TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

THE NATIONAL

TELEGRAPH COMPANY

A new enterprise, to be known as the NATIONAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY, has been organized, with valuable franchises conferred by a recent act of Congress, for the purpose of establishing TRUST LINES OF TELEGRAPH on all the principal railroads and mail routes in the United States. The Stock is to be issued upon the same principle as that of the Merchants' Union Express Company, which recently commenced operations. The design is to interest the entire business community in the enterprise. This is done not so much to dispose of the Stock as it is to secure the use of the country through which the lines pass.

The Capital is to be

$10,000,000,

In 100,000 Shares, of the par value of

$100 Per Share,

But the actual amount to be paid in Cash is

$35 Per Share!

And this amount is to be paid as follows: One per cent. at time of subscribing, and no more, until the entire capital has been subscribed, and then only calls to be made by the Board of Directors; instalments not to exceed five per cent. per month. When thirty-five per cent. of the par value of the shares has been paid, certificates of stock will be issued. This will give the Company a paid up

CASH CAPITAL OF $3,500,000,

Which will be sufficient to duplicate lines to all, or nearly all the paying points reached by the present monopoly.

The present Telegraph Companies of the country have been consolidated into one huge monopoly, and are now earning over six millions of dollars per year, or over one hundred per cent. on the actual cost of their lines, their present capital having been watered over one thousand per cent.

The NATIONAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY have received recognition from the United States Government of the importance of their enterprise, with a grant of the most valuable franchises ever conferred upon a Telegraph Company. No competing line has ever had the right now granted by Congress to this Company to construct and operate lines over every Railroad and Mail Route in the United States. The position of this Company differs from that of any company ever before organized. The question of the Right of Way is forever settled.

The Stockholders of this Company cannot be sold out or transferred to any other Company. The act of Congress under which this Company has been organized prohibits transfer of the franchises granted.

CALLS—HOW TO BE MADE.

One per cent. of the Stock will be required on subscribing, and subsequent calls, not to exceed five per cent. per month, will be made by the Board of Directors, from time to time, as may be necessary, to supply funds to construct and equip the lines; but no calls will be made after the one per cent. is paid until the entire Capital Stock shall have been subscribed.

Actual Capital Required.

The Company confidently believe that thirty-five per cent. of the Capital Stock will construct and fully equip

TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND MILES OF WIRE,

Which will connect all the commercial centers and important places in the United States. This opinion rests upon the most reliable estimates and responsible offers to construct and equip the lines.

The NATIONAL TELEGRAPH COMPANY is organized under the laws of the State of New York, and franchises conferred by an act of Congress, approved July 24, 1866.

President—GEORGE B. SENTER, of Cleveland, Ohio.
Vice-President—ROBERT SQUIRES, of New York City.
Secretary—GEORGE B. WALTER, of New York City.

—COMPANY'S OFFICE—

NOS. 64 AND 66 BROADWAY,

NEW YORK.

A limited amount of the Capital Stock of this Company is allotted to this locality, and those having an opportunity, and subscribing, will be placed upon equal terms with its corporators, and will secure like interest in all franchises which have accrued, or may hereafter accrue, to the Company, from any and all sources.

Subscriptions will be received by

DANIEL EDWARDS,
Resident Director for the States of Alabama, Mississippi, Texas and Louisiana,
28, 30 and 32 New Levee street,
New Orleans,

—OR—

D. WEBSTER,
At the office of R. G. Dun & Co.,
70 Canal street.

Parties subscribing to the Stock will communicate the same by letter to the Resident Director, DANIEL EDWARDS, of this city, at the time of subscribing.

LOTTERY.

REAL ESTATE LOTTERY.

ONE MILLION OF DOLLARS

WORTH OF REAL ESTATE,

LOCATED IN THIS

To be Disposed of by Lottery.

The drawing of this Lottery will take place (as soon as the tickets are sold) under the charter of the

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY

Granted by the Legislature of the State in 1868, and which embraces in its Scheme some of the MOST VALUABLE PROPERTY IN THIS CITY, to-wit:

THE ST. LOUIS HOTEL, now open to the public and doing business.

THE FURNITURE OF THE HOTEL.

THE OLD CITIZENS' BANK.

THE DWELLING, STORES AND WAREROOMS, Nos. 116, 118 and 120 Royal street, adjoining the Hotel.

THE DWELLING AND BUILDINGS No. 45 St. Louis street, opposite the Hotel.

THE ST. LOUIS HOTEL FARM, BUILDINGS AND IMPROVEMENTS.

SQUARES AND PARTS OF SQUARES OF HIGHLY CULTIVATED GROUND.

