THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT.

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Woman.

Females, owing to the peculiar and important relations which they sustain, their peculiar organization, and the offices they perform, are subject to many sufferings. Freedom from these contribute in no small degree to their happiness and welfare, for none can be happy who are ill. Not only so, but no one of these various Female Complaints can long be suffered to run on without involving the general health of the individual, and ere long producing

PERMANENT SICKNESS AND PREMATURE DECLINE.

Nor is it pleasant to consult a physician for the relief of these various delicate affections, and only upon the most urgent necessity will a true woman so far sacrifice her greatest charm as to do this. The sex will then thank us for placing in their hands simple specifics, which will be found efficacious in relieving and curing almost every one of those troublesome complaints peculiar to the sex.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU.

Hundreds suffer on in silence, and hundreds of others apply vainly to druggists and doctors, who either merely tantalize them with the hope of a cure or apply remedies which make them worse. I would not wish to assert anything that would do injustice to the afflicted, but I am obliged to say that although it may be produced from excessive exhaustion of the powers of life, by laborious employment, unwholesome air and food, profuse menstruation, the use of tea and coffee, and frequent childbirth, it is far oftener caused by direct irritation, applied to the mucous membrane of the vagina itself.

When reviewing the causes of these distressing complaints, it is most painful to contemplate the attendant evils consequent upon them. It is but simple justice to the subject to commerate a few of the many additional causes which so largely affect the

LIFE, HEALTH AND HAPPINESS OF WOMAN

In all classes of society, and which, consequently, affect more or less directly the welfare of the entire human family. The mania that exists for precocious education and marriage, causes the years that nature designed for corporeal development to be wasted and perverted in the restraints of dress, the early confinement of school, and especially in the unhealthy excitement of the ball room. Thus, with the body half clothed and the mind unduly excited by pleasure, perverting in midnight revel the hours designed by nature for leep and rest, the work of destruction is half accomplished.

In consequence of this early strain upon her system, un necessary effort is required by the delicate votary to retain her situation in school at a later day, thus aggravating the evil. When one excitement is over, another in prospective keeps the mind morbidly sensitive to impression, while the now constant restraint of fashionable dress, absolutely forbidding the exercise indispensable to the attainment and retention of organic health and strength, the exposure to night air, the sudden change of temperature, the complete prostration produced by excessive dancing, must, of necessity, produce their legitimate effect. At last an early marriage claps the climax of misery, and the unfortunate one, hitherto so utterly regardless of the plain dictates and remonstrances of her delicate nature, becomes an unwilling subject of medical treatment. This is but a truthful picture of the experience of thousands of our young women.

Long before the ability to exercise the functions of the generative organs they require an education of their peculiar nervous system, composed of what is called the tissue, which is, in common with the female breast and lips, evidently under the control of mental emotions and associations at an early period of life; and, as we shall subsequently see, these emotions, when excessive, lead, long before puberty, to habits which sap the very life of their victims ere nature has self-completed their development.

FOR FEMALE WEAKNESS AND DEBILITY,

WHITES OR LEUCORRHŒA,

TOO PROFUSE MENSTRUATION,

EXHAUSTION,

TOO LONG CONTINUED PERIODS,

FOR PROLAPSUS AND BEARING DOWN,

OR PROLAPSUS UTERI,

WE OFFER THE MOST PERFECT SPECIFIC KNOWN:

Helmbold's Compound Extract of Buchu.

Directions for Use, Diet and Advice accompany.

FEMALES IN EVERY PERIOD OF LIFE,

From infancy to extreme old age, will find it a remedy to aid nature in the discharge of its functions.

STRENGTH IS THE GLORY OF MANHOOD AND WOMANHOOD.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IS MORE STRENGTHENING THAN ANY OF THE PREPARATIONS OF BARK OR IRON,

Infinitely Safer and More Pleasant.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

Having received the indorsement of the most prominent physicians in the United States, is now offered to afflicted humanity as a CERTAIN CURE for the following diseases and symptoms, from whatever cause originating:

General Debility,
Mental and Physical Depression,
Imbecility,
Determination of Blood to the Head,
Confused Ideas,
Hysteria,
General Irritability,
Restlessness and Sleeplessness at Night,
Absence of Muscular Efficiency,
Loss of Appetite,
Dyspepsia,
Emaciation,
Low Spirits,
Disorganization or Paralysis of the Organs of Generation,
Palpitation of the Heart, and, in fact, all the concomitants of a Nervous and Debilitated state of the system.

TO INSURE THE GENUINE, CUT THIS OUT. Ask for HELMBOLD'S. TAKE NO OTHER.

Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Price $1 25 per bottle, or six bottles for $6 50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications. Address

H. T. HELMBOLD,

DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

594 Broadway, New York.

None are genuine unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed H. T. HELMBOLD.

