THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT.

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Woman.

Females, owing to the peculiar and important relations which they sustain, their peculiar organization, and the offices they perform, are subject to many sufferings. Freedom from these contribute in no small degree to their happiness and welfare, for none can be happy who are ill. Not only so, but no one of these various Female Complaints can long be suffered to run on without involving the general health of the individual, and ere long producing

PERMANENT SICKNESS AND PREMATURE DECLINE.

Nor is it pleasant to consult a physician for the relief of these various delicate affections, and only upon the most urgent necessity will a true woman so far sacrifice her greatest charm as to do this. The sex will then thank us for placing in their hands simple specifics, which will be found efficacious in relieving and curing almost every one of those troublesome complaints peculiar to the sex.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU.

Hundreds suffer on in silence, and hundreds of others apply vainly to druggists and doctors, who either merely tantalize them with the hope of a cure or apply remedies which make them worse. I would not wish to assert anything that would do injustice to the afflicted, but I am obliged to say that although it may be produced from excessive exhaustion of the powers of life, by laborious employment, unwholesome air and food, profuse menstruation, the use of tea and coffee, and frequent childbirth, it is far oftener caused by direct irritation, applied to the mucous membrane of the vagina itself.

When reviewing the causes of these distressing complaints, it is most painful to contemplate the attendant evils consequent upon them. It is but simple justice to the subject to enumerate a few of the many additional causes which so largely affect the

LIFE, HEALTH AND HAPPINESS OF WOMAN

In all classes of society, and which, consequently, affect more or less directly the welfare of the entire human family. The mania that exists for precocious education and marriage, causes the years that nature designed for corporeal development to be wasted and perverted in the restraints of dress, the early confinement of school, and especially in the unhealthy excitement of the ball room. Thus, with the body half clothed and the mind unduly excited by pleasure, perverting in midnight revel the hours designed by nature for sleep and rest, the work of destruction is half accomplished.

In consequence of this early strain upon her system, a necessary effort is required by the delicate votary to retain her situation in school at a later day, thus aggravating the evil. When one excitement is over, another in prospective keeps the mind morbidly sensitive to impression, while the now constant restraint of fashionable dress, absolutely forbidding the exercise indispensable to the attainment and retention of organic health and strength, the exposure to night air, the sudden change of temperature, the complete prostration produced by excessive dancing, must, of necessity, produce their legitimate effect. At last an early marriage claps the climax of misery, and the unfortunate one, hitherto so utterly regardless of the plain dictates and remonstrances of her delicate nature, becomes an unwilling subject of medical treatment. This is but a truthful picture of the experience of thousands of our young women

Long before the ability to exercise the functions of the generative organs they require an education of their peculiar nervous system, composed of what is called the tissue, which is, in common with the female breast and lips, evidently under the control of mental emotions and associations at an early period of life; and, as we shall subsequently see, these functions, when excessive, lead, long before puberty, to morbid which sap the very life of their victims ere nature has self-completed their development.

FOR FEMALE WEAKNESS AND DEBILITY,

WRITES OR LEUCORRHŒA,

TOO PROFUSE MENSTRUATION,

EXHAUSTION,

TOO LONG CONTINUED PERIODS,

FOR PROLAPSUS AND BEARING DOWN,

OR PROLAPSUS UTERI,

WE OFFER THE MOST PERFECT SPECIFIC KNOWN:

Helmbold's Compound Extract of Buchu.

Directions for Use, Diet and Advice accompany.

FEMALES IN EVERY PERIOD OF LIFE,

From infancy to extreme old age, will find it a remedy to aid nature in the discharge of its functions.

STRENGTH IS THE GLORY OF MANHOOD AND WOMANHOOD.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IS MORE STRENGTHENING THAN ANY OF THE PREPARATIONS OF BARK OR IRON,

Infinitely Safer and More Pleasant.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

Having received the indorsement of the most prominent physicians in the United States, is now offered to afflicted humanity as a CERTAIN CURE for the following diseases and symptoms, from whatever cause originating:

General Debility,
Mental and Physical Depression,
Nervous Irritability,
Determination of Blood to the Head,
Confused Ideas,
Hysteria,
General Irritability,
Restlessness and Sleeplessness at Night,
Absence of Muscular Efficiency,
Loss of Appetite,
Dyspepsia,
Emaciation,
Low Spirits,
Disorganization or Paralysis of the Organs of Generation,
Palpitation of the Heart, and, in fact, all the concomitants of a Nervous and Debilitated state of the system.

TO INSURE THE GENUINE, CUT THIS OUT. Ask for HELMBOLD'S, TAKE NO OTHER.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Price $1 25 per bottle, or six bottles for $6 50. Delivered to any address.

Describe symptoms in all communications. Address

H. T. HELMBOLD,
DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
594 Broadway, New York.

None are genuine unless done up in steel engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse and signed H. T. HELMBOLD.

THE CRESCENT'S DISPATCHES.

The Alabama Delegation — Surratt — Movement of Troops.

THE HERALD ON THE CAMILLA RIOT.

APPOINTMENT OF STORE KEEPERS

ORGANIZATION OF THE CITY GOVERNMENT.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The Alabama Legislature delegation is with the president.

The prosecution against Surratt will probably be continued.

Semi-official gossip about Mr. Davis's trial says Mr. Evarts will take no active part in the trial, he having originally suggested Mr. Dana as the proper person to lead the prosecution.

Gov. Welles, of Virginia, continues to take an active interest in the prosecution, as a lawyer. The impression prevails in official quarters that there will be no trial.

The Alabama delegation had a two hours' interview with the president to-day, during which they presented their documents and had a free conversation. Another interview is fixed for to-morrow, when the secretary of war will be present and the president's answer will be communicated. Meantime the parties to the interview consider themselves bound to silence regarding details.

A portion of the 20th infantry have been sent to Alexandria, Virginia. The 29th regiment, which will arrive at Nashville on Tuesday night, numbers 300 men.

Internal revenue receipts to-day $500,000.

Commissioner Rollins has left the city for two weeks.

The Herald says editorially: "The governor of Alabama is certainly not far wrong in his notion that more national troops are unnecessary in that State. The presence of 50,000 soldiers in Alabama would not be so effective in keeping the peace as the Camilla fight will prove. Now that the whole history of that event is seen it is undeniably clear that the negroes provoked the disturbance. They marched with their Radical leaders, with music and arms, into a quiet town, comporting themselves in an offensive manner, making a bullying expedition and the menace of their conduct was met as if it were real. Niggers will see by this example that it is not yet safe to bully white men, and that will prevent collisions."

Among the appointments to-day are: Storekeepers — James McCulloch, third district of Texas; W. W. Darwin, third district of Alabama; Wm. F. White, first district of Louisiana; R. K. Bond, third district of Mississippi; J. C. Hendricks, second district of Alabama; Henry M. Banley, second district of Texas; and G. P. Houghton, first district of Louisiana.

The city government, after a struggle since June, was organized to-night. The Radical and Democratic competitors for the presidency of the Board of Aldermen withdrew, and Alderman Grinder, a moderate Republican, was elected.

The legislative committee from Alabama express themselves highly gratified with the courtesies they received to-day at the White House. The whole delegation appear to have fallen into Gov. Smith's views regarding federal aid, which meet the president's approval, and which do not go beyond extending to Meade the soldiers heretofore sent to Thomas.

The garrison at the federal capital is very much reduced, and further demands for troops will have to be met by drafts from regular posts North.

FROM ATLANTA.

The Georgia Legislature—Democratic Meeting—A. H. Stephens.

ATLANTA, Sept. 28.—The Senate took up the special order of the day, which was the consideration of the bill declaring the ineligibility of freedmen to office. Tabled.

The bill to prevent common carriers discriminating [illegible] lost.

The bill forbidding the formation of military companies and drilling the same, passed.

The Democratic meeting in this city on Saturday night was largely attended and ended with a torchlight procession. The meeting was addressed by Gen. Gordon and others. Gordon made a powerful speech. He said the people of the South longed for peace, and that whatever may be the result in the coming presidential election the South will acquiesce in the will of the United States as expressed through the ballot-box—they propose to submit to all laws imposed by authority of the government peaceably and quietly. Pointed out past submission to laws which were considered unconstitutional and an outrage on the rights and interests of the South as an evidence and a guarantee of future conduct. He said that should Grant be elected president, and any party North or South endeavors to prevent his inauguration, he, for one, would pledge his sword and best services to place him in the presidential chair.

Hon. Alex. H. Stephens will attend the great fair to be held in this city, from the 6th to the 10th of October, and will give public readings for the benefit of the First Baptist Church.

FROM AUGUSTA, GA.

More Negro Troubles.

AUGUSTA, Sept. 28.—On Friday night last a band of colored soldiers attempted to mob two colored Democratic speakers, but were prevented by white citizens. Last night in a conflict between the negro soldiers and citizens, white and colored, one of the former and one of the latter were wounded. There is much excitement and a general feeling of insecurity on the part of our citizens.

FROM RICHMOND.

Double Murder and House Burning—Fatal Railroad Accident, etc.

RICHMOND, Sept. 28.—On Saturday night, in New Kent county, Mrs. Stewart, widow, was murdered, and her body burnt with her dwelling. John Baker, her farm manager, was also murdered and robbed of $50 in gold. Four houses have recently been burned in the same neighborhood. The military will be sent there.

A special to the Dispatch says: A train on the Central road, with the twenty-ninth infantry, bound from Washington for Tennessee, ran off the track this afternoon, near Gordonsville, killing four and wounding a large number. Three companies of the same regiment left here to-day for Tennessee.

FROM EUROPE.

The Spanish Revolution.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—The loyalists lost six hundred men at Santander.

The loyal General Cologne is approaching Santona, which he will level unless the inhabitants yield.

PARIS, Sept. 28.—The city of Alcoy has revolted, and three ships, supposed to be part of Prim's fleet, appeared off Carthage yesterday. It is stated that the town of Leon has pronounced for the revolutionists. It is also reported that Saragossa had rebelled, and that Comite Cheste had been killed.

LONDON, Sept. 28.—The Spanish revolution gains strength. Valladolid and both Castiles have revolted. The royal forces have been recalled from Santander to protect Madrid.

FROM SOUTHWEST PASS.

SOUTHWEST PASS, Sept. 28—11 A. M.—Barometer 29:70. Wind E. N. E. and light. Arrived steamship Cortes, Nelson, New York, to A. Moulton; bark Walter, Buch, Rockport, Me., ice to Crescent City Ice Company. No departures.

SOUTHWEST PASS, Sept. 28—6 P. M.—Barometer 29:70. Wind N. E., fresh. Arrived steamship Victor, Gaile, master, from New York, with merchandise and passengers to G. A. Foadick & Co. No departures.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Butler Renominated—Death of the French Consul at Havana—From South America.

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—Butler has been renominated for Congress.

HAVANA, Sept. 28.—The French consul here is dead.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—The Alaska brings Panama dates to the 19th. The people are discontented with the new government.

No further details from the earthquakes. The crops in Guatemala and Nicaragua are suffering from drought.

The fever is disappearing from Salvador.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 28.—Four English miners were crushed to death by the caving of an iron mine at Mount Hope, N. J., to-day.

RIVER NEWS.

VICKSBURG, Sept. 28.—Passed up Peoria City at 11 A. M. yesterday, and Commonwealth at 2 this morning, Quitman 5 P. M., Kellogg and Barges 5 P. M. Passed down Mississippi at 7 P. M. yesterday, Silver Spray at 3 P. M. River rising rapidly.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 28.—River rising fast, 13 feet of water on the falls. Weather clear and pleasant.

ST. LOUIS, Sept 28.—River 7 feet to Cairo.

MARKETS.

LONDON, Sept. 28—Noon.—Consols 94½. Bonds firm, 73½. Sugar firm.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 28—Noon—Cotton firm; sales estimated at 12,000 bales. Other markets unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 28—Afternoon.—Cotton firmer; sales 15,000 bales. Flour quiet. Provisions and lard dull.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 28—Evening—Cotton advancing. Uplands 10d., Orleans 10½d. Turpentine 26.

LONDON, Sept 28—Evening.—American securities firm. Bonds 73.

FRANKFORT, Sept. 28.—Bonds close firm.

HAVANA, Sept. 28.—Sterling firm, 113½@114½. Freights in moderate demand for Europe. None for United States.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—5-20s of '62, 113½; of '64, 109½; of '65, 110½; new issue, 108½; of '67, 108½; of '68, 108. 10-40s, 104½. Money in demand but supply ample. Market easy. Call loans 4. Prime discounts 7, with little doing. Gold excited and irregular. Stocks closed active but excited and unsettled, business large. Subtreasury balance $95,250,000.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Governments heavy; 5-20s of 1862, 113½; Tennessee 6s, new, 69½; North Carolinas, 76½; new, 74½; Virginias, new, 55½ asked. Sterling nominal, 8@8½. Gold irregular, 141½@141½. Southern bonds generally steady.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—Cotton firmer; sales today 1250 bales. Middlings 25½c., with some sales reported at 26c. Flour dull—Superfine $6 50@$7 30; extra $7 65@8 10. Wheat dull—amber Tennessee $2 25. Corn a shade better; mixed Western $1 16@1 18½. Mess Pork $28 40. Lard—steam rendered 18¾@19¾, kettle 19½@20. Groceries quiet. Turpentine 45@45½. Rosin $2 60@$7 50.

MOBILE, Sept. 28.—Cotton market firm. Sales to-day 1200 bales. Middlings 22@22½c. Receipts 1116 bales. Exports 178.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 28—Flour and wheat dull and nominally unchanged. Corn $1 06@1 07. Oats 62@66c. Pork $29. Lard 19½@19¾c. Bulk meats 11@14c. Bacon—shoulders 12½@12¾c., sides 14½c., clear sides 16c., hams 19@19½c. Butter 38@42c. Eggs 23@24c.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 28.—Tobacco unchanged. Flour quiet. Wheat $2@2 05. Corn 85@88c. Oats 52@56c. Pork $29. Bacon sides 13½c., clear sides 16½c., shoulders 12½c. Lard 18¾@19c. Whisky $1 50.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 28.—Tobacco steady; lugs $6@8; medium leaf $11 50; fair cutting $14@35. Hay, prime, on wharf, $16 75. Superfine Flour $6 75@7. Wheat $1 90@2 20. Corn 97@98c. Oats 53@55c. Mess Pork $28 75@29. Lard 19¾@20c. Bacon—shoulders 12¾@13c.; clear ribbed sides 15½@15¾c.; clear sides 16¼@16½c. Bulk meats—shoulders 11¾c.; clear sides 15¾c. Whisky, raw, free, $1 40. Cotton—middlings 23c.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 28.—Cotton opened quiet but closed active and firmer. Sales 226 bales. Middlings 22½@23c. Receipts 617 bales.

LOCAL POLITICS.

Secretaries of Democratic Clubs

Will confer a favor upon the editors of this column by sending to the CRESCENT office after each meeting of the several clubs which they represent, a synopsis of the proceedings. We are compelled to ask this from them, as the rapidly increasing number of Democratic clubs in the city render it impossible for a local force, however large, to furnish this column a complete compendium of local political intelligence, and, with the aid of our friends, will certainly do so. But such assistance is necessary. We trust that the Democrats of the city will give it.

The Jewell Cadets

Held their meeting at the Star Cottehouse, No. 156 Front Levee, Ninth Ward, Third District, Saturday evening. Fifteen new members admitted. The organization is now over 100 strong, all voters. An invitation was extended to Mr. E. L. Jewell to participate in the flag presentation next Saturday night. An invitation from the Ninth Ward German Democratic Club to participate in a banner, a German flag and wreath presentation next Saturday night, October 3, 1868, was received. An invitation was sent to the above club in reciprocity, to participate in the flag presentation next Saturday night.

The following gentlemen were nominated as candidates to the delegation of the next State convention: Messrs. M. J. Zunts, Charles Keller, and M. C. Raymond.

The meeting adjourned till next Wednesday night 7½ o'clock.

Officers: J. A. Michel, president; Jas. G. Smith, vice president; Wm. Wolfe, secretary; Charles Keller, treasurer; Cornelius McMahon, marshal; Mike Driscoll, 1st assistant marshal; C. Dougherty, 2d assistant marshal.

Honorary members: Capt. Perfect, E. Sweeney, Alfred Seymour, Geo. Heaton, Hon. Gray, W. F. Kelly, John Heaton, J. J. Massicot, Louis Power, Henry Wright, Webster Long, General Rousseau, Capt. Cooksey, M. O. Tracey, General Steedman, Jas. Jackson, Judge Kennedy, Gen. H. T. Hays, Maj. John G. Campbell, M. C. Raymond, Perry Fulda.

Clubs Meeting To-night.

The Crescent City Democratic Club hold their regular meeting this evening at their wigwam, and addresses will be delivered by Messrs. Samuel S. Carlisle and Douglas West, both members of the club. The ladies are specially invited to attend; they may rely upon every attention and comfort being ready for them. Col. Fred Ogden is the president, and Lee Shute the secretary of the organization, and the other members are chips from the same block. We would suggest that Colonel Ogden should also address his fellow-citizens, for no man is better qualified to do so.

The Hancock Club hold their regular meeting this meeting. After the ordinary business the Hon. E. North Collum, of Avoyelles, will address the club and such other citizens as may happen to be present. Judge Collum is a man of rare attainments and eloquence, and we hope to see a crowd in the spacious room, 139 Canal street.

The parish committee hold a meeting this evening at 6 o'clock. Urgent business is to be transacted, and every member should be present.

A regular weekly meeting of the Crescent Mounted Club is called for this evening, at which both honorary and active members are requested to attend. See notice published elsewhere.

The Seymour Guides, Jr.
The Workingmen's Club.
The Third Ward Central Club.
The Magnolia Democratic Club at 217 Gravier street.
The Rousseau Guards, corner Elysian Fields and Levee streets.
The Southern Seymour Club, corner Second and St. Patrick streets.
The Fuller Guards, Brook's engine house, Algiers.
The Seymour Knights.
The Draymen's Club at 5 P. M.
The Fossil Guards, Jr.
The Central Committee.
The Seymour Vedettes, 666 Love street.

SAILING OF THE CUBA.—The steamship Cuba, Captain Dukehart, sailed last evening for Baltimore via Havana with a full freight and the following passengers:

For New York—Mrs. Maunony, Wm. Van Norden, C. E. Stroud.

For Havana—Julia de la Paz, Pedro Chapie, Mr. Vensovilla.

For Baltimore—C. Lewis, Todswerth, W. Frick, Jr.

Passengers per steamship Cortes, from New York: Mr. A. Soper, Mr. Alex. Kohl and wife, Miss. S. Gallager, Mr. James B. Savage, Mr. Chas. Haas, Mrs. Mary Cazaux, Mr. Daniel Kelly, Mr. G. Brunata, Capt. Austin.

Passengers per steamship United States from New York: J. Van Norden and wife, Mrs. J. F. Clarke and three children, Miss Bella Townley, David McLeod, wife and two children, Miss Jenny Townley, H. F. Van Arnane, H. Otis, C. Weddein, Thomas Watson, Miss T. Watson, M. Downing, E. Fitzpatrick, T. E. Roux, S. Kowalsky, Miss M. Cashmere, Daniel Hecht, Albert Schultz, and seven in the steerage.

Local Intelligence.

THE PRIMARY ELECTIONS.—Meetings were held in the various wards last evening for the election of delegates to the Democratic State Convention which assembles in this city to-morrow. The length of time required for a correct count of the votes cast, and the consequent announcement of the result, renders it impossible for us to furnish our readers this morning as we had hoped to do, with a list of the delegates elect. The voting, as far as heard from, was spirited, particularly in the third and fourth wards. We shall publish full details in to-morrow's edition.

Third Ward—John Tobin, M. J. Fitzgerald, J. Koepfer, E. H. McCaleb, A. B. Small, J. G. Campbell, J. Corprew, C. Taylor Gauche, A. Barrett and H. Muldowney.

Fourth Ward—J. Van Winkle, J. F. Sturcken, Chas. Cavaroc, John Monnigahn and H. M. Stewart.

Tenth Ward—J. B. Eustis, Richard Herrick, Thos. McLaughlin, Wm. Redmond and John Becker.

Eleventh Ward—Frank Gerstner, W. Pope Noble and J. W. Patton.

THE SCENE in the House yesterday while the governor's veto of the "civil equality" bill was under discussion was rather an unusual one. On ordinary occasions the bar which separates the lobby from the floor of the house presents but a long row of black faces and woolyheads of cornfield darkies, come to gaze at the strange and daring side by side with "white gemmen," and having equal rights to talk about laws and vote upon them. The inside of the bar, too, is usually lined with colored "frens ob de members," who, with a rather stuck-up air at the reflection on their superior privileges, look somewhat disdainfully on their brethren outside, peering curiously over the railing, and having to struggle even to get a place at that.

But yesterday it was different. The crowd in the lobby was three or four times as great as usual, but more than half of them were white men, who were determined for once to see what the much talked of Legislature looked like. The inside of the bar was also very full, there being a great many white men and any number of colored men. The House had been very noisy during the first part of the proceedings, but when the discussion of the veto commenced, perfect quiet reigned throughout the spacious hall and every man gave his serious, earnest attention to the debate. As the discussion progressed it was curious to watch the change of countenance of the members as one colored member after another announced that he indorsed Gov. Warmoth's course, and as one white Radical after another followed in their wake.

When the colored men themselves spoke in favor of the bill, the same strict quiet attention was given. One colored man, Hall, spoke from notes, and another, Holland, of Tensas, read his speech from manuscript which lay on his desk. But one Democrat, Mr. Pratt, of Claiborne, spoke to the veto. Two white Radicals spoke for the veto and against the bill. When the roll was called, and as member after member answered to his name, the faces of the advocates of the bill, as they saw the chances of its success slipping away, became more and more lowering, and those of its opponents brighter and brighter.

When the final result was announced by the speaker—"Thirty-two yeas to thirty-two nays, and the bill does not pass"—a slight stir went around the hall, an attempt at applause, quickly stifled by the speaker, and the crowd who had occupied the lobby and floor turned to depart, while the House proceeded to other business. Those of our readers interested in the matter will find a full abstract of the debate in another column.

JUDGE COOLEY requests us to state that it was not Gerrard who was the registrar that refused to register his name, after taking the legal oath. Hanmore was the individual. It makes no difference as to the mere name in the legal proceedings; but it is due to Gerrard that he should not bear too much of the opprobrium of Baker and his cabal. The registrars obeyed the order of Judge Leaumont and registered Judge Cooley. We presume Baker took the snubbing coolly.

WE CALL PUBLIC ATTENTION to the extract from the minutes of the National Club of Algiers. It denounces Kennific's action and proclamation following statement: After Kennific had placed posters containing his proclamation to be stuck up everywhere in Algiers—the proclamation calling upon "the good people of New Orleans, right bank, to at once repair to their residences and abstain from any exciting acts or conversation, and to do all in their power to preserve the peace and quiet of the parish"—Kennific got gloriously drunk and went about the principal resorts, cursing the negroes for sons of dogs and everything of that sort. If such be the case Kennific was a splendid exemplar.

THE SCHOOL TEACHERS are authorized to leave their classes between 10 and 2 o'clock to-day, in order to obtain their salaries at 39 Burgundy street; provided, however, their absence does not interfere with the discipline of their schools.

SQUIRREL HUNTING IN LAFAYETTE SQUARE might have seemed a natural thing enough forty years ago, but in these modern days of curbstones and iron railings, it is not a little out of the usual order. An unfortunate bushy-tail, coming from no one knows where, found himself yesterday in that delectable spot of late consecrated to midnight woolings or to midday snoozes in the shade, and, leaping from tree to tree, looked down upon a crowd of corporation employés or hungry boys, all longing for a lock of his hair. Like a wise little squirrel, he concluded to give them no such memento. Unlike Mr. Scott's ccop, or Banquo's Ghost, he would not come down at their bidding; so the amateur hunters turned wearied from the vain chase.

"HAVE YOU FIFTY?"—The Republican Executive Committee have addressed to Radical officials the following circular, indicative of aught save a flourishing condition:

ROOMS STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE,
Republican Party, La., No. 12 Dryades street.
New Orleans, Sept. 22, 1868.

Dear Sir—This committee is in great need of funds to carry on the campaign. The voluntary contributions of friends (with what has been advanced by the National Republican Committee) have been exhausted. The committee have deemed it necessary to call on Republican officeholders to contribute. We do not desire to limit you in your contribution, but it is the opinion of the committee that members of the Legislature should contribute at least $25.

We rely on your public spirit and party zeal.

Very respectfully, DON A. PARDEE,
J. A. RAYNAL,
SAMUEL H. HOUSTON,
Finance Committee.

THE MASONIC CEREMONIES attending the interment of the remains of our late respected fellow-citizen, Willis P. Coleman, Esq., were unusually imposing. The members of Dudley Lodge No. 66 F. and A. M. (of which Mr. Coleman was the oldest member) of Orleans Chapter, Orleans Commandery, the Grand Commandery of Knights Templar, the Grand Consistory and the Grand Lodge escorted the remains from Masonic Hall to the New Masonic Cemetery at Metairie Ridge, where the funeral services of the order were performed by Worshipful Bro. Wm. McDuff, Junior Warden of the Grand Lodge, the address being delivered by Bro. Edwin Marks, W. M. of Dudley Lodge. The closing ceremonies were performed by Illustrious Bro. Albert Pike, the presiding officer of the Supreme Council, Scotch Rite, of which Bro. Coleman was a member. The attendance of the fraternity was the largest seen upon such an occasion in many years.

ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-EIGHT DEATHS were reported during the past week, there being an increase of twenty over the number reported during the previous week. Two resulted from gunshot wounds, one drowning, two apoplexy, five congestion of brain, thirteen consumption, twenty-six fevers of various kinds, two pneumonia, fourteen stillborn, and the balance from various ordinary complaints. Seventy-one were males, sixty females, seven not classified. Eighty-seven were whites, forty-six colored and nine not classified. Fifty-nine were of children under ten years.

GEN. ROUSSEAU has, by direction of the president, ordered that D. C. Lusk, now confined at Ship Island, be turned over to Sheriff Wurzburger for trial before a civil court. Mr. Lusk was tried before a military commission three years since in this city, upon a charge of murder, and was sentenced to death, but appealed forthwith to the president, and with the foregoing result.

THE CITY TREASURER yesterday morning commenced paying the city pay-rolls up to March 31st in city money.

THE TEMPERATURE yesterday, as shown by the observations of A. B. Griswold & Co., corner Canal and Royal streets, was as follows: At 6 A. M. 77 degrees; 12 M. 81; 3 P. M. 83; 6 P. M. 80.

The temperature yesterday, as shown by the thermometer at C. Duhamel's, 111 Canal street, was as follows: At 6 A. M. 67 degrees; 12 M. 76; 3 P. M. 80; 6 P. M. 79.

A GOOD OLD CREOLE DINNER.—We, yesterday, were the recipients of the hospitality of that prince of restaurateurs, "Auguste Broué," well known formerly as the host of the "Pelerin," at his newly opened establishment—the "Campement Restaurant."

Auguste gave us a dinner with which no possible fault could be found. It was such as might have been laid upon the tables of our old creole *bons vivants* in the palmy days of New Orleans, and we cordially believe that there are few restaurateurs in America who could have done half as well. Were it not that we do not wish to excite the envy of all those who were not there, we would give the bill of fare. But let the reader who doubts that it was splendid go there and call for a duplicate. It will not be hard to take, and will not cost a fortune either.

SPEECH BY GEN. ROUSSEAU.—The gallant commander of this department, Maj. Gen. Rousseau, was serenaded by the Chanticleer Club and their escorts, at his residence on Apollo street, on Saturday evening. In response, the general appeared upon his balcony, and said:

"*My fellow citizens*—I thank you for this call and the beautiful music and flowers you bring with you. But I must repeat to you what I have said to all other clubs who have honored me with a call—that I deem it inconsistent with my position and duty as an army officer to say anything [illegible]

"It is, however, a fit occasion to say a word on another matter, induced at the moment by the passing of a negro procession, an instant ago, and the exhibition of some feeling on both sides. Let me tell you, my countrymen, that you cannot afford to have a riot or mob in your city, let who will begin it. It can bring no good to you or yours, but evil only. It can relieve you of no grievance, real or imaginary.

"I hope you will allow no bad men to precipitate you into collision with your opponents, and that you will hold him of either side who provokes it your worst enemy. The man, white or black, who induces a riot here deserves instant death, and I trust will receive what he merits. You must bear and forbear in the future as in the past, till time and your own peaceful action shall make all things even.

"But enough. I have no fear of you. Your honest and manly faces invite implicit confidence, as have the quiet, peaceful and gentlemanly deportment of all the processions who have honored me with a call.

"And now, thanking you again for the compliment you pay me, I bid you good night."

SHOOTING OF RICHARD MURPHY.—About five o'clock on Sunday morning the neighborhood of St. Mary's Market was the scene of another desperate rencounter, which resulted in the wounding and probable death of Richard Murphy, a police officer, who about two years since was tried for the murder of the lamented Fred Gruber. After a night passed in dissipation, Murphy became involved in some dispute with one of his comrades, Peter Gallagher, and made a movement as if to draw a pistol and shoot him, but was induced to go off a short distance. He subsequently returned, however, and this time became involved with a supernumerary policeman, named P. D. Gordon, at whose breast he is said to have placed his pistol, and snapped it twice. Gordon, in turn fired twice, the first ball taking effect in Murphy's groin. Gallagher is also said to have fired twice at Murphy, who, wounded as he was, sought refuge in a saloon, where he was subsequently found and conveyed thence to the Charity Hospital. Both Gordon and Gallagher were arrested, and at noon yesterday, being confronted with Murphy at the hospital, the latter pointed out Gordon as the man who had shot him. Both the accused were remanded. At latest reports there were no prospects of the wounded man's recovery.

A CUTTING AFFAIR.—Corporal Roosen reports that at 11½ P. M. on Sunday, a man named Martin Leps drew a knife upon a woman with whom he was quarrelling in a house on Barracks street. He, the corporal, rushed upon him, took the knife away, and then gave a call-rap for assistance. Leps then went off in the direction Chartres street, where he subsequently fell and laid across the gutter. The Sixth Ward Democratic Club was passing at the time. In a scuffle which ensued officer Mohr of the police force was slightly stabbed with a knife in the left hip, and Leps to his residence, the latter is now lying at the Charity Hospital. Who did the cutting has not been ascertained.

THE CHARGE of embezzlement against Messrs. S. Hirsch, J. Waterman, B. W. Warner and E. Burcke, was tried yesterday before Recorder Becker, and failed. The accused were all honorably discharged. The case was in regard to seventy-eight barrels of rum deposited in bonded warehouse.

ANOTHER SHOOTING AFFAIR.—A colored boy named Thornton shot a colored servant in the employ of Mr. Moise, on Camp street, between Race and Orange streets. The pistol was loaded with shot which took effect in the woman's right eye, inflicting an ugly wound. Thornton made his escape.

A CAR DRIVER SHOT AT.—Special officer Canonge reports that, last evening, a man entered one of the City Railroad cars, corner of St. Peter and Tonti streets, with a lighted cigar in his mouth. Being requested by the driver to put it out, the smoker refused, and, drawing a revolver, shot the driver in the left ear, and then alighting, made his escape. The wound is not a dangerous one.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—About 9 o'clock last night, Louis Bravier, keeper of No. 21's Engine-house, accidentally shot himself in the abdomen with a revolver which he was cleaning. The wound is said to be a dangerous one.

THE ALARM OF FIRE about 11 o'clock last night came from the corner of Magnolia and Erato streets. Further details we could not ascertain.

WE ARE INDEBTED to Mr. William Ennis, secretary of the Washington Club, for the following score of a match game of base ball, the second of the series, played between the second nines of the Washington and Pelican Clubs. The former club was also victorious in the first game of the series. The match was played on the grounds of the Washington Club:

WASHINGTON. Names.	Runs.	PELICAN. Names.	Runs
Levy	4	Butler	1
A. Dorvin	4	Riviere	2
C. Letten	4	Riviere	3
F. Otto	3	Meyers	1
J. Butler	4	Dowby	1
F. Letten	4	Martin	0
Turregano	5	Sherburne	0
Total runs	28	Total runs	8

Umpire, Mr. B. Vedrenne. Time of game 2 hours.

FOUND DEAD.—A gentleman named J. B. Grossier was found lying dead in his bed at his residence, No. 170 Orleans street, at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The coroner was notified.

OFFICER POYNOT reports that at 2½ A. M., Sunday morning, he found Mr. Robert Abbott, dangerously wounded in the head, and was informed by that gentleman that he had been shot by some unknown person from a house on Franklin street, between Poydras and Perdido. The officer conveyed Mr. Abbott to the Charity Hospital.

A TRUNK, said to have been recently stolen from a Mrs. Williams, corner of Notre Dame and New Levee streets, has been found with a portion of its contents under the harbor master's office, in the Second District. A tin box, which had been in the trunk, and had contained $600 in specie and currency, was found lying empty on the levee last evening. Two negroes, Becky Harkins and George Poindexter, are in the Parish Prison charged with the theft.

AN AGED NEGRO, name unknown, fell dead on the banquette, corner Poydras and Rampart streets, about noon yesterday. The coroner was notified.

JOHN KELLY, alias Caldwell alias Brady, was arrested on Poydras street yesterday afternoon, charged with being a deserter from the United States army.

A SHED at the corner of New Levee and First streets was knocked down by the wheel of a passing cart yesterday afternoon, and falling upon a man, name unknown, injured him dangerously.

COLORED WILLIAM HENRY was arrested yesterday on the steamboat landing with a carpet-bag, containing two hams, supposed to be stolen.

A FIRE, supposed to have been the work of an incendiary, occurred yesterday morning in an empty frame dwelling, corner of Washington Avenue and Prosper street, owned by a Mr. Setter. The property was insured.

A BURGLAR WOUNDED.—A negro named Denis Robinson burglariously entered the residence of Mr. Joseph Pamison, corner of Lafayette and Dryades streets, early on Monday morning, and was discovered by that gentleman in his bedroom, busily engaged in packing up such clothing or other valuables as his capricious fancy di[illegible] Mr. Pamison leaped from his couch, and atta[illegible] the intruder, inflicted a dangerous cut in his [illegible] Officer Kuffner, hearing the noise, came in [illegible] rested the burglar, and subsequently had him moved to the Marine Hospital. Mr. Pamison [illegible] rendered himself to await an examination.

THE ACCIDENTAL DISCHARGE OF A PISTOL in the pocket of John Brickley, while running along Orleans street, near Villere, on Sunday night, inflicted a wound in the hand of that gentleman. He was taken to his residence.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL ITEMS.

A. Bouchard has been appointed collector for the third Louisiana district, vice Tisdale.

Gen. Gates, of New York, the senior officer in the United States army, is said to be quite sick.

Robert Lincoln, Esq., a nephew of the late president, died at Carthage, Ill., a few days since, in the 44th year of his age.

General Butler is watching the ship of State, but he wishes her to go two ways at once, so that he can keep both eyes upon her.—[EX.

The law office, books and papers of Mr. Girad, of Vermillionville, were lately destroyed by fire—the work of an incendiary. So says the Advertiser.

A call is in circulation and has received many signatures throughout the towns in Butler's district for organized opposition to the nomination of Butler for Congress.

[illegible] procession to day was one hour passing a given point. Gen. Blair, Mr. Pendleton, and others spoke.

Arnold, the well-known guide on the John Brown raid, shot a German residing at Saranac river, N. Y., on Tuesday last. The German has since died. Arnold has fled into the woods, and declares he will not be taken alive.

The following congressional nominations have been made by the Republicans of Maryland: First district, H. R. Torbert, of Cecil county; second district, John T. Enson, of Baltimore county; third district, Gen. Adam King, of Baltimore county; fourth district, Dan. Weisel; fifth district, W. J. Albert, of Baltimore county.

The Texas State Gazette says a deep gloom has been cast over society in Austin by the death of Mrs Eliza H. Major, wife of Gen. James P. Major, late of the Confederate army, second daughter of Dr. John G. Chalmers, deceased, once secretary of the treasury of the Republic of Texas, and sister to the lamented Mrs. Gen. Tom Green.

The Boston Traveller says: "There never was a time when the services of Hon. John P. Hale were so much needed in the United States Senate as at present, if one-half the stories told of the nature of punishments in the American navy are true. It brings forcibly to mind the old tales about the inquisition."

A party of about sixty persons, all armed, and many of them mounted, made an attack on the house of a Mr. Justice, near Cork, Ireland, on the night of the 21st, and stripped it of arms, which they carried off. The movement was directed by an American. There was no opposition offered.

John Savage, the head center of the Fenian organization in this city, will sail for Europe about the middle of next month, for the benefit of his health, which has become impaired through the arduous nature of his official duties. Mr. Savage will not venture upon English soil, but will make Paris his headquarters during the few months he will be absent.

The John Allen furor at New York is rapidly exhausting itself, and the whole affair is one of the wickedest pious frauds ever foisted upon the public. Allen's pretended reformation, conversion, etc., reduced to fact, it is said, is simply suspension of his infernal business, and letting his room for a series of prayer meetings, for which he gets $350. Fanny Holden's case is similar, and respectable people are about tired of the powder wasted on