12 Prizes.....Tickets $10

For a full and particular description see Circular, which will be sent postpaid to any one desiring it; and all orders for Tickets will receive prompt attention by addressing

O. E. HALL,
St. Charles Hotel,
New Orleans, La.

GREY JACKET BITTERS.

TO THE REAL SOUTHERN PEOPLE.

New Orleans, December 1, 1868.

In the year 1865 the undersigned, perceiving that their friends in the South were being imposed upon by thousands of vile compounds under the names of Whiskies, Brandies, Gins, Schnapps, Bitters, etc., etc., determined to begin the manufacture of a pure medicinal spirit out of home-raised Southern herbs, to supply the want of the public in this line, which had created the demand. We called our spirit

GREY JACKET BITTERS,

And so popular did they soon become that they are at this early date (a little over three years from their first manufacture) used all over the South.

THE MATERIALS WE USE NOW ARE THE SAME AS WERE EMPLOYED BY US AT FIRST.

AND WE HAVE SO FAR HEARD NO COMPLAINTS OF GREY JACKET BITTERS BEING COUNTERFEITED, while the papers are filled with warnings from Yankee manufacturers of pretended or real counterfeits of their medicated spirits.

THAT THESE SPIRITS WERE BAD WAS UNDENIABLE.

But with whom the responsibility properly rested the Southern people could not reasonably know, nor do we suppose they cared.

They only ceased to purchase them and bought the GREY JACKET BITTERS in their place.

OUR OBJECT NOW IS TO PROCLAIM THAT THE

Great Southern Medicinal Spirits,

—Known as the—

GREY JACKET BITTERS,

Have Never Been Counterfeited,

AND CAN ALWAYS BE RELIED UPON, AND THAT AS FAR AS IS IN OUR POWER, SHALL ALWAYS BE KEPT PURE.

WE NEVER HAVE, NOR NEVER SHALL, MAKE TWO KINDS OF SPIRITS.

We are Southern Manufacturers.

BARNETT & LION,

SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF GREY JACKET BITTERS,

No. 13 New Levee Street

And 11 Fulton Street.

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

NOTICE.....NOTICE.

CLERK'S OFFICE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, December 1, 1868.

In Bankruptcy—The notice issued from this office that JOHN THORNHILL has filed his petition to be declared a bankrupt, as the partner of R. W. Estlin, was issued through mistake. It should have been Henry Thornhill.

Mr. John Thornhill has not applied for the benefit of the Bankrupt Law.

K. LOEW, Deputy Clerk.

MACHINERY, HARDWARE.

CHAS. E. WYBNE & PARE,

DEALERS IN AND MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS FOR MACHINERY AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

166 Gravier and 17 Union street,

NEW ORLEANS.

On hand at all times a complete stock of STEAM ENGINES, both stationary and portable, SAW MILLS, COTTON GINS AND CONDENSERS, RICE MACHINERY, SUGAR MILLS AND EVAPORATORS, DIAMOND GRIST MILLS AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, of every description, which we are offering at manufacturers' prices, and respectfully solicit an examination of before purchasing elsewhere.

SAMUEL LOCKE,

HARDWARE.....HARDWARE.

37, 39 AND 41 PETERS STREET,

New Orleans.

LEEDS' FOUNDRY—

(ESTABLISHED IN 1836.)

Corner of Delord and Foucher streets.

We beg leave to inform our friends and the public generally that we are prepared, as formerly, to manufacture Steam Engines, Boilers, Sugar Mills, Sugar Kettles, Draining Machines, Saw Mills, Cotton Presses, Newell Screws, Gin Gearing, Furnace Mouths, Grate Bars, all kinds of Plantation and Steamboat Works, and every description of Machinery in the South. LEEDS & CO.

Orders left at Box 75, Mechanics' and Dealers' Exchange, will receive prompt attention.

SHAKESPEARE FOUNDRY,

NO. 208 GIROD STREET, BETWEEN BARONNE AND DRYADES STREETS,

New Orleans.

John Geddes. Jos. A. Shakespeare. S. Swoop.

GEDDES, SHAKESPEARE & CO.,

Iron and Brass Founders and Machinists, Manufacture every variety of Steam Engines, Sugar Mills, Saw Mills, Draining Machines, Mill and Gin Gearing and Grate Bars Store Fronts, Columns, Ventilators and Sash Weights. Blacksmith Work of all kinds.

WM. H. REYNOLDS,

CRESCENT IRON WORKS,

Nos. 223 and 225 FRONT STREET, NEW ORLEANS

Is prepared to make contracts for WROUGHT-IRON WORK of any Description or Quantity, at the Lowest Prices

Manufacturer of Crescent Brand HORSE SHOES

Also, of Cary's PATENT EARTH BORER.