THE CRESCENT'S DISPATCHES.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Pacific Railroad—Grant's Movements—Rollins and Whisky—Tampering with Rollins's Reports—Revenue Receipts—The Indians and Gen. Custar.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—The Union Pacific railroad commission report that it will require six millions to complete the work already paid for by the government.

Grant will be at the army reunion at Chicago, December 16th.

Rollins has issued directions for double distilled whisky in accordance with Evarts opinion.

The reports circulating of revenue estimates, it is stated at revenue headquarters, are unauthorized. A synopsis of Rollins's report shows an error of $60,000,000 in one item. It is also stated that a bogus copy of the secretary's report is circulating in New York.

Internal revenue receipts to-day $658,000.

Custar's victory over Black Kettle is confirmed by a dispatch from Sheridan. An Indian woman killed a white woman and boy at the commencement of the fight. Sheridan's plan of campaign is to move on the Indians from six points and attack them in winter quarters.

FROM ALABAMA.

Miss Evans Married—Electoral Votes—Alabama Legislature.

MOBILE, Dec. 2.—Miss Augusta J. Evans, the well known authoress, was married last night to L. M. Wilson, president of the Mobile and Montgomery Railroad.

MONTGOMERY, Dec. 2.—The presidential electors met to-day and cast eight electoral votes for Grant and Colfax.

The Legislature is engaged in discussing Ku Klux bills in the Senate, and bills regulating the collection for debts, in the House. The House has passed a bill repealing all laws prohibiting marriages between whites and blacks.

FROM SOUTH CAROLINA.

A Colored Man Chosen State Elector to fill a Vacancy—Legislature has no Authority to Elect a Lieutenant Governor—Death of G. W. Williams.

CHARLESTON, Dec. 2.—One of the Republican presidential electors of this State having resigned on account of disqualification under the 14th amendment, Wilson Cook, a colored man, has been chosen to fill the vacancy.

COLUMBIA, Dec. 2.—The State Senate to-day decided they had no authority to elect a lieutenant governor in place of Beozar, resigned, but that the election must be by the people.

George W. Williams, a leading member of the bar, died suddenly this morning at Nickerson's Hotel. The United States court adjourned out of respect for the deceased.

FROM FLORIDA.

The State Government Imbroglio.

TALLAHASSEE, Dec. 2.—The argument in the Supreme Court on the motion by Gleason's counsel, to quash proceedings for want of jurisdiction, concluded to-day. The court decided that it has jurisdiction. Attorney General Meek then offered a motion that the rule *nisi* be made absolute, whereupon further argument began and lasted till adjournment. There is some prospect of the main question being reached before the close of the year.

FROM RICHMOND.

The Davis Indictment—Stay Law.

RICHMOND, Dec. 2.—Chas. O'Connor arrived this evening to participate in the argument on the motion to quash the Davis indictment to-morrow.

The State Journal says, "on authority second only to official announcement," that the stay law of Virginia will not be extended beyond January 1st.

FROM SOUTHWEST PASS.

SOUTHWEST PASS, Dec. 2—11 A. M.—Barometer 30:10. Wind northeast and light. Arrived: Bark Wm. Rathbone, Doane, seventeen days from New York, general cargo, to G. A. Fosdick & Co. No departures.

SOUTHWEST PASS, Dec. 2, 6 P. M.—Barometer 30:10. Wind northeast and fresh. No arrivals. Sailed: Steamship Hudson and ship Nunquam Dormio.

RIVER NEWS.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 2.—River declining. Experienced steamboatmen predict an unusual rise in the spring.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 2.—Weather clear and moderately cold. River rising, with 7 feet 8 inches in the canal.

VICKSBURG, Dec. 2.—Passed down: Armadillo at 9 o'clock last night, Salado and Agnes at noon to-day. Passed up: Fulton and barges at 11 A. M., Bart Able at 3 and Louisville at 5 P. M. River rising.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Gen. Grant at Boston—Visits the Waltham Watch Works—New York Electoral Votes Cast for Seymour and Blair—Gen. Custar and the Indians—Municipal Election in Augusta—Arrest of Police Superintendent Kennedy—Cincinnati Board of Trade—From Spain.

BOSTON, Dec. 2.—A committee of the City Council visited Grant at the St. James Hotel this afternoon. Grant, accompanied by the mayor and members of the City Council, visited the Waltham watch works.

ALBANY, Dec. 2.—After casting the electoral vote for Seymour and Blair, the college visited Seymour in a body.

HAYS CITY, KANSAS, Dec. 2.—Gen. Custar captured a Cheyenne village of Black Kettle's band, killing 150 Indians, and capturing 53 Indians and 1000 horses and mules. Fifty-one lodges were destroyed.

Capt. Louis Hamilton was killed, Col. Baraitz wounded and Major Elliott is missing. Nineteen soldiers killed and fourteen wounded.

