The New Orleans Crescent.

TUESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 1, 1868.

CONFECTIONERY.—By a reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that our old friend Mr. E. Turpin, of No. 93 Old Levee street, is this year no whit behind in the enterprise which has always distinguished his business career. Mr. Turpin opens the new commercial year with a factory of candies and syrups, already well-known for the excellence of its productions, to which large and important additions have recently been made. Thus reinforced, Mr. Turpin is bound to increase his already large business and with that increase of trade must come a greater excellency of his goods. For full particulars of Mr. Turpin's stock see another column.

THE FACTORS' AND TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY, one of the best of our insurance companies, in another column set forth a statement which will be worth a perusal by the business men of our city. From it, it appears that on the 30th of last April its assets were over a half million of dollars, while over $300,000 had been collected for premiums the year terminating that day. In that time it declared ten per cent. dividend on stock, and a fifteen per cent. dividend upon scrip. With such a balance sheet as this, and with such officers and directors as the Factors' and Traders' boast, it may well lay a claim to a place in the very front rank.

Turnell's time-honored old boot and shoe store, though it has changed hands, is still the same in every element of excellency which formerly characterized it. Messrs. Blakely & Hogan, the present proprietors, are gentlemen whose capacity keeps pace with their will to make this store one of the best in New Orleans. Persons desirous of obtaining the best of shoes made in the best manner will, we guarantee, be amply satisfied at 99 and 101 Canal street.

MUSIC.—We call the particular attention of all persons at all interested in musical matters to the advertisement of Mr. A. E. Blackmer, 167 Canal street. Mr. Blackmar's facilities for obtaining the latest musical publications, home and foreign, are rare, he is himself a large publisher, his stock of pianos and other instruments is large, varied and good, and the agency he holds for other houses enables him to obtain all kinds of musical goods at cost prices. Read the advertisement.

That well-known, first-class firm, Wallace & Co., corner of Common and Magazine streets, in this morning's paper announce to their friends and patrons the arrival of their fall stock, which consists of every variety of dry goods, both staple and fancy, both domestic and imported. Their advertisement is well worth a perusal, and we commend it particularly to country merchants.

Books of all kinds, grave, gay, lively, severe, poetical, historical, philosophical, legal and theological, amusing and instructive, cheap and costly, handsome and plain, books of all sizes, in all bindings, of all styles by all authors, can be obtained from Messrs. Krull & Dickey, at No. 106 Canal street. If you find reason, oh gentle reader, to in any way doubt this sweeping assertion of ours, you had best yourself verify it. We know that you will find things as we have said.

HARDWARE.—One of the largest and best assortments of these goods is that which Mr. Samuel Locke has in his store, Nos. 37, 39, 41 and 43 Peters street—agricultural and domestic utensils of all kinds, cutlery, blacksmith's materials, in a word, all sorts of hardware are there to be found, and that too at very reasonable prices. Mr. Locke is agent for the justly celebrated Stewart cooking stove, whose many excellencies, peculiar to itself, as well as a list of the goods Mr. Locke has on hand, will be found detailed in another column.

The jewelry store of Mr. C. H. Zimmermann, Nos. 94 and 96 Canal street, now contains one of the finest stocks of jewelry, silver and plated ware and watches ever opened in this city. That Mr. Zimmermann fully improved his absence during the summer is amply proved by a glance at his show windows, which are filled with watches from the most celebrated manufacturers, splendid diamonds and jewels of all kinds. Mr. Zimmermann has also made the manufacture of Masonic regalia and jewels, and those of other orders a speciality, and is now prepared to furnish all kinds of such decorations. Remember 94 and 96 Canal street.

JENNINGS, GATES & CO.—Under this title three of our best known and most highly esteemed merchants have decided henceforward to do a cotton and commission business. Mr. J. B. Jennings, of the late firm of Jennings, Nicks & Co., is too well known to the business men of New Orleans and the State to need further introduction at our hands; Mr. J. R. Gates, of the late firm of Gates, Gillespie & Co., and Mr. J. M. Sutherlin, of the late tobacco house of Sutherlin, Callaway & Co., have both earned an enviable reputation amongst our solid men. To wish these gentlemen success is, perhaps, superfluous. Energy and business tact always win it, and this house has both these qualities combined in the gentlemen who compose it. Their office is at No. 39 Perdido street.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.—Grunewald's name is so well known all over the Mississippi Valley, in connection with everything appertaining to music, and the instruments which give utterance to it, that we consider it necessary only to say that he has recently imported, from the best European and American factories, an immense assorted stock, which he offers at New York prices. Those who don't believe this had better call on Grunewald, 129 Canal street. He also has all the adjuncts.

