

HE ATTACKS INGALLS.

Col. John M. Brown Talks to Colored Men.

HE CENSURES THE EX-SENATOR

For His Deportation Scheme—Wants Him Withdrawn From the Campaign.

Col. John M. Brown served notice on the Republican state central committee last night at the meeting of the Third ward Republicans at the court house. He is going to demand that Ingalls be taken out of the field or be made to apologize for something he has written about the colored people.

He said: "The colored voters have for thirty years belonged to the Republican party and money has been paid because they are dividing up. The question with the colored voter is, which party will give him nearest the American citizenship."

In speaking of Ingalls Col. Brown said: "A few years ago he wrote a letter to the Globe Democrat in which he said that the colored people of this country should be deported. Mind you he made no qualification—he simply said we should be deported. This same man said in his speech at Fredonia that he had come into the Third district as a Republican candidate, was the same kind of a Republican that he was. Now we don't want that kind of Republicans."

"We have in Kansas 20,000 colored voters and the Republican state ticket will be defeated if it does not get our votes. In this district we have 4,000 votes and Charley Curtis can not go back to congress unless he gets our votes. Now I am ready to say to the state central committee that unless you take Ingalls out of the field or have him apologize to the colored people of Kansas for his statement about them it will be fight to the death. If the Republicans want our votes let them treat us as men—we will not be insulted and unless Ingalls gets down off his high horse we will knock him down."

James H. Guy one of the other speakers said that the colored people needed most was money and they would never get that until they founded establishments which would give employment to their own race. He said: "Fred Douglass, Lynch, Bruce and all those men to whom we point with pride have been failures because they have helped themselves but have not helped others."

A. A. Kuykendall, Judge Jamison and Dennis Hope also spoke.

SLOAT'S ACCEPTANCE.

It is a Manifesto, Fixing His Views Before the People.

In a rather lengthy letter to the Populist central committee, Mr. Sloat today accepts the nomination offered him as the Populist candidate for representative from the Thirty-sixth district.

It has taken Mr. Sloat a long time to make up his mind, and aside from the explanation he gives in the letter, he says that he has accepted a position as the traveling representative of a glove manufacturing company of New York, and that the delay was partly occasioned by his effort to find out if his acceptance and his campaign duties would in any way conflict with his duties as a traveling salesman. His headquarters will be in Topeka, and he will travel in the state.

In his letter he says: "I must be either above or beneath the ordinary feelings of men did I not value the flattering kindness of your convention, in tendering me, unasked, a unanimous nomination as its candidate for representative in the legislature, and I shall be sorry to have it thought that my hesitation and delay in accepting have been due to the affectation and indifference I did not feel, or to any doubt on my part as to the principles of the People's party. My hesitation has been solely to the inconvenient circumstance that I am not rich, but am obliged to get my living by working for wages."

The pay of a representative, if he be honest and true, to the people, cannot exceed \$150.00, and the wage-worker in the legislature who dares to be true to wage-workers, may not hope to be a favorite with corporations as employers, after his legislative days have passed, but is altogether likely to find himself blacklisted henceforth. Hence, it was necessary that I should think, and think very seriously, before taking this step, which contractors and employers would go to the legislature, I am determined to take no wages not paid by the state, and I am equally determined to be true to the people who work, or who starve when denied the chance to work. I do not think such an undertaking can prove very profitable to me, for I have carefully thought it over, but under the circumstances I would be a cowardly traitor to my people were I to refuse because of possible consequences to myself, and I have decided to accept, let the consequences be what they may.

As to what respect workers in the legislature should do, I have some very decided notions, but I am not a philosophical bigot, and shall be glad to receive, at any time, any suggestions workmen may choose to offer.

An end should be put to the system of letting contracts for public work, by which contractors are enabled to live and grow rich from the unpaid labor of other men.

The state, the counties and the cities should be their own contractors, paying decent wages to those who do the work, in inaugurating the eight-hour day, and employing competent men to do the public works. The state capitol should be finished on this plan, and should not be finished until this plan is adopted, as should the Populists have a majority in the house, it doubtless will be.

Speaking of the capitol, every business man and property owner in Topeka is deeply interested in the completion of that building, the appropriation for which, if expended under the direct employment plan, would put thousands of dollars into circulation in this city; and every business man and property owner knows that the senate being Populist, and its feeling in the matter prevailing, the appropriation to finish the capitol is much more likely to get through if urged by a Populist member elected by the voters of this city, and urging it as a measure certain to give employment to local labor. He must be a blind partisan indeed who can not see that no more profitable step could be taken by this city than the election of a Populist to the legislature. No matter what may be the result of the election this fall the senate will be Populist still.

The necessity of a fair system of ar-

bitration of labor disputes is conceded by all. It should, however, be a system consistent with the liberty of workingmen; and the People's party is not only the one which because of its sympathies can be trusted to devise a system fair to laborers, but is the only party which unequivocally declares for it in its platform; and it declared for it before the present great strike made other people first begin to think.

The people should not be at the mercy and the folly or the cupidity of their lawmakers, but should decide for themselves whether laws shall be enacted; a result which can be brought about and the politician and the lobbyist be retired from public affairs by the adoption of the initiative and referendum which the People's party advocates in its platform and its press without any change in its constitution, this could be adopted at once in cities, and an end be thus put to the granting of valuable franchises by city councils, and to all opportunities for municipal corruption, and it should be adopted next winter.

The People's party alone unequivocally advocates the initiative and referendum, and the operation of railroads and telegraphs, and the public ownership of all public utilities; and only by voting with that party can anyone hope to see this plan, so beneficial to the people, adopted. I need not say that I am in hearty sympathy with this demand.

No workingman ever fears injustice at the hands of a Populist governor, or a Populist judge. During the present strike of railroad men, from Populists, and from Populists alone, have come outspoken resolutions championing the cause of the strikers. Only under Populist administration have strikers been able to feel secure that government sympathized with workingmen in their struggles and that the power of the state would not be used in the interest of greed to crush defenseless labor. Who that reads this utterance by Mr. Overmyer can doubt as to the sympathies of the party he represents? "Populism has now reached the stage where it simply Coxeyism, and Coxeyism is incipient revolution superinduced by organized vagabondage and militant socialism."

Recent complaint of the Daily Capital that the People's party had stood by the strikers during the late days that tried men's souls, the Capital being the organ of the Kansas Republicans, the utterances of Mrs. J. Ellen Foster at the Republican state convention, denouncing labor organizations, and the speech of ex-Senator Ingalls at Fredonia, the other day, bitterly denouncing the refusal of working men to submit peacefully to be made slaves, all show quite clearly the friendship of the Republican party for arrogant wealth as against struggling labor.

Whatever may have been the politics of workingmen heretofore, how can any of them hereafter vote with any but the People's party without voting, with their eyes wide open, for their own enslavement? Remember that it was in the midst of the present strike that a Populist convention nominated by acclamation for the legislature a man who, by the kindness of his fellows, represented that strike in this community. This spoke louder than any written platform; and this has led me to accept a position which to one in my situation is not a position to be coveted.

Should I be elected, I shall carry into the legislature the feelings and yearnings of the wage-workers; and I shall labor for the interests of those who work for wages in the cities, or who give chattel mortgages in order to enjoy the privilege of working for less than nothing on farms.

Corporations are always represented by their hired men in the legislature, and I shall not deem it my business to see that special privileges are granted to them at the expense of the working men. No man can be injured by justice to the common people, unless he thrives upon injustice to them.

With these explanations, and through your thanking the convention for its flattering kindness to me and to those for whom I stand, I am, gentlemen, at your service as your candidate for representative of the Thirty-sixth (36th) representative district.

R. J. SLOAT.

ANNIE DIGGS CONFIDENT.

Says the Republican Voters Will Not Go Back on Suffrage.

Mrs. Annie Diggs returned yesterday from the southern part of the state and stopped in Topeka, where she had been going out to talk to Populists elsewhere.

Little Mrs. Diggs is as happy as a lark. She says that the suffrage cause is prospering. "I found one thing, and that is that the sentiment among the Republicans who were going to vote against the amendment because it was endorsed by the Populists is changing, and we will lose very few votes on that account. The Populist speakers are speaking for suffrage in the campaign, and I am satisfied that the women will be enfranchised this fall."

DROWNED IN A POND.

Trenney Baker Loses His Life in L. G. Garlinghouse's Fishpond.

Trenney Baker, son of David Baker, a farmer living three miles northeast of Paigine, was drowned in a fishpond on the farm of L. G. Garlinghouse, two miles south of Highland Park, last evening.

The water in the pond is twenty-five feet in depth in some places. A party of boys including young Baker were in bathing and the boy was probably taken with cramps while in the deep water.

He was 14 years old and one of a large family of children. The funeral was held at 3 o'clock this afternoon.

DEATH OF MRS. VAIL.

The Widow of the Late Bishop Vail Passes Away.

Mrs. Ellen Bowman Vail, widow of Bishop Vail, died last evening.

Mrs. Vail was well known for her charitable work, having for many years been a contributor to the support of Christ hospital, of which she and her husband were the founders.

Fifteen years ago she was stricken with a sickness which left her blind, but her work to aid the poor only ceased with her death. Mrs. Vail was a daughter of the late Samuel Bowman, bishop of Pennsylvania.

The funeral will be held on Sunday, at 6 p. m., at Grace cathedral.

Come out and see those cold storage rooms at the Mosser ice mfg. plant.

Prescott & Co. will remove to No. 118 West Eighth this month.

INNOCENCE SO SWEET

Reigns in the Consciousness of the Police Board.

THEY KNOW NOTHING WRONG

Concerning the Method of Chief Lindsey and Captain Gish—Have a Child-like Confidence in Their Appointees.

A JOURNAL reporter called on Police Commissioner A. B. Whiting last evening and asked him what he thought of the proceedings to oust Chief of Police H. C. Lindsey and Captain Pete Gish. "I don't know anything about it," replied Mr. Whiting.

The reporter then handed him a copy of the JOURNAL and he carefully read every line of the article which included the affidavit of a club man, who told how he had given money to Lindsey and Gish.

"If that is true," said Commissioner Whiting with emphasis, "I want them to run it down. I surely would countenance nothing of that kind. If this is only a political trick, however, and is done only for effect it is an outrage. When we elected Lindsey there was some talk against him, but it was nothing more than street talk, and I will say that I have kept my eyes open. I have been on the lookout and have failed to find that the chief has ever done anything wrong. So it is natural that I should not credit this story, but I am open to conviction. I would not wonder if better than the affidavit of a club man, a violator of the law, before I would believe such stories."

"Did not the police collect money from the low women in the city?" "No; they did not. It is a serious question whether it is best to drag these women up before the police court and show them to the crowd which attend the court, and the board discussed the question."

"We decided that such women were getting altogether too numerous and that they should be arrested. Captain Gish protested that they did not have money to pay their fines, but we ordered their arrest and Captain Gish gave them receipts for the amount they deposited for their appearance in police court. This is allowed to other people and we could not make a distinction. I made inquiries in many cases and in every case I found that the names had been registered on the book at the city prison. We did not order these women to be fined monthly."

Yount interviewed. Police Commissioner Yount said: "The statement that I am implicated in any way in the charges against Chief Lindsey and Captain Gish is false. No affidavit to that effect has been drawn up and filed with the county attorney. I was chairman of the finance committee of the Populist league which attended to the arrangements for the state convention and I asked the stores, hotels, banks and individuals to contribute to the expenses of the state convention; and at the end of my connection with the collection of money for any purpose whatever."

"I was very much surprised at the proceedings commenced by the county attorney and so far as my information goes there is no good evidence of any wrong doing on the part of either of the officers. If these charges are true the men ought to suffer the penalty and the court will not have to remove them either. I will use my vote to that end, if I lose my official head in four minutes."

"I hope, however, that the court will fix an earlier day for the hearing. There is no need of having Sheriff Burge brought to him. The officers claim to know it."

Chief Lindsey is in Kansas City today and could not be seen. County Attorney Safford is in his private office today taking the depositions of several men being charged with bringing to him. The officers claim to have one witness who saw McWilliams give Gish ten dollars. This witness, who is a German, says, "I don't want to testify, but Gish he mus'nd lie apoud it, or by chimney I vill."

Spring lamb, also the best quality of fresh meats in the market at reduced prices. Goodman Bros., 841 North E. av.

Monarch gasoline stoves at Henry's. Go to Henry's for roofing and spouting. A full leather extension top surrey for \$100, at Lukens Bros., North Topeka.

"Our New Delight" and all Dangler stoves at H. M. Climes. For bargains in shingles see E. P. Ewart, Gordon and Kansas avenue.

Go to Will Griffith's for the best tin, galvanized iron and pump work. We have our first shipment of fine large, and direct from Michigan today. Goodman Bros., 841 Kansas ave.

CUT ONLY HIS CHEEK. M. Clemenceau Gives Paul Deschanel but a Slight Wound. Paris, July 27.—A duel with swords was fought between M. Paul Deschanel and M. Clemenceau today. M. Deschanel was wounded in the cheek.

The duel was on account of an article published in La Justice, Clemenceau's paper, which M. Deschanel claimed was an insulting reply to a speech made by him in the chamber of deputies during the discussion of the government's anti-anarchist bill.

BLUE GLASS MAN DEAD. General Plessanont, Originator of the Novel Theory, Passes Away. PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—General Augustus J. Plessanont died here this afternoon after a lingering illness, of pneumonia.

General Plessanont was the originator of the theory that the sun's rays, when passed through blue glass, were particularly stimulating not only to vegetation but to the health and growth of animals.

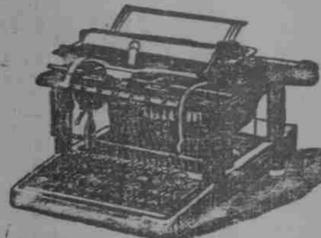
One Horse Sent Up. Troy, N. Y., July 27.—John McGough, convicted of assault in the first degree in shooting William Ross at an election poll in this city on March 6, was today sentenced to the Clinton prison for nineteen years and six months.

Hung for Killing an Officer. ST. LOUIS, 17.—At Clayton, Mo., at 8:30 p. m., Harrison Duncan was hanged for the murder of Police Officer James Brady, whom Harrison murdered in a "crap shooting" den, October 6, 1890.

D. L. Morse, an old settler of Topeka, is dangerously ill at his home in Oakland.

A. M. SNYDER & CO., 630 Kansas ave.

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J. F. MYERS. LOCAL DEALER. TOPEKA.

NORTH TOPEKA.

Items of Interest from the North Side of the River.

Miss Bessie Work of Beloit is the guest of Miss Bertha Rowley. Miss Grace Root is entertaining Miss Mayme Graves of Atchison.

Mrs. J. E. Crockett has returned from a visit to her father at Junction City. Major J. J. Miller returned today from a business tour through eastern Kansas.

Dr. Tibbals of Colorado, is one of the recent additions to the population of the North side.

Henry Sanders who has been seriously ill for some months past is reported as well on the road to recovery.

The Populists are holding a big picnic at Rossville today, and tomorrow they will assemble at Cunningham's grove.

Mrs. Mary Wilson arrived today from Knoxville Ill., and will visit her son J. P. Wilson bookkeeper at A. J. Arnold & Son's.

Blue post G. A. R. will hold a meeting tonight for the purpose of electing officers to fill vacancies caused by resignations.

Miss Anna Erickson from the Pottawatomie Indian school is here spending a few days with her mother Mrs. Bettie Erickson.

Dr. S. N. Burgen was called to Council Grove today by a telegram announcing the dangerous illness of his sister-in-law, Mrs. Dr. Crawford.

Roll Nichols drove out into the country yesterday. He reports seeing one cornfield where the chinch-bugs had been destroying the crop very badly.

The owner of the crop had a neighbor who had been using Prof. Snow's chinch-bug exterminator very successfully, so he went over and got some of the dead and dying bugs and distributed them in his corn. The result was that yesterday, Mr. Nichols says, he was able to find but three live bugs, but there were bushels of dead ones. He says some farmers in the neighborhood have failed in the use of the exterminator, but thinks it is owing to the fact that they did not obtain the inoculated bugs in sufficient quantities.

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Advertisement for Abe J. August Undertaker, featuring a man in a suit and text: "Read and Consider! \$2 WORTH OF MERCHANDISE FOR \$1. Our Men's Fine Suits at \$7.50, \$10, \$12.50 and \$15, substantiate what we say. We show the largest variety of Negligee Shirts in the state. PRICES VERY LOW. ABE. J. AUGUST 622 KANSAS AVE. J. M. KNIGHT, ANTI-COMBINE UNDERTAKER, 404-406 KAS. AVE. And 843 Kas. Ave., NORTH TOPEKA. Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Queensware on easy payments. Phone 22. 12 and Walnut, Kansas City, Mo. Phone 256."

Local mentions and news items: "LOCAL MENTION. Receiver J. C. Wilson of the Santa Fe left today for a short visit to his family in Colorado Springs. Two of Mayor Harrison's children, John and May, started today for a four weeks' visit at Spirit Lake, in northern Iowa. The contract for the building of the Santa Fe hospital will be let on Saturday, August 4th. The plans are not quite completed. The state school fund commissioners have purchased another lot of Shawnee county court house bonds. This last purchase amounts to \$75,000 to draw 4 per cent. Mrs. Mary McAdam an old lady who lived at 1750 Fillmore street died last night of cancer and was buried in the Foster cemetery south of the city at 3 p. m. today. W. B. Jansen of the Santa Fe general manager's office, and W. H. Simpson, the head of the advertising department, accompanied by their wives, left today for Colorado to stay a short time. J. C. Packer says he never gave J. M. French a chattel mortgage on anything for rent, and that instead of there being five distinct suits the one case has been tried five times. He says he got a verdict twice and the jury disagreed three times. Battery B has spread its tents and raised its flag in the southeastern part of the state house grounds and the members are wearing their uniforms and drilling every evening and morning. A sunset gun was fired last night and the battery boys turned out this morning in time to salute the rising sun. The funeral of Mrs. John Walthire took place at 12:30 o'clock today from her residence in the Hicks block, corner of Sixth and Tyler streets, Rev. R. L. Smith of the Christian church, officiating. The pall bearers were Messrs. Robert Maxwell, Chas. Menard, Wm. Sattler, James Garvin, J. M. Padgett and J. H. Wetherell. The interment will be at Delavan, Ills., her former home. Building and Loan. BUFFALO, N. Y., July 27.—The national league of building and loan association has elected officers for the ensuing year: president, D. Eldridge, Boston; first vice president, Julius Stern, Chicago; treasurer, E. B. Tinsley, Three Rivers, Mich.; secretary, John Hourigan, Albany. Buy your drugs at 612 Kan. ave. Band concert tonight at Garfield park."