Custar returns to refit. Black Kettle's principal chief was killed and the tribe badly injured.

AUGUSTA, Dec. 2.—The municipal election passed off quietly. The People's or Democratic ticket was elected by 1136 majority.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Police Superintendent Kennedy was arrested to-day for seizing the property of Mrs. Gatewood, said to be a Southern lady of good family, who committed suicide yesterday. Kennedy claims that the property was stolen.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 2.—The National Board of Trade organized by electing Frederick Froley, of Philadelphia, president.

MADRID, Dec. 2.—The Republicans dispersed a Monarchist meeting at Orense.

It is rumored here that the United States have recognized the Cuban insurgents as belligerents.

Prim declares that the present government has no dealings with the Bourbons, and indignantly disavows contemplating a coup d'état.

MARKETS.

LONDON, Dec. 2—Noon.—Bonds dull at 74½.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 2—Noon.—Cotton dull: sales 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet. Other markets unchanged.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 2—Afternoon.—Cotton dull.

HAVRE, Dec. 2.—Cotton dull. On the spot 1.33: afloat 1.24.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 2—Evening.—Provisions and pork firm. Lard quiet.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 2—Evening.—Cotton easier, and fully ⅛d. lower. Middling uplands 11¼@11½d., middling Orleans 11½@11¾d. Sales 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs unchanged.

LONDON, Dec. 2—Turpentine 28s. 9d. Tallow 51s.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Money active on call. Discounts dull; prime paper 7@9. Stocks closed buoyant. Erie, after touching 41½, closed at 38½. Other stocks strong and higher. Sub-treasury balance $9,000,000. Five-twenties of '62 110½, of '64 107½, of '65 107½, do. new 110½, of '67 110½, of '68 110½, 10-40's 105½.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2—Evening.—Cotton heavy and about ⅛c. lower. Sales 2500 bales; middling uplands 25@25⅛c. Flour—Medium and good grades declining; superfine $5 50@5 85; Southern dull; common to fair extra $7 50@8 25. Wheat drooping. Corn dull and scarcely so firm; white Southern $1 04@1 10½. Pork steady; new $26@26 25. Lard heavy; kettle 15½@16c. Whisky heavy; State $1 03½. Rice dull. Sugar in fair demand; Muscovado 10¾@11⅛c. Coffee steady. Molasses dull. Turpentine dull and heavy, 46@46½c. Rosin firm at $2 40@2 47½. Freights unchanged. Tennessees, new, 68, North Carolinas 63, Virginias 57. Money in good demand at 6@7. Sterling 109¼. Cotton bills 108½@108¾. Gold 134⅞@135.

LOUISVILLE, Dec. 2.—Sales 55 hhds. tobacco: trashy at $4 50@6 50; lugs $7@9; medium leaf $13; cutting $17 25. Hogs $7 75@8 gross. Cotton 22½c. Flour, superfine, $5 25@6. Wheat $1 65@1 80. Corn 50@55c. Oats 55@58c. Rye $1 30. Mess pork $23. Lard 14¾@15c. Bulk shoulders 9½c., clear rib sides 13c., clear sides 13½c. Green meats, hams, 11½c. Shoulders 8½c., sides 11c. Whisky, raw, free, 98c.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 2.—Tobacco unchanged. Fall superfine flour $5@5 75. Fall wheat $1 40@2. Corn 68@75c. Oats 53@56c. Pork held $23. Bulk shoulders 11c., clear sides 17½c. Lard 15c.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 2—Flour and grain unchanged and quiet. Whisky 98c. Cotton quiet. Sides 12½@13½c; hams 17c. Lard 14@14½c. Butter and cheese unchanged. Eggs 33c.

MOBILE, Dec. 2.—Cotton market quiet and easier. Sales 1850 bales, including 150 after close yesterday; middlings 23@23½c. Receipts 1011 bales.

AMUSEMENTS.

ST. CHARLES—*Dora*—Those who attended the St. Charles Theater last evening, whether chance visitors or attracted by the announcement of the production of Charles Reade's dramatization of Tennyson's Idyllic poem "Dora," were treated, we wager, to as charming an entertainment as they have ever witnessed anywhere. There are but seven characters in the play, all of them honest country people, with their likings and their prejudices the same as the rest of us. A passionate, strong-willed old man, yet with a heart prone to justice and right, is *Farmer Allen*, whom Mr. Couldock impersonated so naturally. A fair, simple-hearted lassie, the very personification of womanly tenderness, is his niece *Dora*, played by Miss Couldock. *Mary Morrison* (Miss Osborne) marries *William Allen*, the farmer's son, and the marriage estranges them from the old man, who banishes them. Four years of separation follow, during which the husband dies. Then his little boy one day winds his tiny arms about the old farmer's neck, and the hardened heart melts with love for his grandchild. Forgiveness and reconciliation follow, and every one sees the curtain fall upon a play touchingly beautiful in its perfect simplicity and its freedom from the faintest touch of sensationalism.

