COMMISSION—FORWARDING.

A. ROCHEREAU & CO.,
(A. ROCHEREAU—WM. T. BEPP.)

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF KRUG & CO.'S CHAMPAGNE.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
—IMPORTERS OF—
WINES, BRANDIES, SARDINES, Etc.,
Nos. 16 and 18 St. Louis Street,
NEW ORLEANS, LA.

NEWTON & CHAPSKY—
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN WESTERN PRODUCE,
84 Tchoupitoulas Street,
NEW ORLEANS.

HAY & MEHLE,
ALEXANDER HAY; WILLIAM MEHLE;
Commission Merchants for the Purchase Sale, Forwarding and shipment of Hides, Leather, Wool, Beeswax, Tallow and Tanning Materials,
Nos. 44 and 52 Commerce Street, New Orleans.

AYMAR & CO.,
(WM. H. AYMAR, B. F. MILLIKEN, DAN'L F. LOGAN.)
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 37 Carondelet street, New Orleans.
Liberal advances made on shipments to our friends in London, Liverpool, New York and Philadelphia.
AYMAR & CO.

T. G. NOEL & CO.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
For the sale of
Cattle, Hogs, Sheep, Mules and Horses.
STOCK LANDING, NEW ORLEANS.
Satisfactory references given.

MEDICAL.

DR. J. LYMAN KENNEDY,
(Formerly of Philadelphia.)
MEDICAL AND SURGICAL INSTITUTE,
215 Canal, Entrance on Rampart Street.
For the treatment of Chronic Diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver and Kidneys, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Functional Derangements, Nervous Affections, Neuralgia, Spinal Irritations. All diseases incidental to females at the dawn of womanhood, the age of maternity and change of life. Pulmonary Consumption, Diseases of the Heart, Eye, Ear, Blood and Skin, the Womb, Uterus, and its appendages, scientifically treated. Thirteen years of my professional life having been devoted exclusively to the treatment of the above named diseases, I feel that I can promise a speedy and permanent cure in diseases often not understood. Dr. K. has testimonials and autograph letters from some of the most distinguished ladies and gentlemen in this country, many of whom are known in the world of letters, bearing testimony to his skill. Dr. K. has collected the principal discoveries with which modern chemistry has enriched the field of Materia Medica; he has investigated faithfully the effects of various substances and explored the wide fields of new remedies not before used, several of which have proved to have qualities of great remedial power. Persons at a distance can consult me by letter. J. LYMAN KENNEDY, M. D.,
2.5 Canal street, entrance on Rampart street.

POPE'S CURE FOR COUGHS, COLDS
ASTHMA, ETC.
In all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs requiring the use of a mild, soothing and decidedly efficient remedy, this preparation may be used by persons of all ages, from "the infant mewling and puking in its nurse's arms," to where "the sixth age shifts into the lean and slippered pantaloon," with as much prospect of relief as from any formula in pharmacopœia.
POPE'S CURE FOR COUGHS has been used in this city for over ten years, with increasing demand; is put in bottles at 75c. each. Try it. JOHN H. POPE,
Druggist, corner Jackson and Prytania streets.
Sold also by JOHN DeBENNEVILLE, Druggist, corner Camp and Poydras streets.

A BOOK FOR THE UNFORTUNATE.
J. BALDWIN DUFF'S TREATISE ON PRIVATE DISEASES, Impotency, Loss of Power, Nervous Debility, with Notes on Impediments to Marriage, should be read by all contemplating marriage. Sent by mail on receipt of 25 cents. by
J. BALDWIN DUFF,
New Orleans Medical Institute,
264 Magazine street.
Where all private diseases are successfully treated.

SPECIAL TREATMENT OF CHRONIC DISEASES—Dr. De BAUSSET will take charge of and guarantee to cure the following chronic diseases, viz: Secret Diseases (Whites, Blennorrhœa, Ulcers,) Rheumatism, Gout, Dyspepsia, Chlorosis, Liver Complaint, Diseases of the Urinary Organs and Deafness. Consultations every day from 12 o'clock M. till 1 P. M. at his office, corner of Orleans and Bourbon streets. Residence, No. 44 Dauphine street.

FRENCH MEDICINES—
—PREPARED BY—
GRIMAULT & CO., CHEMISTS,
63 RUE RICHELIEU, PARIS.

No More Copaiba and Cubebs.
GRIMAULT'S CAPSULES AND LIQUID EXTRACT OF MATICO VEGETALIS
Where all other medicines have failed, these preparations will always effect a cure. These insure rapid and extraordinary cure of severe recent and chronic cases of private diseases. They are used in the hospitals of Paris, by the celebrated Dr. Ricord, and are found greatly superior to all hitherto known mineral remedies and Copaiba and Cubebs. The injection is used in recent and capsules in more chronic cases.

