ATTENTION, BOUNTY, PENSIONS!

Under the New Bounty Law of March 4, 1907, many soldiers and their heirs now entitled to $100. Officers' tax refunded, etc., etc. Pensions procured for all those entitled. Patents procured for inventors. Book on patents sent free.

JOSEPH H. HUNTER, Attorney, Washington, D. C.

MUSTERED OUT.

TISTON.—At Johnstown, Pa., since October, 1906, Jesse Tiston. Comrade Tiston served in Co. B, 54th Pa.

MILLER.—At Johnstown, Pa., since October, 1906, Joseph Miller. Comrade Miller served in Co. B, 54th Pa.

MEALEY.—At Johnstown, Pa., since October, 1906. B. F. Mealey. Comrade Mealey served in Co. B, 54th Pa.

OYLER.—At Johnston, Pa., since October, 1906, George Oyler. Comrade Oyler served in Co. B, 54th Pa.

BENNETT.—At Johnston, Pa., since October, 1906, Frank Bennett. Comrade Bennett served in Co. B, 54th Pa.

RAY.—At Johnstown, Pa., since October, 1906, William Ray. Comrade Ray served in Co. C, 54th Pa.

HEIPLE.—At Johnstown, Pa., since October, 1906, Franklin Heiple. Comrade Heiple served in Co. C, 54th Pa.

ENFIELD.—At Johnstown, Pa., since October, 1906, Freeman Enfield. Comrade Enfield served in Co. D, 54th Pa.

MANGUS.—At Johnstown, Pa., since October, 1906, James Mangus. Comrade Mangus served in Co. E, 54th Pa.

EDWARDS.—At Johnstown, Pa., since October, 1906, Evan Edwards. Comrade Edwards served in Co. E, 54th Pa.

STAUB.—At Johnstown, Pa., since October, 1906, John H. Staub. Comrade Staub served in Co. G, 54th Pa.

VARNER.—At Johnstown, Pa., since October, 1906, Steven R. Varner. Comrade Varner served in Co. H, 54th Pa.

BREWBAKER.—At Johnstown, Pa., since October, 1906, Daniel R. Brewbaker. Comrade Brewbaker served in Co. H, 54th Pa.

STINEMAN.—At Johnstown, Pa., since October, 1906, Capt. George B. Stineman. Comrade Stineman served in Co. I, 54th Pa.

PARTRIDGE.—At his home in West Medway, Mass., July 27, David A. Partridge, aged 74. Comrade Partridge served as Second Lieutenant of Co. B, 42d Mass.; also as Captain in the 54th Mass. Comrade Partridge filled the office of Selectman for 15 years in his town, and also represented his district in the State Legislature.

TODD.—At Wakeman, O., July 27, Edgar M. Todd, aged 68. Comrade Todd served in Co. E, 166th Ohio, and was buried by Wilson Todd Post, Department of Ohio, G. A. R., of which he was a member.

SHOMO.—At McGraw, Pa., March 10, 1907, Jas. E. Shomo, aged 75. Comrade Shomo served over three years in Co. B, 78th Pa., and is survived by a widow.

DENISON.—At Wellsboro, Pa., on Easter Day, 1907, Gerould D. Denison. The comrade was a veteran of the civil war.

BRYANT.—At Wellsboro, Pa., on Easter Day, 1907, Alonzo Bryant. Comrade Bryant served in the civil war.

SHORT.—At Peoria, Ill., July 26, John Short, aged 75. Comrade Short served as Sergeant of Co. B, 69th Ill.; also as Captain of the 5th Ill. Battery.

ARMOUR.—At Hobart, Okla., July 3, Jas. H. Armour, aged 66. Comrade Armour served in Co. K, 23d Ohio, and also in the 108th Pa.

KEYE.—At Fargo, N. D., during July, Frederick Keye, aged 63. Comrade Keye, who was one of the oldest and best-known residents of Fargo, served thruout the civil war as Sergeant of the 1st U. S. Art., taking part in 39 battles and a number of minor engagements. In 1867 he was honorably discharged from that branch of the service, and made a Second Lieutenant in the 10th U. S., rising to the rank of First Lieutenant. When the Spanish-American War broke out Maj. Keye answered the call for troops, and went to the Philippines as Captain of Co. B, 1st N. D. He was a prominent Mason and Quartermaster of his Post, John F. Reynolds Post, of Fargo. His pallbearers were two Masons, two Philippine veterans and two comrades from the G. A. R. He is survived by a widow and two children.

COOK.—At his home at Milford, N. H., June 8, Orange S. Cook. Comrade Cook served in Co. G, 21st Mass., under Gens. Burnside and Pope. He was wounded at the battle of Chantilly and taken prisoner. He is survived by a widow.

HECKART.—At his home near North Robinson, O., June 4, Henry Heckart. Comrade Heckart served in the 8th Ohio during the entire war, and was an honored member of Kellar Post. He is survived by a widow and four sons.

