

The New Orleans Crescent

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY OF NEW ORLEANS.

G. O. NIXON, Editor and Proprietor. OFFICE, No. 94 CAMP STREET.

EVERY DAILY MORNING. Published every morning, except on Sundays, public holidays, and days of mourning.

Table with 5 columns: Rate, 1 month, 3 months, 6 months, 12 months. Lists various advertising rates.

Special advertisements, inserted every other day, at 1/2 the above rates.

Transient advertisements, having the run of the paper, first insertion, 25 cents per square.

Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be argued as new copy insertions.

Regular advertisements, who advertise largely, shall be allowed 10 percent discount from above named transient rates.

All business notices of advertisements to be charged 20 cents per line, each insertion.

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liked," and a third distinguished himself by applying to the coroner's court while on the bench, and before the judicial crisis, a most unfortunate epithet.

A few days ago a youth sitting in a Camp street car, in close proximity to an elderly gentleman of respectable appearance, to guard against the unpleasant consequences of an incipient catarrh, put his hand (as he supposed) into a side pocket of his overcoat, drew out a handkerchief and wiped his nose and then replaced it in the pocket from which it was taken.

The honor of introducing into the city the first French velocipede is due to our friend Demman, the large carriage dealer, corner of Carondelet and Gravier streets.

The police are waking up a little. A closer inspection of the metropolitan bill has led them to believe that they are entitled to arrest suspicious characters.

The superintendents of the city railroads should adopt some plan (old Mr. Easy's is kindly suggested) of examination in selecting drivers.

Of all recent literary claimants for public favor we do not hesitate to say that "Heath and Home" stands in the first rank. It is published in New York by Pettengill, Bates & Co., and is edited by Donald G. Mitchell (Jk. Maule) and Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, aided by Joseph B. Lyman, formerly of this city, and Mary E. Dodge.

We take much pleasure in calling the attention of the public this morning to a fine exhibition at the Carondelet street Methodist church, which is to transpire this evening; the exercises to consist in vocal music, dialogues and declamations.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Strange Developments with Regard to Major General Mower, Lieut. Lee, Capt. De Graas, of the U. S. Army, and others.

Testimony of a Lady in Philadelphia. SAFE OPENED AND MONEY ALLEGED TO BE ABSTRACTED.

BLACK MAIL AND INTIMIDATION. What Became of the Money in the Safe?

Where are the \$30,000 or more Contained therein?

The suit, No. 5634, on the docket of the United States Circuit Court, holding sessions at the Custom House, Judge Darel presiding, exhibits some very singular and damaging charges against Rev. Major General Mower, of the United States Army, as well as against others of minor notoriety.

Without further preface we give Mrs. Mandeville's evidence: No. 5634 of the docket—U. S. Circuit Court, O. O. Howard commissioner freedmen's bureau of Refugees, Freedmen and Abandoned Lands, State of Louisiana, vs. Edwin Gribble et al.

Before J. B. M. Hermon, a justice of the peace for Bradford county, Pa. personally appeared Mrs. Frances Mandeville, who upon her oath says the answers to the within interrogatories are true and correct, to the best of her knowledge and belief, on this day of December, 1868. Signed: J. B. M. Hermon.

Answer to ninth interrogatory: Large piles of bank bills were taken out of the safe by Capt. DeGraas, which he put in a drawer taken from a bureau for a purpose, and by him sent away in a box not packed in the presence of the plaintiff, but in the presence of the defendant, Dr. Avery and Gen. Mower to remain while it was done.

Answer to tenth interrogatory: I am acquainted with Major General Mower. I saw him at our house soon after the death of my husband, for the first time. He was at that time commanding the 5th military district, and also assistant commissioner of the bureau of Freedmen and Abandoned Lands.

Answer to eleventh interrogatory: I am acquainted with Major General Mower. I saw him at our house soon after the death of my husband, for the first time. He was at that time commanding the 5th military district, and also assistant commissioner of the bureau of Freedmen and Abandoned Lands.