Orders left at Box 190 Mechanics' Exchange, or 1690 Post office, will receive Prompt Attention.

LUMBER, COAL, WOOD.

PETER ROSS, BUILDER,

Returns thanks to the citizens of New Orleans for their patronage for the last twenty years. He has now made extensive additions to his Workshops, and introduced several woodworking machines, which will enable him to attend promptly to any business in his line. Shop and office corner of Prytania and Washington streets, Mechanics' Exchange, box No. 1.

KATHMAN, J. C.,

TROPICAL ROOFING MANUFACTORY,

—And—

DEALER IN COAL, CHARCOAL, COKE, WHITE SAND AND FIREWOOD,

No. 234 Bienville Street, Corner of Marais.

Orders left at the above place, or Box 53, Mechanics' Exchange, will receive prompt attention.

CIGARS—TOBACCO

S. HERNSHEIM,

PELICAN CIGAR AND TOBACCO WAREHOUSE,

No. 73 Gravier Street,

Has constantly on hand the choicest brands of Virginia Manufactured CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO. Also—A large assortment of imported HAVANA and DOMESTIC CIGARS, Meerschaum Pipes, Briar and Wood Pipes, Tobacco Pouches and all Smokers' Articles. Tobacco in hogsheads and bales for the Mexican market and plantation use. Cigar Leaf of all kinds for manufacturing purposes on hand.

IN STORE AND NOW LANDING:

100 cases Garrett's Scotch SNUFF,
50 boxes SWEET 10's.
1,000,000 Havana and Domestic CIGARS, of assorted brands and sizes.
100 boxes Face's Gold Bar TOBACCO.
50 .. Sam Tibbett's TWIST and 14's.
75 .. Mayo's Choice NAVY.
500 .. Assorted brands, Medium and Fine Bright, pounds.
500 caddies May Apple TWIST, Bright quarters.
And NAVY TOBACCOS

J. F. SARRAZIN'S

TOBACCO MANUFACTORY,

Corner Chartres and Conti streets.

Mr. J. F. SARRAZIN thankful for the patronage extended to him since the establishment of his factory, has constantly used his best exertions to increase his well-deserved reputation, and is now able to offer to the Southern States a superior article of cut Tobacco for smoking, put up in all sorts of packages to suit the trade. His assortment of Chewing Tobacco, Pipes, Cigars, etc., is renewed by every arrival.

AGENCY

VIRGINIA AND NORTH CAROLINA MANUFACTURED Tobacco—2000 packages choice bands.

J. Y. Whitted's Gold Ambrosia, J W. Corbin, Harry Lee, North state W. R. Taylor, Star Pounds, Nat. Macon, W. D. Miller's Nutmeg, and various other brands, for sale by

DE VAN & MASON, Sole Agents,
194 Poydras street.

UNDERTAKERS—FURNITURE

MEYER, KOTTWITZ & CO.,

MOSES MEYER, A. S. KOTTWITZ, SIMON KOTTWITZ,

Furniture Dealers,

43.....ROYAL STREET.....43

(Between Customhouse and Bienville streets,)

New Orleans, La.

Always on hand, direct from first class Manufactories, a complete assortment of PARLOR, BED-ROOM and DINING-ROOM SETS; also every description of Cane and Cushion Seat CHAIRS, which we are offering to the trade at the lowest market prices, and respectfully solicit the public to call and examine. Country orders filled with promptitude and particular attention bestowed upon packing.

F. BEER,

CABINET AND COUNTING-HOUSE

Manufacturer,

—AND DEALER IN—

All Kinds of Furniture,

NO. 60 BIENVILLE STREET,

(Between Royal and Chartres streets,)

NEW ORLEANS.

PHILIP LYNCH, UNDERTAKER,

99 ST. CHARLES STREET.

Metallic, Mahogany, Black Walnut and Plain Coffins always on hand. Bodies Embalmed and carefully shipped. Funerals attended to in person, and he hopes by strict attention to obtain a share of public patronage.

TRY IT! TEST IT THOROUGHLY!

It will cost you nothing to do so. By making application to the undersigned, a Machine will be sent to your residence, and you will be shown how to use it, and a reasonable length of time given to test the Machine to decide as to its merits.

The Magnolia Washing Machine

Will do your washing with one-half the labor, less soap and no more water than you usually use; will save the cost of the Machine in the wear of clothes and in fuel in less than one year; makes no slop; does away with the necessity of standing over a steaming tub, and prevents the washer from inhaling the steam of filthy soap suds, also from getting wet, and will in many instances be the means of preventing sickness and saving a doctor's bill.