PERRIN.—At Nashua, Iowa, May 17, Wm. B. Perrin, aged 68. Comrade Perrin served for a time as private in Co. B, 1st R. I. Cav. Later he accepted a commission as Lieutenant of the 3d Vt. L. A., and served in the Army of the Potomac till the close of the war. He went West after the war, and settled in Nashua, where he practiced his profession of law. Nearly every honor within the gift of the community had been his, among them that of representing his County in both House and Senate of the State Legislature. He was an enthusiastic member of the G. A. R., having held the office of Commander of his Post several terms. Comrade Perrin never married.

RUGGLES.—At Syracuse, N. Y., May 27, W. E. Ruggles, aged 61. Comrade Ruggles served in Co. B, 122d N. Y., and was in every engagement in which his regiment took part. He was wounded slightly three times. His funeral was largely attended, 10 members of his old regiment being present.

WHEELOCK.—At Owatonna, Minn., May 31, Lewis L. Wheelock, aged 68. Comrade Wheelock served for three years in the 160th N. Y., having attained the rank of Captain. He was wounded at Winchester during Sheridan's Valley campaign, and saw hard service at Port Hudson and on the Red River campaign. In civil life he held several offices of honor, and was Commander of the Department of Minnesota, G. A. R., as well as Commander of his Post. He is survived by a widow and four children.

WOOD.—At Rockfield, Ind., Jan. 22, Lewis W. Wood, aged 77. Comrade Wood was a veteran of the civil war and a member of Rockville Post, G. A. R. He is survived by a widow and two sons, children of a former marriage.

BENNETT.—At Salem, Ore., Dec. 20, 1906, Jesse S. Bennett, aged 76. Comrade Bennett served in Co. G, 27th Iowa, till the close of the war. He is survived by a widow.

MAYNARD.—At Dallas City, Ill., Louis Payson Maynard. Comrade Maynard served in Co. D, 7th Iowa. He was wounded twice, and took an active part in many bloody engagements. He re-enlisted in 1863, and was finally mustered out in July, 1865, having advanced from a private to First Lieutenant. Comrade Maynard was greatly respected in the community, and filled several offices of trust. His was a strong character, and his friends and neighbors consulted him when they wished advice. He is survived by a widow and three children.

RICH.—At Grinnell, Iowa, Alonzo Rich. Comrade Rich served in Co. M, 9th N. Y. Art.

BEATON.—At Grinnell, Iowa, William Beaton. Comrade Beaton served as musician in the 4th Iowa.

HOLMES.—At Grinnell, Iowa, John Holmes. Comrade Holmes served in Co. H, 78th N. Y.

ROUSE.—At Grinnell, Iowa, John B. Rouse. Comrade Rouse served in Co. C, 7th Ohio.

ADAMS.—At Grinnell, Iowa, Rev. George M. Adams. Comrade Adams served in Co. B, 46th Iowa.

REDFIELD.—At Grinnell, Iowa, L. E. Redfield. Comrade Redfield served in Cos. F and D, N. Y. H. A.

MINNICH.—At Thayer, Kan., May 17, John Minnich, aged 70. Comrade Thayer served nearly four years in Co. I, 54th Ill. He is survived by a widow and five children.

LAWRENCE.—At Lowell, Mass., Jan. 13, Alvin Lawrence, aged 73. Comrade Lawrence served during the civil war in the U. S. Navy on the U. S. S. Glouncus, Mahaska and Powhatan. He was a member of Dahlgren Association of Naval Veterans, a delegation from which was present at his funeral.

McCLURE.—At Palmyra, Mo., March 26, George McClure, aged 80. Comrade McClure served in Co. I, 1st Pa. Reserves. He leaves no family.

HEU.—At Boiling Springs, Pa., April 15, Rev. J. M. Heu, aged 63. Comrade Heu served three years in Co. H, 87th Pa. He is survived by a widow and 10 children.

RIGGS.—At his home near Londonderry, O., March 25, William Riggs, aged 69. Comrade Riggs served in Co. F, 85th Pa. He is survived by a widow and six children.

TITUS.—At Puente, Cal., April 2, Oscar Titus, aged 72. Comrade Titus served in the 130th Ohio. He is survived by a widow and three children.

MURRAY.—On May 8, David Murray, aged 77. Comrade Murray served in the 103d Pa.

DEATH OF COMRADE BRANCH.

Past Commander of the Department of Vermont, G. A. R.

