

The New Orleans Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE STATE OF LOUISIANA.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

J. O. NIXON, Editor and Proprietor.

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FRIDAY MORNING, JULY 10, 1888.

National Democratic Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT: HORATIO SEYMOUR, OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT: FRANCIS P. BLAIR, OF MISSOURI.

Electors for the State at Large: GOVERNOR R. C. WICKLIFFS, of West Feliciana; ISAAH GARRETT, of Ouachita.

ALTERNATES: JAMES F. FREDET, of Jefferson; JUDGE J. N. LEA, of Orleans.

District Electors: First Congressional District, A. SAMBOLA; Second, B. BRADY; Third, C. HERRON; Fourth, D. LEBLANC; Fifth, E. W. COLEMAN.

ALTERNATES: First Congressional District, T. P. SHIRKURNE; Second, G. W. RACE; Third, J. H. KENNARD; Fourth, E. N. CULLUM; Fifth, J. H. BRIGHAM.

INDEFINITE SENATORSHIPS.

Without discussing the abstract merits of Messrs. Kellogg and Harris as senatorial dignitaries, the mind is sadly puzzled in regard to their geographical identity. One of them, originally from some New England State, is more recently from Wisconsin; the other is a gentleman of Illinois, who could not conveniently discharge the office of collector of the port of New Orleans without spending a large part of his time in Louisiana, and has, therefore, resided mostly in this State, since taking that position, when not called off by paramount political duties. They are not solitary instances of this sort of geographical indefiniteness. The United States senators elected by the present legislature of Florida are from States in the West; and so, we believe, are those chosen by the Alabama legislature. Western journalists who have for some years complained of what they regarded as an unjust preponderance of the East in the United States Senate, may be congratulated on the accession to its senatorial members which the West is gaining by the votes of the new legislatures in the South. But we would advise them not to trust overmuch in appearances. Ever since representation by carpet bags was inaugurated by the radicals, the true representative loyalty of any particular bag assigned to a representative mission has been past finding out by merely looking at the surface of things. Chronic uncertainty in this respect is, indeed, inseparable from the practice. Somebody and something, to be sure, will be represented; but somebody and something must also be misrepresented. This is inevitable from the very nature of the business. Our Western neighbors would be wise, therefore, not to anticipate confidently that the class of senators advertised to, facetiously called Southern, after the old *lucus a non lucendo* stroke of irony, will be more devoted to Western than to Eastern interests. If there is any interest which has peculiar reason to count on their devotion, it is the radical faction in power at Washington, inasmuch as the organizations which make them senators are the mere creatures of that faction. Should they, contrary to all reasonable apprehension, serve the States which they nominally represent, they will bitterly disappoint and mortally offend that central oligarchy. As for us of the South, we will be equally thankful and astonished.

Persons who propose being absent from the city during the summer, can have the Daily or Weekly Crescent sent to them by leaving their address at this office.

See Supplement.

THE LAKE REGATTA.—The Mobile Yacht Club have requested us to state to the several yacht clubs of the Crescent City that, if they are willing to be governed in the approaching contests along Mississippi sound by the rules of the Mobile Club, the latter will extend the measurement of third-class boats six inches, so as to read "fifteen feet six inches and under," instead of, as heretofore, "fifteen feet and under."

Mr. W. A. Carroll, secretary of the club, writes us that the following named Mobile boats will attend the regatta to come off at Bay St. Louis on the 13th and 14th inst.: Gladiola, first class; Bull of the Woods, first class; Unknown, first class; Harlequin, second class; Eta, second class; Julia Lake, third class; Nettie Chandler, third class.

