THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT.

VOLUME XVIII. SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 16, 1868. NUMBER 2.

Address

—TO THE—

NERVOUS AND DEBILITATED

—WHOSE—

Sufferings Have Been Protracted

—FROM—

HIDDEN CAUSES,

—AND—

WHOSE CASES REQUIRE PROMPT TREATMENT

—TO—

Render Existence Desirable.

If you are suffering from involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce upon your general health?

Do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired?

Does a little exertion produce palpitation of the heart?

Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order?

Is your urine sometimes thick, milky, or flecky, or is it ropy on settling; or does a thick scum rise to the top; or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile?

Do you have spells of short breathing or dyspepsia?

Are your bowels constipated?

Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head?

Is your memory impaired?

Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject?

Do you feel dull, listless moping, tired of company, of life?

Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody?

Does any little thing make you start or jump?

Is your sleep broken or restless?

Is the luster of your eye as brilliant; the bloom on your cheek as bright?

Do you enjoy yourself in society as well?

Do you pursue your business with the same energy?

Do you feel as much confidence in yourself?

Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy?

If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia.

Have you restless nights; your back weak, your knees weak, and have you but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver complaint?

Now, reader, SELF-ABUSE, VENEREAL DISEASES badly cured, and sexual excesses, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs.

The organs of generation, when in perfect health, make the man.

Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they don't become sad and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks or any other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running to excess. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with or for.

How many men from badly cured diseases, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—idiocy, insanity, paralysis, spinal affections, suicide and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctored for all but the right one. Diseases of these organs require the use of a Diuretic.

Helmbold's Fluid Extract Buchu

—IS—

THE GREAT DIURETIC,

—AND IS—

A CERTAIN CURE FOR DISEASES OF THE BLADDER,

KIDNEYS,

GRAVEL,

DROPSY,

ORGANIC WEAKNESS,

FEMALE COMPLAINTS,

GENERAL DEBILITY,

—AND—

ALL DISEASES OF THE URINARY ORGANS,

—WHETHER—

EXISTING IN MALE OR FEMALE,

—FROM—

Whatever Cause Originating

And no matter how

LONG STANDING.

Treatment is submitted to Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of Posterity depend upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

ESTABLISHED UPWARD OF 18 YEARS.

—Prepared by—

H. T. HELMBOLD, DRUGGIST,

593 Broadway, New York, and
104 South 10th street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PRICE—$1 25 per bottle, or six bottles for $6 50, delivered to any address. Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

NONE ARE GENUINE unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse and signed H. T. HELMBOLD. The proprietor was compelled to adopt such a wrapper because of the growing popularity of his articles, and to prevent spurious and dangerous counterfeiting.

THE CRESCENT'S DISPATCHES.

FROM WASHINGTON.

DEATH OF A SON OF GENERAL SCHOFIELD.

THE TEXAS CATTLE DISEASE.

INTERESTING OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

PERSONAL MATTERS.

NORTHERN CAPITAL IN NORTH CAROLINA.

Determined Attempt at Suicide.

FINANCIAL MATTERS.

STATISTICAL REPORT.

NEWS FROM ST. DOMINGO.

ENCKE'S COMET—INDIAN TROUBLES.

WASHINGTON, August 15.—A son of Secretary Schofield is dead at West Point.

A statement concerning the Texas cattle disease, made by J. R. Dodge, statistician of the department of agriculture, as the result of extended investigation, contains the following points:

1. That the disease is communicated by cattle from Texas, Florida and other portions of the gulf coast.

2. That such disease is itself unknown in Texas or on the gulf coast.

3. That the cattle communicating it are not only apparently healthy, but are generally improving in condition.

4. That while local herds receiving the infection nearly all die, they never communicate the disease to others.

5. That either a considerable increase in elevation or a distance of two or three degrees of latitude from the starting point is necessary to develop the virus into activity and virulency, and a further progress of two degrees of latitude and a few weeks in time is sufficient to eliminate the poison from the system.

6. That Texas cattle removed to other miasmatic sections, as the Mississippi bottoms up to the 36th parallel communicate no infection to local herds.

7. That medication has thus far been of no avail.

Mr. Dodge concludes that the disease cannot become general and that it cannot exist only within the movements of Texas cattle, which could be regulated or suppressed and that it does not result from travel, but from climatic disease.

Mrs. General Rawlins and Mrs. Senator Trumbull are still alive but their condition is critical.

Land commissioner Wilson issues a circular cautioning registers and receivers that three sections only can be entered in one township on college scrip.

