INSURANCE.

LOUISIANA MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

FOURTEENTH ANNUAL STATEMENT.

In conformity with the requirements of their Charter the Company publish the following statement:

Total Premiums for the year ending 29th February, 1868		$548,323 43
Viz—Fire Premiums	$256,272 87	
Marine Premiums	199,153 70	
River Premiums	103,097 16	
		$548,523 43
Less Return Premiums	$ 5,869 75	
Less Unearned Premiums	40,145 00	
		$ 46,004 75
Net Earned Premiums		$502,518 67
Losses Paid:		
Fire Losses	$ 62,597 26	
Marine Losses	184,872 79	
River Losses	94,592 09	
	$342,062 14	
Discount in lieu of Scrip	56,548 65	
Taxes and Internal Revenue	24,741 56	
Expenses, Rent, etc., less Discount Account	32,310 83	
Six per cent. Interest on outstanding Scrip to 1st March, 1868	37,777 80	
		$491,340 78
Reserved for Unadjusted Losses		$ 11,277 89

The Company have the following Assets, which in the Report of the Finance Committee of the Company, unanimously adopted by the Board of Trustees, are declared, after ample allowances and deductions are made, to be equivalent to a Cash Capital of $620,000, viz:

Invested in Real Estate	$ 66,998 11
Invested in Mortgage on Real Estate	79,019 50
Invested in City and other Bonds	82,220 00
Invested in Bank and other Stocks	123,585 00
Invested in Scrip of Insurance Companies	135,302 00
Loaned on Pledges	18,200 00
Bills Receivable	3,998 88
Premiums in course of Collection	7,262
Cash on hand	111,513 49
	$ 737,599 49

The above statement is a just, true and correct transcript from the books of the Company.

CHAS. BRIGGS, President.
J. P. ROUX, Secretary.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans,
Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 23d day of March, 1868. PAUL W. COLLENS, Third Justice of the Peace.

Six per cent. interest on all outstanding Scrip will be paid the legal holders thereof on the second Monday of May next.

CHAS. BRIGGS, President.
ANT. CARRIERE, Vice President.

TRUSTEES:

Charles Briggs,	A. H. Montgomery
Ant. Carriere,	A. Lecourt,
Geo. A. Fosdick,	Frank Williams,
E. Brugier,	Thomas Byrne,
Chas. Laffite,	John Thornhill,
John S. Maunsell,	W. A. Violett,
P. Anderson,	Hugh Macdonald,
Alfred Kearny,	Wm. M. Pinckard,
A. Freriche,	John S. Wallis,
Geo. W. Dunbar,	George Foster,
E. F. Steckmeyer,	Andrew Stewart,
Geo. W. Hynson,	L. S. Pothier,
Arch'd Montgomery	John Nixon, Jr.,
Henry J. Voss,	E. Piaggio.
E. Marquess,	James Gallier,
Chas. Weishaar,	Rudolph Sieg,
H. F. Seven.	

NINETEENTH ANNUAL STATEMENT

—OF THE—

CRESCENT MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

New Orleans, May 26, 1867.

The Trustees, in conformity to the charter, submit the following statement of the affairs of the company on the 30th day of April, 1867:

Fire Premiums for year	$298,122 92	
Marine Premiums for year	94,062 83	
River Premiums for year	177,584 53	
		$507,770 23
Total net earned Premiums		$447,854 23
Fire losses paid and estimated	$ 59,800 63	
Marine	67,074 08	
River	85,572 47	
Paid Taxes	26,019 54	
Paid reinsurances and discount in lieu of scrip	60,103 30	
Paid interest, return premiums, general expenses less discount, etc.	67,549 08	
		306,919 13
Net profits		$ 51,935 10

The Company have the following Assets:

Bills Receivable	$ 37,494 36	
Loans on bonds and Mortgage	69,343 33	
		$106,837 69
Cash on hand	$104,677 34	
Loans on pledge of stocks on call	63,400 00	
		167,977 34
Loans on pledge of stocks on time	11,290 00	
Real Estate	75,000 00	
Scrips of other Companies and sport account	45,082 48	
		131,372 48
Consolidated City Bonds	30,000 00	
City Bonds	95,500 00	
Bank and other stocks	196,937 17	
		323,437 17
Coupons for City Bonds past due		8,460 00
Due for Premiums in course of collection		41,820 00
		$779,814 68

The Company have also:

Suspended Notes, Stocks and Bonds		$436,365 21
Forfeited Scrip account		7,509 24
Interest uncalled for	$ 7,300 25	

The above statement is a true and correct transcript from the books of the Company.

THOS. A. ADAMS, President.
HENRY V. OGDEN, Secretary.

PARISH OF ORLEANS,
City of New Orleans,
Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 23d day of May, 1868. PARIS CHILDRESS, Second Justice of the Peace, Parish of Orleans.

The Company will pay interest at 6 per cent. in cash on all its Outstanding Certificates of Scrip to the legal holders thereof, on and after the second Monday in June next.

The Board of Trustees have also declared a Scrip Dividend of THIRTY-THREE AND ONE-THIRD per cent. on the earned premiums entitled to participation for the year ending April 30, 1868; for which certificates will be issued on and after the first Monday in August next, free of Government tax.

THOMAS A. ADAMS, President.
SAMUEL H. KENNEDY, Vice President.
HENRY V. OGDEN Secretary.

—TRUSTEES—

Thomas A. Adams,	Samuel H. Kennedy,
C. T. Bouddecke,	Samuel B. Newman,
P. H. Foley,	Wm. Edwards,
A. G. Ober,	A. Thompson,
P. Simms,	John Phelps.
A. Eimer Bader,	E. H. Summers.

COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY

SECOND ANNUAL STATEMENT.

In conformity with the requirements of their charter the COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY publish the following statement:

Amount of Premiums for the year ending 31st March, 1868

Fire Premiums	$ 52,326 44	
River Premiums	79,028 20	
Marine Premiums	29,808 11	
		$161,562 75
LOSSES PAID.		
Fire Losses	$ 13,659 39	
River Losses	84,244 33	
Marine Losses	24,373 70	
	$122,277 42	
Rebate	30,980 97	
Taxes	4,799 01	
Reinsurance	8,862 25	
Return Premiums	419 00	
Expenses, Profit and Loss, etc., less Interest	29,320 66	—$197,159 31
		$35,526 56
ASSETS.		
Cash on hand	$ 22,904 11	
Bills receivable	8,083 92	
Furniture	3,673 96	
Premiums due	24,066 46	
Stock Notes	$34,225 00	—$92,973 44

The above Statement is a just, true and correct transcript from the books of the company.

S. S. BUCKNER, President.
GEO. O. SWENY, Secretary.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 21st day of April, 1868. PARIS CHILDRESS, Second Justice Peace, Parish of Orleans.

INSURANCE.

MERCHANTS' MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS.

FOURTEENTH ANNUAL STATEMENT

In conformity with the requirements of their Charter, the Company publish the following

STATEMENT:

Premiums received during the year ending 31st May, 1868, including unearned premiums of the previous year:

On Fire Risks		$ 813,694 43
On Marine Risks		238,734 17
On River Risks		99,543 62
Total Premiums		$1,151,962 22
Less Premiums Unearned 31st May, 1868	$226,847 00	
Return Premiums	23,471 07	—$ 250,318 07
Net Earned Premiums 31st May, 1868		$ 901,644 15
Losses paid:		
On Fire Risks	$271,226 37	
On Marine Risks	173,940 58	
On River Risks	45,929 96	
	$491,096 91	
Taxes	28,015 62	
Reinsurance, Expenses, Profit and Loss, less interest	105,202 04	—624,314 56
Net Profit		$ 277,329 59

The Company have the following assets:

Real Estate	$ 159,617 87
Notes Secured by Mortgage	675,807 38
Notes Secured by Pledge	89 147 23
Cash on hand	128,478 24
Premiums in course of Collection	80,753 65
City Bonds	83,000 00
Bank and Railroad Stocks	194,300 00
Bills Receivable	127,154 79
Scrips of Mutual Insurance Companies	40 805 00
Stock of Valiette Dry Dock Company	15,000 00
" Levee Steam Cotton Press	5,000 00
" Marine Dry Dock	3,700 00
" Merchants' Exchange	1,000 00
" Lightering and Wrecking Co.	1,000 00
" Louisiana Equitable Life Ins. Co.	250 00
State Bonds	1,800 00
Total	$1,466,414 16
Less: Unclaimed interest and interest payable in July next on all outstanding Scrips of the Company	$101,246 15
Thirty-five per cent. of Scrip issue of 1869, payable in July	70,675 75
Unearned Premiums 31st May, 1868	226,847 00—$398,768 90
	$1,067,645 26

The above Statement is a just, true and correct transcrip from the books of the Company.

JOHN PEMBERTON, President.
PAUL FOURCHY, Secretary.

