DOINGS OF CONGRESS.

The Bankruptcy Bill Passes the Senate---Pension Matters.

In the Senate, on Wednesday, the 16th inst., among the petitions presented were a large number from Grand Army Posts, praying the adoption of the recommendations made by the pension committee of the Order.

The bill to divide a portion of the great reservation of the Sioux Nation of Indians in Dakota into separate reservations, and to secure the relinquishment of the Indian title to the remainder was proceeded with and passed. The bill provides separate reservations for Indians receiving rations and annuities at Pine Ridge, Roseland, Standing Rock, Cheyenne River, Lower Brule, and Crow Creek Agencies.

By the provisions of the bill each member of the Santee Sioux tribe now occupying the reservation in the State of Nebraska shall be entitled to an individual allotment of land out of the reservation in that State, each head of a family to receive 160 acres. Whenever the civilization of any of the Indians who receive rations at any agency shall be such as to encourage the belief that an allotment of land in severalty to them would be for their best interests, the President is authorized by this bill to have the reservation surveyed and individual allotments made to the Indians, the head of a family to receive a quarter section.

THURSDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

In the Senate, on Thursday, Mr. Cockrell (Mo.) introduced a bill to provide for the appointment of a Missouri River commission, to carry into effect plans for the improvement of said river from its mouth to its head waters.

The Senate, proceeding to the consideration of bills on the five-minute calendar, took up the bill to authorize the Secretary of War to adjust and settle the account for arms between the State of South Carolina and the Government of the United States, and to balance the same by so reducing the overcharge made against the State in 1869, under the act of 1808, as that the amounts paid on the account by South Carolina in the last ten years may be taken in full satisfaction of the account.

Mr. Hampton (S. C.) said that in 1869 the Governor of South Carolina got from the Secretary of War a supply of arms under the act of 1808 authorizing the issue of arms to the militia of the several States, but instead of one year's supply he requested and received thirty years' supply. The arms were distributed by the Governor to colored men only, and the arms could not now be found in the State. The bill was passed—yeas 30, nays 12.

The Senate then took up and passed the bill to authorize and direct the managers of the Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers to locate a branch of the Home at some suitable point in either of the States of Arkansas, Colorado, Kansas, Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri, and Nebraska. Two hundred and fifty thousand dollars are appropriated to carry out the purposes of the bill, which was amended before passage, so as to require the Board of Managers of the National Home to inquire and report to Congress at an early day, as to the expediency of establishing a branch home in California, and authorizing the board to receive proposals for the transfer of the buildings, grounds, and property of the Veterans' Home at Napa, Cal., to the United States, to be used for that purpose, as also one in Michigan, and the utility of the Fort Dearborn military reservation and the buildings thereon for the purpose.

Mr. Slater (Ore.) then addressed the Senate on the bill to forfeit the unearned land grants of the Northern Pacific Railroad, after which the bankruptcy bill was taken up and further considered, but without action.

FRIDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

In the Senate, on Friday, the 18th inst., Mr. Sherman (O.), from the Committee on Library, reported adversely the newspaper copy-right bill. It was, however, placed on the calendar; also, from the same committee, adversely, the joint resolution providing for the erection of a bronze equestrian statue to Simon Bolivar. It was indefinitely postponed.

The Senate then took up and passed the Post-Office appropriation bill. [It appropriates $49,725,409, or $3,429,500 more than in the shape it passed the House.] The rest of the session was occupied with eulogies in memory of the late Representative Herndon, of Alabama.

MONDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

In the Senate, on Monday, memorials were presented and appropriately referred, from the Iowa Legislature, relating to swamp lands indemnity; from the Ohio Legislature, relating to pensions.

Mr. Frye, from the Committee on Rules, reported favorably a resolution giving the Commissioner of Agriculture admission to the floor of the Senate. Mr. Plumb said he would shortly call this resolution up.

The bankruptcy bill was then taken up and finally passed by a vote of 32 yeas to 15 nays.

TUESDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

In the Senate, on Tuesday, Mr. Blair (N. H.), from the Committee on Education and Labor, reported favorably the bill to create a commission to inquire into and report upon the material, industrial, and intellectual progress made by the colored people of the United States since 1865. The bill was placed on the calendar.

Mr. Conger (Mich.) offered a resolution, which was agreed to without debate, directing the Secretary of War to cause inquiry to be made and report to the Senate as to the amount and value of all aids and grants of any kind from the United States to the State of Michigan for the Portage Lake and Lake Superior ship-canal, and to report upon what terms the Portage Lake and River Improvement Company will surrender and convey to the United States for the similar free use of commerce all their rights and title to the Portage lake and river improvement, so called, and the approaches thereto.

House.

