

THE WABASH PRESS.

WHOLE NO. 949.

TERRE-HAUTE, INDIANA, NOVEMBER 21 1860.

VOL. XIX. NO. 50

Secession is Disunion.

The news from the South is still interesting. A hot climate seems to be productive of traitors. South Carolina still threatens to secede, and it is somewhat difficult to understand what she means by secession. A peaceable secession is nothing more than a word coined up for political effect. For the secession is disunion—nothing more, nothing less. What is the secession of one State in this Union from the rest, but a dissolving of all the ties which bind the whole together—a breaking up of the partnership? How can a State secede? What is the modus operandi by which it is to be done? What is it that constitutes secession? Suppose one of the Townships of Vigo county, becoming dissatisfied with the individuals who have been elected county Commissioners, should conclude to secede and organize a government wholly and entirely independent of the rest of the county? Do you think the authorities would send their tax collectors into that Township to collect the taxes by distress and sale? and do you suppose they would not be forced to respect the county authorities? Suppose the county of Sullivan, should determine to secede because the rest of the counties in the State had elected Col. Lane, and as she did not want the Colonel her Governor, she would withdraw from the statehood and refuse to help further to support the State government? Would not the State authorities immediately force this rebellious county into submission? Would not the officers, backed by a sufficient posse, take from her citizens their proper quota of the expenses of the State? Certainly such would be the case. If a State then, seceded only in her State government, becoming dissatisfied because the other States in the exercise of their choice, have under the constitution elected a President, seeks to secede or dissolve her connection with the rest, do you suppose she will be permitted to do it? Has she the right to dissolve the partnership without the consent of the balance of the firm? If she refuses to pay her quota of the expenses of the Federal government and of its indebtedness, do you suppose she ought not and will not be forced to do it?—certainly she ought and will.

Secession is Disunion, and no part of this Federal government has a right to withdraw, and set up for itself an entirely independent government.

It can only do this by revolution, and if it can thus secede it becomes a right. There is no such thing as peaceable revolution—its object could have been attained by the simple determination. Revolution implies resistance to constitutional authorities, and is successful if the most powerful. Will the Federal authorities remain still and witness South Carolina, or Georgia, or Alabama, or all, and as many more States combined, singly or collectively, peacefully or by force, dissolve this Union? We think not—certainly it will not. But if the legally constituted authorities do not resist, from the very beginning every advance towards secession or dissolution, then secession and dissolution will take place. If this Federal Government has not the power to prevent its dissolution, then is our ship of State, out upon a rough sea, amid rocks and breakers, subject to be dashed to pieces by every squall that comes above the horizon. This question should be settled, and ought to be settled now—once and forever. South Carolina is full of traitors to this Federal Government, and treason to this Commonwealth. She threatens the overt act—the moment she commits it, she should be chastised—There is no other remedy with that rebellious and spoiled child but to teach her, in such a manner that she will not soon again forget it, that this Federal Government, is a power—power not to be successfully resisted, nor defiantly threatened—a power beyond the reach of State Sovereignties. It is difficult to contemplate this subject without much earnest patriotic feeling—Disunion it may be, the times are ominous of stirring events. Has the moment at last arrived, when this governmental fabric, which has for two-thirds of a century, given so much happiness to millions, is to be dissolved—severed in twain to gratify the ambition of a few self-seeking and disloyal citizens? In this constitutional government, which cost so much blood and treasure, now to be shaken from terrace to foundation stone, because a majority of the people desire to rule? Let us watch, and be prepared to defend the Constitution, and protect and preserve the Union of these States.

Prentiss' Duel with Gholson—A Laughable Affair of Honor.

A writer in the "Herald" has fabricated the following incident of the celebrated duel between Judge Gholson and S. S. Prentiss, of Mississippi: The facts are these: At the first fire Gholson leaped exactly three feet one inch and a half from ground, not with a ball through his heart, because the ball had struck the toe of his right foot, glancing in a westerly direction, hitting Gholson's second in the pit of the stomach, causing him to "double up" with such violence that an empty pistol he had in his hand flew forward with such force as to hit his principal on the head, causing him to jump up as aforesaid, because he was so completely astonished, believing his antagonist's ball had hit him on the back of the head! Gholson was cured of a corn on his right foot but had the toothache for a week. Gholson's second took the cramp-colic.

The ball of his adversary passed so close to the lips of Prentiss as to take away his breath, causing him to fall upon the ground from which ever afterward he had a slight limp in his speech.

