THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT.

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Woman.

Females, owing to the peculiar and important relations which they sustain, their peculiar organization, and the offices they perform, are subject to many sufferings. Freedom from these contribute in no small degree to their happiness and welfare, for none can be happy who are ill. Not only so, but no one of these various Female Complaints can long be suffered to run on without involving the general health of the individual, and are long producing

PERMANENT SICKNESS AND PREMATURE DECLINE.

Nor is it pleasant to consult a physician for the relief of these various delicate affections, and only upon the most urgent necessity will a true woman so far sacrifice her greatest charm as to do this. The sex will then thank us for placing in their hands simple specifics, which will be found efficacious in relieving and curing almost every one of those troublesome complaints peculiar to the sex.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU.

Hundreds suffer on in silence, and hundreds of others apply vainly to druggists and doctors, who either merely tantalize them with the hope of a cure or apply remedies which make them worse. I would not wish to assert anything that would do injustice to the afflicted, but I am obliged to say that although it may be produced from excessive exhaustion of the powers of life, by laborious employment, unwholesome air and food, profuse menstruation, the use of tea and coffee, and frequent childbirth, it is far oftener caused by direct irritation, applied to the mucous membrane of the vagina itself.

When reviewing the causes of these distressing complaints it is most painful to contemplate the attendant evils consequent upon them. It is but simple justice to the subject to enumerate a few of the many additional causes which so largely affect the

LIFE, HEALTH AND HAPPINESS OF WOMAN

In all classes of society, and which, consequently, affect more or less directly the welfare of the entire human family. The mania that exists for precocious education and marriage, causes the years that nature designed for corporeal development to be wasted and perverted in the restraints of dress, the early confinement of school, and especially in the unhealthy excitement of the ball room. Thus, with the body half clothed and the mind unduly excited by pleasure, perverting in midnight revel the hours designed by nature for sleep and rest, the work of destruction is half accomplished.

In consequence of this early strain upon her system, unnecessary effort is required by the delicate votary to retain her situation in school at a later day, thus aggravating the evil. When one excitement is over, another in prospective keeps the mind morbidly sensitive to impression, while the now constant restraint of fashionable dress, absolutely forbidding the exercise indispensable to the attainment and retention of organic health and strength, the exposure to night air, the sudden change of temperature, the complete prostration produced by excessive dancing, must, of necessity, produce their legitimate effect. At last an early marriage claps the climax of misery, and the unfortunate one, hitherto so utterly regardless of the plain dictates and remonstrances of her delicate nature, becomes an unwilling subject of medical treatment. This is but a truthful picture of the experience of thousands of our young women.

Long before the ability to exercise the functions of the generative organs they require an education of their peculiar nervous system, composed of what is called the tissue, which is, in common with the female breast and lips, evidently under the control of mental emotions and associations at an early period of life; and, as we shall subsequently see, these emotions, when excessive, lend, long before puberty, to habits which sap the very life of their victims ere nature has self completed their development.

FOR FEMALE WEAKNESS AND DEBILITY,

WHITES OR LEUCORRHŒA,

TOO PROFUSE MENSTRUATION,

EXHAUSTION,

TOO LONG CONTINUED PERIODS,

FOR PROLAPSUS AND BEARING DOWN,

OR PROLAPSUS UTERI,

WE OFFER THE MOST PERFECT SPECIFIC KNOWN:

Helmbold's Compound Extract of Buchu.

Directions for Use, Diet and Advice accompany.

FEMALES IN EVERY PERIOD OF LIFE,

From infancy to extreme old age, will find it a remedy to aid nature in the discharge of its functions.

STRENGTH IS THE GLORY OF MANHOOD AND WOMANHOOD.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IS MORE STRENGTHENING THAN ANY OF THE PREPARATIONS OF BARK OR IRON,

Infinitely Safer and More Pleasant.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

Having received the indorsement of the most prominent physicians in the United States, is now offered to afflicted humanity as a CERTAIN CURE for the following diseases and symptoms, from whatever cause originating:

General Debility,

Mental and Physical Depression,

Imbecility,

Determination of Blood to the Head,

Confused Ideas,

Hysteria,

Irritability,

Restlessness and Sleeplessness at Night,

Want of Muscular Efficiency,

Loss of Appetite,

Dyspepsia,

Emaciation,

Low Spirits,

Nervous Affections or Paralysis of the Organs of Generation,

Palpitation of the Heart, and, in fact, all the concomitants of a nervous and Debilitated state of the system.

INSIST THAT THIS GENUINE, CUT THIS OUT. Ask for HELMBOLD'S. TAKE NO OTHER.

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DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

594 Broadway, New York.

Caution.—None are genuine unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed H. T. HELMBOLD.

THE CRESCENT'S DISPATCHES.

FROM WASHINGTON.

THE TERRIBLE EARTHQUAKE.

FURTHER PARTICULARS.

The Revolution in South America.

A FLOOD IN VIRGINIA.

THE NEW YORK INVESTIGATION.

MORE CAVALRY CALLED FOR

Letter from Secretary Schofield to Gen. Thomas.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—Neither state nor navy department has official reports of the earthquake in South America, though its occurrence is fully confirmed by private letters. The crew of the Fredonia consisted of thirteen petty officers and fourteen hands, none of American birth. At Juquois, 600 people were drowned by a tidal wave. At Arequipa, the tower of the Church of Saint Cataline is the only edifice left. Nearly all the inmates of the hospitals and prisons perished. The course of the river Chili is changed, and the river emits a sulphurous smell. Mount Mistic is discharging lava and mud. No one dares to go where the city was. People living in tents. At Pancarphata hundreds were crushed by falling houses. At Ariea an American bark, loaded with guano, was swallowed. At Trequin, 150 lives, mostly of children returning from school, were lost. The town of Shegra was swept away, only 2500 inhabitants escaping. The niter works at Iquique were destroyed. Loss at Iquique $200,000. Mr. Bellingburst, British consul, was killed. The American bark Condor was lost—her crew saved. At the Chinca Islands there was first a hurricane, then an earthquake, then a tidal wave. Several English vessels were damaged, and a Prussian bark was wrecked. Over 300,000 persons are without shelter or bread.

Valparaiso papers state that Humaita was delivered up by a traitorous general. They also state that Paraguay was in a state of revolution, and Lopez dead or a fugitive.

A bloodless revolution has occurred in Panama. President Ponce is in prison, and Col. Correoso proclaimed himself president.

Later.—The navy department has just received details of the earthquake.

A violent rain fell throughout London, Prince Williams and Fairfax counties, Virginia, on Saturday night.

District Attorney Courtney, Solicitor Binckley and Secretary McCulloch, all visited the president to-day relative to the New York investigation. It is understood that the president desires Binckley to conduct the prosecution. Though Courtney is willing to have Secretary McCulloch employ additional counsel, he insists on leading the prosecution and declines acting further with Binckley. The result of the interview has not transpired.

Binckley's report to the president reflects severely on New York officials from Courtney down.

The navy department's earthquake advices from South America, have been anticipated in all essential particulars.

Sherman calls for another cavalry regiment to fight Indians.

Ketchum, collector for Alaska, has received final instructions and leaves Wednesday on the Ocean Queen.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, Sept. 11, 1868.

Gen. George H. Thomas, Commanding Department of the Cumberland:

General—Messrs. Wm. H. Heisner, T. A. Hamilton and J. H. Agee, a committee appointed by the Legislature of Tennessee, have waited upon the president, represented to him the present condition of affairs in Tennessee, and urged him to take steps to give protection to the law-abiding citizens of that State. A copy of the joint resolution under which the committee was appointed, and of a written communication from the committee to the president, are furnished herewith for your information. You will please report, without unnecessary delay, what force, in addition to that now under your command, will be required to enable you to give all necessary aid to the civil authorities of Tennessee to execute the laws, preserve the peace, and protect the law-abiding citizens of that State. The instructions heretofore given from this department are deemed sufficient for your government. It was the purpose of these instructions to confer upon you all the power which the laws allow, and it is the wish of the president that you exercise it within the limits of your lawful authority, with full discretion in your action to the end that in any event the peace may be preserved.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant, etc.

J. M. SCHOFIELD,
Secretary of War.

THE MAINE ELECTION.

Republican Gains.

PORTLAND, ME., Sept. 14.—The election to-day, after a canvass of extraordinary vigor on the part of both parties, resulted as follows:

Bangor—Gives Chamberlain 2067, Pillsbury 1286. Republican gain 530.

Lewiston—Chamberlain 1358, Pillsbury 639. Last year Chamberlain had 791, Pillsbury 394. Republican net gain 251.

Portland—Chamberlain 3331, Pillsbury 2210. Last year Chamberlain had 2046, Pillsbury 1315. Republican net gain 270.

Augusta—Chamberlain 1013, Pillsbury 926. Republican net gain 12.

Bath—Chamberlain 1060, Pillsbury 426; last year—Chamberlain 761, Pillsbury 389. Gain 359.

Hallowell—Chamberlain 385, Pillsbury 163. Republican net gain 94.

Rockland—Chamberlain 259. Gain 80.

PORTLAND, Sept. 14—6:30 P. M.—The vote in five cities foots up—Chamberlain 8154, Pillsbury 5305. The same cities last year gave Chamberlain 5244, Pillsbury 3582. Republican majority 2849, against 1662 last year—a net Republican gain of 1187.

FROM EUROPE.

Continued Insurrection in Bulgaria—British Comments on the Chalons Speech.

PESTH, Sept. 14.—Accounts of insurrectionary movements in Bulgaria continue to come in, and the garrisons in Transylvania have been strengthened.

LONDON, Sept. 14.—The press of this city comment seriously on Napoleon's Chalons speech when Napoleon said: "I will say nothing more, as the public prints are sure to draw prophecies of war, however moderate my words are."

FROM SAN FRANCISCO.

The Tidal Wave at the Sandwich Islands.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 14.—The steamer Idaho has arrived from Honolulu, which port she left August 29th. She brings the report that a tidal wave, ten to twelve feet high, was experienced on the 14th throughout the Sandwich Islands, doing considerable damage.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Brazil Still for War—Specie from California.

RIO JANEIRO, Aug. 24.—The ministry have determined to refuse mediation and to prosecute the war vigorously.

NEW YORK, Sept. 24.—The steamer Chauncey has arrived from Panama, bringing $100,000 in specie.

RIVER NEWS.

VICKSBURG, Sept. 14.—Passed up: Gen. Quitman at 4 and Mollie Able at 7 P. M. Passed down: Legal Tender at 10 A. M. Sunday: Pargoud at 7 P. M. to-day.

FROM SOUTHWEST PASS.

SOUTHWEST PASS, Sept. 14, 11 A. M.—Wind southeast and fresh. Arrived: Steamships Josephine, Lockwood, Galveston, to C. A. Whitney & Co.; Sherman, Henry, New York, to Wood, Low & Ludwigsen, and ship Ivanhoe, Thearle, Liverpool, general cargo to Lovell & Bailey. No departures. Brig William, eight days from Indianola, bound to Pensacola, put in here for water.

SOUTHWEST PASS, Sept. 14, 6 P. M.—Barometer 29:60. Wind east and light. No arrivals. Sailed: Schooner Olotta.

MARKETS.

LONDON, Sept. 14—Noon.—Consols 94. Bonds 72.

FRANKFORT, Sept. 14.—Bonds firmer; 75½@75¾.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 14—Noon.—Cotton flat and unchanged; sales 8000 bales. Bombay shipments for the week ending Sept. 11, 14 000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet. Tallow advanced to 45s. 6d. Sugar heavy.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 14—Afternoon.—Cotton declining; middling uplands 19½d.; middling Orleans 10¾d. Provisions firm. Pork 83s. 6d.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 14.—Superfine flour $7. Corn in bulk 95c. Mess pork $29. Bacon, shoulders, 13c. Clear sides 17¼. Whisky, free, $1 30.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 14.—Flour dull, a small business doing. Superfine $6 85@$7 25. Corn dull, unsettled. Choice, white, 97½@99c. Pork dull $29 25. Bacon quiet; clear sides 16½c; shoulders 13c. Whisky, free, $1 35.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 12.—Flour dull. Corn quiet and firm $1 Whisky, scarce, in bond 70c. Provisions quiet. Mess Pork $29@29 25. Lard 19½c. Bacon dull; shoulders 13; clear sides 18¾c.

MOBILE, Sept. 14.—Cotton market steady and firm. Sales to-day 650 bales. Middlings 21c. Receipts 726. Exports 214.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—Cotton dull and lower; sales to-day 900 bales; middlings 25@25½c. Flour—More doing; superfine $7@$7 60; Southern heavy; common to fair extra $8 85@$9 40. Wheat heavy; amber Tennessee, very choice, $2 30. Corn—Fair business doing; mixed Western $1 16@$1 20. Sound oats a shade firmer. Pork heavy at $29@$29 50. Lard quiet; a shade firmer; steam rendered 19½@20¼, kettle 20¼@20½. Whisky quiet and firm. Groceries steady. Turpentine 43@44c. Rosin $2 90@$7. Freights more active.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—Governments stronger at the close; old bonds 13¼, new 8½; 10-40's 104¾. Stocks strong.

HAVANA, Sept. 14.—Sugar quiet; No. 12 8 reals; No. 15 to 20 8½@10; Molasses sugar quiet 6@7½; Muscovados firm; fair to good refining 7@7½. Sterling 15½@16½. Exchange on the United States, 60 days, 26@27 discount; short sight 24@25. For gold, 60 days, 4½ premium; short sight 5@6.

NEW YORK, Sept. 14.—Money in large supply. Call loans 2@4c. Sterling steady. Gold quiet 144. Border State bonds lower.

AMUSEMENTS.

ST. CHARLES.—There was a crowded house at the Old Drury on Sunday night to witness the opening performance of the season by Skiff & Gaylord's Ethiopian minstrel troupe. Once more a brass band sent out its enlivening strains from the balcony, once more the long line of gas lights threw their radiance upon the street, and once more the doors were thrown open to the public, those doors through which hundreds have emerged full of the memories of a Ristori or a Forrest. The ticket office is occupied by the genial Bob Sirong, who, we are assured, will fill his seat to the satisfaction of every one of the theater's patrons. As regards the performances, they consisted in the main of the usual material. Thirteen performers, arrayed in black coats and pants and white vests, disguised with burnt cork as to their physiognomies, and each armed with a musical weapon, came upon the stage, sang ballads and choruses, and joked mechanically. Some of the *bon mots* were good, and brought the house down; some of the choruses were sung in exquisite harmony. And yet we fail to see, and always have, how these witticisms or harmonies are improved by blackened faces or kinky wigs. In saying this we do not criticize the troupe, but only question the merits of negro minstrelsy. And yet, although the Ethiopian theme has come to be a sadly hackneyed one, there was much to laugh at in the performances. The "School for Scandal," by Gaylord, Pell and Gardner, was an excellent hoax for most of the audience. The "Few Remarks," by Frank Pell, proved an excellent burlesque on some recent legislative oratorical efforts, while the contortions of the Jap-on-knees made some credulous people believe them india rubber automatons. A series of dissolving views concluded the programme, which we may state was repeated last evening before another numerous audience, and will be again performed to-night. A matinée for Saturday noon is announced.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Here, too, nightly performs a troupe of Ethiopian minstrels, headed by Billy Emerson, whose name, it must be confessed, is a wonderful attraction. Here, too, may nightly be heard Dick Parker's banjo and the clattering of the clogs of Kanane and West, and one may laugh heartily over the burlesques and sketches which conclude the performances. To-night a varied programme will be offered, and on Saturday we are promised the usual matinée for ladies and children.

Major General Blair.

Mr. David G. Croly, the author of "Campaign Lives of Seymour and Blair," in drawing to a conclusion his rapid sketch of the life of Major Gen. Frank P. Blair, presents the following summary of his traits as revealed in his public and private life:

Since the war, besides exerting himself professionally, Gen. Blair has labored with fine effect as a speaker for the conservative cause. His efforts have extended through several States, especially in Connecticut, where first set in the reaction which is now sweeping over the country.

Having always had a clear purpose in his fighting, he maintained it in its unity to the end, and in the prosecution of the plans of peace. The object was the suppression of the rebellion, simply and solely. The extinguishment of States, the degradation of the white below the black race, the supremacy of military over civil power, have received no countenance from him. Resuming with ripened and expanded convictions his position as statesman, and adding to it the record second to none, of eminent military qualities, he has labored with voice and pen as strenuously as he did with the sword to realize in peace the benefits he felt forced to seek by war. So orderly has been his mind, that he has always known where to stop. Believing in the negro's right to be free, he helped give him his freedom. Nothing less would suffice; nothing more was required. Devoted to the Union, zeal and intolerance never tided him over into disunion in the name of Union. He has never prostituted the name of liberty into tyranny, the name of loyalty into proscription of the white race, the name of anti-slavery into the enormities of negro supremacy. The issues of the war unaccomplished, made him a Radical. The issues of the war finally accomplished, left him a Conservative.

To speak of his magnanimity, bravery and popularity would only repeat the record of his soldierly career. Sherman kept him closer to him than his own shadow during all the war, and always had him for his second in command. His officers loved him; his men worshipped him. He was never defeated. Successive promotions in rank and power flowed in on him. He gave to each advanced responsibility a more brilliant discharge than the preceding one. No fraud taints his hands. No tyranny stamps his record.

In war he was a relentless, sleepless, always victorious enemy; in peace, he has proved a thorough, all-forgetting, wholly-trusting, magnanimous friend. His record is as consistent as it is patriotic. Those whom he regards as Northern rebels now, he opposes with as much fire and force as he did Southern rebels in the past.

His address is singularly popular and unaffected. He is accessible to the humblest, and serene among the highest. His personal power almost amounts to magnetism. He can mold men to the purpose he wishes. Not reticent, he is yet prudent. Emphatically, he possesses that equilibrium of all the faculties known as common sense.

His life has been almost a romance. Converting a State to freedom, and then saving it to the Union; the hero of two wars, and deservedly eminent in both; a business man of the highest integrity of mind and temperance of habit; an orator of great ability; a statesman of rare faculty and foresight; a man of indomitable will; his merits are all positive to the highest degree. In greatness, in clearness, in pureness, in combativeness, in statesmanship, he is a veritable Andrew Jackson. We have given his record. Further to reason from it would be supererogation. The country knows him, and, above all, his comrades in arms revere and love him.

At a large and enthusiastic mass meeting in Cleveland, on the 14th, speeches were made by Hon. Geo. H. Pendleton, J. H. Comstock and J. M. Kinney. At night there were speeches, fireworks, and a procession of the White Boys in Blue. Unusual enthusiasm and determination were manifested.

THE DEMOCRACY IN ST. CHARLES.

A LARGE AND ENTHUSIASTIC MASS MEETING.

Formation of an Auxiliary Hancock Club.

A grand Democratic mass meeting took place on Saturday, 12th inst., at Bouté Station, parish of St. Charles. There were upwards of three hundred persons of both colors present. The meeting was called to order by the Hon. E. B. Tanney, when the following gentlemen were chosen the officers of the day: President, P. D. Cocks; vice presidents, W. Treswell, G. A. Balinger, R. Scott, J. W. Blanton, A. J. Bulman, Hon. E. B. Tanney, Terris Brady, E. Orey, H. Canney, J. Clark, Chas. Davenport, L. Ransom, F. Lindinger, R. Cocks, A. Sassan, A. Trulow, J. B. Sassan; secretary, Benj. G. Adams; after which the president introduced James Jarvis, Esq., who addressed the meeting in a lengthy and eloquent manner, being frequently applauded as he dealt bitter blows against the isms of the Radicals. During the address of Mr. Jarvis a colored Radical club from Ashton plantation, with drum beating, flag flying, and with military step, came upon the scene. They were invited to take part in the proceedings, which invitation they accepted, and marched up to the building in which the meeting was held, and, giving us three hearty cheers, took their seats with the other people, amid the answering cheers of our side. The president then invited any colored man who desired to speak on the occasion to do so, when George Griffin came forward and opened his remarks by saying that he was a Radical, but admired the remarks of Mr. Jarvis; that it was the best doctrine he had ever heard, and that he advised his colored brethren to listen attentively to what was said, and to think well over it, and then make up their minds who was right, and on the day of election to vote for their interests. His remarks were lengthy and well delivered, and received the attention of the whole meeting.

Mr. Thos. P. Sherburne was then introduced by the president, and delivered an address which was one of the best this campaign has yet elicited. Its worth may be judged of by the fact that though it occupied two hours and a quarter, there was no one in the audience but who desired a yet longer continuance. An abstract even of Mr. Sherburne's remarks would cover too much space to be reproduced here, so they are best described by the statement that their effect was instantaneous and large. The meeting then resolved itself into a permanent organization, to be known as the "Hancock Club of the Fourth Ward, parish of St. Charles," and unanimously elected the following officers: President, E. B. Tanny; vice-presidents, P. D. Cocks, G. A. Belinger, Wm. Treswell, J. J. Durant; secretary, Benj. G. Adams; treasurer, H. W. Canney. We congratulate the people of St. Charles parish on this evidence of their awakening to the importance of the issues now upon us, and we congratulate the Hancock club on this the first fruit of their noble endeavor to diffuse our principles through the whole State. With such men in the metropolis to start the Democratic ball, and such patriots in the country to catch it up and keep it rolling it shall go hard if we cannot give the State next November to Seymour and Blair.

Local Intelligence.

THE CHARGES against Ex-Assistant Treasurer Francis Mouney were called up yesterday by Recorder Becker for examination, Messrs. T. J. Hunt and Thos. McCay appearing for the defense, and expressing a desire for a thorough investigation of the case. After the testimony of City Treasurer Mount and Messrs. Higinbotham and Harrison had been taken, the counsel for defense asked the discharge of their client, there being no charge of a criminal nature against him. An able argument was made in support of the demand, but before any conclusion was arrived at the recorder decided to continue the case over to another day.

THE SEYMOUR KNIGHTS hold a special meeting this evening at their room over the Gem, on Royal street, and will be addressed upon the political topics of the day by Durant Daponte, Esq.

A VERY TIPSY FEMALE was brought to the central police station last evening, and balanced by two officers, stood before the clerk's desk to answer the usual questions. "What's your name?" said the clerk. "Seymoor and Blair," was the reply with a majestic wave of the hand, and a reel backward. "Yes; but I want your name," repeated the official. "Triumph," was the reply given with a would-be oratorical grandeur. This was enough. "Take her in," said the clerk, as the intoxicated daughter of Eve was with no gentle hands bundled off toward the darker recesses within.

RECORDER GASTINEL yesterday sent before the First District Court Emile Goodman and Ernest Lorgere, who were arrested for shooting and wounding a daughter of Mr. Miller, who, on the 23d ult., was riding in a street car past a drug store in which they were standing. The affair appears to have been purely accidental.

THE REOPENING of the places of amusement on St. Charles street, and the free concerts offered nightly from their balconies, have attracted thither every evening the immense crowds which in past seasons have been wont to line the banquettes. The scene just after nightfall now in that locality has vastly changed during the past fortnight.

NINETY-FOUR DEATHS were reported last week to the Board of Health, being a decrease of eleven from the number reported for the week previous. 2 were drowned, 2 committed suicide, 1 died of brain disease, 2 cancer, 1 concussion of the brain, 2 congestion of the brain, 8 consumption, 1 fever, 1 bilious fever, 6 congestive, 2 pernicious, 1 puerperal, 1 remittent, 3 typhoid fever, 1 hydrophobia, 2 inflammation of the brain, 1 rheumatism, 7 stillborn, and the balance died of various ordinary diseases. 50 were males, 49 females, and 4 not stated; 64 were whites, 13 blacks 13 mulattoes, and 4 not classified; 23 were under 1 year, 13 between 1 and 10, 4 between 10 and 15, 1 between 15 and 20, 6 between 20 and 30, 12 between 30 and 40, 8 between 40 and 50, 7 between 50 and 60, 9 between 60 and 70, 3 between 70 and 80, 2 between 80 and 90, 1 between 90 and 100, and 5 whose ages were not reported.

REV. FATHER GIESSER, on Sunday, consecrated with appropriate ceremonies a new school located on Constance street, between Josephine and Jackson streets, and erected under the auspices of the Redemptorists.

NO ONE who witnessed the last grand Democratic demonstration failed to notice the Innocents Club, whose elegant uniforms and large numbers—some twelve hundred—were the objects of the praise of the press generally. We are gratified to state that at the next turn out their numbers shall have considerably increased, and that the display they will make shall be unsurpassed. Speaking of the Innocents, we are reminded that, notwithstanding the rumor, they did not take in their "stars and stripes" on Saturday last. The threats that were made to tear it down, far from frightening them, only recalled to their memory the words of Gen. Dix: "If any one attempts to tear down that flag, shoot him on the spot."

THE COOL WEATHER and the healthfulness of the city have tended to call homeward scores of watering place visitors earlier than usual this year, and as a consequence the coast villages are rapidly relapsing into their winter dullness. And yet there is abundance of enjoyment for those who remain. There is fine mackerel fishing at Mississippi City, a plenty of red fish in Bayou Portage, already some ducks at Pointe aux Chenes, and any abundance of callies and grassés in the woods. After all, one may enjoy himself over there with a gun or fishing tackle all the year round.

A SHOOTING AFFAIR occurred on Sunday, about 11 o'clock, on St. Charles street, near Felicity, the result of which was that Jerry Donovan was arrested and required to give $500 bonds for his appearance to be examined on a charge of attempting to commit murder. E. S. Robinson was the assailed party.

A REGATTA, gotten up by the citizens of Pass Christian, came off at that place on Saturday, the distance to be sailed being fifteen miles, or five times around a five mile triangle. There were two first class and eight second class entries, the judges being Messrs. E. Henderson and N. Holley. A stiff breeze was blowing, and the day was in every respect propitious. The first prize, a silver cup, was won by the *Lizzie*, in 2 hours and 48 minutes, and the second, a heavily silver plated pitcher, by the *Virginia*, in 2 hours and 50 minutes.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE held a meeting last evening at its rooms in the new bank building on Common street, for the purpose of choosing a committee to whom shall be referred all matters in dispute regarding the tariff, etc., on flour. The result was the appointment of Messrs. Valrien, Prudhomme, Camors, Dunnica and Pohlhaus as the committee in question. Other committees will be appointed to supervise similarly concerning other articles of commerce.

ROBBERIES.—The residence of Mrs. Roe, No. 157 Baronne street, was entered between the house of 11 and 12 A. M. on Sunday, and robbed of one gold watch and chain, a gold necklace, two cameo bracelets, two breast-pins and two revolvers, the whole valued at $350. A colored man, named John Bush, alias Brown, was subsequently arrested and locked up, charged with being the criminal party.

The warehouse of Louis Siebert, on New Levee, between Seraparu and First streets, was burglariously entered on Saturday, at midnight, by thieves, who forced open a back door and stole twenty hams, ten sides each of bacon and dried beef, a barrel of sugar and a keg of gunpowder. They were discovered conveying the stolen property to a skiff at the wharf, but succeeded in escaping, leaving the keg of powder behind them under the wharf.

About 11 o'clock on the same night some burglars were discovered by a servant on the front gallery of the residence of Mr. Thomas, on Philip, between Coliseum and Chestnut streets. They escaped by the rear entrance, taking nothing off but themselves.

Three colored men broke into the house of Mr. Louis, No. 277 Carondelet street, on Sunday night, and stole a quantity of gentlemen's wearing apparel. Being discovered and pursued by the inmates, one of the fugitives turned and fired a shot, which, however, did not take effect. They left behind them a double barreled shot-gun and a small crowbar, having effected an entrance through the back door.

Some bungling rogues made an unsuccessful effort on Sunday night to enter the dry-goods store of Mr. H. St. Armand, corner of Ursulines and Chartres streets, by boring augur holes around the door lock. A similar attempt, also unsuccessful, was made upon the store No. 26 Chartres street.

A RUNAWAY.—Yesterday about half past one o'clock a horse ran away, having attached to him a wagon which contained several barrels of soft soap. While the Carondelet and Baronne street car was nearing Calliope street, the occupants, principally ladies, were startled by the cry "oh, look there!" and in the rear was seen the runaway making a straight line for the car. Great nervousness was perceptible for a moment, relieved only by the horse diverging to the right and proceeding on its break-neck speed, to be halted only at the corner of Clio by a fall, the shafts of the wagon holding the horse firmly to the ground. It was raining very hard at the time, and we did not stop to see whether the horse was injured or not.

A CURIOSITY OF THE OLDEN TIME.—Our esteemed and able confrere of the press, Henry D. Thompson, Esq., has in his possession a singular and valuable relic of a former age. It is a silver watch, elaborately chased and embossed, and as round, almost, as an egg. The arms engraved upon the inner portion represent a crown, with a cypher which we could not make out, and a stag rampant underneath. What a series of vicissitudes may not this curious time-piece be connected with! It was made in London, 1731. It might have been worn by Marlborough, in his old age; Addison, or Pope, or Swift, may have owned it; or even George the First, or the Prince of Wales, his son, may have carried it in the royal belt. How this watch could have been put up for sale in the show-window of a New Orleans jeweler is a question which, if correctly answered, might produce a story unsurpassed in romance. It might, indeed, have been the property of Gen. Braddock, who was killed in 1756 or 1757, taken from his body by the Indians, and descended from father to son, until purchased by an itinerant trader.

THE PULPIT of Trinity Episcopal Church, Jackson street, was filled on Sunday by Rev. Mr. Pratt, now of Louisville, Ky., but formerly of Petersburg, Va., who visits our city by invitation of the congregation of Trinity. His discourses, both morning and evening, are spoken of as having been extremely able and instructive.

A MAN NAMED GEINTAS, who was shot on St. Philip street, near Chartres, last week, is reported as having died from his wound on Saturday evening.

A MILITARY MUSICIAN from New Iberia was arrested yesterday at the Jackson Railroad depot by officers Carr and Marks, by virtue of a telegram announcing a charge of forgery against him.

THE POP-CORN MAN, James Nugent, desires it to be distinctly understood that he is no Radical, but a Simon Pure Democratic Irishman, who intends to vote for Seymour and Blair.

THE TEMPERATURE yesterday, as shown by the observations of A. B. Griswold & Co., corner Canal and Royal streets, was as follows: At 6 A. M. 81 degrees; 12 M. 88; 3 P. M. 85; 6 P. M. 82.

SOME BOYS while playing with a lot of torches at the corner of St. Mary and Fulton streets, belonging to the Tenth Ward Club, came near setting fire to the building by the accidental explosion of one of the playthings. But slight damage resulted.

A SHOOTING AFFAIR occurred about 3 o'clock on Sunday morning in the coffee-house No. 553 Magazine street, among a party of men who had been drinking together. The police report states that one Mr. Dunn was assaulted by three men—Jake Heigle, W. Campbell and C. Thornton, and badly beaten. He retaliated in his defense by firing a revolver, wounding Heigle in the arm, and was subsequently arrested.

THE CLOTHING of a person who had evidently gone into the river to bathe, was found about one o'clock on Saturday, at post No. 29, First District, by citizen David Rausch. It was subsequently ascertained that it belonged to a young man named John Unger, aged twenty years, residing at No. 137 Chippewa street, who had left home about an hour before the discovery of his garments and had not since returned. He was unable to swim, and had imprudently ventured into the river. A sister of deceased fully identified the clothing as that worn by her brother. A body, supposed to be that of the missing youth, was yesterday discovered at the foot of Canal street.

A LOST COLORED BOY, eight years old, named Joe Tapen, bare headed and shoeless, dressed in a brown slip and a white shirt, may, if found, be returned to his parents corner of St. Thomas and Thalia streets.

RICHARD BELL, colored, was arrested yesterday, on Constance street, by officer McGee, charged by colored Becky Johnson with assaulting her son with a dangerous weapon, viz., a bowie-knife.

A COLORED MAN named Leon Desdunes, living on Burgundy street between St. Philip and Main, was stabbed in the left hip, the back and the right arm, by some unknown person, on Dauphin street, after the Radical procession had passed on Saturday night. He was taken home and cared for.

FROM ST. MARY.—According to the Banner, which is "red hot" itself, politically, the Democrats are very lively and active in the parish of St. Mary.

Last week the people of Franklin were favored with several sermons from Rev. Doctors Palmer and H. M. Smith, of New Orleans. The pious Banner commends their eloquent "efforts to strike the center of the most stony hearts of the deadest people, in a religious point of view, on the face of the earth."

The following cheering paragraphs are from the Banner:

The cane crop in the parish of St. Mary is magnificent. The weather, almost through the entire season, from planting till the present time, has been such as the planters would have wished it to be had they been allowed to have it made to order.

Cote Blanche bay is now swarming with red fish, drumheads, sheepheads, mullet, croakers and other fine fish. Shrimp and crabs are also to be found in abundance in the waters of that bay. So a citizen of that portion of St. Mary informs us.

PASSENGERS PER STEAMSHIP JUNIATA.—*From Philadelphia.*—Mrs. Smith and sister, J. A. Wentz, R. Barmann, J. V. Gessnon.

From Havana.—M. L. Levin, G. H. Evans, F. Velpner, H Buikerman, W. B. Kendall, M. Laurie, N. Perez, G. Colling, J Canslee, F. Valls, S. Fernandez, P. C. Cassanova, Mrs. H. A. Meyers, J. Conda, Mrs. D. B. Frey, R. V. Castro, B. Pigruro, M. Cuan, A. Harris, Miss J. Vila, J. Bethancourt, T. Basseman, H. Destruny, H. D. Augustin, L. Gardet, M. Cassel and wife, Mrs. Southe, N. P. Mellun, J. T. Menras, G. Hehle and wife, A. Plassan, Miss Mary Plassan and four servants, Master A. Plassan, A. Avendano, wife and child.

THE RETORT COURTEOUS.—"You're a dull looking set," as Sozodont said to the neglected teeth. "We shall soon improve under your auspices," as the neglected teeth said to sozodont.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL ITEMS.

Ohio registers fully 40,000 "White-boys-in-blue."

Mr. Pugh puts Ohio Democratic.

Senator Doolittle claims he will be re-elected.

Four Radicals clamor for Stevens' vacant chair.

Grant's home, Galena, is Democratic.

Thibodaux has a "Steedman Club."

North Carolina Holden is reported making overtures to the Democrats.

Radical motto—"We'll fight it out on lyin' if it takes all summer."

Sumner has not yet indorsed the "white-washer."

The Democrats of the fourth Massachusetts District have nominated Peter Harvey for Congress.

The Republicans of the first Wisconsin District met in convention at Waukesha, and nominated Gen. A. E. Paine for Congress by acclamation.

The National Intelligencer of the 10th inst. publishes three closely printed columns of prominent "converts" from Radicalism to Democracy.

The Democrats of the fourteenth congressional district of New York have nominated Stephen L. Mayhew, of Scohairie, for Congress.

The Democrats of the second Missouri district have nominated Mr. James J. Lindley for Congress.

Hon. L. F. Trisbee, of West Bend, Wisconsin, has been nominated for Congress by the Republicans of the Fourth District.

Abjah Mann, a former M. C. from New York, and a contemporary of Van Buren, Butler, Silas Wright, Marcy and Michael Hoffman, and one of the most remarkable men of his State, is dead.

The Democrats in the second district of Minnesota, where the Republican split has occurred, have nominated Eugene M. Allison, of Minneapolis, for Congress.

The Thibodaux Sentinel mentions as a striking feature of a Radical procession in that town, fourteen old women shouting and throwing up their bonnets.

Governor Seymour was serenaded at Albany, N. Y., on Wednesday night, in response to which he made a brief speech, stating that he had received from all sections of the country the most earnest assurances of success in the present canvass.

A colored caterer of Boston, named Smith, has given a private dinner, at which "assisted" Sumner, Dr. Belles, of Boston, Dr. Potter, of Grace Church, in this city, Moses Kimball, of Boston, and eight others.

It is reported that Raphael Felix has engaged Mlle Schneider for the London season of 1869 for fifty representations. The repertoire includes "Barbe Bleue," "La Grande Duchesse" and two other operas, both new. The salary will be about $20,000 in gold.

Helen Eckert, a girl of sixteen, of Easton, Pennsylvania, weighs now over five hundred pounds, and is unable, from her great weight, to get out of the house. She is evidently the "girl of the period," as a full stop has been put to her perambulations.

Commander Jeffers, of the steamer Swartara, who has just arrived from Liberia, says that the leading members of that government are of the opinion that enfranchising emancipated negroes is injudicious. They are not allowed to vote there unless they are educated.

Religious Radicalism, in Boston, is horrified at the blasphemy of a conservative doctor of divinity, who is reported to have declared that the success of the Democratic party would be the success of the Christian religion. It is only Wade and Wilson that lolly permits to utter the counsel of the Almighty.

The president has received a memorial from citizens of Mississippi, calling attention to the fact that, under the reconstruction act, and the present state of affairs there, there is no one authorized to issue a proclamation for the election of presidential electors. The governor elected by the people has been deposed, and the military commander, General Gillem, does not find authority in the law from whence he derives his powers to act, to warrant his interference in the matter in any shape.

Hon. Samuel Hambleton has been nominated for Congress by the Democratic convention of the first district of Maryland. The fourth district Democratic convention, after balloting unsuccessfully for two days, has adjourned to meet in Frederick City on the 22d inst. Major David R. Brown is announced as an independent candidate for Congress from the third district; and Wm. L. Macauley, from the same district, is announced as the candidate of the workingmen's or labor reform party.