Editor National Tribune: Charles Franklin Branch was born at Orwell, Vt., Dec. 9, 1845. He enlisted in Co. C, 9th Vt., June 23, 1862; was mustered into the United States service July 9, 1862; promoted to Sergeant Jan. 27, 1864; Second Lieutenant, Co. H, March 6, 1865; First Lieutenant May 2, 1865; transferred to Co. A, June 13, 1865; promoted to Captain July 3, 1865; mustered out of United States service Dec. 1, 1865. He received the brevet rank of Major. He had a service of three years, five months and 10 days to his credit, and was not yet 20 years of age at discharge. At Kingston Barracks, N. C., Feb. 2, 1864, he was desperately wounded on right side over the liver and left for dead. Theodore S. Peck, the officer in command, his chum, on learning that Charley Branch was left behind, rushed back and brought him in. He was again wounded Oct. 10, 1864, at Redoubt Dutton, between the main lines of Grant's and Lee's armies, below Richmond. He entered the University of Vermont, and graduated from its medical department in June, 1877; was an able and skilled physician in Vermont up to 1896; was also an active G. A. R. man, and rose to be Commander of the Department of Vermont. He removed to Amherst, Mass., in January, 1896, and here he was always active in E. M. Staunton Post, 147, Department of Massachusetts, being the Commander of said Post at the time of his death, which came to him Aug. 27, 1907, and not yet 62 years of age, from chronic nephritis superinduced by the malaria and would incurred in service. He leaves a widow, three daughters and one son. He belonged to the Loyal Legion and to the Masonic Order, and was a Christian gentleman of the Congregational denomination.—Carlos P. Lyman, Quartermaster and Acting Adjutant, E. M. Staunton Post, 147, Amherst, Mass.

Past Commander Oates Dead.

John H. Oates, Past Commander of Dahlgren Association, Naval Veterans, of Lowell, Mass., died at Dorchester, Mass., Nov. 3. After funeral services at that place the immediate friends took the body to Lowell, where it was interred. A delegation from the Dahlgren Association was present at the services, and the casket was covered with Old Glory and a profusion of flowers. Commander Oates was born in Ireland and in 1837 came to this country as a boy, and served in the Navy 21 years, before, during and after the war. He was in charge of the gun-deck when the Congress was sunk by the Merrimac, and had been in every civilized part of the world. He retired from the service in 1881. His father was one of the guards around Napoleon I, at St. Helena.

PENSION POINTERS.

Inquiries Answered and Suggestions Made.

Snowball, Arkansas.—A divorced wife has no title to pension.

M. A. G., Rochester, N. H.—If legally divorced from the first wife and marriage to the second wife was before June 27, 1890, she will have title to pension if she survives her husband, provided otherwise entitled.

A. G., New York.—1. Bounty under the act of July 28, 1866, is not paid for enlistment in 1864, unless such enlistment took place between April 2 and July 17 and for a period of three years or during the war. 2. Practically all the States have laws governing the division of property of those who die without a will or legal heirs. After a certain period such property would undoubtedly revert to the State, whether the decedent was a soldier or a civilian.

J. A. S., Cavendish, Vt.—1. If the soldier was confined to the house, but not to his bed, for a number of months prior to death we know of no reason that a valid claim for reimbursement should not be made covering the necessary expenses during that time. It should be borne in mind that no greater amount can be paid than was actually due the pensioner at the date of his death. 2. As to the soldier disposing of his homestead right in Government land we will say that the soldier has no rights to dispose unless he has proved the same by residing on the land the required length of time, which is five years less the term of his service, unless such service exceeded four years.

H. P. J., Charleston, S. C.—1. We understand that the Pension Bureau will consider applications for pension under the act of Feb. 6, 1907, where a soldier is in receipt of a pension without the two identifying witnesses, the former description of the soldier on file with the papers in his case, together with his signature, being sufficient identification. If the soldier is unable to write we believe it will be well to have the two witnesses, even tho it requires an additional effort to obtain them. Commissioner Warner fully realizes that with advancing years it becomes more difficult for applicants and witnesses to meet at any specific time and place. 2. Yes; it has always been Mr. Warner's policy to do away with all unnecessary requirements, and make it as easy as the pension laws will permit, both for the comrades and their widows.

E. A. GILBERT.

Junior Vice Commander, Department of Kansas, G. A. R.

E. A. Gilbert, Junior Vice Commander, Department of Kansas, Fontana, Kan., has an unusually fine record. He was born in Muskingum County, Ohio, in 1844, and in 1862 enlisted in the 102d Ill., with which he served until March 4, 1865, when he was taken prisoner, and confined in Libby and Salisbury. He was carried out of Libby on a stretcher on the evening of April 2, 1865, a few hours before the evacuation of Richmond. He went to Kansas in February, 1866, and was on duty for the Government to prevent the selling of arms and ammunition to the Indians. During this service he furnished information which resulted in breaking up of two bands of desperadoes. Then he served as a scout, and was with Gen. Sandy Forsythe in the latter's famous battle, Sept. 17, 1868, on the Arickaree or Beecher's Island in Colorado, where 51 scouts fought 1,500 Indians for nine days, subsisting on the meat of their horses which the Indians had killed. He was shot in the left arm and breast, and still carries the bullet in his lung. After partially recovering he went on Gen. Sheridan's staff, and guided Gen. Custer to his fight on the Washita. He was a scout for Col. Carpenter in the fight with the Indians on Beaver Creek, and in 1869 settled near Fontana, in Miami County, Kan., where he has a fine farm of 200 acres. He has always been an independent in politics and prominent in the Greenback and People's Party, and has done much good work for good roads.