The parties were reconciled on the ground in this manner. After they had untangled and untrolled Gholson's second out of a hard knot, and somewhat relieved him, Prentiss, lying considerably, said: "Gholson, you owe me a dollar." "What for?" said Gholson. "No," says Gholson, "you owe me a dollar." "What for?" says Prentiss. "Because," said Gholson, "you hit my second in the stomach and caused him to hit me on the head, which gave me a toothache, and now I have to have the tooth pulled, which will cost me a dollar." "Well," says Prentiss, "let's call it square." So they shook hands on the spot.

It is not permitted by law for a parent to bury an unburied child in England with religious ceremonies.

The Result—Democracy is Defeated.

We clip the following from the Baltimore Patriot: "It is certain that Abraham Lincoln, of Illinois, will be elected by the majority in the Electoral College, by a majority of States, and by the majority required by the Constitution and the laws, the next President of the United States. It is then the duty of every citizen, in every State, to uphold the law, the Constitution, the Union under it and its results. The vote of the Southern States threatens to be made of a disruption of the States—and it is to be sustained, in every lawful way and with all their might, by those who acknowledge the supremacy of the Constitution and the Law. The vote of our own State has been by an unexpected plurality, cast in favor of that candidate, whose party has been threatened, in those States—but whose party has been defeated before the people of this Union. That decision of the people is to be upheld. That defeat is the voice and judgment of the people. That election declares, in the lawful way, the will of the States—the voice of the people and of the States—and it is to be sustained, in every lawful way and with all their might, by those who acknowledge the supremacy of the Constitution and the Law. We say further, that the result of the election shows that the judgment of the people of the United States, is, that Slavery shall not be extended, by the power of Congress, nor by armed intervention, nor by complicity of the Federal Authorities, over Territories now free. The voice of the people of Maryland also is, that Slavery shall not be extended with its arms to border, where they alone have the right to decide the question. The voice of the people of Maryland accords also with the voice of the people of the other States in regard to the Territories of the United States, now free; and the people of this State will uphold and carry out that decision.

From the reign of that party—the 'intolerable domination,' which degraded the powers of the Federal Government to the unlawful end of extending Slavery over those Territories we are delivered.

From the reign of corruption in public office from those who have proscribed the great powers and high ends of Government, to that propagandism—from those who neglected American and National interests, for sectional and sectional interests, we are freed. We look for the restoration of better days—for the return of peace and harmony—for the end of the slavery agitation—for the protection of American industry—of American mechanics—of home manufactures of commerce—the advancement of National internal improvements—the improvement of our Rivers and Harbors, of all measures, founded upon Whig principles. We confidently hope for the restoration of those principles, in legislation and government, both as to commerce, manufactures, improvements, and to the Slavery question, which were advocated by Henry Clay.

Congress.

The Indianapolis Journal says "the result of the Congressional elections on the 6th of this month is now definitely ascertained. The New York delegation stands 15 to 8. They lost two members in New York. Indeed we lose more, for Haskin, who acted with the Republicans in the organization of the present House, is succeeded by a Democrat of the bitterest kind and Reynolds of Albany, who also acted with the Republicans most of the time, is succeeded by Erasmus Corning, who never voted for a Republican under any circumstances. The practical loss therefore is 4, but the nominal party loss is two. In New Jersey Pennington is beaten by Perry, an old friend with the Republicans, but on good terms with the Democrats, and Adams (anti-Leopold) Democrat but on good terms with the Republicans, is beaten by Steele. There is a loss of 2 in New Jersey. In Massachusetts Buttigege is beaten by Wm Appleton, an aristocratic old Whig, about seventy times as mean and unmanageable as a very mean Democrat. This is a loss of 1 in Massachusetts. In the October election we lost 2 in Ohio, and 2 in Pennsylvania. Our aggregate loss is 9. But we gain 1 in Wisconsin, in the contemptible Larrabee's place; we gain 1 in St. Louis in Barrett's place; 1 in Detroit in Cooper's place, and will probably have the effective help of Major Rollins, of Missouri, which will be a mere, or a gain, inasmuch as a clear loss of 5. In the present Congress at the organization we stood 113 Republicans to 124 Democrats, Leconte and anti-Leopold, and Americans. In the next Congress we stand 108 Republicans to 120 of all others. Illinois, like Indiana, returns her delegation unchanged. W. A. Richardson is elected in the Fifth District in place of Isaac N. Morris, and I. N. Arnold is elected in the Second or Chicago District, in place of J. F. Farnsworth. All the other members are the same as in the present Congress."

Who is Responsible.