Gas fixtures of all kinds, chandeliers, bronzes, brackets, and everything pertaining to them, are for sale in every variety by Mr. John G. Fleming, of 144 Poydras street. Mr. Fleming has devoted himself for many years to this business, and is thoroughly conversant with it in its every ramification. His workmen are of the best, and his materials are such as enable him to execute in the most finished manner, and at the shortest notice, all kinds of job work that may fall in his line. Mr. Fleming's advertisement will be found in another column.

Bankers, brokers and merchants generally, will be interested in a card which appears in another column, from which it appears that the firm of J. L. Levy & Salomon, whose formation we announced a short time ago, is now ready for the transaction of business. Their office is at No. 28 Carondelet street.

TO CATTLE DEALERS AND CATTLE RAISERS. There is not in New Orleans a better cattle commission house than T. G. Noel & Co. Their office is near the Stock Landing, where they have every facility for knowing the market; besides this, their twenty years' experience in the business and accurate knowledge of it is ample guarantee of their ability to do justice to all their patrons. Their advertisement will be found in another column, and we commend its careful perusal to all parties interested, and particularly to farmers and cattle raisers in the country.

We would call attention to advertisement in another column of that old and reputable hardware house of Slocomb, Baldwin & Co., 74 Canal and 95 Common street, New Orleans. They import all their foreign hardware and sell their goods equally low with any market.

Elsewhere we publish the card of Messrs. Summers & Brannins, one of our old established cotton factors and commission merchants, and take pleasure in recommending them to the favorable consideration of our readers.

EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS, ETC.

Andy still sticks to his post.
The public debt continues to increase.
A Georgia M. C. wants a September session.
Verdi is jealous of Gounod.
Panniers will certainly continue in vogue.
Napoleon wears a hundred dollar Panama.
Mazzolini is coming to America this winter.
Sculptor Meade commenced with a marble pig.
Bull Run Russell aspires to parliament.
Gen. Lee has the rheumatism.
A dozen stewed, if you please.
Weston appear to be on his last legs.
The man of Ross—Collector Fuller.
Fashionable paradox—A sun-shade.—[Ex.
The Jews are allowed to worship at Rome.
All flowers of speech spring from tulips.—[Ex.
Pomeroy calls Grant the great cigar holder.
Gold closed in New York yesterday at 144¼.
Poetic justice—drowning a milk man in water.
The reduction of customs expenses has commenced.
It is said that the "wickedest man in N. Y." is to take the stump.
For the year ending yesterday 366,193 bales of cotton were received at Mobile.
One thousand and eleven bales of new cotton were received in this city yesterday.
The executive committees of both political parties are working like beavers in Washington.
The president's friends want him to sleep at the Soldier's Home, for sanitary reasons.
The Chinese embassadors have a great taste for champagne.
New York is indignant at her prospects in the way of grand Italian opera.
Mayor M. R. Evans, of Mobile, father of Miss Augusta Evans, died at Chicago on the 27th ult.
The gray haired Charlotte Cushman sensibly refuses to dye.
Bandmann, beloved by Bulwer, has been spending several weeks at my lord's country seat.
Patti's fortune is 1,500,000 francs, and Caux loves her chiefly for her franc-ness, perhaps.
Booth's new theater will have a fire-proof wardrobe.
James Russell Lowell is as great a smoker as Grant.
The rumor that crinoline is about to be discarded is untrue.
Brigham Young and Brick Pomeroy object to swearing.
The bill of fare at the Chinese banquet in Boston did not include beans or tea.
Caleb Cushing's annual professional income is $30,000.
The game of Lacrosse seems to be a modified racquet.
The State election in Vermont takes place today, and that of California next Saturday.
Gen. Longstreet is reported leaning toward the Grant ticket.
The head Fenian in this country is nothing less than a Savage.
What has become of Blot?—Ex. Drowned in a tureen of soup.
The Chinese embassy all have the summer complaint at Boston. Too many beans.
Foli, the tenor, ten years ago spelt himself Foley, and did carpentry in Hartford.
All that we get in life, and after death, is what we ea(u)rn.—[N. Y. Commonwealth.
When a dancer is very hungry, he should cut the pigeon wing.—[N. Y. Commonwealth.
If a crow was musical, could it produce a crow-bar?—[Ex.
A lady says she likes the beach at Long Branch because the swells are so charming.—[Ex.
The first star engagement—when the morning stars sang together.—[Ex.
The New York Commonwealth originates more neat squibs than any other paper in the country.
Mr. Jewell, of this city, was unseated in the State Senate yesterday.
Mrs. Stanton writes to the Revolution that she has had a tooth pulled.
In a car-vote for president the other day Mrs. Stanton went for Chase on female suffrage grounds.
Garibaldi resigns his seat in the Italian Parliament.
The European journals are discussing the possibility of war between France and Prussia, and the Bourse is quite unsteady.
Beastly weather—when it rains cats and dogs.—[Ex.
Good hay weather—when it rains pitch forks.
A country correspondent says the Broadway "pretty" waiter-girls are the homeliest creatures he ever saw.
Farragut and the Russian representative at Constantinople are thought to have been "too thick."
The American yacht Sappho, lately beaten in English waters, has issued a challenge for another contest.
The Georgia Senate has passed a resolution authorizing the governor to disband armed associations.
The management of a Hamburg theater declines to make money by "exposing female forms."
The best way to make coffee, says Beecher, is to make it as they *don't* at the hotels and railroad restaurants.
Mr. and Mrs. W. Gomersal are in London. They design to "star" in the provinces in an English adaptation of "The Grand Duchess."
Brick Pomeroy advertises for a few hundred anonymous correspondents who can tell him more about his assistants than he knows already.
The Russian grand duke who is coming to this country is eighteen years old, and is the third son of the emperor.
The Chinese embassadors pick their teeth at table with their little-finger nails, which are sharpened for the purpose.
Cream of tartar, alum, green vitriol, copper, lead, etc., sometimes give flavor to English malt liquors.
"Bradford and family, New Orleans," are thus briefly mentioned among Americans at Vevey, France.
It is said that Gen. Rosecrans was converted to Catholicism by a dream, and that "his church is by no means the least of his motives in Mexico."
The telegraph brings the heart-rendering intelligence that Cornelius McCarthy has killed Owen Murphy.
Democrats at Washington are said to severely denounce the appointment of Perry Fuller to the New Orleans collectorship.
Geo. Ellis, opposite the Postoffice, has the New York Weekly, the police pictorials and Leslie's Illustrated.
Stonewall Jackson's widow has given his uniform coat to a Scotchman named McCrae, who proposes to put it in a museum at Glasgow.
We are indebted to Hon. B. F. Butler, of Massachusetts, for a copy of his speech, of July 14, upon the financial question.
It is now said Gen. Rosecrans is preparing an address to the people of the country, based upon his interview with the distinguished Southern gentleman at Sulphur Springs.
A Washington dispatch of the 28th ult. says: Brevet Maj. Wm. Russell, Jr., of the 4th Cavalry, has been assigned to duty at headquarters department of Louisiana.
Woman, with all her beauty and worth, should remember that man was the chief matter considered at the creation. She was only a side issue. [Galveston Bulletin.
G. A. T. thinks Gen. Lee is more willing to take part in public affairs than he has ever been, wearying somewhat of his birch rod and pining for a larger command.
At a late Saratoga musquerade Madame Le Vert took part in the dance, and her daughter Octavia represented 'Evangeline,' while Miss C. N. Le Vert was a rainbow.—[Ex.
It is said no modern writings have exercised a greater influence among the educated Hindoos than those of Theodore Parker. It involves no loss of caste to believe in him.
"Two weeks in New Orleans in August under blankets" was the late agreeable condition of the sick correspondent in New Orleans of the Cincinnati Enquirer. He naturally sighed for a lodge on some vast iceberg.
The road to fortune. After an investment of about five hundred dollars in two years, a gentleman of our acquaintance has just drawn $69 in the Havana lottery.
Philip Werlein, 82 Baronne street, has No. 96 of Boosey's Musical Cabinet being a second collection of the old songs of Ireland, with the original words and music.
G. A. Townsend thinks Rosecrans went to Sulphur Springs to pull wires for Seymour and Blair, and promote the scheme of Southern extension into Mexico. He might have been in a worse business.
Brevet Major General Geo. L. Hartsuff, assistant adjutant general, has been ordered to New York city again, on public business. He will receive especial instructions from the superintendent of the general recruiting service.
The Mexican madness, says a Washington correspondent, runs through our entire army and reaches into the Southern States. Grant and Lee, Sheridan and Longstreet, are manifest destinarians upon the subject of this conquest.
One-fifth of the girls who walk the streets of New York at night are under sixteen years of age, and many of them are mere children, not fourteen, and some of them not thirteen years old.
Some one at the Chinese banquet in Boston observed one of the gentlemen in sky-blue reach back and grasp the end of his five feet cue which he brought forward and exhibited to the close scrutiny of Ralph Waldo Emerson.
The late Ebenezer Irving was his brother Washington's business man. Of him Washington Irving said: "I envy him that indwelling source of consolation and enjoyment which appears to have happier effect than all the maxims of philosophy or the lessons of worldly wisdom."
G. A. Townsend writes that it is well known that Rosecrans, as a professional mining and military engineer, was confirmed in the Mexican mission through the solicitation of Marshall O. Roberts, George Wilkes, Henry J. Raymond, S. L. M. Barlow, and other Mexican speculators in mines and territory.
A good deal of the property occupied by the minions of vice in New York is owned by persons of respectability, and some of it by those who are regarded as pillars of the church! A man whose wife and daughters carry Bibles and prayer-books purchased with that "hire" which is an "abomination unto the Lord thy God," (see Deuteronomy XXIII, 18,) and who pays his pewrent with the same abomination, is a greater obstacle to the regeneration of that unfortunate class from whom he thus derives his support from he Wickedest Man.