Indiana in the Parade.

Milton Garrigus, Past Commander, Department of Indiana, Kokomo, Ind., writes that he is very much hurt that after the march in the pouring rain, which completely drenched not only those who marched, but their wives, who were on the reviewing stand, his State was entirely ignored as a State as well as individuals. Indiana is yet some pumpkins, and will probably get even some way.

The Ex-Prisoners of War.

J. E. Houghland, Eldora, Iowa, is saddened that the National Encampment had no word for the ex-prisoners of war. It started off on a new issue, "Widows' Pensions." That is all right, but it should not have been put ahead of the prisoners of war, who served and died by the thousands rather than join the Confederacy.

Reunion of the Regular Brigade.

The survivors of the Regular Brigade, Fourteenth Corps, Army of the Cumberland, held their Annual Reunion, Oct. 16 and 17, at Chattanooga, Tenn. The Reunion was held at the Southern Hotel, and was well represented. The following officers were elected: D. S. Wilder, President, Columbus, O.; Henry K. Young, Vice President, Dubuque, Iowa, and T. E. Hite, Secretary and Treasurer, Columbus, O. On the way down the party visited all the famous battlefields, and while at Chattanooga a party in three four-horse wagons made a trip to Missionary Ridge and Chickamauga battlefields, going from one monument to another. The Ohio monument on the Ridge is 83 feet high, and one of the finest on the Ridge. They took dinner at the Dyer House under some large oaks, and in all had a most interesting trip, visiting all the points made memorable by the great struggle.

Reunion of the 22d N. Y.

The 19th Annual Reunion of the 22d N. Y. Veteran Association was held at the New Commercial Hotel, Saratoga Springs, Sept. 12, 1907, and 40 members answered at roll call. Eight deaths were reported. The election for officers resulted in the choice of George V. Wood, of Stamford, Conn., President; Capt. Dan Burgy, of Moriah, N. Y., First Vice President; Court Adams, of Watervliet, N. Y., Second Vice President; John B. Swartz, of Cohoes, N. Y., Treasurer; Van O'Linda Gordon, of Cohoes, N. Y., Secretary, and Maj. Lucius E. Wilson, of New York City, Chaplain. Executive Committee, George V. Wood, J. B. Swartz, V. O. L. Gordon. All surviving members will confer a favor by sending their present address to the Secretary.

Sample Cream Separator Free.

To introduce their People's Automatic Cream Separator in each locality where they have no agent the People's Supply Co., Dept. S, Kansas City, Mo., is offering to give away absolutely free, without price, note or deposit, one complete machine. The People's Cream Separator is meeting with great success wherever introduced. Over 100,000 are in use. It is operated by an automatic process that requires no ice, chemicals or extra labor and machinery.

The manufacturers are unusually liberal in their offer, and are willing to send one Separator in each community to the first person who writes for their generous advertising offer. They have adopted this method of quickly introducing their Cream Separators in every home where cows are kept.

By SENORA SARA.

So much is being constantly written as to the adulteration of food that the conscientious housekeeper is often nearly distracted with a sense of her responsibility. Let her take comfort in the fact that very much of this cry is the work of rival firms, and that, even when the Government tables of adulteration show that some baking powders contain 25 instead of five per cent of starch, this is of far less importance than some other things quite in her own hands. Even oleomargarine instead of butter is by no means so serious a matter as the use of stale vegetables, meat whose quality is uncertain and milk from a dirty dairy. These things must be watched vigilantly, since defect in them means disease for the eater. The infectious nature of poor milk has been demonstrated in many ways, and several States have societies for the protection of the buyer. Tuberculosis is the thing most dreaded.

In the matter of adulteration it is far easier than women generally suppose to learn simple tests and apply them. Every housekeeper should have a knowledge of the appearance of really good articles and their cost for the current year. A glance at the market rates will tell her prices, and thus, if her grocer offers her ground coffee at a lower price than that which he asks for the coffee bean, she may know there is a screw loose somewhere, since he is hardly likely to make her a present. Mrs. Richards, of the Boston Institute of Technology, insists that a woman should be as able to judge samples of flour as of silk or cotton, and she is right. The cost of pure materials is often the most serious side of the question, and the poor especially cannot understand why they should pay 12 cents a pound for soap when that at six cents appears to do the work as well, not counting the extra labor required to do the work with the poorer article. For all this efficient inspection is the surest cure.

