The New Orleans Crescent.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

J. O. NIXON, Editor and Proprietor.

OFFICE, No. 94 CAMP STREET.

THE DAILY CRESCENT

Is published EVERY MORNING—Mondays excepted. Yearly Subscription, in advance, $15; Half yearly, $8; Quarterly, $4; Single copies, 10 cents.

Rates of Advertising:

Squares.	1 month	2 months.	3 months.	6 months.	12 months
One.....	$ 12 net	$ 22 net.	$ 30 net.	$ 50 net.	$ 75 net
Two.....	20 "	38 "	50 "	80 "	125 "
Three...	30 "	53 "	70 "	110 "	175 "
Four....	35 "	67 "	90 "	140 "	225 "
Five....	40 "	80 "	105 "	170 "	275 "
Six.....	50 "	95 "	120 "	200 "	325 "
Seven...	60 "	105 "	135 "	230 "	375 "
Eight...	65 "	115 "	150 "	260 "	430 "
Nine...	70 "	125 "	165 "	290 "	465 "
Ten.....	75 "	135 "	180 "	320 "	500 "
Eleven ..	80 "	145 "	195 "	350 "	540 "
Twelve...	85 "	155 "	210 "	380 "	580 "
Thirteen .	90 "	165 "	220 "	410 "	620 "
Fourteen .	95 "	175 "	230 "	430 "	660 "
Fifteen...	100 "	185 "	240 "	450 "	700 "
Quarty....	175 "	330 "	450 "	750 "	1,200 "

Monthly advertisements, inserted every other day, to be charged two-thirds the above rates.

First and Fourth page monthly advertisements, each square, $30 per month.

Transient advertisements, having the run of the paper, first insertion, $1 50 per square; each subsequent insertion, 75 cents per square.

First and fourth page transient advertisements, each insertion, $1 50 per square.

Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be charged as new each insertion.

Regular advertisers, who advertise largely, shall be allowed such discount from above named transient rates as may be agreed upon; provided, that in no case shall such discount exceed 33 per cent.

All business notices of advertisements to be charged 20 cents set per line, each insertion.

All transient advertisements must be paid for in advance.

All advertisements not marked for any specified number of insertions will be published six times and charged accordingly.

All bills with regular advertisers shall be rendered monthly.

A square is the space occupied by ten lines solid agate.

THE WEEKLY CRESCENT

Is published every Saturday morning. Subscription, $5 per annum, in advance; half-yearly and quarterly, same rates. Single copies 10 cents.

Rates of Advertising:

Squares.	1 month	2 months.	3 months.	6 months.	12 months
One.....	$ 5 net.	$ 9 net.	$ 12 net.	$ 20 net.	$ 30 net.
Two.....	9 "	16 "	20 "	32 "	50 "
Three...	12 "	22 "	28 "	44 "	70 "
Four	15 "	27 "	35 "	56 "	90 "
Five.....	18 "	32 "	42 "	68 "	110 "
Ten	30 "	55 "	75 "	130 "	200 "
Fifteen...	40 "	75 "	100 "	180 "	280 "
Thirty	70 "	130 "	150 "	300 "	480 "

TUESDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 27, 1868.

[Communicated.]

"THE POLITICAL CRISIS."

Under the above caption, in the New Orleans Times of the 18th instant, are the following astounding remarks: "Desperate ailments require desperate remedies. That the Democratic party cannot succeed with their present candidates, is now unanimously admitted; that they may succeed, with a judicious change of command, is not only possible but probable. What patriot, then, will permit his own selfish considerations of policy or propriety to interfere with a consummation so devoutly to be wished?"

Pray, Mr. Editor, what has caused the Times to veer so heedlessly from the true Democratic course and come upon the bondholder's track?

Its Washington dispatch, of the 17th instant, informs us that, "Intense anxiety is evinced here among Democrats, for the decision as to whether or not the national Democratic executive committee is to be called together, to determine the proposition for the withdrawal of Seymour and Blair, and the substitution of others in their stead;" and, after thus aiding in producing a panic, it thus naively and complacently remarks: "The proposition having been publicly mooted and unequivocally argued by influential Democratic journals, it is now insisted by many that the demoralization to the Democratic party consequent upon this public announcement, is fatal to the success of Seymour and Blair."

Immediately under the foregoing dispatch appears the following ominous announcement: "Chief Justice Chase declines to accept a nomination in case of the withdrawal of Seymour. It is believed, nevertheless, that he will accept, upon the adoption of certain of his views, as part of a platform.

