

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE.

VOLUME XVIII.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 26, 1869.

NUMBER 165.

THE OREGON'S DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

REPEAL OF A BILL HAMPERING THE PRESIDENT.

Agreement of the Conference Suffrage Committee.

DAWES WITHDRAWS FROM THE SPEAKERSHIP CONTEST.

GRANT ON THE RECONSTRUCTED STATES.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Non.—The Senate repealed the bill requiring the general of the army to have his headquarters at Washington, and orders from the president to issue through the general.

The conference committee on the suffrage amendment have agreed, but the points have not transpired.

The reconstruction committee is still engaged in considering disabilities, and will report to-morrow.

House.—Engaged on the suffrage bill.

Senate.—Engaged on private bills, with a perpetual struggle for precedence.

The resolution of the Senate judiciary committee to consider no more political disabilities this session, does not effect bill pending, of which there are three, with, however, many points of disagreement between the two houses.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Evans.—House.—The bill authorizing the exchange of nickel cents passed.

The report of the conference committee on the consular bill was considered. It provides for commission at small salaries. Better advanced the report warmly, but it was rejected; 45 to 102.

A new conference was asked for.

The conference on the suffrage amendment reported that the House recedes in its amendments and agrees to the Senate proposition.

Adopted, yeas 41, nays 41.

The following is the resolution: "The right of the citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State, on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude."

The legislative appropriation was considered to recess.

Senate.—The bill relieving manufacturers of naval machinery for the government from taxation passed.

A joint resolution that Congress shall meet at 5 o'clock P. M., instead of noon, on March 4th, passed.

The army appropriation bill was considered to recess.

Osborn introduced a bill granting lands in Florida for the construction of a railroad from Pensacola to Louisville.

Customs receipts for the week ending 20th, \$3,500,000.

The president nominated S. D. Townsend adjutant general, vice Thomas, retired, and quite a number of military promotions.

Dawes has written a letter to Blaine, withdrawing from the contest for the speakership.

Both parties have issued calls for a caucus regarding the organization on Tuesday.

It is said to concern Virginia, North Carolina and Alabama practically the best reconstructed of the Southern States.

Both houses are in session. The House is considering the deficiency bill.

Senate.—Private bills under consideration.

The conference report on the suffrage amendment was made the special order of the day for one o'clock to-morrow.

FROM CHATTANOOGA.

Tennessee River Convention.

CHATTANOOGA, Feb. 24.—The Tennessee river treaty, comprising delegates from Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia, Ohio, Virginia and Pennsylvania, met at 10 o'clock this morning, Gov. Patton, of Alabama, temporary chairman.

He spoke a short time, calling the attention of the convention to the great importance of the subject for which they had met, and gave some information about work already done on the river in the repeated efforts which had been made from time to time to improve its navigation.

A committee on resolutions of two from each State represented was appointed.

The convention met again at 2 o'clock, when the committee on resolutions reported through Casskell, of Georgia.

The resolution recites that the feasibility of the proposed improvement of the Tennessee River at moderate cost, is demonstrated by the reports of General Humphreys and Westcott, of the United States engineers, and shows that opening to navigation is demanded, large mercantile and popular meetings having been held for that purpose in various portions of the United States; calls the attention of Congress to the importance of the work to be done, and resolves that a committee of three be appointed to memorialize Congress on the subject.

After offering the resolution, Casskell dwelt at length on the importance of the State of Georgia of the opening of the river.

The report was adopted, and Gov. Farrow and Patton appointed as the committee to memorialize Congress.

Mr. Bokran, commissioner of immigration of Tennessee, addressed the convention on the subject of immigration, as connected with cheap transportation routes.

Gov. Wilder addressed the convention upon his successful experience in manufacturing iron from raw ore and raw coal in Roane county, Tenn. By unanimous vote Wilder was added to the committee to memorialize Congress.

The executive committee was appointed to conduct the business of the convention during the recess, and Casskell, of Georgia, Patton and O'Neal, of Alabama, with the governors of the States represented, were added to the executive committee.

A meeting to meet at the call of the executive committee.

On call of the States 176 delegates reported present.

While the committee on permanent organization was out, Mr. Gaw, engineer of the Tennessee river improvement, was called upon, and for half an hour pointed forth facts and figures connected with the improvement of the river, to which the convention listened with the most attentive interest.

The committee on permanent organization reported as officers: Gov. Bullock, of Georgia, president; Chamberlain, Board and Devise, of Tennessee, vice presidents; and Kirby and Kendrick, of Tennessee, secretaries.

On taking the chair Bullock read an acknowledgment for the honor conferred.

A letter was read from Gov. Brownlow, assuring the convention of his interest in, and sympathy with, the objects of the meeting, and proposing to use his best efforts to secure sufficient appropriations for the completion of the proposed improvement.

FROM MEMPHIS.

The Tenn. The Arkansas Legislature, etc.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 25.—The spring meeting of the Memphis Association commenced April 19th.

The A. S. A. Little Rock special to-night says the House yesterday passed what is known as the Ku Klux bill, which outlaws everybody belonging to the Ku Klux or K. W. G., who do not voluntarily withdraw from the organization not voluntarily within thirty days after passage of the act, and when convicted they may be confined in the Penitentiary not less than two years or fined any sum not less than a thousand dollars.

It will undoubtedly pass the Senate.

The capture of the steamer *Nettie* Jones, the Republican says: "Memphis must understand that we are terribly in earnest, and she cannot prevent some of her citizens from assisting to put the dories on every mother's son belonging to the *Nettie* Jones, who do not voluntarily withdraw from the organization not voluntarily within thirty days after passage of the act, and when convicted they may be confined in the Penitentiary not less than two years or fined any sum not less than a thousand dollars."

Mr. Senter, speaker of the Senate, was inaugurated governor to-day, in place of Brownlow, but in the presence of the convention, both branches of the Legislature and a large number of spectators. His address forecasted no policy for the future. Senator Nelson was subsequently elected speaker of the Senate.

Brownlow leaves for Washington to-morrow.

The resolution repealing the act empowering

the governor to declare martial law and call out the militia was tabled yesterday—40 to 15.

WASHINGTON.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

REPEAL OF A BILL HAMPERING THE PRESIDENT.

Agreement of the Conference Suffrage Committee.

DAWES WITHDRAWS FROM THE SPEAKERSHIP CONTEST.

GRANT ON THE RECONSTRUCTED STATES.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Non.—The Senate repealed the bill requiring the general of the army to have his headquarters at Washington, and orders from the president to issue through the general.

The conference committee on the suffrage amendment have agreed, but the points have not transpired.

The reconstruction committee is still engaged in considering disabilities, and will report to-morrow.

House.—Engaged on the suffrage bill.

Senate.—Engaged on private bills, with a perpetual struggle for precedence.

The resolution of the Senate judiciary committee to consider no more political disabilities this session, does not effect bill pending, of which there are three, with, however, many points of disagreement between the two houses.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Evans.—House.—The bill authorizing the exchange of nickel cents passed.

The report of the conference committee on the consular bill was considered. It provides for commission at small salaries. Better advanced the report warmly, but it was rejected; 45 to 102.

A new conference was asked for.

The conference on the suffrage amendment reported that the House recedes in its amendments and agrees to the Senate proposition.

Adopted, yeas 41, nays 41.

The following is the resolution: "The right of the citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State, on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude."

The legislative appropriation was considered to recess.

Senate.—The bill relieving manufacturers of naval machinery for the government from taxation passed.

A joint resolution that Congress shall meet at 5 o'clock P. M., instead of noon, on March 4th, passed.

The army appropriation bill was considered to recess.

Osborn introduced a bill granting lands in Florida for the construction of a railroad from Pensacola to Louisville.

Customs receipts for the week ending 20th, \$3,500,000.

The president nominated S. D. Townsend adjutant general, vice Thomas, retired, and quite a number of military promotions.

Dawes has written a letter to Blaine, withdrawing from the contest for the speakership.

Both parties have issued calls for a caucus regarding the organization on Tuesday.

It is said to concern Virginia, North Carolina and Alabama practically the best reconstructed of the Southern States.

Both houses are in session. The House is considering the deficiency bill.

Senate.—Private bills under consideration.

The conference report on the suffrage amendment was made the special order of the day for one o'clock to-morrow.

FROM CHATTANOOGA.

Tennessee River Convention.

CHATTANOOGA, Feb. 24.—The Tennessee river treaty, comprising delegates from Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia, Ohio, Virginia and Pennsylvania, met at 10 o'clock this morning, Gov. Patton, of Alabama, temporary chairman.

He spoke a short time, calling the attention of the convention to the great importance of the subject for which they had met, and gave some information about work already done on the river in the repeated efforts which had been made from time to time to improve its navigation.

A committee on resolutions of two from each State represented was appointed.

The convention met again at 2 o'clock, when the committee on resolutions reported through Casskell, of Georgia.

The resolution recites that the feasibility of the proposed improvement of the Tennessee River at moderate cost, is demonstrated by the reports of General Humphreys and Westcott, of the United States engineers, and shows that opening to navigation is demanded, large mercantile and popular meetings having been held for that purpose in various portions of the United States; calls the attention of Congress to the importance of the work to be done, and resolves that a committee of three be appointed to memorialize Congress on the subject.

After offering the resolution, Casskell dwelt at length on the importance of the State of Georgia of the opening of the river.

The report was adopted, and Gov. Farrow and Patton appointed as the committee to memorialize Congress.

Mr. Bokran, commissioner of immigration of Tennessee, addressed the convention on the subject of immigration, as connected with cheap transportation routes.

Gov. Wilder addressed the convention upon his successful experience in manufacturing iron from raw ore and raw coal in Roane county, Tenn. By unanimous vote Wilder was added to the committee to memorialize Congress.

The executive committee was appointed to conduct the business of the convention during the recess, and Casskell, of Georgia, Patton and O'Neal, of Alabama, with the governors of the States represented, were added to the executive committee.

A meeting to meet at the call of the executive committee.

On call of the States 176 delegates reported present.

While the committee on permanent organization was out, Mr. Gaw, engineer of the Tennessee river improvement, was called upon, and for half an hour pointed forth facts and figures connected with the improvement of the river, to which the convention listened with the most attentive interest.

The committee on permanent organization reported as officers: Gov. Bullock, of Georgia, president; Chamberlain, Board and Devise, of Tennessee, vice presidents; and Kirby and Kendrick, of Tennessee, secretaries.

On taking the chair Bullock read an acknowledgment for the honor conferred.

A letter was read from Gov. Brownlow, assuring the convention of his interest in, and sympathy with, the objects of the meeting, and proposing to use his best efforts to secure sufficient appropriations for the completion of the proposed improvement.

FROM MEMPHIS.

The Tenn. The Arkansas Legislature, etc.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 25.—The spring meeting of the Memphis Association commenced April 19th.

The A. S. A. Little Rock special to-night says the House yesterday passed what is known as the Ku Klux bill, which outlaws everybody belonging to the Ku Klux or K. W. G., who do not voluntarily withdraw from the organization not voluntarily within thirty days after passage of the act, and when convicted they may be confined in the Penitentiary not less than two years or fined any sum not less than a thousand dollars.

It will undoubtedly pass the Senate.

The capture of the steamer *Nettie* Jones, the Republican says: "Memphis must understand that we are terribly in earnest, and she cannot prevent some of her citizens from assisting to put the dories on every mother's son belonging to the *Nettie* Jones, who do not voluntarily withdraw from the organization not voluntarily within thirty days after passage of the act, and when convicted they may be confined in the Penitentiary not less than two years or fined any sum not less than a thousand dollars."

Mr. Senter, speaker of the Senate, was inaugurated governor to-day, in place of Brownlow, but in the presence of the convention, both branches of the Legislature and a large number of spectators. His address forecasted no policy for the future. Senator Nelson was subsequently elected speaker of the Senate.

Brownlow leaves for Washington to-morrow.

The resolution repealing the act empowering

the governor to declare martial law and call out the militia was tabled yesterday—40 to 15.

WASHINGTON.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

REPEAL OF A BILL HAMPERING THE PRESIDENT.

Agreement of the Conference Suffrage Committee.

DAWES WITHDRAWS FROM THE SPEAKERSHIP CONTEST.

GRANT ON THE RECONSTRUCTED STATES.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Non.—The Senate repealed the bill requiring the general of the army to have his headquarters at Washington, and orders from the president to issue through the general.

The conference committee on the suffrage amendment have agreed, but the points have not transpired.

The reconstruction committee is still engaged in considering disabilities, and will report to-morrow.

House.—Engaged on the suffrage bill.

Senate.—Engaged on private bills, with a perpetual struggle for precedence.

The resolution of the Senate judiciary committee to consider no more political disabilities this session, does not effect bill pending, of which there are three, with, however, many points of disagreement between the two houses.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Evans.—House.—The bill authorizing the exchange of nickel cents passed.

The report of the conference committee on the consular bill was considered. It provides for commission at small salaries. Better advanced the report warmly, but it was rejected; 45 to 102.

A new conference was asked for.

The conference on the suffrage amendment reported that the House recedes in its amendments and agrees to the Senate proposition.

Adopted, yeas 41, nays 41.

The following is the resolution: "The right of the citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State, on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude."

The legislative appropriation was considered to recess.

Senate.—The bill relieving manufacturers of naval machinery for the government from taxation passed.

A joint resolution that Congress shall meet at 5 o'clock P. M., instead of noon, on March 4th, passed.

The army appropriation bill was considered to recess.

Osborn introduced a bill granting lands in Florida for the construction of a railroad from Pensacola to Louisville.

Customs receipts for the week ending 20th, \$3,500,000.

The president nominated S. D. Townsend adjutant general, vice Thomas, retired, and quite a number of military promotions.

Dawes has written a letter to Blaine, withdrawing from the contest for the speakership.

Both parties have issued calls for a caucus regarding the organization on Tuesday.

It is said to concern Virginia, North Carolina and Alabama practically the best reconstructed of the Southern States.

Both houses are in session. The House is considering the deficiency bill.

Senate.—Private bills under consideration.

The conference report on the suffrage amendment was made the special order of the day for one o'clock to-morrow.

FROM CHATTANOOGA.

Tennessee River Convention.

CHATTANOOGA, Feb. 24.—The Tennessee river treaty, comprising delegates from Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia, Ohio, Virginia and Pennsylvania, met at 10 o'clock this morning, Gov. Patton, of Alabama, temporary chairman.

He spoke a short time, calling the attention of the convention to the great importance of the subject for which they had met, and gave some information about work already done on the river in the repeated efforts which had been made from time to time to improve its navigation.

A committee on resolutions of two from each State represented was appointed.

The convention met again at 2 o'clock, when the committee on resolutions reported through Casskell, of Georgia.

The resolution recites that the feasibility of the proposed improvement of the Tennessee River at moderate cost, is demonstrated by the reports of General Humphreys and Westcott, of the United States engineers, and shows that opening to navigation is demanded, large mercantile and popular meetings having been held for that purpose in various portions of the United States; calls the attention of Congress to the importance of the work to be done, and resolves that a committee of three be appointed to memorialize Congress on the subject.

After offering the resolution, Casskell dwelt at length on the importance of the State of Georgia of the opening of the river.

The report was adopted, and Gov. Farrow and Patton appointed as the committee to memorialize Congress.

Mr. Bokran, commissioner of immigration of Tennessee, addressed the convention on the subject of immigration, as connected with cheap transportation routes.

Gov. Wilder addressed the convention upon his successful experience in manufacturing iron from raw ore and raw coal in Roane county, Tenn. By unanimous vote Wilder was added to the committee to memorialize Congress.

The executive committee was appointed to conduct the business of the convention during the recess, and Casskell, of Georgia, Patton and O'Neal, of Alabama, with the governors of the States represented, were added to the executive committee.

A meeting to meet at the call of the executive committee.

On call of the States 176 delegates reported present.

While the committee on permanent organization was out, Mr. Gaw, engineer of the Tennessee river improvement, was called upon, and for half an hour pointed forth facts and figures connected with the improvement of the river, to which the convention listened with the most attentive interest.

The committee on permanent organization reported as officers: Gov. Bullock, of Georgia, president; Chamberlain, Board and Devise, of Tennessee, vice presidents; and Kirby and Kendrick, of Tennessee, secretaries.

On taking the chair Bullock read an acknowledgment for the honor conferred.

A letter was read from Gov. Brownlow, assuring the convention of his interest in, and sympathy with, the objects of the meeting, and proposing to use his best efforts to secure sufficient appropriations for the completion of the proposed improvement.

FROM MEMPHIS.

The Tenn. The Arkansas Legislature, etc.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 25.—The spring meeting of the Memphis Association commenced April 19th.

The A. S. A. Little Rock special to-night says the House yesterday passed what is known as the Ku Klux bill, which outlaws everybody belonging to the Ku Klux or K. W. G., who do not voluntarily withdraw from the organization not voluntarily within thirty days after passage of the act, and when convicted they may be confined in the Penitentiary not less than two years or fined any sum not less than a thousand dollars.

It will undoubtedly pass the Senate.

The capture of the steamer *Nettie* Jones, the Republican says: "Memphis must understand that we are terribly in earnest, and she cannot prevent some of her citizens from assisting to put the dories on every mother's son belonging to the *Nettie* Jones, who do not voluntarily withdraw from the organization not voluntarily within thirty days after passage of the act, and when convicted they may be confined in the Penitentiary not less than two years or fined any sum not less than a thousand dollars."

Mr. Senter, speaker of the Senate, was inaugurated governor to-day, in place of Brownlow, but in the presence of the convention, both branches of the Legislature and a large number of spectators. His address forecasted no policy for the future. Senator Nelson was subsequently elected speaker of the Senate.

Brownlow leaves for Washington to-morrow.

The resolution repealing the act empowering

the governor to declare martial law and call out the militia was tabled yesterday—40 to 15.

WASHINGTON.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

REPEAL OF A BILL HAMPERING THE PRESIDENT.

Agreement of the Conference Suffrage Committee.

DAWES WITHDRAWS FROM THE SPEAKERSHIP CONTEST.

GRANT ON THE RECONSTRUCTED STATES.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 25.—Non.—The Senate repealed the bill requiring the general of the army to have his headquarters at Washington, and orders from the president to issue through the general.

The conference committee on the suffrage amendment have agreed, but the points have not transpired.

The reconstruction committee is still engaged in considering disabilities, and will report to-morrow.

House.—Engaged on the suffrage bill.

Senate.—Engaged on private bills, with a perpetual struggle for precedence.

The resolution of the Senate judiciary committee to consider no more political disabilities this session, does not effect bill pending, of which there are three, with, however, many points of disagreement between the two houses.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—Evans.—House.—The bill authorizing the exchange of nickel cents passed.

The report of the conference committee on the consular bill was considered. It provides for commission at small salaries. Better advanced the report warmly, but it was rejected; 45 to 102.

A new conference was asked for.

The conference on the suffrage amendment reported that the House recedes in its amendments and agrees to the Senate proposition.

Adopted, yeas 41, nays 41.

The following is the resolution: "The right of the citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State, on account of race, color or previous condition of servitude."

The legislative appropriation was considered to recess.

Senate.—The bill relieving manufacturers of naval machinery for the government from taxation passed.

A joint resolution that Congress shall meet at 5 o'clock P. M., instead of noon, on March 4th, passed.

The army appropriation bill was considered to recess.

Osborn introduced a bill granting lands in Florida for the construction of a railroad from Pensacola to Louisville.

Customs receipts for the week ending 20th, \$3,500,000.

The president nominated S. D. Townsend adjutant general, vice Thomas, retired, and quite a number of military promotions.

Dawes has written a letter to Blaine, withdrawing from the contest for the speakership.

Both parties have issued calls for a caucus regarding the organization on Tuesday.

It is said to concern Virginia, North Carolina and Alabama practically the best reconstructed of the Southern States.

Both houses are in session. The House is considering the deficiency bill.

Senate.—Private bills under consideration.

The conference report on the suffrage amendment was made the special order of the day for one o'clock to-morrow.

FROM CHATTANOOGA.

Tennessee River Convention.

CHATTANOOGA, Feb. 24.—The Tennessee river treaty, comprising delegates from Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia, Ohio, Virginia and Pennsylvania, met at 10 o'clock this morning, Gov. Patton, of Alabama, temporary chairman.

He spoke a short time, calling the attention of the convention to the great importance of the subject for which they had met, and gave some information about work already done on the river in the repeated efforts which had been made from time to time to improve its navigation.

A committee on resolutions of two from each State represented was appointed.