Senator Abbott states that over $10,000,000 of Northern capital has been invested in North Carolina since the war.

It is now stated that Rosecrans will defer his departure until October.

Internal revenue receipts: $378,000.

J. Q. Bingham, late deputy collector of the port at Richmond, attempted suicide. He stabbed himself eleven times about the heart and cut his throat. Little hopes are entertained of his recovery.

It is stated, on doubtful authority, that Commissioner Rollins will resign unconditionally from regard to McCulloch's feelings and wishes.

The conversion of seven-thirties into five twenties has ceased. They are now worth their face in currency.

Gen. Thomas E. Ewing is prominently mentioned for the Alaska collectorship.

The statistical report shows that imports of coffee, cotton, flax, hemp and silk goods, india-rubber, opium, paints, salt, soda and tea, have largely declined; and the entries of glass, gums, hides, precious stones, spices, sugar, tin, tobacco, cigars and lumber exhibit an increase—the other articles being in the usual quantities.

Advices from St. Domingo to the 25th ult. report Orgando, the revolutionary leader, within three miles of Agua. Gen. Cabrol was with him. It is stated that Baez was to guarantee the Alta Vela guano and the Samana coal for an English loan. He continued to open and examine all the mails, and is said so have forced the British consul to open his mail in order to search for revolutionary documents.

Encke's comet was first seen from the naval observatory here yesterday morning. Situation: Right ascension 7 hours, declination 30 degrees 52 minutes.

The Indian troubles in Kansas are growing worse. Seven men were killed yesterday, and the Indians in large numbers are murdering the settlers on Solomon Creek. The people of Asher Creek are about cut off without provisions, and are nearly out of ammunition. Gov. Crawford is making preparations to organize and arm the settlers for defense.

FROM RALEIGH.

The Democratic State Convention—Torchlight Procession and Speeches.

RALEIGH, N. C., Aug. 13.—The Democratic convention adjourned to-day at 2 o'clock. The torchlight procession last night exceeded in brilliancy anything ever seen in this city. It was supposed that three thousand persons were in the procession.

A number of speeches were made. The number of actual delegates in attendance exceeded a thousand. It was the most grand and imposing political gathering in this State since 1840.

The convention indorsed the nominees and platform of the National Democratic Convention unanimously. Several strong resolutions in reference to State officers were also adopted.

J. L. Jarvis, Esq., of the First District, and Maj. John Hughes, of Newbern, of the second district, were nominated presidential electors in their respective districts.

The influence of the convention is regarded by its friends as having been most happy and extensive.

FROM ST. LOUIS.

Horrible Indian Outrages.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 15.—Advices from Solomon City, Kansas, report horrible Indian outrages in the Solomon River settlements. Men have been killed, women ravished, children captured, stock stolen and the country stripped of provisions.

FROM NEW YORK.

Fatal Yacht Accident—Central American, New Zealand and Australian News—British Protectorate of the Fejee Islands—The Crisis in Victoria.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—A pleasure yacht was run into and sunk in the harbor to-day by a steamship. Four persons were rescued and a number of ladies and gentlemen were drowned. Particulars not yet ascertained.

The steamer Rising Star has arrived from Aspinwall, bringing $290,000 in specie.

Dr. Rice and four sailors had died on the United States steamer Assippee on the coast of Central America.

Advices received at Panama represent that four earthquake shocks were felt June 28th, on the eastern coast of Australia.

An abundant harvest is anticipated owing to abundant rains.

A Chinaman murdered Mr. Lee and three children at Iron Bank diggings.

The Australian Joint Stock Company have made arrangements with the king of the Fegee Islands, involving the settlement of American claims and the probable establishment of British protectorate over the Fejee group. The terms of the charter occasioned considerable excitement among the white settlers. The British consul protests that the king had granted powers to the new company, such as the imposition of taxes, which he could not legally transfer, and the whole matter awaits a visit of the commodore of the Australian squadron.

The political crisis in Victoria will likely produce great distress in consequence of the ministry refusing to resign. The assembly had directed the cessation of their pay from the treasury.

The natives of the northern part of New Zealand were murdering the whites. A force of volunteers were organizing to bring the murderers to justice.

FROM MONTGOMERY.

New City Government—Seymour and Blair Meeting.

MONTGOMERY, Aug. 15.—The new mayor appointed by the governor was inaugurated to day. The new City Council also met. The police force is half black, and many of the city officers are negroes. The old city clerk and treasurer were re-elected.