In the House, on Wednesday, the 16th inst., Mr. Rogers (Ark.) reported from the Committee on Pensions, Bounty and Back Pay, as a substitute for the second section of the pension appropriation bill, a bill to regulate attorneys' fees in pension claims. It is as follows:

SECTION 1. That no agent, attorney, or other person shall receive any fee for his services in a pension claim until the payment of the pension.

SEC. 2. That all fees in pension claims shall be paid by the agent for paying pensions out of the first installment of pension due the claimant, and no agent, attorney, or other person shall receive any fee for his services in a pension claim except through the agent for paying pensions.

SEC. 3. That the fee in all pension claims shall be $10, except in case of special written contract, filed in the Pension Office and approved by the Commissioner of Pensions, as hereinafter provided. The claimant may contract with his attorney of record in writing, in such form as the Commissioner of Pensions may prescribe, for a fee to an amount not exceeding $25, except in claims for increase of pension where no new disability is alleged, in cases of pensions for service, and in all claims filed in the Pension Office after June 28, 1878, and prior to the passage of this act, in which cases no fee above $10 shall be contracted for; and in all claims filed prior to the passage of this act the attorney shall file a statement, under oath, duly attested, setting forth the amount of fee already received by him, and the amount already received shall be deducted from the fee allowed by this act.

SEC. 4. That the Secretary of the Interior shall have power to make such regulations as may be deemed proper in regard to the admission of persons to practice as attorneys before the Pension Office, the conduct of attorneys, and the suspension or disbarment of improper persons from practice.

SEC. 5. That any agent or attorney, or other person instrumental in prosecuting any claim for pension, who shall directly or indirectly contract for, demand, or receive, or retain, any compensation for his services or instrumentality for prosecuting a claim for pensions greater than is herein provided, or in any other manner than herein provided, or shall wilfully or knowingly make a false statement in regard to the amount of fee already received, shall be deemed guilty of a high misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall for every such offence be fined not exceeding $1,000, or be confined at hard labor not exceeding two years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Among the petitions presented was one by the Soldiers and Sailors' Reunion Association of southwestern Michigan, asking for the establishment of a branch of the National Soldiers' Home in Michigan—to the Committee on Military Affairs; also, resolutions of the committee and Department Commander of the Grand Army of the Republic of Michigan, of the same purport—to the same committee.

The discussion of the Morrison tariff bill occupied the remainder of the session, speeches in its favor being made by Blount (Ga.) and Jones (Ark.), and against it by Russell (Mass.) and Chace (R. I.)

THURSDAY'S PROCEEDINGS

In the House, on Thursday, Mr. Dibble (S. C.), from the Committee on Public Lands, reported a resolution calling on the Secretary of the Treasury for information relating to the purchase of a site for the public building at Brooklyn, N. Y., and directing that committee to make an investigation into the subject.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the pension appropriation bill. Several amendments to do away with the requirements of the Pension Office as to proof of soundness at date of enlistment were offered, but ruled out on points of order, and the House then proceeded to consider the section reducing the number and compensation of pension agents, and pending action on an amendment proposed by General Rosecrans (Cal.), striking out the provision for the payment of pension agents, and transferring the duties of these officers to the pay department of the army, adjourned. [The substance of the debate will be found in another column.]

FRIDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

In the House, on Friday, on motion of Mr. McMillin (Tenn.), a bill was passed limiting to two years the time within which prosecutions may be instituted against persons charged with violating the internal revenue laws.

The unfinished business coming over from last Friday was the bill to relieve certain soldiers of the late war from the charge of desertion, and after debate it was laid aside with a favorable recommendation. It removes the charge of desertion from the record of soldiers who served in the volunteer service in all cases where it shall be made to appear to the satisfaction of the Secretary of War that such soldiers served faithfully until the expiration of the term of enlistment, or until 1st of May, 1865, but by reason of absence from their command at the time the same was mustered out failed to receive an honorable discharge. It also applies to cases in which it appears that the soldier charged with desertion subsequently enlisted in another regiment and was honorably discharged.

The bill for the relief of Myra Clark Gaines was considered, but without coming to a conclusion thereon the committee arose.

At the evening session the House passed twenty-eight private pension bills.

SATURDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

In the House, on Saturday, the entire session was devoted to the consideration of the bill to establish a department of labor statistics, which was finally passed by a vote of 182 yeas to 19 nays.

It provides for the establishment of a bureau of labor statistics in charge of a commissioner, at a salary of $3,500, who shall acquire all useful information upon the subject of labor, its relation to capital and the means of promoting the material, social, intellectual and moral prosperity of the laboring men and women. He is authorized to employ such force as he may deem necessary for the successful working of the bureau, provided that the total expense shall not exceed $25,000 per annum.

MONDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

In the House, on Monday, among the bills introduced, was one by Mr. Morey (O.), providing that all officers and employees of national military homes shall be selected from volunteer officers, soldiers and sailors.