Every patriot is looking with much interest to the result of the storm which disunionists have excited in some of the Southern States. It is strange, yet it is true, that up to this very hour the Southern masses are deceived as to the opinions entertained by Mr. Lincoln upon the Slavery question, or the doctrines advocated by the Republican party. They are, and have been, misled by a real and corrupt press, that has for partisan purposes imposed upon the common understanding of its readers and instilled into their minds the most erroneous notions of the policy sought to be inaugurated by the party just coming into power. The Democratic press throughout the North, has been for months, telling the South that the Republican party is an Abolitionist party—that when it gets into power it will abolish Slavery in the States—that the Abolitionists were followers of John Brown and regarded the negro as the equal of the white man. Upon these strings they have played, until the excited South, fearing for their peculiar institution became aroused and will now, if not prevented, dissolve the Union heretofore existing between these States. It is the Northern Democratic press that is now sowing the dragon's teeth, and it is now reaping the whirlwind, and it alone, has stirred up a storm that may require a giant arm to suppress. By its misrepresentations—its unparalleled lying and unblushing assertions it has led Southern Democrats to believe that the Republican party, was an organization whose greatest end and aim was the abolition of Slavery in the States where it existed. The Republican press has protested against this from the very start. Mr. Lincoln has declared, he never entertained any such opinions. Republican all over the land pointed the Democratic party to their platform of principles, to the speeches of their most distinguished men and to their press for a denial of these charges against them. Every platform which the Republican party adopted in any State, denied these charges against them. Every speaker who spoke from the stump, denied them, and the Republican press all over the Democratic platform went on lying about this matter, the Democratic speakers continued to falsify the truth in relation to this matter, and the Democratic press, for the meanest of partisan purposes, continued to misrepresent it hourly, daily, weekly and yearly.

In this wholesale misrepresentation of the principles of the Republican party, some were more zealous than the editor of the Terre-Haute Journal, and no speakers were more false to the truth than those who canvassed this Congressional District. They labored to misrepresent and gave their influence in fanning into a flame the excitement which now disturbs the minds of a large portion of Southern Democrats. And now, when the storm which has been raised by these men, is assuming alarming proportions, the same fellows charge the whole matter on the Republican party, and the "sectional" principles they advocate, and the "sectional" President they have elected. With an audacity that is wonderful, a presumption that is contemptible, the editor of the Journal, in his article of Wednesday, attempts this very thing. He charges the Republican party with creating the tendency to disunion, which prevails extensively at the present time, in some of the Southern States. At his door and the door of his partisan friends lies the responsibility of all this trouble. Had they acted during the campaign just passed as true men should have acted, all of this difficulty would have been avoided. Had they told the truth in relation to the doctrine advocated by the Republican party, the danger to the Union which they threaten now so loudly have been averted. If this Union is to be dissolved because Mr. Lincoln has been elected President, the crushing responsibility of the act rests upon the shoulders of the Democratic party—and they have done it from the most impure and mercenary motives. When they saw power passing from their hands, they resorted to every expedient to stop it, and as misrepresentation was the most congenial, they indulged in it to the most.

The Republican party stands wholly and entirely free, from, in any way, being the cause of the disunion movement now so prevalent in some of the Southern States. If the South has shut its eyes and its ears to what Republicans themselves said and wrote in regard to the doctrine which they advocated, why, it is their fault, not ours. If the South has believed all that the Northern Democratic press has said about the intentions of the Republican party, it is to be pitied, perhaps more than censured.

The Republican party is not now, nor has it ever been, an Abolition party. The Republican party does not now, nor will it ever seek to abolish slavery where it legally exists. But the Republican party does now, and will ever oppose the extension of human slavery into Free Territory, and if South Carolina or Georgia, or Alabama, or any other State, does not like it, they, or it, will have to—make the most of it.

CHARLES O'CONNOR.

Moderated—made elegant—Much admiration has been elicited from persons of good taste, during the last few days, by the elegant and tasty improvements made in the jewelry store of Messrs. G. H. Bacon & Co., late S. R. Freeman's. They have entirely remodelled the premises, in the most beautiful and fashionable style, and having just received a heavy stock of elegant and most desirable jewelry, notions watches, &c., their establishment fairly dazzles with gorgeous and brilliant beauty, lying almost with oriental magnificence. No one passing their elaborately furnished show window fails to stop, to gaze and admire. Walk in and examine their stock more closely and critically.

THE NEW FIRM.

The statement of the Presidential election is fast dying out, and nothing is now heard but the low sobs of the slaughtered Democracy. But a new excitement is springing up, and the entire public mind is being turned to the new firm of Marshall & Paddock, and to the contemplation of their unrivaled stock of ready made clothing and piece goods. It is wonderful, truly, and all should call at once, and examine the premises, and lend their aid in solving the mystery.

