

B. CUMMINGS is in town, just from La Paz. Several parties have lately arrived from New Mexico.

M. TODD has been appointed Treasurer of the county. The owners of the Sterling yesterday resumed work on their rich lode. They, we believe, will work a shaft.

JACK SWANNING is reported to have purchased the Curtin mill at Wickenburg with the intention of removing it to this vicinity.

GREENBACKS were at 75 cents in San Francisco last dates. Hardly and others are taking them at that rate. All should do so.

J. H. MYERS has recently bought an interest in twelve hundred feet in the Capital lode, near Prescott, for two thousand dollars.

T. FLOWER has been appointed sheriff, and Col. S. Tuttle is a justice of the peace for La Paz.

CAPTAIN KRAUSE's men have returned from the Indian school. Colonel Woolsey has returned. They got no Indians, and saw but half a dozen.

ABOUT thirty Indians attacked the herd on Posse Brown's ranch last Saturday, but were soon driven off. They burned Mr. Osborn's house, but no other damage.

The engineers who started to survey a road to the mouth of Williams' Fork, have their depot at Lake Creek. They are said to report that they can do good road to be found.

The Acting Governor has appointed Prof. Koonce of Washington, D. C., Benj. F. Blood, of Philadelphia, and S. S. Aymer, of Brooklyn, New York, Commissioners of Deeds for Arizona.

Attorney closed at Tucson on the 16th instant. Attorney General Washford has gone to La Paz to attend the term there next week. He had a Backus are expected here at an early day.

DR. HETTON, of company F, Arizona volunteers, was in town last week, and has returned to Camp at Skull valley. Lieutenant H. is one of our sturdy pioneers, and was for some years commander with the Mowry Silver Mine.

GEORGE SOULE has rented his building, the Prescott Exchange, to John H. Baldwin, formerly of Bowers & Brothers, who advertises in this issue his intention to keep a first-class saloon. The building has been newly refitted, and it is now an excellent place of resort.

NEW GOODS—Prescott is now pretty well supplied with goods. Messrs. M. Stevens, Bowers & Co., Louis Rosenback, Wornser & Co., and H. Hardy have received new stocks lately. There is also a considerable amount of goods expected to this point.

J. H. STONE, of Mission Dolores, San Francisco, and party, passed through here last week en route to the Navajo country, to prospect for minerals. Many fabulous stories have been told of the richness of that country, and we hope they will succeed in finding the right spot.

CAPTAIN LESTER and men returned on Tuesday. While absent they were at Yuma as well as Maricopa, and falling in with Gen. McDowell various unexpected duties to perform. The Captain brought the unpleasant order for removal of headquarters, and the mail from Wickenburg.

MR. O. D. GASS is the author of the interesting letter from Pah-Ute county, given in another column. Mr. G. shows that Pah-Ute is wide awake, and likely to become an important county. We are glad to hear from Mr. Gass again. He is one of our most spirited citizens, and he won a bad name in the Legislature.

MR. W. H. HARDY was in town for a couple of last week, and returned to Hardyville. He is in usual, in flying time, four days from Bernardino to Hardyville, and four days from here. This, however, is hardly up to Mr. Hardy's time, from San Francisco to Wickenburg and back in a half. Who can beat that?

MR. G.—It might be provoking, if it were not being to note the clamor over the removal of headquarters on the part of those who have been only abused General Mason and his officers. The loudest in their indignation are those who by reckless tongues and equally reckless pens do their best to throw discredit upon his movements and to invite a change of headquarters.

WE hear that besides giving the charge of all Indians below the Gila to Colonel Davidson, the Indian Department has appointed a special agent for all those upon the Colorado. The Boston writer writes that this gentleman is on his way to the Territory. These reductions of Lehigh's district are very strange. We never heard of such movements in any Territory.

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BEFORE another issue of the MINER Major (our green) Phelps and Lieutenant VerMeir will have left Prescott to join General Mason at headquarters. Captain Green is already there, and Captain Tuttle is to remain here. General Mason is very fortunate in his staff officers. They have made many friends in this community, and we commend them to the people below as a valuable addition to their society.