STATE OF LOUISIANA,
Parish of Orleans, City of New Orleans.
Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 9th day of June, 1868. PAUL W. COLLENS, Third Justice of the Peace.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held on the 9th day of June, 1868, it was resolved to declare a Scrip Dividend of THIRTY PER CENT. on the Net Earned Participating Premiums for the year ending 30th May, 1868, for which certificates will be issued on and after the first day of August next. Also to pay on and after the second Monday in July next THIRTY-FIVE PER CENT. ON THE SCRIP ISSUE OF 1869, and six per cent. interest on all outstanding Scrips of the Company.

DIRECTORS:

John Pemberton,	P. Maspero,	David McCord,
M. Puig,	L. F. Generes,	Pierre Poute,
Chas. Sagory,	John Morgan Hall	S. E. Reif,
P. S. Wiltz,	J. J. Fernandez.	

PIEDMOND REAL ESTATE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF VIRGINIA

Authorized Capital $1,000,000.

All Loans made by this Company are Secured on Real Estate, first lien. No Loan permitted to exceed half the value of the property on which it is secured, and in case of Country Property, But dings excluded from assessment.
87½ per cent. of profits paid to Policy Holders.
Dividends declared annually and transferred at end of every year to those who insure.
Policies issued on all the most approved plans.
Policies non-forfeitable. Rates of insurance low.
Premiums received in half cash half note.
The officers and directors of this company include some of the ablest and most responsible gentlemen in the South.

W. C. CARRINGTON, President.
J. J. HOPKINS, Secretary.
C. H. PERROW, M. D., Medical Advisor.

DIRECTORS:

W. D. Cabell,	E. G. Thurmond,	J. R. Peebles,
Hudson Martin,	T. P. Fitzpatrick,	Wm. Gordon,
C. A. Shaffer,	Wm. P. Shepherd,	D. D. Hartsook.

Liberal commissions will be paid to good agents in Texas, Arkansas and Louisiana.

D. H. MAURY, General Agent,
24 Union street, New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

Office, Corner of Camp and Canal Streets.

EIGHTH YEAR.

Premiums received during the year ending December 31st, 1867	$411,206 41
Losses, Taxes, Expenses, Reinsurance, etc., paid during same period	$198,078 84
Assets on the 31st December, 1867	$526,564 89

NEW ORLEANS, January 11, 1868.

The Board of Directors have resolved to declare a scrip dividend of THIRTY PER CENT. on the net earned participating premiums for the year ending December 31, 1867; and have further resolved to pay Six Per Cent. interest on all outstanding certificates of Scrip, on and after the second Monday of March, 1868. J. TUYES, President.
J. W. HINCKS, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

Geo. Urquhart,	T. B. Blanchard Jr.,	Chs. Laffite,
A. Bocheresu,	Wm. Stevens,	J. M. Lapayre,
G. W. Babcock,	J. A. White,	A. Schreiber,
Jno. Gaucha,	W. F Williams,	J. Tuyes.

SUN MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS,

Office, No. 61 Camp Street.

Amount of premiums received during the year ending December 31st, 1867	$384 629 71
Assets on 31st December, 1867, valued at	767,766 81

NEW ORLEANS, January 23d, 1868.—The Board of Directors resolved to pay 6 per cent interest on all outstanding Scrip; and further declared a Scrip Dividend of 35 per cent. on the net earned participating Premiums for the year ending December 31st, 1867. THOS. SLOO, Pres't.
THOS. ADAMS, Secretary.

Directors for the year 1868—John G. Gaines, Henry Renshaw, E. T. Lonsdale, B. Bisono, J. C. Barelli, Hugh Wilson, E. J. Hart, John C. Ricks, J. H. Stauffer, J. S. Bres, Thos. Sloo, I. N. Marks.

FACTORS' AND TRADERS' INSURANCE COMPANY,

39 Carondelet Street 39

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

SECOND ANNUAL STATEMENT, YEAR ENDING 30TH APRIL, 1868.

Premiums for the year	$326 256 79
Losses Paid	192 710 66
Assets, 30th April, 1868	605,984 12

CASH DIVIDENDS DECLARED TO STOCKHOLDERS.

In Capital Stock Department.... TEN PER CENT.
In Premium Department....FIFTEEN PER CENT.

This Company continues to issue Policies on FIRE, RIVER and MARINE RISKS at the current rates of Premium.

All Dividends of the Company are payable in CASH, without discount.

MICHEL MUSSON, President.
HARMON DOANE, Vice President.
FO A. PALFREY, Secretary.

TRUSTEES.