"Four members of the national Democratic executive committee, now here, have under consideration a proposition to call a meeting of the committee immediately, upon their own responsibility, in view of the refusal to do so by Belmont, the chairman. The matter will be decided tonight; as it is now understood they will call a meeting at Philadelphia, on the 23d inst."

And so Chief Justice Chase—the arch-abolitionist, he who has labored during a quarter of a century to destroy the institution of slavery, guaranteed in the Constitution of the United States, who was held in readiness by the bondholders to be sprung upon the national Democratic convention at New York, in case of difficulty among *true* Democrats, but could command but *half a vote*—condescends, at the instance of the man with "the little bell," the author of the "irrepressible conflict" and life-long enemy and political opponent of Horatio Seymour, to accept the Democratic nomination for the presidency; *provided* "certain of his views"—*negro suffrage*—be inserted in its platform.

And so it is "*universally* admitted" that, with their present candidates, the Democratic party cannot succeed. What say you, Democrats and Conservatives? you who so enthusiastically indorsed the unanimous nomination of Seymour, the greatest statesman and most accomplished gentleman of his time; and of Blair, the gallant and gifted young soldier and statesman of the West? Can it be that, among all the members of the splendid clubs which have paraded your streets since the 4th of July last, and hurrahed for Seymour and Blair, there is not one dissentient voice to the above false and gratuitous assertion? So you recognize the right of "four members of the national executive committee," in the face of the wise decision of its chairman, to retire the candidates presented for your suffrage by the grand Democratic convention at New York? Would a government or a people act wisely in removing a distinguished commander of its army because his pickets had been driven in? No! The skirmishing which has just taken place in Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana is but the prelude to the great battle for constitutional government and civil liberty, soon to be fought; and he who advises a change of commanders should be looked upon as a traitor and ejected from the Democratic camp. The writer of this has a letter from the late President Buchanan, written shortly before his election, in which he says: "Our friends tell me we shall carry the elections next month, (October,) but you may rely upon a much larger majority in November." Such proved to be a fact, and we may safely rely upon a like result next month.

Go on, then, brave Democrats and gallant conservatives! Make a determined and manly fight! and if the star of Democracy goes down in defeat and ruin, we can say in truth and sadness: "All is lost but our honor." HAMPDEN.

NOBLE SENTIMENTS.—The following is an extract from a speech delivered by Albert Pike at St. Louis:

The man who says that we who are now designated as rebels do not intend in good faith to support the Constitution, and labor for the preservation of the Union, tells you a falsehood. He lies in his teeth, and I have no hesitation in saying so. (Great cheers.) It is not the honorable Federal soldier who makes the charge, but the sneak who never saw the tented field, and who never dared personally to enter into the fight. (Cheers.) I desire to testify my appreciation of the kindness and magnanimity of the Federal soldiers, who, were it left to them to decide, would settle our difficulties at once, justly and generously towards all. (Cheers.) I say it with pride that never since the war have I been treated discourteously, never an unkind look, nor unkind word from the open, manly Federal soldiers. They fought nobly, they fought successfully, they knew how to treat a brave and manly foe. And if you give confidence to the honest and courageous people of the South; if you take the bayonets from their throats, the padlock from their lips; if you enfranchise them and trust them, I pledge you the honor of my race, that we will in good faith discharge all the obligations imposed upon us by the Constitution, all our duties under the Union.

Fifty-five dollars buys a splendid Grover & Baker family sewing machine at 182 Canal street. Machines warranted five years. Hemmer, tucker, braider and quilter given with each machine.

EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS, ETC.

Desiccated sweet potatoes are proposed.

Bosa Bonheur is sixty-five years old.

Ristori cleared 3,700,000 francs in America.

Boston has more hand organs than New York.

Three railways are constructing in Greece.

Memphis has fourteen miles of Nicolson.

Patti's income last year was $19,000.

The Middletown (Conn.) Asylum for the Insane has received 114 patients.

The bronze figure "America," surmounting the Capitol, weighs 14,985 pounds.

Philadelphia is to import $500 worth of sparrows to fight the measuring worm.

Forty-eight white men were put on the police yesterday.

George W. Childs, of the Philadelphia Ledger, sailed in the Scotia for Europe on the 20th.

Street cars commenced running on Broadway, Galveston, last week.