Our excellent new street commissioner could not have made better selections than those of Ralph D. Hubbard, Esq., as his chief deputy for the Second and Third Districts, and Mr. L. R. Simmons, his chief deputy for the First and Fourth Districts. We know Mr. Hubbard well, and can speak from experience with regard to his qualifications for the position. He is industrious, intelligent, energetic and honorable; and a few weeks of official transactions will convince our citizens below Canal street that Mr. Hubbard is the right man in the right place. Mr. L. R. Simmons is also fully up to his mark, and will make an excellent officer. Mr. Murphy may consider himself fortunate in his appointments.

If you would enjoy the happy consciousness of having done your whole duty to yourself and to a dependent upon you, secure, by insuring your life, a provision for your own old age and a competence for your loved ones after your death. Of all the companies in this city, none are more trustworthy and prompt than the Louisiana Equitable Life Insurance Company, which also adds to its other merits that of being a home institution. Office 142 Canal street.

THE PEARLY GATES.—Pure white teeth and a sweet breath, issuing like perfume from the rose, through a pair of lovely lips, are, as Shakespeare says, "an excellent thing in woman." To keep the "pearly gates" of the mouth always spotless, and the breath always fragrant, it is only necessary to use the Rosodont daily.

THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

With profound satisfaction and enthusiastic alacrity, we hoist at the head of our columns the candidates nominated for President and Vice President by the National Democratic Convention—Horatio Seymour, of New York, and Francis P. Blair, of Missouri. We did not mistake when, commenting on the prolonged deliberations of the convention, we remarked that it was a cheering sign that the proceedings of this body so strongly contrasted with those of the Chicago convention, which were distinguished by promptitude without earnestness and unanimity without enthusiasm. The final nomination, by acclamation, of Horatio Seymour, was the highest and wisest result that could have issued from the combined sagacity and patriotism of the delegates assembled in Tammany Hall. The conviction of his preeminent fitness, as uniting unquestioned soundness, competency, and availability, flashed at length over the convention like a revelation, and his nomination will be hailed by good citizens and true patriots everywhere as a prophecy.

No man more profoundly understands the political evils of the day than he; no man more clearly perceives what remedies are demanded; no man has a hand more dexterous and firm at once for the application of the necessary remedies. Nor could there be found among all the Democrats of the time a leader or a statesman who is more keenly alive to the true vocation of the Democratic party. As the party of reform and the party of the future—as the party called by the imperilled country to meet the exigencies of the day in the spirit of the day, and yet with inspiration caught from the high hopes and grand possibilities of the future, it could not have a fitter and abler standard-bearer than Horatio Seymour. As a Democrat, he has, with the fidelity of honest conviction, and with the consistency of a clear-headed, logical statesmanship, adhered to the ancient landmarks. And yet he has no dead past upon his back. He is clogged with no impracticable issues. He is fully up to the special needs of the present. His brain and his heart vibrate to the palpitations of the country. He divines with clear insight, and can translate into definite, intelligible and eloquent statement, what the people, earnestly, though confusedly and darkly, have been yearning for. He personifies a thought to which they have come instinctively, and in some degree unconsciously, under the tuition of a terrible experience; and the thought that all reform—whether it relate to national affairs or State affairs, to the question of suffrage or the question of currency and the public debt, to the question of taxation and economy, or to the question of restoration, Union and peace—must commence with denouncing, and exorcising, and assailing the iniquity and charlatanism of radical policy. In his own words, the dangers of the time "spring from an unwise conduct of public affairs. They have come up like fogs of night from foul fens; they rise from unwholesome, darkened counsels, and will fade away before the light and life of a clear and honest policy."

Of the Vice Presidential nominee we have not space to speak at length at this moment. We may only observe that Gen. Blair is one of the ex-officers of the federal army who fought in the late war for the Union and the Constitution exclusively, and who look with detestation and loathing upon the cheat and usurpation of the faction in power who accepted the victory gained by himself and his comrades only for the purpose of subverting the Constitution, and making sectional distraction and hate the permanent basis of a vindictive, profligate and rapacious despotism. It may be said, in fine, that the ticket appeals to all who love liberty—to all who yearn for peace and prosperity—to all who want to elevate the public credit, to have a good currency for rich and poor alike, to secure the comfort and welfare of the laborer and to encourage the capitalist to useful investments. It appeals to old and young—to the old who would not die despairing of the country; to the young who are the heirs to the country's future.