The scenery, representing in the first act the Christmas scene with the falling snow, in the second the village with the hills beyond, and in the third the waving grain field, is most creditable to the scenic artist, Mr. Gaufrey. The piece will be repeated this evening, and every night until further notice. To-night, in addition to "Dora," the farce "Fool of the Family" will be played.

THE OPERA.—We regret to say that the continued indisposition of M'lle Amélie Bourgeois will prevent the performance this evening of "Trovatore," in which she was to appear in the character of *Azucena*. Halevy's charming three-act comic opera "The Queen's Guardsmen" will be substituted in stead. M'lle Bourgeois' illness is not severe, and she will doubtless soon have recovered sufficiently for the production of the much desired "Trovatore," in which, besides herself, M'me Cambier, Picot, Van Hulflen and Peront are to appear.

VARIETIES.—The "Marble Heart, or the Sculptor's Dream," was witnessed last evening by an audience so large as to give assurance that the days of liberal theatrical patronage have begun again. Mr. Sheridan, as *Phideas the Sculptor* in the prologue, and as *Raphael Duchatelet* in the drama proper, distinguished himself by an elegant an finished bit of acting, and *M'lle Marco* was personated by Miss Orton in almanner which elicited for her frequent applause. The cast of characters included Mr. Floyd as *Diogenes* and as *Ferdinand Volage*, Vining Bowers as *Viscount Chateau Margeaux*, and Miss Freeman as *Marie*, each of whom afforded a valuable support. To-night "Under the Gaslight" will be again revived, and to-morrow (Friday) evening the "Marble Heart" will be repeated.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—The new local comedy, "On the Beach at Biloxi," will be revived this evening, Mr. Kavanaugh appearing in the leading character of *Theophilus Jinks*. That fascinating ballet, "The Slave Market of Constantinople," arranged by Mons. Zollossy, will also be repeated, in the course of which M'lle Augusta Sohlke will dance her Variation Brilliante. We have heretofore alluded but briefly to this young lady's performances, but not from any failure to appreciate and admire, for her dancing proves the truth of what many assert, that she is the most talented danseuse now on this side of the Atlantic. In our Sunday edition we propose to speak more fully concerning M'lle Sohlke and her performances. To-morrow evening M'lle Turnour, whom we all have wondered at, takes her farewell benefit, her engagement terminating on Saturday. On Monday "Undine" will be produced. As a spectacular performance its equal, even including the "Black Crook" and the "Tale of Enchantment," has probably never been produced in New Orleans.

CRESCENT CITY MUSEUM.—The museum which is located on St. Charles street, directly opposite the St. Charles Hotel, may be daily found open, between 8 A. M. and 10 P. M., and offers to the amusement seeker a rare collection of curiosities, including the double-headed girl, the dwarf lady, the human frog, and a zoological display well worthy a visit. Visitors may depend upon receiving every courtesy at the hands of Col. Ames and his corps of assistants.

THE NEW DREDGE-BOAT.—The government has at last responded to the demand of the Western steamboat interest, and has prepared a suitable boat to remove the bars that obstruct navigation during low water.

The steamer Octavia, well known in the mountain trade, has been chartered and fitted with Long's scraper. This is essentially a wooden massive triangle attached to the bow of the boat by means of a heavy beam, upon which it rests, with the apex of the triangle uppermost. Attached to the under side of the beam forming the base of the triangle is a row of large scoops, open at both ends. In operating on bars the boat goes to the head of the bar and lowers the triangular apparatus until the scoops rest on the bottom. It keeps its head up stream and backs down stream, dragging the scraper after it. There are suitable arrangements for regulating the depth and angle at which the scraper works. The present boat, not being specially designed for the work, can hardly dredge advantageously at greater depths than seven feet; this, however, is a greater depth than is generally needed.

The principle on which the machinery is constructed is simply this: that all that is needed is to stir up the mud and sand in the river so that the current may remove it while in suspension. It manifestly can only work to advantage in the channel of the river, as there alone is a strong current. The following figures show how slow and expensive in its operations to be used for dredging low-water bars, but the simple contrivance described above fulfills its object perfectly and expeditiously.

The first trial with the dredge took place yesterday at Alton, and the performance came up to the most sanguine expectations of those aboard. The boat will probably work between this place and Cairo until navigation closes, and afterwards on the Arkansas and other rivers further South.

Col. Macomb, of the corps of engineers, is in charge of this boat as well as of all the snag boats. Major Suter, his assistant, is at present controlling the movements of the Octavia and testing her powers.—[St. Louis Dispatch.