A mountain of magnetic iron has been discovered in Lapland.

There will probably be ten Quakers in the next British House of Commons.

Miss Felicitas Juarez, daughter of President Juarez, has been married.

Oliver Dyer is looking about Boston after wickedests.

The population of St. Thomas is 13,000, of which 10,000 are colored.

Great Britain imported 765,743 head of live stock the past year.

It is estimated that the wool product of California for 1868 will amount to 10,000,000 pounds.

Vast numbers of wild pigeons are visiting the timber on the White and Arkansas rivers.

The Oregon City Enterprise is now printed on paper manufactured at that place.

It is calculated that thirty-five thousand hats were bet on the results of the late elections.

A statue of James Watt has been erected in the town hall at Birmingham.

Coal has been discovered in Nevada, on the line of the Central Pacific Railroad.

The leprosy is prevailing in portions of the Sandwich Islands.

There was six inches of snow in the Lake Superior region last week.

California is to have a race between Newfoundland dogs.

Olney Arnold has been nominated for Congress by the Democrats in Rhode Island.

Gen. Prim is one of the richest men in Spain. He owns ten houses in Madrid.

A son of Santa Anna is a robber chief in Mexico.

A Cuban lady at the Fifth Avenue Hotel wore one hundred and fifty thousand dollars' worth of diamonds at dinner the other day.

A package of nearly ten thousand United States stamps was stolen last week from a Pearl street counting room.

Soap mines have been discovered in Nevada, and so there is no excuse for the great unwashed in that region.

The first sewing machine was made by a German named Madersperger, of Vienna, in the year 1815.

The three shortest postoffice names in the United States are T. B., (Md.) Ali, (Ohio) and Po, (Ind.)

A citizen of Pittsburg has given $50,000 to build a home for shoeblacks and newsboys in that city.

The fifth U. S. artillery has been transferred from Richmond, Virginia, to Fort Jefferson, Florida.

John Quincy Adams has returned from his Southern tour, and is at his home in Massachusetts.

The Duke of Edinburg is announced to start on a two years' cruise. He will visit Africa, Polynesia and South America.

Dr. Livingstone, when last heard from, was returning to the coast of Africa, and was within a week's journey of Zanzibar.

The Oregon Legislature has passed a resolution withdrawing the ratification of the fourteenth amendment by that State.

Mr. James Gordon Bennett, Jr., Mr. Leonard Jerome, and three or four other gentlemen, have gone to Florida on a shooting excursion.

Ross Winans has shut up his machine shop in Baltimore, rather than make the improved kind of locomotives.

Prof. A. J. Schem is the foreign editor of the New York Tribune, and the compilor of the Tribune Almanac.

Fifty acres of land, unincumbered by any condition, has been given to the Moravian Church, at New Drop, Staten Island, by Commodore Vanderbilt.

Rev. E. Capers, a brigadier general in the late Confederate army, was week before last ordained an Episcopal minister by Bishop Davis, of South Carolina.

The Mormon elders have been holding their annual conference at Salt Lake, and have resolved that commerce with the "Gentiles" be restricted to the actual wants of the Mormons.

We have received from the publishers "Compton's St. Louis Musical Journal" of October 15th, containing the two popular songs, "Nobody's Child" and "Somebody's Child." It is a quarto of 16 pages, neatly printed on good paper, and should be popular with musical people.

William J. Steele, confidential clerk in the postoffice at Chicago, was detected last week purloining letters containing money. In his private room were found 160 letters that had contained from 10 cents up to $12, a large portion of them addressed to the La Crosse Democrat. He had been a soldier in the Union army.

The citizens of Asheville, N. C., as we learn from the News, were startled on Friday night, the 16th inst., by a very sensible shock of an earthquake, which lasted nearly a minute. The noise was like the rumbling of carriage wheels, while the earth trembled with a vibrating motion.

MISSISSIPPI ITEMS.

Mrs. F. E. Longstreet, the wife of Judge A. B. Longstreet, died in Oxford on the 13th inst.

Miss Piney W. Forsythe, daughter of the veteran editor Augustus W. Forsythe, has become the publisher of the Liberty (Miss.) Advocate. She and a sister have been bred to the printing business, and are both practical printers.

Two young men in Pautotoc county have made 800 gallons of sorghum molasses this season, which sold readily at 80 cents per gallon.

A Mr. Jones, of Monroe county, planted forty acres in cotton in 1867, worked five negroes and made five bales. This disgusted him. In 1868 he planted ten acres, and with the assistance of his son, aged 17, has made ten bales, besides an abundance of meat, corn and potatoes.

The Vicksburg Times of the 6th announces the shipment of 150 bales cotton, bought by a Boston purchaser, directly from that city to Boston by railroad.

The following is an extract from a letter to the Charleston News, from Aaron Wood, a famous South Carolina colored preacher. He says:

"I was a Radical once; I'll tell you what changed me. When I came to this place in January I had not bread for my family to eat. There I was with my dear little tender ones suffering for something to eat. Oh, brethren, you do not know how my brain burned, how my heart was made to bleed by the cries of my starving children. I went to my Radical friends. They would not lend me a bushel of corn, but the gracious Lord, in His infinite wisdom, directed me to the Democrats—those who I once called my enemies. I found food for the hungry, drink for the thirsty, and am now happy, because I feel that I have friends. They will let me have what I want, but we can't get anything from the Radicals unless we get the Democratic man to stand our security. Which of the two act like our friends? I tell you now, if you are not working to support your Southern friends, you had better, ere you learn to do so to your sorrow."

There is a word of wisdom in this, and the negro should remember that the Radicals never approach them to *grant*, but to *ask favors*.

Sale indefinitely postponed by Chas. T. Nash, at No. 391½ Baronne, late Bacchus.

CONSTITUTION Y. M. M. L. A.

CONSTITUTION, BY-LAWS

—AND—

READING-ROOM REGULATIONS

—OF THE—

YOUNG MEN'S

MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION

OF NEW ORLEANS.

We, the subscribers, young men of the city of New Orleans, being desirous of adopting efficient means to extend our information upon mercantile and other subjects of general utility, have associated ourselves for the purpose of establishing a Library and Reading-Room, and for our government have adopted the following

CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE I.

The name and style of this Association shall be "THE YOUNG MEN'S MERCANTILE LIBRARY ASSOCIATION OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS."

ARTICLE II.

SECTION 1. The officers of the Association shall be a President, Vice President, Corresponding Secretary, Recording Secretary, Treasurer, and five Directors, who, together, shall constitute a Board of Directors and shall be elected annually—the President, Vice President, Secretaries and Treasurer by separate ballots, the Directors by general ticket; a majority of the whole votes given being necessary to a choice.

SEC. 2. The President shall preside at meetings of the Association; call such extra meetings as the Board of Directors shall deem expedient; shall have a vote in all elections, and give the casting vote when there shall be an equal division among the members.

SEC. 3. The Vice President shall preside in the absence of the President, and in general perform the duties of that office.

SEC. 4. The Recording Secretary shall keep an accurate record of the business of the Association. The Corresponding Secretary under the superintendence of the Board of Directors, shall conduct its correspondence.

SEC. 5. The Treasurer shall receive all dues and donations in money; pay all drafts on him when signed by the President; keep a regular account of the financial concerns of the Association—an abstract of which, accompanied by satisfactory vouchers, he shall exhibit at each annual meeting, and at the monthly meetings of the Board of Directors, and oftener if required; and for the faithful discharge of these trusts, he shall give security in the sum of five hundred dollars.

SEC. 6. The Board of Directors shall have power to appropriate funds, enact By-Laws, and generally conduct the affairs of the Association; shall meet at least once in each month for the transaction of business; shall report at each quarterly meeting of the Association the proceedings for the past quarter, and the state of the concerns of the Association; and in case any vacancy shall occur in the Board, shall immediately notify the Association, and appoint an evening for an election to fill such vacancy.

SEC. 7. The Board of Directors shall appoint a Librarian, whose duty it shall be to attend at the Library on each day of the week, who shall keep a register of all books, magazines, maps, charts, papers, and all other property in his care, belonging to the Association; arrange them in proper order, make a record thereof, with the names of the donors, and keep an accurate account of all books delivered to the members; and to be otherwise governed by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE III.

Each member not a proprietor, on subscribing to the Constitution, shall pay the sum of five dollars annually, in advance.

ARTICLE IV.

Each member who is a proprietor, on subscribing to the Constitution, shall pay the sum of ten dollars annually, in advance.

ARTICLE V.

Any person may become a member for life by paying the sum of fifty dollars.

ARTICLE VI.

Any person approved by a majority of the Board of Directors may become entitled to a membership in perpetuity, on payment of one hundred dollars, and may transfer such membership at pleasure on the books of the Association, subject to the approval of the Board of Directors: Provided, however, that any one being already "a life member" may become a member in perpetuity under this clause, on the payment of fifty dollars.

ARTICLE VII.

Any person, if approved by a majority of the Directors, may become a member on complying with the provisions of this Constitution.

ARTICLE VIII.

There shall be an annual meeting of the Association on the first Tuesday in January, for the election of officers for the ensuing year; for receiving reports from the Board of Directors; and, quarterly thereafter, for the transaction of such other business as may be presented.

ARTICLE IX.

If the President, Vice President, Secretaries, Treasurer or Directors, in their several official capacities, shall neglect the performance of their duties, or shall not administer the laws of the Association efficiently or equitably, on written complaint of fifteen members a meeting shall be called, and a committee appointed, consisting of two members and one director, who shall censure, remove from office, or fully exonerate the accused, as the circumstances of the case may warrant.

ARTICLE X.

There shall be no alterations in this Constitution unless the same shall have been proposed to the Board of Directors one month previous to the quarterly meeting, and then approved by three-fourths of the members present.

BY-LAWS.

SECTION 1. The Library and Reading Room shall be open every day from 9 o'clock A. M., until 10 o'clock P. M.

SEC. 2. The Librarian shall give security, in the sum of five hundred dollars, for the faithful discharge of the duties of his office, and will hold the same at the pleasure of the Board of Directors.

SEC. 3. It shall be the duty of the Librarian to keep a complete and exact catalogue of books belonging to the Library, together with a duplicate of the same, which shall be open at all times to the examination of the members. He shall number each book, assign its place in the Library and arrange the whole in proper order; he shall likewise keep such record of maps, charts, and other property of the Association, as may from time to time be prescribed by the Board of Directors.

SEC. 4. He shall deliver, on the application, or to the written order of any member whose name has been registered and dues paid, one book, if it be a folio, quarto, or octavo; and one book, or set of books not exceeding three volumes, if it be a duodecimo, or of smaller size.

SEC. 5. He shall carefully enter in a book to be kept for that purpose, the name of the member to whom a book or books have been delivered; the date of taking from and returning to the Library, together with a full record of such fines or penalties as may have been incurred thereon.

SEC. 6. He shall collect from members, for the use of the Association, all fines and forfeitures incurred, regularly accounting for the same to the treasurer; and shall report to the Board of Directors the name of such member or members as may refuse to pay their fines and forfeitures, lose or damage any book or set of books, write in or otherwise deface the same, or in any other way wilfully violate the Library or Reading-Room Regulations.

SEC. 7. He shall have the supervision and general superintendence of the Library and Reading-Room; shall carefully examine returned books, and replace them upon the Library shelves; shall see that newspapers are promptly filed, and that magazines, etc., are regularly placed on the Reading-Room tables, and shall at all times enforce the rules relative to the circulation of books, and maintain quiet and good order in the rooms of the Association. He shall likewise perform such other duties appertaining to his office, as may from time to time be prescribed by the Board of Directors.

SEC. 8. It shall be, additionally, the duty of the Librarian, under the immediate supervision of the Treasurer, to keep the record book of subscription and annual dues of members; to render bills of the same and generally to take charge of such other books and accounts as may from time to time be assigned him.

SEC. 9. The Assistant Librarian shall give security, in the sum of three hundred dollars, for the faithful discharge of the duties of his office, and will hold the same at the pleasure of the Board of Directors.

SEC. 10. It shall be the duty of the Assistant Librarian to co-operate with and relieve the Librarian; to be governed in every particular by the like rules, assuming in the absence of the latter officer the general duties of the post.

SEC. 11. It shall be, additionally, the duty of the Assistant Librarian, under the immediate supervision of the Treasurer, to collect the subscriptions and other annual dues of members together with such other collections as may be especially assigned him. He shall likewise perform such other duties appertaining to his office as may from time to time be prescribed by the Board of Directors.

SEC. 12. It shall be the duty of the Librarian and his assistant to attend especially to the receiving and giving out of books, carefully observing the Library regulations for the same; to give special attention to the filing of newspapers, the proper distribution of magazines; to act as messengers when required in that capacity; to keep or assist in keeping the rooms of the Association clean, well ventilated and in good order, taking especial care that furniture, maps, globes, pictures, statuary, etc., be neither defaced nor injured; and generally that the Library and Reading-Room be made agreeable and attractive for the resort and resort of members. The Librarian and his assistant shall report themselves for duty at a quarter before 8 o'clock, that the papers, magazines, etc., may be properly distributed before the hour of the opening of the Reading-Room.