WHO WANTS A GOOD PICTURE?—The divine art of photography has become a most profitable branch of industry in this country, and the inventive genius of our people constantly developing some new beauty in the business, entitles it to rank among the first works of art and science. Of the photographers in this city who claim the right of ranking in the file of those who have reached the greatest degree of skill in the art are Messrs. Wiley & Sonby, corner of Magazine and St. Andrew streets. These gentlemen have all the appliances necessary to the correct execution of their work, and are prepared to make in the highest style of the art photographs, cartes de visite, ambrotypes, porcelain pictures, etc., etc. Their prices are very reasonable. Give them a call and examine their specimens.

Lord Brougham's will has been proved, the personal property being sworn under £2000. The will, which is dated 8th of December, 1869, is all in the deceased's handwriting; it is written on one side of a sheet of paper, and on the other side there is a lithograph of his seat, Brougham Hall. The testator, after reciting that by two deeds, dated 18th of March, 1847, and 16th of November, 1857, he has settled and disposed of the whole of his real estate, and in a manner perfectly satisfactory to him, mind, goes on to say: "So far as I lawfully can I confirm these deeds; yet, having regard to the want of any place of safe custody publicly authorized, so often complained of by me, and to the accidents happening at the offices of solicitors and elsewhere, I think it right to provide for the event of the deeds I have referred to being lost or destroyed, and no satisfactory evidence of their execution or contents being forthcoming." In this event he then gives and devises all his real estate situated in England to his brother William, and likewise bequeaths to him all his personal estate.

A nephew of the czar of Russia was attacked and badly torn by a pet white bear which he kept in his garden at St. Petersburg, and which became angry on account of the barking of a small dog which the prince had in his arms while looking at the polar bear.

EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS, ETC.

Forney wants negro midshipmen and cadets. T. W. is getting better. "Mack" is said to be an Irishman. Broadway swells affect white flannel suits. There are nine thousand Italian residents in Chicago. There is said to be a great influx of beauty at Newport. Thanks to the officers of the steamer St. Nicholas. Steamboat rivalry at Troy has brought down the fare to New York to ten and fifteen cents. Mrs. Frank Leslie wants a large slice of alimony as well as a divorce. A man has just died in Paris, leaving a fortune of \$40,000 in postage stamps. The gold watch and chain of the late ex-President Buchanan are valued at \$75. About half the newly appointed cadets at West Point failed to pass the examination. Ole Bull lost his fiddlestick diamond at Hamilton, C. W. Sidney Howard Gay, now managing editor of the Chicago Tribune, has a salary of \$5000. Rev. Isaac Kallouch, once notorious in Boston, is reported to have turned up in Washington as a lobbyist. The people of Farmington, Me., have injudiciously appointed a dealer in gravestones to the liquor agency. Baron de Rothschild, of Frankfort, has determined to remove his banking establishment from that city to Berlin. Some discriminating newspaper thief is in the habit of taking our latest exchanges before we can give them a second examination. Mrs. Mary E. Bryan, formerly of Natchitoches, is now in Florida, and a contributor to Scott's Magazine, published in Atlanta. Reverdy Johnson was to sail from Baltimore for Europe on the 7th. Mrs. Abraham Lincoln and Tad were to go on the same vessel. A dispatch from Atlanta to the Louisville Journal says Gen. Meade, while in that city, was caught in an amour by the husband of the lady concerned. A Mississippian has lived for twenty-five years near Munich, during which time he has never been out of his house. Fans, with likenesses of military heroes painted on them, are the latest novelties. Grant has been rejected because he always keeps shut up. Geo. W. Childs, of the Philadelphia Ledger, gave the newboys a superb dinner in that city recently. A life insurance company in Paris has the blessing of the pope. All its policies are made out in favor of the Sacred College. Goldschmidt (husband of Jenny Lind) has rewritten his oratorio of "Ruth" in the hope of securing a better reception for it in the fall. A writer of the early life of Colfax furnishes the information that he used to call his mother "ma."