HINDS AND BONDAGERS.—The manner in which the regular farm laborers on a Northumberland farm are paid is different from that pursued in the south of England, and deserves notice. The men permanently employed on a Northumbrian farm are called hinds, and there are generally as many hinds as there are pairs of horses employed on the farm. These hinds live rent free in cottages on the farm, and their coals are hauled in their masters' carts from the mouth of the coal mine, carriage free. They also possess a cow, which in summer is permitted to browse in the pasture along with their master's cows. They also receive yearly from the farmer about twelve bushels of wheat, an equal amount of peas, twice as much barley, and three times as much oats, and they usually have about a thousand yards of potatoes in one of the farmer's fields. At sheep-shearing time they also receive a certain amount of wool, and in money, annually, about eight pounds. Out of these emoluments, however, the hind has to provide a woman laborer or a lad to work under him in the fields. This subordinate in Northumberland is termed a "bondager." I believe, however, that at present there is amongst the hinds a growing disposition to take more of their wages in money and less in kind, and also to abolish the "bondager" system altogether. Some of the Northumbrian farms are very large, but fully three-eighths of the land in the country is under no cultivation, and consists of moors.—[Temple Bar.

Local Intelligence.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.—*St. Charles Hotel*—J P Price, Mo; James L Flynson; W W Sobey and wife, N Y; F A Noel, St Louis; E Richardson, A B Reading, Miss; B W Bussey and wife, Columbia, Ga; John J Cuke, Ky; J M B McNan, New York; Walter Weldon, San Antonio; W J Hutchins, Houston; S H Sumden, N O; Miss Williams, Thibodaux; E A Collins, coast; C H Morrison, Mrs Coply, Miss Coply, Mo; Dr McKevey, N O; George A Johnson, coast; J H Howard, St Louis; Dr N Green, John Van Horn, Louisville; H B Tebbitts, La; J Macon, Baltimore; D W Drake, N Y; P C Bethell and lady, Tenn; Mrs W D Bethell and two children, St Mary; Thos L Bransford, city; T B Dubois, N Y; John Armstrong.

City Hotel—Fred Zweifre, Jos Muller, N Y; B Wessendorff, Capt J G Atkinson, C D Mamilton, W J Crazier, Texas; Saml H Askew, Ala; P M Goddis, Miss; W A Kaigler, Dewitt county, Texas; H A Curtiss, Kansas City; F H Bishop, Rusk, Texas; Z M P Molly and servant, do; Theo Nichols, do; J A Suppington, St Louis; Dr B B Barrett, Port Hudson, La; Miss T A Barrett, do; M Cutts, Shreveport, La; T S McCord, Texas; H H Lewis, city; Mrs J Wilson, Indiana; Miss Carroll, Md; Wm L Thompson, St Helena, La; W Ryan, do; Jno B Wells, Jr, city; C N Lewise, Shreveport, La; R T Young, plains; C L Catelung, Texas; J T Hager, Miss; L Evans, H C Nicatt, Texas; Geo H Packwood, Clinton, La; Mrs Coper and family, Mrs Capt Jno Beason and family, La; E McKendy, Iberia.

St. James Hotel—John McCartney, Pa; Benj S Sheldon, Boston; J R Stafford, Fla; H H Mulhollon, Miss; John P Casey, city; C H Calhoun, Va; P R Carrington, D R Moore, La; P S Catching, wife and servant, Miss; Jas H Savage, Ala; Lewis B Davis, Ga; E E Overall, Miss; Miss Mary Stubblefield, Capt Thos Stubblefield, Texas; T J Winchester, Miss; E A Laumen, Natchez, Miss; R A Robbins, Va; A J Foster, Henry Ford, Ga; Jack Ernest, Ala; R P Richardson, C Lavergre, Texas; Louis Hilborn, Miss; W B Stinson, city; G H Fisher, D B Simond, Coast; F Warren, Shreveport; Walter C Harris, New Orleans.

St. Louis Hotel—Hugh McBorney and wife, Cincinnati; Mrs E J Finck; Frank C Armstrong, wife and child, Tenn; H Poindexter, R Poindexter, Pittsburg; John McDonald, Troy, N Y.

THE CITY IS FAST FILLING UP with strangers. Many of the new comers are French and German. But few English, Irish or Welsh immigrants are to be noticed on our streets. The majority of those to be met with are swarthy but ruddy cheeked, of no great stature, but very robust. They either are "Black Dutch," as the population in certain regions of the German States and the Netherlands are called, or may be Spanish refugees.

LOUISIANA FOR SEYMOUR AND BLAIR.—The Democratic electors of the State of Louisiana met in the Senate Chamber at Mechanics' Institute yesterday at 10 A. M., the following gentlemen being present:

Electors at large—Geo. W. Race, W. F. Blackman.

