning this province, he ought to have brought forward his troops with all speed. This he has failed to do, and gives no explanation of the failure. Let his two-eyed peacock plume be plucked away, his yellow robe stripped off, and the hereditary rank of captain of the imperial horse guards be revoked."

Local Intelligence.

REPORTORIAL BREVITIES.—The report of the proceedings of the two Boards of the Common Council, and the organization of the lower board, will be found published elsewhere.

The body of a child was found in an iron pot concealed among some weeds on the levee at the head of Terpsichore street, by Sergeant Sheldon, on Monday evening.

A negro named George Washington, was arrested yesterday and sent for trial before the First District Court for burglary upon the house of a Mrs. Barry, on Liberty street, whence a quantity of wearing apparel and other articles were stolen.

A boy, named Thomas Anderson, about 10 years of age, was drowned on Monday afternoon, by the capsizing of a skiff, which came in contact with the paddle of the steamer Frolic, lying at Algiers. Two other boys who were with him at the time, were rescued.

A boy named Scott was dangerously kicked by a horse at Elliot's Stables, on Baronne street, yesterday afternoon. He was taken to the Charity Hospital.

A man named John Baley was arrested yesterday on the steamer Lafourche, charged by another named Johnson with having assaulted him with a sheath knife.

The temperature yesterday, as shown by the thermometer at C. Duhamel's, corner Bienville and Chartres streets, was as follows: At 6 A. M. 74 degrees: 12 M. 79: 3 P. M. 77: 6 P. M. 78.

A contemporary wisely asks the council to immediately consider the necessity of appointing some apt and reliable person to inspect the meats sold in the various private markets of this city, and suggests the name of Mr. Claverie, an old butcher of this city, who has applied for the position as a suitable appointment. The selection of Mr. Claverie would be an excellent one, but whoever the choice may be, the council should awaken to the necessity of having these markets visited daily and rigidly inspected. Many lives might be saved by timely action.

Of the nine aldermen and fifteen assistant aldermen elected at the recent election, one alderman and three assistant aldermen, only, have not been able to take the test oath. This is what is the wont of the radicals to term a "rebel" council.

We thank Sister Anne de Salis for an invitation to attend the distribution of premiums at St. Joseph's School, Napoleon Avenue, on the 2d of July. A representative of the CRESCENT shall be there.

The annual examination of the students of St. Mary's College terminated last evening at the National Theater. Some excellent music by the college band and choir gave a zest to the exercises, and an amusing comedy, entitled "The Village Lawyer," was performed by the students.

If we possessed the exquisite talent of a contemporary, we would find suitable words to express our thanks to Miss M. King, of the Rampart Street School, for the gift of a pyramidal bouquet, fit to decorate the highest altar of Flora's temple. As it is, we can but tender the amiable donor our politest thanks.

It is a remarkable fact that during a month past new potatoes grown in Louisiana have been shipped in large quantities from this port to St. Louis.

The New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad Company offer the best inducements to all those persons who wish to visit the North or to attend the great national Democratic convention. The round trip to New York and back is only $55, and as friends can make up parties, and all be under the fostering care of Austin Rountree, the general agent—and a better or more genial fellow never lived—we hope all those who contemplate the trip will call at the office of the New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern Railroad, corner Common and Camp streets, under the City Hotel, and inscribe their names. This is the best way, not only for comfort, but for cheapness, to be had on any line. The road leads through Humboldt and Louisville.

We thank the lady teachers of the Washington Girls' School for their complimentary invitation to attend the examination to-day, the 24th.

A venerable negro, black as the ace of spades, and bald as the first Cæsar, was to be seen yesterday at the corner of Commercial Alley and St. Charles street, brushing away at a Confederate's dingy shoes—all for a dime. This bald-headed bootblack has a boundless future before him. Under the dynasty of Grant he may be the successor of Warmoth. He may go to the Senate of the nation.

Bernard Murphy died yesterday, and an inquest was held on his body by Coroner Bradford, on the steamboat J. G. Blackford, at the foot of Bienville street. Verdict—died of intemperance. Mr. Murphy was lately employed at Washington, La., by a Mr. Cavanagh. His friends, if he has any, can learn more by applying to Coroner Bradford or his deputy.

