

THE FAMILE.

By SENORA SARA.

The housekeeper of economical mind should not fail to make a thorough study of these recipes. Moistening a meal and are really nourishing. They contain nitrogenous matter, and are, therefore, a muscle or tissue-building food. Cholesterol is concentrated food, however, and should be eaten in small quantities as a relish rather than the fundamental element of a meal.

The common American cheese is generally supposed to be the most digestible of its family. In reality it is not so easily digested as those which are known as ripe or old cheeses, such as Camembert, Roquefort and Brie. The housewife of systematic habits will stock up her pantry with different cheeses for different purposes. For flavoring, making rackets for the cooking dishes, about the use of a good grade of American cheese or Parmesan. The latter can be bought, ready grated, in bottles.

The best cheeses to serve with salad are the medium rich, such as pineapple, Edam, English dairy and American full cream. The Neufchatel or Philadelphia cream cheese is also served with salad. It is less fatty than the medium rich cheeses mentioned before.

The most popular after-dinner cheeses are Roquefort, Camembert, Stilton, Gorgonzola, all very rich and ripe. Presumably they are all imported cheeses. Quite often, however, they are made in America, and dealers claim to have just as good satisfaction as the imported article.

When cheese is served both with the salad and with the coffee course, it is best to accompany the salad with French dressing is this: Spread thin saltines with a mixture of grated American cheese and butter in the proportion of two tablespoons of cheese to one of butter. Dust lightly with cayenne pepper and stand for a moment or so in a quick oven. For cheese served with the final dinner coffee, there is nothing more appropriate than hard crackers split and toasted a golden brown.

The resourceful housewife will find cheese an excellent part of the time of emergency. If company arrives unexpectedly for dinner a roll of Neufchatel cheese with a glass of guava jelly or the imported bar-le-duc (currants and raisins) makes up a hungry soldier with crackers and coffee. It is an elegant substitute for the more elaborate pudding or rice. If the guava or bar-le-duc are not counted among the pantry supplies any preserved small fruit will do, strawberries preferred.

But it is as a flavoring or garnish for some simply-made dish that cheese finds its most important part in culinary economy. With an otherwise cold supper or a winter's night melted cheese on toast is a welcome hot dish. Lay squares or triangles of melted cheese on a thickly greased platter and cover over thickly with grated cheese. Have the oven very hot, slip the dish upon the top rack and close the door. Watch the cheese until it is browned. As soon as it is melted place the hot platter on another of larger size or on a tray and serve the toasts directly from the platter on which it was cooked.

Cheese balls are delicious when served hot with salad. They call for one cup dry cheese, grated; three drops of Worcestershire sauce; whites of two eggs, well beaten; pinch of salt. Mold into soft balls, roll in bread crumbs, fill wire basket and cook in hot lard until brown.

Cheese cakes to be used for the same purpose are made as follows: One cup flour, pinch of cayenne. Mix with melted butter, roll out as thin as pastry, cut into circles and bake in quick oven a light brown.

A standard dish may sometimes be varied by the addition of a dash of cheese. For instance, a plain broth, such as mutton or veal, is improved by the addition of grated cheese. The latter is not added to the soup while it is in the pot, but a pretty dish of hot, melted, grated cheese stands next to the tureen and a tablespoonful or two is added to the service of each plate.

Who are tired of giving zest to the regulation potato recipes: Cream cold boiled potatoes in the usual manner. Place in a dish and cover with grated cheese. Dot with butter and brown in the oven.

Baked Potatoes with Cheese.—Select potatoes of uniform size and bake. When done cut the skin lengthwise of the potato, remove the contents, and crowd grated cheese into the cavity. Cover the opening with white of egg and brown.

Cheese soufflé is an extremely dainty luncheon or supper dish. It is also used as an entree for dinner. Have ready a quarter of a pound of rich American cheese, grated, put in a quart of water, a double boiler or into a thick pan where it will not burn. Stir in a quart of stale bread crumbs. Beat until the mixture is smooth. Now add the cheese. Cook for a minute, no longer. Season with a dash of cayenne and a little salt. Remove from the fire and add the yolks of four eggs, mix lightly and stir in the well-beaten whites. Bake in a greased stone ware baking dish and bake 10 minutes in a quick oven. Serve directly in the dish in which it was baked.

Very few housekeepers have mastered the art of cooking macaroni with cheese. The article generally offered on the American dinner table is heavy, dry and tastes like a good cheese and macaroni combination of cheese and macaroni is desired, try this recipe.