It is a fact, says the New York Mail, Chas. D. Dana's paper, that political enthusiasm is so dead, that picture makers of that city complain they cannot sell their portraits of Grant. Gen. Forrest attracts very marked attention in New York wherever he goes. He rode out in the park, the other day, and was the observed of all observers. Gen. Joe Johnston was with him. The New York Tribune remarks that "Gov. Seymour is a cool, wily, ingenious master of the art of squinting oratorical vitriol upon those who do not wear his uniform." The American witness, for whose attempted abduction Chevalier Wilkoff was incarcerated in a London prison for some two years, is residing in London, still "fancy free." An ex-city official in Troy, New York, corrected his wife with an axe-handle, for a breach of etiquette in helping herself to butter at the table with her own knife. John Brougham went to the Schutzenfest with Mayor Hoffman, made one of his great speeches, and was reported in the German papers as "Myheer John Brain." It is said a joint resolution will be offered by Stevens, in a day or two, declaring the amnesty proclamation null and void, on the ground that it is issued in conflict with the general laws of Congress. A greater nuisance, says the Citizen, than the New York Directory cannot be found. From being to end it is full of the most inexcusable blunders. The people of New York have the sympathies of those of New Orleans.

Susan E. Bingham, of Goliad, Texas, advertises her stock brand, and announces that if anybody hinders with her cattle, and the law fails to protect her, she will protect herself. Susan is evidently no cow-herd. Prince Napoleon is said to have remained three-quarters of an hour on his knees before the tomb of the late Emperor Maximilian, "which was pretty well for a free thinker," says the correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette. At the funeral of Heber Kimball, Brigham Young said: "And that same body, with every atom belonging to it, reanimated by the spirit, now fled, shall come forth again, clothed with immortality and eternal lives." A complimentary banquet, as an expression of esteem and respect, is to be tendered to the Hon. Reverdy Johnson by the citizens of Baltimore. Mr. Johnson leaves this country on the first of August to assume his position as minister to Great Britain. During the late session of the Massachusetts legislature, the governor of the State sent in five veto messages, and in every case but one the bills passed over the veto. The representatives of the Hub and territory adjacent must be taking pattern after Congress. At the Point Clear regatta, on the 4th, the first prize was won by the Gladiola, the second by the Harlequin, and the third by the Julia Lake. The Eta was captured, and the Graco Clayton withdrawn. A race at Arlington, on Tuesday, between Julia Lake and Nettie Chandler, resulted in the victory of the former.

The Mobile Tribune gives the following as a means of clearing a room of mosquitoes: "Take of gum camphor a piece almost one-third the size of an egg, separate it by placing it in a tin vessel and holding over a lamp or candle, taking care that it does not ignite. The smoke will soon fill the room and expel the mosquitoes." Dumas stepped into the Figaro office, the other day, when the staff immediately laid hands on him and locked him up, with pen and paper, demanding an article as the condition of his release. At the expiration of an hour Dumas handed to the editor five articles, and was immediately set at liberty. The antian's silver table is to be one hundred and forty-eight feet long by sixteen feet broad. There is to be a feebly bladed center-piece, two feet six inches high, beside each piece, triangular arches, flower pieces, etc. It will cost about \$500,000, besides which \$400,000 will be expended for linen, glass-ware and accompanying furniture. The following is an extract from a letter of Chief Justice Chase to a friend in New York, to which allusion has been made heretofore: While I do not regret to have my name used without a positive assurance of success, I desire it put on record in advance of the meeting of the convention that I will support the nominee.