An ingenious COG-WHEEL WRINGER is affixed to the Machine, and is made of India Rubber Cylinders, and wrings the clothes almost ready for ironing.

It is Useful, Simple and Cheap! Satisfaction Guaranteed or no Sale. Use the

Magnolia Washer,

and save the Woman's Health, and also save both Labor and Money.

L. A. GAILLARD,
No. 105 Poydras street,
Owner of the Patent Right for Louisiana.

☞ Country rights for sale.

PARTNERSHIP—DISSOLUTION

NOTICE.....NOTICE.

COPARTNERSHIP—Mr. JNO. O. PEARCE, late of Maysville, Kentucky, is this day admitted a partner in our firm.

CHENOWETH, CASEY & CO.

New Orleans, January 1st, 1869.

I HAVE THIS DAY SOLD MY INTEREST IN THE firm of SHROPSHIRE & HATHORN to my partners W. A. Shropshire and H. E. Shropshire, who assume all the assets and liabilities.

F. HATHORN.

New Orleans, January 1st, 1869.

We, the undersigned, will continue the Wholesale Grocery and Commission business at the old stand, 108 and 110 Poydras street, under the name and style of SHROPSHIRE BROS.

W. A. SHROPSHIRE,
H. E. SHROPSHIRE.

New Orleans, January 1st, 1869.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The Copartnership heretofore existing under the name and style of J. B. VANHORN & CO., is this day dissolved by limitation of contract.

J. B. VANHORN,
GABRIEL PASCAL.

New Orleans, January 1, 1869.

COPARTNERSHIP.—I HAVE THIS DAY ADMITTED Mr. E. H. ROQUEST as my partner, and will continue, without interruption, the General Commission and Western Produce business under the same name and style of J. B. VANHORN & CO., at No. 50 Tchoupitoulas street.

JEROME B. VANHORN.

New Orleans, January 1, 1869.

NOTICE.....NOTICE.....NOTICE.

The COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between BENJAMIN M. HORRELL and JOSIAH E. ISENHOUR, under the name and style of B. M. HORRELL & CO., is dissolved by the death of J. E. Isenhour.

I have this day associated with me PATRICK BLAKE and ABRAHAM T. BIRD, the business will be continued under the same name and style of B. M. HORRELL & CO.

B. M. HORRELL.

New Orleans, January 1st, 1869.

THE COPARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE existing under the name and style of MAUNSELL & BOGEL, is dissolved by the death of Mr Jno. S. Maunsell. The business will be continued by WM. BOGEL, surviving partner, who will also attend to the liquidation of the business of the late firm.

WILLIAM BOGEL, Successor to Maunsell & Bogel, Importer of Drugs, Chemicals, Perfumery, Druggists' Sundries Toilet Articles, Cognacs, Wines and Liquors.
43 Magazine Street,
Opposite St. James Hotel.

The undersigned, referring to the above notice, returns his thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed on the late firm of Maunsell & Bogel, respectfully solicits a continuance of the same.

WILLIAM BOGEL,
Successor to Maunsell & Bogel.

January 1, 1869.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the name of HOLZ, BLOHM & CO., is this day dissolved by limitation.

NEW ORLEANS, January 1, 1869.

JOSEPH HOLZ, Auctioneer, will continue the AUCTION BUSINESS, at No. 21 Chartres street.

Days of Sale for Dry Goods, Shoes, Boots, Hats and Notions, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS. Also, prompt and careful attention paid to the sale of Real Estate, Successions, Port Warden's, Furniture, Bank Stock, etc., etc.

HOLZ & BERNHEIMER,
Commission Merchants,
No. 21 Chartres street,
and 82 Warren street, New York.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The copartnership heretofore existing under the name and style of PIKE, LAPEYRE & BROTHER is this day dissolved by mutual consent by the withdrawal of J. M. Lapeyre, who has disposed of all his rights and interests in the concern to his late partners Wm. S. Pike and Alex. Brother, they assuming all the liabilities of the same.

New Orleans, December 21, 1868.

WM. S. PIKE,
J. M. LAPEYRE,
ALEX. BROTHER.

The business of PIKE, LAPEYRE & BROTHER will continue to be conducted under the same name and style until the first of January next (1869), when ALFRED SHEPPERS and PAUL BLANC have an interest in our business, which will thereafter be conducted under the name and style of PIKE, BROTHER & CO.

New Orleans, December 21, 1868.

WM. S. PIKE,
ALEX. BROTHER,
ALFRED SHEPPERS,
PAUL BLANC.

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.