There was a large Seymour and Blair meeting to-day at Wetumpka. About 1500 persons were present. Speeches were made by ex Gov. Thos. H. Watts and other prominent men.

FROM EUROPE.

Lord Napier at the Review of the Imperial Guard—Rochefort Hauled Up—Reverdy Johnson at Queenstown—Serious Disturbance in Ireland—The French Loan.

PARIS, Aug. 14.—Lord Napier of Magdala was among the distinguished visitors who participated in yesterday's review of the National and Imperial Guard.

The French royal family was enthusiastically cheered by the people.

Mons. Henri Rochefort, editor of La Lanterne, has been sentenced to pay a fine of 10,000f. and a year's imprisonment.

Comte R. de Morean Tanerny is appointed first secretary of the Washington legation.

The Moniteur, speaking of the recent French loan, states that thirty-four times the amount asked had already been subscribed.

QUEENSTOWN, Aug. 15.—The City of Baltimore, with Reverdy Johnson on board, has arrived.

LONDON, Aug. 15.—Dispatches from Ireland, giving particulars of the deeds of lawlessness in Tipperary, have been received. It seems that while one of the great landlords of that region, named Scully, was serving the usual notices on his various tenants he was killed by an unknown person. A strong body of police attempted to arrest the culprit, when the police in turn were fiercely attacked, two of whom were shot dead and four seriously injured. At last advices quiet had been restored.

FROM SOUTHWEST PASS.

SOUTHWEST PASS, Aug. 15—Noon.—Barometer 29:70; wind east and fresh. Weather stormy. Arrived: Steamship Hudson, Blakeney, Indianola, to master. No departures.

SOUTHWEST PASS, Aug. 15—6 P. M.—Barometer 29:65. Wind east and fresh. No arrivals. Sailed: Steamship Harlan.

RIVER NEWS.

VICKSBURG, Aug. 15.—Passed up: Bismarck last night. Down: Atlantic and barges last night, and Gov. Allen at noon to-day. River falling slowly.

ST. LOUIS, August 15.—River stationary.

VICKSBURG, Aug. 15.—Passed down, Kilgour at 8 P. M.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 15.—River falling, with four feet three inches in the canal. Weather clear and pleasant.

MARKETS.

LONDON, Aug. 15—Noon—Consols 94¼. Bonds 71½.

FRANKFORT, Aug. 15.—Bonds 74¾.

PARIS, Aug. 15.—Bourse firmer; rents 70:37.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 15—Noon.—Cotton opens active and higher. Middling uplands 10¼d., middling Orleans 10¾d. Sales estimated at 15,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL—Evening—Aug. 15.—Cotton closed buoyant and high. Sales 20,000 bales. Middling uplands 10¾d., middling Orleans 10¾d. Breadstuffs quiet and unchanged. Lard advanced to 66s. 3d.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—Cotton market firm. Sales to-day 1200 bales; middling uplands 29½c. Flour dull, 5@10c. lower; State superfine $7 30@8 25, extra State $8 50@9 30. Wheat dull, 2@3c. lower. Corn 1@2c. lower. Whisky active and firmer—in bond 67@67½c. Mess pork quiet and steady, $28 50@28 75. Lard steady—kettle rendered 19@19½c. Naval stores dull, groceries quiet. Freights a shade better. Money firm—call loans 4@5.

The bank statement is considered unfavorable. Governments firmer at the close. Gold firmer, closing strong at 146¾@147. Stocks heavy.

NEW YORK, Aug. 15.—The bank statement shows a decrease in loans of $1,947,000, of specie $1,830,000, circulation $39,000, of deposits $8,155,000, of legal tenders $1,016,000.

MOBILE, Aug. 15.—Cotton market quiet. Sales to-day 115 bales; middlings 17½c. Receipts 3 bales. Exports 1106 bales.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 15.—Tobacco active. Superfine Flour $6 25@6 75. Wheat $1 85@2 30. Corn 92@96c. Oats 50@53c. Pork $29 75@30 50. Bacon—Shoulders needed; clear rib sides 16½c., clear sides 17c. Lard 18½c.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 15.—Sales 66 hhds. Tobacco at firm rates. Lugs to medium leaf $7@13; cutting 16½@17. Superfine flour $7. Wheat—Prime $2 15 for red and $2 20 for white. Corn in bulk 90c. Oats 45@48c. Mess pork $29. Lard 18¾@19c. Bacon—Shoulders 14c., clear rib sides 17c., clear sides 17½c. Bulk meats—Shoulders 12½c., clear sides 16½. Whisky—Raw, free, $1 25@1 38. Cotton—Middling 28½c.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 15.—Flour dull, 25c. lower. Wheat easier, $2@2 40. Corn 93@94c. Oats 55@56c. Pork $28 75. Lard 18½c. Bulk meats—Shoulders 12½c., sides 14½c. Bacon—Shoulders 13½c., clear rib sides 16½c., clear sides 17½c., hams 21@22c. Butter 1c. lower. Cheese 14½c. Apples $2@4. Peaches $1 50@3.

