J. K. JONES, President. A. B. WHITING, Vice Pres. and Gen. Mangr. E. H. BOWMAN, Secretary.

TELE. 447.

THE A. B. WHITING

Paint and Glass Co.

Wholesale and Retail.

(SUCCESSORS TO A. B. WHITING CO.)

ODD FELLOWS BUILDING, 521 AND 523 QUINCY ST.

We carry a complete line of Glass, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Ladders and Painters' Supplies.

Paints for Every Purpose.
In any Quantity.
House Paints.
Barn, Roof and Bridge Paints.
Carriage and Wagon Paints.
Enamel Paints.
Artists' Tube Paints.
Japan and Oil Colors.
And Everything in Paints.
Wall Finishes.

JOHN L. WHITING'S BRUSHES.

The STANDARD

And all other Manufacturers try to imitate.

PAINT your homes in the Latest Artistic Shades, with ACME Prepared Paints. For durability and beauty they are unsurpassed. Comparison solicited with any brand on the market.

STRICTLY PURE LEAD OIL

It is economy to **Paint** these hard times.
If you want to sell your house **Paint It.**
If you want to rent a house **Paint It.**
If you live in it be sure and **Paint It.**
Paint It and preserve it from decay.

TRY THE LITTLE GROMP 5¢ CIGAR MARKET MANUFACTURED BY H. L. TROMP, Topeka, Kas.

FRENCH TISSUE PAPER!
THE LARGEST LINE IN THE CITY.
ALL CHINA AND ART MATERIAL.
COMPLETE NEWS DEPARTMENT.
Washburn, Druggist,
533 KANSAS AVE.

An honest Confession.

Is we were asked the reason why "VIAVI" performs such wonderful cures, we would be honest, and say, "We don't know." Ask a scientist why an apple invariably falls downward, and he would say it was due to the law of

Gravitation.

That is about all he could tell you. It is no more natural for bodies to gravitate toward the center of the earth than it is for "VIAVI" to cure the diseases peculiar to women. It is not a drug, but a *food*, which nourishes and strengthens the affected parts, thereby enabling nature to throw off the disease. Our Health Book sent free.

KANSAS VIAVI CO., Topeka, Kas.

Time is worth everything. Delays are dangerous. No one can afford to run the risk of allowing a cough to develop into pneumonia, which is nearly always fatal. Cubeb Cough Cure is the only remedy that can be relied on to give quick relief and cure the cold.
Sold by Rowley Bros.

Cambridge, Mass., June 21, 1890. Norman Lichty M'f'g Co., Des Moines, Ia. Dear Sirs—Enclosed please find an order for $1, for which send me as many Krause's Headache Capsules as it will pay for. They are very good indeed, but can not get any in Boston. Yours very truly, ASA R. SHEPHERD, 123 Norfolk St.
Sold by all druggists.

Silver Statue.

Bill Nye and Wm. Hawley Smith At the Grand Opera House tonight.

HIS $9,000 FARM.

Gov. Lewelling Buys a Fine Property in Illinois.

A Fruit Farm in Jackson County Now His.

WILL HE LIVE THERE

In Case Political Fortune Turns Against Him?

Perhaps He Will Compete With Mrs. Lease in Fruit.

Governor Lewelling has on several occasions given his friends to understand in confidence, that he really does not care for a renomination to the governorship for the reason that he is a poor man and can't afford to hold the office.

It is understood by all who know anything about the calls upon the chief executive of a state that the meager salary of $3,000 will not make a governor rich, even if he does use the $10,000 contingent fund of his office for all legitimate purposes.

When Governor Lewelling was elected and when he came to Topeka, he did not give up his commission business at Wichita, and it must be that he had a successful season in the butter and egg business, although the hired hands have been "minding store."

The news comes from Jackson county, Illinois, that Governor Lewelling of Kansas, has purchased a fine fruit farm in that county, for which he paid $9,000 in cash.

Jackson county is one of the southern counties of Illinois, and the Mississippi river borders the county on the west. Southern Illinois is one of the best fruit sections in the country, and it must be that the governor has secured something good. The farm is convenient to the St. Louis market.

If the governor is not renominated, and if it should happen that he should fail in his aspiration to succeed John Martin in the United States senate, and if the commission business should not pay large enough dividends, he will now have a place to which he can retire and raise fruit instead of what Mrs. Lease suggested should be raised instead of corn.

The fact that Mrs. Lease is to go into the fruit business in California, may have induced the governor to secure a location nearer the home markets, where he will be able to undersell the California farm.

Kansas Mineral Waters.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—Statistics of mineral water for 1893 are given in a special report of the United States geological survey published by A. S. Peale. It shows that the list of waters used commercially during the year is the largest on record. The production and valuation for the year by Kansas was $49,000.

HIS EXCUSE.

Jerry Simpson Tells Why He is a Populist.

His Conclusion Has No Relation to Premise.

A UNIQUE CHARACTER.

Mr. Wilson a Small Man With a Big Voice.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—[Special.]—There are certain factions or cutoff subdivisions in this house of representatives whose condition is calculated to excite mirth in one not too deeply interested. Among them are the pro-silver Republicans, the anti-silver or so-called "Wall street Democrats," the mildly protectionist Democrats, the seven Republicans from the south, and, lastly, the Populists, the latter again subdivided into those who are Populists from the ground up and those who are really Democrats with a thin Populistic veneering. Of course the radical Populists look forward to holding the balance of power in the next house and expect to choose the speaker, and it is already talked in the capitol that if they do Jerry Simpson is to be that speaker. If he is, there will be fun.

Everybody knows by this time that Jerry Simpson is a Populist, a greenbacker, a flatist, a free trader, a single taxer and a good all around reformer. Everybody does not know, however, that outside of politics he is one of the most genial and companionable men in Washington and has had a wealth of experience on land and lake, in timber and prairie, in peace, war and politics, which in the hands of a skillful writer would make his biography more fascinating than a crime novel. Jerry says that "of all occupations which man can follow there is none so healthful as that of a sailor. He has all the advantages of regular hours, open air and the like, which farmers have, and has in addition complete exemption from dust, mud and stagnant heat. There is always a breeze, and life on the lake makes one a breezy, liberal fellow, who fears God, believes in justice and wants to do something for his fellow man; hence I am a Populist."

A Plain Case.

The unique character among northwestern Republicans is John L. Wilson, who is a little bigger than a bar of soap, but if you could hear him talk from behind a screen you might think he weighed a ton. He says: "On this silver question those eastern fellows are hurting themselves worse than they are us. They are unwise enough to think that hostility to silver only hurts the west, and that but for a short time. But as a matter of fact everything in our country that brings in actual cash belongs to the east. They own all the railroads, nearly all the mines, the stage companies and the steamboat companies, and it is dollars to pennies that in one way or another they own a very large proportion of the land and the sheep and cattle. Now, when they cut down our profits, and the volume of money, and the general returns on everything, what about their stock, and their bonds, and their dividends generally? Why, we shan't be able to pay any. It is a perfectly plain case. Tying down everything to this steadily shrinking gold basis means nothing more or less than a slow but long continued and merciless contraction of values.

"Well, who can make money on a falling market? I have tried it. We had in our bank $54,000 in good clean cash when the scare began and gold gilt edged paper enough to pay all demands and a good deal more, but what did it signify? The people thought our paper was of no account, and for immediate purposes it was not. We couldn't realize on it. They crowded in on us, withdrew their deposits, swept away our margins and shut us up. Now come along the Democrats and propose in addition to destroy some of our best industries, to take a whack at our timber, and our sheep, and our lead, and our coal, and hand over what little profit we have to those fellows just over the line in British Columbia. When they do it, we shall be flat on our backs, of course. But we shan't stay there. We'll get up and do something. We can stand it because we have the resources. But these eastern fellows will howl for their dividends and wish the thing was to do over again. You hear me!"

Twixt Two Evils.

With this statement the silver Republicans all agree. There is one point in common with all the factions above mentioned. They are all splendid talkers, and no one need be in doubt as to their opinions. On the other hand, the eastern Democrats take a rather lofty tone and affect to treat the western views on silver as a mere delusion. Mr. Coombs of Brooklyn says: "Of course we shall worry through and pass a good tariff bill, and prosperity will return. It is returning, in fact, and everything will be in splendid shape, and the Democrats will get another lease of power in 1896. They don't deserve it, you know, but they will get it just the same, because the people will take their choice between two evils. And they will see that with all their foolishness the Democrats are a little better than the Republicans."

Such eastern Republicans as General Grosvenor and Mr. Payne of New York take occasion to triumph rather maliciously over their Democratic neighbors and embrace every fair opportunity to make the point on these divisions on silver and tariff. But such men as Mr. Walker of Massachusetts deprecate this kind of talk and say, "We shall need all the help we can get to make a sound money system secure." With this view a great many Democrats of the south and west agree, but their opinions as to what sound money is differ very radically. In the present condition of what might be called suspended legislation, while the senate discusses the tariff and the house deals with measures of a not very exciting character, these opinions are of value as indicating what the final division will be.

An Unfounded Report.

The proposition that the president was to sign the Bland seigniorage bill on condition that the silver men pledge themselves to be content with that for the rest of this congress was no sooner made than it was vehemently denied. One side declared that the proposition emanated from the house banking and currency committee, and the other as vehemently declared that it came from the White House—a variance which shows plainly enough that neither side is willing to accept the responsibility of it. The silver men declare with something like indignation that no such bargain will bind them. The banking and currency committee declare with real indignation that they have made no proposition of that sort, and the friends of the president declare that such a thing has not been thought of. The only wonder, then, is how the story originated, as it is so unpopular that no one will own the authorship of it. We must refer it perhaps to the cause which the ancient philosophers assigned for the origin of the world—a fortuitous concourse of atoms.

DUTCH MILLIONAIRES.

Manager Frey Escorts Holland Bondholders Over the Santa Fe Route.

When the Chicago and Denver train on the Santa Fe pulled into the depot here at 11:30 o'clock today, the tops of the coaches were covered with snow and ice.

The most remarkable feature about this train, however, was that it carried with it, in General Manager Frey's special private car two Europeans who represent most of the money invested in the Santa Fe system.

These men were Mr. Adam Roelvink and Mr. J. C. Loman both of Amsterdam, Holland, and representing the Holland bondholders. These men came to America to make a personal inspection of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad in which they have invested many millions of dollars.

Since the road has gone into the hands of a receiver appointed by the United States court, the Hollanders are not receiving any interest on their investment and they have now sent these two gentlemen over here to make an inspection of the property and enquire into the management of affairs which has shut off their revenue.

Messrs. Roelvink and Lowman arrived in New York a few days ago and were met in Chicago yesterday by General Manager J. J. Frey who is now escorting them over the entire Santa Fe system. They are now on their way to Denver where they will arrive tomorrow morning.

From Denver they will go to El Paso and from there the trip is not definitely planned, but they will probably go through to Los Angeles, California.

LAWLESSNESS IN IOWA.

Executives in Iowa Towns Won't Obey the New Liquor Law.

SIOUX CITY, Iowa, March 29.—Mayor Fletcher, who is at the head of the police department by virtue of his office, has said that the city administration here will not undertake to enforce the new liquor law known as the Martin law.

The eighty saloons of the city will continue to run as of old, and the keepers will be fined $50 each month in police court for disturbing the peace.

In this decision he is sustained by practically the entire council and nearly all the citizens, who declare the new law is impracticable and distasteful.

Dispatches received here from Estherville, Fort Dodge, Lemars, Creston, Council Bluffs and several other towns in western Iowa, are to the effect that the new law does not answer the purpose, and that the old fine system of regulating saloons will be continued.

SHEEP MAKE TROUBLE.

Curious Effect of Their Being Driven Into Colorado.

DENVER, Colo., March 29.—M. M. Colby of Delta county has had another conference with the governor regarding the threatened invasion of Utah sheep. He says 140,000 are being driven toward the state line and the devastating army had reached a point yesterday 40 miles west of the Colorado line.

The Mormon church owns 70,000 of the entire herd. Mr. Colby claims that if the sheep are allowed to enter the state at this season they will trample down the soft ground so that the spring rains will run off in a torrent instead of supplying the small streams for several months.

It is feared there will be a battle between the cattlemen and sheep owners, if the latter attempt to cross the line.

FIRST GLEAM OF LIGHT.

Southern Women Begin the Movement for the Right to Vote.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 29.—About twenty of the leading women of this city, interested in church and benevolent work have organized a woman's suffrage association. Mrs. McLendon, a member of an aristocratic family was elected president. Their idea is to push the question of woman suffrage so as to have a good report to make to the National association, which meets here next year.

Within a month, there will be a woman suffrage association organized in every city in the state.

The preachers of this city have taken a decided stand against the movement, which only challenges the opposition of the women.

NO EARLY STRAWBERRIES.

Will be Raised in Tennessee, Kentucky and North Carolina.

ST. LOUIS MO., March 29.—A telegram to commission houses in this city from Tennessee, Kentucky and North Carolina says the strawberry crop in those states will be a failure.

Throughout southern Illinois, Kentucky, Missouri, Oklahoma, Tennessee, Arkansas, Texas, in fact throughout the whole southwest, where more or less snow has fallen the early fruits and even grain have been seriously injured by the severe cold.

GEN. MILES GOES WEST.

The Noted Army Officer Passes Through Topeka Bound for California.

This morning's Denver and Chicago Santa Fe train going west, carried a distinguished party enroute to California. This party consisted of General Nelson A. Miles, the Indian fighting general of the United States army, with his family who are now taking a pleasure trip.

They are traveling in one of the finest special cars on wheels, which is the property of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railway company. General Miles and party were at dinner when they passed through Topeka.

In Receivers Hands.

Clerk Sharitt of the federal court received word today that the Ft. Scott Water Supply company, whose bonds are owned by the same corporation controlling those of Topeka and other western towns, had passed, like the Topeka Water Supply company, into the hands of a receiver. Elias Summerfield is named as the receiver.

Rheumatism racks the system like a thumb-screw. It retreats before the power of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which purifies the blood.

NEWS OF KANSAS.

Peculiar Conduct of Union Pacific at Leavenworth.

Santa Fe Asked to Operate the Southwestern.

OTHER STATE NEWS.

Murder of Chapman at Pittsburg Still a Mystery.

LEAVENWORTH, March 29.—Shortly after abandoning the Leavenworth, Topeka & Southwestern railroad, the Union Pacific officials at this place notified the Santa Fe that it would switch no more cars for that road on Choctaw street, which virtually shut them off from the manufacturing portion of the city. After waiting a few days, the Santa Fe, which has the same rights as the Union Pacific to the Choctaw street tracks, put on an engine and switching crew. This seemed too much for the Union Pacific, and it decided to withdraw from Choctaw street and all connections with the abandoned road. This it did last night in a stealthy manner without notifying manufacturers or merchants, and, so far as can be learned, it took all Union Pacific cars on the sidetracks and streets quietly away to Kansas City. Some of the cars were partially loaded with merchandise and coal, and the affair is vigorously denounced by citizens.

The taking of the cars nearly caused the shutting off of the electric light plant, and there is some talk of having arrests made over it. The Union Pacific has the only switching facilities to one of the coal mines, and its decision to handle no more cars for the Santa Fe will practically shut the company off from all city trade with the manufacturers.

A meeting made up of citizens from all along the line of the Leavenworth, Topeka and Southwestern railway and this place was held in the council chamber to take action over the abandonment of the road.

A committee was appointed to confer with the Santa Fe with a view of having it operate the road. In case the Santa Fe refused to do so it was decided to have the townships along the road to ask as stockholders, for a separate receiver to be appointed, so that the road could be sold to the Rock Island or Burlington.

CONSOLIDATED WITH TOPEKA.

This City to Have One of Only Two Keeley Institutes in the State.

LEAVENWORTH, March 29.—An important change has been brought about in the affairs of the Kansas Keeley company by Dr. C. R. Carpenter severing his connection with the Keeley work. The Keeley company has therefore decided to discontinue the Leavenworth institute, the business of which is to be consolidated with the Keeley institutes of Topeka and Kansas City, Kans.

Since the first introduction of Dr. Keeley's treatment into Kansas by the opening of the Keeley institute of Leavenworth, nearly three years ago, nearly 1,000 men and women slaves to alcoholic drink or opiates have found relief.

Of this work about one-third has been accomplished by the Leavenworth Keeley institute, and Dr. Carpenter lays down the Keeley work with the satisfaction of knowing that nearly 600 former sufferers from the curse of drink bless him and the Keeley cure.

Mr. C. W. Wadsworth, secretary of the Kansas Keeley company, has been in this city the last two days arranging for the transfer of the effects and business to Kansas City and Topeka where the only two remaining Keeley institutes of Kansas are enjoying a good attendance and accomplishing much good.

PROHIBITION AT WICHITA.

An Organization Formed to Take Part in the Election.

WICHITA, March 29.—The Christian Temperance Alliance has been organized here composed of Prohibitionists. The following pledge is its declaration of principles:

"I do solemnly pledge myself to be one of the 500 or more who will not, within the next three years, after April 4, 1894, vote for any candidate, state, county, district or city, who will not publicly pledge himself to the support of every law on the statute books especially those relating to the liquor traffic. Should there be more than one candidate who will so pledge himself, I will vote for the one whom I believe to be most sincere and earnest."

Rev. Mr. Shaw addressed the meeting where the organization was formed. Speaking of the condition of things in Ohio, he said that the mouths of most of the ministers there were padlocked. This slam at their brethren in Ohio seemed to please the Kansas ministers immensely, for they cheered lustily. But the Rev. Shaw had talked to them pretty straight during his recent visit there. "I threw it out in square chunks. I didn't give them smoothly rounded sentences, and it knocked the bark off too." [Applause.] While he was a pastor in Florence, Kansas, he spoke bodly against the liquor traffic and prosecuted the saloon keepers. They sought vengeance by attempting to burn his home, setting fire to six tons of hay near it—"But God turned the wind and saved my home and wife and children."

RAILROAD OFFICE ABOLISHED.

General Roadmaster's Position Discontinued By M., K. & T.

PARSONS, March 29.—The office of general roadmaster on the M., K. & T. will be abolished on April 1, and with the abolition of this office General Roadmaster Rockwell, who has filled the position with much credit, will be given the position of division roadmaster and the inspector of the Hannibal division.

The duties of the general roadmaster will hereafter be performed by the general division superintendents together with their other duties.

WOMAN'S CLUB AT KINGMAN.

Suffragists Prepare For the Campaign in Southwest Kansas.

KINGMAN, March 29.—A woman's campaign club has been formed here, with Mrs. L. M. Parsons, president, and M. C. Gillette secretary. The mayor has given the use of the council chamber for the meetings. Much work is already planned. Seven lectures will be given this month by Mrs. Nelson.

An American flag is being made with the two suffrage stars on it, and this will be dedicated at a public meeting held a few days later. The club presented the mayor with the names of two women in each of the four wards, asking him to appoint them to the election board, and this has been done.

Kingman now has one woman on its school board, and it is expected that one or two will be added at the coming election.

KILLED HIMSELF FOR SPITE.

A Nortonville Boy is Whipped and Straightway Commits Suicide.

NORTONVILLE, March 29.—Freddie Derringer, the 12-year-old son of John Derringer, of this place, committed suicide this afternoon by hanging himself. He had been cutting up in the house and his father gave him a couple of lashes with a whip.

The boy at this ran up stairs and no one followed. Two hours afterward his folks went up and found him hanging to a rafter. Coroner Cupp, of Atchison, has been telegraphed to hold an inquest.

PIERCED WITH A PITCHFORK.

A Farmer Living Near Hartford Falls Off a Wagon Onto a Fork.

EMPORIA, March 29.—Word has been received here from Hartford, in the southern part of the county, of the death of David McCarthy, a wealthy farmer, yesterday afternoon, caused by a peculiarly horrible accident.

While on a load of hay the load slipped and with it McCartey, who in his descent struck the handle of a pitchfork, which entered his abdomen, tearing out his intestines and causing a terribly agonizing death.

ONLY A BIG SHED.

The Wichita Auditorium Is to Cost But $5,000.

WICHITA, March 29.—The auditorium committee met at the city building last evening and proceeded to locate the site for the auditorium.

C. W. Bitting called the meeting to order and the secretary reported that of the $5,000 subscribed toward the building, $2,670 had been collected, leaving $2,300 still due the committee.

A piece of property 225x140, southwest corner of First and Fourth, was selected as the proper place for the big building.

K. U. Law School Appointments.

LAWRENCE, Kan., March 29.—The commencement appointments at the school of law of the State University were made by the faculty tonight. The orators are James A. Orr of Clay Center, Wm. E. Higgins of Topeka, J. M. Challis of Atchison and Thos. G. Bennett of Lawrence. Mrs. Phillips of Hutchinson, R. E. Campbell and Rufus Melvil of Lawrence will each prepare a thesis, and Messrs. W. H. Y. Sprowl and L. A. Parks will debate.

Prof. Stolz to Move.

SALINA, March 29.—Dr. Stolz, of the Kansas Wesleyan university, has decided to move to Ellsworth. Dr. Stolz has not severed his connection with the university, but believes that he can make his work as dean of the financial department more effective by living further west, as Ellsworth is nearer to the territory in which he travels in the interest of the Wesleyan.

Didn't Murder Chapman.

PITTSBURG, March 29.—For the past few days a young man named Elmer Downing has been on trial before Squire Wade, charged with complicity in the murder of William Chapman. Strong circumstantial evidence was against him. The case was sifted to the bottom, and the young man clearly demonstrated his innocence of every charge. Justice Wade promptly discharged the accused.

Runaway Boy Captured.

ATCHISON, March 29.—George Yocum, of Kansas City, came to Atchison last evening in search of a runaway son. He walked into the depot and found the lad sitting in the waiting room. He was only 14 years old and ran away from home Saturday because his father whipped him. He did in Kansas City until yesterday, when he came to this city by stealing a ride on a freight train. He was on his way to Omaha.

He Was Not Drowned.

ATCHISON, Kansas, March 29.—John Shearger, the Atchison tailor who disappeared September 21, 1893, and who was supposed to have been drowned in the Missouri river, returned to Atchison this evening. He refuses to say where he has been or to account for his disappearance, but says he will make a full statement to his lodge. His family believed him dead.

Reform School for Girls.

HUTCHINSON, March 29.—Under Sheriff Metz left yesterday for Topeka with George Cobentz, an adopted son of Mr. Cobentz, a farmer living out a few miles in the country. He was tried before Judge Foulton, and it was developed that the boy was taken at times with fits of a very vicious character.

Tom Johnson's New Steel Mill.

CLEVELAND, March 29.—A. J. Moxham, the president of the big steel company at Johnstown, Pa., and Hon. Tom L. Johnson, one of the heaviest stockholders, are in Cleveland, seeking a site for a new steel mill to cost about $2,000,000. The plant will probably be located within ten or fifteen miles of this city.

All Tramps Must Be Vaccinated.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., March 29.—The order recently issued by the state board of health requiring all tramps entering this state to be vaccinated went into effect today. Dr. Miller, health officer here, this morning operated on thirty "tourists" at the police station, and hereafter every tramp coming here will be subject to his care for treatment.

Foundry Interests Depressed.

CLEVELAND, O., March 29.—The Iron Trade Review this week says: The foundry interest continues depressed and less than half the melting capacity of the country is active today. There is a belief, however, that foundry work is increasing, even though very gradually.

Maybe This Is So.

ANDERSON, Ind., March 29.—The 400 employees of the Lippincott Chimney factory at Alexandria, have gone on a strike because the company would not furnish employment to an 18-year-old boy, who threw up his job last week.

For Over Fifty Years

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for teething. It soothes, softens the gums, allays pain, cures colic. Best remedy for diarrhœa. 25 cents a bottle.

Silver Statue.