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PEACE IS FIRST

Harding's First Act May Be to Call Congress.

Republicans Determined to End State of War.

TO FIX FOREIGN STATUS

New Administration Has Large Task Ahead.

Ideas of Hoover and Taft to Have Weight.

Washington, Nov. 3.—Sweepingly victorious in the presidential senatorial elections, the Republican party today faced the task of fixing America's status among the nations of the world and of ending a national state of war that has endured longer than actual fighting by this nation.

President-elect Harding himself has frankly said that detailed plans for meeting this task are as yet unformed, but today these things stand out:

President Wilson has been defeated in the "solemn referendum" on the League of Nations, is expected to take no further action looking to the adoption of that pact.

Declare Peace First.

Senator Harding favors first the declaration of peace by congressional resolution, and second, the formation

of a new association of nations, to which task he has promised to call the country's best minds.

The new senate will be Republican and even some Democrats will be for Harding and against the Wilson peace idea, notably Reed of Missouri and Watson of Georgia.

Expect Special Session.

That is the outline of the situation of the new president will be the center when he calls a special session of congress which he is expected to do soon after assuming office in March.

Within his own party he will, of course, have the irreconcilables, returned in full force by the election of Brandegee in Connecticut and Moses in New Hampshire, while Johnson and Borah remain in the senate. On the other hand, he will have a group representing the ideas of former President Taft and Herbert Hoover that while the present league must be modified, it should not be rejected totally.

DECREASE IN FREIGHT

A Slackness in Buying Reported by Railroad Official.

A slackness in buying, and a general hint at business depression is being noted in the railroad freight business, according to E. F. Strain, divisional freight agent for the Rock Island.

The most notable effect of short and cautious buying, is to make the bulk of freight shipments less than car lots. Freight shipped in less than car lots is more expensive to handle than car lots, and causes more trouble on the road, Strain pointed out.

When business generally slackens up, consequently the railroads suffer in their operating returns. Strain believes, however, that conditions will readjust themselves rapidly and come back to normal soon.

ONLY SEVEN WIN

Thirty-Four States Elected Governors Yesterday.

Twenty-Six Are Republicans, One Is Nonpartisan League.

New York, Nov. 3.—Thirty-four states elected governors yesterday, 26 choosing Republicans, 7 picking Democrats and 1 returning its Non-partisan league candidate.

The Democratic governors were elected in the old south with the exception of New Mexico.

Eight candidates were re-elected, six undertaking a second term being Republicans, one Democrat, and the other, Lynn J. Frazier, Nonpartisan league of North Dakota. In addition to those selected yesterday, Maine on September 13, elected a Republican.

The list of new governors follows: Arizona—T. E. Campbell, Republican, re-elected.

Arkansas—Thomas C. McRae, Democrat, re-elected.

Colorado—Oliver P. Shoup, Republican, re-elected.

Connecticut—Everett J. Lake, Republican, re-elected.

Delaware—William D. Denney, Jr., Republican, re-elected.

Florida—Cary Hardee, Democrat, re-elected.

Georgia—T. W. Hardwick, Democrat, re-elected.

Idaho—David W. Davis, Republican, re-elected.

Illinois—Len Small, Republican, re-elected.

Indiana—W. T. McCray, Republican, re-elected.

Iowa—N. E. Kendall, Republican, re-elected.

Kansas—Henry J. Allen, Republican, re-elected.

Massachusetts—Channing H. Cox, Republican, re-elected.

Michigan—Alexander J. Grobeck, Republican, re-elected.

Minnesota—J. A. O. Preus, Republican, re-elected.

Missouri—James M. Hyde, Republican, re-elected.

Montana—J. M. Dixon, Republican, re-elected.

Nebraska—E. B. McKelvie, Republican, re-elected.

New Hampshire—A. O. Brown, Republican, re-elected.

New Mexico—R. H. Hanns, Democrat, re-elected.

New York—Nathan L. Miller, Republican, re-elected.

North Carolina—C. Morrison, Democrat, re-elected.

North Dakota—L. J. Frazier, Nonpartisan, re-elected.

Ohio—Harry L. Davis, Republican, re-elected.

Rhode Island—E. H. Smith, Democrat, re-elected.

South Carolina—R. A. Cooper, Democrat, re-elected.

South Dakota—W. H. McMaster, Republican, re-elected.

Tennessee—A. A. Taylor, Republican, re-elected.

Texas—Pat M. Neff, Democrat, re-elected.

Vt.—Charles B. Mabey, Republican, re-elected.

Vermont—James Hartness, Republican, re-elected.

Washington—Louis Hart, Republican, re-elected.

West Virginia—E. F. Morgan, Republican, re-elected.

Wisconsin—James J. Blaine, Republican, re-elected.