Ella Wiggins, a nigger Hebe, was arrested yesterday, on Toulouse street, as a lewd and abandoned woman, and having a hundred dollar bill, which was supposed to have been stolen. The recorder, on examination, dismissed the charge.

THE FILIBUSTERS.—The unfortunate men that were arrested Monday at the corner of Esplanade and Rampart streets, suspected of an intention to engage in some enterprize violating the neutrality laws, were brought up before United States Commissioner Weller yesterday, and after an examination and the hearing of testimony, were all discharged, no case having been made out against them. It is a happy thing that Shannon had not had this case, brought before him. He would in all likelihood have made it a Ku-Klux affair, and the papers at the North and East would have been filled this morning with dispatches detailing the atrocious plans of the Southern rebels. John B. Weller is a man of sense, and wishes his record to go down to his posterity unpolluted and clear.

HELP FOR THE ORPHANS.—This evening at the Varieties Theater, the Orleans Dramatic Relief Association, always active and prompt in the cause of charity, will give an entertainment for the benefit of the St. Vincent's Infant Orphan Asylum. Bulwer's comedy "Money" and the farce, "A Regular Fix," will be played.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.—The regular weekly meeting of this board was held last evening. President Markey in the chair, and the following members present: Messrs. Shields, Boquille, Kaiser, Brady, O'Brien, Pesson and Poynot.

A communication from the mayor was received, informing the board that J. S. Zacharie, Esq., appointed by Gen. Buchanan, in place of Mr. Prados, (who failed to qualify) had duly qualified.

On motion, Mr. Zacharie was reported by the committee on credentials as entitled to his seat, which he took after being introduced to the board by Mr. Shields.

Mr. Poynot now moved that the board proceed to complete their regular organization.

Mr. Shields offered an amendment to proceed to elect the chairman of finance committee.

The president remarked that the rules of the preceding council, which had been adopted by this board, entitled him to nominate all committees.

Mr. Shields read the rules entitling the chair to nominate the committees, *unless otherwise* ordered by the board, and moved that an election of the chairman of the finance committee be held by the board.

Mr. O'Brien opposed the motion and coincided with the views of the chair.

Mr. Kaiser sided with Mr. Shields and spoke at length upon the question and against giving such extensive powers to the chair.

The chair decided not to put the question "whether the board should elect or the president appoint the chairman of committees."

Mr. Shields appealed from the decision, and the appeal was sustained.

A resolution signed by Messrs. Brady, O'Brien, Poynet, Boguille and Pesson, to the effect of dispensing with the payment of $200 per month to the chairman of the finance and streets and landings committees, gave rise to an exciting debate such as marked the previous proceedings of the session, during which Mr. Brady and Mr. O'Brien spoke in favor of the resolution, and Mr. Shields against it. The debate became somewhat personal in its character, and after some allusions to politics this distasteful debate closed, when the resolution passed a first and second reading.

Mr. Kaiser gave notice that he would move a reconsideration at the next meeting.

A motion to adjourn was lost.

The motion to go into the election of chairman of the finance committee was then adopted. Mr. Kaiser nominated Mr. Shields; Mr. Brady nominated Mr. Zacharie; Mr. O'Brien nominated Mr. Poynot, who declined, but thereafter accepted upon the suggestion of Mr. O'Brien, who remarked that the office should seek the man, and not the man seek the office.

A first and second ballot failed to elect, neither of the candidates receiving a majority of the votes cast. The result of the third ballot was: Poynot 4, Zacharie 3 and Shields 2.

Mr. Poynot now moved that in case no election should result from the next ballot, that the candidate receiving the lowest number of votes should be dropped. Adopted.

The result being the same as before, Mr. Shields's name was dropped.

Another ballot resulted as follows: Mr. Poynot 4, Mr. Zacharie 3, blank 2 (Messrs. Kaiser and Shields voting blank). No election.

A motion by Mr. Poynot to compel members to vote for one of the candidates fell through for want of a second, and drew the remark from Mr. Shields that he would like to see any one compel him to vote otherwise than according to his desire.

A motion to adjourn was lost.