The Partnership lately existing between the undersigned, under the name and style of R. COHN & MEIER, No. 181 Circus street, was dissolved by limitation on the 30th September, 1868.

HENRY COHN, Agent, is alone charged with the business of liquidating its affairs.

NATHAN MEIER,
H. COHN, Agent,
Now No. 178 Baronne street.

COMMISSION—FORWARDING.

AIKEN & WATT,

(ANDREW J. AIKEN, JOHN W. WATT,)

Successors to ROTCHFORD, BROWN & CO.,

Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants,

NO. 60 CARONDELET STREET,

New Orleans.

NEWTON & CHAPSKY—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN WESTERN PRODUCE,

34 Tchoupitoulas Street,

NEW ORLEANS.

JOHN T. HANDY & CO.—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Wholesale Dealers in

Wines, Liquors and Cigars,

Store, No. 99 GRAVIER STREET, BETWEEN CAMP AND MAGAZINE—NEW ORLEANS.

Consignments respectfully solicited.

HAY & MEHLE,

ALEXANDER HAY; WILLIAM MEHLE;

Commission Merchants for the Purchase

Sale, Forwarding and shipment of Hides, Leather, Wool, Beeswax, Tallow and Tanning Materials,

Nos. 44 and 52 Commerce Street, New Orleans.

AYMAR & CO.,

(WM. H. AYMAR, B. F. MILLIKEN, DAN'L P. LOGAN.)

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 37 Carondelet street, New Orleans.

Liberal advances made on shipments to our friends in London, Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia.

AYMAR & CO.

T. G. NOEL & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

For the sale of

Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, Mules and Horses,

STOCK LANDING, NEW ORLEANS.

Satisfactory references given.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

ROMAN & CUVELLIER,

(ALFRED ROMAN, Attorney at Law. P. CHAS. CUVELLIER, Attorney at Law, Notary Public and Commissioner of Deeds.)

Law and Notarial Office

NO. 134 GRAVIER STREET,

New Orleans.

LAW CARD.....LAW CARD.

W. SCOTT BILLUPS,

Attorney and Counselor-at-Law,

BRENHAM, TEXAS.

Special attention paid to Claims for Collection, and prompt returns made.

J. S. HALSEY—

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

No. 5 Carondelet Street,

NEW ORLEANS.

TO INVENTORS.

WILLIAM M. SOCLES,

Attorney at Law,

OFFICE, 319 NORTH THIRD STREET, ST. LOUIS, MO.

Will solicit Patents, and prosecute Patent Suits, and old rejected claims. Expecting to reap our profits from such, we obtain patents on first application, for barely what it costs us, and having been in the business for some time, we are enabled to shape claims so as to avoid infringement. All business attended to promptly—advice free in all cases.

Best of city references given when desired.

FIRE EXTINGUISHER!

ALWAYS READY FOR INSTANT USE.

Indorsed by the Government, all the Insurance Companies and the Chiefs of the Fire Departments.

PRICE, $50, $55 AND $60.

B. L. BROWN, Agent,
No. 75 Camp street, New Orleans.

The New Orleans Crescent.

TUESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 12, 1869.

The Louisiana Legislature.

EIGHTH DAY.

Senate.

MONDAY, Jan. 11, 1869.

The Senate met at meridian, Lieut. Gov. Dunn, presiding.

A full quorum present.

Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Noble.

The reading of the minutes was dispensed with on motion of Mr. Ray.

The president announced the following standing committees:

The finance, judiciary and enrolling committees previously appointed, are as follows, and complete the standing committees:

On the judiciary—Messrs. Ray, Packard, Lynch, Coupland, Braughn, Futch and Blackman.

On Finance—Messrs. Lynch, Francois, Darrell, Foute and Bacon.

On Enrollments—Darrell, Monette, Randall, Day and Offutt.

On Elections—Smith, O'Hara, Kelso, Poindexter, Lewis, Jewell and Futch.

Militia—Smith, Poindexter, col., and Thompson.

Claims—Pinchback, col., O'Hara and Ogden.

Commerce—Coupland, Antoine, col., and Bacon.

Unfinished Business—Antoine, col., Williams and Randall, colored.

Education—Campbell, Jenks, Pinchback, col., O'Hara and Bacon.

Internal Improvements—Ray, Todd, Wittgenstein, Braughn and Beares.

Printing—Lynch, Campbell, Smith, Bacon and Anderson.

Banks—Anderson, Jenks, Francois, col., Whitney and Wittgenstein.

Contingent Expenses—Packard, Francois, col., Coupland, Pollard and Ogden.

Federal Relations—Jenks, Kelso, col., and Offut.

