THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT.

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Women.

Females, owing to the peculiar and important relations which they sustain, their peculiar organization, and the offices they perform, are subject to many sufferings. Freedom from these contribute in no small degree to their happiness and welfare, for none can be happy who are ill. Not only so, but no one of these various Female Complaints can long be suffered to run on without involving the general health of the individual, and ere long producing

PERMANENT SICKNESS AND PREMATURE DECLINE.

Nor is it pleasant to consult a physician for the relief of these various delicate affections, and only upon the most urgent necessity will a true woman so far sacrifice her greatest charm as to do this. The sex will then thank us for placing in their hands simple specifics, which will be found efficacious in relieving and curing almost every one of those troublesome complaints peculiar to the sex.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU.

Hundreds suffer on in silence, and hundreds of others apply vainly to druggists and doctors, who either merely tantalize them with the hope of a cure or apply remedies which make them worse. I would not wish to assert anything that would do injustice to the afflicted, but I am obliged to say that although it may be produced from excessive exhaustion of the powers of life, by laborious employment, unwholesome air and food, profuse menstruation, the use of tea and coffee, and frequent childbirth, it is far oftener caused by direct irritation, applied to the mucous membrane of the vagina itself.

When reviewing the causes of these distressing complaints, it is most painful to contemplate the attendant evils consequent upon them. It is but simple justice to the subject to enumerate a few of the many additional causes which so largely affect the

LIFE, HEALTH AND HAPPINESS OF WOMAN

In all classes of society, and which, consequently, affect more or less directly the welfare of the entire human family. The mania that exists for precocious education and marriage, causes the years that nature designed for corporeal development to be wasted and perverted in the restraints of dress, the early confinement of school, and especially in the unhealthy excitement of the ball room. Thus, with the body half clothed and the mind unduly excited by pleasure, perverting in midnight revel the hours designed by nature for sleep and rest, the work of destruction is half accomplished.

In consequence of this early strain upon her system, an unnecessary effort is required by the delicate votary to retain her situation in school at a later day, thus aggravating the evil. When one excitement is over, another in prospective keeps the mind morbidly sensitive to impression, while the now constant restraint of fashionable dress, absolutely forbidding the exercise indispensable to the attainment and retention of organic health and strength, the exposure to night air, the sudden change of temperature, the complete prostration produced by excessive dancing, must, of necessity, produce their legitimate effect. At last an early marriage claps the climax of misery, and the unfortunate one, hitherto so utterly regardless of the plain dictates and remonstrances of her delicate nature, becomes an unwilling subject of medical treatment. This is but a truthful picture of the experience of thousands of our young women.

Long before the ability to exercise the functions of the generative organs they require an education of their peculiar nervous system, composed of what is called the tissue, which is, in common with the female breast and lips, evidently under the control of mental emotions and associations at an early period of life; and, as we shall subsequently see, these emotions, when excessive, lead, long before puberty, to habits which sap the very life of their victims ere nature has self-completed their development.

FOR FEMALE WEAKNESS AND DEBILITY,

WRITES OR LEUCORRHŒA,

TOO PROFUSE MENSTRUATION,

EXHAUSTION,

TOO LONG CONTINUED PERIODS,

FOR PROLAPSUS AND BEARING DOWN,

OR PROLAPSUS UTERI,

WE OFFER THE MOST PERFECT SPECIFIC KNOWN:

Helmbold's Compound Extract of Buchu.

Directions for Use, Diet and Advice accompany.

FEMALES IN EVERY PERIOD OF LIFE,

From infancy to extreme old age, will find it a remedy to aid nature in the discharge of its functions.

STRENGTH IS THE GLORY OF MANHOOD AND WOMANHOOD.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IS MORE STRENGTHENING THAN ANY OF THE PREPARATIONS OF BARK OR IRON,

Infinitely Safer and More Pleasant.

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Having received the indorsement of the most prominent physicians in the United States, is now offered to afflicted humanity as a CERTAIN CURE for the following diseases and symptoms, from whatever cause originating:

General Debility,
Mental and Physical Depression,
Imbecility,
Determination of Blood to the Head,
Confused Ideas,
Hysteria,
General Irritability,
Restlessness and Sleeplessness at Night,
Absence of Muscular Efficiency,
Loss of Appetite,
Dyspepsia,
Emaciation,
Low Spirits,
Disorganization or Paralysis of the Organs of Generation,
Palpitation of the Heart, and, in fact, all the concomitants of a Nervous and Debilitated state of the system.

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DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

594 Broadway, New York.

None are genuine unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with the simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed H. T. HELMBOLD.

THE CRESCENT'S DISPATCHES.