FALL GOODS.—J. Levois, probably the oldest and best considered of our French importers, has an immense stock of fall goods on hand. The stock comprises the genuine European and American goods of every quality. From the variety which Levois has on hand, (we call him Levois, as we'd call Napoleon or Cæsar so, because they are all *facile princeps,)* families, single gents, merchants and planters call fill all their bills. Levois sells wholesale and retail. As the ladies of New Orleans all know him, they have no need for a recommendation to Levois. To our country cousins we can say: Levois sells nothing as European unless it is European; and as to his American goods, they are of the best manufacture. One price, honesty, short profits—at the corner of Canal and Bourbon streets.

MAGNIFICENT JEWELRY.—The time-honored establishment of A. B. Griswold & Co., formerly Hyde & Goodrich, which has stood through half a century of time, is beginning to receive the large and complete stock of fine goods in their line, which attracts so much attention from visitors to the Crescent City. Having a partner resident in Europe, Mr. Wm. M. Goodrich, they are enabled to keep posted as to all novelties in jewelry. Their diamonds they purchase from first hands, and are able to retail them at moderate prices. Their watches come direct from the manufacturers' hands, and always contain the latest improvements. The best factories in England and on the continent contribute to their supply—such as Jurgensen's, Montandon's, Nardin's, Patek's, M. J. Tobias, etc., etc. The celebrated keyless watches, coming so generally into fashion on account of their convenience, are to be seen in their house, of all sizes. The excellent time-keepers made in this country altogether by machinery, are found here, and as they pay no duty are very reasonable in cost. Diamond back watches with chatelains, seal and key to match, beautiful presents for ladies, may be seen in profusion. But it is impossible to enumerate all the objects of taste and beauty on exhibition at this grand bazaar. One agent in New York is employed the year round not only in purchasing, but in having made to order all such large and fine articles as can only be made in large and complete factories. Let all who can visit this time-honored establishment, whether they wish to purchase or only gratify their taste in seeing the beauties of art. All are made welcome by the polite employés scattered through its various departments. Remember the address, A. B. Griswold & Co., late Hyde & Goodrich, corner Canal and Royal streets, New Orleans.

SALE OF THE UNITED STATES STEAMER MAHASKA.—This large and valuable vessel built at the United States navy yard at Portsmouth, Maine, in 1861, will be sold at public auction this day, by Messrs. J. B. Walton & Deslonde. The Mahaska is built of white oak, and is in perfect order, and in addition to her machinery, which is superior, she is bark rigged. No vessel heretofore sold at this station by the navy department can compare with the Mahaska. The sale takes place on board of the vessel precisely at 12 o'clock. A boat will leave the head of Canal street at 10 o'clock for the convenience of parties wishing to attend the sale.

The corner of Canal and Carondelet streets has long been a landmark to all our citizens. Since the days of Vincent there has always been a first class confectionery there, until now, we really believe, the corner would not be recognized if put to any other use. It is at present occupied by Mr. F. Kuntz, who, during his administration has certainly given the public no reason to complain. To repeat this is but to publish a well-known fact. Mr. Kuntz announces this morning that he will in the future, having thoroughly repaired and refitted his store, increase if possible his already high repuration. See his card elsewhere.

NAVAL STORES, BUILDING MATERIALS of all kinds, bricks, paints, oils, window glass, fertilizers, turpentine, laths, plaster, in short everything which can be embraced under the words which began this paragraph, are to be found at manufacturer's prices at the store of Messrs. Kearny, Blois & Co., Nos. 60 and 62 Magazine street. This is too old a firm for us "to gild refined gold" by giving them our indorsement. We simply refer the public to their advertisement elsewhere, with the assurance that its statements can be relied upon to the letter.

WHISKY AGENCY.—Messrs. Cobb, Dolhonde & Co., No. 37 Natchez street, are agents of some of the finest brands of whisky brought to this market. They have on hand constantly a supply of pure Bourbon whiskies, received directly from the distilleries in Bourbon county, Ky., and are such brands as Jas. A. Miller's chicken cock, Clarkson's game cock, and Bowen & Son, besides all others that can be ranked first class. These they will sell in lots to suit purchasers. See their card elsewhere.