AUGUSTA, GA., August 15.—Cotton market continues exceedingly dull. Sales to-day 2 bales. Quotations nominal. Total stock in Augusta and Hamburg by actual count 1872 bales.

SAVANNAH, August 15.—Cotton quiet and unchanged. Receipts 1 bale; exports coastwise 1110 bales.

CHARLESTON, August 15.—Cotton market dull. Sales for two days 45 bales. Middlings nominal at 28c. Receipts for two days 91 bales. Exports coastwise 126 bales.

ARREST OF JUDGE E. H. DURELL.—The Bee of yesterday has the following:

We have been informed on good authority that E. H. Durell, judge of the United States District Court for Louisiana, was arrested in New York a few days ago and held in confinement for several hours, at the instance of an individual in Boston, who has some reason to complain of Judge Durell in his official capacity. The arrest was made at the breakfast table of the Fifth Avenue Hotel, the judge being in company with Mr. J. P. Sullivan, of this city, who procured bail in the sum of fifty thousand dollars, after which the prisoner was released. We have not the facts upon which this arrest was based, but the large bond indicates that the crime charged against him is of a grave character.

Charley F., who is well known to the press of Kentucky and Tennessee, once saw a young actress, who somehow had got the whip-hand of the manager, attempt to play *Pauline* in the "Lady of Lyons." The attempt was a miserable failure, and the next morning F.'s paper contained a dramatic criticism in which the ambitious young lady was told that the part of *Pauline* appeared to be a shade or so too difficult for her remarkably fine but unmatured powers, and was advised, in the kindest of terms, to try a series of nice, easy characters, until experience should justify her in attempting a higher role. This article Miss Cordelia, the actress, read for the first time in the presence of a young man who was madly in love with her, and at once burst into tears. The young man felt that he must defend her character as an artiste against all comers, and immediately rushed to the newspaper office, determined to have an apology or blood. He found F. seated on an empty nail keg by the stove smoking a short pipe, and pointing to the obnoxious article in the paper which he held in his hand, demanded to know who wrote it.

"I did," said F.

"And do you dare to tell me, sir, that Miss Cordelia can't play *Pauline?*"

"I do," replied F.

"And I tell you, sir," said Miss Cordelia's champion, with a frightful oath, "that she can play it."

"Then," said F., taking the pipe from his mouth, "why the h—ll don't she do it?"

This, of course, struck the young man dumb.

Chas. T. Nash will sell to-morrow at 11 o'clock A. M., at his salesrooms, a large assortment of household furniture. See advertisement.

Local Intelligence.

LEGISLATIVE DOTS.—The resolution which on Friday passed the House, providing for the waving of the United States flag over all State offices and institutions, contains the curious provision that the stars and stripes shall wave over "the courthouses in the several parishes during the session thereof." We suppose that in order to produce a compliance with the requirements of this act the Legislature will at once amend the Constitution so as to compel each court-house to have a session—or, in accordance with the wording of the act, it may be that the parishes shall each hold a session. Whichever interpretation we give, the spectacle, when it comes off, will be a curious one.

A bill was yesterday introduced into the House, appropriating $100,000 to pay the expenses of the General Assembly. Legislatures with 111 employés are rather costly luxuries.

A number of bills relating to the finances of the State will be brought forward in the House to-morrow. They embrace some three or four different schemes for funding the liabilities of the State, for the payment of levee bonds, etc.

Isabelle, a colored member, in the discussion in the House, yesterday, of the eligibility bill, very appropriately told his confreres to beware how they made the provisions of the law too stringent, as the present delightful state of Republican domination may some day cease, when the law, when enforced by a Democratic governor and Democratic judges, might operate in a manner somewhat disagreeable to Radical would be office-holders.

TRUE NOBILITY.—What a glorious, soul elevating scene that was in the House yesterday, when the eligibility bill was under discussion! The bill, as presented, was full of grammatical and rhetorical inaccuracies; but when some of the more intelligent white and colored members moved amendments, simply verbal and absolutely necessary to the proper understanding of its provisions, it would have thrilled the soul of Washington with pleasure could he have seen the beautiful earnestness with which such amendments were voted down by the Republican side of the House. The bill, which was constructed by the judiciary committee of the Senate, finally passed the House, and now goes to the statute book of the State with all its inaccuracies. "This is a g-r-e-a-t country."

NOT LONG AGO a young Romeo sallied out one moonlight eve with his guitar to serenade his Juliet, who lives in a large frame house in the rear of the Second District. His attentions were as disagreeable as his voice was discordant. The consequence was that whilst in the midst of

"Look out upon the stars, my love,
And shame them with thine eyes,"

the contents of a slop bucket were emptied upon his head from the balcony above. This throwing of cold water upon the musician caused him to cease his dulcet strains for that night; but the night following he was back at his post, with an umbrella spread over his head, and his music in full play. We understand the inamorata has succumbed to so much devotion and pertinacity, and is soon to be married to her musical lover.

AT A LATE HOUR last night, two very joyous Democrats, members of the Fossil Guards, appeared in front of our office and gave three of the beartiest cheers we have ever heard for Seymour and Blair, and then three more for the CRESCENT. Having thus relieved themselves of their pent up enthusiasm, they, with the air of men who had done their duty, marched off in good order.

A NEGRO WOMAN has recently excited a good deal of curiosity among the boarders in a house on Camp street, nearly opposite St. Patrick's church. Several officers of the federal army are among the inmates. This woman has been noticed by them marching up and down in front of the house, nightly, for nearly the whole of the past week. Attracted by the martial stride and the soldierly tom of the woman, Capt. DeRussy finally questioned hear. She declared she was keeping guard over him and his comrades, for there is a plot on hand to assassinate them the first opportunity. The captain believes her to be insane. She told him she had served as a soldier in the federal army for months, and had been in battles; that her sex had not been discovered except by accident. [illegible] monomania.

THE TEMPERATURE yesterday, as shown by the thermometer at C. Duhamel's, removed to 111 Canal street, was as follows: At 6 A. M. 79 degrees; 12 M. 85; 3 P. M. 88½; 6 P. M. 86.

ONE REDDINGTON alias Rutland has been arrested by the police on suspicion of having been engaged in a highway robbery, perpetrated a few nights ago, on the person of a gentleman who was walking on Erato street. The amount of the robbery was $150, and Mr. Reddington alias Rutland will have to give a pretty clear and satisfactory account of himself before he can be released from the clutches of the law.

WILLIAM HARRIS has been arrested by special officer Carr, at the instance of Alexander Carter, who accuses Harris of swindling.

CHS. F. JACKSON has also been arrested, charged by Lewis Greenwaldt with swindling him at various times to the amount of $600. Jackson was required to furnish bail in the sum of $1000, which was done immediately.

A MAN NAMED JUNIUS CARPENTER was arrested on Saturday night, with a quantity of valuable goods in his possession, supposed to have been stolen. He refused to explain his position, or to state how he came by the goods. The recorder therefore very properly ordered him to be locked up to await an examination.

THERE ARE 875 regular and supernumerary policemen in this city.

ON FRIDAY the coroner for the First and Fourth Districts held no less than thirteen inquests upon still-born children. This mortality is unusual and frightful.

THREE MEN and one woman, all negroes, have been arrested in the First District, and arraigned before Recorder Becker, charged with stealing the considerable sum of $2415 from the dwelling of John Bertonche, which was destroyed by fire on the 14th July last. A little girl, the child of the woman, is the principal witness for the prosecution. The girl testifies that whilst the building was burning she picked a package out of the gutter, and took it into her mother's house. There she opened it, but finding it contained a great deal of money, she put it in the armoir, and ran out into the street again. When she returned the money was gone. One of the men accused has lately started a stylish barber shop.

THE BOARD OF POLICE COMMISSIONERS have notified to the police of New Orleans that none of them will be allowed to be members of any political club or other political organization. The law requires this, and the law should be enforced.

RECORDER GASTINEL has sent Peter Conrad before the First District Court for obtaining money under false pretences from Mr. George Merz, a lumber merchant near the Old Basin.

A NEGRO named Green, alias Johnson, has been arrested in the First District, charged with stealing a quantity of harness from the stable of Doctor Axon.

NIGGER JONES is in the First District lock-up for stealing a pocket book containing $20 from Mr. Gustine, on Gravier street. Jones is the identical darky that was arrested, a fortnight ago, and sent to the parish prison on a charge of burglary; but was released on bail.

A NEGRO BURGLAR robbed the premises 247 Baronne street, a few nights ago, of property worth $250. The greater part of the articles has been recovered, but the negro has not yet been arrested.

A LIVELY EPISODE IN A COURT ROOM.—Yesterday the usual dignified and decorous gravity of Recorder Becker's court was somewhat disturbed, and the row happened in this wise: A vagabond (an ex-police officer, by the way,) who had been convicted of some misdemeanor and ordered off to prison, was approached by a policeman, who laid his hand heavily on the criminal's shoulder, with the remark, "Come along." "Take your hands off me," said the prisoner sternly. "O, you come along, and don't make any fuss about it," said the city guardian soothingly; but what words can express his utter amazement, not to say fright, when the ruffian, jerking a huge pistol out of his pocket, presented it, cocked, at his breast. "Discretion is the better part of valor," thought the policeman, and eliminated himself from in front of the pistol in a trifle less than no time. His sudden retreat left a young lawyer, well known in town, between whom and the former the terror-stricken official had been standing, about two feet from the muzzle of the pistol. Wild with rage and regardless of whom he hit, the criminal pulled the trigger—but the cap snapped. The lawyer, about as much disgusted with the state of affairs as the policeman had been, departed as expeditiously.

Then ensued a scene indescribable in its mixture of irresistible ludicrousness and real danger to the participants. The scatteration is described to us as being a very fair resemblance to the flight at Bull Run, while the screams of the women, the oaths of the men, the wild rush of the African population of the court-room for the door, and the attempts of the dignitaries of the court to preserve that gravity inseparable from all connected with the judiciary, must have been a sight to see. After a short continuance of this state of things the prisoner was secured, his pistol taken away, the Africans resumed their usual classic pose on the railings of the lobby, the lawyers took their suddenly vacated seats, the judge proceeded to try the next case, and order reigned in Warsaw.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

FORTY-FIRST DAY.

House of Representatives.

SATURDAY, August 15, 1868.

The House met at noon, Speaker Lewell presiding.

Chaplain Kingston prayed.

Minutes dispensed with.

By permission, Esnard, of St. Mary, introduced a resolution authorizing the committee on railroads to visit, during the recess of the House, such railroads in the State as they shall see fit, in order to report relative to their condition.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

Enrollment—reported the following bills engrossed:

An act relative to draining certain portions of the parishes of Orleans and Jefferson.

A joint resolution relative to the flying of the United States flag over State offices.

An act giving to the Third District Court of the parish of Orleans jurisdiction in certain cases.

An act relative to the restoration of the burnt records of Rapides parish.

An act providing for the indenture of criminals under eighteen years of age, convicted of an offense not capital.

An act to emancipate Geo. C. Phillips.

A joint resolution expressing the sense of the House on the death of Thad. Stevens.

Corporations—On an act relative to the town of Bastrop favorably. Bill ordered engrossed.

On an act to incorporate the Savings' and Pawners' Bank of New Orleans unfavorably, with a recommendation of indefinite postponement.

On motion of DeGrange, of Orleans, the report was not agreed with, but consideration of the bill fixed for Saturday next.

Contingent expenses—An act appropriating $100,000 to pay mileage of members and per diem of members, and employés and other expenses of the General Assembly. Read twice, ordered printed and goes to committee of the whole.

Claims—On the resolution granting to W. W. Handlin pay for four months, during the recess of the Third District Court; unfavorably by a majority report.

Noble, of Orleans, asked a day in which to prepare a minority report. Granted by the House, and the subject will be decided on Monday.

After some ineffectual attempts on the part of certain Republican members to introduce a resolution authorizing the employment of twenty-seven clerks, the House went into

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE.

Harper, of St. Charles, in the chair, to consider the Senate registration bill—

On motion of Morey, of Ouachita, the committee refused to consider the Senate bill, but substituted for it a bill created by Morey, and recommended to the House that the substitute be printed. Made the special order of the day for Wednesday next at 12 o'clock. The committee then rose.

LEGISLATIVE SESSION.

The recommendations of the committee of the whole were adopted by the House.

BILLS ON THEIR SECOND READING.

A bill to ascertain the eligibility of office holders and providing for the ousting of those declared ineligible by this act.

Pending the discussion, a message from the Senate was received announcing concurrence in the following bills:

An act providing for a new division of the Senate.

An act authorizing the State auditor to employ two additional clerks and two messengers, with amendments.

A joint resolution guaranteeing freedom of speech, with amendments, and asking concurrence in the following bills:

An act for the relief of Mr. Pierson of Union parish.

An act amending the law relative to the adoption of children.