EXCURSION DITCH AND MINING COMPANY.—This is the name of the company operating upon the lower part of LYNN Creek. The digging ditch and fluming is nearly completed, and it is expected that the placers will be in working condition within ten days. The company has the capital to prosecute their work vigorously. The following are the officers: President, Captain E. C. Leyland; Treasurer, Lieutenant Thomas Deane; Secretary, Lieutenant Hon. H. A. Bigelow.

PAUL.—The Prescott Brass Band gave a ball at the building lately built by Mr. Wertheimer, on Thursday evening last. The large parlor was tastefully decorated, and the music furnished by Jewell, Christie, Bowers and Corlies, was good. Dancing was kept up until after midnight, and apparently much enjoyed by the large party in attendance, which included many of our citizens, and nearly all the females in town. It was a very nice affair for the wilderness, and we are glad that its pecuniary results were such as to quite relieve the band of debt for their instruments.

THREE deserters from one of the Arizona volunteer companies killed a man digging a well on the La Paz road, and then threw his body down to his companion who was at the bottom of the well at the same time drawing up the rope, and leaving the living man in a utterly helpless condition. Mr. Duff, the mill carrier, passing the well twenty-four hours after, happened to look down, and assisted the unfortunate man to escape. They hurried to Wickenburg, and raised a party, who gave chase to the murderers, and although they had so much the start overtook and hung two of them. Verdier, served them right.

INTOXICATED MEN.—The violent death of one of our earliest settlers and best known prospectors, suggests the propriety of some provision for the care of intoxicated men. It is notorious that throughout the day which ended his career, he was much in liquor, and seeking to create a disturbance, while every one knows that when sober there was not a more industrious member of this community. Now, if men will drink to excess and become desperate, it is no good reason why they should be left to pick a quarrel, and to be killed. Had the man to whom we refer been removed and confined he would today have been alive and grateful to those who took charge of him, and no man would have had the unpleasant reflection which has lately attended the killing of a fellow man, whatever the circumstances. The Superiors ought to act in this matter at once. Only in this way can life and peace be preserved in this community, for while it seems to us strange that any one should think of shooting a drunken man, or indeed of being annoyed at anything he may say, there are many who do otherwise, and there are times when it may have to be done in self defense. It is the safest way for our constables to be clothed with power to immediately arrest and lodge in a secure place any man found in the streets, or in the saloons, in a state of gross intoxication.

LEWELLYN THURIF was killed in Prescott on Sunday evening last and buried on the following day. Thurf, who was usually a very quiet and good-hearted man, would now and then drink heavily and threaten the lives of those about him. Having drawn his pistol on Mr. Jay, he met his death, and the following is the verdict of the jury in the case: We, the undersigned, the jurors summoned to appear before G. W. Barnard, Coroner of the county of Yavapai, at the Court room, in said county, on the 26th day of March, A. D. 1866, to inquire into the cause of the death of Lewellyn Thurf, having been duly sworn according to law, and having made such inquiry after examining the body and hearing the testimony adduced, upon our oaths, each one and all of us do say that we find the deceased was named Lewellyn Thurf, a native of Virginia, aged about thirty years, that he came to his death on the 25th day of March, 1866, in this county; that his death was caused by a gun-shot wound by the discharge of a pistol in the hand of Leroy Jay. All of which we duly certify, by this inquisition, in writing by us signed the 26th day of March, A. D. 1866.

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AFFAIRS IN PAH-UTE COUNTY. CALVILLE, Jan. 30, 1866. EDITOR OF ARIZONA MINER.—The weather here is generally mild and pleasant; however, to-day we are honored with a warm rain, which is acceptable at all times in a country like this, which is comparatively dry. The farmers on the Muddy are in good spirits, and are preparing for a large crop this season. Five hundred acres of wheat are already sown, and it is doing well. Barley and other seeds have been put into the ground quite extensively. Orchards and vineyards have had their share of attention. Great care has been manifested in preparing the best qualities of fruits, each farmer appearing to have an ambition to excel in the pleasure of living under his own vine and fig tree. Improvements are rapidly going on.

