THE NEW ORLEANS CRESCENT.

VOLUME XVIII. FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 12, 1869. NUMBER 153.

Woman.

Females, owing to the peculiar and important relations which they sustain, their peculiar organization, and the offices they perform, are subject to many sufferings. Freedom from these contribute in no small degree to their happiness and welfare, for none can be happy who are ill. Not only so, but no one of these various Female Complaints can long be suffered to run on without involving the general health of the individual, and ere long producing

PERMANENT SICKNESS AND PREMATURE DECLINE.

Nor is it pleasant to consult a physician for the relief of these various delicate affections, and only upon the most urgent necessity will a true woman so far sacrifice her greatest charm, as to do this. The sex will then thank us for placing in their hands simple specifics, which will be found efficacious in relieving and curing almost every one of those troublesome complaints peculiar to the sex.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT OF BUCHU.

Hundreds suffer on in silence, and hundreds of others apply vainly to druggists and doctors, who either merely tantalize them with the hope of a cure or apply remedies which make them worse. I would not wish to assert anything that would do injustice to the afflicted, but I am obliged to say that although it may be produced from excessive exhaustion of the powers of life, by laborious employment, unwholesome air and food, profuse menstruation, the use of tea and coffee, and frequent childbirth, it is far oftener caused by direct irritation, applied to the mucous membrane of the vagina itself.

When reviewing the causes of these distressing complaints, it is most painful to contemplate the attendant evils consequent upon them. It is but simple justice to the subject to enumerate a few of the many additional causes which so largely affect the

LIFE, HEALTH AND HAPPINESS OF WOMAN

in all classes of society, and which, consequently, affect more or less directly the welfare of the entire human family. The mania that exists for precocious education and marriage, cause girls, years that nature designed for corporeal development to be wasted and perverted in the restraints of dress, the early confinement of school, and especially in the unhealthy excitement of the ball room. Thus, with the body half clothed and the mind unduly excited by pleasure, perverting by midnight revel the hours designed by nature for sleep and rest, the work of destruction is half accomplished.

In consequence of this early strain upon her system, unnecessary effort is required by the delicate votary to retain her situation in school at a later day, thus aggravating the evil. When one excitement is over, another in prospective keeps the mind morbidly sensitive to impression, while the now constant restraint of fashionable dress, absolutely forbidding the exercise indispensable to the attainment and retention of organic health and strength, the exposure to night air, the sudden change of temperature, the complete prostration produced by excessive dancing, must, of necessity, produce their legitimate effect. At last an early marriage claps the climax of misery, and the unfortunate one, hitherto so utterly regardless of the plain dictates and remonstrances of her delicate nature, becomes an unwilling subject of medical treatment. This is but a truthful picture of the experience of thousands of our young women.

Long before the ability to exercise the functions of the generative organs they require an education of their peculiar nervous system, composed of what is called the tissue, which is, in common with the female breast and lips, evidently under the control of mental emotions and associations at an early period of life; and, as we shall subsequently see, these emotions, when excessive, lead, long before puberty, to habits which sap the very life of their victims ere nature has scarcely completed their development.

FOR FEMALE WEAKNESS AND DEBILITY,

WHITES OR LEUCORRHŒA,

TOO PROFUSE MENSTRUATION,

EXHAUSTION,

TOO LONG CONTINUED PERIODS,

FOR PROLAPSUS AND BEARING DOWN,

OR PROLAPSUS UTERI,

WE OFFER THE MOST PERFECT SPECIFIC KNOWN:

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Directions for Use, Diet and Advice accompany.

FEMALES IN EVERY PERIOD OF LIFE,

From infancy to extreme old age, will find it a remedy to aid nature in the discharge of its functions.

STRENGTH IS THE GLORY OF MANHOOD AND WOMANHOOD.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU

IS MORE STRENGTHENING THAN ANY OF THE PREPARATIONS OF BARK OR IRON,

Infinitely Safer and More Pleasant.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

having received the indorsement of the most prominent physicians in the United States, is now offered to afflicted humanity as a CERTAIN CURE for the following diseases and symptoms, from whatever cause originating:

General Debility,

Mental and Physical Depression,

Imbecility,

Determination of Blood to the Head,

Confused Ideas,

Hysteria,

General Irritability,

Restlessness and Sleeplessness at Night,

Absence of Muscular Efficiency,

Loss of Appetite,

Dyspepsia,

Emaciation,

Low Spirits,

Incontinence or Paralysis of the Organs of Generation,

Palpitation of the Heart, and, in fact, all the concomitants of Nervous and Debilitated state of the system.

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594 Broadway, New York.

None are genuine unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed H. T. HELMBOLD.

THE CRESCENT'S DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

Arrest of a Crazy Woman at the White House.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

The Mississippi Case—The Louisiana Contested Seat.

