The New Orleans Crescent.

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S. S. NIXON, Editor and Proprietor.

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SUNDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 11, 1868.

Democratic National Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT:

HORATIO SEYMOUR,
OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

FRANK P. BLAIR,
OF MISSOURI.

Electors for the State at Large:

GEO. W. RACE.....W. F. BLACKMAN.

ALTERNATES:

DURANT DAPONTE.....E. J. ELLIS.

District Electors:

First Congressional District.....ANTHONY SAMBOLA.
Second .. ..M. B. BRADY.
Third .. ..CLARENCE WARD.
Fourth .. ..S. J. POWELL.
Fifth .. ..F. M. GOODRICH.

ALTERNATES:

First Congressional District.....W. L. THOMPSON.
Second .. ..J. H. KENNARD.
Third .. ..H. H. WALSH.
Fourth .. ..E. NORTH CULLOM.
Fifth .. ..J. H. BRIGHAM.

For Congress:

First District.....LOUIS ST. MARTIN.
Second .. ..CALEB S. HUNT.
Third .. ..ADOLPHE BAILEY.
Fourth .. ..MICHAEL RYAN.
Fifth .. ..GEO. W. McCRANIE.

The publication of the laws in the CRESCENT having now been brought up to date, those remaining will, hereafter, appear in the CRESCENT on the morning following their appearance in the evening Republican.

Those of our citizens who have known of the high reputation of the female seminary, at Columbia, Tennessee, attained under the direction of Mrs. Polk, the widow of the bishop-general, will doubtless be glad to learn that this lady, having severed her connection with that institution, has determined to cast her lot for the future wth her own people, with the people with whom, in his lifetime, her husband was connected by strongest bands of love and reverence; in our community where every Episcopalian must acknowledge the claims which the widow of Bishop Polk has upon him, where every man must feel bound to assist the widow of General Polk. Mrs. Polk, we learn, intends shortly to open in this city a school for young ladies, to be directed jointly by herself and her daughter, Miss Susan Polk. We trust that she will meet with that liberal encouragement from our citizens which, ignoring other claims upon our hearts, her acknowledged abilities as a preceptress give her a right to ask.

AN EXCELLENT SUGGESTION.—The people of New Orleans will hail with profound satisfaction the proposition which will be found on one fourth page this morning, to organize the any question which can affect their general interests, whether in the enactment of laws, in resistance to improper legislation, in improvements and advancement, or securing equitable taxation.

Many of the wealthiest and most respectable proprietors have already signed a list for the above purpose, which is now open for further signatures at the office of C. E. Girardey & Co., Exchange alley. When the list shall have been adequately signed, a public meeting will be speedily called.

This proposition receives the cordial indorsement of the CRESCENT.

The New York Tribune says that the Tennesseeans desire to have Gen. Thomas back again and want to be relieved of Gen. Gordon Granger. By Tennesseeans the Tribune means that charming alliance of negroes, carpet-baggers and scalawags known as the Republican party. These would like to have Gen. Thomas back again because he is one of their sort and they have relied on him to aid them in their villainies. Gen. Granger will do his best to protect the real people of the State, and hence he is denounced as a copperhead. It's a wonder that the Tribune doesn't call him a rebel and a traitor.

The editor of the CRESCENT is indebted to the Sixth Ward Rough and Ready Club for his election as honorary member in their excellent organization.

Mr. Simon, the popular book and newspaper dealer, 85 Baronne street, has just received a quantity of the Seymour and Blair song book, containing all the most spirited and popular Democratic songs of the present canvass.

CHARITABLE ENTERTAINMENT.—We are glad to notice that, with the advance of winter upon us, the efforts made to relieve those who will suffer by its advent multiply amongst those of our citizens who, with time and money to spare, wisely conclude that they can make no better use of either than to employ them in the service of charity. An entertainment for the benefit of that well-known institution, the Camp Street Female Orphan Asylum, is now on the tapis, and, from all we can learn of it, will prove a great success. The affair is to take place at the Opera House on the 22d inst., and will embrace a concert and a series of tableaux, the latter being produced by the members of the Chalmette Club. We are requested to announce to the ladies and gentlemen who have volunteered their services for the musical portion of the performances that there will be a rehearsal on Tuesday evening, at No. 20 Baronne street. A full attendance will, of course, be desirable.

A ROW OF FIGURES.—In 1860 the taxable property in the State of Louisiana was estimated to be worth $602,118,568. In 1866, it would only have brought $225,000,000. In 1860 the aggregate wealth of the States of Arkansas, Louisiana, North Carolina, South Carolina, Texas and Virginia was $2,886,703,489. In 1866, it amounted to $952,986,209, or a little less than one-third of what it was six years before.

The CRESCENT thanks the First District German Democratic Club, and the Tigers, for their hearty cheers in its favor. There are no better, more steadfast, hard working clubs than the ones above mentioned.

WOMAN'S STRENGTH AND WEAKNESS.

Miss Susan B. Anthony and Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton, and other champions of the right of women to equality with men in politics and in the labor market, are mortified and perplexed at the general failure of the attempts which have been made to introduce female compositors in great printing establishments in New York, on the same footing with male compositors. It seems that in every instance where the experiment has been tried to an exhaustive result, it has failed to demonstrate the ability of female hands to earn as much wages as male hands, by performing in as short a time as much work of as good quality. In consequence of this disappointment, a co-operative printing office for women has been formed, in the hope of thus obtaining shelter from the ruinous competition of male labor. According to report, it meets at the start with considerable encouragement, and promises to yield to the co-operators a comfortable compensation and to afford a valuable school for perfecting the more diligent and vigorous among them in the printing craft. But whatever may be its fate, it does not touch the root of the difficulty indicated in the demonstrated inability of women to compete on equal terms with men in that branch of the labor market which is comprised in the typographical department of the daily newspaper press. It neither meets nor satisfies the complaint, which lies at the bottom of nearly all the woman's rights agitations and movements, that as an almost uniform rule women receive less pay for work, whether mental or manual, than men receive. The only strange thing about this fact is that any rational being should think it a strange phenomenon, or in itself a specific wrong demanding a specific remedy. Read by the lights—sunlight or gaslight, skylight or subterranean light—of this trading, work-day world, its simple statement is its sufficient explanation and justification. The labor market would not be a market if it discriminated against woman for other than purely commercial reasons. As blind as justice, and as inexorable as fate, it is no more a respecter of persons or of sexes than geometry, or algebra, or arithmetic is.

It deals with products, not producers. It measures and computes products in their qualitative and quantitative aspects, and pays for them accordingly. Here, after all, if we may so speak, is the plain secret of the vexed question about the comparatively low compensation of female laborers. If they have been usually paid less than male laborers, let them toil, and fret, and complain as they might, there can be but one reason for this usual disparity; and that reason is that they have produced less. It would be as preposterous to suppose that female labor, of equal value with male labor, would fail, merely on account of sex, to command an equal price, as to suppose that two samples of wool of the same quality would be rated differently in the wool market because one was from the back of a female, and the other from the back of a male sheep. The reason here assigned for the general fact under consideration is well illustrated by some distinguished exceptions. Who, for example, ever thought of offering a less price for a painting by Rosa Bonheur than for one by Landseer particle of literary taste ever prefer, in his book purchases, a dull novel by G. P. R. James to a piquant and pithy one by Charlotte Bronte, or the lactaqueous twaddle of Tupper to the rich, red wine which flowed through Mrs. Browning's verses?

And if we look still deeper for an explanation of the fact that women have generally been paid less as laborers than men, where shall shall we find it? Nowhere, but in the different constitutions of the two sexes. Nature, in making man stronger than woman, stronger in bone, in muscle, in nerve fibre and brain texture, made him the more powerful as a fighter and the more efficient as a laborer. For labor is simply a development of strength. It may be safely assumed that in whatever sphere men spontaneously enter as laborers, they will display an efficiency with which it would be hopeless for women to try to compete. There are, of course, exceptional men who do not come under this rule. This is enough to indicate the normal spheres of female labor. They include all positions and functions which men, by instinct of sex, spontaneously remit to the more fragile and the more graceful sex—the sex that, under the talisman of love, and the supreme dictates of manhood, always generous in proportion as it is strong, may ever find its natural, exhaustless, and infallibly conquering store of power in the fact of its constitutional weakness. The so-called woman's rights movements, in so far as they propose to take women from this inestimable vantage ground and expose her, stripped of the proper armor and weapons of her sex, to the terrible attrition of economical forces, are at war with nature, with manhood and womanhood, and with the tender offices and incalculable compensations of love.

General Meade's latest order is an illustration of what we have come to under Radical rule. It is simply an assumption, on the part of a military commander, of the power to interfere in elections under pretense of guarding the public peace. Formerly the people of this country were so jealous of their rights and their franchises, that in many States military companies were prohibited from parading on election days. The very proximity of the musket and the bayonet to the ballot-box was regarded with horror and alarm. Now a military commander, by public order, takes the elections in three States under his charge, and directs, instead of restraining, the interference of his troops. This means nothing more nor less than military despotism—military despotism not even disguised by the forms of law. The pretext that these dispositions are made with the purpose of preserving order is an insult to the intelligence of the public. Every one knows the meaning and the result of military interference in elections. Everybody knows that, in the language of military despotism, disorder means voting against the wishes of the commander of the forces. When a man has bayonets at his back, he cares very little for the ballot-box, except as an agency for the accomplishment of his purposes. We do not know that Gen. Meade actually intends to carry the elections in his district by force of arms—he would not be able to do so, even if he wished—but he shows that he is perfectly willing to violate all the well settled principles of public liberty, and to trample the civil authority under the heel of military power.