PENSION POINTERS.

Inquiries Answered and Suggestions Made.

A. B. C.—A wife may draw one-half of her husband's pension if he dies before her for more than six months and she is in possession of the property. A man of good moral character; or she may draw one-half of his pension if he is an inmate of a Soldiers' Home.

Central Branch, National Military Home, Montgomery County, Md. Northwest Branch, National Home, Milwaukee County, Wis. Eastern Branch, National Home, Topeka, Kan.

When an Army pensioner enters a National Home his pension is drawn by the Treasurer of said Home and disbursed for the benefit of the pensioner, without deduction for fines or penalties. The money is disbursed and paid to the pensioner under such conditions as prescribed by the officers of the Home in the best interest of the pensioner and consistent with the discipline of the Home.

J. A. Cleveland, O.—The act of March 2, 1885, provides that a pension check mailed to a pensioner who dies before the expiration of the pension becomes a part of the estate of the deceased pensioner, and is payable to the estate. If an executor or administrator has been appointed, the check and the check and attach thereto a certified copy of letters of administration and forward the same thru a local bank for collection.

When you are tired you are apt to shrink from the exercise you need. A walk or a ride will do you good. Worn-out muscles. A tired girl is not a tired girl. It will not hurt you to get tired, but do not trespass further on your vitality.

To keep the piano keys clean and prevent the discoloration of the ivory, dampen a piece of muslin with alcohol and rub the keys with it. The alcohol can do no damage to the ivory, and if it is frequently applied the keys will stand in no want of other treatment. But if they already have a yellow stain, then try rubbing them with a piece of cotton flannel wet with cologne water. Even old and discolored ivory may be rejuvenated, no matter what the cause of the discoloration may be.

A little ammonia added to the whitening and water with which you clean your silver will improve its appearance wonderfully and quite remove that dull look.

Editor National Tribune: The publication in your issue of Aug. 23 of "Some of the Old Songs" by Theodore F. Allen, of the 7th Ohio Cav., interested me greatly, particularly the song of the civil war period, "Lorena," which was sung so extensively in both the Northern and Southern armies. I wish all the communications in The National Tribune were as original and interesting as Comrade Allen's, and I hope there are more of the same sort waiting. In relation to the song "Lorena," I conceived a great sympathy for it during the civil war. It has been in my mind ever since I was confined in the Confederate prison at Danville there were two big, red-headed members of the 14th N. J., who evidently had not the "extra superfluous" in their vocal accomplishments. They had acquired the song "Lorena," and every day after getting outside of their camp-dodger rations, and giving the "Tidling" their own style, they would put their arms around one another and march up and down the face of our prison, singing "Lorena" until their voices were hoarse.

Editor National Tribune: The publication in your issue of Aug. 23 of "Some of the Old Songs" by Theodore F. Allen, of the 7th Ohio Cav., interested me greatly, particularly the song of the civil war period, "Lorena," which was sung so extensively in both the Northern and Southern armies. I wish all the communications in The National Tribune were as original and interesting as Comrade Allen's, and I hope there are more of the same sort waiting. In relation to the song "Lorena," I conceived a great sympathy for it during the civil war. It has been in my mind ever since I was confined in the Confederate prison at Danville there were two big, red-headed members of the 14th N. J., who evidently had not the "extra superfluous" in their vocal accomplishments. They had acquired the song "Lorena," and every day after getting outside of their camp-dodger rations, and giving the "Tidling" their own style, they would put their arms around one another and march up and down the face of our prison, singing "Lorena" until their voices were hoarse.

Editor National Tribune: The publication in your issue of Aug. 23 of "Some of the Old Songs" by Theodore F. Allen, of the 7th Ohio Cav., interested me greatly, particularly the song of the civil war period, "Lorena," which was sung so extensively in both the Northern and Southern armies. I wish all the communications in The National Tribune were as original and interesting as Comrade Allen's, and I hope there are more of the same sort waiting. In relation to the song "Lorena," I conceived a great sympathy for it during the civil war. It has been in my mind ever since I was confined in the Confederate prison at Danville there were two big, red-headed members of the 14th N. J., who evidently had not the "extra superfluous" in their vocal accomplishments. They had acquired the song "Lorena," and every day after getting outside of their camp-dodger rations, and giving the "Tidling" their own style, they would put their arms around one another and march up and down the face of our prison, singing "Lorena" until their voices were hoarse.