Paris has produced a modern Sardanapalus in the person of Count B—. He has an income of some 200,000 francs per annum, and dresses like a lady. Not content with appearing in his dashing carriage in this costume at the late races in the Bois, he has just given a ball, the guests being ladies only, and numbering some of the most distinguished names of the old French aristocracy. Polly ever attracts folly. The count received the invited in a rose-colored sedan chair, trimmed with the richest lace and ornamented with bouquets of flowers. He is always valued to hide his moustache, as he desires not to part with it.

THE NATIONAL CONVENTION. Upon assuming the presidency, on the 6th, of the National Democratic Convention, ex-Governor Horatio Seymour made the following address: "Gentlemen of the Convention: I thank you for the honor you have done me in making me your presiding officer. (Cheers.) There have brought us to this point, in the great convocations of our party, we can call through the whole roll of States and find me not answer for each. Time and events, in their great cycles, have brought us to this point to renew and invigorate that constitutional government which, nearly eighty years ago, was inaugurated in this city. (Loud cheers.) It was here that George Washington, the first president, swore to preserve, protect and defend the Constitution of these United States—(Cheers)—and here this day we as solemnly ourselves swear to uphold the rights and liberties of the American people. Then, as now, a great struggle has been waged over our land, and here, as now, there was in every patriotic breast a longing for the blessings of a good government for the protection of life, and for sentiments of fraternal regard and affection among the inhabitants of all the States of the Union. "When our government, in 1789, was inaugurated in this city, there were glad processions of men and those manifestations of great joy which a people show when they feel that an event has happened which they deem to be a blessing to the land. (Cheers.) To-day, in the same spirit, this vast assemblage meets, and the streets of this city are thronged with men who have come from the remotest borders of our continent. They are filled with the hope that we are able, by our actions and our policy, to bring back the blessings of a good government. "It is among the happiest omens that inspire us now that those who fought in the great civil war are foremost in the ranks of those who shall be peace in our land. The passions of hate and malice may linger in meaner breasts, but we need ourselves upheld in our generous purposes by those who showed true courage and manhood in battle. (Cheers.) "In the spirit, then, of George Washington and of the patriots of the revolution, let us take the step to re-inaugurate our government, to start it once again on its course to give us peace, prosperity. (Cheers.) May Almighty God give us the wisdom to carry out our purposes—to give every State of our Union the blessings of peace, good order and fraternal affection." Mr. Seymour closed with a great cheering.

THE CROPS ON RED RIVER. The Alexandria Democrat of the 8th says: We have the same good and cheering news to report of the crops on Red River. Still the good crop of no cotton plants, which can be truly called a crop of a bad cotton yield. Finer can never grow in Rapides, and the corn crop is bound to be an immense one. The planters of Rapides will alter their tactics, in a few weeks, and commence shipping corn to New Orleans. The Shreveport News of the 3d says: The corn crop is suffering for want of rain in this parish and others. But the dry season is as favorable to the cotton crop as it is damaging to the corn, as the cotton worm and its larvae that destroyed it. There are fresh showers of rain at present, and a sudden change in the atmosphere. This rain came within sixteen miles of this city, and extended far into Eastern Texas, making the fields so wet that plowing was suspended. A dozen counties received abundant rain." Decanters filled with frozen water are a well known feature of Parisian restaurants, and are supplied regularly by companies, one of which furnishes over six thousand daily. The cost is said to be very trifling. The decanters are filled in the following manner: The decanters, two-thirds with well filtered water, are placed in shallow tanks of sea water, each tank containing a copper reservoir connected with a receiver filled with ether. The air is exhausted from the reservoirs by an air pump worked by steam, causing the ether to boil and pass over in the form of vapor, accompanied, of course, by a refrigeration that reduces the temperature of the sea water and the water in the decanters, thus freezing the water. The water in the decanters, however, usually remains liquid until stirred with a glass rod, when it freezes at once. Elongated cubical vessels of metal may be substituted for the decanters, and ice produced in large quantities, and at a low price.