HYPOTHESIS AGAINST FACT.

Papers like the New York Times which claim, while supporting the Radical ticket, the credit of some recondite and incomprehensible conservatism, seeing that it is impossible to make a decent defense of the abominable misrule which the Radicals have been permitted to impose on the country, as, so far, the supreme result of the late war, are driven to the miserable shift of setting up hypothesis against fact, and arguing that, bad as the case now is, it might have been worse if the "rebellion" had succeeded. Thus the Times says: "Men of all parties, whatever may have been their original convictions or opinions on the subject, can now see and realize the terrible peril from which the nation has been saved. The success of the rebellion would have entailed disasters which all now appreciate. The establishment of the Confederacy would have been but the beginning of national griefs." On what grounds which either logic or experience will allow does the Times lay down these propositions? On none whatever. They consist of the baldest hypothesis. There was nothing in the principles which it was designed to vindicate by Confederate independence opposed to the political liberties or to the material interests of the country. In fact, it was an intense solicitude for those libertics and interests which inspired Southern secession and confederation. The Radical subversion of constitutional government, which was apprehended then by the best and wisest men in both sections, has since become a reality; and the defeat of the "rebellion," so called, instead of saving the country from peril, disaster and grief, has been, through the resulting abominations of Radical usurpation, folly and wickedness, made to pave the way to thickening dangers, and to depths of shame, and to an accumulution of calamities before unknown in the civilized world. The salvation of the country has yet to come; and it is only to be saved by being wrested from the ruinous dominion of Radicalism. These are plain, palpable facts of experience, and the New York Times weakly attempts to diminish and nullify them by an empty hypothesis.

DIED:

On Saturday, the 10th inst., at 2 o'clock A. M., after a lingering illness, MARY J. ERNUL, wife of F. A. Dentzel.
The friends and acquaintances of the family are invited to attend her funeral, THIS (Sunday) MORNING, at 10 o'clock, from her late residence, No. 244 Camp street.

"Dickson's"

CHEAP MILLINERY

—AND—

FANCY STORE

REMOVED

From Canal Street to the Corner of Magazine and Josephine Streets.

"DICKSON"

Would respectfully inform the Ladies of this city that on account of the HARD TIMES and HIGH RENTS, that he has removed from CANAL STREET to the above address, and would respectfully ask for a continuation of their patronage. I can, on account of LOW RENT, afford to sell the Same Class of Goods that we sold every day on Canal street at least

TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. LOWER

Hats, Bonnets, Flowers, Feathers, etc.,

And will sell them at prices that will be satisfactory to all who may favor me with a call. As

DICKSON

Was the first to introduce to the Ladies of this city a Store where they could find what they wanted in the way of MILLINERY GOODS for themselves and the Little Folks at Reasonable Prices, he will continue to Sell Cheap, and do all in his power to please and give satisfaction.

DICKSON,
Corner of Magazine and Josephine streets.

Just Opened.

We have received by late Steamers the NEWEST STYLES of

FANCY CASSIMERE BUSINESS SUITS,
BROWN BEAVER NEW MARKET FROCKS,
FRENCH CASSIMERE PANTS,
BLACK VELVET AND SILK VESTS,

And OTHER NOVELTIES—all offered at the LOWEST PRICES, at

PITKIN, PIERSON & CO.'S,
13 and 15 Camp street.

71.....Camp Street.....71

I. G. BERRY & CO.,

—DEALERS IN—

FANCY AND STAPLE GROCERIES.

Especial attention given to Family Orders.
Goods delivered FREE OF DRAYAGE.
Country orders solicited and promptly attended to.

F. Fabre.

SUPERIOR CLOTHING AT LOW PRICES.

Having just returned from the North and added to my stock a new and fresh supply of SEASONABLE AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING, I beg to say to all who may need any articles appertaining to a gentleman's wardrobe, to give me a call, as I am sure they will be pleased with the QUALITY, MAKE and PRICE of the goods offered them.

F. FABRE,
Corner St. Charles and Common streets,
Under St. Charles Hotel.

To the Property Owners

—OF THE—

CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

It is proposed to organize the Property Owners of the City of New Orleans into an Association with a view of securing their combined and united action in any question which can affect this great interest, whether it be to secure the enactment of laws, the adoption of necessary improvements, the encouragement of progress, or to restrain improper legislation, whether State or municipal, and to secure an equitable system of taxation and the proper application thereof.