COTTON GROWING. There is now a cotton gin in active operation at Mill Point, on the Muddy, doing excellent business. The largest yield of cotton yet produced to the acre was eight hundred pounds, cultivated by Mr. Rhodes. Cotton being worth fifty cents per pound this makes the nice little sum of four hundred dollars per acre, showing cotton to be a very valuable and profitable crop, not being subject to the inroads of the natives, who are not in the habit of eating cotton, and are very expert and useful in picking the article.

A large grist mill has also been erected, and works well, which obviates the necessity of hauling produce to St. George to be ground, and then hauled back again a distance of one hundred miles. The sugar mills of Mr. McGinnis & Co. has completed its work for this season, and is laid over until next season, when it will require three or four mills of the same size to meet the demand of the people.

INDIAN AFFAIRS. The progress of things in this vicinity at present is very much retarded in consequence of Indian difficulties. A fresh outbreak was manifested two weeks ago by the stealing of eight head of cattle and two horses, on the Muddy. The Indians were pursued and overtaken, and a fight followed, in which one Indian was killed and eight taken prisoners. The prisoners were tried, found guilty, and condemned to have forty lashes each on the bare back, which was duly applied. This brought the aborigines to a proper sense of their doings. They said they could not go either north, south, east or west, having enemies in each of these localities, and the only thing left for them was to stay at home, go to work, and to move through the valley of death's dark vale without appropriating the hard earnings of others to their own use and benefit, with no consideration therefor. This treaty in my opinion will be faithfully kept until another opportunity presents itself for another raid. At the Vegas Rancho four head of cattle have been stolen at different times this winter. The lash has been dexterously applied on the backs of all these invaders of the peace and quietness of the citizens of this place. Some genegade Navajos have within the last three weeks crossed the Colorado and united with some roving bands of Utes, and have stolen a large amount of stock from Dr. Whitmore's ranch, which is located between St. George and the Colorado. The stock stolen is estimated to be between three and four hundred head. Dr. Whitmore, in company with three others, went in pursuit, and were killed, the Doctor having a ball hole through his body, and one arrow sticking in his back. One of the men had fifteen arrows shot into him. Fifty volunteers were immediately raised in St. George, and sent out. The dead bodies were found and buried, and after following the trail of the cattle some distance they discovered the Indians, and killed six and took one prisoner, for the purpose of acquiring information of the stock. The whole line of Indians west of the Colorado seem to be on the war path. Depredations are committed daily in every direction. Dr. Whitmore lost \$800 in gold coin.

THE CITY OF CALVILLE. It is improving; a large amount of freight is now at the mouth of the river for the Utah trade, which will be immediately brought to Calville by steamers expressly fitted for that trade. Captain Truworthy, who has been highest up the river with a steamer, has seen all the difficulties obstructing the free navigation of the Colorado to Calville, but considers them of minor importance. His quick perception and correct judgment in steam-boating immediately showed to him the necessity of light draught boats fitted to the barges which he has procured, and are now ready for service. Calville is destined to be the largest city of Arizona. From this point the whole Utah trade will be supplied, also the southern part of the State of Nevada. The Mormons are setting in every valley that can be cultivated. A people thus enterprising and industrious, who are changing the parched and worthless desert into a valley of grain fields and gardens, filled with the most select fruits and savory vegetables, are worthy of the support and respect of the government under which they live, as pioneers and adventurers in the great work of civilization.

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THE MOSS LEAD.—We mentioned, some weeks since, the departure of a party of miners under charge of Mr. C. D. Strog, the former superintendent of the Gould & Curry mine, to work the famous Moss lead, in Arizona. The company have been advised of the arrival of the party on the ground and the commencement of operations. They are all in good health and spirits, and pushing ahead freely with the work of development. This enterprise will soon lead to the development of other mines in that locality, the existence of a number of which is already known.—S. F. Mining Press, March 3.

TERRITORIAL OFFICERS.—The Senate has decided the following appointments; Robert B. Mitchell, of Kansas, to be Governor, and George P. Estes, of Ohio, Secretary of the Territory of New Mexico. Wm. H. Gale, of New York, to be Associate Judge of Colorado Territory, Wilton Kellogg to be Associate Judge of Idaho Territory, Wm. Kellogg, of Illinois, to be Chief Justice of Nebraska, C. F. Holda, of Colorado, Associate Justice of Colorado Territory, James Waycock, of Mississippi, Associate Justice of Washington Territory. U. C. Hewitt, Chief Justice of Washington Territory.

GEN. LEE has been before the Reconstruction committee. It is proposed to appropriate \$192,000 to be divided among the officers and crew of the Kearsage. February 18th the Senate passed a bill relinquishing whatever title the United States may have to land in San Francisco county; and a bill has been presented for the appropriation of \$20,000 for the removal of obstructions in San Francisco harbor. The Senate Committee reported a bill favoring the extension of the State of Nevada so as to include Utah.

THE GREAT BLOOD MEDICINE.—Let every man woman and child in our country learn that LeDoyen's Family medicine is the best in use. See advertisement on fourth page. 5y

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Territorial officers, lawyers, and others, having in their possession any books belonging to the

TERRITORIAL LIBRARY. Will please return them to the Secretary's office without delay, as it is desired to newly catalogue and arrange the library. Office of the Secretary of the Terr. Mar. 27, 1866. Prescott, March 14, 1866. 5

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Estate of Fred. Meggers, deceased. By virtue of an order of the Hon. Jas. Brooks, Judge of Probate in and for the county of Yavapai, Arizona Territory, all persons interested are required to be and appear before said Judge, at the court house, in the town of Prescott, in said county, at 10 o'clock A. M. on the 26th day of March, A. D. 1866, then and there to state cause, if any they have, why certain real estate, mining claims, etc., belonging to said estate, shall not be ordered sold to pay the debts and charges of administration of said estate, or so much thereof as shall be necessary to pay the same. Witness my hand and seal of office, this 26th day of March, 1866. N. L. GRIFFIN, Administrator of the estate of Fred. Meggers, deceased. 6d

European Metallurgical Works. Bryant Street, between Third and Fourth, San Francisco. The proprietors having recently added to this Establishment the latest and most approved Machinery for the Reduction and Testing of ORES of all sorts—either in large or small quantities—have prepared to test Ores by such process as may be ascertained best suited to their chemical character, after a careful analysis being first made. Assays, either in the humid or dry way, made of all Minerals. Also, Refining and Cupellation attended to. S. P. KIMBALL, J. R. MURPHY, Proprietors.

DISOLUTION. The co-partnership heretofore existing between J. M. Rountree and T. A. Alsap, in this day dissolved by mutual consent. J. M. ROUNTREE, T. A. ALSAP.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE. Estate of Fred. Gorkins, deceased. Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, executor of the above named estate, to the creditors of, and all persons having claims against, said deceased, to exhibit the same with the necessary vouchers within one year from the first publication of this notice, to J. H. Baldwin, at the Prescott Exchange, Prescott, Arizona, or to the undersigned. Prescott, March 25, 1866. HENRY MCULTY, 6d

EXCHANGE SALOON. This well known saloon has been rented by the undersigned, and will be kept as A FIRST CLASS SALOON. Where a drink of pure liquor may always be had. All kinds of excellent LIQUORS and CIGARS kept constantly on hand. The house has been remodeled, and a commodious private room fitted up behind the bar. J. H. BALDWIN, Prescott, March 27, 1866. 62m

J. D. HICKS & CO., LOS ANGELES, California. Dealers in Stoves, Lead and iron Pipes, Pumps, Hydraulic Rams, Miner's Tools, Agricultural Implements, Stone Ware, Lamps, Crockery, Kerosene, Linseed Oil, Wood and Willow Ware, Manila and Fencing Rope, Monte Bacon, And Lard, Dried Fruits, Etc., etc., etc. Also, just received Corn Shellers, (Double & Single,) Cast Steel Plows, Horse Shoes, Window Glass, Butts and Screws, Strap Hinges, Broom Wire, Etc., etc., etc. All of which we offer cheap for cash. J. D. HICKS & CO. 6d

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT TO THE MINING COMMUNITY. Great saving in the cost of reduction machinery. The attention of the mining corporations, mill men, and mine owners is respectfully urged to examine and carefully investigate the great advantages to be derived from Mr. Gardner's invention, patented under the title of the

THUNDERBOLT CRUSHER. The "Thunderbolt Crusher Company," organized upon the patent of Mr. Gardner, and under the laws of the State of New York. Office 69 Broadway, New York.

OFFICERS.—President, Hon. Chasbury Vibbard, New York; Vice President and Treasurer, J. H. Paine, New York; Secretary, F. G. Wheeler, New York. The "Thunderbolt Crusher" is constructed upon an entirely new principle, which enables it to crush and pulverize ores and other minerals by a single process, viz: It is provided with two jaws of plates, which working upon different centres, and only coming, but obtaining a maximum of attrition. These jaws are massively constructed, and are furnished with massive plates of chilled iron, which can be easily replaced at small cost. They will admit boulders of fifty pounds weight, and can be graduated as occasion requires. This machine is solely driven by an engine of fifteen-horse power, and their lightness, and facility of transportation, render them for more economical than any machinery now in use for reducing quartz. Large orders for this crusher have already been executed for well established mining companies, and the company have contracts with responsible machinists to construct without delay, sufficient, it is hoped, for the large demand. Parties desiring to see the crusher, in actual operation, can do so by visiting the "Globe Iron Works," in 353rd street, near 13th avenue. Companies desiring facilities or further information, will please address any of the officers of the company, at 69 Broadway, or apply personally at the office of the Superintendent, Mr. F. G. Gardner, No. 12 Pine Street, (Room No. 11, 4th story.) This machine supplies, in a better, the real desideratum for the reduction of quartz rapidly and economically. One machine will reduce to an impalpable powder, from 30 to 50 tons of ore per day, with not to exceed 15-horse power. It is made capable of sustaining any strain that can be brought to bear upon it. We furnish at present two sizes of machines, numbered respectively Nos. 1 and 2. No. 1 weighs, complete, when finished, 14,000 lbs., or seven tons, occupies a space, when in running order, of five feet in width, by fifteen in length, and will require a 12-horse power engine. Compared with stamps, requiring the same power, it will finish from three to four times as much work in the same time, passing it through a sieve 60 to 80 meshes to the inch, the stamps using sets of from 35 to 50 meshes to the inch. The Thunderbolt Crusher not only finishes a much larger amount of work, but reduces it to a finer powder. Cost, complete, both installed and delivered at the wharf, \$6,500. This, compared with No. 1, is one-sixteenth less in capacity, is 4,000 lbs. lighter in weight, therefore taking a correspondingly less amount of power. Cost, complete in all its appointments, and delivered on the wharf, \$5,500. Orders are respectfully solicited with full instructions. Address either of the officers of the company, at the office, 69 Broadway, New York, or P. G. GARDNER, Superintendent, No. 12 Pine Street (Room 11), N. Y.