M. Henri Rochfort, editor of La Lanterne, has been condemned to thirteen months' imprisonment in jail, and a fine of 10,000 francs in the second action brought against him for violation of the press law.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

Detroit has a new Democratic "ranche."
Senator Dixon is out in a letter for Seymour.
General Logan has removed to Chicago.
Gen. Schenck has been renominated for Congress from Ohio.
The New York McClellan Legion has reorganized and declared for Seymour and Blair.
There was a Democratic barbecue at Minden, La., Saturday week, and a colored club organized.
Brick Pomeroy is addressing the New York unterrified.
The Washington Express states that General Grant will shortly come out with a letter avowing conservative sentiments.
The Chicago Times, which hitherto has reckoned Illinois for Grant, begins to believe it is going for Seymour and Blair.
The Republicans of the first congressional district of Missouri have nominated General Wm. A. Pile for re-election.
The present aspect of things in the reconstructed Southern States, says the Herald, is decidedly Democratic.
Little "Tad" Lincoln fell between two cars of a moving train at Cresson, Pa., recently, but was caught by a gentleman standing upon the platform.
A letter from Franklin Pierce, received at Washington, says that "the change in sentiment in New England within the last thirty days exceeds anything he has ever known."
Wisconsin is going for Seymour and Blair—sure. It is probable even that it will go Democratic by a sufficient majority to overcome a gerrymandered Legislature, and send Doolittle back to the Senate.—[World.
Six thousand people attended a Democratic meeting on the 27th ult., at Looney's Switch, a suburb of Memphis. There was a fine torchlight procession and speeches by Cols. Looney, McRae, Gallaway, Stevens, Yerger, Morgan, Douglass, Judge Barker and ex-Senator Jones, of Iowa.
The West Baton Rouge Sugar Planter says: "A first-class torchlight procession visited Clinton Saturday week, numbering some thirty-five hundred persons, all of whom were cheering and shouting for Seymour and Blair. An immense meeting was held the same evening, at which speeches were made by some of the principal citizens of the town."
In reply to a newspaper paragraph alleging that Gen. Hunter was the only member of the court-martial who refused to sign the petition for the pardon of Mrs. Surratt, Hunter publishes the following: My oath and military law precludes my making known my vote in this case, but I can with propriety state that my name headed the list of members of the court who recommended Mrs. Surratt to the mercy of the president, and that I have always looked with utmost contempt on the execution of the poor woman, and excusing at the same time thousands of rebel men who so much more rightly deserved hanging.
A correspondent of the Chicago Tribune tells the following story: Sevens was what a country gentleman might call "a powerful poor politician." His pride was more dangerous than his fanaticism; for, rather than yield a point he had made, he would assail the record and go far away from the truth for mere consistency's sake. His personal faith was good, if faithfully given, but he set little penalty on a conventional lie. "You said this to my face, Mr. Stevens," said an office seeker, last spring. "I did not, sir!" "My partner here heard you, and my brother-in-law." "Yes, Mr. Stevens, we did." "Then I lied!" cried Mr. Stevens. "it wasn't the fact!"
The New Orleans correspondent of the New York Herald writes as follows: "The morning after the first attack had been made in the streets of New Orleans on the negro Democrat Rollins, a colored boy from a leading restaurant came into a room where several distinguished United States army officers were at breakfast. 'Why, Sam,' said Colonel H., 'your people have been raising the devil, nearly killing this negro Rollins.' 'Serve him right, Wish dey'd done it.' 'Why? Hasn't he as much right to his opinions as a white man?' 'No nigger ha'n't got no right to be a Democrat. Democrats wants to put us back where we were afore; Republicans wants to raise us. No nigger ha'n't got no right to be a Democrat. I'se for killin' dem all. I don't say nuffin to white folks. Dey can vote as dey like, but niggers ha'n't got no right to live, 'scept dey votes Republican.' And with a gesture of fierce malignity the colored servitor left the room. Only the personal influence and interference of Governor Warmoth prevented the views thus expressed being carried out to the full extent in the case of Rollins. The fire yet smoulders and may at any time burst into a flame. These semi civilized negroes have been long accustomed to see and hear of the free and unpunished use of revolver and bowie knife in the hands of the whites (their former masters); they have been fearfully tampered with by unscrupulous adventurers from the North. The possibility, probability or desirability of the streets of New Orleans again running with human blood, of the floor of the State House being again drenched with the gore of loyal men, is continually suggested before them by carpet-bag orators. They are familiarized with the idea of bloodshed. They will not shrink from it if it comes. This is only one phase of the question. It has many. A pleasanter thing to look upon is the fact that many of the negroes in the city are withdrawing themselves from those who have hitherto controlled them, and are forming clubs of their own and inviting whom they please to address them. One of these independent negro meetings witnessed a singular scene the night before last: A white Radical, hitherto regarded as the personification of all that is most objectionable to the Southern whites, and recently a delegate from dissatisfied Republicans to Washington, was invited to address them, and his speech was in substance as follows: "My friends—I am a carpet-bagger. I admit it. I have been among you for some time, and have never ceased to advocate your cause in the press of the North—in the three leading Republican newspapers of New York, Washington and Philadelphia. But I am going to leave you. We are all going to leave you, and you will soon be alone. My advice to you is to unite yourselves to those whose favor it is your interest to secure. Be guided by those who alone can furnish you with work and food and clothing. Join yourself to the people of the South. We are going; we cannot find you work to support you; your interest lies with those who can." How far this disinterested advice might have been influenced by the fact that the speaker was an unsuccessful candidate for office on the Republican ticket it is not necessary to inquire.

GRAIN.—Of all the grain merchants in our city none is more trustworthy, none prompter, none possessed of more business tact than the gentlemen forming the firm of John C. Rogers & Co. In their store, corner of Tchoupitoulas and Poydras streets, they have now a quantity of rye, wheat, barley, corn, oats, hay and bran, which they offer for sale. Persons who desire to buy such articles will consult their interests by speedily giving Messrs. Rogers & Co. a call.

IRON PIPE FOR STEAM, WATER OR GAS, plain or galvanized can be obtained in any quantities from Messrs. Bostick & Seymour, corner of Common and Fulton streets. These gentlemen have also on hand a large and well assorted stock of shelf hardware, all kinds of iron, rubber hose, sheet lead, lead pipe; in short, all sorts of railroad machinery and steamboat supplies. They sell cheap, and persons interested would do well to give them a call.

Attention is called to the advertisement in another column of the cotton house of P. J. Pavy & Co. Messrs. P. J. Pavy, A. Pavy and J. A. Hincks compose it.

PROTECTION AGAINST BROWNLOW'S MILITIA.—The Louisville Journal's Washington special of the 29th says: There is but little doubt that the president will send national troops to Tennessee to protect the people there from Brownlow's militia. He had an interview to-day with a distinguished citizen of Tennessee, in which he declared that he believed it to be his duty to interfere. He desires to remove Thomas, who is in direct league with Brownlow. Gordon Granger or Gillem are most prominent for succession.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

J. H. HALSEY—
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
No. 5 Carondelet Street,
NEW ORLEANS.

TO INVENTORS.

WILLIAM M. ECCLES,
Attorney at Law,
OFFICE, 815 NORTH THIRD STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO.
Will solicit Patents, and prosecute Patent Suits, and old rejected claims. Expecting to reap our profits from such, we obtain patents on first application, for barely what it costs us; and having been in the business for some time, we are enabled to shape claims so as to avoid infringement. All business attended to promptly; advice free in all cases.
Best of city references given when desired.

IMPROVED GAS COMPANY.

CHARTER.....CHARTER.

STATE OF LOUISIANA, Parish and City of New Orleans.

BE IT KNOWN, that on this 17th day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, and of the Independence of the United States of America the ninety third,
Before me, ANDREW HERO, JR., a notary public in and for the parish and city of New Orleans, State of Louisiana, duly commissioned and qualified, and in the presence of the witnesses hereinafter named and undersigned personally came and appeared the several parties whose names are hereunto subscribed, and who respectively declared that, availing themselves of the provisions of the laws of Louisiana in such cases made and provided, they had covenanted and agreed, and do by these presents covenant, agree and bind themselves, and those whom they represent to form themselves into and constitute a corporation for the purpose of carburetting gas in the city of New Orleans and other cities and towns in the State of Louisiana, and under the stipulations and regulations following, to-wit:

ARTICLE I.

The name and title of this Corporation shall be THE AMERICAN IMPROVED GAS LIGHT COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS, and its domicil is hereby established in the city of New Orleans. It shall commence its business as soon as ten thousand dollars shall have been subscribed for. Citations in suits against the Corporation may be served on the President, or, in his absence from the city, on the Secretary.
The Corporation shall have power and authority, First—To have and to enjoy succession by its corporate name for the period of twenty-five years. Second—To contract, sue and be sued in its corporate name. Third—To make and use a corporate seal. Fourth—To hold, receive, purchase and convey under its corporate name property, both real and personal. Fifth—To name and appoint such managers, directors and officers as its interests and convenience may require. And Sixth—To make and establish such by-laws for the purpose of management and regulation of the affairs of the Corporation as may be necessary and proper.

ARTICLE II.

The object and purpose for which this Corporation is established is to produce the expenses of the consumers of gas in the city of New Orleans and environs, and all other places in the State of Louisiana, and to bring into general use certain improvements in carburetting gas.

ARTICLE III.

All the corporate powers of the Company shall be exercised by a Board of Directors and such officers as they may appoint.
The Board of Directors shall consist of nine members, who shall have power to increase the number, not however to exceed eleven, and the number so increased shall constitute the permanent number of the Board.
The Directors shall be elected on the second Monday of January of 1870, and annually thereafter, from the stockholders, by ballot, each member of the Company being entitled to as many votes as he may have shares subscribed and paid for, in accordance with the terms hereinafter named, the election to be by ballot, each stockholder having the right to appoint a proxy in case of his absence, to cast his vote not only for the election of officers, but in all business necessary to be had in the Board of Directors. In the event of no election taking place on the day fixed, the President shall cause an election to be held within ten days after the failure to elect, and shall give notice thereof by advertisement, in one or more of the newspapers published in the city of New Orleans.
The Board of Directors shall, at its first meeting in every year, elect a President from its number. It shall also elect a Secretary and a Treasurer at the same time, and all shall hold their offices until their successors are duly elected.
The first Board of Directors shall consist of the following named stockholders, viz:
Thomas S. Barton, F. M. Zeigler, Charles A. Labuzan, William B. Koontz, William F. Kelly, Alexis Alexander, Albert W. Merriam, John G. Fleming and John McIntyre.