First congressional district—Anthony Sambola.
Second congressional district—M. B. Brady.
Third congressional district—Clarence Ward.
Fourth congressional district—S. J. Powell.
Fifth congressional district—F. M. Goodrich.

The meeting was organized by the election of Geo. W. Race, Esq., as chairman, and A. Sambola, Esq., as secretary, after which the electors proceeded formally to cast the seven votes of Louisiana in distinct ballots for Horatio Seymour, as president, and Frank P. Blair, as vice president of the United States.

Mr. David N. Barrow was chosen as messenger to convey the result of the ballot to Washington, after which the meeting adjourned.

THE ILLUSTRIOUS OSCAR DUNN is to show cause to-day in the Fifth District Court, why the injunction issued against Diamond, chief of police, by the Board of Metropolitan Commissioners, should not be dissolved. "All them senators that's in favor," etc.

REMARKABLE BUT TRUE.—Some citizens of New Orleans, who never gambled in their lives, yesterday won money on Faro. See our report of the races.

WE HAVE THE AUTHORITY of the New Orleans Republican for stating that a petition has been filed in the Second District Court for the interdiction of Anthony Fernandez, of this city. This petition should have been filed several years ago.

A FIRE, supposed to have originated in the explosion of a coal oil lamp, broke out about half past twelve yesterday morning in a grocery store, at the corner of Dumaine and Derbigny streets, owned by Mrs. Francois and kept by Patrick Hayes. The store was completely destroyed. It is reported as having been insured.

ANOTHER FIRE occurred about half an hour later in a partition between the millinery establishments of Mrs. R. Lach and Mary Roff, Nos. 531 and 533 Magazine street, near Felicity (Hastings Block). The buildings, which were insured, were but slightly damaged, the stock considerably so. The cause of the fire is unknown.

THE TEMPERATURE yesterday, as shown by the thermometer at C. Dohamel's, 111 Canal street, lately corner Bienville and Chartres streets, was as follows: At 6 A. M. 50 degrees; 12 M. 58; 3 P. M. 64; 6 P. M. 65.

THE OPENING AND DEDICATION CEREMONIES of the Touro Infirmary, corner of Gaiennie and Levee streets, are announced to take place on Sunday morning at 11 o'clock.

THE OPELOUSAS RAILROAD CASE.—In the United States District Court the argument in the matter of Jas. T. Tucker vs. the Opelousas Railroad was closed by Mr. Billings, whose argument will be published in full to-morrow. Judge Durell reserved his decision on the case.

THE MASSIVE AND SPACIOUS EDIFICE erected for the use of the Bank of Louisiana, a great many years ago, was yesterday formally leased to the proper authorities as the State House building. The lease for Mechanics' Institute having expired, the proprietors of that building, on application for a renewal, raised the yearly rent from $8000 to $15,000. Application was then made to the proprietors of the St. Louis Hotel, who required $70,000 a year!!!

The Bank of Louisiana is situate, as everybody in town knows, at the corner of Royal and Conti streets. It is capacious and airy, solid in architecture, and is in a central location. The rent agreed upon is only $8000 a year, and the proprietors have made every necessary alteration at their own expense.

THE OPERA.—We are informed that the management of the Opera House, justly aware of the insufficiency of the company and with a desire to satisfy its supporters, has written to Europe for a *chanteur* and a *chanteuse* possessing what is termed in the local language, *voix mixtes*, to relieve such of the principal members who may, either through fatigue or indisposition, be liable to cause the too frequent occurrence of disappointments to all parties interested.

MANY OF THE WEALTHIEST and most respected merchants in New Orleans have sued out injunctions, in the Seventh District Court, restraining the collection of the taxes fixed upon by the late Legislature. As a sample we give the allegations of the petition in one instance:

"That the tax collector has served upon petitioner a special notice, requiring him to pay a tax called "one per cent. State tax as per act No. 114 of the Legislature, approved September 29, 1868," and threatening petitioner with a seizure and sale of his property in default of payment of said tax within ten days, as will more fully appear by said notice, which is annexed hereto as part hereof. Now petitioner avers that said tax is illegal and unconstitutional and is not due by him; that the so-called act 114 of the Legislature, is not a law, and is without force and validity; that it was not passed with the forms and solemnities prescribed by the Constitution of Louisiana under which it is pretended to have been passed; that its pretended passage was in violation of article forty-two of said Constitution; that it was not read in each house on three several days; and that four-fifths of each house which pretended to pass it, did not order a suspension of the unconstitutional rule requiring such reading; that said pretended act 114 is also in contravention of the articles 110 and 118 of the State Constitution aforesaid; that it is retroactive and forbidden; that it attempts to impose a taxation not equal and uniform, and to tax property not in proportion to its value, to be ascertained as directed by law; that for the foregoing and other reasons to be shown on trial, the said pretended act 114 is unconstitutional, null and void, and the tax demanded by said collector from petitioner, by virtue thereof, is not due, and owing, but is an unauthorized, unlawful and oppressive exaction. Petitioner shows that, notwithstanding, he verily fears and believes that, unless restrained by a writ of injunction, the said tax collector will proceed immediately to seize and sell the property of your petitioner, as he threatens to do, for the purpose of compelling he payment of said illegal and unconstitutional tax to petitioner's irreparable injury. Wherefore petitioner brings this suit, and prays your honor, after considering the premises, and the annexed affidavit, to fix the amount of bond of petitioner, and to order that an injunction thereupon issue restraining and inhibiting the said tax collector from proceeding to seize and sell any of petitioner's property for the payment of said pretended tax.