Mr. Dingley, (Me.) from the Shipping Committee, moved to suspend the rules and pass a bill creating a bureau of navigation in the Treasury Department.

The motion was agreed to and the bill passed—yeas 170, nays 47.

The Warner pension bill was then taken up and passed. [A report of the debate will be found in another column.]

TUESDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

In the House, on Tuesday, a resolution was adopted setting apart the 3d of May for the consideration of a bill amending the Chinese immigration act. The tariff bill was then taken up, and the rest of the session occupied in its consideration.

THE OLD WORLD.

Something About What is Going On in Other Lands Than Ours.

General Gordon has telegraphed to Sir Samuel Baker suggesting that an appeal for $200,000 be made to the millionaires of England and the United States. Sir Evelyn Baring, British minister to Egypt, has been summoned to England. The French government has agreed to support the English proposals for financial reform in Egypt. —— Cholera prevails in India, but it is believed the plague will not break out in Egypt this year.——Word has been received in Madrid from the Governor General of Cuba that Aguero's band has been surrounded.——Crown Prince Rudolph, of Austro-Hungary, denies that his visit to Constantinople is of a political nature.——The Duchess of Edinburgh was delivered of a daughter on the 20th inst. Both mother and child are doing well.——At Edinburgh University, on the 17th inst., honorary degrees were conferred upon United States Minister James Russell Lowell and many others.——Queen Victoria and Princess Beatrice arrived at Darmstadt on the 17th inst.——An English lady at Cairo has offered a reward of £20,000 for the rescue of General Gordon.——Dynamite is being secretly conveyed from France into England.——It is feared that a return of Emperor William's illness may prove fatal.——The prominent Irishmen in Paris are reported to be divided in policy between an active campaign against England with dynamite and an armed revolution, the majority of them disapproving the employment of dynamite.——It is reported that M. de Brazza, the French explorer in the Congo country, has signed a treaty by which all the right bank of the Congo will pass under the protection of France.——Three naval officers have been arrested and imprisoned in St. Petersburg, charged with belonging to the revolutionary party.——Rumors are afloat in Paris that the Pope will seek an asylum in France in case he determines to leave the Vatican.——Many Italian residents of the United States have exhibits at the international exposition in Turin.——Two thousand men, women and children were killed by the Arabs in the massacre near Shendy.

Earthquake Shock in England.

LONDON, April 22.—At 9:30 o'clock this morning an earthquake shock of considerable force was felt in the eastern counties of England. Localities in Essex and Suffolk were the scenes of greatest disturbance. At Ipswich, the capital of Suffolk county, the shock was so severe that the walls of the houses were perceptibly shaken, plates were rattled and bells rung. The people have been thrown into such a state of consternation that business is for the time suspended. The shock was still more severe at Colchester, in Essex. The concussion lasted half a minute.

Did They Steal the Grave?

To the Editor NATIONAL TRIBUNE:

I find in the *National Funeral Director*, published in St. Louis, the following article, copied from the *Boston Traveller:*

The regiment in the Army of the Cumberland known as the "Indiana Jaybawkers" was about as proficient as any we had, but the 8th Missouri, which was commanded by General Morgan L. Smith, certainly beat anything I ever met. They would steal anything, and it did not make any difference whether they had any use for it or not. When we were in front of Vicksburg they actually stole a grave, and it happened in this way: The 8th Missouri was encamped alongside my command. One of our men died during the night, and I gave orders that a detail be sent to dig a grave. The ground was of hard clay, and it took the men some time to complete their work. They returned to camp, and we took the dead soldier to his last resting place. When we arrived we found the grave filled, and a mound showing that some one had evidently been there. Upon investigation, I afterwards ascertained that one of the 8th Missouri had also died during the night, and that they had waited until my men had finished their work, when they quietly took possession, and actually stole our grave.

Now, I was acting adjutant of the 8th Missouri at the time the above alleged theft is said to have occurred, and know whereof I speak. I know not who the author of the above extract may be, but I deem it but justice to my old comrades of the 8th to pronounce the statement incorrect. I don't know that my explanation will affect the general tenor of the yarn, but do give the boys of the 8th the credit of possessing some common sense. The article alleged to have been "appropriated" was found in the rear of Vicksburg, not in front. The front was all water,—in fact the father of waters—the Mississippi River. As this may become a matter of record, it is as well to be correct. ED. A. WARE,

BROWNSVILLE, Mo. 8th Mo.

[This is one of the cases in which the rear of a city became its front, greatly to the disgust of General Pemberton.—ED.]

At the conference of the anthracite coal companies in New York on the 17th inst. it was decided to restrict coal production during the year according to the demand of consumption. Companies are to suspend first seven days, and then three days. The first suspension will be May 5 to 10, inclusive; then May 23, 24 and 25, and the next shall be in June three days first, and then one week.

PITH OF THE NEWS.

Capital Topics--Crimes and Casualties. Personal and Political.