THE NATIONAL CONVENTION.

things for the sake of his country, its liberty and its greatness? Can we suffer any prejudices, growing out of past differences of opinion, to hinder us uniting now with all who will act with us to save our country? (Cheers.) "We meet to-day to consider measures can be taken to avert the dangers which threaten our country, and to relieve it from the evils and burdens resulting from bad government and unwise counsels. I thank God that the strife of arms has ceased, and that once more, in the great convocations of our party, we can call through the whole roll of States and find me not answer for each. Time and events, in their great cycles, have brought us to this point to renew and invigorate that constitutional government which, nearly eighty years ago, was inaugurated in this city. (Loud cheers.) "It was here that George Washington, the first president, swore to preserve, protect and defend the Constitution of these United States—(Cheers)—and here this day we as solemnly ourselves swear to uphold the rights and liberties of the American people. Then, as now, a great struggle has been waged over our land, and here, as now, there was in every patriotic breast a longing for the blessings of a good government for the protection of life, and for sentiments of fraternal regard and affection among the inhabitants of all the States of the Union. "When our government, in 1789, was inaugurated in this city, there were glad processions of men and those manifestations of great joy which a people show when they feel that an event has happened which they deem to be a blessing to the land. (Cheers.) To-day, in the same spirit, this vast assemblage meets, and the streets of this city are thronged with men who have come from the remotest borders of our continent. They are filled with the hope that we are able, by our actions and our policy, to bring back the blessings of a good government. "It is among the happiest omens that inspire us now that those who fought in the great civil war are foremost in the ranks of those who shall be peace in our land. The passions of hate and malice may linger in meaner breasts, but we need ourselves upheld in our generous purposes by those who showed true courage and manhood in battle. (Cheers.) "In the spirit, then, of George Washington and of the patriots of the revolution, let us take the step to re-inaugurate our government, to start it once again on its course to give us peace, prosperity. (Cheers.) May Almighty God give us the wisdom to carry out our purposes—to give every State of our Union the blessings of peace, good order and fraternal affection." Mr. Seymour closed with a great cheering.

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THE KING OF HAVANA SELDOM RISES BEFORE NOON, and seldom goes to bed before daybreak. He is said to be a very good man, who, by the way, is treated with great harshness because he felt an unconquerable aversion to his eldest son and a still greater one to his second son. He is said to be a very good man, who, by the way, is treated with great harshness because he felt an unconquerable aversion to his eldest son and a still greater one to his second son. He is said to be a very good man, who, by the way, is treated with great harshness because he felt an unconquerable aversion to his eldest son and a still greater one to his second son.

Phalon's "PAPHIAN LOTION" FOR REAUFITTING THE SKIN AND COMPLEXION. PHALON'S "Paphian Lotion" removes all BRUPTIONS, FURUNCLES, PIMPLES, POX BLOTCHES, ETC., and restores the skin to its natural soft, fair and glowing condition. For Ladies in general, it is a most valuable remedy. After shaving it has no equal. "Paphian Lotion" is the only reliable remedy for diseases and blemishes of the skin. PHALON'S "Paphian Soap" for the Toilet, Nursery and Bath will not Chap the Skin. Price, 25 cents per Box. Sold by all Druggists.

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PHOTOGRAPHS, \$2.50 per dozen; AMBROTYPES, 75 cents; PORCELAIN PICTURES, \$3; And all work guaranteed equal to any done in the city. Call and see our specimens. WILEY & ROUBY.