SEC. 13. Each member of the Association, duly entitled to the use of the Library, may withdraw a book or set of books, and retain the same two weeks from the date of delivery. New books, catalogued within the current year, shall not be renewed, but must, at the expiration of two weeks, be returned to the Library; other books of circulation may, on application to the Librarian, be renewed for the like term of two weeks; Provided, that not more than two separate renewals of the same book or set of books, be allowed without special permission of the Board of Directors. No book or set of books shall, in any case, be reserved by the Librarian for either a member or director; nor shall books be transferred from one name to another.

SEC. 14. Any member who shall retain a book, or set of books, longer than two weeks, as above limited, shall forfeit and pay to the Librarian, for the use of the Association, five cents for each day over the time the book or set of books shall have been so detained in his possession; and such fines shall, in all cases, be fully exacted without reference to the value of the books thus detained; Provided, that this regulation shall not be deemed to interfere with any regulations regarding books of reference.

SEC. 15. If any member lose, deface or injure a book or set of books, he shall make the same good to the Librarian; and if any book lost, defaced or injured be one of a set, he shall either replace the set or pay the full value of the same to the Treasurer, and may thereupon receive the remaining volumes as his property.

SEC. 16. Books cannot be examined on the shelves, but each member shall be privileged to use any book belonging to the Library in the Reading-Room of the Association (of which use the Librarian shall at the time keep a minute), yet such book, if it be one of circulation must be relinquished to any member withdrawing the same from the Library.

SEC. 17. Such books, maps charts, etc., as have been or may from time to time be donated, with the intention or request that they be not taken from the Library, shall, in no case, be loaned therefrom. Books which are specially valued for their plates, for rarity or antiquity, or for other reasons, may from time to time be designated as books of reference, and as such, may be restricted from circulation, but can at all times be freely consulted at the Library or in the Reading-Room. Books so restricted shall be taken from the Library only by special permission of the Library Committee.

SEC. 18. Resignation of membership must be made in writing, either to the Treasurer or Board of Directors, and can be accepted only after the payment of all dues, forfeitures and arrearages. Any member wishing to withdraw from the Association, must comply with these requirements, or he will be considered and charged as continuing his membership.

SEC. 19. The privileges of the Association will be withdrawn from any member who shall refuse to pay fines and forfeitures incurred, or who shall be known wilfully to violate any of the preceding regulations, and such person shall be ineligible for re-election until full satisfaction shall have been made of all legal claims; and that this regulation may be effective, it shall be the duty of the Librarian to keep a record of those persons thus made ineligible, and the reasons therefor. The Board of Directors will from time to time alter, amend or establish such additional By-Laws as may be necessary and proper for the safety of the Library and the due administration of the affairs of the Association.

Regulations of the Reading Room.

RULE 1. No conversation shall be allowed otherwise than in a whisper within the Reading Room.

RULE 2. No person shall be permitted to smoke in the Library or the Reading Room; to deface, damage or injure the furniture or fixtures thereof, or to conduct themselves inconsistently with decorum and propriety.

RULE 3. Any person who shall deface, mutilate or abstract a newspaper or periodical, placed on file or upon the Reading Room tables, shall pay to the treasurer a fine equal to four times the value thereof, and, for a repeated offense, shall be liable to expulsion.

RULE 4. Any member shall be privileged to introduce a friend, not a resident of the city, whose name must be registered in a book provided for that purpose, and who will receive from the Librarian a ticket of admission for the term of four weeks, to the rooms of the Association.

RULE 5. An order from a member to draw books does not entitle the holder to the privileges of the Reading Room.

RULE 6. These rules shall be binding and of like force with the preceding By-Laws and will be amended in like manner, at the discretion of the Board of Directors.

(Signed) SAMUEL MULLEN,
ROWLAND E. TIMPSON,
G TAYLOR WEBSTER,
F. W. PERKINS,
JOHN GREENFIELD,
GUSTAVE PITOT,
JAMES T. TUCKER,
WM C COOKE,
ARTHUR BLACHE,
OSCAR K. LYLE,
Executive Committee Y. M. M. L. A.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—District of Louisiana.—In the Matter of Isaac W. Fife, bankrupt. In Bankruptcy, No. 167. Whereas, Isaac W. Fife, of the Parish of Franklin, and District aforesaid, duly declared bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, has this day filed in said Court, a petition praying for a discharge and certificate thereof, from all his debts and other claims provable under said act;

Notice is therefore given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and to all other persons in interest, that the 21st day of November, 1868, at 11 A. M., is assigned for the hearing of the same, and that they may then and there attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Clerk's Office, New Orleans, Oct. 26 1868.
oc27 no5 12 K. LOEW, Deputy Clerk.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—District of Louisiana.—In the Matter of James A. Cheatham, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy, No. 424. Whereas, James A. Cheatham, of the parish of Ouachita and District aforesaid, duly declared Bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, has this day filed in said Court a petition praying for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said Act;

Notice is therefore given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and to all other persons in interest, that the 21st day of November, 1868, at 11 A. M., is assigned for the hearing of the same, and that they may then and there attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Clerk's Office, New Orleans, October 26, 1868.
oc27 no5 12 K. LOEW, Deputy Clerk.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—District of Louisiana.—In the matter of T. J. Howington, bankrupt. In Bankruptcy, No. 299. Whereas, T. J. Howington, of the Parish of Franklin and District aforesaid, duly declared bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 24, 1867, has this day filed in said Court a petition praying for a discharge and certificate thereof, from all his debts and other claims provable under said act;

Notice is therefore given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and to all other persons in interest, that the 21st day of November, 1868, at 11 A. M., is assigned for the hearing of the same, and that they may then and there attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Clerk's Office, New Orleans, October 26, 1868.
oc27 no5 12 K. LOEW, Deputy Clerk.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—District of Louisiana.—In the matter of A. Pope, bankrupt. In Bankruptcy, No. 210. Whereas, A. Pope, of the Parish of Franklin and District aforesaid, duly declared bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 2d, 1867, has this day filed in said Court, a petition praying for a discharge and certificate thereof, from all his debts and other claims provable under said act;

Notice is therefore given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and to all other persons in interest, that the 21st day of November, 1868, at 11 A. M., is assigned for the hearing of the same, and that they may then and there attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Clerk's Office, New Orleans, October 26, 1868.
oc27 no5 12 K. LOEW, Deputy Clerk.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—District of Louisiana.—In the Matter of John F. Wyche & Co., bankrupts. In Bankruptcy. No. 294. Whereas, John B. Richardson, individually and as a member of the firm of John F. Wyche & Co., duly declared bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 24, 1867, has this day filed in said Court, a petition praying for a discharge and certificate thereof, from all his debts and other claims provable under said act;

Notice is therefore given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and to all other persons in interest, that the 20th day of November, 1868, at 11 A. M., is assigned for the hearing of the same, and that they may then and there attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Clerk's Office, New Orleans, October 24, 1868.
oc27 no5 13 K. LOEW, Deputy Clerk.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—District of Louisiana.—In the matter of Levy & Leopold, bankrupts. In Bankruptcy, No. 193. Whereas, B. Levy and Simon Leopold, individually and as members of the firm of Levy & Leopold, of New Orleans and District aforesaid, duly declared bankrupt under the Act of Congress of March 24, 1867, have this day filed in said Court, a petition praying for a discharge and certificate thereof, from all their debts and other claims provable under said act;

Notice is therefore given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and to all other persons in interest, that the 21st day of November, 1868, at 11 A. M., is assigned for the hearing of the same, and that they may then and there attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Clerk's Office, New Orleans, October 26, 1868.
oc27 no5 12 K. LOEW, Deputy Clerk.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—District of Louisiana.—In bankruptcy.—No 630.—In the matter of Robert Bloomer, bankrupt. Whereas, Robert Bloomer, individually and as a member of the firms of Bloomer & Holmes, D. A. Holmes and S. P. Griffin & Co., of New Orleans and district aforesaid, duly declared bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, has this day filed in said court a petition praying for a discharge and certificate thereof, from all his debts and other claims provable under said act;

Notice is therefore given to all creditors who have proved their debts, and to all other persons in interest, that the 21st day of November, 1868, at 11 A. M., is assigned for the hearing of the same, and that they may then and there attend and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

Clerk's Office, New Orleans, Oct. 15, 1868.
oc16 25 no5 K. LOEW, Deputy Clerk.