Mr. Brady moved to proceed with the election of chairman of the finance committee.

Mr. Pesson moved to lay on the table. Lost.

Mr. O'Brien moved the previous question. Adopted.

Another ballot resulted as the last.

Mr. Brady moved to adjourn. Lost.

Mr. Zacharie moved a recess of ten minutes, which was tabled on motion of Mr. Pesson.

Mr. Kaiser moved to adjourn to noon to-day for the special purpose of electing a chairman of the finance committee.

Mr. O'Brien was willing if any member could assure him that the selection would be made.

At this juncture Mr. Brady absented himself with permission from the chair.

Another motion to go on with the election was carried.

Three more ballots were taken as ineffectually as before.

Another motion to adjourn was lost.

Two more ballots with no satisfactory result being taken, Mr. Shields rose to say that the board was subjecting itself to the ridicule of the people and the excoriations of the press, which he expected to read in the morning papers; he would, therefore, move to adjourn until this evening at 5 o'clock.

These timely remarks seemed to allay the excitement, which had existed during the whole session, and the motion was carried.

BOARD OF ASSISTANT ALDERMEN—This board met last evening. Messrs. Breen, Kearny, Sturcken, Goldthwaite, Camp, Farrell, Grandpré, Van Winkle, Pandelly, Pemberton, Morphy, Rose, Wynne, Walker and Tomatis were present.

Upon motion of Mr. Breen, Alderman Kearny was called to the chair.

The minutes were read and approved.

A communication from Mayor Conway inclosed military orders appointing a controller and three assistant aldermen in place of those elected and unable to qualify.

The committee on credentials, appointed at the last meeting, reported as follows, viz: That Messrs. Pemberton, Farrell, Breen, Camp, Kearny, Rose, Pandelly, Morphy, Grandpré, Sturcken and Wynne were entitled to seats, Messrs. Fisher, Montgomery and Aitkens not having qualified.

A recess of one hour was then taken. When the members returned, it was, upon motion, resolved to proceed to a permanent organization, which was effected as follows:

President, Alfred Kearny; secretary, John Tobin; sergeant-at-arms, Chas. Fonda; chairman finance committee, Alderman W. F. Goldthwaite; chairman streets and landings committee, Alderman Gerald Farrell; chairman police and health committee, Alderman Robert Wynne; chairman fire committee, Alderman E. Tomatis; chairman education committee, Alderman G. Pandely; chairman workhouse and prisons committee, Alderman G. Pandely; chairman improvements and buildings committee, Alderman J. Breen.

A communication from the mayor inclosed, without his approval, a resolution authorizing a street railway on Esplanade street; also a resolution relative to ease of Bazaar Market; also a resolution paying $1000 to Mrs. Widow Nelson Foucher, for property in opening London avenue; also a resolution donating to the Poydras Orphan Asylum certain lots in Washington Cemetery; also a resolution authorizing the opening of a "Touro fund" by the controller and treasurer; also a resolution appropriating $1600 for books and paper for recording judgments against citizens in favor of the city. Also a resolution relative to sale of right of way for a railroad on Villere, Dumaine, Marais and other streets.

This communication was received and appropriately referred.

A resolution from the upper board, establishing a grand trunk railroad on Canal street, was referred.

The treasurer's report showed a balance of $22,115 03 on hand, all in city notes.

Another communication from the mayor, recommended prudent and wise counsel, and a strict adherence to the principles of justice and right. It alluded to the city's embarrassed finances, pronounced the lottery scheme impracticable, and expressed a conviction that the city's property and rentals would redeem the currency at no distant day. It suggested that a financial commission of twelve leading citizens be requested to confer with the council and devise some means for an amelioration of the city's credit. It was received and filed.

Mr. Sturcken then moved that the chairmen of the finance and streets and landings committees appoint their committees. Carried.

Mr. Goldthwaite, chairman, announced as the finance committee members, Messrs. Kearny, Wynne and Breen.

Mr. Farrell, chairman, announced as the streets and landings committee members, Messrs. Walker, Sturcken and Pandelv.

The appointment of members of the other committees was laid over until the next meeting.

Mr. Breen moved that the upper board be invited to meet this board in joint session at the next meeting to elect directors of public schools. Carried.