U. S. ARMY ADVERTISEMENTS. Will be received at the office of the undersigned, in Prescott, A. T., until 12 o'clock M., May 1st, 1866. For supplying the following Posts with forage for the United States Army in Arizona, viz: Prescott, A. T., 591 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 841 tons of Hay. Camp Lincoln, 251 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 353 tons of Hay. Camp Mason, 313 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 79 tons of Hay. Wickenburg, 51 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 79 tons of Hay. Tucson Depot, 151 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 230 tons of Hay. Fort Mason, 540 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 662 tons of Hay. Fort Bowie, 310 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 394 tons of Hay. Fort Goodwin, 90 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 141 tons of Hay. Fort Grant, 71 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 198 tons of Hay. Fort McDowell, 509 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 695 tons of Hay. Fort Mojave, 61 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 95 tons of Hay. More or less, to be of the best quality well cured, and free from rot, dirt, smut or weevil. The grass to be cut when it is fully ripe, and before it loses its seed. The grain to be securely sacked, part of which will hold 54 pounds, and part 108 pounds. Sealed proposals in duplicate will also be received at the same time and place for the

TRANSPORTATION OF SUPPLIES. From the Depot at Fort Yuma, California, to the following Posts, and supplies to be delivered at their destination, on or before the 1st of December, 1866: Fort Whipple, near Prescott, 486 tons. Camp Lincoln, on the Rio Verde, 351 tons. Camp Mason, Date Creek, 106 tons. Port McDowell, 221 tons. Fort Grant, mouth of Rio San Pedro, 100 tons. Tucson Depot, 448 tons. More or less.

Bids will also be received for the transportation of supplies from Tucson Depot to the following Posts, viz: Fort Goodwin, 316 tons, more or less. Fort Bowie, 200 tons, more or less. Stores for the interior will be delivered to the contractor at any point on the Colorado river above Fort Yuma that may be desired, but in deciding upon the lowest bids the cost of transportation from Fort Yuma to the point of delivery will be added to the bid, for determining which is the cheapest for the United States.

The number of tons contracted for to be supplied at any one Post will be deducted from the amount of stores for transportation to that Post. Bids will be received for transportation of twenty-five tons and upwards, also for any number of pounds of Barley, Wheat, Corn or Hay, not exceeding the total amount required at each Post. Terms should be stated in United States gold coin, or the market value thereof in United States currency on the day of payment. Payment will be made in such funds as furnished by the United States for that purpose, if on hand, if not on hand certified accounts will be given. Bidders should give their names in full, as well as their place of residence. Each proposal should be accompanied by a bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by two or more responsible persons, guaranteeing that in case a contract is awarded to the parties proposing, the contract will be accepted and entered into, and good and sufficient security furnished by said parties in accordance with the terms of this advertisement. Parties to whom awards are made must be prepared to execute the contracts at such times as required by the undersigned, and to give the required bonds for the faithful performance of the same. Contractors will be required to have a place of business or agency in the Territory, at which they can be communicated with promptly and readily. Contracts will be made subject to the approval of the District, Department and Division commanders, but the right is reserved by the undersigned to reject any and all bids that are offered. Satisfactory evidence of the loyalty and solvency of the bidders and persons offered as security will be required. No bid will be entertained from any person who has given aid or comfort to further the late rebellion. The cost of advertising will be divided between the successful bidders pro rata. A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal. Proposals must be endorsed on the envelope "Proposals for Army Transportation," or "Proposals for Furnishing Forage," and addressed to JOSEPH TUTTLE, Captain and Chief Quartermaster, District of Arizona, Prescott, A. T.

Office Chief Quartermaster, District of Arizona, Prescott, A. T., Mar. 1, 1866. 31d

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articles, or for any one or all of the Posts, said bids to be made separately. No bid will be entertained from any person who has given aid or comfort to further the late rebellion. Bids should be stated in United States gold coin, or the market value thereof in United States currency on the day of payment. Payment will be made at all the Posts supplied in such funds as furnished by the United States Government for that purpose, if on hand, if not on hand certified accounts will be given. The expense of this advertisement will be divided between the successful bidders pro rata. A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal. Proposals to be marked on the envelope "Proposals for Furnishing Subsistence Stores," and addressed to JOSEPH TUTTLE, Captain and Assistant Quartermaster, Acting Chief Commissary of Subsistence, District of Arizona, Office Chief Commissary of Subsistence, District of Arizona, Prescott, A. T. 31d