GOOD RAINS OVER STATE

Fine Weather During Past Week for Growing Wheat—Cribbing of Corn Delayed by Wet Fields.

By S. D. Flora, Meteorologist.

Rains were general over Kansas this week and fine for the wheat crop, according to the reports of 100 correspondents of the weather bureau that cover conditions in almost every county. The amounts received were mostly less than half an inch but as they fell on ground already moist, they were ample for all needs.

Afternoon temperatures were high enough to favor growth of wheat the first half of the week, but the nights were quite cold the latter half, with temperatures from 20 degrees to 30 degrees and killing frosts that extended to all except possibly some of the extreme southeastern counties. No particular damage resulted as the average date of the first killing frost had passed and most crops were matured.

Wheat is making a very satisfactory growth and stands are reported as good to excellent, except in a few of the extreme western counties where the dry weather was persistent during all of October, until the closing day. In most parts of the state the early sown is up enough to cover the ground as seen from the roadside and in the western half a great deal is being purchased.

Cribbing corn was delayed by fields being wet from rains of the previous week and the fall of more moisture this week and is not much more than started in most sections, though there are a few south-central counties that report from 5 to 15 per cent completed.

Heading grain sorghums is mostly finished, but threshing them has begun in only a few counties. Apple picking is practically done.

KANSAS BANKERS TO MEET

Topeka Bankers Plan to Attend Meeting Which Begins November 9.

Walter E. Wilson, state bank commissioner; W. V. Bowman, secretary of the Kansas Bankers' association, and Fred M. Bowman, assistant secretary, will attend all the group meetings of the association, which will commence November 9, and continue thru two weeks. A number of other Topeka bankers plan to visit several of the eight group meetings, as well as the meeting of Group 1, which includes Topeka, and is to be held at Burlington, November 15.

"A minimum attendance of 150 will occur at the smallest group meeting, which is to be held at Greensburg, November 15," said W. V. Bowman this morning. "There are less than 100 banks in the territory of Greensburg, but they will all be represented at the meeting."

The largest attendance expected at any of the meetings is about 300. Questions of legal and practical banking interest will be brought up at the meetings, both by the officers who visit all the meetings, and by the local bankers. Much stress is to be laid this year on the afternoon open forum sessions of the meeting. This feature will overshadow the stated platform addresses which will be held at the morning sessions.

Practically every city in which one of the group meetings is to be held is making elaborate arrangements for the entertainment of the bankers at luncheons and banquets.

Summer Goes Republican.

Wellington, Kan., Nov. 3.—Twenty-seven out of forty-two precincts in Sumner county give for representative in congress Eighth district—Bird, Republican, 8,221; Ayres, Democrat, 2,586.

Sledge Hammer Blows Are What Count—
whether you are a blacksmith, business man, lawyer, preacher, doctor, or what not.

You've got to have the steam—the PUNCH back of your efforts to get anywhere. You can't impress the world with your ideas or personality by puny "muscle on the wrist" type. You must hit HARD, with telling effect and force enough to drive home your point—and then, counter-attack it!

But power, mental and physical strength, comes only with health. Your body must be fortified with pure, rich, red blood. The principal physical organs must function properly, and to their normal capacity. When these conditions exist you'll be able to work with your whole mind and strength—but not before.

There's no greater aid to a healthy and natural career of your physical system than FORCE, the master builder. Besides being an all-around-builder of liver, kidneys and bowels, it is a general systemic reconstructive, building up wasted tissues and restoring dormant vital forces. It relieves languor, creates physical endurance and mental vigor and restores that healthy, first-class feeling with which all of us long to live.

FORCE is sold by reliable druggists everywhere, and is equally beneficial to men, women and children.

"It Makes For Strength"

Force Tonic
The Master-Rebuilder

FARMER HAD PLENTY TO EAT, BUT NO APPETITE

Kansas Man Entirely Relieved of Indigestion by Tanlac—Now Eats Three Square Meals a Day.

"A man is in mighty bad shape to have plenty of good things to eat around him and then not be able to eat them without suffering agony, and that was just my fix; but Tanlac has been so great for me that I now eat three good square meals a day and feel just as fine as can be afterwards," said H. R. Hill, a well known farmer, at Maple, Kan., while in Wichita recently.

"My appetite was awfully poor, and after eating the least little thing I was miserable for hours with indigestion. I suffered terribly from bloating and palpitation of the heart, and had such dizzy spells that I could hardly see when I would stoop over. I had terrible pains across my back, couldn't sleep well at night, and at times wasn't even able to go about my work.

"Well, sir, I began improving on my very first bottle of Tanlac, and now have a ravenous appetite, and can eat anything I want without my stomach troubling me a bit. I never have an ache or pain, and sleep like a log every night. I am gaining in weight right along, am working every day, and feel so fine in every way that I just want to let others know about Tanlac."

Tanlac is sold in Topeka by Tally-McFarland Drug Co., 335 Kansas avenue, and 729 Kansas avenue.—Adv.

TO DISCUSS HOUSING

Matter Will Be Taken Up by Chamber of Commerce Friday.

A meeting of the board of directors of the Chamber of Commerce, originally scheduled for today, is to be held at noon Friday, when it is believed that it will be definitely decided whether the Chamber of Commerce will go into the campaign to raise money to match the money to be put up by the Home Builders' Finance company, of Kansas City, to launch a campaign of house building in Topeka.

At that meeting the committee appointed recently representing the real estate men, the building and loan associations, and the Chamber of Commerce directors themselves will report.

"We'll either decide to take the matter up, or we'll decide that it is inexpedient to boost it," said Elmer F. Strain, president of the Chamber of Commerce, this morning in announcing the meeting of the board.

MRS. LOTTIE A. CASE DEAD.

Had Been Resident of Topeka for Last Twenty-Six Years.

Mrs. Lottie A. Case, 75 years old, a pioneer of Kansas and a resident of Topeka for the past twenty-six years, died at her home, 1321 West Sixth avenue, Tuesday night. A stroke of paralysis, which occurred some three months ago, was the cause of her death.

Mrs. Case was prominent in political and civic work having been a member of the Good Government, Political Science and Woman's clubs, and president of the Central W. C. T. U. at the time of her death. She was active in church work, and a strong champion of woman's suffrage.

Mrs. Case was born at Franklin, Conn. August 6, 1845. Married there in 1866, she and her husband came to Kansas in 1870. Shortly after the death of Mr. Case in 1894, Mrs. Case came to Topeka, where she has lived since that time. She is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Helen Stahl, of Auburn. Funeral arrangements will be announced later.

SON OF JAPAN'S "JOHN D." WILL ENTER HARVARD



Shigeki Marimura.
This young man, the son of Baron Marimura, the leading financier of Japan, arrived in the U. S. recently to continue his education at Harvard University.

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To make Troco the world's best nut margarin

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A. E. Hoffman

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We built him a new factory, up-to-the-minute in every detail of equipment and sanitation.

Now this expert, in this plant, has produced a new and perfected Troco—a fancy brand of nut margarin.

Mr. Hoffman has been identified with the butter business all his life. For over 30 years he has made and judged butter and taught butter making.

This ripe experience has taught him how to perfect Troco, which is churned like butter with snowy coconut fat replacing butter fat.

He gives it the same rarely sweet flavor which made his butter famous in his butter making days.

You want this new perfected Troco—for its fine flavor, delicacy and nutritive value. So order it from your dealer.

As we didn't ask Mr. Hoffman to meet a price, it may cost more, just as fancy butter commands a premium.

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TROCO

COMMENTING upon the rise in the price of gasoline, a man who is unfamiliar with petroleum production writes:

"The Lord, who put the oil in the earth, charges no more for it than he ever did. It comes for nothing out of the ground when you dig a hole."

This is true, if it comes out of the ground without help. The greatly increased cost lies in digging the hole, casing it, caring for the oil when it comes out, and transporting and handling it on its way to the refinery.

Petroleum Age in its September issue says: "The cost of drilling and equipping a well at the present scale of prices for material and labor runs from Five Thousand Dollars for a shallow sand pumper to Seventy-five Thousand Dollars for the deep wells. A general average covering the entire country would run about Twenty Thousand Dollars per well."

One item which is often overlooked is the cost of drilling wells which fail to produce oil. It is estimated that from 20 to 30 percent of all wells put down are dry holes.

Yet, in spite of all discouragements, which included shortage of casing, difficulties of transportation, and the increasing expense of labor, on July 31st, 1920, there were eleven thousand wells drilling or under way east of the Rocky Mountains, with completions averaging about three thousand wells a month. Probably thirty-six thousand wells will be completed during 1920.

The total expense, including investment in drilling tools, lease equipment and labor, is roughly estimated at one billion dollars.

Deducting two hundred fifty million dollars (25 percent) for salvage on equipment susceptible of further use, the net investment in new production for the year will be seven hundred fifty million dollars.

It is apparent that oil does not come "for nothing" out of the ground."

Oil is usually discovered in spots remote from rail centers. The cost of pumping and transporting it to the refinery is a heavy charge. At the refinery charges begin to pile up, for refining oil is a true manufacturing process involving application of chemistry, the use of specialized machinery, and human labor.

All of these factors add to the cost of a product which Nature has given us.

The Standard Oil Company (Indiana) has been steadfastly applying the trained power of its organization to increasing the yield of gasoline from crude, and in achieving economies by large scale operations in refining and distributing its products.

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The Cost of a Hole in the Ground

1000
400
150
450

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