A leave of absence for four weeks was granted Assistant Alderman Sturcken.

The board then adjourned to Tuesday evening next.

FIRST DISTRICT COURT.—*Nolle prosequis* were entered in the following cases yesterday:

Henry Bertell, Jr., charged with stabbing with intent to kill.

Armand Fabre, two indictments for burglary. Was armed with a dangerous weapon.

James Duane, for embezzlement; Addison Hearsy and P. C. Monaghan, receiving stolen money, and Theodule Lawrence, assault and wilfully shooting.

Jean Lacaze, whose trial for libel has been going on for several days, was yesterday found guilty by a jury composed of white men and negroes. Mr. Lacaze is out on $500 bail. His sentence will be pronounced in a few days.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT.—Jose F. Bonnaventura filed a petition for a writ of habeas corpus, Monday, to release the body of Juan Cresto or Prento from the city Workhouse, where Juan had been imprisoned by order of Recorder Becker, of the First District. The petitioner alleges that Juan is not a vagrant, but merely a stranger in the city, and that he has tendered good security for his good behavior, which Becker has persistently refused. The writ was issued, the case came up yesterday, and after hearing evidence the court ordered the liberation of the prisoner.

In the case of Dalsheimer vs. Dalsheimer, the first day's proceedings in which created so much excitement a week or two ago, plaintiff has presented a motion suggesting that defendant has refused to obey the order of the court granting him free access to his and her child; and that said defendant be ordered to show cause on the 26th inst. why she should not comply with said order, or be punished for contempt of court.

SIXTH DISTRICT COURT.—In the case of Chas. Leaumont vs. Augustin Viavant, sundry citizens have filed an intervention, viz:

"The petition of the undersigned citizens and voters of the parish of Orleans, respectfully prays the court to examine the facts alleged in the main petition of Chas. Leaumont vs. Augustin Viavant, contesting the election of the latter, and to decide thereon in due course of law, averring that they have an interest in the occupation of said office of judge of the Fifth District Court of New Orleans by said Chas. Leaumont, and that therefore they join him in these proceedings.

"Wherefore they pray leave to file this, their intervention, that a copy of this petition and citation be served on A. Viavant, and after due proceedings, said Chas. Leaumont be declared the only elected candidate to said office of judge of the Fifth District Court, as prayed for in his original petition, in which they join.

"Signed, Joaquin Sarta, T. Duvert, Jas. E. Dunham, D. Katzenstein, Jno. P. Montamar, Thos. D. Wilder, L. T. Delucaz, C. F. Berens, John Clay, H. Lemaitre, Chas. F. Walke, John McNamee, David Stuart, E. Cambray, Chas. Rice, Geo. W. Avery, Agte Le Blaste, Edward C. Billings, S. Thezan, L. F. Barrett."

Judge Duplantier was sick at the time this petition was presented, and on two successive days was represented by Judges Theard and Emerson, who both refused to sign the order, on the ground that the legal time had elapsed for the filing of the petition and the granting of the order. Judge Duplantier, however, in compliment to Judge Leaumont, has signed the order, reserving to defendant his legal rights in the premises.

Large sale of furniture this day, at 11 o'clock A. M., by Chas. T. Nash, at salesroom, corner of St. Charles and Perdido streets.

The Ouachita Telegraph of the 17th announces the death of Dr. John Calderwood, Sr., an old and esteemed citizen of Monroe.

THE PUBLIC SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS

THE SECOND DISTRICT SCHOOLS.