The List, which is already very numerously signed by the largest and most respectable property owners of the city, may be found, for the convenience of all those disposed to become members, at the office of Messrs. C. E. GIRARDEY & CO., No. 17 Exchange Place, between Canal and Customhouse streets.

As soon as this List shall have received the signatures of our leading property holders, a public meeting will be duly announced for speedy organization.

The influence which such an association is capable of accomplishing for the improvement and embellishment of our great city, and the increased comforts of its inhabitants, are so obvious and apparent, that it is hoped not a single property owner will withhold his co-operation.

Boys' and Youths' Clothing.

We have just opened a FINE STOCK OF CLOTHING FOR BOYS, and can suit all tastes.

FANCY CASSIMERE JACKETS AND PANTS.
BLACK CLOTH SACKS AND PANTS.
SILK MIXED SUITS—ALL SIZES.

—ALSO—

Boys' Shirts, Under shirts, Drawers, Collars, Suspenders, etc.

Call and examine the prices at

PITKIN, PIERSON & CO.'S,
13 and 15 Camp Street.

S. N. Moody's

POLITICAL CAMPAIGN.

FELLOW-CITIZENS—Never—perhaps—in the memory of man was a canvass of the world attended with such brilliant results as the one just now completed for the benefit of all mankind and the people of the Southern States in particular. Not alone have the suffrages of our vast concourse of national contributors been secured, but England, France and Germany are responding with myriads of the newly enfranchised, and it becomes my pleasing duty, immediately on my return home, to report the glorious success which has attended my labors for your comfort and happiness for the coming season.

An immense meeting of Shirt Operatives was held at the Factory in New York, which was suitably decorated for the occasion with columns of New York Mills, Wamsutta and other Muslins, festooned with several elegant grades of pure Linens, and tastefully adorned with Stars of Buttons, Spool Thread and elaborate devices in Scissors, Knives and other military and civil recontrements, and after the most enthusiastic addresses, resolutions were offered and the following Platform adopted, nem. con.:

SMALL PROFITS AND QUICK RETURNS

TO SELL A SPLENDID SHIRT FOR $9.

Equal to any other make so'd at $2 50 each.
To Warrant the BUTTONS never to come off.
To sell every description of fine LINEN and COLORED SHIRTS, equally as Cheap.
To fit every size, from the SMALLEST BOY to the LARGEST MAN.
To Collar all creation with TEN PAPER COLLARS of the best kind for 25 cents.
To sell Good UNDERSHIRTS for 75 cents each.
To sell Fine DRAWERS for the same price.
To sell Real Shaker Flannel SHIRTS and DRAWERS at $2 50 each.
To sell Shaker Knit SOCKS at $6 per dozen.
To supply the trade with LOCKWOOD'S PAPER COLLARS, at their Factory Prices; and
To Change your VOTE or refund your money, if not satisfactory.

England promises to furnish deputations by the thousands of BRITISH SOCKS, which may be purchased and made to toe the mark at $5 per dozen.

Thousands of new style ENGLISH COLLARS have arrived, and if satified by a trial you will button on to no others.

The aristocracy are equally alive to your interests, and the following BIG BUGS will great you at MOODY'S:

PRINCE OF WALES	SCARFS.
DUKE OF EDINGBURG	BOW.
EARL DERBY	KNOT.
LORD NAPIER	GAROTE SCARF.
GLADSTONE	TIE.
C. DICKENS	TIES and COLLARS.

And an endless variety of NECKTIES from other distinguished personages.

FROM FRANCE.

Three thousand five hundred pairs of REAL JOUVIN'S KIDS (all of age) arrived per last steamer, and, after duly naturalizing themselves at the Custom House, were immediately prepared to vote early and often, and to be sold—RETAIL AT WHOLESALE PRICES.

Newest Parisian designs of ELEGANT SCARFS AND TIES can be bought from 25c. up.

Guyot and other makes of SUSPENDERS, with very elastic ideas, are offered from 50c.

SLEEVE LINKS, STUDS, ARTICLES DE PARIS, PERFUMERY, and refreshing COLOGNE, will be on hand and eager for the fray, at prices to surprise all.

GERMAN HALF-HOSE, full regular make, are rushing over and have arrived in thousands, and will be on foot for the occasion at $3 per dozen.

SEASONABLE GLOVES at 50c a pair.

NIGHT CAPS will go to your polls at 50c. each.

Even ROMAN SCARFS, elegant new patterns, and GARIBALDI MUFFLERS at 50c. each, are not too remote to reach you.

