

National Tribune Patterns.

A Boy's Night Shirt.

No. 2186—The one-piece dress for boys and girls is a great favorite and very practical. The one shown is made in challis, with trimmings of white and blue. The tucks at either side of the



front and back give a sturdy appearance to the wearer and add fullness to the skirt. A choice of two sleeves is given, the long one finished with tucks and the elbow length puff completed with a band. Any of the soft worsteds or washing fabrics are suitable. For the medium size 3/4 yards of 36-inch goods are needed.

No. 2186—sizes, 6 to 14 years. A Boy's Night Shirt. No. 2184—A great many mothers like to make their boys' night shirts, as they find that they wear longer and give better satisfaction in every way than the store-made ones. A night shirt

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A Simple Morning Sack.

No. 2293—What a luxury it is to don a loose sack in the morning when one does not like to put on a cumbersome waist. Then, too, there is the evening when one is weary after the day's duties and longs for looseness and comfort in her clothing. One model for a sack



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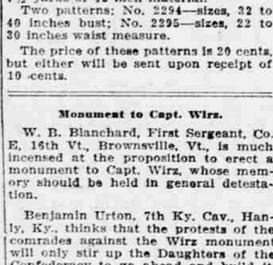


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PENSION DECISIONS.

Fee—Duplicate Declarations—Practice—Order 74.

An attorney who files a declaration for increase shortly after the medical examination has been held in a prior claim in behalf of the pensioner and before his application is not entitled to a new declaration unless a medical examination has been held in a prior claim on the basis of proceedings in which increase of rate is allowed. (120, 6-7-06.)

Fee—Attorneyship—Practice—Medical Examination.

When in an invalid claim for increase the Bureau issues a call for the filing of evidence showing that claimant's disability has increased before a medical examination is ordered, and no evidence is filed in response to said call, there is filed in behalf of the claimant another declaration for increase, then the claim in which said call is issued is to be reopened and the Bureau is to conduct a medical examination, unless there was on file in the claim at the time of the issue of said call medical evidence tending to show that claimant's disability had increased which had not been considered by the Bureau. (121, 6-7-06.)

Marriage—Kansas—Act of August 7, 1882—Impediment.

Until the courts of Kansas definitely hold otherwise, it will be held, in pension adjudications, that the fact that a marriage in that State, contracted formally and in good faith, is presumed to be valid, notwithstanding the fact that the former marriage, and such presumption can be overcome only by proof that the former husband or wife was then living, and was, in fact, not divorced from the party remarrying. (122, 6-12-06.)

The Chalmette Monument.

Editor National Tribune: I observe that Comrade John W. Bresson, of the 1st Iowa, in a recent issue, inquires regarding the Chalmette monument. I have seen it repeatedly, as I have made some 15 visits through the South since I left the Army, and have been to New Orleans upon more or less of these visits. I affirm that no one can know accurately what the actual sentiment of the people is, merely passing through its cities and towns by railway. In order to know it one has to walk on foot over long distances of its country, from town to town, talk with the people, and hear what their views are upon present conditions and their relations to the General Government. This I have done. I know them pretty well, but the edge of these things has been in no other way. I saw the monument inquired after for the first time about 1891. Its height, as I recollect, was about 40 or 45 feet, and it stood on pillars upon which it is erected. I am positive that it was not more than 50 feet in height. It is called "Jackson's Monument" and it is doubtless designed to commemorate the battle fought near there on the 8th of January, 1815, with the Iron Hero, who declared, "The Federal Union; it must be preserved" and this he repeated over and over. As it appeared then, uninclosed, unprotected, marred, defaced, it presented a most uninviting, not to say revolting, appearance. But the last time I was there it had been improved and what "The Daughters of the American Revolution—the Louisiana Chapter—had caused to be erected a picket fence to exclude stragglers from the base, and also had had an immense quantity of dirt hauled in and deposited around the base, as high as the top of the pillars, and the name had been tastefully and in large letters from the base to the distant ground, so that there was presented to the eye four sides, each substantially the duplicate of the others, with the words "The Chalmette Monument" in large letters on each side. A most attractive way. But still the monument stands as it stood 47 years ago, when they left it, "to the lightning and the gale," while they endeavor to make a name for a Government which was guilty of no offense, but pouring out upon them a continuous seed time and harvest of gracious benedictions. The year that was stamped on the minds of men, I said to some of them: "You have found an abundance of money to rear a lofty column of Carrara marble and surmount it with a great statue of your dead hero, Robert E. Lee, but not a cent for the old hero who came down from his Western home and brot 3,000 of his soldiers with him to the aid of the twelve-year-old and the sacking of your city, with all of the desolations which follow in the train of such a calamitous event."

It may be that the Lee column is to the glory of New Orleans, but Jackson's monument upon the plains of Chalmette is the very evidence of its death—its shame. Let it stand, as it stands today, until the very eyeballs of its citizens become seared in reading the unwritten, though clearly traced story of their own infamy.

I notice also that Comrade E. Chalfant, 1328 Benton Ave., Springfield, Mo., in the same issue appears to doubt the existence of Series 4 of the Records of the Revolution. I have seen Series III and IV, 120 books in all, including index. It will be found just as I stated in my communication to the National Tribune. Comrade Chalfant is right about the matter, but unfortunately I have been absent all of this blessed Summer in the U. S. A. & N. Hospital at Hot Springs, Ark. (and by the way, I wish, so soon as it stands, to tell you about that most beneficent institution—the greatest in the land—and which belongs to the ex-veterans, the soldiers of the Civil War, and the present soldiers of the United States Army, and of which so few of them know little or nothing regarding the blessed work it is doing for them), and only received the letter from you about the monument which I answered at once. He understands it all right now. But still, who will unravel the mystery of David P. Cable? Who?—Frederick Grant, Carston, Ill.

20th Annual Reunion at Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 23 and 24, 1906.

The 29th Annual Reunion of the 7th Pa. Cav. Association will be held at Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 23-24. To enable the Secretary to make proper arrangements for reduced transportation for the requisite number of comrades and families expecting to attend the reunion, please write and state in your letter whether you will or will not attend and mail to Secretary.

The Committee on Publication of the Historical Record of the 7th Pa. Cav. is organized by Col. Wm. F. Sipes and approved by the State Officers will have the History ready for distribution for the Reunion.

The Business Meeting will be held in Post 58 Hall, at 2:30 o'clock p. m., Wednesday, Oct. 24.

F. R. Hutchinson, Secretary and Treasurer, 2159 Wylie Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

The California Veterans.

Editor National Tribune: The following deaths have occurred among the members of the California Volunteer Veteran Association since August, 1905:

Patrick M. Kehoe, Co. A, 1st Inf., Soldiers' Home, Los Angeles; Peter Calder, Co. L, 1st Cav., Woodlands, Cal.; Samuel B. Lovinger, Co. A, 1st Cav., Soldiers' Home, Los Angeles; Abram S. Head, Co. E, 1st Cav., North Light, Mass.; Edward S. McDonald, Co. H, 1st Cav., Soldiers' Home, Los Angeles; Stephen Carpenter, Co. E, 7th Inf., Soldiers' Home, Los Angeles; Reuben A. Hill, Co. I, 1st Inf., Fresno, Cal.; E. E. Rapley, Co. K, 8th Inf., National Home, Vt.; William Jolly, Co. H, 1st Cav., Soldiers' Home, Los Angeles; John W. Bernard, Co. E, 1st Inf., Baltimore, Md.; Geo. H. Pettis, Providence, R. I.

Picture of Andersonville.

We have still on hand a very few O'Dea's fine large picture of Andersonville, the very best picture of that horrible camp ever published. Many hundreds of them have been sold. We will send a copy of the picture, securely inclosed in a stout tube, for a club of four yearly subscribers. This picture is five feet long and three feet five inches wide, and when framed would make an excellent addition to the furnishings of a parlor room.

Address THE NATIONAL TRIBUNE, Washington, D. C.

REUNIONS.

Gatherings of Old Comrades All Over the Country.

The 15th Vt. will hold its Annual Reunion at G. A. R. Hall, St. Johnsbury, Vt., Friday, Sept. 28, at 10 o'clock a. m. All veterans, families and friends are cordially invited. Col. Proctor will likely be present.—J. F. Gleason, Adjutant, Lyndonville, Vt.

The 18th Annual Reunion of the 58th Pa. will be held at New Albany, Pa., Sept. 29. Good accommodations will be provided for all, and it is hoped that all members that can will be present.—Joseph T. Hested, President, New Albany, Pa.

The 29th Annual Reunion of the 9th Ill. Cav. will be held at Grand Army Hall, Michigan Ave. and Randolph Street, Chicago, Ill., Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 26 and 27.—W. H. Hecker, President, 1014 Prairie, Ind.; E. A. Danziger, Treasurer.

The 50th Ill. will hold its Annual Reunion Oct. 11 and 12, at Quincy, Ill. The 3d Mo. Cav., 16th Ill., 27th Ill., 84th Ill. and 137th Ill. will hold Reunions on the same date at Quincy, uniting in a banquet and a great banquet. The following officers were elected: President, Lewis W. Smith, Hartford; Vice Presidents, Edward H. Horwath, Hartford, and Richard M. Thompson, and Samuel Huribut, Manchester; Assistant Secretary, E. K. Bradley; Permanent Secretary and Treasurer, George S. Smith, Niantic.

The 24th Annual Reunion of Morton Rifles will be held at Montpelier, Ind., Friday, Oct. 11 and 12.—C. E. Porter, Secretary, Lincolnville, Ind.

The Pennsylvania Reserve Monument. About 500 survivors of the 3d, 4th, 7th and 8th Pa. Reserves gathered on Antietam field on the 44th Anniversary of the great battle to dedicate the monument to the memory of the War Department. Members of the Philadelphia Brigade and Pickett's Confederate Division, who had been at Gettysburg, went over to Antietam to assist in the ceremonies.

A Maine Comrade in Florida.

Editor National Tribune: Find check for \$1, for renewal of my subscription to the National Tribune. I have taken the National Tribune since it was first published, with the exceptions of a few short breaks. It seems more of a friend to us who live here in the South than it did in the North, for the reason that when we receive The National Tribune we feel that we have a welcome letter from all our comrades who were met on the battlefields, bivouacs and camps, and we look it over carefully to see if there is a letter from Comrade Bill who lost a leg at Chancellorsville, or Comrade Charley who lost his good right arm at Gettysburg. In fact, it puts us into direct contact with all the boys that took an active part in those dark days of the 60's, when we made such a sacrifice and struggle for our Nation's life.

I am also very glad to say that the boys that were the gray and getting older in The National Tribune, and what it has to say about the days that tried men's souls. Our Kit Carson comes here in doing the work and adding new members to our roll every meeting. We also have a Blue and Gray Battalion here, where we get together and talk of the days of long ago with good results; so much so that there is no place in Dixie where patriotism and love and respect for Old Glory predominates as it does in our little city on the Gulf of Mexico, in fact, St. Petersburg and Veteran City, this little directly west of here five miles on the Gulf, which has connections by trolley, are getting to be headquarters for the Union and Confederate soldiers. The Government has just established a post office there to be called "Veteran," and I predict that in the near future you will be sending more National Tribunes to Veteran than to any other city in the Southland. Very respectfully yours—J. F. Chase, Cannonier of the 5th Me. Battery, Post Department Commander Department of Florida, St. Petersburg, Fla.

"A Clerical Error."

Editor National Tribune: Not knowing how extensive my case may find range with the volunteer soldier of the country, my object in writing is to find in the columns of The National Tribune, giving the full, entire meaning of the term "Clerical Error," and who is responsible when error is transacted within the walls of the Pension Bureau in Washington.

A handsome letter package received from Commissioner H. C. Evans—a registered letter—contains an expected pleasure, reading as it does: "An increase of \$4 per month has been received by you per month from May 10, 1882, to June 14, 1887. The excess paid you for the month of June is a clerical error. You are informed that payments will be withheld until a sum amounting sufficient to reimburse the Government for the amount erroneously paid to you, viz. \$2 payments from May 10, 1882, to June 14, 1887. (Signed) H. C. Evans, Commissioner."