\$10,000 Reward. STOLEN FROM THE CANAL BANK, THIS DAY, a package made up for the Southern Express Company, addressed to M. MORGAN'S BONS, New York, containing FIFTY THOUSAND (\$50,000) DOLLARS, in Legal Tender Note of One Thousand (\$1000) Dollars each. All of Letter of Credit and dated 1st March, 1888, numbered as follows: 2775 n. a. 8959 12023 n. a. 2723 n. a. 2724 n. a. 2725 n. a. 8961 14235 n. a. 25959 n. a. 25740 n. a. 25750 n. a. 12021 28225 n. a. 25970 n. a. 25971 n. a. 12022 28226 n. a. 25971 n. a. 25972 n. a. 12023 28227 n. a. 25972 n. a. 25973 n. a. 12024 28228 n. a. 25973 n. a. 25974 n. a. 12025 28229 n. a. 25974 n. a. 25975 n. a. 12026 28230 n. a. 25975 n. a. 25976 n. a. 12027 28231 n. a. 25976 n. a. 25977 n. a. 12028 28232 n. a. 25977 n. a. 25978 n. a. 12029 28233 n. a. 25978 n. a. 25979 n. a. 12030 28234 n. a. 25979 n. a. 25980 n. a. 12031 28235 n. a. 25980 n. a. 25981 n. a. 12032 28236 n. a. 25981 n. a. 25982 n. a. 12033 28237 n. a. 25982 n. a. 25983 n. a. 12034 28238 n. a. 25983 n. a. 25984 n. a. 12035 28239 n. a. 25984 n. a. 25985 n. a. 12036 28240 n. a. 25985 n. a. 25986 n. a. 12037 28241 n. a. 25986 n. a. 25987 n. a. 12038 28242 n. a. 25987 n. a. 25988 n. a. 12039 28243 n. a. 25988 n. a. 25989 n. a. 12040 28244 n. a. 25989 n. a. 25990 n. a. 12041 28245 n. a. 25990 n. a. 25991 n. a. 12042 28246 n. a. 25991 n. a. 25992 n. a. 12043 28247 n. a. 25992 n. a. 25993 n. a. 12044 28248 n. a. 25993 n. a. 25994 n. a. 12045 28249 n. a. 25994 n. a. 25995 n. a. 12046 28250 n. a. 25995 n. a. 25996 n. a. 12047 28251 n. a. 25996 n. a. 25997 n. a. 12048 28252 n. a. 25997 n. a. 25998 n. a. 12049 28253 n. a. 25998 n. a. 25999 n. a. 12050 28254 n. a. 25999 n. a. 26000 n. a. 12051 28255 n. a. 26000 n. a. 26001 n. a. 12052 28256 n. a. 26001 n. a. 26002 n. a. 12053 28257 n. a. 26002 n. a. 26003 n. a. 12054 28258 n. a. 26003 n. a. 26004 n. a. 12055 28259 n. a. 26004 n. a. 26005 n. a. 12056 28260 n. a. 26005 n. a. 26006 n. a. 12057 28261 n. a. 26006 n. a. 26007 n. a. 12058 28262 n. a. 26007 n. a. 26008 n. a. 12059 28263 n. a. 26008 n. a. 26009 n. a. 12060 28264 n. a. 26009 n. a. 26010 n. a. 12061 28265 n. a. 26010 n. a. 26011 n. a. 12062 28266 n. a. 26011 n. a. 26012 n. a. 12063 28267 n. a. 26012 n. a. 26013 n. a. 12064 28268 n. a. 26013 n. a. 26014 n. a. 12065 28269 n. a. 26014 n. a. 26015 n. a. 12066 28270 n. a. 26015 n. a. 26016 n. a. 12067 28271 n. a. 26016 n. a. 26017 n. a. 12068 28272 n. a. 26017 n. a. 26018 n. a. 12069 28273 n. a. 26018 n. a. 26019 n. a. 12070 28274 n. a. 26019 n. a. 26020 