• • •

It was somebody who knew what he was talking about who said: "We grow like what we eat. Bad food depresses; good food exalts us like an inspiration." It may not be a flattering theory of ethics or morals to make them dependent on what we eat. Indeed, one might go a step further and say: We are what we eat; our charity, benevolence, magnanimity, good nature, or our irritability, selfishness or censoriousness depend almost as much upon our daily diet as upon our religious convictions or our natural temperament. Rich cakes and pastry, for instance, are converted into peevishness and sluggishness, good soups and well-cooked meats into well-directed energy and accomplishment. Welsh rarebit is too apt to turn into bad dreams followed by a cold, sneering cynicism, and pate de fois gras into absolute fiendishness of which the consumer, if he be a decent sort of fellow, repents him in sackcloth and ashes as of permitting the ascendency of the evil one.

It is comforting, however, to be told by a physician in good and regular standing that "while it is usually accepted that the dinner served so delicately in successive courses at the present day is only the food of the epicure, an outgrowth of the love of luxury, still even if this is its origin the result is on the side of perfect digestion and consequent health. A person comes home to dinner," continues this most agreeable successor to Hippocrates, "weary and hungry, and needs first something to stimulate the secretions of the stomach. The first course, hot soup, does this by its action upon the nerves which control the blood vessels. Taking the soup slowly is an aid to digestion, and if not a favorite dish, fish or oysters can be substituted, serving the same purpose. The second course, the piece de resistance, a joint or roast, follows because something substantial can now be taken with benefit to the system. The third course, game or poultry, is only tributary to the more important soup and meat. They are a stimulant to the palate and easily digested. A few vegetables are an agreeable addition." This rare and delightful adviser proceeds to permit and even encourage sweets as "a concession to taste," and does not forbid a final course of crackers and cheese and coffee. Such a dinner, in his opinion, promotes digestion and indirectly good morals.

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As a result of the present crowding of life there is not time for the cultivation of old-fashioned and priceless friendships. The companionship, even in family life, is, to a certain extent, sacrificed because each individual is engrossed in personal pursuits. The old-time entertaining, which provided so fine a school of social ethics and customs, has been largely curtailed, and children are not nearly so much as, in the past, trained into lifetime friendships with their parents and their own associates. To-day cousins in large family circles scarcely know each other, and in the decadence of informal and affectionate relations as a feature of social life may be traced the influence of a hurried commercial age as well as the tendency to curtail home life and expend both energy and time upon organizations.

• • •

The bachelor woman? No, I don't mean the old maid. That term and its kindred one—spinster—seem to mean a woman who is single because fate willed it so, whereas the term bachelor girl or woman calls up one who is single from choice. The bachelor woman may be of any age, whether the blooming maiden or the mature woman of 45.

By the way, the term lady seems to have fallen into desuetude; even young girls call themselves women. I presume that after the "wash ladies" and "scrub ladies" get thru abusing the good old word lady the real ladies will go back to it.

But about our bachelor woman. There was "no sich person" known 50 years ago. She is a product of modern Occidental civilization. She very often writes or paints; she is a musician or a teacher, or perhaps she practices medicine or law. She is an independent creature. She has about what she wants in the world and enjoys it. "Nothing succeeds like success," and her relatives look up to her and are justly proud of her.

Very different was the case of the unmarried woman a generation ago. She, poor thing, wore an apologetic air, as who should say, "Excuse me for not getting married." She meekly accepted what others did not want, and went from family to family when there was sickness or extra sewing or housecleaning. Her relatives had natural affection for her, of course, but they were just a little ashamed of her. "Aunt Jane is peculiar, you know."

There is no need to apologize for Aunt Jane now. Perhaps she is Jane, M. D., and visits her patients in a handsome coupe. Is she an artist? Her picture may be hung on the line at the Academy exhibitions. Perhaps she does not aspire to a profession, but whether she does typewriting or keeps books she is pretty sure to make a comfortable living and something over. The professional woman has more liberty than her society sisters, and she goes and comes pretty much as she pleases. She frequently breaks away from boarding houses and sets up an establishment for herself, often with another woman of similar tastes. They receive company in their pretty rooms, which reflect their personality, and pour tea as gracefully as if they had never learned to do anything else. The English, French or German girl could not live in this independent, unchaperoned fashion. Yet no harm comes to the American bachelor woman, and no one "talks about" her.

She has no grievance, the bachelor woman. She is not cynical; she does not think that all men are sinners. On the contrary, she makes friends among them, and they admire her for her pluck and good sense. She is able to take care of herself, and does not look upon every man as a possible husband, and they like her because she doesn't. Nevertheless, she does marry sometimes, and the man she marries is not an object of condolence.

• • •

Stove blacking moistened with benzine will give a fine, lasting polish. Be very sure that there is no fire in the stove or light in the room while the polish is being applied.

• • •

A box of lime placed in a damp cupboard will dry it out and act as a disinfectant.