Corporations—Campbell, Packard, Monette, col., Beares and Foute.

On Penitentiary—Whitney, Wittgenstein and Day.

Charitable Institutions—Lewis, Pollard, col., and Day.

Public Lands and Levees—Wilcox, Kelso, col., Lynch, Day and Jewell.

Public Buildings—Todd, Poindexter, col., and Egan.

REPORTS OF STANDING COMMITTEES.

The joint committee appointed in pursuance of the provisions of an act to provide for the revision of the statutes of the State of a general character, made a lengthy report.

Mr. Lynch, from the finance committee, reported favorably upon a joint resolution respecting the expenses of the General Assembly; also, favorably upon a joint resolution to authorize the auditor to employ necessary clerical force.

Mr. Lynch, from the finance committee, reported favorably with amendments upon the $200,000 appropriation bill to pay the expenses of the General Assembly.

The amendments reserve the moneys of the levee, school and benevolent funds to the purposes for which they are intended.

The amendments gave rise to considerable discussion.

Mr. Pinchback moved to postpone consideration of the bill until to morrow, and that it be printed and laid on the desks of senators, which was lost.

On the question of the adoption of the amendments to the bill, Mr. Blackman was willing to exclude the school and levee funds only from the operation of the bill, and striking out certain ambiguous words.

Several amendments were offered, verbally, pending the reducing of which to paper, a communication was received from Mrs. Myra Clark Gaines, offering to donate to the State a square of ground situate between Orleans, St. Ann, Fourth and Fifth streets, for the purpose of erecting a State House. The communication was received and referred to the special committee on State House.

Mr. O'Hara then offered a substitute for the amendment of the finance committee. The substitute excludes from the operations of the bill the school and levee funds, provided, that nothing be construed so as to except the one-half of the proceeds of the sale of levee bonds authorized by act approved Oct. 14, 1868, and required to be placed to the credit of the general fund.

The substitute was adopted.

Mr. Wilcox offered a substitute to an amendment of the finance committee, the effect of which authorizes the payment of per diem of members of committees sitting during the period intervening between the last and the present session, whether joint or separate committees. The substitute was adopted and the bill passed as amended and sent to the House for concurrence in the amendments.

Mr. Blackman asked for a suspension of the rules to take up the case of G. W. Ragan, contesting the seat of R. H. Day.

At the request of Mr. Packard the matter was passed over to present a resolution requiring the judiciary committee to inquire whether additional legislation is not necessary to provide against injustice done at jury trial in various parts of the State, consequent upon the failure of, in many instances to make proper return of books of registration to the proper authorities. Adopted.

The case of Ragan vs. Day was then taken up. The majority report in favor of G. W. Ragan was read.

Mr. O'Hara called for the reading of the minority reports.

Mr. O'Hara's minority report requiring a new election, was read.

Mr. Thompson's minority report, favorable to Mr. Day, was also read.

Mr. Bacon offered as a substitute for the resolution of the majority of the committee, a resolution declaring Dr. R. H. Day entitled to his seat and dismissing all action in the case.

Some debate ensued.

Mr. Blackman moved to lay the whole subject on the table.

The yeas and nays were called for.

Mr. Braughn stated to the chair that he had been requested by Mr. Lynch to ask the chair to send for him in the governor's office when the matter came to a vote.

Mr. O'Hara wished Mr. Smith sent for in the parish of St. James.

Messrs. O'Hara and Pinchback called for a division of the question, inasmuch as the resolution of the majority report contained two propositions, one unseating Senator Day and the other seating Mr. Ragan.

The chair overruled the call for a division and Mr. O'Hara appealed from the decision.

The chair was sustained by 25 yeas to 3 nays.

The yeas and nays being called on the motion of Mr. Blackman, the whole matter was laid on the table by 15 yeas to 14 nays.

Mr. Ogden moved to reconsider the vote just taken.

Mr. Blackman moved to lay the motion on the table.

Mr. Pinchback thought the proceedings out of order since the chair had not recognized the two last named senators upon making their motions.

The chair said he had recognized the senators.

Mr. Pinchback appealed from the decision of the chair, and explained that he appealed from the decision of the chair in entertaining a motion to lay the whole subject on the table.

Twenty-seven in favor of the chair, one against.

Mr. Blackman's motion to table the motion to reconsider the vote by which the whole subject was tabled, then prevailed by 15 yeas, 13 nays.

Mr. Braughn now offered a resolution declaring Senator R. H. Day entitled to his seat as senator from the Thirteenth District.

Mr. O'Hara offered as a substitute a resolution ordering a new election in the Thirteenth District.

Mr. Bacon moved to lay the substitute on the table.

Mr. Blackman moved that Dr. Day read his own argument. Adopted.

Dr. Day read his argument, refuting a circular of Mr. Ragan.

Mr. Braughn moved that Mr. Ragan be also permitted to argue his case, which was adopted.

Mr. Ragan having concluded his argument, Mr. Braughn moved to lay on the table Mr. O'Hara's substitute to return the election to the people.

Adopted. Yeas 16, nays 13.

Mr. Ogden now moved the adoption of Senator Braughn's resolution, declaring Dr. Day entitled to his seat.

Adopted. Yeas 17, nays 12.

A motion to reconsider was followed by a motion to lay on the table. The latter motion prevailed unanimously, with the exception of Mr. Poindexter, who voted nay.

Mr. Pinchback wished that the motion to table be made unanimous in order to show Dr. Day the respect in which he was held; that he (Mr. Pinchback) has opposed the gentleman in the case not on personal grounds, but because there was a principle at stake, the election, as he thought, having been unfair.

Mr. Lynch asked for a suspension of the rules to take up Senate joint resolution to authorize the auditor to employ necessary clerical assistance.

The rules were suspended and the resolution finally passed.

Leave of absence for one day was granted to Mr. Jenks.

An extension of sick leave of absence was granted to Senator Williams.

Under suspension of the rules Mr. Futch introduced a bill to be entitled an act to repeal an act determining the mode of filling vacancies. Referred to the judiciary committee.

Also, under a suspension of the rules, Mr. Ogden introduced a bill to amend an act relative to the taking of testimony in the courts of this State. Referred to the judiciary committee.

The Senate went into executive session and adjourned.

House of Representatives.

The House met at noon, Speaker Lowell presiding. 60 members present.

The chair announced the following committees:

On the special committee to investigate the action of the School Board: Page of Jefferson, Carr, Murrell, Noble and Tureaud.

On the committee to investigate the alleged cases of proscription of Radical negroes in parishes of East Feliciana and Point Coupee: Brewster, of Ouachita, Dufrense, Simmes, Calhoun, McCullen of East Baton Rouge; and the following standing committees:

Militia—Rey, of Orleans, colored, McMillen, of Carroll, Antoine of Orleans, Dewees of Bienville, Wilson of Catahoula, Wren of Bossier, Hill of Ascension, Bergeron of St. Mary.

Education—Page of Jefferson, Holland of Tensas, Harper of St. Charles, Leroy of Natchitoches, Wiltz of Orleans, Deslonde of Iberville, Isabelle of Orleans.

Land and Levees—Reese of Lafourche, Abbott of Orleans, Cuney of Rapides, Carr of Orleans, Morris of Ascension, Mahier, McCullen of East Baton Rouge.

Claims—McVean of Caddo, Yorke of Carroll, Burrell of St. John, Evans of Jefferson, Curell of Orleans, N. Young.

Printing—Demarest of St. Mary, Crawford, Raymond of Jefferson, Guidry, Walshe of DeSoto, Melvin of Natchitoches, Prescott of St Landry.

Enrollment—Brewster, Holland, Prejean, Wren, Hanlon.

Carr introduced a petition from Mrs. Patterson, asking relief. Referred to the committee on public lands and levees.

Faulkner, of Caldwell, presented the credentials of the member from the new parish of Richland, Mr. Oliver. They were referred to the committee on judiciary.

McVean introduced a resolution requiring the committee on internal improvements to investigate the condition of the New Canal and its relations with the State. Adopted.

The committee on elections was authorized to rent a room, not to cost more than thirty dollars a month.

William Brange presented a protest, stating that Mr. Jos. McCullen, of East Baton Rouge, was not elected fairly to the House, he Brange having been a candidate and only defeated by fraud, violence and intimidation, and modestly requesting that Mr. McCullen be sent home and he Brange installed in his place. Document referred to the election committee.

A resolution was presented directing the committee on claims to inquire as to the feasibility of prosecuting a writ of error in the case decided by the Supreme Court of the State of Louisiana vs. the Louisiana State Court. Resolution lost.

McVean introduced a petition from McFarland, Straight & Co., which was referred to the ways and means committee.

McMillen, of Carroll, introduced a resolution instructing the committee on contingent expenses to report at once to the House minutely the expenditures of the last session. Adopted.

Also, one instructing the committee on printing to report at once to the House all about the public printing of last session, whether the contractors have been paid, in what amount, whether the papers paid for work were published in the parishes in which they were dated or not, and all other items relative to State printing.

Carr moved to lay the resolution on the table, but lost it. Resolution adopted.

Also a resolution instructing the clerk to furnish the House a list of parishes unrepresented in the House. Adopted after some debate.

Also a resolution ordering all committees of the last session to report within five days all unfinished business on hand and all papers. Adopted.

Also a resolution requesting the auditor to provide the House with the names of members who drew warrants for sitting on committees during the recess, amounts of the warrants, to whom issued and all about them. On the debate of this question Isabelle got excited, because the chair declined to notice him, and finally got so that the speaker ordered the sergeant-at-arms to seat him, when he subsided. Resolution adopted.

A communication from Wren, of Bossier, was read, stating that he was sick and unable to attend the session.

One o'clock having arrived, the House went into

COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE,

Carr, of Orleans, in the chair, to take into consideration the governor's message.

A motion was made to read the message, when Mr. Noble wanted to omit the first portion of the message, glorifying Grant's election, as it was irrelevant.

Page, a white Radical, wanted the message read and "properly appropriated."

After that portion of it referring to the election was read, Mr. Curell moved that it be referred to the standing committee on peace and good order of the State, observing that that was the only committee dirty enough to handle such a filthy message.

The balance of the message was read and referred to such committees as its several paragraphs respectively applied to.

Mr. Noble moved that Warmoth be requested to send in a supplementary message, stating what disposition, if any, was made of the $1,586,000 of bonds which, by a resolution last session, he was authorized to dispose of as his judgment dictated. Carried.

LEGISLATIVE SESSION.

Isabelle moved to so amend the rules as to create the office of warrant clerk, to be appointed by the speaker. Carried by a vote of 44 to 16, which was no quorum.

House bill exempting homesteads from forced seizure and sale for debt came up on its second reading. Referred to judiciary committee.

An act repealing the joint resolution authorizing the elections committee to employ clerks, messengers, etc., came up on its third reading. Passed finally and sent to the Senate.

Mr. Curell introduced a bill for the relief of Dickman, Hill & Strange and Topp, Dickman, Hill & Co. Read twice and referred to claims committee.

Mr. Wiltz, of Orleans, gave notice of a bill removing the slaughter-houses below the city.

Mr. May, of Orleans, introduced a bill relative to appeals. Referred to judiciary committee.

Sterritt, of Orleans, offered a bill for the relief of John J. Hope of Caddo. Claims committee.

Faulkner offered a bill for the relief of W. W. Handlin, appropriating to him $20,000. Lies over.

Lott (colored), of Rapides, offered a resolution ordering the appointment of a special joint committee to investigate the destruction of newspaper offices in the State since April last, and what damages their proprietors are entitled to. Lies over.

Carr, of Orleans, introduced a bill providing for the governance of the public schools of New Orleans by a board of directors to be appointed by the governor, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, the present board at once to cease its functions. Referred to education committee.

Ray, (colored,) offered a bill abolishing the present Board of Public School Directors, and ordering the governor to appoint five citizens to carry on the schools as a board of directors. Read twice and referred to education committee.

An act for the relief of Wm. F. Holland, giving him $100 in payment of warrants stolen from him. Sent to claims committee.

Gray introduced a bill removing the Insane Asylum from the Third District to the Louisiana Retreat, corner of Nashville avenue and Magazine street.

Read twice and referred to committee on charitable and Public Institutions.

Mr. Curell introduced a bill amending the 12th section of an act relative to taking testimony.

Read twice and sent to judiciary committee.

An act for the relief of the assessor of Vermillion Parish.

The committee appointed to revise the statutes of the State reported that they had engaged John Ray to do the revising, and would report more fully next session.

The peace and order committee, through their chairman, Peter Harper, reported.

Consideration postponed until Wednesday next.

Gartskamp, of Jefferson, offered a bill providing for the manner of estimating the valuation of the property of all railroad companies in the State.

Referred to railroad committee.

A bill ordering the survey of Bayou Lafourche, near Lockport, was referred to the committee on public lands and levees.

Moray moved that the House meet at noon, daily. Carried.

Adjourned.

The Gonzales (Texas) Inquirer of the 2d inst. says the Columbus Railroad surveying party passed through Gonzales last week, on their return from San Antonio, their next work being the location of the road and the depots. The company are making arrangements, continues the Inquirer, to commence operations at once, and it is designed, as we learn from undoubted authority, to have the road completed to that point before the expiration of the year. The same paper mentions that a large number of the German immigrants who came over on the Fortuna passed through that place on their way to New Braunfels, and adds that they are the kind of people it delights to see settling in western Texas.

Colonel Sidney Barnes is collecting evidence to sustain his contest of the seat of Hon. M. Adams, congressman from the Eighth District, Ky.