The House Committee on Military Affairs on the 21st inst. instructed Representative Rosecrans to report favorably a joint resolution providing for the appointment of William B. Franklin, of Connecticut; John C. Black, of Illinois, and Thomas W. Hyde, of Maine, to fill vacancies in the board of managers of the National Soldiers' Home. On motion of Representative Murray, of Ohio, Chairman Rosecrans was instructed to lay before the president of the board of managers the complaints made by prominent men of Dayton against Governor Patrick, of the Soldiers' Home at Dayton, Ohio. If the board does not deem the complaints against him sufficient to justify his removal, the committee will ask an investigation of the management of the Dayton Home by the House. The complaints are that Governor Patrick is overbearing in his manner, and that his discipline is too severe, it being asserted that men are put in the guardhouse for trivial offenses.

The bill introduced in the Senate on the 16th inst. by Mr. Sabin to revive the grade of general of the army provides that the President be authorized to nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to appoint a general of the army, and in the same manner to fill any vacancy that may occur in the office of lieutenant-general of the army through the death, resignation, retirement, or promotion of the present lieutenant-general, (Sheridan).

The House Committee on Territories, on the 18th inst., by a vote of seven to five, adopted a substitute offered by Mr. Alexander to Mr. Cassidy's bill providing for the appointment by the President of a commission to govern Utah. The substitute makes the solemnization of a marriage when either party to be married has a husband or wife living a misdemeanor punishable by imprisonment in jail not less than six months nor more than twelve.

The Secretary of the Navy issued, on the 17th inst., in accordance with the resolution recently adopted by both Houses of Congress, a proclamation offering $25,000 reward for the discovery and rescue by any private person or vessel of the Arctic Signal Service party of Lieutenant Greely.

At a meeting, on the 17th inst., of the House Committee on Law Respecting the Election of President and Vice-President a proposition to limit to twelve months the time during which a Cabinet officer may perform the duties of President was acted upon favorably.

The Washington Monument will be completed some time this fall, and it is intended to celebrate the event with imposing ceremonies. It is understood that Speaker Carlisle will be asked to deliver an oration.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

Tobe Turner, the murderer of Shuttles, was taken to Greenville, Ga., on the 27th inst., to be hanged. His clothing was entirely changed, so that no poison might be concealed about him, but he was allowed to keep a small silk handkerchief. He told the sheriff that he had tried several times to commit suicide, but was sorry, as he loved Jesus and would go to Heaven. The sheriff left him alone a moment, but returning to tell him that his father, mother and sister wanted to see him, found him dead with the handkerchief tied tightly around his neck. His mother fell across the body, exclaiming: "Have you really gone to Jesus? They have not had a chance to put a rope around that dear neck. You have beat them at last."

Between thirty and forty Hungarians and Poles employed at the Edgar Thompson Steel Works, at Braddock, Pa., engaged in a bloody riot on the morning of the 17th. Pistols, knives, clubs, and every conceivable weapon were brought into service and freely used. The fight lasted two hours, and when finally quelled by the citizens, who were compelled to organize a vigilance committee to suppress the riot, it was found that three men had sustained serious injuries, and that a number of others were slightly hurt.

John G. Telford, a passenger on the Iron Mountain Road from Pine Bluff, Ark., en route to Ireland, was robbed of $17,500 while on a train near Poplar Bluff, Mo., on the 17th inst., by C. M. Dennett. The robber was arrested on the train and the money was found.

The grand jury of Yankton, Dakota, have found two indictments against Gov. Ordway charging him with corruption in county organization.

E. B. Hollister, a justice of the peace at Hollisterville, Wayne county, Pa., has been arrested for receiving illegal pension fees.

POLITICAL.

The Illinois Republican convention was held at Peoria on the 16th inst., and was called to order by Chairman A. M. Jones, of the State central committee, who said, among other things, that Illinois had nominated the martyred Lincoln as her first President of the United States, and it was probable that the Chicago convention would nominate another soldier citizen of Illinois whose name began with the same letter. [Cheers.] Hon. Richard J. Oglesby was nominated for governor and General J. C. Smith for lieutenant-governor. Resolutions were adopted by the convention requesting the district delegates and instructing the delegates-at-large to vote for the nomination of General Logan to the Presidency at the national convention.

The Pennsylvania Republican State convention met at Harrisburg on the 16th inst. and passed a resolution declaring "that James G. Blaine is the choice of the Republicans of Pennsylvania for President, and Robert T. Lincoln for Vice-President, and that the delegates at large this day elected be, and they are hereby, instructed to vote for them so long as their names shall be before the convention, and to use all honorable means to secure their nomination." If Arthur is a candidate on the first ballot the vote of the Pennsylvania delegation will be seventeen for Arthur and forty-three for Blaine. Blaine has twenty-four votes through thick and thin in Pennsylvania, including Grow.

The New Jersey Republican State convention met on the 17th inst. at Trenton. Ex-Secretary Robeson was defeated for delegate-at-large. The sentiment for Blaine was so publicly expressed and so clearly outspoken that no instructions were given the delegates. The platform indorses the administration of President Arthur, and demands that the policy of protecting home industries supported by the Republican party be continued.

The Indiana Republican convention met at Indianapolis on the 17th inst. The following were elected delegates-at-large: Senators Benjamin Harrison and Richard W. Thompson by acclamation, and Hon. John H. Baker, of Goshen, and Morris McDonald, of New Albany. The delegation is uninstructed, and without express preferences.

The Alabama Republican convention, which met at Montgomery on the 16th inst., passed resolutions indorsing President Arthur's administration. Nineteen of the twenty delegates to the Chicago convention will vote for him on the first ballot. Their second choice is Senator Logan.

The Tennessee Republican convention met at Nashville on the 17th inst. The resolutions indorse President Arthur and his administration. Of the twenty-four delegates selected, all are for Arthur except two, Congressman Pettibone and William Elliott.

The Delaware Republican convention at Dover on the 17th inst. was controlled by the Blaine and county-rights Republicans. The Stalwarts were defeated for the first time in ten years, and the party organization was changed and popularized.

It is understood among his intimate friends that Secretary Chandler is excessively chagrined because of his failure to be chosen as a delegate from New Hampshire to the National Republican convention.

The South Carolina Republican convention met at Charleston, S. C., on the 16th inst. The delegation to Chicago is uninstructed, but a resolution was passed indorsing President Arthur's administration.

The Democratic State convention of Oregon has adopted resolutions favoring Tilden and Hendricks as the choice of the Democrats of Oregon for President and Vice-President respectively.

Ex-Senator McDonald was formally announced as a candidate for the Presidency by the Indiana Democratic Association of Washington at a meeting held on the night of the 17th inst.

PERSONAL.

The Wendell Phillips memorial services, which were held at Tremont Temple, Boston, on the 18th inst., attracted a notable audience. The assembly comprised many of the fellow-workers of the deceased orator. Among those present were the members of the city council, the heads of the city departments, the school committee, several ex-mayors of Boston, Governor Robinson and staff, the Governor's council, justices of the supreme and superior courts and United States court, Justices Gray, Lowell and Nelson. The old abolition party was represented by Elizur Wright, L. M. Alcott, Rev. A. A. Miner, Samuel Longfellow, T. W. Higginson, Abbey W. May, Rev. Jas. Freeman Clark, Julia W. Howe, Wm. Lloyd Garrison, Wm. B. Blackwell and John G. Whittier. An eloquent eulogy on the career and character of Mr. Phillips was delivered by Geo. Wm. Curtis.

The New York *World* is devoting some attention to the condition in which Mrs. Woolley, wife of the late Gen. John Woolley, is said to have been found in that city a few days ago by an old friend of the family. Mrs. Woolley, the paper states, was found in a cellar, without food or any means whatever. During the war she was well known in Baltimore and Washington society. Her husband was provost marshal of the Baltimore district during the war, and had his office in the Johnson Building, Calvert and Fayette streets. He was well known in Baltimore. A daughter of Mrs. Woolley is said to be the wife of a wealthy New Yorker. Mrs. Woolley, the *World* says, is now in Baltimore, but her address is withheld.

The War Department on the 17th forwarded to General Winfield S. Hancock, U. S. A., a communication informing him of his election as a member of the organization established in Madrid, Spain, under the name of Centro del Ejercito y de la Armada (Army and Navy Center). The communication is signed by Don Jose de Santatices, president of that body, and who is one of the most distinguised generals of the Spanish army. The organization is under the protection of King Don Alfonso XII, and is the most genuine representative of the interests of the army and navy of Spain.

Miss Maud Manning, daughter of Chief Justice Manning, of Louisiana, and G. W. Compton eloped from Alexandria, La., and were married on the 19th inst. They were followed by the young lady's mother and two gentlemen. The couple managed to elude their pursuers by changing cars three times, but were finally caught, locked up in a box-car of a freight train and taken to Marshall, Tex., where the mother discovered they were married.

Ex-Gov. Thomas A. Hendricks and wife arrived home on the 16th inst. from Europe, having been gone just four months. A serenade and reception was tendered them at night by several hundred citizens, irrespective of politics. Mr. Hendricks was introduced by ex-Senator McDonald in a complimentary speech, and spoke half an hour exclusively on his travels. Politics were not alluded to by either gentleman.

Henry George arrived at New York on the 20th from England on board the Oregon. The steamer landed its passengers at the dock about 7 o'clock in the morning, and there were only a few friends of Mr. George present to welcome his return.

Captain Rodney Foos, adjutant of the 79th Ohio regiment in the war, clerk of the supreme court of Ohio for two terms, executive clerk for Gov. Hayes and private secretary for Gov. Young, died at Xenia on the 20th, aged 46.

Thompson G. Appleton, brother-in-law of Henry G. Longfellow and brother of Captain Nathan Appleton, died in Boston on the 17th inst. He was a noted critic and art connoisseur.

Hon. Dwight Foster, ex-attorney-general of Massachusetts, ex-justice of the supreme court, and one of the best known members of the Boston bar, is dead.

General Adam Badeau, who recently resigned the consul generalship at Havana, arrived in New York on the 21st inst. by the steamer Newport.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL.

The excitement of the new gold discoveries at Mt. Pisgah, near Pike's Peak, is becoming intense. A thousand men are already in camp there, and others are flocking from all directions. The Miners' Union has formed a district named the Golden Valley, and hundreds of claims have been staked off. Several large companies are being formed in Denver, and leading mining men are becoming convinced that the discoveries are genuine and the most important in the history of the State.

The annual report of the Massachusetts State board of agriculture shows that a very small part of the milk sold in Boston is genuine. It is for the most part skimmed, extended with water, recolored with caramel, and it is often treated with boracic acid, that it may be kept in the dealer's possession longer than it would be possible if it was in its natural condition.

It is announced that the Susquehanna and Clearfield Railroad, a line twenty-two miles long, extending from Kittanning, on the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, to Karthons, a point in the Shoe coal regions, will be opened for traffic on May 1. It will be operated as a part of the middle division of the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad.

The second annual exhibition of the Women's Silk Culture Association of the United States was opened on the 21st inst. in Horticultural Hall, Philadelphia. The process of silk manufacture from the work of the worm to the finished fabric is shown.

Twenty-one Mormon missionaries and 400 Mormon emigrants arrived in New York on the 19th, from Europe, and left on the following Monday for Utah. Since the 19th, sixteen ships with more than 10,000 immigrants have arrived at New York.

Cuticura

A POSITIVE CURE for every form of SKIN & BLOOD DISEASE, FROM PIMPLES to SCROFULA

ITCHING, Scaly, Pimply, Scrofulous, Inherited, Contagious, and Copper Colored Diseases of the Blood, Skin, and Scalp, with loss of Hair, are positively cured by the CUTICURA REMEDIES.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new blood purifier, cleanses the blood and perspiration of impurities and poisonous elements, and removes the cause.

CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure, instantly allays Itching and Inflammation, clears the Skin and Scalp, heals Ulcers and Sores, and restores the Hair.

CUTICURA SOAP, an exquisite Skin Beautifier and Toilet Requisite, prepared from CUTICURA, is indispensable in treating Skin Diseases, Baby Humors, Skin Blemishes, Chapped and Oily Skin.

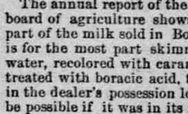
CUTICURA REMEDIES are absolutely pure and the only infallible Blood Purifiers and Skin Beautifiers.

Sold everywhere. Price, Cuticura, 50 cents; Soap, 25 cents; Resolvent, $1. Prepared by POTTER DRUG AND CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON, MASS.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases."

Mention The National Tribune.

J. HOWARD FOOTE,
31 and 33 Maiden Lane, New York,
and 250 and 252 Wabash Avenue, Chicago.



THE CURTIS HIT

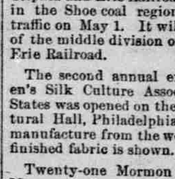
Headquarters for Band Instruments, Cymbals, Drums, Fifes, Bugles, and all fittings for Grand Army Posts, Campaign Clubs, etc. Send 3 cent stamp for elegant illustrated catalogue.

CORNET.

Mention The National Tribune.

R. U. GOING to buy a new HARNESS? If so, *get* send to KING & CO., Owego, N. Y., for new Illustrated Catalogue.

Mention The National Tribune.



25 YEARS IN THE POULTRY YARD

108 Pages. Teaches you to raise, care for, feed, and be a "successful poultryman!" how to prevent diseases of old or young, and have hens to lay eggs. 25 cts. in stamps, and a Fifty Page Book "free for all" with it.

A. M. LANG,
Cove Dale, Lewis Co., Ky.

Mention The National Tribune.

FAMILY PORTRAITS. All kinds of pictures CRAYON, INDIA INK, WATER COLORS or OIL. Send stamp for price-list. J. A. SHEPARD, Lakeside Bldg. Chicago.

Mention The National Tribune.

PHOTOS.—1 set of 8 genuine Photos, 50c.; 3 sets, $1.00. E. T. SHAW, Beverly, Mass.

Mention The National Tribune.

HALL'S
Vegetable Sicilian
HAIR RENEWER

was the first preparation perfectly adapted to cure diseases of the scalp, and the first successful restorer of faded or gray hair to its natural color, growth, and youthful beauty. It has had many imitators, but none have so fully met all the requirements needful for the proper treatment of the hair and scalp.

HALL'S HAIR RENEWER has steadily grown in favor, and spread its fame and usefulness to every quarter of the globe.

Its unparalleled success can be attributed to but one cause; *the entire fulfilment of its promises.*

The proprietors have often been surprised at the receipt of orders from remote countries, where they had never made an effort for its introduction.

The use for a short time of HALL'S HAIR RENEWER wonderfully improves the personal appearance. It cleanses the scalp from all impurities, cures all humors, fever, and dryness, and thus prevents baldness. It stimulates the weakened glands, and enables them to push forward a new and vigorous growth. The effects of this article are not transient, like those of alcoholic preparations, but remain a long time, which makes its use a matter of economy.

Buckingham's Dye
FOR THE
WHISKERS

Will change the beard to a natural brown, or black, as desired. It produces a permanent color that will not wash away. Consisting of a single preparation, it is applied without trouble.

PREPARED BY

R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

Contents of War Songs.

Arranged for Male Voices. All the Songs have Organ or Piano Accompaniments.

For Anniversaries and Gatherings of Soldiers.

Price, 50 cents in paper; 60 cents in boards; 75 cents in cloth.

Reduction for Quantities. Mailed for Retail Price.

Abraham's Daughter.	Marching thro' Georgia.	Vacant Chair.	Cast thy Burden.
Artillerist's Oath.	Old Shady.	When the cruel war is over.	Consolation.
Babylon is Fallen.	Our flag is there.	We Old Boys.	Cover them over.
Battle Hymn.	Old Folks at Home	When Johnny comes.	Firmly stand.
Brave boys are they.	Poor Old Slave.	We are coming.	How Gentle.
Battle-cry of Freedom.	Picket Guard.	Weeping, Sad and Lonely.	I cannot always trace.
Columbia, the Gem.	Rally Round the Flag.	Who will care for Mother?	Memorial Hymn.
Do they miss me at Home?	Red, White and Blue.	Yankee Doodle.	My Country.
Glory, Hallelujah!	Raw Recruits.	Songs and Hymns for Memorial Day.	Nearer, My God to Thee.
Hail Columbia.	Sherman's March.		Our Native Land.
Just Before the Battle.	Soldier's Farewell.		Our Braves.
Kingdom Coming.	Star Spangled Banner.	America.	Silently, tenderly.
Keep the Camp-fires.	Marching.	American Hymn.	Sleep, Comrades, Sleep.
Massa's in the cold ground.	Tramp, Tramp, Tramp.	Blest be the Ground.	We deck their Graves.

Published by OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.

Mention The National Tribune.

HARPER'S WEEKLY DURING THE WAR.

Now entirely out of print and the plates destroyed. See Messrs. Harper & Bro.'s announcement thereof.

We invite attention of those who have not the files of Harper's Weekly during the war to

HARPER'S PICTORIAL HISTORY OF THE REBELLION.

Same size pages as the weekly, containing 1,000 illustrations that appeared in the war volumes of Harper's Weekly.

2 Volumes, Price (*delivered free of all express charges*), Cloth, $14; Half Turkey Morocco, $20.

Send for descriptive circular. Please mention this paper. Sold by subscription only.

McDONNELL BROTHERS, 113 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

We have room yet for a few good agents.

A WONDERFUL OFFER! $8 Worth for 30 Cents!

OGILVIE'S POPULAR READING, Number Five, contains the following Eight Stories, all complete, each one of which would cost $1 in book form: "JERUSHA RUGG IN SEARCH OF A HUSBAND." Very Funny. By Clara Augusta; "THE LOST BANK NOTE," by Mrs. Henry Wood, author of East Lynne; "ROSE LODGE," by Mrs. Henry Wood; "WEDDED AND PARTED," by Bertha M. Clay; "BY THE NIGHT EXPRESS." "ROUND THE MOON," by Jules Verne; "TOM TIDDLER'S GROUND," by Charles Dickens; "CHRISTIE'S OLD ORGAN," by Mrs. O. F. Walton. All of the above stories, printed in large type, with handsome colored lithograph cover, and chromo frontispiece. Sold by all newsdealers, or mailed to any address, on receipt of 30 cts., by

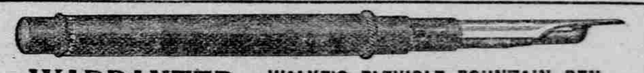
J. S. OGILVIE & CO., Publishers, 31 Rose St., New York.

Mention The National Tribune.

HORSTMANN BROS. & CO.,
Fifth and Cherry Sts., Phila.,
MILITARY, SOCIETY, G. A. R. AND BAND GOODS,
BAND AND G. A. R. EQUIPMENTS A SPECIALTY.
CAPS, EPAULETTES, POMPONS,
HATS, SHOULDER KNOTS, BELTS,
HELMETS, PLUMES, MUSIC POUCHES, &c.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue Free. *Mail Orders and Inquiries Solicited.*

Mention The National Tribune.



WARRANTED.—WALKE'S FLEXIBLE FOUNTAIN PEN.

Patented Dec. 14, '80, and March 27, '83, by H. A. WALKE.

We warrant our pens and will refund price paid us for any pen not entirely satisfactory after ten days trial. Our fountain holders are made of the best hard rubber. Absolutely certain in flow and action. We make, for use in these holders, different styles 16 karat gold pens, diamond pointed, iridium and silver, diamond pointed, and various styles of superior steel pens, gold plated; all of which are perfect as fountain, or dipping pens. Used and approved in every civilized country in the world. Descriptive price-list and terms free. Address, The WALKE PEN M'F'G CO., Hamilton, Ohio, U. S. A.

Mention The National Tribune.

THE NEW SPECULATION

Petroleum vs. Stocks.

Why Wall Street is Running to Oil.

JOHN A. DODGE & CO., BANKERS AND BROKERS, No. 12 WALL STREET, NEW YORK, will send FREE on application their new book giving a complete history of the Petroleum trade, showing why dealers in OIL have been making money while operators in stocks have been losing.

Mention The National Tribune.

THE DEUCE IT IS!

We will mail you without cost one set of good Black Face Dominoes on receipt of 9 cents in postage stamps. Address THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 182 Fulton St., New York City.

Mention The National Tribune.

LADIES!

Nentro-Piliene, *only* Hair Solvent known. *Permanently dissolves* superfluous hair, *root and branch* in five minutes, *without pain, discoloration or injury.* Cleopatra's Secret develops the Bust to proportions of perfect nature. Safe and certain. Sent 2 stamps for particulars. THE UNIVERSITY CHEMICAL PREPARATION WORKS, 2698 S. 6th St. Phila. Pa.

Mention The National Tribune.

LADIES Can secure Profitable Employment at Home selling DR. SCOTT'S Electric Corsets. Satisfaction Guaranteed. For terms, Address Dr. GEO. A. SCOTT, 842 BROADWAY, New York City.

Mention The National Tribune.

UNIQUE, CURIOUS

and useful things that you cannot buy in your own town. Illustrated catalogue and price list, free by mail for 10 cts. in stamps. A. B. SMITH, Box 988, New York City.

Mention The National Tribune.

PAYSON'S PERFECTION INK Is the BEST. No preparation. Used with any *clean pen* for marking any fabric. Popular for decorative work on linen. Received Centennial MEDAL & Diploma. Established 50 years. Sold by all Druggists, Stationers & News Agt's.

Mention The National Tribune.

BIRCH'S WILL WIND AND WATCH AND NOT WEAR OUT

SOLD by watchmakers. By mail 25c. Circulars free. J. S. Bunce & Co., 26 Dey St., N. Y.

Mention The National Tribune.

WONDERS OF MUSICAL OPTICAL ELECTRICAL, MECHANICAL, &c. FREE BY MAMMOTH CATALOGUE HARBACH ORGANINA CO. Philadn. Pa

Mention The National Tribune.

3 POCKET KNIVES FREE!

Send 48 cents for 6 months subscription to the "Home Guest," our popular Illustrated Magazine, and we will mail you postpaid, 1 Elegant 4-blade Pearl Handle Genuine silver Up Knife (use cut) 1 Ivory or Tortoise Handle one-blade Knife, and 1 Double Knife with Toothpick attachment, all free as a present. Pub. HOME GUEST, Hartford, Conn.

Mention The National Tribune.

ALL FOR 16 CENTS!

To introduce our goods into every home we will send free to any one who will send 16 cents to pay Postage, packing, &c., our Premium Gift Collection. It contains 16 pretty pieces of famous man, Vanderbilt, Gould, Cladin, &c., 16 portraits of celebrated actresses and stage beauties, 26 embossing and needle work designs, 40 popular songs, instrumental, pathetic and comic, including "When the Leaves Begin to Turn," "Sweet Violet," "Oh, Clouds Roll By," "We Never Speak as We Pass By," &c., 19 tricks in magic, 30 popular and amusing parlor games, 21 amusing chemical experiments, 50 amusing riddles, charades, enigmas and puzzles, 9 illustrated recipes, 86 practical cooking and other receipts, 28 money making receipts, and a 8-p. illustrated book of ornaments. A collection to 1 address, 50 cts. Address DARBOCK & CO., Centerbrook, Conn.

Mention The National Tribune.

BEATTY PIPE ORGAN 2 Blow Pedals, 25 Stops, in perfect order, warranted only $46.67 F.S. Parlor, Chapel and Cottage Organs, at Bargains. Pianofortes Grand, Square &