n. a. 12071 28275 n. a. 26020 n. a. 26021 n. a. 12072 28276 n. a. 26021 n. a. 26022 n. a. 12073 28277 n. a. 26022 n. a. 26023 n. a. 12074 28278 n. a. 26023 n. a. 26024 n. a. 12075 28279 n. a. 26024 n. a. 26025 n. a. 12076 28280 n. a. 26025 n. a. 26026 n. a. 12077 28281 n. a. 26026 n. a. 26027 n. a. 12078 28282 n. a. 26027 n. a. 26028 n. a. 12079 28283 n. a. 26028 n. a. 26029 n. a. 12080 28284 n. a. 26029 n. a. 26030 n. a. 12081 28285 n. a. 26030 n. a. 26031 n. a. 12082 28286 n. a. 26031 n. a. 26032 n. a. 12083 28287 n. a. 26032 n. a. 26033 n. a. 12084 28288 n. a. 26033 n. a. 26034 n. a. 12085 28289 n. a. 26034 n. a. 26035 n. a. 12086 28290 n. a. 26035 n. a. 26036 n. a. 12087 28291 n. a. 26036 n. a. 26037 n. a. 12088 28292 n. a. 26037 n. a. 26038 n. a. 12089 28293 n. a. 26038 n. a. 26039 n. a. 12090 28294 n. a. 26039 n. a. 26040 n. a. 12091 28295 n. a. 26040 n. a. 26041 n. a. 12092 28296 n. a. 26041 n. a. 26042 n. a. 12093 28297 n. a. 26042 n. a. 26043 n. a. 12094 28298 n. a. 26043 n. a. 26044 n. a. 12095 28299 n. a. 26044 n. a. 26045 n. a. 12096 28300 n. a. 26045 n. a. 26046 n. a. 12097 28301 n. a. 26046 n. a. 26047 n. a. 12098 28302 n. a. 26047 n. a. 26048 n. a. 12099 28303 n. a. 26048 n. a. 26049 n. a. 12100 28304 n. a. 26049 n. a. 26050 n. a. 12101 28305 n. a. 26050 n. a. 26051 n. a. 12102 28306 n. a. 26051 n. a. 26052 n. a. 12103 28307 n. a. 26052 n. a. 26053 n. a. 12104 28308 n. a. 26053 n. a. 26054 n. a. 12105 28309 n. a. 26054 n. a. 26055 n. a. 12106 28310 n. a. 26055 n. a. 26056 n. a. 12107 28311 n. a. 26056 n. a. 26057 n. a. 12108 28312 n. a. 26057 n. a. 26058 n. a. 12109 28313 n. a. 26058 n. a. 26059 n. a. 12110 28314 n. a. 26059 n. a. 26060 n. a. 12111 28315 n. a. 26060 n. a. 26061 n. a. 12112 28316 n. a. 26061 n. a. 26062 n. a. 12113 28317 n. a. 26062 n. a. 26063 n. a. 12114 28318 n. a. 26063 n. a. 26064 n. a. 12115 28319 n. a. 26064 n. a. 26065 n. a. 12116 28320 n. a. 26065 n. a. 26066 n. a. 12117 28321 n. a. 26066 n. a. 26067 n. a. 12118 28322 n. a. 26067 n. a. 26068 n. a. 12119 28323 n. a. 26068 n. a. 26069 n. a. 12120 28324 n. a. 26069 n. a. 26070 n. a. 12121 28325 n. a. 26070 n. a. 26071 n. a. 12122 28326 n. a. 26071 n. a. 26072 n. a. 12123 28327 n. a. 26072 n. a. 26073 n. a. 12124 28328 n. a. 26073 n. a. 26074 n. a. 12125 28329 n. a. 26074 n. a. 26075 n. a. 12126 28330 n. a. 26075 n. a. 26076 n. a. 12127 28331 n. a. 26076 n. a. 26077 n. a. 12128 28332 n. a. 26077 n. a. 26078 n. a. 12129 28333 n. a. 26078 n. a. 26079 n. a. 12130 28334 n. a. 26079 n. a. 26080 n. a. 12131 28335 n.