Moses Greenwood,	Richard Milliken.
J. W. Burbridge,	Samuel S. Moore.
W. A. Johnson,	W. H. Henning.
John I. Noble,	J. J. Warren.
John Chaffe,	Simon Bloch.
Hugh McColl,	R. T. Buckner.
Marshall J. Smith,	Samuel Friedlander.
L. Caulfield,	H. Freilsen.
Alfred S. Huntington,	Wm. Creevy.
L. H. Terry,	E. W. Rodd.
J. D. Burr,	Joseph Hoy.
Rober Pitkin,	Perry Nugent.
S. Cambon.	

INSURANCE.

MUTUAL AID AND BENEVOLENT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

—OF—

Louisiana.

DIRECTORS:

J. M. LAPEYRE,	W. S. MOUNT.
JOHN DAVIDSON,	L. B. POTHIER.
H. ZUBERBIER,	WM. McCULLOCH,
I. N. MARKS,	C. CAVAROC,
E. F. SCHMIDT,	WM. CREEVY,
W. COOPER,	THOS. K. FINLAY,
W. S. PIKE,	ANTHONY SAMBOLA,
DAVID McCOARD,	PATRICK IRWIN,
I. CAULFIELD,	JNO. C. SINNOTT.
GERARD STITH,	W. C. NICHOLS.

OFFICERS:

JNO. DAVIDSON, President;
W. S. PIKE, Vice President;
R. W. YOUNG, Secretary;
L. A. FOURNIER, Treasurer

W. B. KOONTZ, Attorney.
W. C. NICHOLS, M. D., Physician.
N. C. FOLGER, Agent,
Office No. 128 Carondelet street, Davidson's Row.

HOME MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS.

Office, No. 78 Camp st., corner of Natchez street.

SIXTEENTH YEAR.

Premiums received during the year ending December 31, 1867	$881,890 00
Losses, taxes, expenses, re-insurance, etc., paid during same period	317,740 78
Assets on the 31st December, 1867	878 734 08

This Company continues to insure against the perils of the Sea, Rivers, and loss or damage by Fire, at the current rates of premium.

ALFRED MOULTON, President.
WM. M. PERKINS, Vice President.
A. W. HUNTER, Secretary.

TRUSTEES:

J. M. Allen.	J. H. Ludwigsen,	E. K. Converse,
A. Moulton.	Wm. Chambers,	A. H. May,
S. P. Ethell,	John T. Moore,	Robert Hare,
Wm. W. Perkins.	J. E. Isenhour.	John C. Rogers.

FIREMENS' INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW ORLEANS.

Capital Stock $500,000

With privilege to increase to $3,000,000.

Office No. 35 Camp street, Story Building, corner of Camp and Common streets.

B. L. MILLAUDON, President; J. M. LAPEYRE, Vice-President; E. N. CANDIDEAU, Secretary.

This Company offers to the insured the option of a rebate of 15 per cent., or a participation in the net profits, payable at the end of each year in cas

LOUISIANA EQUITABLE LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Capital $500,000.

OFFICE, 142 CANAL STREET, NEW ORLEANS.

DIRECTORS:

John Pemberton,	W. S. Pike,	Edward Rigney,
E. A. Tyler	J. W. Stone,	W. B. Schmidt,
C. H. Slocomb,	A. Thompson,	Alexander Marks,
F. Deibondio,	Philip Meyer,	C. E. Girardey,
George A. Fosdick,	Edward Barnett,	Marshall J. Smith.

JOSEPH ELLISON, President, W. S. PIKE, Vice-President,
ST. CLAIR DEARING, Gen. Agent, W. P. HARPER, Secretary.

MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

Dr. B. H. Moss,	Dr. Sam'l Choppin,	Dr. Y. B. LeMonier,
Dr. Henry Smith,	Dr. J. H. Lewis,	Dr. W. C. Nicholls.

G. A. Breaux, Attorney.

ALL KINDS OF LIFE RISKS TAKEN—Ordinary Life and Annual Endowment; Ten Annual Endowment and Five Annual Endowment; Single Payment; Participating and Non Participating, issued by this Company as low as any other Company.

ALL PAYMENTS NON-FORFEITABLE.

STAR MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.,

—OF—

NEW ORLEANS, LOUISIANA,

Continues to Take

Fire, River and Marine Risks at Tariff Rates.

—OFFICE—

NO. 14....CARONDELET STREET....NO. 14

CHAS. ENGSTFELD, Secretary.
LLOYD R. COLEMAN, President.

DIRECTORS:

Col. W. C. C. CLAIBORNE, No. 434 Dauphin street.
ADOLPH SCHREISER, Esq., of E. J. Forstall & Sons.
FORRESTER DeLONDE, Esq., of Cobb, Delhonde & Co.
CHAS. G JOHNSEN, Esq., Cotton Factor.
J. P. TODD, Esq., of DeVan & Mason.
R. L. BRUCE, Esq., of Hill & Bruce.
ARTHUR FORSTALL, Esq., of J. G. Lingham & Co.
S. LAPLACE, Esq., No. 381 Old Levee street.
J. A. BRASELMAN, Esq., of J. A. Braselman & Co.
JOHN D. BRITTON, Esq., of Britton & Moore.
S. GERSON, Esq., Cotton Factor.
EDWARD COCHRAN, Esq., No. 163 Spain street.

MARINE LOSSES PAYABLE IN NEW YORK OR EUROPE.

The Louisiana Mutual Insurance Company,

OFFICE NO. 120 CONDON STREET,

Notify their friends and the public that they have made arrangements for the payment of losses on their Marine Risks, when so required, in New York, Liverpool, London and Havre without additional charge beyond the regular rates of premium established by the tariff of the New Orleans Board of Underwriters.

New Orleans, Oct. 16, 1868.

LUMBER, COAL, WOOD.

COAL.....COAL.....COAL.

Over 200,000 bbls. of the best Pittsburg Coal

For Sale, Wholesale and Retail, delivered along the Coast above and below the city by the boat or barge load, at the lowest market price. Special attention given to city orders. Apply to BOYD, WILMOT & CO., 166 Poydras St., Yard—Foot of Calliope street

SHIP, STEAMBOAT,

WHEELWRIGHT, CABINET AND HOUSE

Lumber.

WHITEOAK, ASH, HICKORY, POPLAR, WALNUT, CYPRESS, YELLOW PINE,

Of all dimensions, constantly on hand and for sale by JOS. A. BROWN, Lumber Dealer, Bienville and Levee streets, One square below Customhouse.

Sawing circular work of every description done with dispatch.

KATHMAN, J. C.,

TROPICAL ROOFING MANUFACTORY

—And—

DEALER IN COAL, CHARCOAL, COKE, WHITE SAND AND FIREWOOD.

No 224 Bienville Street, Corner of Marais.

Orders left at the above place, or Box 53, Mechanics' Exchange, will receive prompt attention.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

JOHN A. GROW,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
157 Common Street,
New Orleans, La.

LAW CARD.....LAW CARD.

W. SCOTT BILLUPS,
Attorney and Counselor-at-Law,
BRENHAM, TEXAS.

Special attention paid to Claims for Collection, and prompt returns made.

J. H. HALSEY—
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
No. 5 Carondelet Street,
NEW ORLEANS.

TO INVENTORS.

WILLIAM M. ECCLES,
Attorney at Law,
OFFICE, 115 NORTH THIRD STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Will solicit Patents, and prosecute Patent Suits, and old rejected claims. Expecting to reap our profits from such, we obtain patents on first application, for barely what it costs us; and having been in the business for some time, we are enabled to shape claims so as to avoid infringement. All business attended to promptly—advice free in all cases.
Best of city references given when desired.

The New Orleans Crescent.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 2, 1868.

EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS, ETC.

Roast swan is a favorite dish in Germany.

Chicago is to have a new hotel to cost $750,000.

Mrs. Schuyler Colfax is thirty-two years of age.

Jamestown, N. Y., is to have a $21,000 poor house.

The number of Jesuits expelled from Spain is about 750. Most of them have gone to France.

The daughter of ex-Gov. Orr, of South Carolina, has married a Philadelphian.

Two old ladies committed suicide in Sullivan county, Tennessee, lately.

Fifteen drunken men in one street car was a recent midnight scene in Boston.

At a recent public dinner in Birmingham, England, Elihu Burritt's pocket was relieved of $150.

Eight high-life weddings are to come off in New York on December 23.

The "Devil's Dishful," is the euphonious title applied to a section of Danvers, Mass.

General Joseph E. Johnston is living in Augusta, Ga.

Lord Stanley is the most universally popular member of the British Parliament.

The postmen of Lyons, France, make their deliveries with the aid of velocipedes.

Of 1,300 convicts in Sing Sing Prison, 828 were formerly Sunday School scholars.

Paris workmen go to and from their labor in the suburbs on velocipedes.

The most improving of all trades to the mind is that of the type setter.

One million sacks of wheat are stored in the warehouses of San Francisco.

The National Board of Trade will hold its first session in Cincinnati, to-morrow.

The Metternich rose, a violet purple, is the new color in Paris.

The Jersey City letter carriers have appeared in gray uniform.

Thanks to the officers of steamship Matagorda for late Galveston papers.

The balance in the sub-treasury yesterday was $87,500,000.

More wheat has been planted in Warren county, Tennessee, this fall than for many years past.

The Columbus, Ohio, preachers say they won't pray for the Legislature unless they can use the State library.

The St. Paul Dispatch says the "White Fawn" ballet-girls in that place were "barefooted up to the neck."

The Hudson Christian Association has voted to admit checkers and chess to its rooms and to exclude dominoes and back gammon.

Col. J. B. Rogers, United States marshal for the eastern district of Missouri, died at St. Louis on the 28th ult.

The largest load of cotton received at this port since the war—4028 bales—was brought by the Magenta night before last.

A little girl fell down on the brick sidewalk a few days ago, and was injured so severely that she died on Sunday last.

The Bank of England has raised its rate of discount to two and a half per cent. The rate has been two per cent. since July, 1867.

The high price of butter is attributed to the more extended use of the piano than the churn among farmer's daughters.

The Boston Transcript says: "The hand that can make a pie is a continual feast to the husband that marries it."

The Yellow Jacket Silver Mining Company, of Montana, declared a dividend of $360,000 a few days ago.

The son of Schamyl, the famous Caucasian chief, is a captain of the czar's guard, speaks Russian well, and frequents the theater and clubs.

Old Crabtree, Lotta's father, loses $2000 by the fire which burned out his liquor saloon in Broadway, New York, Sunday night.

The Spanish provisional government has contracted a loan for $20,000,000 with Messrs. Rothschilds.

Bill Reese, one of the most infamous rowdies Chicago has ever been cursed with, was shot and killed recently.

In the Arctic the present whaling season has been the most unfavorable one experienced in twenty years.

Scovill, the defaulting cashier of the St. Stephen's Bank of New Brunswick, escaped yesterday morning. A reward of $30,000 is offered for him.

In Virginia no real estate can be sold to pay debts until all the personal property is exhausted, and not then if the rents and profits of the real estate for five years will pay the debts.

During the three months ending November 1, 11,776 lodgings were furnished, 15,470 meals given out, and 247 poor boys provided with homes by the Newsboys' Home.

A very enterprising advertising agent lately called on the superintendent of the U. S. armory at Springfield to inquire if he did not want to advertise his establishment.

The Boston Post says: A Sunday paper says it is in favor of women voting, if they want to. We should like to see the man that could make them vote, if they did'nt want to.

Christian Gottfried Ehrenberg, the great German naturalist, especially distinguished by his investigations through the microscope, celebrated his fiftieth anniversary as doctor of medicine, at Berlin, Prussia, on the 5th of November.

The American College, at Rome, is represented to be greatly in want of funds, and an appeal has just been issued to the wealthy Roman Catholics of the United States, to contribute $300,000 for the support of the institution.

It is stated that there are now over three hundred graduates of female medical colleges in active practice in the United States, some of whom are in the receipt of $10,000 per annum from their profession.

All the operatives, under fifteen years of age, in the knitting factory in New Britian, Conn., have been discharged for three months, in accordance with the statute forbidding their employment more than nine months in the year.

The Rochester Union describes an embalming process, which simply consists in washing a dead body with a certain fluid—the whole work not occupying fifteen minutes, and insuring absolute preservation for an indefinite time.

The emperor of Russia has sent to this country two civil engineers with instructions to make a complete examination of the operations of the Pacific and other great railways in the United States.

Gossip from Washington says that Grant cuts McCulloch, Welles and Randall on the street; that Seward will not be asked to remain in the cabinet; that Colfax has already opened for the succession, and hopes to control a majority in the cabinet.

Geo. Ellis, 7 Old Levee, has laid on our table "The Nation," for Nov. 26; the "Round Table," for Nov. 28; and the Scientific American for Dec. 2; all received by last evening's mail. Ellis always has the latest issues of the best literary and scientific publications on his counter.

The Suez canal is so nearly completed that arrangements have been made for a formal opening. Steam vessels will be able to pass through from sea to sea in sixteen hours. Sailing vessels towed by steamers will make the trip in about twenty-four hours.

A Welsh paper says that at the last religious meeting in the district in which it circulates, the assembled clergymen discussed "gweddi gynnelleidfaol," and that the subject for debate at their next meeting is "Ysgrythroldeb sefydliad crefydd mewn gwlad."

DO TELL.—Why is Phalon's Flor de Mayo, the new perfume for the handkerchief, like an errand boy? Because it is *scent* everywhere. Sold by all druggists.

TEXAS ITEMS.

The work on the Central above this place goes bravely on, while each few days add many to the number of laborers employed, and increase the speed of the construction.—[Bryan News Letter, Nov. 21st.

The Jefferson Times of the 19th says the Black Cypress is out of its banks; booming high. The editor compares the business portions of Jefferson at this time to the levee in New Orleans, during the business season.

The Dallas Herald says that $14,000 in specie have been raised and expended in that place during the past twelve months, in the construction of three churches.

The Goliad Guard reports pork selling at $2 50 per cwt. in that place—this reduced price being attributed to the abundant mast, and good corn and potato crops. This beats the great hog markets of the Northwest. The same, or nearly the same, cheapness of pork would doubtless prevail all over the State, were there a few negroes to destroy the hogs as there are in Goliad.

The Houston Times says: The fate of Texas hangs upon a single thread; nothing is clearer to our mind. There is just one thing for the people of Texas to do, and that is to invest in labor-saving agricultural implements, by which twice the amount of work can be done by the same number of hands.

The cotton market in Mexico is reported as depressed on account of the embarrassments of the manufacturers. The sale of raw cotton in Mexico is mostly upon credit of four and six months, deducting often ten to twenty-four pounds per bale for tare. The last sale made of good Texas cotton was at twenty six cents per pound, in consequence of the closing of the factories and there being no demand. The factory at Tizapan and under the administration of an American, Mr. Dodge, will soon be in full operation. The establishments at Tlalpan and Contreras have not started, nor have those of the neighborhood of Puebla, which closed in consequence of refitting with new machinery.—[Civilian.

The Waco Register says that city is infested with a lot of drunken soldiers. On Tuesday evening last a gang of these amused themselves by pelting the house of Mrs. Lucy B. Garley with tufts of grass, breaking several glass panes of the windows.

Mr. A. Woodward, now residing in Hood county, says the Register, has opened up a farm in the eastern part of his country, and this year experimented in pea-nuts, about forty bushels of which he brought with him to sell. He had no trouble in disposing of them at $1 25 per bushel. Mr. W. represents Hood county to be filling up with a good class of farmers, and that peace and plenty is the gratifying result.

The Examiner warns Waco to look to its laurels; the question of locating an institution of learning was recently discussed at a meeting of the Methodist Church, and the choice fell on Waxahatchie. Hence the warning.

The Tyler Reporter says: We are pleased to note the prosperous condition of our country people just now. They have made fair crops and receive a good price for their cotton, and are just now full handed. We hope that they will remember the necessity of economy in expenditures. They should go slow. Our country is poor; it requires the most rigid economy to reinstate its prosperity. We should purchase nothing from abroad which can be avoided. Let the people economize, and they will soon find themselves in possession of a surplus, which can be profitably invested in railroads, factories, etc., developing our country into one of the most desirable sections in the United States.

The editor of the Georgetown Watchman, in his correspondence from San Marcos, says of Hays county: A very fine crop of both corn and cotton was raised in this county this year. The cotton crop is estimated at something over 1500 bales. Quite a number of buyers are here now; among them are some who have come all the way from San Luis Potosi, Mexico. They are paying 13½ cents specie per pound. The greater portion of the cotton raised in this section, we are informed, goes to the Mexican market.

GENERAL ITEMS.

A machine for dressing stone, of a simple construction, has recently been invented by a mechanic of Worcester, Mass. The steel cutters now employed produce uneven surfaces, in consequence of the difference in temper of the tools and of the harder veins in the stone. The machine in question compels the stones to dress each other with the aid of sand and water. It consists of one or more rotary grinders, adjusted in a suitable chuck, and held in the upper part of the machine by a perpendicular hollow shaft. The stone in the chuck is so arranged as to leave an open space in the center, to which sand and water are conveyed through the hollow shaft. A carriage carries the larger and heaviest stone to be dressed, and is made to vibrate beneath the rotary grinders by suitable machinery. By the rotary motion, combined with the moving carriage, the grinding capacity is largely increased with a comparatively small motive power. The grinders are held in position by an adjustable or self-adjusting frame, which rises or falls to accommodate the thickness of stones and to compensate for the reduction of the stone as it wears away. The machine, it is asserted, will do the work of thirty men, and will dress the hardest kind of stones, such as pudding stone, which heretofore it has been impracticable to reduce to a level surface.

Mr. Walter, proprietor of the London Times, is now entertaining, at his elegant estate, Bearwood, Mr. George W. Childs, from Philadelphia, who is very properly described in the American papers as "the publisher, editor and philanthropist." Mr. Childs is one of the largest newspaper proprietors in America. The Public Ledger, of which he is the owner, is now one of the most prosperous publications in the Union; and the building in which it is published is one of the finest structures in the United States. During his stay in England, Mr. Childs will be the guest of the duke of Buckingham, Mr. Walter, Mr. Dickens, Mr. Peabody, Mr. Reverdy Johnson and other gentlemen, some of whom have enjoyed his princely hospitality in America.—[Liverpool Daily Mercury.

The Wayanda, a United States revenue steam cutter, has recently returned to San Francisco, after a summer cruise to the important islands of St. Paul's and St. George and the coasts of Behring's sea. The expedition has obtained very valuable information. South of the Aleutian Islands coal of good quality has been discovered in numerous localities along the coast. The Indians have been visited at various points, and found well disposed and peaceful, even those from whom difficulty has been anticipated. A number of valuable harbors, not laid down on the charts, have been visited, and described with accuracy. The Wayanda is now undergoing repairs at San Francisco, and will, as soon as they are completed, return to Alaska for the winter.

The Supreme Court for New York city has recently decided that although in prize cases the United States courts had asserted the right to treat the rebels as belligerents, yet that civil contracts between parties North and South were not dissolved by the war, as the United States retained jurisdiction all over the country, and that a summons served during the rebellion upon a person in New Orleans would be sufficient to sustain a judgment against him as a party in a suit brought in the United States courts in New York.

The initial velocity of cannon balls was recently tested by a very delicate instrument, the Schultz chronoscope, employed by the ordnance department at the experimental firings at Fortress Monroe. The apparatus, operated by electricity, is described as follows: Two center targets are placed, one about twenty yards from the gun, and the second about the same distance farther on. These are connected by fine insulated wire with the instrument, which is about 400 yards in the rear of the ordnance. The instrument is adjusted on a plan similar to an electro balistic machine. When the shot is fired it cuts the wire in the first target, and then in like manner cuts the wire in the second target, the instant each wire is severed being recorded by the instrument. The interval of time occupied by the ball in passing from one target to the other, furnishes the data for obtaining the initial velocity of the shot.

In Robert Recorde's "Whetstone of Witte," a treatise on algebra, written about the year 1557, he says: "To avoid the tedious repetition of these words, *is equalle to*, I will sette, as I doe often in work use, a pair of parallel lines of one lengthe, thus: =, because no two things can be more equalle." This was the origin of this common arithmetical sign.

A short time ago a daring plot to release Geo. Sheppard, the Russellville, Ky., bank robber, it will be remembered, was frustrated by Louisville detectives. Since that time the detectives have discovered that the two men, Cahill and Haddix, who were arrested for plotting the escape of Sheppard, are related to the original gang that robbed the bank at Russellville. They all reside and have their headquarters in Jackson county, Missouri. The real name of Cahill is James Younger, and he is a brother of Cole Younger, one of the original gang, who escaped and is still at large. Dick Haddix is a brother-in-law of the Youngers, and also lives in Jackson county, Missouri, with the Younger family. His right name is John Jarrett.

Austria is restoring to Italy, under the treaty of 1866, the state papers and works of art taken from the archives and museums of Lombardy and Venetia since the peace of Campo Formio. Among the works of art is the crown of Queen Theodolinda, which is to be replaced in the cathedral of Monza. Of the documents the most important are twelve volumes of papers relating to the families of Visconti and Sforza, in Milan (from 1263 to 1478), which were taken out of the Milanese archives in 1796. Other documents of great historical value have been restored to the archives of Venice, which have been now increased by numerous folios, maps, diplomatic paper, decrees and about three thousand volumes of registers full of important details relative to the history of the Venetian republic.

Old Field Marshal Mazzuchelli, the oldest soldier in the Austrian army, died recently at the age of 94. It was he who, when a captain, was sent to Gen. Bonaparte at the seige of Mantua, in 1797, to negotiate with him, in Wurmser's name, about the capitulation of the fortress. Bonaparte received him with these words: "Have you seen at last that it is sheer madness for you to hold out any longer?" "Yes," replied Mazzuchelli; "but we do not think it disgraceful to capitulate now; we have eaten the last mouse and rat in the city." Bonaparte was silent for a moment. He then turned abruptly to the captain, and said in a very gentle voice: "Captain Mazzuchelli, tell your commander-in-chief that he is one of the bravest men I have ever met."

Much dissatisfaction still prevails in England about the manner in which Artemus Ward's will has been administered. Commenting on the statement of the Baltimore Commercial that his will was the last joke poor Artemus uttered, an English journal affirms that it was not at all a joke, that Ward had made very largely by his lectures and writings in England; that he had lived frugally, and