Editor National Tribune: The publication in your issue of Aug. 23 of "Some of the Old Songs" by Theodore F. Allen, of the 7th Ohio Cav., interested me greatly, particularly the song of the civil war period, "Lorena," which was sung so extensively in both the Northern and Southern armies. I wish all the communications in The National Tribune were as original and interesting as Comrade Allen's, and I hope there are more of the same sort waiting. In relation to the song "Lorena," I conceived a great sympathy for it during the civil war. It has been in my mind ever since I was confined in the Confederate prison at Danville there were two big, red-headed members of the 14th N. J., who evidently had not the "extra superfluous" in their vocal accomplishments. They had acquired the song "Lorena," and every day after getting outside of their camp-dodger rations, and giving the "Tidling" their own style, they would put their arms around one another and march up and down the face of our prison, singing "Lorena" until their voices were hoarse.

Editor National Tribune: The publication in your issue of Aug. 23 of "Some of the Old Songs" by Theodore F. Allen, of the 7th Ohio Cav., interested me greatly, particularly the song of the civil war period, "Lorena," which was sung so extensively in both the Northern and Southern armies. I wish all the communications in The National Tribune were as original and interesting as Comrade Allen's, and I hope there are more of the same sort waiting. In relation to the song "Lorena," I conceived a great sympathy for it during the civil war. It has been in my mind ever since I was confined in the Confederate prison at Danville there were two big, red-headed members of the 14th N. J., who evidently had not the "extra superfluous" in their vocal accomplishments. They had acquired the song "Lorena," and every day after getting outside of their camp-dodger rations, and giving the "Tidling" their own style, they would put their arms around one another and march up and down the face of our prison, singing "Lorena" until their voices were hoarse.

Editor National Tribune: The publication in your issue of Aug. 23 of "Some of the Old Songs" by Theodore F. Allen, of the 7th Ohio Cav., interested me greatly, particularly the song of the civil war period, "Lorena," which was sung so extensively in both the Northern and Southern armies. I wish all the communications in The National Tribune were as original and interesting as Comrade Allen's, and I hope there are more of the same sort waiting. In relation to the song "Lorena," I conceived a great sympathy for it during the civil war. It has been in my mind ever since I was confined in the Confederate prison at Danville there were two big, red-headed members of the 14th N. J., who evidently had not the "extra superfluous" in their vocal accomplishments. They had acquired the song "Lorena," and every day after getting outside of their camp-dodger rations, and giving the "Tidling" their own style, they would put their arms around one another and march up and down the face of our prison, singing "Lorena" until their voices were hoarse.

Editor National Tribune: The publication in your issue of Aug. 23 of "Some of the Old Songs" by Theodore F. Allen, of the 7th Ohio Cav., interested me greatly, particularly the song of the civil war period, "Lorena," which was sung so extensively in both the Northern and Southern armies. I wish all the communications in The National Tribune were as original and interesting as Comrade Allen's, and I hope there are more of the same sort waiting. In relation to the song "Lorena," I conceived a great sympathy for it during the civil war. It has been in my mind ever since I was confined in the Confederate prison at Danville there were two big, red-headed members of the 14th N. J., who evidently had not the "extra superfluous" in their vocal accomplishments. They had acquired the song "Lorena," and every day after getting outside of their camp-dodger rations, and giving the "Tidling" their own style, they would put their arms around one another and march up and down the face of our prison, singing "Lorena" until their voices were hoarse.

Editor National Tribune: The publication in your issue of Aug. 23 of "Some of the Old Songs" by Theodore F. Allen, of the 7th Ohio Cav., interested me greatly, particularly the song of the civil war period, "Lorena," which was sung so extensively in both the Northern and Southern armies. I wish all the communications in The National Tribune were as original and interesting as Comrade Allen's, and I hope there are more of the same sort waiting. In relation to the song "Lorena," I conceived a great sympathy for it during the civil war. It has been in my mind ever since I was confined in the Confederate prison at Danville there were two big, red-headed members of the 14th N. J., who evidently had not the "extra superfluous" in their vocal accomplishments. They had acquired the song "Lorena," and every day after getting outside of their camp-dodger rations, and giving the "Tidling" their own style, they would put their arms around one another and march up and down the face of our prison, singing "Lorena" until their voices were hoarse.

Editor National Tribune: The publication in your issue of Aug. 23 of "Some of the Old Songs" by Theodore F. Allen, of the 7th Ohio Cav., interested me greatly, particularly the song of the civil war period, "Lorena," which was sung so extensively in both the Northern and Southern armies. I wish all the communications in The National Tribune were as original and interesting as Comrade Allen's, and I hope there are more of the same sort waiting. In relation to the song "Lorena," I conceived a great sympathy for it during the civil war. It has been in my mind ever since I was confined in the Confederate prison at Danville there were two big, red-headed members of the 14th N. J., who evidently had not the "extra superfluous" in their vocal accomplishments. They had acquired the song "Lorena," and every day after getting outside of their camp-dodger rations, and giving the "Tidling" their own style, they would put their arms around one another and march up and down the face of our prison, singing "Lorena" until their voices were hoarse.

SARATOGA FOR THE NEXT ENCAMPMENT.

Committee and the People Say the Place is Well Equipped for Giving Proper Entertainment.

Editor National Tribune: In justice to ourselves and our comrades all over the country I write you, viz: We feel there is a great injustice being done to Saratoga by articles in various papers in regard to the selection of Saratoga as the next place for holding the National Encampment of the G. A. R. in 1907. These articles were written by people who have never been to our beautiful village but are unjustly by writing articles before informing themselves. If by people who have been here, it then would be in the eyes of many people who would like to come to this famous resort, but these nefarious articles look to them as being true.

In regard to the matter of transportation, we know our facilities are more than adequate to handle all that come. The opportunity of attending the Encampment will be given to all who wish to fulfill every promise given by the committee at Minneapolis. There has been no place that the comrades could not afford to come. We have now on our list of accommodations more than 10,000 beds, and from which, to my knowledge, has never been equaled in any place where the Encampment has been held heretofore.

Inclosed find an editorial from one of our newspapers, which is a very good one. It is a village is better prepared to take care of a gathering than many of the larger cities. You can have this village in the heart of the Adirondacks, and it is as good as G. A. R. comrades. Yours in F. C. and L. R. S. R. Elmington, Commander, Wheeler Post, 92, Saratoga, N. Y.

Abundant Railroad Trust.

Taking the position that Saratoga is unable to entertain the Grand Army of the Republic, the Railroad Trust has thrown itself open to a fair challenge not only of its motives, but of its honesty or intelligence. Saratoga has on frequent occasions shown that it is not only able to entertain a large gathering than New York City itself, the largest city in the Western Hemisphere and the second city in size in the world, but that it has ample accommodations for horse accommodation that New York has to offer extra guests in the Fall knows why this is so. During the season of the year, Saratoga has an ordinary traveler to get accommodations in the biggest city in the country. The reason for this is that the great city has a floating population. It is estimated that at least 400,000 strangers are in New York City every day of the year, and this natural excess of population so occupies the hotels that to three, 60,000 or 40,000 extra people into that great city often overflows it, even the popular impression is that its capacity is exhausted. The same fact is true in other cities, in particular, is not noted for the size or number of its hotels, nor for its accommodations for the great numbers of strangers who visit its commercial importance, and for its crowded business conditions.

The Grand Army has frequently held camps at Saratoga, in place of the restricted railroad facilities that Saratoga, for instance, years ago, when the membership was much larger and more active than it is now. In September, 1892, when the Grand Army of the Republic held at Portland, Me., Portland was then a city of 40,000 inhabitants, with meager hotel and private-house accommodations covered by Saratoga, situated at a single railroad station, with capacity than the D. & H., and yet there was no complaint of its entertainment of the Grand Army. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Louisville and other cities of the third or fourth class again and again, and to advance now the argument that it is impossible to hold an Encampment for reduced membership in Saratoga carries its dishonesty on its face.

As a matter of fact, Saratoga is better equipped to take care of a big crowd of soldiers and thousands of civilians than any other city in the country. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Saratoga, in place of the restricted railroad facilities that Saratoga, for instance, years ago, when the membership was much larger and more active than it is now. In September, 1892, when the Grand Army of the Republic held at Portland, Me., Portland was then a city of 40,000 inhabitants, with meager hotel and private-house accommodations covered by Saratoga, situated at a single railroad station, with capacity than the D. & H., and yet there was no complaint of its entertainment of the Grand Army. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Louisville and other cities of the third or fourth class again and again, and to advance now the argument that it is impossible to hold an Encampment for reduced membership in Saratoga carries its dishonesty on its face.

As a matter of fact, Saratoga is better equipped to take care of a big crowd of soldiers and thousands of civilians than any other city in the country. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Saratoga, in place of the restricted railroad facilities that Saratoga, for instance, years ago, when the membership was much larger and more active than it is now. In September, 1892, when the Grand Army of the Republic held at Portland, Me., Portland was then a city of 40,000 inhabitants, with meager hotel and private-house accommodations covered by Saratoga, situated at a single railroad station, with capacity than the D. & H., and yet there was no complaint of its entertainment of the Grand Army. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Louisville and other cities of the third or fourth class again and again, and to advance now the argument that it is impossible to hold an Encampment for reduced membership in Saratoga carries its dishonesty on its face.

As a matter of fact, Saratoga is better equipped to take care of a big crowd of soldiers and thousands of civilians than any other city in the country. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Saratoga, in place of the restricted railroad facilities that Saratoga, for instance, years ago, when the membership was much larger and more active than it is now. In September, 1892, when the Grand Army of the Republic held at Portland, Me., Portland was then a city of 40,000 inhabitants, with meager hotel and private-house accommodations covered by Saratoga, situated at a single railroad station, with capacity than the D. & H., and yet there was no complaint of its entertainment of the Grand Army. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Louisville and other cities of the third or fourth class again and again, and to advance now the argument that it is impossible to hold an Encampment for reduced membership in Saratoga carries its dishonesty on its face.

As a matter of fact, Saratoga is better equipped to take care of a big crowd of soldiers and thousands of civilians than any other city in the country. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Saratoga, in place of the restricted railroad facilities that Saratoga, for instance, years ago, when the membership was much larger and more active than it is now. In September, 1892, when the Grand Army of the Republic held at Portland, Me., Portland was then a city of 40,000 inhabitants, with meager hotel and private-house accommodations covered by Saratoga, situated at a single railroad station, with capacity than the D. & H., and yet there was no complaint of its entertainment of the Grand Army. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Louisville and other cities of the third or fourth class again and again, and to advance now the argument that it is impossible to hold an Encampment for reduced membership in Saratoga carries its dishonesty on its face.

As a matter of fact, Saratoga is better equipped to take care of a big crowd of soldiers and thousands of civilians than any other city in the country. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Saratoga, in place of the restricted railroad facilities that Saratoga, for instance, years ago, when the membership was much larger and more active than it is now. In September, 1892, when the Grand Army of the Republic held at Portland, Me., Portland was then a city of 40,000 inhabitants, with meager hotel and private-house accommodations covered by Saratoga, situated at a single railroad station, with capacity than the D. & H., and yet there was no complaint of its entertainment of the Grand Army. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Louisville and other cities of the third or fourth class again and again, and to advance now the argument that it is impossible to hold an Encampment for reduced membership in Saratoga carries its dishonesty on its face.

As a matter of fact, Saratoga is better equipped to take care of a big crowd of soldiers and thousands of civilians than any other city in the country. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Saratoga, in place of the restricted railroad facilities that Saratoga, for instance, years ago, when the membership was much larger and more active than it is now. In September, 1892, when the Grand Army of the Republic held at Portland, Me., Portland was then a city of 40,000 inhabitants, with meager hotel and private-house accommodations covered by Saratoga, situated at a single railroad station, with capacity than the D. & H., and yet there was no complaint of its entertainment of the Grand Army. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Louisville and other cities of the third or fourth class again and again, and to advance now the argument that it is impossible to hold an Encampment for reduced membership in Saratoga carries its dishonesty on its face.

As a matter of fact, Saratoga is better equipped to take care of a big crowd of soldiers and thousands of civilians than any other city in the country. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Saratoga, in place of the restricted railroad facilities that Saratoga, for instance, years ago, when the membership was much larger and more active than it is now. In September, 1892, when the Grand Army of the Republic held at Portland, Me., Portland was then a city of 40,000 inhabitants, with meager hotel and private-house accommodations covered by Saratoga, situated at a single railroad station, with capacity than the D. & H., and yet there was no complaint of its entertainment of the Grand Army. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Louisville and other cities of the third or fourth class again and again, and to advance now the argument that it is impossible to hold an Encampment for reduced membership in Saratoga carries its dishonesty on its face.