FROM WASHINGTON

Revenue Matters—Gen. Grant and Rollins have an Interview—Gen. Brooks in Command at Washington—Gen. Henningsen in Richmond—Farragut—Gilmer and the President—Official Vote of Pennsylvania—Longstreet not gone to Mexico—Railroad Project—The Revolution in Cuba—Fillbuster Movement—Etc.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Grant had a long interview with Commissioner Rollins, at Rollins's office. Very great excitement in revenue matters in consequence, and important action is expected.

General Brooks has assumed command of the Washington department.

General Henningsen departed for Richmond on Tuesday.

The steamer Franklin returns to the Mediterranean. Farragut remains here for orders.

Courtney and Murray are here from New York, and had a long interview with Evarts. McCulloch had a long interview with the president. Nothing authentic has transpired.

John A. Gilmer has addressed a letter to the president, inclosing the correspondence published in the Herald, and urging the president to action in the matter.

The official majority in Pennsylvania is 28,898.

The reported sailing of General Longstreet for Mexico is untrue.

An important meeting of citizens and capitalists, to further an air line railroad between New York and the West, via the Virginia Central Railroad, was held here to day, and a business committee of fifteen appointed.

The New York World says: Since our publication of all the facts connected with the Cuban expedition the utmost activity has been observed at the office of the U. S. marshal, and it is probable that the filibusters will have great trouble in getting a vessel through the narrows, as the vigilance of the guards there has been redoubled, and no vessel with contraband of war on board, or without proper clearance papers, will be allowed to pass the forts. The guns of Fort Lafayette have been directed so as to bear upon any vessel departing for hostile purposes against the territory of a friendly power like Spain.

The Washington Star says, editorially; The insurrection or revolution in Cuba proves to be a more formidable and extensive organization than was at first supposed. The insurrectionists appear to be well armed and disciplined, and have shown soldier-like qualities in the various conflicts that have taken place with the government troops. That has caused uneasiness to the authorities at Havana. The reported victories claimed by the government over the insurgents have turned out from later and well authenticated accounts to have been defeats. The insurgents hold a column of men near Holguin; another in Coscorro, not very many leagues from the city of Puerto Principe; another six leagues from Santa Cruz; another four leagues from Manzanillo, and a fifth, twelve leagues from Santiago de Cuba. They hold the two district capitals, Bayamo and Jiguani, and also Baraneas, Cantoguisa and other lesser towns. The great drawback to their success is the want of arms, but this is expected to be in part remedied by the reception of rifles and ammunition already purchased in other countries.

The revolution was in preparation for more than two years, and broke out rather precipitately, because of the discovered treachery of several of the leading plotters. The insurgents have a provisional government, with Senors Aguilana and Cespedes at its head, organized and functionating at Bayamo, and it is said an envoy may shortly be looked for at Washington, to ask for recognition.

FROM EUROPE.

Explosive Projectiles.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 12.—The international military committee agree to prohibit explosive projectiles of less than 400 grammes weight.

FROM SOUTHWEST PASS.

SOUTHWEST PASS, Nov. 12—11 A. M.—Barometer 30·45. Wind NE and fresh. Arrived—steamship I. C. Harris, Talbot, Brazos, to C. A. Whitney & Co.; Gen. Grant, Quick, New York, to Wood, Low & Ludwigsen. Sailed—steamships Harlan and Agnes.

SOUTHWEST PASS, Nov. 12—6 P. M.—Barometer 30·50. Wind N by E and fresh. Arrived—ship Hermine, Wilms, 55 days from Bremen, 112 passengers and general cargo, to C. Seiler & Co.; bark Ansel, Vaughn, Liverpool, general cargo, to master. No departures.

RIVER NEWS.

VICKSBURG, Nov. 12.—Passed up—Robert E. Lee and Stonewall, at 2 P. M. Passed down—Louisiana, at 10 last night. River stationary.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 12.—The river has risen 9 feet since Tuesday.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 12.—River falling slowly; 5 feet 10 inches in the canal. Weather clear and pleasant.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Row in Brooklyn, N. Y.—Seymour Carried Oregon—Thanksgiving in South Carolina—Municipal Election in Augusta, Ga.—Further from Florida and San Francisco, etc.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—Two target companies named the Texas Guards, of Brooklyn, and Van Dorn Guards, of New York, fought at East New York to-day. Several were injured and many windows broken by flying missiles.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 12.—Seymour carried Oregon by about 200 majority.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 12.—Gov. Scott has issued a proclamation naming November 26 as a day of thanksgiving in South Carolina.

AUGUSTA, Nov. 12.—Weather cold, with heavy frost last night. The Democrats elected the mayor of Columbia. The citizens party of Charleston contest the election for mayor and aldermen on the ground that the election was carried by fraud and intimidation.

TALLAHASSEE, Nov. 12.—All seems tranquil, awaiting action of the courts. The criminal action against Lieut. Gov. Gleason and Secretary Alden, comes in to-morrow.

The opinion from the Supreme Court on the legality of impeachment, will not be rendered before 19th.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 12.—Johnson, Democrat, is elected to Congress.

Gen. McClellan has been elected president of the University of California.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 12.—The soldiers have returned from Tipton county. Many negroes had gathered, but no disorder was reported.

MARKETS

LONDON, Nov. 12.—Noon.—Consols 94⅞. Bonds 74⅞. Tallow easier at 52s.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 12.—Noon.—Cotton quiet; sales 10,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 12—Afternoon.—Cotton flat; middling uplands 10¼, middling Orleans 11⅛. Lard dull. Common rosin 5s. 9d.; fine 16s.

HAVRE, Nov. 12.—Cotton on the spot 1.36.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—Cotton more active and a shade firmer, closing quiet. Sales 3200 bales. Middling uplands 24@24½c., mostly 24½c. Flour unchanged. Wheat closed drooping—amber Michigan $1 92. Corn closed quiet—noon's advance lost. Oats 1@2c. better. Pork firmer. Lard drooping—kettle 16⅛@17⅛. Whisky firmer—Western $1 07@1 08. Groceries dull. Naval stores quiet. Freights firmer; cotton, steam ⅜@½d.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—Stocks close weak and unsettled at a marked decline. Five-twenties of '62 108½; of '64, 106½; of '65, 106¼; do. new, 109½; of '67, 109½; of '68, 109⅞; 10-40's 104⅞. Tennessee's new 68⅞; North Carolina's new 64⅞. Money continues easy at 7, but a stringent market is again apprehended. Gold 133⅛@133⅞. Sterling heavy at 109@109½.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 12.—Family flour $7 50@7 75. Wheat $1 75. Corn, old, 80c., new 55@60c. Oats 59c. Rye $1 27@$1 28. Cotton declined to 22c. Whisky $1. Lard 15½c. Bulk shoulders cured 16½c., rib sides 13½c., clear rib do. 14½c., clear do. 14½c. Bacon shoulders 13½c., hams 16½@17c. Butter 33@37c. Eggs 30c. Cuba sugar 12½@15c. Coffee 23@24c.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 12.—Superfine flour $4 50@5; wheat 5@10c. higher; old corn 75@80c.; oats 48@51c.; pork, old $29 25, new $25 50; Bacon sides 17½@18½c.; lard 15½c.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 12.—Sales 23 hogsheads tobacco, logs to cutting leaf $6 50@20; cotton 21c.; hogs 7½@7¾c. gross; corn, old 85@90c., new 55@60c.; oats 53c.; wheat $1 80@1 90; rye $1 25@1 30; superfine flour $5 50@6; bacon—shoulders 12½@13½c., clear rib sides 17½@18c., clear sides 18½@18½c.; whisky, raw, free $1.

Local Intelligence.

HOTEL ARRIVALS—*St. Charles Hotel.*—O R Dougherty; T S Reed, Jr, Miss; George Ellis, St Joseph, La; E C Kelly, New Orleans; J Holl way, T Baird, Miss; A Sandges; Charles E Tabb, E Stockdale, Kentucky; N B Eudestars, Sterlings; Chas Straham; Chas E Stroud, Cincinnati; S A Choate, Louisville; Wm B Trumbull, B J Trumbull, Skipwith; Mrs Edgar Ames, family and servant, St Louis; Mrs Harmond, Montgomery; T D Burt, city; M Philfin; Thomas Tardrew, city; Mrs Davie, Miss Davie, Galveston; Y G Trossman, Marshall; J J Hollingsworth, Shreveport; M Lemont, T Benedict and wife, Louisville, Ky; J H McKer, N C; J Armstrong, Wis; C D Otis, A R Esup, New York; D D Areny, Attakapas.

St. James—James H Morris and sister, W H H Green and lady, Jackson, Miss; O H Peak, Tennessee; D S Murphy, Alabama; Wm F Moss, Philadelphia; P Marx, city; Robert Williamson, Kentucky; C Glass, G M Bradford, Warrenton, Miss; Nolan Stuart, Baton Rouge, La; James E Pernet, Kentucky; A Goldschmidt, New York; W L Sharkey and family, Jackson, Miss; E M Brooks, Mississippi.

City—L Oliver, Spain; W J Anderson, Alabama; E A Stelbens, Madison; H W McConald; Major Offalx, Lieut O Connell, U S A; J W Boyd, W H Morgan, Mississippi; G A Graves and lady, Terrebonne; J Pritchard, Baltimore Md; W H Hardesty; J Whitesides, Mississippi; Dr John Sear, Miss S W Sear, Camden; Mrs M E Smith, Louisville; A L Hay, Shreveport; W Beymon, Mansfield, La; Hiram Lighter, A S Marr, A Tanman and child, Texas; W E Raff, Augusta; Wm A Bales, Cincinnati, Ohio; J L Murray, Texas; Mrs A M Branch, Miss Sallie Smith, Miss Sue Smith, John Q Jackson, Texas; S W Monroe, Mrs Monroe, C H Chapman, wife and 2 children, Texas; A F Lesher, Mississippi; D D Scinner, Rockport, Texas; Jas P Muggah, St Mary; J M Nicholls, Bossier.

WEATHER DELIGHTFUL; genuine Indian summer—neither too cold nor too warm, but a *juste milieu*, requiring only a moderate degree of exercise to put one's blood in circulation. The ladies feel the advantages of the temperature, and, how much better it is to be out on the streets and at the City Park than moping at home. The Indian summer does more to invigorate our people than all the summer resorts in the country.

THE POLICE STATIONS, at half-past 6 o'clock every evening—the hour when the day men are relieved and the night men go on duty—present more the appearance of drill-rooms or armories. The night men are drawn up in line, roll is called by the sergeant, the absentees are reported to the clerk, and then, having received any instructions there may be given them, the men march off by the flank in double file, and keeping step, out into the hall and down the stairway into the street, where the different squads diverge toward the four points of the compass. And not long after their departure, "Johnny comes marching home" from his day duty in squads of three or four together, and having reported as relieved, goes off to rest until morning again. About two-thirds of the force are on night duty.

CONSTITUTION CLUB.—This club met last evening, Major J. E. Austin, president, in the chair. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved. A communication from the Seymour Knights was read, and, on motion, laid over, but subsequently the secretary was authorized to act in the matter. The object of the communication was in relation to a contemplated exhibition in favor of the orphan asylums of the city. A report from the committee appointed on reorganization received and adopted. It was resolved that no officer shall hold more than one office. The election of officers being the next business in order, was, on motion, postponed to a special meeting, to be held next Tuesday evening. It was resolved unanimously that the club assume the liabilities of the old club, and an officer was appointed to pay the indebtedness. A committee of three was appointed to draft a constitution and by laws. There being no other business the club adjourned to Tuesday next at 6½, at headquarters, 28 Carondelet street.

THE GALLANT HANCOCK CLUB hold a meeting, the first since their reorganization, at their new quarters over the Imperial Café, corner of Gravier and Carondelet streets, this evening at 7 o'clock. Business of the utmost importance requires the attendance of every member. Those wishing to join the social as well as the political organization, will be received with a hearty welcome. The Hancocks are a glorious club, and number amongst their members many of the first young men in the city. Thanks to their secretary, Maj. W. H. Ellis, for favors.

ANOTHER SHOOTING AFFAIR took place last evening, about half-past seven o'clock, on St. Charles street, just below Commercial Alley, in the drinking saloon known as the "Tattersalls Exchange," kept by Messrs. Malone & Sinnott. It appears that two brothers, named Michael and Thomas Hayes, plasterers by occupation, were standing together in the saloon, engaged in a conversation concerning a watch and which terminated in a disagreement between them. Thomas Hayes, we are informed, was somewhat under the influence of liquor, while his brother Michael was perfectly sober. The dispute became so serious that Mr. Sinnott, one of the proprietors, came out from behind the bar, and going between them, endeavored to effect a reconciliation. But his good intentions resulted seriously, and perhaps fatally to himself, for Thomas Hayes, drawing a Smith & Wesson pistol, fired it at his brother three, some say four times—one ball lodged in the ceiling, another in the side wall opposite the bar, and a third entered Mr. Sinnott's body, lodging in the region of the liver. The wounded man stooped forward, placing his hands on the wound, and cried out: "I'm shot." He was conveyed to his residence on Washington street, between Camp and Prytania, where the most careful surgical attendance was procured. Thomas Hayes, meanwhile, was arrested by officers Scott and Seigler, and was taken at once to the station, where he awaits examination before Recorder Becker.

At latest reports, Mr. Sinnott was still alive, although his condition was considered a critical one.

In a subsequent interview with Capt. Cain and several members of the police force, at the superintendent's office, we understand that Thomas Hayes emphatically asserted his innocence of any intention to shoot Mr. Sinnott, and expressed the deepest regret at the unfortunate event.