Asthma, Oppression, Dyspnœa.
INDIAN CIGARETTES OF CANABIS INDICA.
PREPARED BY GRIMAULT & CO., CHEMISTS, PARIS.
Recent experiments in France, England and Germany have proved that these Cigarettes are a sovereign remedy for the above distressing affections, especially when Belladonna, Stramonium and Opium have failed to give relief.

APPROVED BY THE PARIS ACADEMY OF MEDICINE.
Burin du Buisson's Iodide of Iron and Manganese Pills.
The treatment of chlorotic or scrofulous affections is always long and tedious with the usual preparations of iron, which not unfrequently fail, owing to the stomach not being able to support them. The researches of Professors Hannon, of Brussels; demeoul and Perrequin, of Lyon; Bernatine and Trousseau, of Paris, have demonstrated that this lamentable failure is owing to the absence of Manganese, which, as well as Iron, is an essential element of the blood. These Pills therefore, supply an important deficiency in therapeutics, and have, consequently, received the approbation of the Academy of Medicine and the principal scientific bodies. They are employed with a certainty of success against Chlorosis, (Green Sickness,) Stomach Complaints, Poverty of the Blood and Irregular Menstruation, and are preferable to the pills of iodide of iron alone in all anemic, scrofulous and cancerous affections.

Digestive Elixir of Pepsine.
GRIMAULT & CO., CHEMISTS, PARIS.
PEPSINE, the latest scientific discovery of Dr. Corvisart, physician to his majesty the Emperor of the French, is the Gastric Juice itself, or, rather, the digestive principle purified which digests food in the stomach. When, by some cause or other, the supply of digestive fluid is too small, the inevitable consequences are bad digestion, gastritis, astralgia, inflammation of the mucous coats of the stomach and bowels, heartburn, pituite, anæmia, loss of strength and (in females) chlorosis. The Elixir of Pepsine, which is sanctioned by the approbation of the Paris Academy of Medicine, speedily cures all such diseases, and prevents vomiting during pregnancy.

Syrup of Peruvian Bark and Iron,
—PREPARED BY—
GRIMAULT & CO.,
Chemists to H. I. H. Prince Napoleon, Paris
This medicine combines, in an agreeable form, the active principles of Peruvian Bark, the best of tonics, combined with Iron, one of the principal base of the blood. It is prescribed by the most eminent physicians of Paris to cure Chlorosis, (Green Sickness,) to facilitate the development of young females, and to restore health and vigor to the system in general. It rapidly removes the distressing stomach complaints caused by anæmia and leucorrhœa, to which ladies are so often subject, regularizes and facilitates the flow of the catamenia, and is also excellent for pale, lymphatic and scrofulous children. Lastly, it excites the appetite, promotes digestion, and is extremely beneficial to all persons whose blood has been impoverished by illness, confining and difficult convalescence. The effects of this Syrup are at once certain and speedy.

Depot General in New Orleans at
F. DUCOMMES,
39 Chartres street.

H. WEBER,
BOOT, SHOE AND GAITER MANUFACTURER,
25 Royal Street, corner Custom house,
New Orleans
Always on hand a complete assortment of Fashionable Boots and Congress Gaiters, of every description.
Orders solicited and promptly attended to. Repairing done with Neatness and Dispatch.

LA RENAISSANCE LOUISIANAISE.
NEW ORLEANS, FRENCH WEEKLY OF 24 PAGES.
Devoted to Southern Interests.
(Seven Years of Existence.)
Is a most commendable publication for families and country people who practice the elegant French language; it reviews elaborately the political events of the week; the situation of the country, the New Orleans American press, the interesting facts of Louisiana, the agricultural and commercial affairs of the community, the market price current, the theatrical scenes, the literary and scientific productions of the day, and gives a great variety of useful facts, instructive gems, humoristic anecdotes, and all that composes a first class paper.
SUBSCRIPTION: $6 PER ANNUM.
The 24 pages of LA RENAISSANCE are edited on 96 columns, and the advertisements are so conspicuously displayed with reading matter in each page, that it makes the journal one of the best advertising mediums of the South.
Job Printing done in all languages. 68 Chartres street, corner of Exchange Alley, New Orleans.

The New Orleans Crescent.

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 2, 1869.

New Orleans Real Estate Market

CRESCENT OFFICE, 24 Camp Street, New Orleans, March 2, 1869.

The perusal of stories in which was recounted the way rapid fortunes were made in New York and other great Northern cities, by successful speculations in real estate, has doubtless interested and amused many of our readers; but we are fain to believe that few—very few—of them ever thought that the same thing was being enacted here at home, almost under their own eyes, and that they had lost opportunities by neglect which, if they had been seized, might have resulted as fortunate for them as any of which they read.

It does not require that we should be a very old citizen of New Orleans to remember when lots on Jackson street—and in fact, in all that neighborhood—could be bought for a few hundreds of dollars. And any citizen of twenty-five years residence can well recall the fact that in the now populous quarter, bounded by Dryades, Benton streets, Triton Walk and Jackson street, properties which are now worth thousands could have been purchased for almost a song. We know of several persons—clerks on small salaries in those days—who, out of their savings, bought lots in those localities, "just to be doing something with their money," and who now count those purchases the foundation of all their success in life.

Men, who are to day ranked among the leading capitalists of the city, made their first start in this way; and if we wished to particularize, we could easily show that some of the real estate magnates have been more successful in making money out of the rapid advance in the value of properties bought by them years ago, at a venture, than in anything they have since done. It is beyond a doubt that these people exercised a good judgment in selecting the particular localities of their purchases; but, we believe that there is as much room for the enlightened and judicious exercise of enterprise to-day as there was a quarter of a century ago.

The tides of population in large cities are not governed by the same immutable laws as those of the ocean. On the contrary they often take strange freaks, and without apparent cause make changes which astonish every one. Localities, which to-day seem to be the most popular for investment, to-morrow may fall into discredit, and people might become as anxious next week to invest in properties in the Third District as they now are for those in the Fourth. We do not wish to be understood as stating that this will be the fact, but it is not impossible by any means. It is a subject upon which we hope our young men will ponder, and instead of throwing away the few dollars which they can spare from their earnings invest them to the best of their judgment in a lot, even if said lot, like the majority of those in the rear of the city, be blessed with extraordinary "water privileges." At the real estate sales which take place every week at the St Charles Auction Exchange, they will have frequent opportunities.

New Orleans Money Market.

CRESCENT OFFICE, No. 94 CAMP STREET, Monday Evening, March 1, 1869.

The money market exhibits steadily increasing ease. Gold opened at New York this morning at 131¼ against 131¾, the closing rate Saturday evening. At 12 M. it ruled at 131½. At 2:10 P. M. it stood at 132, and at 3 P. M. it closed at 131¾. The demand and supply in this market have been of a moderate extent throughout, and quotations disclose a fractional advance on the day's operations. We append particulars of the actual sales as follows, viz: $3000 and $10,000 Gold at 131½; $2500, $15,000 and $30,000 at 131¾; $15,000 at 131¾; $10,000 and $10,000 at 131½; $5000 and $20,000 at 132; $5000 and $10,000 at 132¼; $5000 and $10,000 at 132¾, closing at 132@132¼. In Silver we note a sale of $500 American half dollars at 128, and one of $1000 Mexican dollars at 134¼.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE—The movement in Sterling and Francs has been partially suspended all round to-day. The market was at no time better than nominally supplied with commercial bills, while the remittance demand was wholly confined to one or two buyers. Rates were slightly firmer, however, as will be seen by the following sales and quotations, viz: £1000 clear bill at 141½, and 40,000 bank Francs at 3.96¼. We quote bank Sterling at 143@143¼, commercial do. at 142@142½, bank Francs at 3.96¼@3.95, and commercial do. at 3.98¼@3.97½.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE—Transactions under the above heading exhibit an inactive but firm market. Offerings of commercial sight and short sight continue restricted, and the inquiry on the part of remitters is fair though by no means active or general. We would refer to the following statement for particulars of to-day's purchases by banks and bankers, viz: $10,000, $15,000, $20,000 and $20,000 sight on New York at par; $30,000 do. at 1-16 premium; $6000, $10,000, $15,000 and $20,000 do. at ¼ premium; $5000 one day's sight on New York at ⅛ discount; $13,000 fifteen days' do. at ⅛ discount; $25,000 sixty days' do. at 1⅛ discount; $5000 sight on St. Louis at par; $3200 thirty days' date on Augusta, Ga., at 1½ discount. We quote bank sight on New York at ¼ ⅌ cent. premium, and commercial do. at par@¼ ⅌ cent. premium.

UNCURRENT NOTES AND SECURITIES—The movement in uncurrent notes and securities has been of but limited extent since our last and no material alteration has transpired in rates of any class so far as we have been advised. The following include all of the principal sales for the day, viz: $10,000 city treasury notes at 25½ discount; $5000 and $10,000 do. at 26; $45,500 do. at 26½; $1000 Bank of Louisiana notes at 27c. per dollar; $2000 State notes at 86; $2500 do. at 86½; $2000 State warrants at 86¾; $5000 metropolitan police warrants at 85; $5000 do. at 85½; $5000 and $5000 do. at 86; $30,000 six per cent. levee bonds at 72; $10,000 do. at 71½ and $10,000 eight per cent. do. at 91½.

BOARD OF BROKERS—The following comprise the sales at the board to-night, viz: $1000 city treasury notes at 26½ per cent. discount.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES.—We are indebted to the Western Union Telegraph Line for copies of the following private dispatches received from that route to-day, viz:

New York, March 1—10 A. M.—Gold opened at 131½. 10:30 A. M.—Gold 131½. Cotton quiet and firm. Sterling 108¾@109¼. 12 M.—Gold 131½. Cotton dull and nominal. Sterling steady. 2:10 P. M.—Gold 132. Cotton market dull and nominal; middling 29¼c.; Mobile 29¼c.; Orleans 29¼c. Sterling 109@109½. 3 P. M.—Gold closed at 131¾. Cotton dull and nominal. Sales 700 bales. Middling 29¼c., Mobile 29½c., Orleans 29¼c. Sterling 109@109½.

Liverpool, March 1—11:15 A. M.—Cotton market quiet. Estimated sales 10,000 bales. Uplands 11⅞d., Orleans 12¼d. 1:20 P. M.—Cotton easier, not quotably lower. Estimated sales 10,000 bales. 5 P. M.—Cotton market dull. Sales 8000 bales. Prices unchanged.

London, March 1—11:15 A. M.—Consols 93. 5-20's 82¼. 1:20 P. M.—Consols 93. 5 20's 82¼.

Havre, March 1.—Cotton opens easier. Tres ordinaire 1.40. Low middling afloat unchanged.

IMPORTANT FINANCIAL BILL.—The House, on the 24th, after a bitter contest, passed the most important financial bill of the session, known as the Schenck measure, providing:

That in order to remove any doubt as to the purpose of the government to discharge all of its just obligations to the public creditors, and to settle conflicting questions and interpretations of law by virtue of which such obligations have been contracted, by declaring that the faith of the United States is solemnly pledged to the payment in coin, or its equivalent amount, all interest-bearing obligations, except in cases where the law authorizing the issue of any such obligations has expressly provided that the same may be paid in lawful money or other currency than gold and silver; provided, however, that, before any said interest-bearing obligations not already due shall mature or be paid before maturity, the obligations not bearing interest, known as the United States notes, shall be made convertible into coin at the option of the holder. It is further provided that any contract heretofore made payable in coin, and the consideration of which may be a loan of coin, or the sale of property, or the rendering of labor or service of any kind, the price, which as carried into the contract may have been adjusted on the basis of the coin value thereof at the time such sale or rendering of such service or labor, shall be legal and valid, and may be enforced according to its terms, and on the trial of a suit brought for the enforcement of such contract, proof of the real consideration may be given."

THE TEETH'S SALVATION.—The interior bark of the soap tree of Chili is admitted by botanists to possess cleansing and preservative qualities unshared by any other known substance. Its native name, *quillay*, is from *quillian*, to make clean. This matchless antiseptic is a main constituent of the famous preparation for the teeth known as Sozodont, which has long since taken the lead of every other article of its class throughout the Western hemisphere.

New York prices for the celebrated Grover & Baker sewing machines, and no charge for freight. Machine warranted for five years. Only machine fit for families. 182 Canal street.

Commercial Intelligence.

CRESCENT OFFICE, No. 94 CAMP STREET, Monday Evening, March 1, 1869.

COTTON—The seventh month of the commercial year 1868-9 opened this morning upon a very inactive and unsettled cotton market, and nothing has since transpired to indicate any improvement whatever. Offerings of the staple were very light throughout, while advices from the European and Northern markets were far more discouraging than had been looked for, and rates of gold and foreign exchange steadily tended downward. The demand was at no time active or general, however, and the total sales footed up only 1500 bales, at previous figures for the better grades and ¼c. decline on the lower classifications, as will be seen by the annexed revised figures, viz: Ordinary 25@25½c., good ordinary 26¼@26¾c., low middling 27¼@—c., middling 28@28¼c. and strict middling nominal.

COTTON STATEMENT.

Stock on hand September 1, 1868		3,686
Received since Saturday	5,373	
Received previously	677,013	682,386
		686,052
Exported to-day	1,773	
Exported previously	531,662	
		533,435
Shipped to Mobile, per Mobile Price Current	7,573	
Shipped up the Mississippi river	4,193	145,166
Stock on hand and on shipboard		140,886

Exports to-day were divided as follows: 361 bales for New York, 356 for Vera Cruz, 750 for Barcelona, and 306 for Providence, R. I.

SUGAR AND MOLASSES—The latest dispatches from Havana report that market for Sugar as flat and declining. Our market was correspondingly dull to-day, and the sales, which were of a restricted character, were made at a decline of ¼@½c. ⅌ lb. We now quote, viz: Sugar—Inferior 9¾@10¼c., common 12¾@13c., fair 13¾@13¾c., fully fair 15¼c., prime 15¾@15¾c., choice 16¼c., yellow clarified 17@17½c., white do. 17¾@18¼c. Molasses has undergone no change, and we still quote: Inferior 60@65c., common 68@74c., fair 76@78c., prime 80@81c., choice 83½c. Receipts since Saturday 884 hhds. Louisiana Sugar, 566 bbls. Louisiana Molasses. Exports 2 hhds. Sugar and 52 bbls. Molasses.

FLOUR—Showed a little more animation and firmness to-day. The demand was principally for the lower grades, which are in light supply. The sales embraced 2525 bbls. as follows, viz: 300, 150, 75 and 50 superfine at $6 25; 400, 300 and 100 XX P. T.; 300, 200, 100 and 50 XX at $7; 100 on its merits at $6 80; 200 XXX at $7 40; 100 do. at $7 50; 50 choice at $8, and 50 do. at $9. We now quote as follows: Fine, $5 50@5 75; superfine, $—@6 25; XX, $6 87½@7; XXX, $7 37½@7 50; choice, $8@—. Receipts for past two days 3402 bbls. Exports 862 bbls.

CORN—Was in good demand to-day for shipment and otherwise, and the market was quite active. The sales were rather large, embracing 19,911 sacks at full figures, viz: 3100, 1000 and 300 white at 78c.; 600 mixed on private terms; 2500, 2000, 800, 700, 600, 500 and 250 white at 80c.; 600 yellow at 80c.; 6161 white and yellow at 80c.; 500 choice white at 82c., and 250 do. yellow from store at 85c. We now quote white Western at 78@80c.; yellow 83c. Receipts past two days 3402 sacks. Exports 4822 sacks.

OATS—Still continue firm, but the supply is light and the demand is only moderate. To day's sales amounted to but 955 sacks as follows, viz: 500, 355 and 100 sacks at 80c. Receipts past two days 712 sacks.

BRAN—We have no change to report in this market. To-day's sales were restricted to 650 sacks in lots of 300, 200 and 150 sacks at $1 15 ⅌ 100 lbs. Receipts past two days 100 sacks.

HAY—The market is very firm and the supply continues light. The sales to-day are 150 and 50 choice Ohio at $31. We still quote the market as follows, viz: ordinary $26; fair $28; prime to choice $30@31. Receipts past two days 6739 bales.

PORK—This market has been quiet to-day but prices are very firm, with an upward tendency. Holders are asking $34 for mess, and it is jobbing at that figure. The sales embraced 200 bbls., as follows, viz: 100 and 50 prime at $29, 50 mess at $33 75. We now quote prime at $29, mess $33 75@—. Receipts past two days 40 bbls.

BACON—To-day's transactions are rather light, being confined to about 32 casks (10, 10 and 12) clear sides at 18¼c. The market continues firm at the following quotations: Shoulders 15@15¼, clear rib sides 17¾c., clear sides 18¼c., breakfast bacon 21@21½c. Receipts past two days 300 casks, 72 tierces, 33 boxes. Exports 18 tierces.

LARD—This market is very dull to-day, and the operations were limited, being confined to 38 tierces, as follows: 13 prime at 19c. and 25 do. at 19½c. We now quote tierce 19½c. and kegs 21½c. Receipts past two days 48 tierces, 340 kegs and 7 barrels. Exports 100 tierces.

WHISKY—Still continues dull and drooping. The supply is ample, with only a moderate demand. 50 barrels Western sold to-day on the levee at 95c. We now quote Western rectified 95c.@$1 02½. Southern 95c.@$1, Bourbon $1 50@$4, as per age and quality. It is retailing at about 5c. above these figures. Receipts past two days 409 barrels. Exports 31 barrels.

FREIGHTS—The market to all foreign, as well as most domestic ports, remains dull and inactive, as regards cotton offerings, owing to the small sales for the past three days; while in grain we hear of two vessels taken yesterday for wheat in bulk to Liverpool at 10c. ⅌ bushel. We now quote as follows:

By Steam—Cotton to Liverpool ⅝d.; to Hamburg 1½c.; to Bremen 1¼c.; to New York ⅝c.; to Boston 1¼c.; to Philadelphia 1¼c.; molasses to New York $2 00; sugar $8 ⅌ hhd; to Boston $3 ⅌ bbl; flour to New York —; to Boston — ⅌ bbl; pork and beef to New York $1 50 for bbls. and tierces $2; corn do. 20c. ⅌ bushel.

By sail—Cotton to Liverpool 15-32d; to Havre 1c; to Bremen 1c; to New York nominal; to Boston 1c; to Philadelphia 1¼c; corn to Liverpool 10d., to Northern ports 15c. ⅌ bushel. Tobacco to Liverpool 40s. ⅌ hhd; flour to Liverpool 3s 6d ⅌ bbl; pork and beef to Northern ports — ⅌ bbl; oil cake to Liverpool 32s 6d@35s per ton.

MERCHANTS' EXCHANGE—The sales on 'Change to-night were 10 casks clear ribbed sides at 17½c. ⅌ pound.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE—The subjoined accurate report of the market is taken from Messrs. Burke, Clarke & Trepagnier's circular of this date, viz:

STOCK THIS DAY.

India Bagging	7,058 bales.
Hemp and Flax Bagging	5,550 pieces.
Gunny Bags	1,036 bales.
Rope—(machine 128; hand 500—flax 21)	649 coils.
Pork—(mess 25,046; other kinds 1735)	27,781 barrels.
Lard	5,143 tierces.
Lard	9,257 kegs.
Bacon—(clear sides 1231; clear ribbed sides 345; ribbed sides 11; shoulders 486)	2,073 casks.
Hams—(sugar cured 640; plain 36 sca.; plain 4 cases)	680 tierces.
Coffee—(first hands none; second hands 20 000)	20 000 bags.
Salt—Liverpool (coarse 40 126; fine 10,532)	50,658 sacks.
Bulk	10,000 bushels.

REVIEW OF THE MARKET FOR THE MONTH OF FEB.

INDIA BAGGING—The market opened at 23c. Sales during the month 750 bales at 23@23½c. Held at 24c.

HEMP AND FLAX BAGGING—No demand. Held at 22c. for heavy.

GUNNY BAGS—Sales from first hands 300 bales on P.T. Held at 18½c.

ROPE—No demand. Market nominal.

PORK—Market opened at $32 50 for mess, and influenced by advices from the West, advanced rapidly, and sold as high as $35 50 on the 9th. From that date the decline was rapid and sales were made at $31 75 on the 24th, since when the market improved rapidly, owing to a strong speculative feeling, and closes very firm at $33 50@34, with little offering at these figures.

LARD—Market opened at 20½c. for tierces and 22½c. for kegs, and sales were made in the early part of the month as high as 21c. for tierces; but owing to advices of a decline in New York and the West, and very little demand for export, our market gave way rapidly and closes quiet at 19½c. for choice in tierces, 21½c. for kegs.

BACON—Market opened at 15½c. for shoulders, 18½c. for clear ribbed, 18¾c. for clear sides, and continued firm at above figures until the middle of the month, when holders showed a disposition to realize, and prices gave way rapidly, and sales were made on the 24th at 17c. for clear sides and 14c. for shoulders. Since when, owing to a speculative demand, prices advanced and the last sales were at 15c. for shoulders, 17¾c. for clear ribbed, 18c. for clear sides. Held ½c. higher.

HAMS—Small demand. Held at 20@20½c. for choice brands S. C. canvased.

COFFEE—Direct imports from Rio this month 11,901 bags. Sales from first hands 16,834 bags. Demand very good during the month, and sales made at an advance of 1@1½c. ⅌ lb. We quote the market very firm at 18@18½c. for prime, 17@17½c. for good, 16c. for fair—gold duty paid.

SALT—The demand has been fair this month. Cargo sales $1 65@1 75. Receipts 35,874 sacks. Consumption 27,273 sacks. No cargoes offering. Owing to considerable shipments known to be on the way, the market is rather dull.

CONSUMPTION.—Our own dry goods trade, as the season advances, fails to show the activity anticipated, while the European advices this week, both by mail and cable, indicate an unsatisfactory condition of trade in the manufacturing districts of England. The reason for the want of activity may be found in the prevailing belief that during the summer, if not before, the raw material will be lower. No one feels willing, therefore, to lay in large lines of goods at the advanced quotations. The same feeling is influencing our own dry goods market. Though buyers are present in considerable numbers, the anticipated extensive spring demand is not yet realized, few doing more than purchasing in a small way to sort up with. This disposition to wait and watch the market is also being increased here by our largely accumulating stock—looking doubly large when so closely following the small total of last summer. The effect on consumption, both here and abroad, of this feeling of uncertainty as to the future of cotton (if long continued) cannot be doubtful. Were there, however, in the Liverpool market a renewal of the excitement in cotton this feeling would be likely to change, but if we are to have continued dull reports by cable, with small sales, the influence must be very unfavorable. For active business we must have stable prices.—[New York Commercial Bulletin, Feb. 21.

KING COTTON.—The Washington Express says: "Three million bales of cotton this year, if the season be favorable, yielding at present prices, over $400,000,000, will be the contribution of the cotton States to the material wealth of the Union. Here is a prize worth contending for by the great commercial cities; and New York, from present indications, will secure so large a share as to make up for the dullness of the last season. Freights to Europe will rule high, as a matter of course, and were it not for the insane policy of Congress, ship building would immediately revive. Our great mercantile marine, before the war, was mainly built up by the cotton trade. It can be rebuilt and enlarged now by judicious legislation.

LIGHT BALES OF COTTON—THE CROP SHORTER THAN IT SEEMS.—A writer in the Macon Journal says: "It is little remarkable that 'cotton men' have made no allusion through the press to the undeniable fact that the bales of cotton of the crop of 1868 9 are, on an average, considerably lighter than were those of 1867-8. This is verified by the observation and the reports that come from the large and small markets of this country. It is estimated the difference will average thirty pounds per bale, which, on an estimated crop of 2,500,000 bales, make a difference of 7,500,000 pounds, or 150,000 bales of 500 pounds each—thereby reducing the crop to 2,350,000 bales—an item well worthy of note by manufacturers and dealers in the staple generally. The main reason with the planters for packing light bales this season is quite obvious. At the high ruling price of cotton, the bagging and rope, or ties, pay about two dollars per bale profit, that being the estimated average difference between the cost and the price obtained for these articles, when sold on or as a part of the cotton, by the planter.

Cattle Market.

CITY OF JEFFERSON, March 2, 1869.

Arrived yesterday—566 Texas Beeves, 58 Calves and Yearlings. Sold—518 Texas Beeves, 52 Calves and Yearlings, 110 Hogs, 5 Milch Cows. Stock on sale—1265 Texas Beeves, 384 Calves and Yearlings, 518 Hogs, 426 Sheep, 65 Milch Cows. We quote:

Texas Beeves, corn fed, choice, ⅌ lb net	— 10½	— 14
Texas Beeves, corn fed, 2d quality, ⅌ head	35 00	50 00
Texas Beeves, 1st quality, ⅌ head	45 00	50 00
Texas Cattle, 2d quality, ⅌ head	30 00	35 00
Texas Cattle, 3d quality, ⅌ head	18 —	25 00
Hogs ⅌ lb gross	— 7½	10
Stock Hogs, ⅌ lb gross	— —	— —
Sheep, first quality, ⅌ head	4 00	7 00
Sheep, second quality, ⅌ head	2 50	3 50
Sheep, third quality, ⅌ head	— —	1 50
Milch Cows, choice, ⅌ head	— —	100 00
Milch Cows, first quality, ⅌ head	80 00	100 00
Texas Cows with Calves	— —	— —
Yearlings, ⅌ head	10 00	14 00
Calves, ⅌ head	10 00	12 00
Hides ⅌ head	1 50	4 50

River Intelligence.

STEAMERS LEAVING THIS PORT.

Tuesday, March 2.

Texas	JOSEPHINE, Lewis—Cars	7½ AM
Arkansas River	IMPORTER, Williams	5 PM
Arkansas River	CLARKSVILLE, Perry	5 PM
Camden	WELCOME Chandler	5 PM
Red River	EVENING STAR, Fulton	5 PM
Red River	LEO, Tucker	5 PM
Red River	LIZZIE HOPKINS, Roots	5 PM
Ouachita River	ST. MARYS, Carleston	5 PM
Louisville	NICK LONGWORTH, Kates	5 PM
Watering Places	LAURA, Walker—Cars	12 M
Mobile	MAIL BOAT—Cars	4 PM

CRESCENT OFFICE, No. 94 CAMP STREET, Tuesday Morning, March 2, 1869.

Since our last we have been blest with glorious weather. Sunday was a day of uninterrupted sunshine, and yesterday was almost so, but about 4 P. M. the sky became overcast with dark leaden clouds, which indicate rain, and that at no distant date. At this writing the weather is moderating, another sign of rain.

Through a telegram received yesterday by Capt. John T. Roots, we learned that the Era No. 10 left Shreveport for this city on Saturday, Feb. 27. She will arrive early Wednesday morning.

The lower levee is in a terrible condition. At every few steps large holes in the wood work stand open ready to entrap the unguarded pedestrian, or to break the leg of some dray horse or mule. Plainly speaking, the condition of this portion of our steamboat landing is a disgrace to our city, and if not speedily remedied will entail lasting reproach upon the parties whose duty it is to keep it in repair.

Business upon the landing has not been very active since our last, except in the way of discharging the cargoes of steamers which have arrived since Saturday night.

Mr. Frank Harrison, of the steamer Cornelia, has the thanks of this reporter for favors extended.

Messrs. Roberts, McVay and Mossop, of the Robert E. Lee, have our thanks for late papers.

Mr. H. C. Hieatt of the Dora has our thanks for late Jefferson and Shreveport papers.

The sidewheel passenger steamer Leo, Capt. Gus Hodge, leaves for Jefferson, Shreveport and way landings to day at 5 P. M.

The favorite Lizzie Hopkins, looking as trim and neat as a new made bride, is at the foot of Crossman street receiving for Jefferson and all way points. Since her last trip the Lizzie has received a new shaft, wheel and coat of paint, and been otherwise repaired and renovated, so that to-day she is just as good as new. She leaves positively this day at 5 P. M.

The sidewheel packet Evening Star, Capt. Ben Fulton, leaves for Jefferson and intermediate landings at 5 P. M. to-day.

The favorite passenger packet Welcome, Capt. Chandler, leaves at 5 P. M. to-day for Camden.

The peerless R. E. Lee, Capt. Jno. W. Cannon, leaves for Vicksburg at 5 P. M. to day.

The Gov. Allen, Capt. Tobin, will arrive to-day and leave for Camden to-morrow at 5 P. M.

The Great Republic and Louisville passed Memphis Saturday last, bound down. They are due to-day.

The propellor Paynswick, Capt. Clark, leaves for Lockport via Barataria and Lafourche Canal to-day at 5 P. M.

The express passenger packet B. L. Hodge No. 2, Capt. Boardman, leaves for Jefferson, Shreveport and way landings to-morrow at 5 P. M.

In our last issue we promised our readers a pen and ink sketch of the editor of this column, provided we could obtain the services of an artist capable of doing justice to the subject: in this we have failed utterly—no one being willing to undertake the job. But in order to prevent all sorts of people from mistaking us for all sorts of other people, we shall write ourselves up in our next issue. Until that time we ask our readers to curb their curiosity.—[CRESCENT of Sunday, Feb. 28th.

This reporter now sits himself to work upon the very difficult task of writing a truthful(?) description of himself. If we fail to do justice to the subject, we trust that our readers will attribute it to natural modesty and not to lack of talent. In height we are eight feet five inches, or five feet eight inches—we have forgotten which. Our complexion is rather dark, excepting our nose, which, though it is not a *turn up*, is slightly *reddish*. Our hair is what ladies (who have hair of the same color) term auburn, but which many people call red. Our moustache is stunning, and whenever we stand on the corner of Canal and Royal streets—which we do sometimes, despite the comments of a contemporary—is admired by all the young ladies who daily visit that locality in order to show off their fair faces, graceful forms and new dresses. Our clothing is always of the latest style and cut—our pants in particular—we have them sewed on, for fear that otherwise they would not be *comme il faut*, and our shirts we buy at Moody's, nine for six dollars. Our *royal* feet are on all occasions encased in a pair of No. 13 cow hide boots. And if after this description we are again taken for any one else, be the party Brown, Smith or Jones, we shall call them (the boots) into requisition and make stern efforts to impress upon the mind (or body) of the offending party the error of his ways.

The weekly Grand Ecore packet Frolic, Capt. Haeberle, leaves for Grand Ecore to-morrow at 5 o'clock P. M. She will be found receiving this morning.

The Natchez packet Wild Wagoner, Capt. Goddin, will be ready to receive this morning. She leaves to morrow at 5 P. M. as usual.

The steamer Tahlequah is receiving for Bayou Bartholomew. By reference to her advertisement it will be seen that in future she will leave this port every alternate Wednesday at 5 P. M., commencing to-morrow, March 3.

The Evening Star leaves this evening for Jefferson and Shreveport, and will take freight for Hurricane and Carolina Bluffs, without privilege of reshipping.

The Cornelia, Capt. Baker, leaves for St. Louis to-morrow at 5 P. M. Mr. J. W. Yeats is her clerk.

Captain J. W. Blanks will, immediately upon the arrival of the fine steamer Mayflower, assume command of her, and place her in the trade between this city and Camden as a regular weekly packet, leaving here every Saturday at 5 P. M., commencing Saturday, March 6th.

The lightning alternate Tuesday packet Lizzie Hopkins leaves positively at 5 P. M. to-day, rain or shine for Jefferson and way landings.

The weekly Camden packet St. Marys leaves to-day at 5 P. M.

A sack of coffee lying on the wharf in front of the Evening Star was cut open from beneath the wharf and nearly one-third of its contents stolen.

The Henry Ames, Great Republic and Louisville left Memphis for this port on the 27th ult.

BY TELEGRAPH.

MEMPHIS, March 1, 1869.—To Sinnott & Adams: Will arrive at New Orleans Thursday, and leave on return trip Saturday. R. E. Neal, steamer Indiana.

MONROE, Feb. 28, 1869.—Leave here at 10 o'clock this evening; will arrive at New Orleans Tuesday morning, and leave Wednesday for Camden. Geo. W. Tobin, steamer Gov. Allen.

ST. MARYS—*Weekly Camden Packet.*—This favorite steamer leaves at 5 P. M. to-day for Camden and all way landings. Capt. Joe Carlton commands, and Mr. Dorsey has charge of her office.

NICK LONGWORTH.—This well known packet leaves for Louisville at 5 P. M. to-day under command of Capt. Lew. Kates.

ARRIVED SUNDAY, FEB. 28TH.

Rose Franks, Capt. Dalferes, from Lockport.
Commonwealth, Capt. Conley, from St. Louis.
Agnes, Capt. Rolf, from Barataria.
Westmoreland, Capt. Busk, from Cincinnati.
Robt. E. Lee, Capt. Cannon, from Vicksburg.
Nina Simmes, Capt. Greathouse, from Bayou Sara.
Ida, Capt. Bassett, from Lower Coast.
Dan Able, Capt.