ARTICLE IV.

The capital stock of this corporation is hereby fixed at one hundred thousand dollars, represented by one thousand shares of one hundred dollars each; one-fourth of each subscription shall be payable in cash at the signing of these articles, and the remainder in three equal installments, by notes of the subscriber, made payable to his own order, and by him indorsed, at six (6) nine (9) and twelve (12) months, respectively, after date. Should any subscriber refuse or neglect to pay punctually his notes as the same may mature and fall due, interest thereon at the rate of eight per cent. per annum shall be add d thereto from maturity till payment, and if the said notes are not paid within thirty days after they mature and fall due, the Board of Directors reserve to themselves the right of canceling any shares or shares upon which any installment may be due to be sold at public auction or otherwise, after ten days previous notice to such delinquent subscriber.

ARTICLE V.

No Stockholder in this Corporation shall ever be liable or responsible for the contracts or faults of the Corporation, nor shall any mere informality in organization have the effect of rendering this charter null, or of exposing a Stockholder to any liability beyond the amount of his stock.

ARTICLE VI.

This charter may be modified, altered or amended, or the Company may be dissolved at a general meeting of the Stockholders convened for that purpose, with the assent of three-fourths (in amount) of the stock represented at such meeting.
Whenever the dissolution of the Corporation shall become necessary by reason of the action of its Stockholders, by limitation of its charter, or from any cause whatever, its affairs shall be immediately placed in liquidation under the charge and superintendence of three commissioners appointed by the Board of Directors, and who shall remain in office until the final liquidation of the affairs of the Company, and the distribution of its surplus funds among the Stockholders.

ARTICLE VII.

The names of the Stockholders, their residences, and the number of shares held by each, are declared to be such as are subscribed to this act of incorporation, and set opposite each of their names respectively.
The United States internal revenue stamps of five cents per sheet, required by law for this act, have been hereunto duly affixed and canceled.
Thus done and passed in my office at New Orleans aforesaid, in the presence of George Cenas and Geo. Alfred Hero, competent witnesses, both of this city, who hereunto sign their names with the parties and me, the said Notary, the day and date aforesaid.
Original signed: Jules Brady, A. Alexander, T. S. Barton, A. W. Merriam, John G. Fleming, F. M. Zeigler, W. Frazier Kelly, W. B. Koontz per J. F. Elliott, C. A. Labuzan, John McIntyre and others. George Cenas, George A. Hero.
ANDREW HERO, JR., Notary Public.
I certify that the aforesaid is a true copy of the original act, on file and of record in my office.
New Orleans, Aug. 17, 1868.
ANDREW HERO JR., Notary Public.

UNDERTAKERS.

PHILIP LYNCH, UNDERTAKER,
99 ST. CHARLES STREET.
Metallic, Mahogany, Black Walnut and Plain Coffins always on hand. Bodies Embalmed and carefully shipped. Funerals attended to in person, and he hopes by strict attention to obtain a share of public patronage.

D. MONROE CAREY, UNDERTAKER, Nos. 203, 205 and 207 Magazine street, between Julia and St. Joseph, respectfully announces to his friends and the public generally that he will continue the Undertaking business of the late Daniel Monroe at the above stand; will keep constantly on hand an assortment of Metallic Burial Cases and Caskets, Rosewood, Mahogany, Black Walnut and Plain Coffins. Bodies Embalmed, Disinterred and carefully Shipped. Mr. CAREY will be assisted by Mr. JOHN RAY, long known in connection with the business.

COMMISSION—FORWARDING

ANDREW JACKSON,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Family Groceries and Plantation Supplies,
BATON ROUGE, LA.
Highest Price Paid for Cotton.
COTTON STORED and SHIPPED to SUIT PLANTERS.
Thanking my friends and the public generally for their former patronage I most respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, as I feel confident that as heretofore, I am fully capable of giving entire satisfaction in my line of business; as also in the shipping of Cotton, on which liberal Cash Advances are made, if required. Having much Cotton to ship for my own account, it enables me to get freight lower than the usual charges. Being Agent for the Celebrated "ARROWTIE," I shall always have, with India Bagging and Baling Twine, a large supply on hand, and will offer same at Lowest Cash Prices.
ANDREW JACKSON,
Corner Third and Laurel streets.

ANDREW J. AIKEN,
(Successor to Aiken & Rainey,)
Cotton Factor and Commission Merchant,
NO. 60 CARONDELET STREET,
New Orleans.

J. C. BARELLI,
PODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,
No. 67 Tchoupitoulas Street,
NEW ORLEANS.

IRBAU, AYCOCK & CO.,
(H. IRBAU, J. T. AYCOCK, JOE GITSINGER,)
(Successors to C. Wilkin & Co.,)
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
—FOR THE SALE OF—
Cattle, Hogs and Sheep,
STOCK LANDING,
City of Jefferson, La.

HAY & MEHLE—
(ALEXANDER HAY—WILLIAM MEHLE,)
COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FOR THE PURCHASE Sale, Forwarding and Shipment of Hides, Leather, Wool, Beeswax, Tallow, and Tanning Materials,
Nos. 66 and 68 COMMERCE STREET, NEW ORLEANS

JOHN W. NORRIS & CO.—
(Removed from 52 Canal street,)
97 CANAL AND 17 CROSSMAN STREETS,
General Commission Merchants, Produce Factors,
And Dealers in all kinds of
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
Agents for Fire and Burglar Proof SAFES and COTTON GINS.
Zimmerman & Co.'s Cincinnati Sparkling CATAWBA. STARCH, VINEGAR, etc., etc., always on hand.

PETER ROSS,
BUILDER,
Returns thanks to the citizens of New Orleans for their patronage for the last 20 years. He has now made extensive additions to his Workshops, and introduced several woodworking machines, which will enable him to attend promptly to any business in his line.
Shop and office, corner of Prytania and Washington streets. Mechanics' Exchange, box No. 1

E. C. PALMER & CO.,
(E. C. PALMER, JOSEPH WILD, E. S. COX,)
Importers and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Carpets, Mats, Oil Cloths, &c., &c.,
Nos. 95, 97 and 97 Camp street, New Orleans, La.

N. O. STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHARTER.....CHARTER.

—OF THE—

NEW ORLEANS STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, STATE OF LOUISIANA, CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

Be it Known, That on this eighth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-eight, and of the independence of the United States the ninety-second, before me, Edward Ivy, a notary public, in and for the City and Parish of New Orleans, State of Louisiana aforesaid, duly commissioned and sworn, personally came and appeared the parties hereinafter named and undersigned, who severally declared that, availing themselves of the provisions of the statutes of the State of Louisiana relative to the organization of corporations in this State, they have covenanted and agreed, and do by these presents covenant, agree and bind themselves, and those whom they represent, to form themselves into and constitute a corporation for the objects and purposes, and under the stipulations, regulations and obligations following, to-wit:

ARTICLE I.

The name and title of said Company shall be the "NEW ORLEANS STEAMSHIP COMPANY," and its domicil is hereby established in the city of New Orleans and it shall exist and continue for the term of twenty five years from the date of these presents, unless sooner dissolved, as hereinafter provided for. It shall have a corporate seal with a device upon the same and the name of the Company upon the margin thereof.

ARTICLE II.

The object of said company is to construct or otherwise procure and maintain one or more steamships, to constitute a line or lines of steamships, to be owned and controlled in the city of New Orleans, and to trade between said city and any port or ports on the Atlantic coast or Gulf of Mexico.
The manager of said company shall be the proper person on whom to serve citations, notices and other legal process wherein the said Company may be interested.

ARTICLE III.

The capital stock of said Company is hereby fixed at the sum of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, divided into shares of Fifty Dollars each, all of which to be paid at or before the signing of these presents; which capital may be increased to an amount not exceeding one million, if the same should be required by two-thirds capital.

ARTICLE IV.

The affairs of said Company shall be under the direction and management of Edward Pilgrim, who may at any time have the privilege of associating with him one or more persons from among the stockholders of the Company, subject to the approval of the Board of Control, who shall act as a Board of Agents to assist in transacting the business of said Company.

ARTICLE V.

SECTION 1. The regular meetings of the stockholders of the Company shall be held annually, commencing on the first Tuesday in February, 1869, at which meeting a majority in capital shall choose five of their number to serve as Directors for the ensuing year, who shall constitute and form a Board of Control, of which the said Manager shall be Chairman and entitled to one vote on all matters brought before it; and until the election of Directors as aforesaid, the following named persons shall constitute the first Board of Control, viz: M. J. SMITH, WM. CREEVY, J. PEMBERTON, J. ARMSTRONG, J. McCLOSKEY.
SEC. 2. The failure to elect Directors, as aforesaid, shall not dissolve the said corporation, but the Board in office shall continue to exercise its functions, until a new Board can be elected.
SEC. 3. Three members of said Board of Control shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and the said Board is hereby invested with full power to frame and adopt such by laws, rules and regulations as they may deem requisite and necessary for the Company and the transaction of its affairs; provided, the same shall not conflict with the true intent and meaning of this Act of Incorporation, or with the laws of this State. And in the temporary absence of the Manager they may select a Chairman to preside at their meetings. They shall have power, and are hereby authorized to buy and sell steamships, fuel, real estate, etc., for the u