GRANT AND COLFAX—MUDD—CUSTOMS RECEIPTS.

THE MISSISSIPPI ADMISSION IN COMMITTEE.

Virginia—The Brooklyn Bridge.

Resolution Censuring Butler and Others

RESOLUTION CENSURING WADE AND THE SENATE.

Anxiety About Grant's Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11—Noon.—A young woman named Mary O'Neil was arrested to-day at the White House, who said she was sent by God to assassinate Mr. Johnson. A double-barreled pistol, not loaded, was found on her person. She is evidently crazy.

House—Butler's resolution against the action of the Senate is progressing.

Senate—A joint resolution was reported consenting to a bridge between Cincinnati and Newport, of not less than 400 feet span.

The judiciary committee asked to be discharged from further consideration of the practicability of sustaining Judge Underwood, of Virginia, from nullifying the acts of Virginia courts.

The reconstruction committee is considering the Mississippi question.

The majority report will oppose its admission as urged by Eggleston's party. There will be a minority report.

The election committee considered the Louisiana election contest. They will report Simon Jones not elected, and neither Col. Hunt nor Menard entitled to a seat, because the election was invalidated by intimidation and fraud.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 11—Evening—Grant and Colfax will be officially informed of their election on Saturday.

Mudd's pardon will reach him by the middle of next week.

Receipts of customs for the week ending the 6th instant $3,000,000.

In the reconstruction committee the vote on the admission of Mississippi was as follows: Ayes—Bingham, Norris and Payne. Noes—Boutwell, Brooks, Beck, Beman and Farnsworth.

It is confidently asserted that the Senate judiciary committee will report to-morrow on Virginia.

Senate—The bill providing for a bridge between New York and Brooklyn was tabled.

Wilson reported a bill amending army rules and regulations.

Davis presented the following joint resolution: "*Resolved*, That the noisy and disorderly conduct of Benjamin F. Butler and other members of the House, during the counting of votes for president and vice president, whereby said business was disturbed and obstructed, is disreputable to said Benjamin F. Butler and other representatives acting with him, and an insult to the people of the United States."

The resolution went over under the rules.

The bill providing for the execution of judgments in capital cases passed.

The resolution to provide for printing a medical and surgical history of the rebellion was recommitted.

The Senate resumed consideration of the currency bill. Conklin felt satisfied that the country must wait for extrication from financial difficulties until the advent of a new secretary of the treasury. Several long speeches were made.

The bill allowing machinery imported for repair to be free of duty passed.

House—The day was devoted to Butler's resolution censuring Wade and the Senate.

Bingham denounced Butler's conduct and the resolution fiercely.

The House meets to-night to consider invalid pensions, and resumes Butler's resolution in the morning.

As the time for the inauguration approaches the anxiety to learn Grant's cabinet increases. Some of the most prominent Republicans express themselves entirely ignorant, and it is not known that any of them have been consulted. There is very great anxiety in Radical circles. The bitter contest in the House over the proceeding growing out of yesterday's events in joint committee, increases the uneasiness.

The House election committee held a meeting this morning, when Upson, who has charge of the preparation of the report in the Louisiana contested election case, submitted to the committee the points of his report, which were approved. It is against the admission of Simon Jones, on the ground that he was not elected, but that Col. Mann, deceased, was elected, and that neither Col. Hunt nor Mr. Menard, the colored claimant, are entitled to the seat, because the election was invalid on account of intimidation, etc. There will be a minority report favoring the admission of Col. Hunt, by Burr and Carter.

FROM MEMPHIS.

Affray—The Arkansas Legislature—Soldier Killed by a Militiaman.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 11.—An affray occurred last night, at the corner of Gayoso and Main streets, between two negroes, in which one of them was badly wounded. No arrest.

The Avalanche's Little Rock special says that the Arkansas Legislature yesterday passed a bill appropriating $25,000 additional to pay the militia. Also a bill authorizing the governor to appoint collectors of revenue for each county, if he so desires, who shall hold office four years.

A soldier named Ford was killed in Nashville last night by a militiaman. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of willful murder. The soldiers of the garrison are very much excited over the affair.

FROM CHICAGO.

Fuller's Railroad Bill.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—Fuller's second railroad bill is more objectionable than the one vetoed. It not only compels railroads to adopt cheap uniform fare, but prevents the granting commutation excursion or half-fare tickets.

FROM EUROPE.

The Spanish Cortes—The Future King—The French Watching the Frontier—Projected Iberian Union—The House of Lords.

MADRID, Feb. 11.—The greatest interest is felt on the proceeding of constituents in the cortes, a session of which commenced to-day. Rivero will certainly be chosen president. A majority of the members favor selecting Ferdinand, the father of the reigning king of Portugal, as the future ruler of Spain. Should he refuse, then the duke of Montpensier will probably be chosen. Movements of Carlists in Guipuzcoa, Biscay and Alava, commonly known as Basque provinces, are quite active. The French government is watching the frontier closely.

PARIS, Feb. 11.—Twenty-eight Carlists attempting to cross the frontier were arrested by a body of the French corps of observation and sent to Bayonne.

Dispatches from Lisbon mention that the project for an Iberian union is again rumored.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—The House of Lords met, but without action adjourned to the 16th.

FROM HAVANA.

Progress of the Insurrection.

HAVANA, Feb. 10.—The insurgents have cut the telegraph between Villa Clara and Sagua la Grande.

The citizens of Villa Clara have been impressed into the military service.

Quesada had seven regiments well armed, and much money, but lacks artillery.

The insurgents have appeared in the jurisdiction of Guines, seven leagues from Sagua la Grande.

HAVANA, Feb. 11.—Telegraphic communication with Sagua LaGrande has been restored. It is reported that the leaders of the revolutionists in the sugar district of Cienfuegos, Villa Clara and Trinidad are Adolfo Covada and his brother, Frederick Covada. Adolfo Covada was formerly American vice consul at Cienfuegos, and was removed at the request of Lersundi. He was colonel of a Philadelphia regiment of zouaves during the American war. Frederick Covada was until last week American consul at Trinidad de Cuba, and has just resigned.

FROM OTTOWA.

Hanging of Whelan.

OTTOWA, C. W., Feb. 11.—Whelan was hung today. No demonstration.

Whelan's last words were, "God save Ireland and God save my soul."

RIVER NEWS.

CAIRO, Feb. 10.—Passed up: Richmond, Belle Memphis, Leonidas and Longworth. Passed down: Mary Houston at 10 A. M. and Belle St. Louis at 3 P. M. River rose 12 inches. Weather clear and pleasant.

VICKSBURG, Feb. 11.—Passed up: Dexter at 8 A. M. Passed down: Bismarck at 11 this morning. River falling.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 11.—River falling, but another rise expected.

LOUISVILLE, Feb. 11.—River stationary; 8 feet 8 inches of water in the canal.

VICKSBURG, Feb. 11.—Passed down: Kilgour at 4 P. M. Passed up: R. E. Lee and Continental at 5 P. M.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 11.—Weather clear and delightful. River still rising. Departed: Gem and Virginia for St. Louis and Mary Houston for New Orleans. The Arkansas river is falling slowly with plenty of water for any boat to Fort Gibson.

CAIRO, Feb. 11.—Down: Ruth, City of Cairo. Up: Silver Spray, Strader, Shreve, Shark and Commonwealth.

FROM THE PASSES.

SOUTHWEST PASS, Feb. 10—Noon.—Barometer 30:30. Wind northeast and light. Arrived: Bark Hawthorne, Williams, from New York, general cargo, to master. Bark Newcastle, from Liverpool, with general cargo, to master. Sailed: Brig Nueva Sabuca. On the bar: Steamship Saxonia.

SOUTHWEST PASS, Feb. 11—Evening.—Barometer 30:30. Weather calm. Arrived: Steamship Harlan, Lewis, master, from Galveston with merchandise and passengers to C. A. Whitney & Co.; ship Ann Eliza, Davison, from Liverpool with salt to Maury & Co.; schooner Henry R. Russell, Whitney, master, 70 days from Bristol, with railroad iron to G. A. Fosdick & Co. Sailed: Steamship Virgo. On the bar: Steamship Saxonia.

MARKETS.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—Securities unchanged. Sugar buoyant, 37s. 9d. Tallow quiet, 46s. 3d.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 11—Noon.—Cotton quiet and steady; middling uplands 12⅛@12⅛c, middling Orleans 12⅛@12⅜ Sales 10,000 bales.

HAVRE, Feb. 11—Cotton quiet; on the spot, 1.42, afloat, 1.44.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 11—Evening.—Cotton market firmer, quotations unchanged; uplands 12⅛@12⅛d., Orleans 12½@12¾d.; sales to-day 10,000 bales. Lard flat. Tallow 46s. Turpentine 33s.

LONDON, Feb. 11—Evening.—Tallow 64s. Turpentine declining. Sugar excited; on the spot 38s. 6d., afloat 28s. 6d.

LONDON, Feb. 11.—Bullion in the Bank of England has decreased £100,000. Consols 93. Bonds 77¼.

FRANKFORT, Feb. 11.—Bonds closed at 80⅞.

HAVRE, Feb. 11.—Cotton closed dull, both on the spot and afloat. Tres ordinaire on the spot declined to 1.41.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—Cotton market steady; sales 2500 bales; middlings 30⅛@30½c. Flour a shade firmer, prices about the same. Wheat 1@2c. better; white Southern $2. Corn firm; new mixed Western $1 04, New Orleans white 88c. Pork irregular; mess $22 50@3, prime $26@27 50. Lard, kettle 20¾@21c. Sugar excited with heavy sales of Havana at 12¾@13c., muscovado 12@13c. Naval stores quiet. Freights drooping; cotton by steam ⅛@5-16c.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—Money easy; call loans 5@7, discounts 7@8. Sterling dull, 9¼. Gold 135⅛@135¾. 5-20s of 1862, 113¾.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—Five-twenties of 1862, 113¾; of 1865, 112¼; new issue, 109¾; of 1867, 109¼. Ten-forties, 109¼. Railways heavy and lower. Miscellaneous less weak. Sub-treasury balance $1,500,000.

MOBILE, Feb. 11.—Cotton market dull; sales 200 bales; low middlings 27¾@28c. Receipts 11 bales. Exports 61 bales.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 11.—Cotton quiet but firm; middling uplands 29c. Receipts 1828 bales. Exports north 2138 bales.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 11.—Family flour $7 25@$7 50. Corn 64@66c. Oats 66@68c. Whisky 95c. Pork $33. Bulk meats—shoulders 13½c., sides 15½c. Hams 19@19½c. Lard 20½c.

LOUISVILLE, Feb. 11.—Sales 140 hhds. tobacco, at from 5½ to 15½. Pork $33. Lard 20½@21c. Bacon—shoulders 15c., clear rib sides 18c., clear sides 18½c. Bulk meats—shoulders 14c., sides 17c. Superfine flour $5 75@6 25. Corn 60@63c. Oats 63@65c. Whisky 94@95c.

CHICAGO, Feb. 11.—Flour—superfine $5 10@6⅞. Wheat $1 25@1 25½. Corn—new, 58⅞c., No. 2 Oats 53⅞@54c. Highwines 94c. Pork 32 50. Lard 19⅞@20c. Nothing doing in bulk or other meats.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 11.—Flour—superfine $5 25@6 25. Wheat $1 50@1 90. Corn 72½@75c. Oats 67@68c. Whisky 95c. Pork $33 50@34. Clear rib bulk sides 16½c. Bacon—shoulders 14¾@15c., clear sides 18½c. Lard unchanged.

MRS. ANDREW JOHNSON.—Mrs. Johnson, a confirmed invalid, has never appeared in society at Washington. Her very existence is a myth to almost every one. She was last seen at a party given to her grandchildren. She was seated in one of the republican court chairs, a dainty affair of satin and ebony. She did not rise when the children, or older guests, were presented to her; she simply said: "My dears, I am an invalid,"—and her sad, pale face and sunken eyes fully proved the expression. Mrs. Johnson looks much older than the president, and her age does exceed his by a few swings of the scythe of time. She was never beautiful, but an observer would say, contemplating her, "a noble woman—God's first, best gift to man." Perhaps it is well to call to mind at this time that it was this woman who taught the president to read after she became his wife; and that in all their earlier years she was his counselor, assistant and guide. None but a wise and good mother could have reared such daughters as Mrs. Patterson and Mrs. Stover. When Mrs. Senator Patterson found herself the "first lady in the land," she made this remark, which has been the key-note of the feminine department of the White House from that eventful day to the present time: "We are plain people, from the mountains of Tennessee, called here for a short time by a national calamity. I trust too much will not be expected of us." When Anna Surratt threw herself prostrate upon the floor of one of the ante-rooms of the White House, begging piteously to see Mrs. Patterson, she said: "Tell the girl she has my sympathy, my tears, but I have no more right to speak than the servants of the White House." When the "pardon brokers" trailed their slimy lengths everywhere about the mansion, they never dared to cross a certain enchanted pathway, and the face of any lobbyist set in this direction has always brought up in the end against a stone wall.—[Washington Correspondence Chicago Republican.

SCHOFIELD WANTS THE NAVY DEPARTMENT ABOLISHED.—G. A. T. writes: To-day General Schofield, called before the military committee of the House—a committee that seems to attend to its business—testified that he believed the country would be benefited by the combination of the war and navy departments. This opinion excited much surprise and then much commendation. His opinion was based upon recent developments in artillery and projectiles, and it is possible that Gideon Welles may prove to be the last, as he is the most venerable, secretary of the navy. Secretary Schofield seems to be a suggestive and decided man—a man of conclusions—and it is not improbable that in considering the greatest generals we have left out one of the most original and splendid military characters, who is now in the directory, finding the place for his true development.

See the railroad scene, not *taken* "After Dark" from "Under the Gaslight," at the Academy to-night.

Local Intelligence.

THE GRAND LODGE OF MASONS, State of Louisiana, held their annual election for Grand Officers for the ensuing year last evening with the following result:

W. B. Samuel Manning Todd, of Marion Lodge No. 68, M. W. G. M., who appointed W. B. S. G. Parsons, of Mount Gorizim Lodge No. 54, R. W. Dept. G. M.

W. B. Ames Kent, of St. Helena Lodge No. 96, was elected R. W. Grand S. W.

W. B. John L. Barrett, of Union Fraternal No. 53, R. W. Grand J. W.

W. B. Henry R. Swasey, of George Washington Lodge No. 65, R. W. Grand Treasurer.

W. B. James C. Batchelor, of Alpha Home No. 72, R. W. Grand Secretary.

The remaining officers will be appointed this evening by the M. W. Grand Master elect, when the installation will take place.

The Grand Lodge called to refreshment at 20 minutes to 2 o'clock A. M. *this* morning to meet again at 5 o'clock P. M.

THE FUNERAL OF MAJ. GEO. MCKNIGHT, known to many under the nom de plume of Asa Hartz, whose demise was announced in our last edition, took place yesterday morning at eleven o'clock from Christ Church, where the Rev. Dr. Leacock read the impressive burial services of the Episcopal Church, in the presence of quite a numerous assemblage of the friends and relatives of the departed. The bearers were Messrs. W. J. Hammond, J. Braudas, Jno. Werth, Chas. Boussier, H. S. Armstrong and G. L. Catlin. The remains, encased in a silver-mounted rosewood burial case, were borne to their last resting place in the Girod Street Cemetery. The words, "earth to earth, dust to dust, ashes to ashes," broke forth solemnly upon the stillness of the scene, then the tomb was closed remorselessly upon all that was mortal of one whose genial humor and kind gentle heart will make him always remembered by those who were thrown into association with him. To those bereaved relatives, to that lisping child all unconscious of its loss, may God give that solace which the world cannot give.

THE EXCURSIONISTS, including Gen. Sherman and party, who went down to visit Forts Jackson and St. Philip upon the cutter Wilderness on Wednesday, reached the landing at Bull's Head at 3 o'clock yesterday morning, having, according to all accounts, enjoyed themselves hugely. At the plantation of Mr. Effingham Lawrence, where the party landed on their way back, they were hospitably entertained, and were afforded an opportunity of witnessing the process of sugar making. While at the forts a military salute was fired on arrival, and some heavy artillery practice with fifteen-inch guns, at three mile range, was indulged in for the edification of the visitors.

The general, with Miss Sherman and Col. and Mrs. Dayton, left last evening upon the steamer Lotswanna, for Alexandria, to make their proposed visit to the State Seminary, near that point.

THE TEMPERATURE yesterday, as shown by the thermometer at C. Duhamel's, 111 Canal street, lately corner Bienville and Chartres streets, was as follows: At 6 A. M. 52 degrees; 12 M. 62; 3 P. M. 67; 6 P. M. 66.

THREE BENEFITS are announced for this evening, Manager Floyd's, Tony Denier's and Miss Price's. It is safe, therefore, to presume that to-night, as on last Friday night, the three theaters will be crammed and jammed full of people, and the manager's receipts correspondingly increased.

THE BOARD OF ASSISTANT ALDERMEN sat until half-past nine o'clock last evening and transacted a large amount of business of a varied kind. We call attention to our report of the proceedings, published elsewhere, in which will be found mentioned many matters of public interest.

THOSE WHO HAVE THEIR LICENSES YET TO PAY may as well be aware of the pleasant fact that, notwithstanding the additional grace allowed by the extension to March 1st, there will be barely time for the transaction of the immense amount of business necessarily incidental thereto at the treasurer's office. Those desirous of avoiding the additional ten per cent. may as well endeavor to settle up in good season.

THE JUDGES OF THE DISTRICT COURTS are actuated with a generous and commendable spirit of emulation. Judge Theard, after recovering from a long and painful sickness, is working like a Trojan hero, in order to clear his docket before the 1st of March. He is ably seconded by his clerk, Col. Joe Hanlon, and by his minute clerk, who is too modest to have his name published.

Judge Leaumont, of the Fifth, has always done good and efficient service in his judicial capacity, and no magistrate in New Orleans or in Louisiana enjoys more of the confidence and respect of the lawyers than Charles Leaumont.

Judge Cooley has undertaken the seven labors of Hercules. The reporter has absolutely seen him running two juries, and at the same time listening to the testimony in a commercial case. The judge's way to do this was: After 3 P. M. there is rarely anything going on in the other six courts. He installed his juries, say in the second and third, or fourth and fifth courts, each unoccupied for its own legitimate purposes at the time. He presided in his own court, and, like a man of sense and legal acumen, when the lawyers got awrangling over some point of contention, he would seize the opportunity to call on his juries and investigate what was going on among them. Judge Cooley is a regular steam velocipede.

Judge Collens sits under his dais, the beau ideal of a painstaking, learned and able magistrate. The lawyers all like, esteem and admire him for his rare common (?) sense, his courtesy, discrimination and fairness. If there is anything besides law knowledge a judge ought to possess, it is common sense. When a lawyer has a bad case he envelopes his argument in a cloud of sophistry and verbiage, which can only be dissipated by a common sense question or suggestion from "His Honor." Judge Wharton Collens, with two or three laconic words, does this.

Judge Emerson, under an act of the choice spirits—black spirits and——ah, blue, not gray—that wield the government of this city and State, has been confined to the trial of appeal cases from the inferior courts—such as justices of the peace, etc. The judge has a habit of snapping his eyes, particularly when an unfledged lawyer launches into hercics.

Judge Emerson hath the patience of Job, but not the severity of Solon. It is before Judge Emerson that youthful barristers repair. His court is their seashore, and his interruptions their pebbles—in a Demosthenean sense. The jury listens with a self-sacrifice which it is admirable to witness. He hears invocations to Heaven as to the purity of a lady who resides in the purlieus of middle Dauphine street, or the integrity and honor of a personage who deals faro in a canvas show on the levee. He patiently submits to the testimony of fifteen witnesses that a cur dog, worth four bits, was stolen by the other party; and the testimony of the other party's sixteen witnesses, that the cur dog had not been stolen at all, and that all that was ever demonstrated with regard to the dog is that a sausage butcher had looked askant at the purp, and watching his opportunity, had gobbled him up to furnish his fat, flesh and marrow to customers, after having been hashed and stuffed into the outside covering of the entrails of a pig.

Judge Duvigneaud is socially a most pleasant and excellent gentleman. His reputation as a succession jurist is unsurpassed. The CRESCENT local has rare occasion to visit his court, because its jurisdiction is confined to the arbitration of succession trials, and *de mortius nil nisi bonum*.

But after all this irregular and errant description what of Judge Abell, of the First District Court? He is a tall Kentuckian—gaunt, long stepping, long nosed, dark eyed, honest, fearless and frank faced, who wouldn't swerve from his path on the sidewalk for Jupiter Ammon. And so it is with him in his judgment seat, and so was it with him when he was a member of the State convention of 1864. "The honorable gent has already cost the old Pelican ten thousand dollars with his speeches," was the interruption one day from a scalawag in that convention. "Yes," answered Judge Abell, "and the poor old Pelican, if her pretended sons and friends would abide by those speeches would save ten millions." The Southern people are sadly in want of true, stalwart and fearless friends; and one of the few of these is the judge of the First District Court. He was the civilian Forrest in New Orleans—a Union man, but a crusader for the rights of his people, the Southern people.

A VALUABLE TRUNK, belonging to Dr. Jas. D. Cheatham, of Baton Rouge, and containing money and papers to the value of $1500, was recovered at the foot of Common street, by special officers Dumas and Roullosa last evening, it having been missed by its owner, who arrived on the Gov. Allen on the previous night.

A NIGGER DOCTOR died yesterday, hoist, as editors generally say, with his own petard. His name was Edward Crazy, and he was born in North Carolina. The age of this illustrious savant was 52 years, and his domicile near the Barracks. He took his own specific for all diseases—spirits campor mixed with sugar and water—and the specific worked wonders; for it relieved him of the necessity for using other drugs for all time. It was better than poppy and mandragora, for it medicined him to that sweet sleep which knows no waking except that of the Angel's trump on the day of judgment.

THE BOILER OF THE FIRE PROOF COTTON PRESS, on New Levee street, exploded at half-past three o'clock yesterday afternoon. Fortunately no one was killed, one man, however, being slightly injured upon the head.

THE HOUSE OF MR. L. F. GENERES, No. 173 Carondelet street, was robbed on Sunday or Monday evening by some parties unknown, of a quantity of clothing and two mosquito bars. Suspicion attaches to some colored men living in the vicinity.

A BAY HORSE, WITH SADDLE AND BRIDLE, belonging to J. F. Bruning, No. 29 Customhouse street, was stolen from the levee at the head of Canal street on Wednesday.

OFFICER MARKS reports having found yesterday in a yard on Fulton street a barrel of pork, supposed to have been stolen. He brought it to the station, where it still remained unclaimed last evening.

WILLIAM BAKER, colored, was arrested on Poydras street yesterday morning in the vicinity of the market with a couple of stolen red fish in his possession, to which, it is charged, he had helped himself from one of the stalls.

SPECIAL OFFICERS BOULLOSA AND DUMAS arrested about half-past 5 o'clock last evening on the steamboat landing two men named Con. Riordan and Hugh Keegan, and a young man named F. Johnson, charged with offering to sell and exchange galvanized brass watches and chains for gold ones, with intention to swindle the public in general. Johnson and Riordan gave their occupations as peddlers, and Keegan as a cab driver. A quantity of their jewelry was brought to the station.

ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, a little child, aged about two years, was run over at the corner of Rampart and Orleans streets, by furniture cart No. 35, but fortunately sustained no serious injuries. The driver was arrested, but upon the request of the child's father, who laid no blame at his door, was subsequently released.

THE ALARM OF FIRE from the fourth fire district, about one o'clock yesterday morning, was a false one.

A CHARGE OF ARSON has been preferred by special officer D. O'Connell against Henry Nathan, the proprietor of one of the clothing stores consumed during the conflagration which occurred at the corner of St. Charles and Poydras streets on Sunday last. Nathan was arrested about 2 o'clock yesterday, by special officers St. Clair and O'Connell, and was sent to the Parish Prison to await examination. The evidence is said to be very strong against him.

ON WEDNESDAY NIGHT a gentleman named Mr. Howcott, while going up town in one of the Camp street cars, was relieved by some thief of a diamond solitaire pin valued at $600. He made a report of the loss at the superintendent's office yesterday morning, and at 7 o'clock in the evening was again in possession of his pin. The credit, in great measure, belongs to special officer Diepert, who worked at the case all of yesterday, and finally was rewarded in his search by recovery of the pin. Such shrewdness and promptitude are deserving of substantial recognition.

A MAN NAMED GEORGE COPP, and a colored boy named Sam, while crossing from Lake End to Bayou St. John in a skiff yesterday morning, were capsized. The colored boy was drowned, and at last reports his body had not been recovered.

A REPORT having been received at Superintendent Cain's office two days since that thirteen pongs had been stolen from residences in the Fourth District, Capt. Bradley and his specials, Hutchison and Madden, instituted a search, resulting in the recovery of eleven of them, which are now at the Rousseau street station awaiting claimants.

MILITARY.—Brev. Brig. Gen. C. H. Tompkins, chief quartermaster, department of Louisiana, will proceed to Shreveport, La., under instructions from the quartermaster general, United States army, upon the completion of which duty he will return to his proper station. Gen. Tompkins is authorized to take one clerk, W. D. Ash, with him on this duty, and during his absence Brev. Lieut. Col. E. J. Strang, assistant quartermaster, will take charge of the office of the chief quartermaster in this city.

THERE WAS NOTHING of any importance before Judge Gastinel, of the Second District, yesterday. But an amusing incident, and an instructive one, happened there yesterday. Mardi-Gras a negro, as pure blooded as Oscar Dunn, as black and as "sassy," was arrested for hooking half a dozen oranges. The judge next day decided that as the poor devil had passed the night in a cell the punishment was sufficient, and the culprit was dismissed with an exhortation to go and sin no more. But next day the same nigger was arrested for stealing a horse. This time he won't be excused, but in all probability will exhibit the light (*lucus a non*) of his countenance before that stern and inflexible judge, he, Abell, who officiates in the First District Court.

SPECIALS DUMAS AND BOULLOSA yesterday arrested on the levee a colored man named Hummel Carl, charged with the larceny of a gold watch from the house of Mr. William Roberts, on Drydades street. Carl hadn't the watch about him, but nevertheless cried *peccavi*, and promised to point out the place where it could be found.

THE LITTLE LOST BOY who was brought to the station on Wednesday evening, has been reclaimed by his relatives. The police and fire-alarm telegraph is invaluable in this, as well as other respects.

THE UNITED STATES COURTS were not in session yesterday, owing to the indisposition of Judge Durell. Consequently the argument in the wine case, set for that time, was postponed, but will probably be opened to-day.

FIFTH DISTRICT COURT.—In the matter of the Louisiana State Lottery Company vs. the Alabama Mutual Aid Association and others, plaintiffs, through their attorney, Joseph P. Hornor, Esq., took a rule yesterday, before Judge Leaumont, on defendants, Dave C. Johnston, D. Bornio, Jr., J. T. D. Lefebvre, J. Victor Coignard and Santiago Mayor, who are charged with violating the injunction, already issued by the court, by selling lottery tickets, policies, certificates, etc., of the Alabama Mutual Aid Association, all in contempt of the honorable the Fifth District Court, to show cause on Monday next why they should not be punished for such contempt.

In the same case Messrs. Whitaker & Rice, the counsel for defendants, have taken a rule on plaintiffs to show, on the 16th inst., why an appeal should not be granted from Judge Leaumont's decision dismissing the rules of said defendants to set aside the injunctions issued by the court.

NOMINATIONS BY THE PRESIDENT.—The president sent the following nominations to the Senate: Thos. P. Smith, consul at Rochelle, to be consul at Paris, vice John G. Nicholay; W. D. Spalding, of New York, to be consulate at Yeddo, Japan; Edward Stephens, of New York, to be consulate at Manchester, England, vice Mr. Wells; G. H. Kingsbury, collector of internal revenue, third district Massachusetts, vice McCartney, to be removed; Com. Andrew A. Howard, rear admiral in navy, on retired list; Post Assistant Paymaster Leonard A. Frailey and Assistant Paymaster J. P. Loomis, to be paymasters in navy.

A BREACH-Y OCTOGENARIAN.—Here is a letter from the rich New Jersey octogenarian, who was sued by the recipient, a widow of fifty, for breach of promise: "Tuesday Morning, 29th, 1864.—Mary—I received a letter from you, in which I am told of being without principle, and to have made myself look ridiculous and subject to the criminal law of the land. I fear that I shall be like Cain, whose punishment was greater than he could bear. Oh! I can not imagine that a man could be punishable for saying nothing and doing less than that—or, in other words, to be invited from the public road into your house, and there sit and have a pleasant chat for a short time, and then leave for home, was a crime. I wish to remind you of one thing more, you being highly educated and myself only a common farmer, but there is something to learn from it, viz: if you wish to catch a shy horse, not to let him see the long gad you intend to lay over his back after you have him. Better take an ear of corn first, and then punish him afterwards when there is no escape. Another thing I wish to remind you of, notwithstanding the temperament of which you are possessed, I am much easier to be coaxed than forced. I shall here close for the present. FREELAND." The jury failed to take this common-sense view of the suit, and awarded the female $5000 for the damage she sustained in entrapping old gentlemen into "saying nothing and doing less."

RELIGIOUS.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CHURCH OF LOUISIANA.

ANNUAL DIOCESAN CONVENTION.

The twenty-eighth annual convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Diocese of Louisiana, commenced its session, yesterday, at St. Paul's church, corner of Camp and Gaiennie streets, and was very well attended. Of the following list of clergymen entitled to seats in the convention, only those marked with an * had reached the city and were present:

1. *Rev. William F. Adams, rector of St. Paul's Church, New Orleans.
2. A. E. Bakewell, Mt. Olivet Church, Algiers.
3. D. E. Barr, chaplain U. S. A., New Orleans.
4. Robert F. Clute, rector Christ Church, Covington.
5. *W. T. D. Dalzell, D. D., St. Mark's Church, Shreveport.
6. *M. R. St. James Dillon, New Orleans.
7. *Herman Cope Duncan, B. A., incumbent of Emmanuel Church, city of Jefferson.
8. *Ballard S. Dunn, rector of Epiphany Church, New Iberia.
9. Joseph Wood Dunn, Brazil.
10. Edward Fountaine, New Orleans.
11. J. N. Gallagher, incumbent of Trinity Church.
12. John Francis Girault, rector of St. Peters' Church, New Orleans.
13. Charles Goodrich, D. D., Maryland.
14. *C. S. Hedges, D. D., rector of St. Luke's Church, New Orleans.
15. *C. W. Hilton, rector of St. Mary's Church, Franklin.
16. L. Y. Jessup.
17. *Richard Johnson, rector of St. Mary's Church, St. Francisville.
18. *T. B. Lawson, rector of Christ Church, Bastrop.
19. Rev. W. B. Leacock, D. D., rector of Christ Church, New Orleans.
20. *Daniel S. Lewis, D. D., rector of Calvary Church, New Orleans.
21. *Wm. Miller, missionary in Ouachita and Morehouse parishes.
22. Chas. Morrison, M. A., rector of Epiphany Church, Opelousas.
23. John Percival, incumbent of the Church of the Annunciation, New Orleans.
24. James Philson, rector of St. Mary's Church, Houma.
25. John Philson.
26. *H. M. Strong, DD., LLD., rector of St. James Church, Baton Rouge.
27. *T. R. B. Trader, rector of St. John's Church, Thibodaux.
28. Anthony Vallas, Ph. D. New Orleans.

The exercises were opened with the morning service, which was read by Rev. Dr. Strong and Mr. J. F. Girault, which was followed by the lessons, read by Rev. Messrs. Duncan and Dillon. The ante-communion service was read by Rev. Mr. Dunn and Dr. Lewis. Bishop Wilmer officiated as celebrant, and the elements were distributed by Rev. Drs. Lewis and Dalzell, and Messrs. Trader and Hilton.

Bishop Wilmer now ascended the pulpit and read a voluminous report of his ministry for the past year, which evinced that the reverend gentleman had displayed unusual energy in his arduous labors, and that although many reverses had been met with by the church, consequent upon the instability of affairs in the South, it was now in a flourishing condition.

The report having been read, the convention organized by the selection of Rev. Mr. J. Francis Girault as secretary and Mr. Thos. J. Dix, treasurer of the diocese.

Bishop Wilmer announced the following gentlemen as the committee on canons: Rev. Drs. Lewis and Hedges and Messrs. Adams and Miller. Rev. Dr. Lewis and Mr. Grimshaw, committee on credentials, announced that the credentials of the following named lay delegates had been examined and that they were entitled to seats in the convention: