

CROWDS HEAR GOVERNOR ON TODAY'S TOUR

Capper Opens Motor Car Campaign in Lincoln.

First Stop in 2-Weeks' Trip Thru Three Districts.

CARRY KANSAS BY 100,000

Governor Says Hughes Is Safely Tucked Away.

In First Speech He Urges Election of Otis L. Benton.

Lincoln, Kan., Oct. 3.—Governor Capper opened his two weeks' tour of the Fifth, Sixth and Seventh congressional districts in Lincoln shortly before noon today when he talked to a large crowd which attended a Republican rally. The governor appealed to Lincoln county voters to support Republican nominees for all offices— from president down to road overseers— because, he said, their program was an one for efficient government and an overthrow of graft and pork-barrer methods and a reward of vote-getter handsomeness.

The Kansas executive appealed to the voters to support the Republican ticket from top to bottom because the candidates stood for a program of service to the public. In his talk, the first on the 2,000-mile trip through three Democratic congressional districts, Governor Capper urged the support of Otis L. Benton, Republican nominee for congress in the Sixth district. He also urged support of Charles E. Hughes for president and the election of a Republican state ticket.

Government Is Service. "Government is service, nothing else, or it is not government," the governor told Lincoln county voters. "Its purpose is not furnishing jobs to men who cannot or will not make. It is not to supply rewards to vote-getters or fat contractors to business men who contribute nothing to the state. It is not intended to be the prize of a perpetual political game between the 'ins' and the 'outs' and to be farmed out and exploited by the 'ins'.

"We are getting away from this kind of government. We must make it to help the people, not to loot and exploit them. We must make state and county government a business and a science. The people of Kansas want and they are entitled to and they will have a dollar's worth of genuine service, a dollar's worth of annual value for every dollar of public money they pay as taxes.

"Real government is coming, with expert management of all public affairs solely in the interest of the people. Responsibility and authority centered in a few directors chosen by the people and responsible to them, is the Republican program and policy. And these directors are going to employ men trained and fitted for the work required and to employ a big corporation employs its men."

Many women were in the crowd that heard the governor's speech.

Governor Capper drove to Lincoln this morning from Salina, where he spent Monday night. He displayed much enthusiasm concerning the month's campaign trip which is before him and expressed a belief that the Republicans would sweep the state and win back the six districts now controlled by the Democrats.

"I expect to give the entire month to the campaign, with possibly a day or two week in the office," said the governor. "There is every indication that the Republicans will carry the state by 100,000 and I want to lend my share of assistance in delivering the state to Hughes and winning back the congressional district controlled by the Democrats."

The governor declared he was in excellent physical condition for the trip and only severe weather conditions would compel a change in his plans and itinerary.

W. H. Anderson, chairman of the county committee, headed a delegation of Lincoln county Republicans who met the governor and his party near the county line. Several county candidates were in the delegation. Extensive preparations had been made for today's meeting, which will probably be the largest Republican meeting of the campaign.

QUARTER MILLION FIRE

Morris Company's Pork Packing Plant Destroyed.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 3.—Officials of the Morris company today estimated their loss in the fire which last night destroyed the pork packing plant at South Omaha at over \$250,000.

Prompt work by the entire Omaha fire department succeeded in confining the blaze to the one building and ending the entire plant from destruction.

Assistant Fire Chief Martin Dineen and five firemen were seriously burned about the fire and burned.

BRITON DECRIES

(Continued from Page One.) any feasible scheme for the prevention of future wars.

Hughes and Wilson Promises. "Two months ago Mr. Charles E. Hughes, in accepting the nomination as candidate for the presidency by the Republican party, declared with less force and less sincerity that he was convinced the time had come for America to unite with European countries in a well-considered scheme for applying methods of arbitration and conciliation to securing general and permanent peace in the world.

"The time has come when the American people, distinguished men and the official exponents of American opinion have promised the cooperation of their nation in this project—one of great difficulty no doubt, but also of supreme importance. "The time has come when statesmen who lead our people could have no greater encouragement to address themselves when the time comes, to the enterprise, which they have already pronounced to be necessary. I ask your help to bring the matter before the people in the most effective manner we can and every nation have to gain by removing the terror and the danger of war, which so long has hung over the world and over Europe. The churches could do no more truly Christian work.

Would Not War Forever. "Let us not war forever. Let us not put in vain. Let us search for and try to put into practice some kind of scheme for reducing and, if possible, at last ending the bloodiest and most terrible scourge of mankind."

Lord Bryce said the country was in a position to hold out to the world the war must be pursued to victory so complete as to open the prospect of an enduring peace, and added:

"On the one hand, the treaty the people will insist and ought to insist on expressing their opinion and the other hand, they must do their part in helping to form the best and most equitable of mankind."

He declared that the precepts of Christianity coincide with those of the wisest and noblest of men. He should work for national unity and good feeling between the classes.

MRS. BLATCH HERE

(Continued from Page One.)

pire state from my feet." Mrs. Blatch said today, "because I wish to form a church to help the people, not to loot and exploit them. We must make state and county government a business and a science. The people of Kansas want and they are entitled to and they will have a dollar's worth of genuine service, a dollar's worth of annual value for every dollar of public money they pay as taxes.

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GOV. HARRIS OF GEORGIA SIGNS BILL GIVING WOMEN RIGHT TO PRACTICE LAW



Gov. Harris signing the bill. Left to right, standing: Mrs. Mary L. McLendon, Miss Mary Anderson and Mrs. E. L. Martin.

Governor Nat Harris recently signed the bill giving women the right to practice law in Georgia. Among the women who witnessed the signing were Mrs. Mary L. McLendon, the pioneer equal suffrage worker in the state of Georgia; Miss Mary Anderson, first woman lawyer in Georgia, and Mrs. E. L. Martin. The women of Georgia have been fighting for the right to practice law in the state for many years and the victory is the culmination of their efforts.

GUARDS COMING REED MOVES UP

First Kansas Regiment on Border Ordered Home. He Becomes Chief Clerk in Freight Auditor's Office.

Promotion of R. C. Reed, well known in railroad offices between Chicago and Mexico City, from assistant chief clerk in the Santa Fe freight auditor's office to chief clerk, was announced today by W. W. Strickland, freight auditor. Two promotions and one resignation in the Santa Fe freight auditor's office were also announced by Mr. Strickland.

Mr. Reed, as chief clerk, succeeds T. D. Alden, recently promoted to assistant freight auditor. He began his railroad career in the 90's on the Cairo Short line with offices in St. Louis. Since that time he has been connected with several railroads in offices between Chicago and Mexico City. Mr. Reed came to the Santa Fe freight auditor's office here from Chicago where he was connected with the Illinois Central. At one time he was connected with the National Railway company in Oklahoma City as superintendent of agencies.

U. W. Perrin, who has been in the Santa Fe office here since 1913, succeeds Mr. Fisher as head of the department. Mr. Strickland announces, Mr. Perrin began railroad work with the Frisco in 1904 as traveling relief agent in southern Kansas. Later he was stationed in Augusta, Kan., with the same road. In 1909 he left the Frisco to become cashier for the Santa Fe in Augusta. He came to the Topeka general freight office here in 1913. Prior to his promotion, he was assistant head of the agents accounts.

G. V. Fisher has tendered his resignation as head of the agents accounts department at the American Express office. It was also announced here to become assistant chief clerk since 1911.

Weather to be cooler. Flora, local weather observer, predicted that it would reach 50 this afternoon. The highest temperature on record for this date is 50 degrees, established in 1905. The low record, 25 degrees, occurred in 1888.

The wind blew all day Monday at a velocity of 25 to 35 miles an hour. It abated somewhat during the night but resumed today, starting with a velocity of thirty miles. The Kaw river, which has been in a low stage for a period of more than eighteen months. In February, 1915, the quick receding was not a bit of it. You wouldn't say a person wishes well to a canary who opens the door of the cage and puts a cut inside. Any one who votes to put Woodrow Wilson in the White House or a Democrat in congress is letting loose on suffrage the worst enemy that ever lived.

Mrs. Blatch will spend most of the time between now and November 6, turning votes away from Wilson in Colorado and Wyoming. The last ten days before election are to be devoted to the same object in Kansas. It is understood that Congressman Tazewell's district is to receive a large share of those ten days.

DAILY WEATHER REPORT. Furnished by the weather bureau office at Topeka, Kan., for the week ending at 7 a. m. Tuesday.

Stations High Low Prec. W.ther. Buffalo, N. Y. 72 52 0 Clear Chicago, Ill. 58 40 0 Clear Cincinnati, O. 54 36 0 Clear Cleveland, O. 54 36 0 Clear Concordia, Kan. 60 40 0 Clear Corpus Christi, Tex. 82 72 0 Clear Denver, Colo. 74 58 0 Clear Duluth, Minn. 50 32 0 Clear Dodge City, Kan. 60 40 0 Clear El Paso, Tex. 62 40 0 Clear Ft. Worth, Tex. 84 68 0 Cloudy Galveston, Tex. 80 70 0 Clear Havre, Mont. 40 20 0 Cloudy Jacksonville, Fla. 80 56 0 Cloudy Little Rock, Ark. 70 50 0 Clear Los Angeles, Cal. 62 50 0 Clear New Orleans, La. 80 60 0 Clear New York, N. Y. 66 54 0 Cloudy Philadelphia, Pa. 60 40 0 Clear Oklahoma City, Okla. 60 40 0 Clear Phoenix, Ariz. 82 62 0 Clear Pittsburgh, Pa. 60 40 0 Clear Portland, Ore. 58 40 0 Cloudy St. Joseph, Mo. 60 40 0 Clear St. Louis, Mo. 60 40 0 Clear St. Paul, Minn. 58 36 0 Clear Salt Lake City, Utah. 62 40 0 Clear San Francisco, Cal. 60 40 0 Clear San Antonio, Tex. 80 60 0 Clear Sault Ste. Marie, Mich. 48 30 0 Fair Sheridan, Wyo. 42 20 0 Clear Spokane, Wash. 50 32 0 Clear St. Paul, Minn. 58 36 0 Clear Tampa, Fla. 60 40 0 Clear Toledo, O. 58 40 0 Clear TOPEKA, KAN. 81 64 0 Clear Washington, D. C. 64 46 0 Cloudy Wichita, Kan. 60 40 0 Clear Winnipeg, Man. 38 20 0 Cloudy

3 Bankers Received at Leavenworth. Leavenworth, Kan., Oct. 3.—P. A. Ball, Mayo Dickinson and Andrew S. Dowd were received at the federal prison here today to serve their year sentences. They were convicted of making false reports on conditions of the American bank at Fort Smith, Ark., of which they were officers.

RUSH AMERICANS IN BRITISH ARMY FOR 'SLACKERS' HEAD COUNTERFEITERS

Foreigners Must Prove Citizenship or Join Colors. Should Carry Birth Certificate for Self Defense.

ADOPT A RAID SYSTEM

Army Authorities Round Up Men, Searching Delinquents.

U. S. Ambassador Busy Rescuing Americans From Net.

London, Oct. 3.—American men of military age who come to England just now had better bring along their birth certificates.

They will need them and more to convince the British authorities they are not super slackers.

The super slackers—men who have failed to register under the military conscription act—are daily falling in number, which the war office has set for them. Americans are being netted in almost every haul. If they fail to have the documentary evidence handy they are liable to remain "guests" of the London police until someone in Ambassador Page's embassy can look up the records.

Herd Passengers Into Inclosure. When a crowded tube train arrived at its terminus a few days ago, the male passengers were herded into a big enclosure. Two men who had evaded conscription went. Others were taken to the war office for necessary papers. An American newspaper man, whose name is well known to readers of a big New York paper, was in the "catch."

He proved his identity when the opportunity arose and was freed. The raid system is only a part of the big campaign to rope in the military shirkers. Careful examination of registration cards held by all aliens is going forward. The Americans, as well as Dutch, Spanish, Swiss, Argentinians and other neutrals are required to show why they are not serving in the British army. They answer that they are neutral. The swift reply is "prove it." Here's how one American proved it.

Neutral? Then Prove It. The mail brought a document requesting him to appear at a big recruiting office September 2, to join His Majesty's Forces. The American wrote the recruiting officer that he was an American citizen and therefore exempt. Twelve hours later, back came the recruiting officer's answer. "The American mailed his passport, issued by the state department at Washington and enclosed a courteous note suggesting that this 'should eliminate all doubt.' The passport got lost in the mail. September 2 was drawing near and three days later there was no word from the recruiting officer. This meant that a pair of soldiers would probably appear with the officer's answer. The American took him along as a super slacker. He called the officer on the telephone. "I've sent you my passport; isn't that proof enough?" he queried. "No," the officer replied. "Makes no difference," was the re-

ply, "you may be an American all right, but you'll have to prove it." So the American proved it by having the American embassy write the recruiting officer a letter. Then the recruiter apologized.

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MAJ. FULLER TO BORDER

Topekan Will Inspect Kansas Troops Soon.

Major A. M. Fuller, U. S. A., retired, contacted with the adjutant general's staff as an instructor, will leave for the border tonight to inspect the Kansas troops. Authorization for the trip was made by the adjutant general on his series of "stump" speeches in the state.

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TODAY'S MARKET REPORTS

Chicago, Oct. 3.—WHEAT—Widening of the drought-stricken region in Argentina, with reports of crop losses becoming more and more serious, sent wheat prices to new high price levels for 1916. Heretofore, wheat has been in a state of comparative stability, with prices ranging from 1.10 to 1.15 per bushel, with December at 1.15 1/2 and May at 1.15 1/4.

There were many arrests along the Mexican border, Mexican notes and certificates amounting to the face value of the high price level for 1916. Heretofore, wheat has been in a state of comparative stability, with prices ranging from 1.10 to 1.15 per bushel, with December at 1.15 1/2 and May at 1.15 1/4.

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