As a matter of fact, Saratoga is better equipped to take care of a big crowd of soldiers and thousands of civilians than any other city in the country. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Saratoga, in place of the restricted railroad facilities that Saratoga, for instance, years ago, when the membership was much larger and more active than it is now. In September, 1892, when the Grand Army of the Republic held at Portland, Me., Portland was then a city of 40,000 inhabitants, with meager hotel and private-house accommodations covered by Saratoga, situated at a single railroad station, with capacity than the D. & H., and yet there was no complaint of its entertainment of the Grand Army. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Louisville and other cities of the third or fourth class again and again, and to advance now the argument that it is impossible to hold an Encampment for reduced membership in Saratoga carries its dishonesty on its face.

As a matter of fact, Saratoga is better equipped to take care of a big crowd of soldiers and thousands of civilians than any other city in the country. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Saratoga, in place of the restricted railroad facilities that Saratoga, for instance, years ago, when the membership was much larger and more active than it is now. In September, 1892, when the Grand Army of the Republic held at Portland, Me., Portland was then a city of 40,000 inhabitants, with meager hotel and private-house accommodations covered by Saratoga, situated at a single railroad station, with capacity than the D. & H., and yet there was no complaint of its entertainment of the Grand Army. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Louisville and other cities of the third or fourth class again and again, and to advance now the argument that it is impossible to hold an Encampment for reduced membership in Saratoga carries its dishonesty on its face.

As a matter of fact, Saratoga is better equipped to take care of a big crowd of soldiers and thousands of civilians than any other city in the country. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Saratoga, in place of the restricted railroad facilities that Saratoga, for instance, years ago, when the membership was much larger and more active than it is now. In September, 1892, when the Grand Army of the Republic held at Portland, Me., Portland was then a city of 40,000 inhabitants, with meager hotel and private-house accommodations covered by Saratoga, situated at a single railroad station, with capacity than the D. & H., and yet there was no complaint of its entertainment of the Grand Army. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Louisville and other cities of the third or fourth class again and again, and to advance now the argument that it is impossible to hold an Encampment for reduced membership in Saratoga carries its dishonesty on its face.

As a matter of fact, Saratoga is better equipped to take care of a big crowd of soldiers and thousands of civilians than any other city in the country. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Saratoga, in place of the restricted railroad facilities that Saratoga, for instance, years ago, when the membership was much larger and more active than it is now. In September, 1892, when the Grand Army of the Republic held at Portland, Me., Portland was then a city of 40,000 inhabitants, with meager hotel and private-house accommodations covered by Saratoga, situated at a single railroad station, with capacity than the D. & H., and yet there was no complaint of its entertainment of the Grand Army. The Grand Army of the Republic held camps at Louisville and other cities of the third or fourth class again and again, and to advance now the argument that it is impossible to hold an Encampment for reduced membership in Saratoga carries its dishonesty on its face.

RETURN OF MARYLAND FLAGS.

Wilson Post, of Baltimore, with Past Commander, in Charge, and Acting as Color-guard and Escort.

The remnants of those gallant patriots which brought fame to Maryland upon many battlefields during the civil war have marched for the last time beneath their old colors. Attended by the most impressive ceremony, the transfer to the State of the 52 tattered and torn flags which were unfurled by Maryland's citizen soldiery 47 years ago was made at the Maryland State House, in Annapolis, by Wilson Post, G. A. R., of Baltimore, in whose possession the colors have remained for many years.

The flags were taken to the State Capital by the veterans on the steamer Annapolis. More than 300 veterans accompanied the old flags. The land-guard consisted of the Naval Academy Band, and when Gen. John R. King, Past Commander-in-Chief of the G. A. R., stepped ashore he was met by Adm. Charles H. Smith, Commandant, and Capt. William W. King, who represented the Adjutant-General and the Governor. A company of sailors from the United States steamship "Annapolis" and the Naval Academy Band, ordered out by Secretary Bonaparte, formed the escort from the landing to the State House. They were enthusiastically cheered all along the line of march.

When the State House was reached the veterans marched to the Senate Chamber. All but the color bearers of the Maryland flag, the past commander of the G. A. R., King, and the past commander of the G. A. R., King, who in a few brief remarks on behalf of his Post, presented the old State colors to Gen. John R. King, James R. Wheeler, members of the Maryland Flag Commission. Then followed one of the most impressive features of the day. The past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at the flags that they had so long cherished, for a moment unfurled the 52 faded and tattered colors before the gaze of the entire assembly. Just what these mute reminders of the struggles for supremacy on the battlefield were to the veterans may best be judged from the fact that the past color bearers, in order to get a last look at