• • •

A letter of introduction should be presented with a visiting card with the address, without asking to see the person addressed. If unable to go in person the note and card should be left by hand. The person to whom the letter is written will call at once, and the call should be promptly returned. Later some form of hospitality is usually extended. A letter of introduction should always be left open. A calling card with "Introducing Mr. Blank" written on it imposes no social obligation.

• • •

This is fine chow-chow: One gallon of chopped green tomatoes, one gallon of cabbage, 12 small onions, three teaspoonfuls of ground mustard, two tablespoonfuls of pepper, two of allspice, two of cloves, three gills of whole mustard, one gill of salt, one gill of celery seed, one pound of sugar, three quarts of vinegar. Boil all together for one-half hour. Stir frequently.

• • •

Take eight gallons of cider, boil two hours, add 10 gallons of ground apples, cook until done in a brass kettle and add $1 worth of sugar. This amount makes eight gallons of apple butter and is excellent.

• • •

Many households in which an occasional bottle of ammonia is bought for the kitchen scrubbing would be surprised to know for how many cleansing and toilet purposes this liquid is useful. For the bath and, in moderation, the shampoo, it is antiseptic and invigorating. For all toilet uses care should be taken to get only the very best grade.

A cloth dampened in ammonia and water will freshen a faded carpet and sometimes remove grease spots from rugs or hangings.

Mixed with whiting, it enhances the polishing of silver or glass, and this mixture in water may be used to good effect in cleaning white enameled furniture. Even gold chains and bracelets may safely be cleaned in warm water and ammonia.

For painted walls and woodwork, for windows and mirrors, and in the dish water, ammonia is invaluable to the housekeeper.

• • •

The contour of the face must be taken into careful consideration in dressing the hair, for an arrangement that will make one woman look like an angel will turn another into a witch.

The long-faced girl must not pile her hair up on her head like a young tower. This elongates the lines and gives her a frightened, scare-away look that is not included in the rules and regulations for beautifying.

The fat-chubby-faced little girl must refrain from wearing a fat, chubby little mop of hair, otherwise she will accentuate the billowy, biscuity lines of her countenance.

The thin-faced girl should endeavor to detract from her emaciated appearance by wearing her hair soft, fluffy and well out and up at the sides.

• • •

Massage will reduce the flesh about the face and chin, if the rubbing is done sufficiently hard to wear away the fat. Gently done it will only develop the facial muscles.

Use only enough cold cream to prevent the fingers from sticking, and then rub hard from the points of the chin up to the ears. Repeat, never rubbing down. Then rest the chin in the palms, rub hard from the nose to the front of the ears.

The change will be slow. It is a sure method of reduction, however, if persisted in long enough.

• • •

Perspiration in the palms of the hands is significant of a general nervous condition.

Hygienic living, with plenty of exercise, restful sleep and not too trying an occupation will cure nervousness.

Moisten the palms of the hands several times a day with a mixture of 90 grams of cologne and 15 grains of tincture of belladonna.

When bathing the hands use only the purest soap, and be sure to rinse it all away.

• • •

In Winter baby should receive the best of care, and no danger of having to call a doctor every week. In the first place, if baby is placed in the cradle, put a screen around it, which prevents the possibility of the slightest draft reaching him. Don't allow his little toes to get cold. Remove his shoes and stockings often and rub the feet with your warm hands. Always see that his hands are warm. If he has a regular daily "outing" the chances are he is not nearly as likely to catch cold as when taken out occasionally to catch a "whiff" of the fresh air. If the day is rainy and too disagreeable for baby to be out throw open the windows and let in the pure air. He will enjoy it immensely, but bear in mind when this is done to wrap him in his "outing" garments and wheel him about the room in his carriage. Oftentimes busy mothers, who have not time to go out for a walk, resort to this plan, which is a reliable one. Never take baby out after 6 o'clock at this season of the year. The morning hours are best. A pair of worsted drawers that go over the shoes and reach to the waist are a protection when he goes out. If not these an old blanket snugly wrapped about the limbs is a sure protection. If baby becomes hoarse, give him a mixture of alum and sugar and rub the throat and chest well with vaseline or goose oil. After you have given him his daily bath rub him briskly with alcohol, which closes the pores, and there is no danger of his taking a cold when alcohol is employed. Always have the room hot, not simply warm, and use a bath blanket; do not uncover the little body all at once, but wash a portion of it at a time, always, if possible, doing this under cover, especially with very young babies.

DEAFNESS BOOK FREE

A book that will be the means of restoring hearing to hundreds of deaf people is now being given away absolutely free of charge by its author, a famous Deafness Specialist who has just perfected the best method for curing Deafness yet known.

This book contains the most helpful and valuable information in regard to curing Deafness, and every deaf person in the country should send for it at once and learn how to regain clear and perfect hearing. From beginning to end it's full of interesting reading and fine pictures that explain all about the ear and just what causes Deafness and the terrible ringing, buzzing noises in the head. It contains wonderful help for deaf people—new and important information that will be of great value. Best of all, it shows how Deafness can be cured, safely and painlessly, right at home.