Our "Poik."

We want it understood that we have a "poik" of our own, and warn all content poraries, not to "meeters," or tamper with him under "pain of penalties." This is his first, and aside from the poetry, contains much truth and a good suggestion.

THE MAN OF SUCCESS.

The man who thinks he balances the world upon his nose, Who, in a dream of weak conceit Through life securely goes, Oh, he will one day waken And find himself surprised By some neglected rival, Working silently and fast.

BOOKS AND FANCY GOODS.

Mr. Oliver Bartlett has just filled his spacious store room in Commercial row, with the largest and most attractive stock of books, stationery and fancy goods ever brought to the city. His assortment in every line is varied and complete, and he is now prepared to supply all the wants of his community, either in standard or miscellaneous books and school books, or fancy goods. Every conceivable article that necessity may require, or that luxury may desire, can here be found in endless variety. It would be impossible to enumerate, we can but commend the ladies and gentlemen of Terre Haute and vicinity, to call at his store, No. 101 Commercial row, and examine for yourselves.

A COMPLIMENT WELL MERITED.

We learn that the citizens of Parko county, impressed with the great advantages to be derived by their county from the completion of the Railroad to Rockville, and duly appreciating the vicinity of efforts, and the untiring zeal for the accomplishment of that enterprise by their fellow citizen, George K. Steele, here determined to compliment him with a public dinner, to be given at Rockville, upon the completion of the road, as a manifestation of their gratitude and appreciation of his labors in their behalf.

We are glad to see this, for we have for many months past, witnessed with no small degree of admiration, the indomitable energy and perseverance put forth by George Steele in behalf of this enterprise. General Steele deserves a monument, and the people of Parke have the generosity to award it.

FRINDS.

We learn that attempts have been recently made, to destroy trains on the Terre Haute & Richmond Railroad, in the vicinity of Brazil, and the untiring zeal for the accomplishment of that enterprise by their fellow citizen, George K. Steele, here determined to compliment him with a public dinner, to be given at Rockville, upon the completion of the road, as a manifestation of their gratitude and appreciation of his labors in their behalf.

PRESENTATION.

The beautiful silver trumpet donated to the Hook & Ladder Company, was formally presented to the company on Tuesday night. Dr. E. Reed represented the city, and H. Kenneke represented the firmers. We heard the addresses of both gentlemen very favorably spoken of.

THE PROFIT INCARNATE.

The Indianapolis Journal says: "The wages of sin is death," says the Scriptures. "The wages of outrage is defeat and shame," says the results of the late election. The Democrats of Occoquan, Virginia, cut down a Lincoln pole before the election, and threatened a disturbance which at one time called out the military to look to them. Our readers will remember the occurrence. At the Presidential election Lincoln carried the township. His vote was 55 to 5 for Breckinridge, 43 for Bell, and 17 for Douglas. So the event rewarded the outrage. Another case, even more conspicuous, occurs to us. The Republicans of Newburgh, in the Warrick county, a few weeks before the State election, to organize a Wide-Awake club, one man badly wounded, and several cut, one man killed, and several others, and their assailants "went away" fast. At the Presidential election Lincoln's vote was double that of any other candidate. So the great paid the outrage. And so it will reward any wrong and folly that bigoted party feeling indicates on honest difference of opinion. The Democracy are enjoying, in their overwhelming and final defeat, the wages of the wrongs they have done, and the falsehoods they have propagated for eight years.

THE CHARGE OF NEGRO EQUALITY AGAINST THE TEST OF THE BALLOT BOX.

The readers are aware that the question of extending negro suffrage was voted upon in New York at the election on Tuesday last. Under that question the situation of that State, negroes who own property worth \$250 are privileged to vote. The question was to amend the constitution so as to extend the privilege to all adult negroes, so as to place them, in that respect, on a footing of equality with the whites. The majority for the extension of the amendment has been 50,000. It may, therefore, be taken for granted if the Republican party of New York be in favor of negro equality the amendment has been adopted. So far the returns indicate that not only has it not been adopted, but that it has been rejected an immense vote.

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WASHINGTON ITEMS.

The State department has received advice from Minister Harris of the 5th of July, he states that the Japanese steamer Commodore has arrived at Jeddah, from San Francisco, and on the return voyage was navigated by Japanes alone, this he says is the first instance in which a vessel constructed solely by Asiatics has successfully crossed the great North Pacific ocean, and strikingly proves the Japanes to be capable of improvement, that they might soon place themselves at the head of Oriental enterprise if allowed freely to cultivate the great powers they possess. The Commander of the steamer, with two governors for foreign affairs, had called on Mr. Harris, saying they came by command of the Ticoyon and were directed to express to him His Majesty's sincere thank for the friendly and cordial manner in which the Commodore and officers of his steamer received by the authorities and people of San Francisco. They were directed to thank him particularly for the complete repairs of the steamer at San Francisco, and express the deep sense his Majesty entertained of the kindness and courtesy of Capt. Cunningham, commander of the Commodore, and a letter received from the Commodore, with full accounts of the reception at San Francisco, and the kindness shown them by all classes of our people, had produced a lively sensation, among the nobles heretofore opposed the treaty of Yeddo.

FROM GEORGIA.

The Senate has passed, unanimously, the bill appropriating one million dollars, at the discretion of the Governor for the defense of the State. The Joint Committee on the state of the Republic, agreed unanimously to report a bill for calling a Convention of the people, with a preamble recommending resistance. It is understood that Gov. Brown, A. H. Stephens, H. V. Johnson, and other leading men, have endorsed the bill, and that it will pass unanimously.

FROM NEW YORK.

A meeting last evening in behalf of the People's Pacific Railroad via Pike's Peak and Utah, was well attended. A Committee was appointed to obtain the necessary information. Richmond dispatches states that Gov. Wise is pronounced insane. The millers at Richmond refused to buy wheat yesterday, on any terms; it consequently declined. Corn also declined 8c. Letters received here state that the Knights of the Golden Circle are starting in Texas. The Presidential vote of Virginia is so nearly balanced, that only the official returns can decide.

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ATTENTIONS, REPUBLICANS! The Republicans of Indianapolis invite their Republican friends of Ohio, Illinois, Indiana, and other States, to join them in a Grand Illumination and Jubilee on Thursday and Friday night, November 22d, 1860. Ample arrangements will be made for the accommodation of all who may come. Gov. Henry S. Lane, Lieut. Gov. O. P. Morton, and other good speakers, will positively be present. A. H. O'CONNOR, Chairman State Central Committee. G. W. GREENSBERRY, R. A. BUTTS, R. A. LOCKER, On behalf of the Rail Mailers.

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The Senate has passed, unanimously, the bill appropriating one million dollars, at the discretion of the Governor for the defense of the State. The Joint Committee on the state of the Republic, agreed unanimously to report a bill for calling a Convention of the people, with a preamble recommending resistance. It is understood that Gov. Brown, A. H. Stephens, H. V. Johnson, and other leading men, have endorsed the bill, and that it will pass unanimously.

FROM NEW YORK.

A meeting last evening in behalf of the People's Pacific Railroad via Pike's Peak and Utah, was well attended. A Committee was appointed to obtain the necessary information. Richmond dispatches states that Gov. Wise is pronounced insane. The millers at Richmond refused to buy wheat yesterday, on any terms; it consequently declined. Corn also declined 8c. Letters received here state that the Knights of the Golden Circle are starting in Texas. The Presidential vote of Virginia is so nearly balanced, that only the official returns can decide.

RECESSION MOVEMENTS.

A letter from a strong cotton house in Charleston, S. C., says that the cotton market is so low, that the unwillingness in South Carolina for a session. The business men and artisans and merchants, and all the professional classes, are decidedly opposed to secession. A special dispatch to the World, says: South Carolina will, under no circumstances, back down from the position she has taken. She is now virtually out of the Union. The U. S. flag is not recognized in any part of the State. Senator Chesnut, it is said, will preside in the Convention. Baltimore offers Gov. Gist 1,000 men and Jerry 500. Individual applications for military appointments, are numerous. The Mayor, owing to the present condition of affairs, discharged a large number of laborers employed on the public works. Patrick Hays, an Englishman, arrested for incendiary remarks, was hurried off on the steamer Marion for New York yesterday. A handsome sword will be presented to A. J. Magrath, who resigned his seat in the U. S. Court. Caleb Cushing's brig, Joseph G. sails for Liverpool to-morrow. Capt. Plummer says, he will bear aloft the Palmetto lance star flag.

FROM VIRGINIA.

Gov. Letcher has called an extra session of the Legislature for the 9th of January, to take into consideration the condition of public affairs, and determine calmly and wisely what action is necessary in this emergency. The Republican Executive committee of this city, has received a special invitation from the State Executive committee and the Executive committee of the Wide-Awake of this State, to attend the grand State ratification, to be held in Indianapolis on Thursday night next. We hope it will be accepted by large number who will make it a point to go.

THE FURNACE.

Four furnaces—Those elegant furs at Alschuler's, corner of Market and Wab