The above was the result of an application for increase. No pension until the erroneous payments were fully reimbursed to the Government, \$2 per month from May 10, 1882, to June 14, 1887, amounting to \$120.

Pondering over this matter for the meaning of words and their application, I cannot help thinking that the Government is not the volunteer soldier, and that reimbursement should be with interest to him who saved the Union. Who is responsible for clerical errors in the walls of the Pension Office? Is not the Government defeated in its intent of aiding the soldier, by withholding payments for clerical errors of Government clerks and agents?—Benjamin F. Chase, Co. C, 19th Wis., Waukesha, Wis.

The National Tribune's Editorials.

Editor National Tribune: For some time I have been intending to write you a comment on your editorial pages, but have read The National Tribune for 10 years, and I have never yet found a newspaper in America that contained as strong, vigorous and wholly American editorials as found in it. I especially admire the one on Mayor Dunne in the June 14 issue. It is indeed a relief after daily consuming such material as the editorials of a majority of our newspapers are nowadays, to pick up The National Tribune and read good, clear, clean and concise editorial matter. It leads me to believe that such articles as they are written by a soldier.—Frank B. Reid, 51st Iowa, Denver, Colo.

MUSTERED OUT.

HULL—At Evanston, Ill., Aug. 24, 1906, Capt. Andrew B. Hull, private, Co. K, 4th N. Y., and Captain, Co. I, 20th U. S. C. Capt. Hull was a brave soldier, a respected citizen and a loving comrade. He was Adjutant, Junior Grade, of the 20th U. S. C. He was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, and was a member of the National Tribune. He was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, and was a member of the National Tribune. He was a member of the Grand Army of the Republic, and was a member of the National Tribune.

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The 1st Conn. Cav.

The 1st Conn. Cav. Association held its Reunion at Hartford, Aug. 15, with about 80 members present, all of whom wore red neckties, in honor of Custer's Division. They had fine speeches, singing and a great banquet. The following officers were elected: President, Lewis W. Smith, Hartford; Vice Presidents, Edward H. Horwath, Hartford, and Richard M. Thompson, and Samuel Huribut, Manchester; Assistant Secretary, E. K. Bradley; Permanent Secretary and Treasurer, George S. Smith, Niantic.

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A handsome letter package received from Commissioner H. C. Evans—a registered letter—contains an expected pleasure, reading as it does: "An increase of \$4 per month has been received by you per month from May 10, 1882, to June 14, 1887. The excess paid you for the month of June is a clerical error. You are informed that payments will be withheld until a sum amounting sufficient to reimburse the Government for the amount erroneously paid to you, viz. \$2 payments from May 10, 1882, to June 14, 1887. (Signed) H. C. Evans, Commissioner."

The above was the result of an application for increase. No pension until the erroneous payments were fully reimbursed to the Government, \$2 per month from May 10, 1882, to June 14, 1887, amounting to \$120.

Pondering over this matter for the meaning of words and their application, I cannot help thinking that the Government is not the volunteer soldier, and that reimbursement should be with interest to him who saved the Union. Who is responsible for clerical errors in the walls of the Pension Office? Is not the Government defeated in its intent of aiding the soldier, by withholding payments for clerical errors of Government clerks and agents?—Benjamin F. Chase, Co. C, 19th Wis., Waukesha, Wis.

REUNIONS.

The 15th Vt. will hold its Annual Reunion at G. A. R. Hall, St. Johnsbury, Vt., Friday, Sept. 28, at 10 o'clock a. m. All veterans, families and friends are cordially invited. Col. Proctor will likely be present.—J. F. Gleason, Adjutant, Lyndonville, Vt.

The 18th Annual Reunion of the 58th Pa. will be held at New Albany, Pa., Sept. 29. Good accommodations will be provided for all, and it is hoped that all members that can will be present.—Joseph T. Hested, President, New Albany, Pa.

The 29th Annual Reunion of the 9th Ill. Cav. will be held at Grand Army Hall, Michigan Ave. and Randolph Street, Chicago, Ill., Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 26 and 27.—W. H. Hecker, President, 1014 Prairie, Ind.; E. A. Danziger, Treasurer