Don't miss this book if you are deaf. Send for it NOW while this paper is at hand. Write your name and address plainly on the dotted lines, cut out the Free Coupon and mail it at once to **Deafness Specialist SPROULE, 4 Trade Building, Boston.**

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.....

PRISONSHIP MARTYRS.

Corner-Stone Laid for a Monument to Them.

Oct. 26 the corner-stone was laid at Brooklyn, N. Y., to erect a monument to the memory of the martyrs of the War of the Revolution who died in the British prisonships. Addresses were made by Gen. Fred D. Grant, Gov. Hughes and Mayor McClellan. The Union Ex-Prisoners of War rendered a tribute and a salute. The monument will have the form of a circular-fluted granite column, 250 feet high, surmounted by a bronze urn. It will be based by broad steps in three tiers, and there will be a mortuary chapel, where memorial services may be held. It will cost $200,000, of which the Government will contribute $100,000; New York City, $25,000; New York State, $25,000, and the remainder by private subscriptions. The Association was organized May 23, 1898, at the home of the late Gen. A. C. Barnes, in Brooklyn, and consolidated several rival movements of the Daughters of the Revolution. The private subscriptions were mainly raised by Mrs. King, wife of Gen. H. C. King, who was Regent of the Daughters of the Revolution. The site of the monument is in Fort Greene Park, and the work was begun as long ago as 1873, when a brick vault 25 by 11 feet was built for the reception of the remains of 12,000 martyrs.

The Naval Veterans.

A circular from William Simmons, Commander of the Naval Veterans, 1432 Wharton St., Philadelphia, Pa., says that at the last meeting it was decided to continue the present officers for another year, and that $1 be the fee for membership, with 50 cents annual dues. Men who were not in the Navy, but in sympathy, may join the honorary roll on payment of $1 a year, getting a certificate and badge, but no vote. Members unable to pay their dues will be carried on the rolls free. All expenses so far have been met, and the attempt is being made to form a fund for the relief of shipmates in distress. All Navy Veterans and all in sympathy with them are earnestly requested to join the Flying Squadron. The next Reunion will be held at Toledo, O., during the G. A. R. National Encampment.

Reunion of the 25th Ohio.

The 27th Annual Reunion of the 25th Ohio took place Oct. 3 at Toledo, O., being the 46th anniversary of the first battle at Green Brier, Va. There were present 62 members of the regiment and 28 widows. Judge Wildman presided, and Attorney A. D. Stewart, of Norwalk, made an excellent address. All took dinner in the hall provided by the ladies of the city. A letter was read from Col. J. F. Charlesworth, the first Captain of Co. A. He is now 81 years old and the only surviving Captain of Co. A, which had four.

Reunion of the 52d Pa.

The 52d Pa. held their Annual Reunion Sept. 19 at Scranton, Pa., with an attendance of over 150, including veterans and their families. Thirteen deaths were reported, and all the old officers re-elected. J. E. Hinch, of Wilkes-Barre, Pa., invited the Association to hold their next meeting in his city, which was heartily accepted. The banquet sevred by the W. R. C. was a feast of luxury, and the campfire made unusually interesting by Col. Ezra Hoyt Ripple's thrilling accounts of some of the daring deeds of Co. K, which is the history of the regiment.

Reunion of the 27th Mass.

The Annual Reunion of the 27th Mass. was held Sept. 20 at Springfield, Mass., with an attendance of over 200, 125 of whom were members of the regiment. Gen. H. C. Dwight, of Hartford, was re-elected President, making the 25th consecutive year he has been chosen for that office. D. W. Bates, of Westfield, was elected Secretary and Treasurer. Eight deaths were reported for the ensuing year. The W. R. C. served an excellent dinner, and with speeches, music and the telling of stories the hours slipped away, many voting it the best Reunion yet.

Classified Advertisements.

J. P. Those suffering from weaknesses which sap the pleasures of life should take Juven Pills. One box will tell a story of marvelous results. These pills have more rejuvenating, vitalizing force than has ever before been offered.

Probably never before in the history of medicine, in a short a time, have so large a number been either relieved or cured of nervous weaknesses, shattered nerves, insomnia, night sweats, failing manhood, failure of memory, and premature old age. Our mail is filled with grateful letters. These facts should lead you to give Juven Pills immediate trial.

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MEN ONLY—CACTI SALVE RENEWS Sprightliness—Banishes Debility—Makes weak men strong, strong men stronger. The greatest of all remedies for men. Gives new life, Youth and Vigor to all. The only way to cure Nervous Debility and similar troubles is by treating the parts direct, not doing the stomach. Cacti Salve is outwardly applied and gives results the moment it is used. Absolutely harmless. Sent 10c. silver for a sample, one trial proves. Sent postpaid to any part of the world for $1.00 a large box. Three boxes $2.00. Satisfaction guaranteed or your money back. Address A. CACTI SPECIALTY CO., 25 Third Ave., New York City.