THE DEUTSCH COMPANY give a grand promenade concert and *soirée dansante*, under the leadership of Carlo Patti, at their hall, corner Bienville street and Exchange Alley, to-morrow evening, the 14th inst. The following is the programme:

March.....Mendelsohn.
Polka.....Fritha.
Potpourri.....Verdi.
Waltz.....Lanner.
Fantasie.....Donizetti.
Lancers.....Offenbach.
Potpourri.....Mercadante.
Masurka.....Strauss.
Grand Fantasie and March.....Lumbye.
Schottish.....Gungl.
Potpourri.....Verdi.
Quadrille.....Raymand.
Overture, Stabat Mater.....Rossini.
Waltz.....Godfrey.
Potpourri.....Donnizetti.
Galleipade.....Friha.
March.....Carlo Patti.
Intermission for Supper—To Conclude with Dancing.

A LADY afflicted with that enormity, yclept the *Torse Grec*, or Grecian bend, who was present last evening at a fashionable entertainment, was the laughing stock of the company and the butt of many back handed compliments. People prefer stern reality to artificial assumptions.

A SAD INCIDENT.—Our readers will remember that some week or ten days ago we published the account of the finding of the body of a drowned woman. We also gave a full description of her person. This description attracted the attention of the relatives of a woman who had, under the influence of mental aberration, left her husband, a Mr. Williams, of the Plains, East Baton Rouge parish. They applied to the coroner and obtained a portion of her dress and one of her shoes, when the parties at once telegraphed to Mr. Williams, who immediately came down. He recognized all the articles shown him as the property of his wife. The body was at once exhumed, and last evening the bereaved husband, with his precious freight, returned to his home. From all we can learn, Mrs. Williams, being temporarily insane, left her husband, coming down to this city on a steamboat, and on which she paid no fare. On arriving here she wandered around some time, making vain attempts to procure a passage to Galveston. The next that was known of her was the perusal by her friends of the paragraph in the CRESCENT, which told of her having met her death. This is a most sad case from beginning to end, and heartily do we sympathize with the family and friends thus left desolate.

A LABORING MAN, considerably the worse for liquor, was heard to speak as follows, whilst weighing a nickel of United States currency in his hand: "What are you worth? Not more than one of the old copper cents! You are four times bigger and only three times heavier than the silver half-dime we had before the war. The great government under which we exist has issued a sham, in you, to represent the real five cent silver piece, and even in the territory of our neighbor, Canada, among people who speak our language, if I had two thousand of you, you would not pass for more than about twenty, or considering your worth in this republic, fifty dollars. You are a government counterfeit, as base as the counterfeits issued by individual scoundrels; but you have the countenance of a mighty government, and, as a matter of course, 'with the guinea's stamp' you pass for genuine. If I sent you, and a hundred like you, to the watchmaker, and asked him to make me a silver watch out of the precious metal in you, he'd laugh at me and say there was naught but brass and copper in your composition." This man's remark brings to remembrance the fact so often dilated upon by political economists, that when a government alloys its standard of currency below the standard of international exchange, it is weak, vacillating and on the decline.

THE TELEGRAPHIC DISPATCHES from the North only corroborate what the CRESCENT said yesterday. Two steamers are fitting out in New York with the ostensible intention of escorting two iron-clads, lately purchased in this port for the Peruvian navy. That those two steamers, the Matanzas and the Havana, will leave the port of New York without extra water casks or an extra number of hands; or that they may reach the port of New Orleans, without those extras, is probable. But are they going to act as convoys and tenders to iron-clads to the remote coast of Peru? Are those iron-clads going to Peru? Was not a floating dry dock of immense dimensions, the most unwieldy of man's maritime constructions since Noah, towed from New Orleans to Havana, a few years ago? Yes, but Havana is only a few days' journey by sail, and Peru is months away.

HIGH 'CHANGE.—The meeting of stockholders and subscribers, advertised to take place at 12 M., yesterday, at the "Merchants' Exchange Co.," was slimly attended—in fact there were so few present that no business was transacted, and from the disposition manifested by the few present an evening "change" would be more desirable.

THE U. S. DISTRICT AND CIRCUIT COURTS were in session yesterday, Judge Durell presiding, and District Attorney Torrey being present. The calling of cases will take place on Monday next.

THE TEMPERATURE yesterday, as shown by the thermometer at C. Duhamel's, 111 Canal street, lately corner Bienville and Chartres streets, was as follows: At 6 A. M. 50 degrees; 12 M. 60; 3 P. M. 63; 6 P. M. 62.

AN ESTEEMED COLABORER on the Times says Captain Bradley, of the Second District police, complains of statements published with regard to himself in the New Orleans papers "during his absence, and says that he intends hereafter to make it a personal matter where he considers he has been badly dealt with. He will not only decide upon the publication, but he will call in question the motive. Bradley's threats (which he was begged at the moment to attempt to execute) to muzzle the press are not worth mentioning, except as showing the character of the future police captain of the Second District."

If Capt. Bradley, dressed in a little brief authority, is inclined to play such fantastic tricks as to interfere with New Orleans newspapers or their employés in the conscientious discharge of their duties, he will find his task a Herculean labor, and that his opposition and hostility will simply result in ruin to himself.

WHAT IS THE DIFFERENCE between a conductor on a departing train and a piece of glass? One is an off-conductor, the other a non-conductor. Laugh, why don't you.

AN UNKNOWN BODY, that of a white man about forty years old, was recovered yesterday from the Mississippi at the foot of Toulouse street. His clothing consisted of striped cottonade pants and a blue flannel shirt.

A GROCERY STORE, corner of Bienville and Franklin streets, was entered on Wednesday night and robbed. No clue to the thieves.

TWO OF THE SAILORS belonging to the sloop Marco Polo, lying at post 20, Third District, robbed the vessel of various sums of money and much valuable clothing, and made off with it. They have not yet been captured.

AN OLD GENTLEMAN named Barteille fell down at the corner of Esplanade and Villeré streets about 9 o'clock yesterday morning in an apoplectic fit. This is the third accident of the kind within a week.

IT IS A MATTER of exceeding regret among the people of New Orleans that Jno. G. Parham, Esq., should have resigned his position as one of the directors of our Public Schools. No gentleman in this city or this State, with the sole exceptions of Alex. Dimitry and Robt. L. Lusher, has done more to advance the Public Schools than John G. Parham. The CRESCENT trusts Mr. Parham will be induced to reconsider and revoke his resignation.

AT TEN O'CLOCK yesterday, officer Brennan reports having found, at the corner of Camp and Erato streets, one mantel clock, four pairs of stockings, three napkins, and three or four books. The articles were subsequently identified as having been stolen from the premises of Mrs. Van Ostern, No. 207 St. Charles street, the previous night.

GENERAL ROUSSEAU issues the following orders: The commanding officer at Grand Ecore, La., will detail twelve enlisted men of company I, fourth cavalry, to accompany Brevet Lieut. Col. N. Vedder, paymaster U. S. army, in making payments to troops stationed at Marshall, Jefferson, San Augustine, Palestine, Tyler, Clarksville, and adjacent posts, in Texas.

The quartermaster's department will furnish transportation for this detachment of men, with their horses, from Grand Ecore to Shreveport, La., and return, en route.

Brevet Brig. Gen. L. C. Hunt, lieutenant colonel twentieth infantry, is temporarily assigned to duty at headquarters.

Brevet Brig. Gen. L. P. Graham, colonel fourth cavalry, having been assigned to other duties, by orders from the war department, is relieved from duty as acting assistant inspector general at headquarters.

LOUISIANA ELECTION.

The following are the returns of the election in Louisiana as far as received:

	Seymour.	Grant.
Ascension	1,125	1,491
Assumption	—	12
Avoyelles	929	—
Bienville	1355	—
Bossier	1,636	1
Caddo	2,895	1
Caldwell	481	—
Catahoula	989	153
Calcasieu	814	9
Claiborne	2,941	2
Concordia	—	1,200
Carroll	757	1,391
DeSoto	1,290	00
E. Baton Rouge	1,368	1,247
E. Feliciana	1,411	644
Franklin	1,213	00
Iberville	794	2,038
Jackson	1,398	00
Lafayette	1,266	00
Livingston	679	149
Lafourche	1,794	1,617
Morehouse	1,525	1
Natchitoches	1375	1,915
Orleans (city)	23,734	276
" (right bank)	884	902
Ouachita	1,096	829
Pointe Coupee	908	1,545
Plaquemine	203	808
Rapides	1,562	1,855
St. Bernard	443	—
St. Charles	202	1,337
St. Helena	1,004	186
St. James	—	1,326
St. John the Baptist	558	1,374
St. Tammany	704	470
St. Martin	1,456	15
St. Mary	1,892	1,142
Texas	300	1,339
Sabine	934	2
St. Landry	4,737	00
Terrebonne	1,297	1,541
Vermillion	796	00
W. Baton Rouge	432	577
W. Feliciana	633	1,137
Washington	757	00
Winn	712	43
Total	73,423	28,584

VERMILLION.—The full vote of Vermillion parish is—for Seymour 796, for Grant, 00.

WEST FELICIANA.—The full vote of West Feliciana is: for Seymour 648, for Grant 1137.

CARROLL.—The full vote of Carroll parish is: for Seymour 787, for Grant 1391.

DE SOTO.—In this parish the vote stands: for Seymour 1290, for Grant 00.

The totals now stand; for Seymour 73,423, for Grant 28,584. We have only majorities, as yet, in Assumption and St. James. The full returns from these will bring the Democratic vote, in 45 parishes, up to about 75,000. Morehouse, Jefferson, and Madison, will make it about 78,000, and the Democratic majority in the State about 46,000.

Miss Mollie E. Moore, of Texas, is about to publish another book of poems.

One news dealer in Galveston sells seven hundred copies per week of Brick Pomeroy's paper.

AMUSEMENTS.

MR. LEO WHEAT'S CONCERT.—Our readers have all of them in the past few days heard more or less of the distinguished pianist and organist, Mr. Leo Wheat, whose determination to make New Orleans his home has been hailed with so much pleasure. Last evening, as an introduction to that public with which he is soon to become familiar, Mr. Wheat gave a grand concert. Determined that this, his first appearance in the Crescent City, should be one worthy of his own fame, and the acknowledged critical ability of those who were to form his audience, he obtained to assist him the very best amateur talent that our city can afford. The Mendelssohn Quartette, Mr. Farmer, Carlo Patti, Mr. Braun, Miss G——s, all well known to the musical public, were announced as his coadjutors on the occasion. The full orchestra of the French opera was engaged, and, as if to make all things complete, the ballroom of Odd Fellows' Hall was selected as the place. With all these favorable auspices, and the well known desire of our people to render substantial encouragement to genuine talent, in whatever shape it presents itself, we were not surprised, last evening, on entering the hall just as the overture commenced, to find it nearly filled by an audience comprising the most intelligent portion of our community—people who, judges of good music, are just those before whom a fine musician would be delighted to perform. The programme was as follows:

Overture to "Barber of Seville," Rossini—Orchestra.
Four Part Song, "Huntsman's Farewell" Mendelssohn—Mendelssohn Quartette.
Grand Concerto in F major, with Orchestral Accompaniment, Weber (Larghetto, Allegro, Marcia and Presto)—Mr. Wheat.
Ave Maria, from Prelude by Bach, Gounod, with Accompaniment of Piano (Wheat,) Violin (Patti,) Violoncello (Braun,) Cabinet Organ (Garrier.—Miss G——s.
Flute Solo, "Capriccio," Briccialdi—Mr. Farmer.
Duo for Soprano and Tenor, from "Lucia di Lammermoor," Donizetti—Miss G——s and Mr Meteyer.
Piano Solo, Paraphrase of Waltz from "Faust," Liszt—Mr. Wheat.
Grand Trio, for piano, violin and cello, in D minor, Mendelssohn, first two movements, andante and allegro con fuoco.—Messrs Wheat, Patti and Braun.
Aria, from "L'Africaine," Meyerbeer—Miss G——s.
Violoncello Solo, "Souvenir de Spa," Servais—Mr. H. Braun.
Piano Soli, a. "Ve per Bella," nocturne, b. "Sparkling Polka," Wheat—Mr. Wheat.
Finale, Overture to "Freischutz," Weber—Orchestra.

For us to say that full justice was done to each item on the programme, would not be to fairly and fully give to each performer the credit deserved. The singing of Miss G——s was excellent, her rending of the aria from "L'Africaine" being particularly noticeable. The Quartette were, of course, good. Mr. Braun, in his violoncello solo "Souvenir de Spa," well sustained the deservedly high reputation he bears, and, in fact, added new laurels to his crown. His playing was remarkable. For Mr. Wheat himself, the fame of his excellence, which had gone before him, had prepared his audience to be severely critical upon him; that unless he really deserve commendation he should not receive it. But this disposition extended no further than the desire to be strictly just, and was tempered with an inclination to make every allowance which could fairly be asked. Mr. Wheat's reception was very warm. When he appeared on the platform to take his seat to play the grand concerto, he was welcomed with hearty applause. We shall not attempt here to dilate upon his peculiarities of style, or to name his many excellencies or to count his defects—though the last would be short work. Suffice it to be said that there was but one opinion in the audience, and that was that he had fully answered every expectation, and this was the highest praise that could be given him. His execution of some of his pieces was magnificent. He seemed to be able to produce what sound he wished from the instrument on which he played, and in various instances (in the soli in particular) they were very beautiful.

The whole affair was a complete success, and if it is to be accepted as a token of what Mr. Wheat's future concerts are to be, we imagine that but few of the music lovers of New Orleans will miss any of them. In this connection we would state that he has formed a musical society, of instrumental and vocal artists, from among the first talent of the city, and will give a series of six classical concerts through the winter, full particulars of which will be published very shortly. The series of six concerts will be five dollars.

We congratulate Mr. Wheat on the success which has attended his first appearance, and hope and believe that it is an augury of good for his future. We are glad, too, that he will be permanently with us. We have now a number of talented artists, of which but few other cities can boast, and we are happy to chronicle such an addition to them as Mr. Leo Wheat.

VARIETIES.—The fourth representation of "Under the Gaslight," at the Varieties last evening, was witnessed by another large and enthusiastic audience. The piece will be repeated this evening, and at the noon matinée to-morrow.

ST. CHARLES.—Ben DeBar as *Bob Acres*, and Mark Smith as *Sir Anthony*, in Sheridan's great comedy of "The Rivals," appeared last evening before an audience much smaller than the merits of the performance demanded, and were admirably sustained by Mr. Pope as *Capt. Absolute*, Miss Osborne as *Lydia Languish*, and Mrs. Rosewood as *Mrs. Malaprop*. The comedietta entitled "The Pretty Horse-breaker," in which Miss Bella Howitt appeared as *Bella Sunnyside*, concluded the entertainment. To-night "The Lady of Lyons" and the farce of "The Artful Dodger" will constitute the programme.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—A rare bill of attractions was offered last evening, and the merits of the various performances were emphatically pronounced upon by the audience. Mile. Turnair, swinging fifty feet in mid air, repeated her wonderful trapeze act, and Szollossy again produced his beautiful ballet divertisement, "The Mexican in Cadiz." The usual variety of songs and dances, humorous and otherwise, were given, and the entertainment concluded with a new melodrama in one act entitled "Kenrich Kavanaugh, the Robber of Galway." The same programme will be repeated this evening and at to-morrow's matinée. On Monday we have the first presentation of the burlesque "White Fawn."

AMES'S MENAGERIE AND CIRCUS.—Miss Lucille Watson, the dashing equestrienne, has, since her arrival, won hosts of admirers among those who have trod the sawdust, and certainly merits all the praise that has been bestowed upon her. Johnny Lawton, too, must be mentioned as the funniest of all funny clowns, and the Miaco Brothers, as gymnasts, never fail to receive their full share of applause. In addition to the ring performances, one may see a rare collection of wild beasts and birds constantly on exhibition. Entertainments are given daily at noon and in the evening.

LITERARY ITEMS.

An Italian has written a novel based on Isabella's personal history.

A new Unitarian magazine is announced to appear before the first of January.

A literary and domestic magazine for ladies will soon be brought out in Indianapolis, Ind.

A new monthly magazine by the name of Onward, to be edited by Capt. Mayne Reid, is to be issued the first of January.

Hearth and Home is the title of a new weekly journal, the publication of which will be begun on the first of January next.

A new rural and family paper is announced under the title of Health and Home. Mr. Donald G. Mitchell, Ike Marvel, will edit it, and Mrs. Stowe will be a regular contributor.

A new paper will soon make its appearance, to be called This Week, said to be owned and edited by Col. Duganne.

A new magazine, to be styled "Good Words for the Young," edited by Norman Macleod, D. D., will soon make its appearance this side of the Atlantic—so says Brentano, our literary caterer.

The Bible complete has now been printed in the Tahitian, Samoan, Rorotongan, Tongan, Fijian and Hawaiian dialects—all branches of the Polynesian language.

An illustrated edition of Queen Victoria's Journal of Highland Life is to be published with *fac similes* of the queen's sketches among the pictures.

The publishers of the German magazines, it is reported, are overwhelmed with letters from their subscribers, asking them to publish more and better articles on American topics.

J. B. Lyman, agricultural editor of the World, was recently awarded a prize for the best essay on Marl. There were six competitors.

Bancroft has obtained from the Austrian government permission to search its archives for documents bearing on the history of the mediation between the United States and England, attempted by the Emperor Joseph II of Austria and the Empress Catharine of Russia during our revolutionary war.

In London, a publisher announces the concluding volume of "Lord Campbell's Lives of the Lord Chancellors," containing the biographies of Lords Brougham and Lyndhurst. The fact that Lord Campbell died several years before these gentlemen, makes the volume an unique one.

The story of "The Gentle Boy," by Hawthorne, was published years ago, with illustrations, by Miss Sophie Peabody. This fact led to the acquaintance of the author and the artist, and the acquaintance led to their marriage. They took up their residence in the "Old Manse" at Concord, straightway. Their children inherit their mother's talent in art.

The Paris correspondent of the London Times says: "The Parisians seem really mad about the little satirical and scandalous periodical pamphlets of the Lanterne family, which continue to appear in Paris. M. de Villemassant and some of the Figaro people have just brought out the first number of a new one, called Le Diable a Quatre, and are said to have sold 150,000 copies on the day of its appearance. Eight parodies of the thing have already appeared."

Richardson & Co., of New York, have published a work written by Bishop Gregg, of Texas, entitled the "History of Old Cheraws; containing an account of the Aborigines of the Pedee, the first white settlements, their subsequent progress, civil changes, the struggle of the revolution, and the growth of the country afterwards; extending from about 1730 to 1810, with notices of families and sketches of individuals."

The book recently written by the queen of England has been translated into the Welsh language. The title is: "Dalenau o Ddyddiy frein Bywyd yn