It is not unfrequently the case that labor looked forward to as arduous and unwelcome suddenly becomes transformed into a pleasant duty. Such has certainly been the case thus far, as regards our attendance upon the various exercises of the public schools, now daily in progress. In place of the weary dull children, dreary school rooms, austere instructors and a meagre knowledge of studies, which Dickens in his stories is wont to portray, we have encountered at every step intelligence and thorough comprehension of the branches pursued, teachers loving and beloved, fresh flowers and evergreens adorning the school rooms, and hundreds of bright, happy boys and girls, with the light of life and youth sparkling in their eyes, the dawn of the coming generation stamped upon their brows, and ever present smiles upon their lips. It has been everywhere the same. The children happy, the teachers proud of them, and underlying all their intercourse a discipline such as can only be maintained by mutual affection and respect. We could go on in this strain, and write much more than our space will permit; we could dilate upon the system with which the schools are conducted, the admirable attention which they receive at the hands of Superintendent Rogers, Prof. Dimitry and the School Board; we might tell how Assistant Treasurer Mouney rode around in a carriage yesterday to all the schools he could, carrying with him an immense bundle of city money for paying the teachers, and finding at the close of his labors that from $12,000 to $15,000 had been disbursed; but all these little matters must be passed by for the present as, alighting from the Rampart street car, we find ourselves at the entrance of the

RAMPART STREET (GIRLS') SCHOOL.

The exterior of the building gives no indication of its use as a school house. It differs not a whit from a dozen residences on either side; but peeping in through the gateway, lo—a human bee-hive is before you. The paved yard is swept neat and clean as the deck of a frigate, and under the sheds at one side are benches and chairs indicative of the school room. But on the left is the building; long galleries, from which doors open at intervals into the different departments; broad stairways leading up at either end to the second floor; hundreds of children up stairs and down stairs, moving or seated, all dressed in white with red and blue and scarlet sashes, all happy and contented, while over all is heard a busy hum and buzz, reminding one of the whispers in distant pine trees. The front room, which opens upon the street, is occupied by the classes which come under the control and tuition of Mrs. Dubois, the principal. Here we found this lady, about to examine the first class in arithmetic. The room was decorated with flowers and evergreens, and over the folding doors opening into the adjoining room was draped tastefully a lace curtain, with cords and tassels. Upon the black board surmounted by a garland was inscribed the following, viz: "Roll of honor—entire school: Anna Eliza Tracy. First and second classes: Misses E. Marette, C. Munster, M. O'Donnell, L. Martin, A. Murphy, L. Schlierman, S. Sassinot, S. Barnett, J. Burnstein, M. Davern, C. Glesser and L. Grieff." In the arithmetical examination, Misses Tracy and Murphy particularly distinguished themselves at the board, and Misses Clara Klemm and Lizzie Grieff showed us some examples in compound fractions worked correctly and neatly upon their slates. Then Miss Sassinot, first assistant, examined her French classes, the first of which read in turns, Voltaire's "Famine de Paris," and the second, some simpler sentences and phrases. We were particularly pleased with Miss Hilariot's accent and pronunciation in the former reading, and could in all sincerity compliment Miss Sassinot upon the proficiency of her pupils in the French grammar as well as elocution. Miss King, third assistant, who has charge of the primary department, welcomed us royally to her apartment, and exhibited some very creditable specimens of writing by her pupils. From this room we departed bearing a bouquet as a pleasant remembrancer of its occupants. Then there were some very interesting dialogues and declamations by the little ones, preceded by music upon the piano by Misses Grieff and Hilariot. From Miss Schliermann's infant class came a pretty little blue-eyed girl only five years old, Miss E. Kesler, who recited "You'd scarce expect" with a cunning sweetness; Miss B. Parlongue sang a French song; Miss Hilariot recited very prettily a poem called "Now-a-days"; Misses O. Jonté and B. Parlongue, very drolly and well, a dialogue called "A Rat or a Mouse"; and Misses M. Deloney and J. Washington another entitled "The Old Slate." The school numbers about 300 pupils, at the head of whose roll of honor, by the unanimous vote of her fellow-students, stands Miss Anna Eliza Tracy.

It was with no little reluctance that we finally took our departure from this interesting scene, having first partaken of a handsome repast, spread for the entertainment of guests, under the auspices of Mrs. Grieff.

THE RAMPART STREET COLORED SCHOOL

Was next visited. The building is more convenient and commodious than those used for colored schools in the First District, and by the good taste of Miss Ludwig, the principal, had been decorated inside with evergreens, flowers, and such mottoes as "Knowledge is Power" and "Patience," and other similar inscriptions. We listened to some very creditable declamation and singing by the children, the following programme being gone through with:

Dialogue—Two Ideas of Life, by Florence Brown and Ida Maloyd.
My Mother ..... by Mary Mahoney.
Tired of Play ..... by Ophelia Harvey.
Dialogue—"How not to get an Answer." by Ida Maloyd and Caroline Mahoney.
Song—Big Sunflower ..... by Caroline Mahoney.
When I Was Single ..... by Mary Mahoney.
The Blind Girl ..... by Sallie Washington.
The Blind Girl ..... by Louisa Carter.
"Stay, Jailor Stay" ..... by Caroline Mahoney.

The school numbers 367 pupils, and is under the control, as we stated, of Miss S. Ludwig, principal; with Miss M. Murphy, first assistant; Mrs. M. Calogne, second assistant, and Misses K. M. Stanislaus and M. A. Smith, third assistants. Here, too, we were the recipients of floral compliments, and in departing bore with us fragrant remembrances of the attentions shown by the ladies in charge. We next visited the

ST. PHILIP STREET SCHOOL FOR BOYS,

And listened to the examination of the first class in geography, by the principal, Mr. Meylor. In their imaginary travels about the earth's surface, the boys, or rather young gentlemen, for most of them were in their teens, displayed a rare knowledge of localities and positions. This school has between five and six hundred pupils, and ranks among the very best in the city. It is under charge of Mr. Meylor, with the following assistants, viz.: Mr. L. Massel and Mrs. M. F. Clark, first assistants, Misses H. McCarthy, E. E. Gow, C. C. Rauzeau and Adele Beon, second assistants, and Misses J. Gaudin, E. Barry, M. Correjolles, M. English, and Mmes. B. V. Marks and M. Taliaferro, third assistants. A light rain storm began to fall as we approached the

BIENVILLE BOYS' SCHOOL,

Dennis Cronan, Jr., principal, where we found Superintendent Rogers and Mr. George Cronan exercising the pupils in multiplication and division of compound fractions; they also solved some difficult problems in sterling money by reducing it into decimals, which seemed to us a very simple method of calculating in pounds, shillings and pence. Our impression, founded on what we saw and heard in this school, fully coincides with that of Mr. Rogers, who expressed to us the great pleasure he felt at the result of the examination and the growing improvement in the condition of the school. Mr. Cronan has a standing roll of 397 pupils, and a daily attendance of 322 in the present warm season, when many of the regular scholars are absent at the watering places. Mrs. A. Ward, first assistant, may well be proud of the boys under her care, and particularly of little Laurence Cronan, aged 12 years who stands at the head of her first class, first on the roll of honor, and an average of 92 3-5 per cent. in all his studies. The exercises in geography were all that the most erudite of our savans could hope for. Next we dropped into the department of Miss E. Wagner, second assistant, who had her pupils hard at work in some abstruse problems of arithmetic which demonstrated their high attainments in this branch of education. The other assistants are Misses E. S. Denney, E. Duffy, S. Shriever and Mrs. A. Hubert, who have their respective classes so well up to the standard that many transfers must soon be made. From here we passed down the street to the

ROBINSON GIRLS' SCHOOL,

Miss Annie Fry, principal, who entertained us very agreeably with examinations in grammar, arithmetic, geography, history and French. Ah!

"'Tis pleasing to be schooled in a strange tongue
By female lips and eyes—that is, I mean
When both the teacher and the taught are young,
As was the case at least where I have been:
They smile so when one's right, and when one's wrong
They smile still more."

Mary Jewell recited in English, Julia Pfister in French, and Annie Marcotte read a very pretty composition, which would do credit to an older head. Dionicia Rochel and L. Fagot had very proud places on the roll of honor. The present roll of this school numbers over four hundred, and has a regular attendance of three hundred and ninety, and Miss Fry informed us that more than five hundred pupils had been admitted during the year, which fully attests the importance of this school; and the transfers made therefrom to the High School are evidences of the principal's abilities to discharge the duties of her present trust. Miss M. Meureau, first assistant, has a room full of very small children, with enlarged minds; they are very bright and intelligent, making prompt and correct answers to any question propounded from the branches taught in this department. We are constrained to give the name of Regina Adolph, aged only eight years, who persistently holds the head of the first class. She is a child of much promise, whom we hope to see again in coming years. The lower departments are well sustained under the Mis