FOR MEN ONLY. Free information concerning a quick and thorough cure for old and chronic discharges. Used in the privacy of your own home. A splendid, inexpensive remedy, that will promptly produce a lasting cure. Write today. NOW. The G. H. Remington Co., Dept. C, 842 Greenwood Ave., Detroit, Mich.

FARMS FOR SALE.

FLORIDA—COMRADES, COME TO Carleton Colony, on Lake Loyal. Have been here 19 years. Highest and healthiest spot in Florida; pure of water; no malaria or bronchial trouble. All vegetables grow two gardens a year. Fish and game. Just the place for old Vets to live on their pensions and escape the blizzards of the North. Stamp for reply. G. C. SMITH, Carleton, Putnam Co., Florida.

A COLONY PROPOSITION. 691 acres, near steam and electric railroads, and 16 miles from Washington City, for sale as a whole at a low figure. This offers a fine opportunity for a syndicate of 10 or more persons to secure nice places of from 10 to 60 acres or more at wholesale price. Inclose stamp for reply.
Address S. H. LEWIS, Glenn Dale, Maryland.

LOCATE NEAR THE NATIONAL CAPital. I can sell you within half hour's ride of Washington, D. C., at Bowie, Md., one block containing thirteen lots, and one of two lots. Both are desirable pieces of property and can be purchased at a low figure. Lots 50x125. Property and town lots in this proximity to our Nation's Capital have nearly doubled in a few years, and are on the advance. BETTER BUY NOW at a bargain price. If interested write M. A. Weigle, 1417 17th St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MRS. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething reduces the gums and allays all pain. 25c

MARRIAGE PAPER FREE; most reliable published. Eastern Agency, 30, Bridgeport, Conn.

MARRY Wealth and Beauty. Marriage Directory Free. Pay when married—new plan. SELECT CLUB, Dept. 18, Tekonsha, Mich.

MARRIAGE PAPER FREE TO ALL (Sealed). Best published. Send no money. STANDARD COR. CLUB, 110 Avers Ave., CHICAGO, ILL.

WOULD YOU MARRY IF SUITED? Matrimonial paper with advertisements marriageable people, many rich, from all sections, mailed sealed free. G. F. GUNNELS, Toledo, Ohio.

ADDRESSES WANTED.

WANTED—The address of Comrade Thomas Branagan. He served in Co. I, 103d Ohio; lived at Sharon or Columbus, O., about 1881. Kindly inform Mrs. Rebekah L. Frater, 715 Grand Ave., Milwaukee, Wis., or C. L. Jensen, Newcastle P. O., Cal.

WANTED—Information of John Gannon, 4th Ky. Cav. Enlisted at Louisville, Ky., September, 1861; discharged at Lexington Nov. 21, 1864. Any information will be thankfully received by his daughter, Kate Gannon, 512 E. Market St., Louisville, Ky.

WANTED—Information of Mary Ellen Tippett, married to Thomas D. Kelley, who resided in southwest Missouri; last heard from in Jennings, Brown County, Kan. Address Eli Tippett, Co. K, 29th Ind., Town Creek, Ala.

WANTED—The addresses of G. A. R. and W. R. C. needing entertainments. Virginia Mercer, humorous and dramatic reader, Salem, O.

WANTED—Information of whereabouts of Jacob G. Johnson, Co. F, 3d Conn.; lived at Darien, Conn. Address Mrs. A. T. Niver, R. F. D. 2, Corning, N. Y.

WANTED—The present address of any member who belonged to the two pieces of captured artillery and were attached to the 10th Wis. Battery and later to the 23d N. Y. Battery, who knew Jacob McKinley, detached from Co. C, 9th Pa. Cav., and attached to the two pieces of Capt. Cannon. Mrs. Clara Brendel, nee McKinley, widow of Jacob McKinley, Middletown, Dauphin Co., Pa.

WANTED—Information of Harman Shumaker; his whereabouts, if alive; if dead, where buried; by Henry Gray, Coal Run, Pa.

WANTED—If this should meet the eye of Mary T. Verrept or any person or persons knowing of her whereabouts, please correspond with me. Peter A. Verrept, Aylen Lake, via Barrys Bay, Ontario, Canada.

WANTED—Information of the whereabouts of a former member of Co. C, 11th New Jersey Inf., who served in said company before Petersburg, Va., 1864 and 1865. Will gladly reward anyone for his trouble for such information. H. A. Koeller, New Germantown, N. J.

WANTED—Comrade J. M. Milen (Will war veteran, Hickman, Ky., late Co. K, 18th Ky., wants to find a comrade of Co. K, 18th Ky.

WANTED—The name or names and addresses of some of the officers or men of Cos. K or G, 3d Md. Cav. This information is wanted by Mrs. Alexander C. Matheson, Jeannette, Pa.

PUB