An act giving to the Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh District Courts of New Orleans jurisdiction in certain cases.

An act relative to delinquent tax collectors.

An act providing for the time of holding the district court in the Twelft Judicial District.

An act instructing the board of public works to examine into the condition of the canals leading to the town of Napoleonville, parish of Assumption.

An act to provide pensions for veterans of 1814-'15.

The eligibility bill was then, after some discussion, and a number of ineffectual attempts to remedy the grammatical errors embodied in it, adopted on its second reading, and the rules having been suspended, was finally passed by a vote of 46 to 11. The bill goes to the governor.

In the course of the debate Noble, of Orleans, stated that he knew of at least 150 Republicans that by its provisions would be ousted, and therefore favored its passage.

The House then proceeded to take up the Senate bill providing for the filling of vacancies created by the eligibility act.

The first section provides that all vacancies shall be filled by appointments by the governor. On an amendment to it, providing that the vacancies shall be filled by elections, Noble of Orleans spoke at length, arguing the unconstitutionality of appointing judges. The amendment was not adopted. The first section adopted by a vote of 40 to 13.

The second section, which provides that in case the vacancy shall exist in the offices of senator or representative, was adopted.

The bill was then put upon its third reading, and finally passed by a vote of 42 to 12.

The House then adjourned until Monday at 11 o'clock.

M. de Sartiges, the French ambassador at Rome, has been obliged to ask a guard of French soldiers for his summer residence at Frascati, so great is the insecurity of the environs of Rome. The French papers say: "He is a man capable of defending himself, for he lived long at Washington, the land of revolver-shooting."

The London Court Journal advertises "Milk of Cucumbers, a celebrated American cosmetic," and "American Pick-me-up-Cocktail." Of these the Alta California says: "Pick-me-up-Cocktails we can understand, having seen thousands of men who had been indulging in them on the Barbary coast, picked up and brought into the calaboose in an insensible condition by the police; but the 'Milk of Cucumbers' gets us."

WE ARE IN THE MIDST OF A REVOLUTION.—No more premature decay of the teeth. Sozodont renders them indestructible. Nay, more, it makes the enamel as white as Parian marble, and the breath as odoriferous as "the sweetsooth breathing o'er banks of violets." Neither the teeth nor the gums can become diseased if it is used daily.

The Empire Parish says a large and dangerous cave took place on Wednesday last, of about two arpents in extent, opposite the house and plantation of Maximilien Martin, Esq. A considerable portion of the road and levee have gone into the river, and the whole point below is in a dangerous and threatening condition.

That wrecking of Blackburn's Homer Iliad, in Homer, Louisiana, (reported in our last) was an atrocious piece of business, and yet it might not have been perpetrated by "rebels." The literary and grammatical critics of that unhappily-named place, irritated by the title of the paper—which, it must be allowed, was rather "aggravating"—might have been urged to extremities so lamentable. At any rate the thing was done to little purpose, since Mr. Blackburn has revived the paper, and, in the rage of the moment, called it Blackburn's Phœnix Homer Iliad; threatening, at the same time, that if they demolish that he will bring out another, heading it with Blackburn's Salamander Phœnix Homer Iliad. Of course those wretched villagers won't throw the thing into "pi" any more. But if they should cry out, with ensign Northerton, in Fielding's novel, "D—n Homer!" we don't see how the general reader could entirely condemn them.—[New York Times.

EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS, ETC.

Thurlow Weed finds London very hot.

Edward Forest is in Boston in good health.

G. A. T. is writing a novel.

Extreme clamor—the hollow of the foot.—[Ex.

Ristori is in Florence.

Phonographic reporters are wanted in France.

Whisky-skin Kalloshes spires to Congress.

Secretary Welles arrived at the Hub on the 11th on the Taliapoosa.

The Prince of Wales took six private boxes to see Schneider, and came in "flown with wine."

Seven thousand dogs had been taken to pound in New York up to the 13th.

Whales are disporting off Nahant. Happy busters!

Violet colored ink is in vogue among fashionable young ladies.

The rush to the White Mountains has now commenced in earnest.

The Chicago Times has a circulation of 16,000 and the Chicago Tribune of 19,000.

Bright colored bows and neckties are very fashionable for young ladies just at present.

August Belmont's Newport equipage seems imported from Hyde Park.

Several journalists in Cincinnati are trying to raise funds to start a two-cent morning paper.

Mrs. Stowe is doing a new novel at Stockbridge.

Five hundred equipages were counted on the Newport drive.