Answer to twelfth interrogatory: I am acquainted with Major General Mower. I saw him at our house soon after the death of my husband, for the first time. He was at that time commanding the 5th military district, and also assistant commissioner of the bureau of Freedmen and Abandoned Lands.

Answer to thirteenth interrogatory: I am acquainted with Major General Mower. I saw him at our house soon after the death of my husband, for the first time. He was at that time commanding the 5th military district, and also assistant commissioner of the bureau of Freedmen and Abandoned Lands.

Answer to fourteenth interrogatory: I am acquainted with Major General Mower. I saw him at our house soon after the death of my husband, for the first time. He was at that time commanding the 5th military district, and also assistant commissioner of the bureau of Freedmen and Abandoned Lands.

of this man, and my bewildered mind during the night of my husband's suffering, I trusted him in my emergency, and was guided somewhat by his counsel, though at last I became distrustful of him, and he was joined with DeGraas in denouncing my husband who, but a week previous, was his friend, my suspicions were confirmed. He promised me that I should see and know that the safe contained, but when he spoke not a word when I was ordered to let everything alone at the opening of the safe, I felt convinced he had turned against me. I believe it was on the Saturday evening previous to the opening of the safe that Dr. G. W. Avery brought to my residence J. Ad. Bozier, Esq., of New Orleans, that I might consult him as to the best course to pursue.

Late in the evening of the day the safe was opened, Captain DeGraas and Dr. Avery came to my house and asked for any papers I had of my husband's, and upon my hesitating DeGraas said that unless I did get them he would send for the officers to take possession of everything I had in the house. So I complied with their demand, but the papers I had were of no importance, and he and Dr. Avery did not take anything.

Dr. Avery a few days later urged me to sell out everything and leave the country immediately. He came to my house a few weeks (I think) later after breakfast, and if I did not take back everything, he said about twenty times he would take me to the jail, and he would have me in a rooming house, and he would have me in a rooming house, and he would have me in a rooming house.

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EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS, ETC.

Joe Jefferson is in Cincinnati. Thanks to the officers of the steamer Louise. It is said Barnum is to have a museum in London.

Some one has erected a monument over the remains of Aaron Burr. Don Platt thinks Grant is as much in the dark regarding his cabinet as anybody else.

"Cousin Norms" writes New Orleans letters to the Crystal Springs (Miss.) Argus and Crisis. Mr. Byrner sends us a copy of his eulogy of the late Taddus Stevens.

Train spreads over nearly a mortal page in the World of the 18th. Edwin Forrest has been playing in Boston, in his most popular parts.

The World's commandment to the New York grocers: Thou shalt not commit adultery. Young denies that he is to resign the management of the New York Tribune.

Mill's political economy—Expecting the electors to pay their expenses.—Punch. Rossin's wife used always to call him "my impostor."

Japanese Tommy was killed recently in a battle in his native country. Helen Westera died in debt to the landlord of a hotel in Washington.

Brigham Young fixes the proper length of ladies' dresses. "Velocipedogones" are starting "velocipedistates." Two homicides of negroes by negroes are just reported in Mobile.

When is a man thinner than a shingle? When he is a shaving.—L. E. A gold nugget, the exact shape of a small shell, has been found at Boulder.

Mr. Dickens has begun in London a new series of readings. It is rumored that Weed has sold his interest in the Commercial Advertiser on account of feeble health.

The great ox presented to Gen. Grant, left Boston on the 20th for Washington, where he is to be roasted and devoured on the 4th of March. The Pines name the locomotive "smoke wagon," but the Shoshones less happily call it "hoop wagon, no how."

The canonization of Princess Elizabeth, Louis XVI's sister, is proposed by the Roman cardinal John Adams, when vice president, wore a sword, and walked the streets with his hat under his arm.

Ben Butler was seen to smile the other day. His mouth is said to have resembled an oyster with the delirium tremens. A lady who wears a panier asks the New York World to "look at the disgusting fashion of tight unmentionables for gents."

A Washington dispatch says Gen. Grant freely expresses himself as opposed to the Edmunds bill, or any other bill remaining Georgia to provisional government. The New York Evening Mail has become a joint stock company. Charles H. Sweetzer has gone out. Several well known journalists are about to form a connection with the paper.

"Abramo Lincoln e Giovanni Booth" is the title of a play now acting at a Naples theater. The sensational scene is the leap of a slave-girl from the stable of the latter, the door of which has since been securely locked. At the wedding of a daughter of Gen. James Barnes, of Springfield, among the gifts was a gorgeous one from Mr. George Peabody, who is a relative of the bridegroom.

The spire of the new cathedral in Pittsburgh is to be surmounted by a hollow iron cross, fourteen feet in height, which is to be illuminated by 300 gas jets. John N. Gentz, who became celebrated as the purchaser of the first ticket for the Jenny Lind concert, and who has made and lost half a dozen fortunes, has recently, by the death of an old man, come into possession of nearly \$200,000.

Geo. Ellis has the Belgavia Annual, by M. E. Braddon, the Christmas number of London Society, Harper's Weekly, Nick Nax, Boys' and Girls' Weekly, Holiday Pictorial, Clipper, Comic News, Jolly Joke, Merryman's Monthly, Literary Album and Chimney Corner.

Your true carpet-bagger, says a Washington correspondent, hath no modesty, and it was amusing to see him select for his individual representative corps places that Butler, Schenck or Washburne would have been glad to get in the recent drawing for seats.

The result of the conference which has just been held at St. Petersburg by the commissioners delegated by the great powers of Europe, to investigate the subject of "employing inhuman appliances in war," is an agreement that "in future no explosive projectiles weighing less than 400 grammes, are to be employed by the contracting States."

Doctor Cox, of Ohio, a physician of thirty years' standing, asserts that beer is most pernicious to the physical constitution. The children of beer drinking parents succumb readily to disease; and cases requiring surgical treatment, ulcers and sores, are much more difficult of management in beer-drinkers than even with consumers of whisky.

A correspondent of the New York Times says that Jefferson was saved from pecuniary embarrassment only by the Monticello fund; that Madison, after his retirement, with difficulty kept up a respectable appearance at Montpelier, and that his widow supported herself by the sale of the "wreck of personal effects;" that Monroe became "absolutely destitute" before he died; that Jackson had hardly money enough to entertain visitors at the Hermitage; and states other facts showing the painful impendency of presidential incumbents.

A CHANGE OF INTEREST.—We were informed, yesterday, that negotiations were pending, which contemplate a change of interest. Col. J. R. Purvis, long and favorably known to all our citizens as one of the most genial gentlemen and successful life insurance men doing business here, has, or is about to accept the agency of the Atlas Mutual Life, the plans and features of which he feels are peculiarly adapted to the people of the South, as it issues a world wide policy and has no restrictions or forfeitures of policy holder's money in any of its plans. We congratulate Col. Purvis on his good fortune in securing the general agency of the Atlas.

A SLEW OF STOCK OF FURNISHING GOODS.—The numerous patrons of the well known establishment of Leighton & Hayman, corner of Canal and St. Charles streets, will, we have no doubt, be pleased of the information of Mr. Leighton's arrival with an entirely new and complete stock of furnishing goods, which he has not only selected with the most care and attention to the requirements of the trade, but has far exceeded any previous purchases in the taste he has displayed. Note the announcement and avail yourself in time.

The North German steamship Bremen, Capt. Neysaber, sailed last evening for Bremen via Havana and Southampton with a full freight and the following named passengers: J. Laprade, T. Laprade, G. L. Fueseller, Thomas McCorie, Samuel McCutcheon.

Dr. T. L. Wiggins has the Flor de Mayo, the new perfume for the handkerchief, like an errand boy? Because it is sent everywhere. Sold by all druggists.

The steership Trade Wind, Capt. Merrill, sailed last evening for New York with a full freight and a number of passengers.

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To the People

THE SOUTHERN STATES.

NEW YORK, NOV. 3, 1868.

When the pure medicinal restorative, now so widely known as Wolff's Scleridion Schnappe, was introduced into the world under the indorsement of four thousand leading members of the medical profession some twenty years ago, its proprietor was well aware that it could not wholly escape the possibility of being soiled by all new and untried preparations.

Therefore, endeavoring to invest it with stronger possible safeguard against counterfeits, and to render all attempts to procure it difficult and dangerous. It was submitted to distinguished chemists for analysis, and pronounced by them to be a pure spirit or manufactured. Its purity and properties having been ascertained, samples of the article were forwarded to ten thousand physicians, including all the leading practitioners in the United States, for purposes of experiment.

As a circular, recommending a trial of the preparation and a report of the result, accompanied each specimen. Four thousand of the most eminent medical men in the United States promptly responded. Their opinions of the article were unanimously favorable. Such a preparation, they said, had never been wanted by the profession, as no reliance could be placed on the ordinary liquors of commerce, all of which were more or less adulterated, and therefore unfit for medical purposes.

The peculiar excellence and strength of the oil of Scleridion, which formed one of the principal ingredients of the Schnappe, together with an unalloyed character of the alcoholic element, give it, in the estimation of the faculty, a marked superiority over every other diffusive stimulant as a diuretic, tonic and restorative.

Such salutatory credentials from professional men of the highest rank were published in a condensed form, and included with each bottle of Schnappe, as one of the guarantees of its genuineness. Other precautions against fraud were also adopted; a patent was obtained for the article, the label was copyrighted, a fac simile of the proprietor's autograph signature was attached to each label and cover, his name and that of the preparation were embossed on the bottles, and the corks were sealed with his private seal. No article had ever been sold in this country under the name of Schnappe prior to the introduction of Wolff's Scleridion Aromatic Schnappe, in 1851; and the label was deposited, as his trade mark, in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York during that year.

It might be supposed by persons unacquainted with the daring character of the pirates who prey upon the reputation of honorable merchants by vending deleterious trash under their name, that the protection so carefully thrown around these Schnappe, would have precluded the introduction and sale of counterfeits. They seem, however, only to have stimulated the rapacity of impostors. The trade mark of the proprietor has been stolen; the indorsement which his Scleridion Aromatic Schnappe alone received from the medical profession has been copied by unscrupulous imitators; his labels and bottles have been imitated; his private recipe paraphrased, his directions copied, and even his name, in connection with other names, has been used to deceive the public.

The public, the medical profession and the sick, for whom the Scleridion Aromatic Schnappe is prescribed as a remedy, are equally interested with the proprietor in the detection and suppression of these nefarious practices. The genuine article, manufactured at the establishment of the inventor in Scleridion, Holland, is distinguished from a variety of the spurious quality, and flavored with an essential extract of the berry of the Italian juniper, of unequalled purity. By process unknown in the preparation of any other liquor, it is freed from every acrimony and corrosive element.

Complaints have been received from the leading physicians and families in the Southern States of the sale of cheap imitations of the Scleridion Aromatic Schnappe [the name here] and travelers, who are in the habit of using it as an antidote to the baneful influence of unwholesome water, testify that cheap gin, put up in Scleridion bottles, is frequently palmed off upon the unwary. The agents of the undersigned have been requested to institute inquiries on the subject, and to forward to him the names of such parties as they may ascertain to be engaged in the atrocious system of deception. In conclusion, the undersigned would say that he has produced, from under the hands of the most distinguished men of science in America, proofs now available of the purity and medicinal excellence of the Scleridion Aromatic Schnappe; that he has expended many thousand dollars in surrounding it with guarantees and safeguards, which he designed should protect the public and himself against fraudulent imitations; that he has shown it to be the only liquor in the world that can be uniformly depended upon as unadulterated; that he has challenged investigation, analysis, comparison, and experiment in all its forms; and from every ordeal it has emerged with his name, seal and trade mark, as one of triumph. He, therefore, feels it a duty he owes to his fellow-citizens generally, to the medical profession and the sick, to denounce and expose the characters who counterfeits these evidences of identity, and he calls upon the press and the public to aid him in his efforts to remedy so great an evil.

The following letters and certificates from the leading physicians and chemists of this city will prove to the reader that all goods sold by the undersigned are all they are represented to be.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, Proprietor.

I feel bound to say that I regard your Schnappe as being in every respect of pre-eminence pure and devoid of all medicinal ingredients. At all events, it is the purest possible article of Holland gin I have ever analyzed, and as such may be safely administered by physicians.

DAVID L. MOTT, M. D., Pharmaceutical Chemist, New York.

25 FINE STREET, New York, Nov. 25, 1868.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, Esq., Present: Dear Sir—I have made a chemical examination of a sample of your Scleridion Schnappe, and the result of determining if any foreign or injurious substance had been added to the simple distilled spirits.

The examination has resulted in the conclusion that the sample contained no poisonous or harmful admixture. I have been unable to discover any trace of the deleterious substances which are employed in the adulteration of liquors. I will not hesitate to say myself or recommend to others, for medicinal purposes, the Scleridion Schnappe as an excellent and unobjectionable variety of gin.

Very respectfully yours, CHAS. A. SHELLEY, Chemist.

NEW YORK, 25 CEDAR STREET, Nov. 25, 1868.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, Esq., Present: Dear Sir—I have submitted to chemical analysis two bottles of "Scleridion Schnappe," which I took from a fresh package in your loaded warehouse, and first, as before, that the spirituous liquor is free from injurious ingredients or adulteration; that it has the marks of being aged and not recently prepared by mechanical admixture of alcohol and acetate.

Respectfully, FRED. F. MAHER, Chemist.

UDOLPHO WOLFE, Esq., Present: Dear Sir—The want of pure Wines and Liquors for medicinal purposes has been long felt by the profession, and thousands of lives have been sacrificed by the use of adulterated articles. Delirium tremens, and other diseases of the brain and nerves, so rife in this country, are very rare in Europe, owing, in a great degree, to the difference in the purity of spirits &c.

We have tested the several bottles referred to and find you, including your gin, which you sell under the name of "Scleridion Schnappe," which we consider justly entitled to the high reputation it has acquired in this country; and from your long experience as a foreign importer, you are enabled to furnish our country with the same quality of spirits &c.

We would recommend you to appoint some of the respectable apothecaries in different parts of the city as agents of the sale of your Brandy and Wine, where the spurious one often is the same which would be of medical purposes.

Wishing you success in your enterprise, We remain your obedient servant, VALENTINE MOTT, M. D., Professor of Surgery, University Medical College, New York.

J. M. O'BRIEN, M. D., Professor of Clinical Surgery, Army and Navy Medical School, No. 15 East Broadway.

L. W. DAWSON, M. D., No. 75 Broadway. JOSEPH WHEELER, M. D., No. 12 North street. NELSON STEELE, M. D., No. 27 North street.

R. L. RAFFAELLI, M. D., No. 230 Fourth street. R. L. RAFFAELLI, M. D., Prof. of the Principles and Practice of Surgery, New York Medical College, etc., No. 6 Ninth street, and others.

The proprietor also offers for sale BOTTLED WINES AND LIQUORS, Imported and bottled by himself, expressly for medicinal use. Each bottle has his certificate of its purity.

UDOLPHO WOLFE.