U. S. ARMY SUPPLIES For Arizona. Sealed proposals in duplicate Will be received at the office of the undersigned, in Prescott, A. T., until 12 o'clock M., May 1st, 1866. For supplying the following Posts with forage for the United States Army in Arizona, viz: Prescott, A. T., 591 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 841 tons of Hay. Camp Lincoln, 251 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 353 tons of Hay. Camp Mason, 313 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 79 tons of Hay. Wickenburg, 51 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 79 tons of Hay. Tucson Depot, 151 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 230 tons of Hay. Fort Mason, 540 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 662 tons of Hay. Fort Bowie, 310 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 394 tons of Hay. Fort Goodwin, 90 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 141 tons of Hay. Fort Grant, 71 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 198 tons of Hay. Fort McDowell, 509 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 695 tons of Hay. Fort Mojave, 61 tons of Barley, Wheat or Corn, and 95 tons of Hay. More or less, to be of the best quality well cured, and free from rot, dirt, smut or weevil. The grass to be cut when it is fully ripe, and before it loses its seed. The grain to be securely sacked, part of which will hold 54 pounds, and part 108 pounds. Sealed proposals in duplicate will also be received at the same time and place for the

TRANSPORTATION OF SUPPLIES. From the Depot at Fort Yuma, California, to the following Posts, and supplies to be delivered at their destination, on or before the 1st of December, 1866: Fort Whipple, near Prescott, 486 tons. Camp Lincoln, on the Rio Verde, 351 tons. Camp Mason, Date Creek, 106 tons. Port McDowell, 221 tons. Fort Grant, mouth of Rio San Pedro, 100 tons. Tucson Depot, 448 tons. More or less.

Bids will also be received for the transportation of supplies from Tucson Depot to the following Posts, viz: Fort Goodwin, 316 tons, more or less. Fort Bowie, 200 tons, more or less. Stores for the interior will be delivered to the contractor at any point on the Colorado river above Fort Yuma that may be desired, but in deciding upon the lowest bids the cost of transportation from Fort Yuma to the point of delivery will be added to the bid, for determining which is the cheapest for the United States.

The number of tons contracted for to be supplied at any one Post will be deducted from the amount of stores for transportation to that Post. Bids will be received for transportation of twenty-five tons and upwards, also for any number of pounds of Barley, Wheat, Corn or Hay, not exceeding the total amount required at each Post. Terms should be stated in United States gold coin, or the market value thereof in United States currency on the day of payment. Payment will be made in such funds as furnished by the United States for that purpose, if on hand, if not on hand certified accounts will be given. Bidders should give their names in full, as well as their place of residence. Each proposal should be accompanied by a bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by two or more responsible persons, guaranteeing that in case a contract is awarded to the parties proposing, the contract will be accepted and entered into, and good and sufficient security furnished by said parties in accordance with the terms of this advertisement. Parties to whom awards are made must be prepared to execute the contracts at such times as required by the undersigned, and to give the required bonds for the faithful performance of the same. Contractors will be required to have a place of business or agency in the Territory, at which they can be communicated with promptly and readily. Contracts will be made subject to the approval of the District, Department and Division commanders, but the right is reserved by the undersigned to reject any and all bids that are offered. Satisfactory evidence of the loyalty and solvency of the bidders and persons offered as security will be required. No bid will be entertained from any person who has given aid or comfort to further the late rebellion. The cost of advertising will be divided between the successful bidders pro rata. A printed copy of this advertisement must be attached to each proposal. Proposals must be endorsed on the envelope "Proposals for Army Transportation," or "Proposals for Furnishing Forage," and addressed to JOSEPH TUTTLE, Captain and Chief Quartermaster, District of Arizona, Prescott, A. T.

Office Chief Quartermaster, District of Arizona, Prescott, A. T., Mar. 1, 1866. 31d

U. S. ARMY ADVERTISEMENTS. Bids will be received for the whole amount of either or both, or for any part of either or both

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