IN BANKRUPTCY—ESTATE OF F. C. LACROIX, individually and as a member of the firm of Newstadt & Lacroix—United States Marshal's Office, District of Louisiana, New Orleans, October 23, 1868—This is to give notice that on the 23d day of October A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of F. C. Lacroix, of New Orleans, in the parish of Orleans and State of Louisiana, who was adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Custom House building, in the city of New Orleans, Louisiana, before J. R. G. Pitkin, register, on the 20th day of November, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

A—No 57. F. J. HERRON,
oc24 no20 U. S. Marshal, District of Louisiana.

IN BANKRUPTCY—ESTATE OF GEORGE Ralston—United States Marshal's Office, District of Louisiana, New Orleans, Oct. 16, 1868. This is to give notice that on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of George Ralston, of the town of Waterproof, in the Parish of Tensas and State of Louisiana, who was adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Custom House building, in the city of New Orleans, Louisiana, before C. S. Kellogg, Register, on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1868, at 9 o'clock A. M.

A—No. 53. F. J. HERRON,
oc17 de5 U. S Marshal, District of Louisiana.

IN BANKRUPTCY—ESTATE OF JAMES S. DOUGLASS—United States Marshal Office, District of Louisiana, New Orleans, October 19, 1868—This is to give notice that on the 17th day of October, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of James S. Douglass, of the parish of Tensas and State of Louisiana, who was adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts or delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No 41 Exchange Place, in the city of New Orleans, Louisiana, before Donatien Augustin, Register, on the 9th day of November A. D., 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

No 43: F. J. HERRON,
oc20 no7 U. S. Marshal, District of Louisiana.

IN BANKRUPTCY—ESTATE OF HENRIETTA A. Richardson—United States Marshal's Office, District of Louisiana, New Orleans, October 19, 1868—This is to give notice that on the 1st day of October, A. D. 1868, an alias Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Henrietta A. Richardson, of New Orleans, in the parish of Orleans and State of Louisiana, who was adjudged a bankrupt on her own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to her or for her use, and the transfer of any property by her, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of her estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy to be holden at No. 41 Exchange Place, in the city of New Orleans, Louisiana, before Donatien Augustin, Register, on the 20th day of November, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

A—No. 42. F. J. HERRON,
oc20 no20 U. S. Marshal, District of Louisiana.

IN BANKRUPTCY—ESTATE OF JOSIAH B. Richardson—United States Marshal's Office—District of Louisiana, New Orleans, October 19, 1868—This is to give notice that on the 1st day of October, A. D. 1868, an alias Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Josiah B. Richardson, of New Orleans, in the parish of Orleans and State of Louisiana, who was adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or for his use and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Custom House building, in the city of New Orleans, Louisiana, before J. R. G. Pitkin, register, on the 20th day of November, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

A—No 57. F. J. HERRON,
oc24 no20 U. S. Marshal, District of Louisiana.

IN BANKRUPTCY—ESTATE OF ELI TULLIS—United States Marshal's Office, District of Louisiana, October 19, 1868—This is to give notice that on the 16th day of October, A. D. 1868, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Eli Tullis, of St. Joseph, in the parish of Tensas, and State of Louisiana, who was adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt, to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt, to prove their debts and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Custom House building, in the city of New Orleans, Louisiana, before J. R. G. Pitkin, Register, on the 17th day of November, A. D. 1868, at 10 o'clock A. M.

A—No. 45. F. J. HERRON,
oc20 no17 U. S. Marshal, District of Louisiana.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE—SEVERAL HUNdred Cotton and Sugar Plantations, located in the best portions of the cotton and sugar-growing States. Also, Rice Plantations, Orange Orchards, and large bodies of valuable timber lands. Also, a large variety of City and Suburban Property, improved and unimproved, in the form of residences, stores, building lots and squares, on favorable terms. Parties wishing to invest will do well to call and examine our Properties. Hilier A Gard, Real Estate Agents, No. 88 Carondelet street, New Orleans.

IN BANKRUPTCY.

IN BANKRUPTCY—ESTATE OF BENJ. H. Wailes—Office United States Marshal, District of Louisiana, New Orleans, Oct. 26, 1868. This is to give notice that on the 24th day of October, A. D. 1868, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the estate of Benj. H. Wailes, of New Orleans, in the parish of New Orleans and State of Louisiana, who was adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of the said bankrupt to prove their debts, and to choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at the Custom House building, in the city of New Orleans, La., before C. S. Kellogg, Register, on the 7th day of December, A. D. 1868