But, above all, a unanimous women's vote, just registered at the New Orleans Manufactory, has declared in favor of making your CHAMPION SHIRTS, COLLARS and UNDER GARMENTS to order, on a few days' notice, at Greatly Reduced Prices, and a perfect fit guaranteed. Try it.

Every steamer from the North and Europe brings large accessions of every description of MEN'S FURNISHING GOODS, and I grant you will see more bargains and a finer display of novelties than elsewhere in America awaiting your demands at

S. N. MOODY'S

Champion Shirt and Men's Furnishing Emporium,

CORNER CANAL AND ROYAL STREETS
WHOLESALE ENTRANCE NO. 4 ROYAL ST.

BE SURE YOU VOTE THE RIGHT TICKET,

Get Your Shirts at S. N. Moody's.

Just Opened.

We have received by late steamers the NEWEST STYLES of

FANCY CASSIMERE BUSINESS SUITS.
BROWN BEAVER NEWMARKET FROCKS.
FRENCH CASSIMERE PANTS.
BLACK VELVET AND SILK VESTS.

AND OTHER NOVELTIES.

All offered at the LOWEST PRICES at

PITKIN, PIERSON & CO.'S,
13 and 15 Camp street.

Agency

FOR IRON PIPE AND FITTINGS FOR STEAM, WATER AND GAS.

We have received a full supply of PIPE and FITTINGS, both Plain and Galvanized, and shall continue to sell at manufacturers' prices.

We have also a good supply of SHELF HARDWARE, SHEET, BOILER, BAR and ROD IRON, RUBBER HOSE, PACKING, SHEET LEAD, LEAD PIPE, and all kinds of RAILROAD, STEAMBOAT and MECHANICS' SUPPLIES, which we will sell as low as any house in the South.

BOSTICK & SEYMOUR,
Corner of Common and Fulton streets.

Stoves! Grates!

HOLLOW WARE!

J. H. CAMPMAN,

133.....Poydras Street.....133

Has in store and for sale a complete assortment of STOVES, GRATES, and HOLLOW WARE, at the lowest market rates. Also, COPPER, TIN, SHEET IRON, extra pieces for Grates, Baskets, Blowers, Ash-pans, etc., etc. Having constantly employed the very best mechanics, he is prepared to do all kinds of TIN and SHEET IRON WORK with neatness and dispatch.

J. H. CAMPMAN,
133 Poydras street.

At the Opening

OF THE FALL TRADE

People will do well to remember McLAUGHLIN'S GARDEN DISTRICT GILDING ESTABLISHMENT, 691 Magazine street, near the corner of First. Regilding and Resilvering promptly attended to. Square and Oval Pictures and Portrait Frames made at short notice. Postoffice box 1833.

New Furnishing Goods.

We have received by late steamers our usual assortment of UNDERWEAR for winter, comprising:

Shaker Flannel UNDERSHIRTS and DRAWERS;
Red " " "
Canton Flannel DRAWERS;
Cashmere and Merino SHIRTS,

—Also—

Linen Bosom SHIRTS, SOCKS, GLOVES, NECK TIES, COLLARS, etc.

All of which are of the latest style and offered at the LOWEST PRICES.

Call and examine at

PITKIN, PIERSON & CO.,
13 and 15 Camp street.

Carpet Warehouse,

19.....CHARTRES STREET.....19

A. BROUSSEAU & CO., importers, offer at low prices, CARPETING—English and American, of all kinds; Rose Furniture and enamel OIL CLOTHS; MATTING—500 rolls China, 100 pieces Cocoa; WINDOW SHADES; Table and Piano Covers; Oilcloth—Dragget, Linen and Felt; Curtains—Lace, Rope, Worsted, Damask, etc.; Furniture Covering—Linen and Cotton, striped; Cornices, Bands, Pins, etc.

Phalon's

"PAPHIAN LOTION"

—FOR—

BEAUTIFYING THE SKIN AND COMPLEXION.

PHALON'S "Paphian Lotion" removes all ERUPTIONS, FRECKLES, PIMPLES, MOTH BLOTCHES, TAN, etc., and renders the Skin Soft, Fair and Blooming.

For Ladies in the Nursery it is invaluable. For Gentlemen after Shaving it has no equal. "Paphian Lotion" is the only reliable remedy for diseases and blemishes of the Skin.

PHALON'S "Paphian Soap" for the Toilet, Nursery and Bath will not Chap the Skin.

Price, 25 cents per Cake. Sold by all Druggists.

Removal.

S. ANDERSON,

PHOTOGRAPHER,

Begs to announce to his numerous friends and the public, that he has removed from 61 Camp street, to his present location

183 CANAL STREET,

where he has fitted up, with all the modern improvements, the best arranged establishment for the Photographic business in this country.