THE GRAND EXHIBITION OF DEMOCRATIC BANNERS, ETC.—We have mentioned several times that this novel exhibition would commence on the 3d instant, and was to continue until Saturday the 5th, inclusive. The time for its commencement is now at hand. Masonic Hall will open its doors to-night to exhibit the rich and magnificent banners which the fair ladies of New Orleans donated to the different Democratic clubs of our city during the late spirited political campaign.

Many of those ladies will visit this exhibition to view their banners placed proudly to public view after the victorious canvass in this State. Those banners were, at that time, banners of peace—now they are banners of charity; and the attendance to-night and the other nights of the exhibition will show what admiration our population place in the efforts of the bearers of those banners to redeem our State from Radical tyranny and misrule. The exhibition will also prove how willing our people are to respond to a call from the suffering poor.

The city of New Orleans is proverbial for its charity, and on this occasion, although such calls have been very frequent of late, we are sure they will contribute to this laudable and benevolent enterprise. From observations made last evening we can assure our readers that the interior of Masonic Hall presents a beautiful and brilliant aspect. Banners with eloquent and significant inscriptions richly and artistically embroidered by the hands of innocence, beauty and youth, decorate the walls. Tables arched with silk, and beautifully decorated await the presence of ladies who are to tender to visitors all kinds of refreshments. We recommend the exhibition to visitors, who can judge for themselves. We shall have more to say of it to-morrow.

A LADY who promenaded Canal street, yesterday, created the admiration of every one who saw her by the magnificent display she made of her hair, which was simply thrown back of her head and fell in two locks to the extent of four feet, curled as it was. The bard of Avon himself would have shared the sensation, although the lady's locks were of a beautiful *chatain* or nut brown color instead of a golden hue.

A CANAL STREET MILLINER has conceived the eccentric idea of placing above and on either side of her door slabs of black marble, with her name and profession engraved upon them in golden letters, giving the building a sepulchral appearance, which might indicate that the proprietress has grave thoughts concerning her customers.

GENERAL JOSEPH A. MOWER, the fit temporary successor of General Philip Sheridan in the former administration of New Orleans and the fifth military district, is in town.

AT TWO O'CLOCK, yesterday, there was nothing of any importance on the books of Coroner Avila.

JOHNNY SCHNAPPER was yesterday found guilty of burglariously entering the domicil of E. C. Billings, 71 Rampart street, during the night of the 12th July last and stealing a lot of valuables. Johnny is a dangerous character, and one of the most notorious thieves and scoundrels in the city.

A STRAY SORREL HORSE, with saddle and bridle, found on Poydras street last evening by officer Robinson, was sent to the pound.

BOARD OF SCHOOL DIRECTORS.—This board met last evening, Wm. S. Mount, president, and a quorum present.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and adopted.

The vote accepting the resignation of Mr. Leefe was reconsidered, and his resignation not accepted.

The resignation of Mr. Parham being accepted, Mr. Watkins, who was elected in his place, took his seat.

The finance committee, Mr. M. D. Lagan, chairman, reported as follows:

Salaries of teachers, supernumeraries, etc	$23,226 35
Salaries of porteresses	1,439 50
Rents	2,389 15
Bills approved	4,787 58
Joshua Peebles, balance due	637 93
Robert Huyghe in account with DeSoto Schoolhouse, 3d instalment	1,500 00
	$33,950 51
Balance to next quarter	3,593 96

It was moved and seconded the report be received.

The committee on teachers reported fully on certain changes and promotions of teachers in the schools. The report was received and adopted.

The president read a letter from Mr. Parham, in relation to the action of the board on his resignation; received.

The committee on the library made a report which was received and spread on the minutes.

The committee on normal school reported on the progress of pupils, etc.; the report received and spread on the minutes.

Report of the superintendent was read and accepted.

Mr. Cronan moved that the vacation take place from the 22d December to 2d January, 1868. Adopted.

Report of the secretary was received and accepted.

A resolution was adopted to to provide a school house in the Second District.

To fill the vacancy in First District, committee on supervision in place of M. C. Chism, whose name was proposed by Wm. C. Bruff and Mr. Chism, declining to serve, Mr. Lloyd R. Coleman is now proposed in his stead.

By Mr. Gubernator—

WHEREAS, In view of the depleted condition of the city treasury, it is incumbent upon all who have in any manner control of the affairs in which the public is interested to enforce the most rigid economy in the public expenditures; and,

WHEREAS, The spirit of liberality which prompted the board, on its reorganization in 1866, to furnish pupils attending the public schools with books and stationery at the public expense, in the opinion of this board should now cease, and a speedy re-establishment of the rule formerly existing should take place; be it, therefore,

Resolved, That hereafter books and stationery will only be furnished by this board to pupils attending the public schools of this city whose parents or guardians are unable to purchase them; in all such cases proof, to the satisfaction of the superintendent, must be furnished of their inability to incur the expense.

Mr. Sambola was opposed to the adoption of the resolution, as it would make distinctions.

Mr. Gubernator supported the adoption of the resolution and stated that if the board did not [illegible] there would be no schools in a short time.

Mr. Rogers stated that he went to the public schools ten years ago and that the rich and poor paid for stationery, etc.

The vote being taken to lay over to next meeting resulted in 9 yeas to 10 nays.

Mr. McCullough moved to reconsider the vote just decided and it was resolved to lay the subject over to next meeting by a vote of 10 yeas to 9 nays; so the question lies over.

Mr. Cronan—Resolution to consolidate the colored schools in the Second District, in order to save money. Adopted.

Mr. Lagan—Resolution to appoint a committee of five to recommend retrenchment. Amended to eight and adopted. The chair to appoint the committee.

The election of the chairman of the committee on teachers was postponed to next meeting.

The chair appointed the following committee: Rogers, Lagan, Cronan, Harper, Raymond, Leefe, Watkins and Pope.

The board then adjourned.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT.—Armand Belot, a colored man, instituted suit yesterday against the city of New Orleans for twenty-six thousand eight hundred and seventy-three dollars, damages alleged by him, viz:

That during the present year, and particularly on 26th October, he was the occupant of a dwelling house and store, situate corner Claiborne and St. Anne streets, wherein, on said 26th October, he was residing with his family, and carrying on business as a tobacconist and dealer and trader in cigars. That during the evening of the day aforesaid, between 11 and 12 o'clock, the dwelling and place of business was invaded and assailed by a mob of disorderly and riotous persons, to him unknown, who, bearing arms, and using threats and violence, seized upon, destroyed or carried off all the fixtures, appurtenances and furniture, wearing apparel, money, and all the goods, wares and merchandise therein contained and found on the premises, belonging to him, as per detailed account annexed.

That the damage caused him amounted to the sum claimed, and that the same was suffered in violation of law and the ordinances and police regulations of the city, and whilst he was engaged in the pursuit of lawful business, and entitled to full and efficient protection from the city, whilst he was of himself unable to protect it.

Belot therefore prays the city to be cited through its proper officer, the mayor thereof.

HAYS & NEW, Attorneys for Belot.

The following is a literal copy of the account:

NEW ORLEANS, NOV. 9, 1868.

14,000 segars at $100	$1,400 00
Two watches at $125	250 00
Six baskets of champaign	216 00
One Diamon pin	300 00
State's warrant	2,900 00
City money	2,800 00
Green Backs Cash	1,400 00
A Diamon Ring	300 00
Fine Linens	700 00
Cloths	500 00
Furnitures	5,000 00
Havana Tabacco	900 00
10 Gallons of cognac	200 00
12 Caskes of Wine	432 00
City Cash warrants	8,200 00
Silver plates	575 00
Expenses of repairing the store & the house	800 00
	$26,873 00

Approved: T. ESNARD, ALEX. L. CHESSE, FRANCIS E. DUMAS, E. DAVIS.

Belot's sworn return to the assessors, made only a short while before the "damages" occurred, put down his assets and valuables considerably within a thousand dollars. "*Sic vos non vobis*," oh people of New Orleans.

A NEGRO MAN, named Andrew Montamat, who yesterday visited the ruins of the building, corner of Derbigny and Dumaine streets, which was destroyed late Tuesday night by fire, was struck by falling timbers on the neck and spine, and was so badly injured that his life is despaired of.

A COLORED MAN named Joseph Balter fell from a second story gallery, on Dauphine street, where he was employed in painting, on Tuesday afternoon, and sustained serious injuries. He was carried to his house in the Third District.

A BOY NAMED MICHAEL CARPENTER, residing at No. 13 St. Ferdinand street, was run over, but not dangerously injured, by a passing cab on that street, on Tuesday evening, about six o'clock.

A COLORED BOY named Aleck Rhodes, aged 12 years, was arrested on Poydras street last evening, charged with cutting in the shoulder a boy named M. Hanley, aged 14 years. He was locked up to await examination.

John Grant, another colored bo