Lotta is playing in the new "Fire-Fly" at Wallack's.

The Tribune has turned out about fifty authors from the different members of its editorial staff.

One of the "knowing ones" is said to have lost $25,000 on the races at Saratoga.

The carriages and horses of Queen Victoria were sent to Lucerne.

The end of the Pacific Railway track is three hundred miles east of Salt Lake.

The English and continental crop reports are not favorable at all.

Schneider is to receive 9000 francs a month in her new engagement in Paris.

Fancy colored calico fans have been introduced with success at the sea side.

A plaster, made of chloride of zinc, blood-root and wheat flour, will, it is said, cure a cancer.

Thirteen churches in Boston are without pastors.

White gloves are proscribed in European society.

Deaconesses are to be revived in Beecher's church.

Commodore Vanderbilt's wife is slowly recovering from an attack of paralysis.

Thanks to Mr. Frank Small and the officers of the steamer Louise.

Three new cases of yellow fever at the New York quarantine.

The son of the caricaturist Cruikshank has applied to be declared a bankrupt.

Thad. Stevens was baptized just before his death by a sister of charity.

Private cable dispatches express the opinion that Adah Menken committed suicide.

Mr. Conway has been telling a bad story about Louisiana to a paper in Hartford.

Gold closed in New York yesterday at 146¾ to 147.

The reports of Indian outrages in Texas are terrible.

Some ghoul-like fiend has been desecrating the grave of Lola Montez, in Greenwood Cemetery, New York.

[illegible] ample of Thaddeus Stevens recommends the recent ex. Butler.

The Empire Parish thinks the rice crop of Plaquemines will amount to fifty thousand barrels. Sugar and corn promise finely.

Grant says he had rather move an army than a family. The Democrats intend to save him the trouble of one move.

A high Chinese official has issued an order forbidding idolatrous processions, and advising the people to spend less time in heathen temples.

Thurlow Weed sits up to have his bed made, and writes to his paper about meeting Messrs. Winthrop and Lawrence, of Boston, in London.

"Sun," of the Chinese embassy, is said to have been "smitten" with the charms of one of the Auburn belles.

No less than two hundred kinds of hats are worn by men, and all fashionable, the present season.

It is estimated that there are two thousand news-boys and three hundred news-girls in New York.

Young ladies at the watering places all walk in the acknowledged style of elegance—upon their toes; so says the authoritative Mail.

Can any or our readers tell us the name of the second woman?—[N. Y. Mail.]

Eve was the first, and Ann Gelical was the second.

There are fifty-two pure and ninety-eight impure milkmen in Cincinnati.—[Ex.

The New Orleans milkmen are classified with less trouble.

It is a matter of surprise to some of the Canadians that the Dominion bank notes have a representation of a ship flying the stars and stripes. They were printed in Canada, too.

We learn from the Empire Parish that six prisoners escaped from the Plaquemines jail on the 10th, making ten who have gotten out within a month.

An editor notices in the San Fancisco market purple figs from Stockton, which weigh a quarter of a pound avoirdupois each, and are nearly as large as a man's fist.

Mr. Edward Reynolds, father of Major General J. J. Reynolds, commanding the Department of Texas, died on the 12th at his residence in Lafayette, Indiana, aged ninety-two years.

Reports of the crops by telegraph from all parts of the country are, on the whole, quite cheering. So says a New York dispatch of the 13th.

A contemporary states that "wheat in full ear was seen in the neighborhood of Southampton the other day." We shall be glad to learn when it is seen in a good many empty mouths.—[Fun.

The New York Mail has no need to inform its readers this way that some of the Southern belles at White Sulphur Springs are remarkably beautiful.

Carbolic acid is beginning to play an important part in more ways than one. A physician of good repute and practice asserts that it will cure consumption, if the patient will habitually breathe an atmosphere impregnated by it.

An impecunious country editor duns his patrons as follows: "A man might as well attempt to quench the phosphorescent emanations from the tail-end of a lightning bug with a squirt gun, as to try to run a newspaper without money."

A letter from New York to the Rochester Union is calculated to give the impression that honest criticism of the merits of actors in the New York press is not to be obtained, but that amusement editors praise or censure in proportion to the amount of the "retainer."

Colored footlights are the latest novelty that is being introduced into theaters. One theater in Philadelphia is to have them next season, and it is not at all improbable that many other similar establishments will follow suit before the winter season terminates. Colored screens are also being introduced upon the stage in place of red fire, and the light sent through them answers all purposes, and at the same time obviates the unpleasant smell, and effectually does away with all danger.