His experience during the last fourteen years has enabled him to construct the most artistic lights, and by the aid of greatly improved apparatus, and the most recent discoveries in chemical science, he is now ready to demonstrate that Photographs can be produced better in our own Sunny South, than in any other climate; the great difficulty has hitherto been, not so much the want of experience, as the great lack of proper facilities.

S. ANDERSON earnestly requests the kind continuance of former patronage whereby, with close attention on his own part, and with the assistance of experienced Operators and Artists, he will be enabled to produce such works in the photographic art as have never hitherto been made in this city. Having two fine sky-lights, enables him to give his especial attention to children, and to difficult subjects; thus avoiding the annoyance of impatient sitters, where all the work has to be done under one light, affording us a better opportunity of doing justice, and giving entire satisfaction.

After the 1st of October, the Gallery will be open during the evening for the reception of visitors who may desire to call and examine at their leisure, not only our own works, but Oil Paintings of the highest merit. New Works will be constantly added to the collection whenever opportunity offers, so that all who desire may see and cultivate a taste for art in all its various branches. Having long felt confident that such an establishment would be appreciated in New Orleans, neither time, labor, nor expense has been spared in perfecting everything that is requisite for a FIRST CLASS GALLERY, and hopes his efforts will prove an entire success, a his whole aim shall be not only to equal, but to excel anything that has yet been done in the Photographic art.

PRICES shall be AS LOW AS POSSIBLE for fine work, and hopes by strict attention to business, and the fulfillment of all the above assertions, to see not only his old customers, but hosts of new ones at

183 Canal Street,

THREE SISTERS BUILDINGS,

NEAR CHRIST CHURCH.

Gallery open from 8 o'clock, A. M., until 9 P. M.

Boys' and Youths' Clothing.

We have just opened a FINE STOCK OF CLOTHING FOR BOYS, and can suit all tastes.

FANCY CASSIMERE JACKETS AND PANTS.
BLACK CLOTH SACKS AND PANTS.
SILK MIXED SUITS—All sizes.

—ALSO—

BOYS' SHIRTS, UNDERSHIRTS, DRAWERS, COLLARS, SUSPENDERS, etc.

Call and examine the prices at

PITKIN, PIERSON & CO.'S,
13 and 15 Camp street

Notice

TO ALL PERSONS WHO ARE REFUSED REGISTRATION.

All persons who are refused registration, and are legally entitled to the same, are notified and requested to report their cases to the DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE Rooms No. 205 CANAL STREET, between the hours of 12 and 3 o'clock.

THOS. STEEL,
Secretary Democratic State Central Committee.

George Alces,

MANUFACTURER OF HAVANA CIGARS

—AND—

IMPORTER OF GENUINE LEAF TOBACCO,

185 RAMPART STREET,

NEW ORLEANS.

Orders for CIGARS of every quality filled promptly and with strict attention. Sells Cigars unsurpassed in Havana at surprisingly low rates. Also LEAF TOBACCO (both the finest Havana and American) of all kinds.

Has received a large supply of RIBBONS from Granada, Nos. 10, 15 and 20.

SMALL PROFITS and QUICK RETURNS.

Diseases of the Eye.

Dr. JULIUS HOMBERGER, (late Assistant to Dr. Stohel, Paris,) OCULIST, 140 Canal street, New Orleans. Office hours from 11 to 2 o'clock. Clinic for Diseases of the Eye Saturdays, from 2 to 4 o'clock. Physicians and Medical Students are invited to attend the Clinic, Demonstrations with the Opthalmoscope, etc. Poor patients will be treated and operated on free of charge.

"Southern Lands" Agency.

We offer our services for the disposal of LANDED PROPERTY, etc., in the Southern States. References and information promptly given.

LIVINGSTON, EGERTON & CO.,
No. 59 Liberty street, New York.

Housekeepers

Will find at our old stand, 59 Camp street, all descriptions of House Furnishing Goods, Fine Cutlery, Plated Ware, Fine Cut and Plain Glassware; French China, Plain and Decorated Dinner and Tea Sets; Stone, China, Plain and Fancy Toilet Ware.

SAM'L E. MOORE & CO.

New Carpets and Oil Cloths.

ELKIN & CO.,

168 Canal Street, opposite Christ Church,

Are now receiving new Styles of Velvet, Brussels, Three-Ply and Ingrain CARPETS. Also Floor OIL CLOTHS, WINDOW SHADES, Lace and Damask CURTAINS, and a large assortment of UPHOLSTERY GOODS, for sale at the Lowest Market Price for Cash.

New Goods.

The Finest TIME-KEEPERS in the world, direct from the celebrated factories of M. J. Tobias, T. F. Cooper and Spear, in England; Appleton, Tracy & Co., Bartlett and Howard, in America, Jurgensen, Montandon, Nardin, Patek, etc., etc., in Europe, are arriving daily at

A. B. GRIEWOLD & CO.'S,
Corner Canal and Royal streets.
Importers and Manufacturers of fine Jewelry, Diamonds and Watches, Clocks, Bronzes and Vases.

Just Opened.

A NEW PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY,

Corner Magazine and St. Andrew Streets,

Over Liberman's Dry Goods Store.

PHOTOGRAPHS, $2 50 per dozen;
AMBROTYPES, 75 cents;
PORCELAIN PICTURES, $3;

And all work guaranteed equal to any done in the city.

Call and see our Specimens.

WILEY & SOUBY.

Continued Arrivals.

WILLIAM DAUPHIN,

150.....CANAL STREET.....150

Received this week a fine assortment of Paris BLONDES, DONA MARIA, SILK BAREGE, Frosted TULLE and CREP, and a very fine assortment of Coburg Straw and Paris BONNETS, White Marseilles HATS and GOLD BANDS.

New Goods of the latest make will be received regularly all summer.

W. DAUPHIN,
Retail Store, No. 150 Canal street.
Wholesale Rooms F.o. de Customhouse street.
377 Broadway, New York.

Notice.

OFFICE BOARD OF REGISTRATION,
State of Louisiana,
New Orleans, September 25, 1868.

In accordance with the provisions of section five of an act to create a Board of Registration to superintend the registration of the qualified electors of the State, approved September 7, 1868, all persons refused registration by the Supervisors of Registration have the right of appeal from their decision to the Board of Registration.

The Board of Registration hereby give notice that all appeals must be in writing, and that they will sit every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, for the purpose of hearing and determining such appeals, of which hearing all parties will receive proper notice.

By order of the Board.

WILLIAM BAKER,
Chairman.

Prospectus

—OF THE—

PHONOGRAPHIC MAGAZINE.

PHONOGRAPHY is the system of writing by means of which speeches, lectures, sermons, debates, legal evidence, examinations, etc., are reported word for word. It is of great advantage in any kind of business, but it is particularly useful to professional men. Many students have entirely sustained themselves at college by occasional reporting, and often find it more profitable than their regular chosen profession. It affords an easy means of subsistence, and there is a great and increasing demand by the Press, by Courts of Law and Legislative Bodies for the services of those who practice it. The compensation is usually from $15 to $25 per day.

On October 15th, 1868, will be published the first number of a Periodical to be devoted to the interests of American Phonographers, and of those who desire to learn the Art of Phonography (Phonetic Shorthand.) Each number will contain a series of lessons in the common print, explanatory of the system and of the changes which have been introduced in the past few years, and which the experience of the best reporters has proved are worthy of adoption, and which tend to make it more simple and easy of acquirement. These will contain all the instructions necessary to acquire the art.

The explanatory part will be accompanied by shorthand illustrations, Lithographed in the best style. Each number will also contain a number of pages of Lithographed Phonography, consisting of miscellaneous reading matter, with a key in the common print.

Speeches, sermons, etc., phonographically reported, will occasionally be lithographed from reporter's manuscript, showing the exact style used in verbatim reporting. The first five numbers will be issued semi-monthly, viz: October 15th, November 1st and 15th, December 1st and 15th. From January 1st, 1869, the Magazine will be issued weekly.

TERMS:

For the First Five Numbers.....$1 00
Single Copies.....25

Communications and subscriptions should be addressed to the "Phonographic Magazine," 94 Camp street, New Orleans, La.

H. C. MANLY,
J. O. NIXON, Jr.,
Proprietors.

Office Board of Registration.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
Room No. 7, City Hall,
New Orleans, Sept. 23, 1868.

REGISTRATION OFFICES

—FOR THE—

PARISH OF ORLEANS,

WILL BE OPENED ON

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 25 1868,

AT THE FOLLOWING PLACES:

First Ward.

Race street, corner of Annunciation. Supervisors—G. P. HOUGHTON, WM. McCUBBIN, J. H. MELLEUR.

Second Ward.

Triton Walk, corner of Baronne street. Supervisors—SETH W. LEWIS, J. C. KERSHAW, E. GIFFORD.

Third Ward (Front.)

No. 113 St. Charles street, near Poydras, for all who reside East of Rampart street. Supervisors—JULIUS A. NOBLE, THEO. LIPSHUTS, CHAS. CHEVALIER.

Third Ward (Rear.)

No. 108 Liberty street, near Perdido, for all who reside West of the center of Rampart street. Supervisors—JAMES NEWTON, MARTIN DEE, J. P. KEATING.

Fourth Ward.

Corner of Conti and Treme streets. Supervisors—M. H. HANMORE, JOHN GERRARD, THEO. MARTIN.

Fifth Ward.

No. 139 Burgundy street, between Toulouse and St. Peter streets. Supervisors—A. ROUGELOT, I. A. SNAEB, L. D. LARRIEU.

Sixth Ward.

Economy Hall, Ursulines street, between Marais and Villere. Supervisors—ALCIDE LEWIS, A. L. YOUNG, JOHN SCHULZ.

Seventh Ward.

Frenchmen street, between Levee and Chartres. Supervisors—ARNOLD BERTONNEAU, W. H. GREENE, E. J. BARKDULL.

Eighth Ward.

No. 401 Victory street, between Elysian Fields and Marigny. Supervisors—JOHN McWHORTER, HENRY SCHULTZ, J. COULFIELD, [illegible]

No. 158 Front Levee street, between Montegut and Clouet. Supervisors—W. C. KINSELLA, JOHN MINITER, W. J. MOORE.

Ninth Ward.

Corner of St. Thomas and Josephine streets. Supervisors—WILLIAM BURROUGHS, G. L. SMITH, JOHN DRIVER.

Eleventh Ward.

No. 835 Magazine, between Seventh and Eighth streets. Supervisors—ROBERT MORRIS, D. F. SIMPSON, C. J. FOGERTY.

Right Bank, Algiers.

Broklyn House. Supervisors—T. S. JOHNSON, C. L. SWEET, WM. PEASE.

All the above named persons are requested to file their oaths of office immediately, or others will be appointed in their places.

These offices will be open daily from 8 A. M. to 12 M., and from 2 to 6 P. M., Sundays excepted, until the evening of October 24, 1868.

For the information of the public the boundaries of the different Wards are given:

First Ward—From Felicity to Thalia street.
Second Ward—From Thalia to Julia street.
Third Ward—From Julia to Canal street.
Fourth Ward—From Canal to St. Louis street.
Fifth Ward—From St. Louis to St. Philip street.
Sixth Ward—From St. Philip to Esplanade street.
Seventh Ward—From Esplanade to Elysian Fields street.
Eighth Ward—From Elysian Fields street to Lafayette Avenue.
Ninth Ward—From Lafayette Avenue to the lower limit of city.
Tenth Ward—From Felicity to First street.
Eleventh Ward—From First to Toledano street (upper limit of city.)

By order of the Board of Registration.

WM. BAKER,
Chairman.

Office

MUTUAL AID AND BENEVOLENT LIFE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION

OF LOUISIANA.

The following named gentlemen were elected BOARD OF DIRECTORS for the above mentioned Association for the ensuing two years, dating August 1, 1868:

J. M. LAFEVRE,	W. S. MOUNT,
JOHN DAVIDSON,	L. R. POTHIER,
H. ZUBERBIER,	WM. McCULLOCH,
I. N. MARKS,	C. CAVAROC,
E. F. SCHMIDT,	WM. CREEVY,
W. COOPER,	THOS. K. FINLAY,
W. S. PIKE,	ANTHONY SAMBOLA,
DAVID McCOARD,	PATRICK IRWIN,
I. CAULFIELD,	JNO. C. SINNOTT,
GERARD SMITH,	W. C. NICHOLS.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held the 4th day of August, 1868, the following named gentlemen were elected officers of the Association to serve two years:

JNO. DAVIDSON, President;
W. S. PIKE, Vice President;
R. W. YOUNG, Secretary;
L. A. FOURNIER, Treasurer.

W. B. KOONTZ, Attorney.
W. C. NICHOLS, M. D., Physician.

The office of the Association is located at No. 120 Carondelet street, Davidson's Row, where the officers of the Association are prepared to receive applications for membership.

Our Job Office.

THE CRESCENT IS PREPARED TO DO

—IN A—

SUPERIOR STYLE,

—And on the—

MOST REASONABLE TERMS,

—All Classes of—

COMMERCIAL AND STEAMBOAT PRINTING,

LAWYERS' BRIEFS, CATALOGUES, POSTERS, ETC.

In Connection with the

CRESCENT JOB OFFICE

—IS A—

LITHOGRAPH OFFICE,

Unsurpassed by any in America, which is equal to any work which may be given it by the patrons and friends of the CRESCENT.

Brilliant Stove Depot

AND HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE,

49 Camp and 198 Tchoupitoulas Sts.

H. BALLEN, having established a new store at No. 49 Camp street, invites the inspection of housekeepers and dealers to his new and complete stock of the celebrated BRILLIANT COOKING STOVES and all kinds of HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS.