IN SWEDEN LAND

Will the Venezuela Controversy Be Settled.

Treaty Made Between Great Britain and U. S.

GREATCENTURYEVENT

A Big Step Toward Universal Peace of Nations,

But Involves Guardianship of South American Countries,

Which May One Day Involve Us in Trouble.

Washington, Nov. 11.—The king of Sweden and Norway, Oscar II., has been chosen by treaty between the United States and Great Britain as the fifth official arbitrator of the Venezuelan boundary question. The other arbitrators, four in number, are to be designated, two by the lord chief justice of England and two by the chief justice of the United States.

This is the final and most important feature of the treaty for the complete adjustment of the long pending Venezuela controversy. The treaty was concluded in Washington last night at the British embassy, Sir Julian Pauncefote representing her Britannic majesty and Secretary Olney the United States.

As a king seldom leaves his country except on state visits to other sovereigns, it is not expected that King Oscar II. will go outside of Sweden for the arbitrators, and the court is likely to sit at Stockholm, the present capital of Sweden, where King Oscar's Swedish riksdag (parliament) are located.

The choice of King Oscar appears to have been a most fortunate one, as he is universally regarded as a man of great attainments, of judicial temperament and of eminent fairness. Among the monarchs of Europe, he is probably the most popular, as he goes freely among the people and is thoroughly Democratic in his ways. The feeling entertained for him is shown by the fact that the Scandinavian residents of the United States are at present raising a large sum with which to buy him a present on the declaration of his 65th birthday. He is known as the "Giant King," as he stands six feet three inches in height, towering above most men and a central figure in all assemblages.

LONDON PRESS COMMENT.

London Times Says America's Action Involves Much Responsibility.

London, Nov. 11.—The Times in an article commenting on the fact that Venezuela is not to be represented in the arbitration, says: This is a most farreaching concession and a signal diplomatic success for the United States and is interesting to the Americans much more keenly than any arrangement of Venezuelan territory. It secures to England the advantage of dealing with a responsible and friendly government, and the principle that the United States may not only intervene in the disputes with American republics, but may entirely supercede the original dispute and assume control of the negotiations.

It need scarcely be said that the right of interference involves responsibility. If the United States espouse the quarrels of petty republics, it is bound to compel the republics to fulfill their engagements. Such a general protectorate if executed in the equitable manner which the Washington cabinet may be expected to adopt, may go far to enforce the principles of national honor and honesty in quarters where now they are often very imperfectly observed.

The Times concludes its article saying: "It would be an invidious and ungracious task to attempt to weigh the advantages gained by either side. Both England and America may congratulate themselves and one another that out of such a threatening dispute have grown such a friendly and the seeds of a permanent arbitration court."

The Chronicle (Liberal) comments upon the agreement to arbitrate future disputes as the best thing for the peace of the world that has happened perhaps for a century. This paper also says: "If proper rejoicing were always directed to proper ends, every town in Great Britain and America would be decorated today in honor of this victory of international wisdom. This is the embodiment of the message of Bethlehem."

IS PITTS DISQUALIFIED.

A Question Raised About One of the Kansas Electors.

Some of the papers in southwestern Kansas are trying to figure out that Geo. T. Pitts, one of the electors on the Democratic and People's Party ticket, cannot serve on account of being disqualified under section 1 of article 2 of the constitution which provides "That no senator, or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States shall be appointed an elector."

It is said that Mr. Pitts is serving as the agent of the stockholders of some national bank that has failed and gone through a receivership and that his election has been approved by the comptroller of currency. This is claimed to be an office of profit and so brings him within the disqualification of the constitution.

Chairman Breidenthal when asked about the rumor today, said:

"I do not think there is anything in it. Pitts is an agent of the stockholders and is the same as a trustee under our state law. He is not a government officer; he is simply a man agreed on by the stockholders of the bank to look after their interests, after the depositors and other creditors are paid, and his election is simply approved by the comptroller before the assets of the bank are turned over to him by the receiver."

Ignorant Man With Dynamite.

Philadelphia, Nov. 11.—One man was killed and a half dozen slightly injured by the explosion of a sixteen pound can of dynamite at Germantown. The dead man was an Italian known as Tony Brown. Brown had built a fire in his shanty and it is supposed a spark ignited the dangerous explosive, which was to have been used in blasting for a sewer.

A World Street Railway Syndicate.

Cleveland, Nov. 11.—It is announced that the International Street Railway syndicate will operate in New York as well as London, Paris and other cities. Electricity has been decided upon as the power to use.

TO BRING JAPAN CLOSER.

Marshall Field and Other Millionaires Interested in a Pacific Steamship Line.

San Francisco, Nov. 11.—One of the great projected enterprises dependent in part on the election of McKinley is once more attracting attention here at San Diego and in Chicago, New York and Philadelphia. It is the heavily backed proposition of a number of American capitalists to establish on the Pacific a magnificent line with such railway arrangements in the United States and such connections with the new transsiberian line as will make it a vital and effective part of a great round-the-world system of communication. This new proposition which has long since passed the stage of preliminary discussion, bids fair to be in full operation before any Pacific port has welcomed the first of the much talked of Japanese lines.

The project had its inception in Chicago and among its most enthusiastic supporters are Marshall Field, the millionaire dry goods man and other Chicago millionaires. The New York end of the enterprise is being taken care of by E. C. Potter & Co. In Philadelphia the concern has the interest and support of Wm. Cramp & Sons, the ship builders. It is the intention of these capitalists to establish a new transpacific line superior to anything afloat. Their plan calls for the construction of a number of steamers of not less than 8,000 tons burden and of twenty knots speed which will make them eligible to the benefits of the United States mail subsidy of $4 per traveled mile. The distance from the California coast to Hong Kong is 7,000 miles, thus each steamer will be entitled to a bonus of $28,000 for a single trip. It is proposed to begin the enterprise with four twin screw steamers capable of carrying 2,500 tons of freight, 200 first class passengers and 1,200 steerage passengers.

As originally proposed the line was to run from San Diego to the ports of China and Japan, but since then an agent of the company has come to the coast and opened negotiations to make San Francisco the terminus on this coast.

RUSSELL SAGE PLEASED.

Predicts a Long Period of Prosperity for the People.

New York, Nov. 11.—Russell Sage, who was the original Wall street McKinley man, who was the first to predict his nomination and election by an unprecedented popular majority, and who is identified with a score of railroads and several banks and trust companies, "We are reaching is to be the effect of Major McKinley's election that we cannot yet appreciate the coming improvement. Great bodies move slowly but surely, and any great influence must of necessity take time to work. There must be a period of preparation, and everything cannot be done in a moment after all plans are made.

"Yet in the few days since election I have seen enough to know that we are entering upon a long period of prosperity. When I said that confidence was three-quarter parts of the foundation of business I mean that with if American people quadruple their business.

"Men of means and means are preparing to carry out great projects. The creation of new industries, opening up of new countries and the extension of present enterprises with all that these things imply in added wealth and increased employment for labor.

"The banks are arranging with their customers to provide them the means. The railroads are ready to spend money to better their tracks and rolling stock, replace wooden bridges with iron structures and in a hundred and one different ways furnish labor with the opportunity of employment.

"The mills must make more cloth, more shoes, more of all the necessities of life for the men who are making the money to spend. Our crops are good, our mines inexhaustible, and from these come wealth that buys eastern products and pays the railroads to transport them.

ROOSEVELT DISGUSTED.

Scandal in the Appointment of Members of Gotham Police Force.

New York, Nov. 11.—Policemen still pay to get on the New York police force. It has been discovered that some one on the inside has been making money by peddling in advance of the examinations lists containing the civil service questions, with correct answers inserted. Whether the guilty parties are connected with the department or with the printing establishment which has the contract for printing the civil service questions has not yet been determined. An investigation is now in progress.

President Roosevelt is very much disgusted with the scandal that has cropped out in the department.

"We have taken measures," he said this evening, "to make a repetition of this fraud impossible. We first became cognizant of the facts about two months ago and have had detectives employed on the case ever since.

"We have been able to trace the source of the fraud as being centered in from one to four people and we have had these people shadowed, and morally know that the scheme was worked among the number.

"Some months ago we found out that J. A. Steckler, who had been employed in the police department in the office of the civil service board, and who had been dismissed for offering to coach applicants, was conducting a school for people desirous of entering the service.

"A number of men who appeared before him were promised, for a certain sum, guarantee appointments on payment of $200 or $300, all or a large portion of the money to be paid only after the men were actually appointed."

ON AN ORDER FOR RAILS.

The Pueblo Works Will Employ Several Hundred More Men.

Pueblo, Col., Nov. 11.—The rail mill of the big steel plant of the Colorado Fuel & Iron company at Pueblo will be started up in a short time and will give employment to several hundred additional men. The cause of the revival is a big order for rails from the Santa Fe for use on one of its Texas lines. The order is large enough to keep the mill going full blast for several weeks. At present only about half the usual force is being employed at the Bessemer works and with the rail mill running the force will be only about three-quarters what it was six months ago.

"I want it distinctly understood," said General Manager Kebler yesterday, when asked concerning the matter, "that this resumption of work has nothing to do with election. Mr. McKinley's election and the wave of prosperity that is supposed to be rolling over the country as a result do not figure in this case. The order for rails was given before the election and the order to resume was also given out before that time. The rail mill will be kept running for about three weeks to fill this order and about 500 additional men will be employed for that length of time."

TAKEN FOR A MURDERER.

G. F. Curtis, Assistant Congressional Librarian, Badly Treated Abroad.

New York, Nov. 11.—George F. Curtis, assistant librarian of the United States congress, arrived on the St. Paul yesterday from a trip to Europe, which was adventurous and memorable. He was twice arrested because of his resemblance to a fugative murderer from Montevideo, for whom the police had been searching. The first arrest was made at Grindelwald. Mr. Curtis said yesterday:

"I was taken a prisoner to Interlaken, without a chance to send a message to the American minister at Berne. In spite of all my entreaties I was released at Interlaken, and the officials there offered to pay for my lost railway ticket and other expenses, but I refused. I then went to Geneva and there I was arrested again by policemen. I was again released without much difficulty. The Swiss government offered me an indemnity of 500 franks. That also I declined."

Not how cheap but how good is the way we try to do our work. Peerless Steam Laundry, 112 and 114 West 5th.

REASON TO BE PROUD.

"Say, neighbor; ain't your cow a good deal of a high stepper?"
"Well some. It's a countess that's a-milkin' her."

HIS ROOMS FULL.

Express Carts Loaded With Presents for McKinley

Drive Up to His Home in Canton Hourly.

MANY CURIOUS THINGS

From Bouquets to Live Eagles Sent to Him.

Gov.-Elect Pingree of Michigan Calls on Him.

Canton, O., Nov. 11.—Governor-elect Pingree, of Michigan, accompanied by Col. John Atkinson of Detroit, a Michigan elector, and representative-elect spent two hours with President-elect McKinley yesterday afternoon. They came to Canton evidently to talk over such affairs as were connected with the coming administration.

When asked if Michigan had any candidate for cabinet positions Colonel Atkinson winked one eye at the reporter and the other at McKinley and replied that Michigan had a great many people in her borders.

Another caller today was Wm. C. Beer of New York, manager of the National Surety company. The steady stream of visitors continued all day. Chief of the Chicago spokesmen of bunkers, Wm. M Hahn, remained for dinner before leaving for home last night. It is expected Major McKinley will leave with his wife for Cleveland on Friday if her health permits. She has not gained in strength as rapidly as was hoped.

Major McKinley appears in robust health. Every hour brings to the house remembrances from friends in all parts of the country. Flowers are banked up in beautiful clusters all over the house, chairs, canes, horseshoe souvenirs, medals and badges, roosters, eagles and all sorts of offerings arrive from the express man and give some rooms in the house an air of a museum of curiosity shops. These presents are, many of them, carried to Mrs. McKinley, who regards them with great interest, when able to see them. She spent most of the day on a couch in her bedroom under the care of her ever watchful husband makes a hundred trips a day across the hall to see to her comfort and welfare. No matter who the caller may be, nothing is allowed to prevent his or her presence at the side of Mrs. McKinley. He also finds time to call on his mother, nearly a mile away, every day and the charming old lady, 87 years old, makes frequent trips in her one-horse surrey to the historic home of her son.

Chauncey M. Depew's congratulations came in an autograph letter today, the closing sentence of which, as furnished by the Associated Press reads: "I feel that the country has greater cause for gratitude than at any time since Lincoln's second election, in both the results of this contest and the candidate with whom patriotism and sound money succeeded."

Ellis Agnus Broke the Bottle.

Baltimore, Nov. 11.—Torpedo boat No. 4, the second of the three being built at the Columbian Iron works for the United States navy, was launched yesterday. The vessel is an exact counterpart of No. 3, which was launched at the works October 1. The new craft was christened by Miss Elise Agnus, daughter of General Felix Agnus. In breaking the bottle of wine over the bow of the boat, Miss Agnus expressed the hope that its mission should be to bring peace in time of war and to prepare for war in time of peace.

If your hair is thinning and fading, use Ayer's Hair Vigor. It restores color and vitality.

Rich Red

Blood is absolutely essential to health. It is secured easily and naturally by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, but is impossible to get it from so-called "nerve tonics," and opiate compounds, absurdly advertised as "blood purifiers." They have temporary, sleeping effect, but do not CURE. To have pure

Blood

And good health, take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has first, last, and all the time, been advertised as just what it is—the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Its success in curing Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Nervous Prostration and That Tired Feeling, have made

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable reliable and beneficial. 25c.

STUDYING POLICE FINES.

A Committee of the City Council Investigating Irregularities.

The little flurry between the city council and the police department has not entirely blown over and the special committee to investigate the method of conducting the police department will report at the next meeting of the city council. The report will severely criticise the police department for the careless manner in which fines are assessed and remitted and security accepted and forfeited.

Councilman Skinner, who asked for the investigation, said at the time that there was something wrong, but he was not able to say where the trouble was. It appeared from an examination of police reports that there was a leak, but Mr. Skinner and his committee did not find good evidence of any crookedness, though they find sufficient ground for criticism.

The police report for June shows that $118 in fines were assessed during the month and but $2.45 collected. In July $418 were assessed and but $6 collected. These reports made Councilman Skinner study over them and he asked for an investigating committee. The mayor appointed Mr. Skinner chairman and named as his associates Councilmen Drew, Warner and Nettels.

A better committee could not have been named, and several sessions have been held and the police affairs subjected to a thorough airing. The result is the report which will be presented soon.

The committee's report shows a loose method of conducting business in our police department. They find that arrests are made and the cases docketed, and that the record ends there without showing how the case was disposed of. They also found that fines are remitted without it appearing upon whose authority; that offenders are fined and released on promise of future payment and no payment or only part payment made.

In criticising the police administration the committee will say that stricter adherence to sound business principles is required to run the department as it should be conducted. They say that it is not a good plan to assess fines and then exercise the pardoning power by remitting them. The committee thinks that when a prisoner is fined he should be held to the letter of his sentence with strict rigor.

The committee will recommend a change in the method in which fines are worked out: that a yard of stone broken shall give a prisoner credit for $1 and in that way he may secure an allowance of more than $1 a day by hard work. The present system gives him $1 for every day he works, but there is no line drawn between the prisoner who works with a will and one who does not.

The committee has taken time to look up the law relating to the pardoning of city offenders, and they say that they are satisfied that it is beyond the province of the police department or any one connected with it to remit fines or pardon offenders. That right belongs to the city council, but it must be on recommendation of the board of police commissioners.

The report will not heal the breach between the council and the police department, but it is evident that if Councilman Skinner succeeds in securing the reforms he aims at he will have done the city a service.

ALL WAY FROM DENMARK.

The Cement for the New Bridge Has Arrived.

All the cement that will be used in building the new bridge over the Kansas river has arrived. It was shipped from Copenhagen, Denmark, and there are two train loads, or 71 car loads, of the material. The cement has been stored in the old Santa Fe roundhouse on East Sixth street and in an abandoned building near the city park.

The county commissioners today allowed the contractors an estimate based on the material on hand, the value of the cement alone being placed at $25,-900. The total estimate of work done and material on hand is $38,373.74. On that basis the contractors were allowed today $19,479.89. Superintendent Hinckley was allowed $681 for services.

All the material to be used in the construction of the bridge with the exception of the steel beams is now on the ground and the future estimates will cover only the cost of labor.

AFRAID OF OUR DOLLAR.

China's Confidence in the American Silver Dollar Shaken.

London, Nov. 11.—A Vienna dispatch to the Times alluding to Russia's efforts to secure trade with China, says that Russia silver roubles are being minted in large quantities for circulation in China in view of the fact that the Chinese confidence in the American silver dollar has been somewhat shaken.

Li Hung Chang's Coffin Burned.

San Francisco, Nov. 11.—Li Hung Chang's celebrated coffin, which he carried with him on his recent tour of the world, was burned recently in a fire on board the steamship Glenarteney.

Broken edge collars made smooth by Peerless Steam Laundry.

FAST RACERS.

E. F. Gear Will Campaign Nineteen Horses In Dixie.

The Star of the Stable Is Fantasy, 7 Years Old.

DOES A MILE IN 2:06.

Bright Regent and Heir-at-Law of the String.

Other Sporting News of a General Nature.

New York, Nov. 11.—E. F. Geers, the "silent man," is feeling tip-top. He has about completed his labors of selecting 19 horses from the 670 head at Village Farm at Buffalo to take to Selma, Ala., for the winter. From so many good ones it was no easy task to decide in many instances, but the great reinsman is satisfied he has material that will "step some" at command when the '97 campaign is ushered in. The stars of the stable are Fantasy (2:06), Bright Regent (2:06¾), Heir-at-Law (2:07½), Athanio (2:11¾), Rex Americus (2:11¼), Walter S. (2:12½), Valence (2:16¾), and Mandolin (2:16). Fantasy looks just as much a queen as ever, and, barring accidents, ought to be the sensational trotter of '97.

I saw her out in a paddock exercising at Village Farm, writes Druid in a Buffalo exchange. To be exact, Fantasy will be 7 years old on the 7th day of next March, and this year she won five free for all races out of seven. If there is good luck in that decimal, look out for the daughter of Chimes and Honora in '97. Bright Regent (2:06¾) is every inch a pacing hero. If his front legs stand the strain another year no horse has any license to beat him. But I'll take my chances on Heir-at-Law (2:07½). He will be 9 years old next May, but looks so good at present that I cannot help banking on his prospects. He may not possess the wonderful burst of speed, in places, of Bright Regent, but any animal that takes a record below 2:08 the first season out as a pacer must be classed among the prospective stars of the turf.

To Organize Indian Ball Clubs.

Texarkana, Ark., Nov. 11.—Ex-Governor Gardner of the Choctaw nation, whose term recently expired, was in the city today. He is a frequent visitor here. When asked what calling he would engage in now that he was out of office, he stated that he was organizing two Indian ball teams with which he proposed to tour the country. His programme is to visit the largest cities and towns in the United States, giving ball games during the day and Indian war dances at night.

GENERAL SPORTING NEWS.

A bicycle race between Charles Hamner and J. F. Ollinger is booked for Monday at Salina.

The Chase County Coursing club is planning for a rabbit chase Near Cottonwood Falls on November 24.

The Eldorado foot ball team will play at Peabody Saturday and at Hutchinson Thanksgiving. The Eldorado eleven has not been defeated this year.

The Turner foot ball team of Atchison will probably go to St. Joe Sunday next to play against the Crescents of that place.

Joe Corbett, brother of Champion Jim Corbett, will pitch for the Santa Cruz team part of this winter. George Van Haltren of the New Yorks is with the Oaklands in the same league.

The Ottawa high school boys are training for a foot ball game Saturday with Burlington and expect a hard fight. The Burlington boys are members of the Southwestern league and will have an advantage in weight.

E. Mulkey of St. Louids announces that he will run three dogs in his kennel against any three in the country for $500. It is supposed that his three are St. Clair, Master Dennis and Minneapolis.

There are number of people who believe that White Diamond is the best park greyhound in the country. It will be interesting to see her start in a big stake.

CONGRESS CAN DO NOTHING

The Present Body Will Not Anticipate the One of March 4.

Washington, Nov. 11.—Senator Carter of Montana said today that he saw the prospect of any important legislation at this session of congress. He did not believe the Dingley bill could pass and thought the session would be devoted to the appropriation bills and sparring among the political parties for position.

As to tariff legislation in the next congress, Senator Carter said he did not believe the Democrats would obstruct, no matter what the silver Republicans might do. In his opinion, those who were claiming and believed the hard times could be cured by silver must allow Republican tariff legislation to be enacted or they would meet the tariff fight in the next campaign.

PLATT AT SUNDAY SCHOOL.

New York Leader Drops Politics Long Enough to Talk Religion.

New York, Nov. 11.—Thomas C. Platt greeted the members of his Sunday school this week for the first time since the election. To occupy his attention Mr. Platt now has the coming distribution of federal patronage in the state, the United States senatorship, which he will accept unless McKinley promises him a cabinet position, and the speakership of the assembly.

There are three avowed candidates in the field for the assembly speakership—James M. E. O'Grady of Rochester, Robert G. Scherrer of Albany and S. Fred Nixon of Jamestown. Mr. Platt has told the candidates to "go in and win," which means that he will make his choice after he sees the strength of each man.

PIERRE LORILLARD'S LOSS

Stables and Other Buildings at His Stock Farm Burn.

New York, Nov. 11.—The stables and other buildings of P. F. Lorillard's stock farm at Long Branch were destroyed by fire last night.

The fire destroyed 14 buildings. The horses are said to have all been gotten out in safety.

New Santa Fe Time Card.

On November 4th the Santa Fe Route, the home road well put into effect a new time card, making a number of changes. Look it up if you are going to travel.

MARS HAS UNENDING DAY.

Astronomers in Arizona Discover That It Does Not Revolve.

Flagstaff, Ariz., Nov. 11.—The work here of the Lowell observatory was ended today and preparations for its removal to the City of Mexico are being rapidly completd.

The observatory was established in Flagstaff in 1894 and work of such importance was done during the next year that Prof. Lowell saw the great advantages to be gained by a larger glass, the one in use being equipped with an 8-inch lens. Alvin Clark and Sons on August 1, 1896, completed and set up here a new 24-inch machine with which discoveries of the greatest importance to scientific men have been made.

Profs. Lowell, Pickering and Douglass gave their attention to Mars and have done much for science in settling important questions regarding that planet. The result of their work has made these astronomers famous. It has been decided that on Mars there is a system of cards, arranged in an artistic manner. These astronomers have been able not only to make maps of their surfaces, but to prove conclusively that the bodies of Mars and Venus do not rotate in their revolution about the sun. Markings drawn by Lowell have settled the question of the rotation of Mercury and Venus which had been partially studied by Schiaparella some years ago. Mr. Lowell's discoveries established the fact that Mercury has no appreciable atmosphere and that Venus has an abundance of it, though she possesses very few clouds. Drawings of her markings have been forwarded by request to the royal astronomical society in London. They have decided that as one side of Mars is continually turned toward the sun, it is heated to an enormous temperature and the other side is permanently cool.

On reaching Mexico City Dr. See will continue the investigations, looking for new double stars.

President Diaz of Mexico has been active on behalf of these gentlemen and has not only welcomed them to Mexico, but has instructed the Mexican national observatory to furnish every possible aid to them in their work. Scientific men look upon this enterprise as the most important of the nineteenth century.

FOREIGN MAILS PAY.

The U. S. Receives More Than It Pays for Their Transmission.

Washington, Nov. 11.—The annual report of N. M. Brooks, superintendent of foreign mails, shows that the aggregate weight of the mail dispatched from this country by sea to other countries during the past fiscal year was 9,286,914 pounds, of which over 4,500,000 pounds was transatlantic. It is pointed out that the postage collected by the government on articles exchanged with foreign countries largely exceeds the gross expense incurred by the department in connection with that service.

The sum of $5,294,756 was received by this country for mail exchanged with other countries. Only 1,516 errors were reported in the distribution of 11,518,373 letters and postal cards. The net excess of cost of the contract ocean mail service was $453,386. Action is recommended on the questions of the extension of the parcels post system, the reduction of the registration fee to 5 cents and on that of a limited responsibility for registered articles lost or destroyed in the international mails in transit through the United States.

CONCESSIONS TO CATHOLICS

Priests in Manitoba May Hold Religious Exercises in Schools Daily

Winnipeg, Manitoba, Nov. 11.—Official announcement of the terms on which the parochial school question has been settled is still delayed owing to Premier Greenway's absence, but everything is so definitely arranged that his ministers are not closely guarding the secret now.

It is learned that concessions have now been made to the Catholics which will likely pacify them for the loss of their parochial schools.

The chief concession is that half an hour each day in the national or public schools will be set apart for religious instruction. The plan is that in one of the rooms of each school the priests for half an hour shall have the right of instructing children of the Catholic faith. If our denominations desire the same privilege it will be granted. Another concession is that in districts where there is any considerable percentage of French Catholic children, the French language should be taught as well as the English. The official announcement of the terms of settlement is expected Thursday.

"IOWA" PLOWS THE BLUE.

Trial Trip of the New Battleship Built by Cramp.

Philadelphia, Nov. 11.—The new United States battleship Iowa steamed down the Delaware river yesterday afternoon for her builder's trial in the Atlantic ocean off the Delaware capes. The ship is almost completed and the trip is for the purpose of testing the stability of her hull and machinery. While she is away a test of her speed may also be made, although there is no doubt of the ship's ability to exceed the speed required of 16 knots an hour.

The trial is entirely private and the Cramps have sole charge, the government being represented by only one officer, Lieutenant Lucien Flynn, who has been stationed at the shipyard since the building of the Iowa began. Superintending Engineer Edwin S. Cramp, representing the builders, and Captain W. R. Sargent will navigate the ship. Good weather is promised and it is expected that the Iowa will be back at her dock by Saturday.

Civil Service Reform League.

Philadelphia, Nov. 11.—The national civil service reform league will hold its annual meeting in this city December 10 and 11. Among the reforms that will be urged will be the merit system. Among those who are expected to be present are Carl Schurz, Theodore Roosevelt, Charles J. Bonaparte, Morefield Story, Richard Henry Dana, Wm. Dudley Foulke, Richard Watson Gilder, Everett P. Wheeler and Lucius B. Swift.

To Chicago, St. Louis and the East—Via Burlington Route.

The traveling public is sure to find the best fast vestibuled trains to the east via the Burlington Route.

Handsome new compartment sleepers (same rate as standard sleepers), chair cars (seats free), Kansas City and St. Joseph to St. Louis; standard sleepers, chair cars and dining cars—"pay for what you order"—to Chicago. Take the "Vestibuled Elt" to Chicago, and the "Vestibuled Limited" to St. Louis.

Ask Agent for tickets via the Burlington Route.

L. W. WAKELEE,
Gen. Pass. Agent,
St. Louis, Mo.

[Continued from First Page.]

We do mending and sew on buttons free of charge. Peerless Steam Laundry

SATIRE'S STING.

A Governess and a Seamstress Sentenced for Stealing

On the Same Day that Mrs. Castle Was

BUT NOT RELEASED

Although Mrs. Castle Is Let Go Free.

Labouchere Bitterly Compares the Two Cases.

London, Nov. 11.—Henry Labouchere in Truth today devotes over a page to the Castles' case, during which he says: "I learn that the magistrates favored a heavier sentence and a few were for releasing the prisoner. Had she been released on the ground of mental infirmity, she could not have been the gainer, for she would have been sent to a criminal lunatic asylum, according to the law since 1882. The sentence seems to me light considering the circumstances. I do not believe in kleptomania, for it only seems to attack the rich and if it exists I am sure the punishment of every person stealing while suffering therefrom would have a deterrent effect upon its spreading.

"Mrs. Castle got off cheaply when told of her imprisonment for three months without hard labor. The effect on her health seems improbable, for I gather she has been traveling in Europe and, except for the matter of stealing, her health was the same as anybody else's.

"Probably the regret for what she has done and what has come to her for doing it will weigh on her spirits, but this is precisely the state that imprisonment is intended to produce on a prisoner, and if this regret really causes her to be ill, she will be transferred to a hospital where she will be cared for by all connected with it. This Castle cases is remarkable for its variety of goods. One would have thought the officers would have been surprised to find such a large number of furs and fans."

Continuing Mr. Labouchere expresses surprise at the fact that Mr. Castle did not notice the collection of goods in their rooms at the Hotel Cecil and adds: "The child seems generally to have accompanied the mother when urged by her peculiar disease to go to a shop.

"On the morning of Mrs. Castle's sentence a seamstress and governess were sentenced at the same session to nine and six months hard labor for stealing a fur necklet, and neither had ever been previously convicted. The governess fainted at the sentence. No medical experts testified that they would suffer in health by confinement, no one pitied them and no one signed a petition to the home secretary to shorten their sentences. What matters how a poor, fainting, friendless governess or a half starved seamstress suffers? Give them hard labor and plenty of it. What if their health is injured? Let them die. Let Mrs. Castle out of prison. Sir Matthew White Ridley says she has moved in the best circles and she has had no need to steal, but this does not reduce the sentences of the seamstress and governess by a single day. The best circles know them not. They are poor and helpless; which, in the opinion of all self respecting persons, is in itself a crime."

GARFIELD'S EPITAPH.

Its Author, Dr. Parker, Dies at Poughkeepsie, New York.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Nov. 11.—Edward H. Parker, a prominent physician died in this city yesterday. He was 73 years of age. He was author of the lines: "Life's Race well Won."

"Life's race well won,
Life's work well done,
Life's victory won,
Now comes rest."

The lines were the opening verse of a poem written 25 years ago, and they were selected by the widow of James A. Garfield as an inscription on the tombstone of the martyred president.

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Catarrh

Mrs. Josephine Polhill, of Due West, S. C., had a severe case of catarrh, which finally became so deep-seated that she was entirely deaf in one ear, and part of the bone in her nose sloughed off. The best physicians treated her in vain, and she used various applications of sprays and washes to no avail. Fourteen bottles of S. S. S. promptly reached the seat of the disease, and cured her sound and well.

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