

THE SUBURBAN CITIZEN

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NO. 4.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

V. S. Archer, attorney for the city of Parkersburg, W. Va., has filed in the District Supreme Court a petition for a writ of mandamus to compel the Director of the Census to make a new and accurate enumeration of the population of Parkersburg. The petitioner claims that because of careless enumeration the census figures for 1900 for the city of Parkersburg are short by 3000 to 5000 of the actual population.

Mrs. Louise A. Pryor, wife of a son of ex-Judge Roger A. Pryor, was struck on the head with a piece of lead pipe and robbed yesterday on the steps of the Fourth avenue tunnel at Thirty-eighth street, New York. She pluckily pursued the robber and he was captured.

An attempted hazing at the Wilmington Conference Academy at Dover, Del., resulted in the stabbing by Howard Jones, of Harlock, Md., of T. Arthur Rudell, of Baltimore, whom he accused of hazing him.

The dwelling of J. P. Carbaugh, near Stephens City, was burned in the middle of the night and the family escaped in their night clothes.

J. Howard Wayt, prominent in Masonic circles in Virginia, died of pneumonia in Staunton.

John Connelly, an inmate of the Soldiers' Home at Hampton, was killed by an electric car.

Daniel P. Fortney, road supervisor, fell dead in the road near Waynesboro, Va.

There was a general observance of Lincoln's birthday by the closing of the boards of trade in leading cities. Senator Hoar addressed the Massachusetts legislature. Other notable men spoke in different cities.

President Gilman, of Johns Hopkins University, was tendered a dinner in New York by Mr. W. J. Schoeffel. He met several friends of the university.

The largest tumbler factory in the world, located at Rochester, Pa., was burned. The total losses are \$1,500,000.

A bill was introduced in the Pennsylvania legislature covering the crime of administering knockout drops.

Minister Conger says he will accept the Republican nomination for governor of Iowa.

The State Temperance Union of Kansas has taken up the war against saloons.

A state dispensary bill has been introduced in the Kansas legislature.

The steamer Allegheny rescued the captain and crew of the wrecked schooner Ida L. Ray, from Norfolk. The men were in a fearful condition, nearly starved, and their hands and feet frozen.

Before the Committee of the Massachusetts House it was charged that the New England Gas and Coke Company had set aside \$1,000,000 to be used for Legislative purposes.

Lieutenant John T. Hayes, of the Connecticut National Guard, killed Miss Winifred Cook, his sweetheart, and desperately wounded himself, in Winsted, Ct.

The trial of Frank Hamilton, for the murder of Leonard R. Day, was continued in Minneapolis, many women clamoring for admission to the courtroom.

The sixty-fifth birthday of Charles Broadway Rous was celebrated in Charlestown, W. Va., under the auspices of the Independent Fire Company.

George Carter, colored, accused of having committed a felonious assault on Mrs. W. E. Board in Paris, Ky., was lynched by a mob.

General John Ramsay, who commanded the famous Irish Brigade in the Civil War, died at his home in Jersey City.

Barton Hill, the actor, returned from Australia to San Francisco just too late to attend the funeral of his wife.

George W. Beard, a lumber sawyer of Waynesboro, Pa., and Ernest Weyant, his employe, were arrested on the charge of faking a highway robbery to defraud Beard's creditors.

An investigation into the cause of the death of Dr. George Bull, who died in Philadelphia, two years ago, exonerated his wife, who was suspected of having poisoned him.

Mayor Moss and Councilmen Hughes and McLaughlin, of Newport News, Va., gave bail to appear in court on the indictments found against them.

The trial was begun in Minneapolis of Frank Hamilton, a reporter, accused of the murder of Leonard Day, a young millionaire.

Mrs. Mary Rapp Hampton, who shook hands with Lafayette, died at her home in Phoenixville, Pa., at the age of 101 years.

Ramey Suyfes, colored, was arrested in Roanoke, Va., on the charge of attempting to assault Mollie Conrad, colored.

Alonzo Niblack, while speaking to members of his family in York, Pa., fell lifeless into the arms of his granddaughter.

SALOON SMASHING RIOT.

100 Women Make a Raid on the Joints of Jacksonville, Ind.

MEMBERS OF CARRIE NATION CLUB

Descend on a Saloon and a Riot Follows Speedily—One Man and Two Women Hurt—Husbands Take Up Wives' Row—Night of Fighting—Warrants Will Be Sworn Out Immediately for the Leaders.

Crawfordsville, Ind. (Special).—The women of Jacksonville, near this city, recently organized a Carrie Nation Club and passed resolutions advocating the methods of Mrs. Nation in her crusade against the saloons in Kansas. So wrought up did the league become over the question that it called a special meeting and determined to wipe the three saloons in Jacksonville out of existence.

Mrs. James Snyder, president, addressed the women, who numbered more than a hundred. Mrs. Snyder said that if Mrs. Nation could smash the saloons of Kansas, there was only one way to abolish them in Indiana—to take the same weapon used by Mrs. Nation and drive the saloons out by force.

Enthusiasm ran high, all the hatchets, axes, clubs and bricks in the neighborhood being speedily collected. With Mrs. Snyder in the lead, the women advanced to the nearby saloon of Dan Grimes, who had just opened a new place with "all modern improvements." Without warning, half a hundred bricks were hurled against the glass front, and before the astonished proprietor realized what was wrong the front of the saloon looked as if a cyclone had struck it. The inmates scrambled through the back door.

Meanwhile the women had gained the inside and demolished the large mirror and emptied all the bottles on the floor. Faucets in whiskey barrels were turned open and the liquor and wines were several inches deep. Grimes, realizing that his assailants were the newly organized Nation Club, rushed into the saloon and choked Mrs. Snyder almost into insensibility and dragged her from the place. Her friends were quickly to the rescue, however, and with clubs and what bricks were left beat him almost to death.

The condition of Grimes is serious and he may not recover from his injuries. Mrs. Snyder is also in a critical condition. The three saloons have closed and will not attempt to open till law and order is restored. Jacksonville is a small place and has always borne a bad reputation for its lawlessness and wide-open methods. The affair has made a sensation, as the people who belong to the Carrie Nation Club are the best known of the place. The citizens say if the saloons attempt to reopen they will be dynamited, if necessary, in order to abolish them.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

Some of the Work Being Done by the National Legislature.

The Sundry Civil Bill was discussed in the House. Little progress was made, but the minority made an attack on the alleged recklessness of expenditures and the extravagance of the Congress.

The fact was brought out in a debate in the Senate that the United States is engaged in the exportation of horse meat to Scandinavian countries, where it is considered a delicacy.

During a debate in the House on the Army Appropriation Bill Mr. McClellan gave statistics to show the cost involved in each American soldier.

The Senate Committee on Postoffices decided to recommend an appropriation of \$500,000 for pneumatic tube service.

Representative Dick's bill to suppress hazing at West Point was adopted by the conferees of the Senate and House.

The Naval Appropriation Bill was passed by the Senate, and the balance of the day was devoted to the Subsidy Bill, Senator Caffery speaking against it.

The Senate confirmed the nominations of General Miles and the major generals, and the committee decided to report favorably on the brigadier generals.

Under cover of an anonymous letter Representative Sulzer made an attack in the House on former First Assistant Postmaster General Perry Heath.

The Senate devoted the day to the discussion of the Naval Appropriation Bill, the provision retaining the six-year course at the Naval Academy being retained.

The House decided by a vote of 233 to 33, to send the War Revenue Tax Bill to a conference.

New Coal Output Record.

Philadelphia, Pa. (Special).—The January output of coal was the largest monthly production ever recorded, 5,153,000 tons, compared with 5,075,900 tons in December, and 4,482,600 tons in January, 1900. The trade continues in excellent shape.

MILAN'S CAREER ENDED.

Was One of the Most Picturesque Figures in Europe—Failure as a Ruler.

Vienna (By Cable).—Former King Milan of Serbia is dead. With the death of Ex-King Milan one of the most picturesque figures in Europe passes from view. The old King has not been much benefited by his life. However, he has been one of the most interesting of those who played their parts on the Continental stage during the Nineteenth Century.

Milan became King of Serbia in 1868, and for 21 years he ruled the country. His reign was a most important one to Serbia. Before it ended a constitution had been framed placing all real power in the hands of the Princes and a freely elected national assembly of the people. In addition, during Milan's reign, Serbia gained complete independence. This came about as a result of the Russo-Turkish War, 1877-1878. The wars of Milan's reign were, as a rule, unsuccessful, however. His country was beaten by Turkey and saved only by the interference of Russia, and again beaten by Bulgaria in 1885.

Milan's reign will be long remembered, not because of the good that he attempted, but because of the evils. The Court of Serbia at one time was the most infamous in Europe, and Milan avoided a revolution, in which he would have been deposed, only by abdicating in favor of his son. This abdication took place in 1889, when the son was only 13 years of age. Serbia's present King was born on August 14, 1876. Before the abdication Milan made himself most obnoxious to his subjects by his divorce from Queen Natalie. He was divorced one year before he abdicated. After his abdication the ex-King led an adventurous career. His career of dissipation in Belgrade had disgusted everyone, and his divorce from Queen Natalie had helped to strengthen the feeling against him. Consequently, after the abdication, he left Serbia. After his departure his son did everything to keep him from returning.

The King led a checkered career during the last few years of his life. There are few resorts in Paris, Vienna or Monte Carlo that he did not frequent. His face was familiar in the Austrian and French capitals and he squandered every cent that his son allowed him.

TORTURED BY ROBBERS.

Wealthy Ohio Farmer Tortured to Reveal Location of Valuables.

Mansfield, Ohio (Special).—One of the most dastardly robberies ever perpetrated in this part of the country was committed near McKay, a hamlet of Ashland county.

Six masked robbers broke into the residence of John Duncan, a wealthy farmer, bound and gagged him and the four other members of the family, and after ransacking the house demanded of the farmer that he disclose to them where his money and other valuables were secreted. On his refusing to do so they applied matches to his feet, torturing him, as well as the others, until the location of the money was disclosed. They secured \$450, four watches, and other valuables, after which four of the robbers, leaving their victim still helpless, stole a team of horses and bobbled and made their escape.

Harrison Wouldn't Sign.

Indianapolis, Ind. (Special).—Ex-President Harrison declined to sign the petition now being circulated asking Congress to appropriate \$50,000 to erect a monument on Tippecanoe Battlefield, the scene of Wm. Henry Harrison's victory, November 7, 1811. General Harrison said the popular movement to erect a monument on the field in memory of the patriots who lost their lives under his grandfather's leadership was commendable and patriotic, and personally he would like to see it succeed, but he had uniformly declined to sign all petitions to Congress.

Highwayman Was Caught.

Philadelphia, Pa. (Special).—Shortly after leaving the Ninth National Bank with a satchel containing \$3000 with which he intended to pay his employe's weekly wages, Peter Woll, senior member of Peter Woll & Sons, curled hair manufacturers, was attacked by a highwayman. The robber at first got away with the money, but was compelled to drop it by a bystander. After a chase of two blocks a policeman caught the footpad. He gave his name as Joseph Edwards and said he had no home and had attempted the robbery in order to get sent to the House of Correction for the winter. Mr. Woll was not seriously injured.

No Release for Mrs. Maybrick.

London (By Cable).—Reports circulated in the United States that Mrs. Florence Maybrick, the American woman imprisoned in England on a charge of poisoning her husband, was to be released this week, are denied by officials of the Home Office. An official of the United States embassy says that not a single fact has arisen to give the slightest justification for the story or to make the release of Mrs. Maybrick more probable than heretofore.

CONGRESS COUNTS VOTE.

Formal and Official Canvass of the Electoral Returns.

THE LAW WAS CLOSELY FOLLOWED.

The Ceremony of Counting the Votes Conducted in the Hall of the House of Representatives—Senator Frye, President Pro Tem. of the Senate, Presided—A Large and Patient Crowd in Attendance.

Washington (Special).—The ceremony of counting the electoral vote for President and Vice-President cast at the election last fall took place in the hall of the House of Representatives at 1 o'clock Wednesday at a joint session of the Senate and House.

The method of counting the vote is prescribed with great detail by the statute, and was followed literally today. Great crowds thronged the galleries to witness the interesting spectacle. Many distinguished personages in political, social and private life were present.

A few minutes after 4 o'clock President pro tem. of the Senate Frye declared William McKinley elected President and Theodore Roosevelt Vice-President of the United States, and dissolved the joint meeting of the House and Senate.

At 12:45 proceedings in the House were suspended and five rows of seats upon the right were vacated for the members of the Senate.

At one minute of 1 o'clock Colonel Ransdell, sergeant-at-arms of the Senate, appeared at the main door opposite the Speaker's desk and announced the president pro tem, and members of the Senate. The members of the House rose to receive them, while page boys carrying the caskets in which the electoral returns were deposited took them to the clerk's desk.

Senator Frye, president pro tem. of the Senate, ascended the rostrum and took his place at the right of Speaker Henderson to preside over the joint session.

Senator Frye rapped loudly for order when all were seated. "The Senate and House of Representatives of the United States," he announced, "are in joint session, pursuant to the Constitution and laws of the United States, for opening the certificates and counting the votes of electors for President and Vice-President of the United States."

The result of the count showed 292 electoral votes for McKinley and Roosevelt against 155 for Bryan and Stevenson. The total number cast is 447 and 224 is necessary for election. Mr. McKinley secures 21 more votes in the 1901 College than in the 1897 College, and Mr. Bryan receives 21 less. Kansas, Nebraska and Utah went for McKinley in 1900, whereas the electoral votes of these three States were cast for Mr. Bryan in 1897.

ENDEAVORERS' NEW PLAN.

Their Mighty Army Will Convene Biennially Hereafter.

Cincinnati (Special).—John Willis Baer, general secretary of the United Society of Christian Endeavor, arrived here from Boston to confer with the local committee regarding the arrangements for their international convention in this city July 6 to 10.

Secretary Baer says that his correspondence already indicates a much larger attendance than ever before. He also announces that it has been decided to hold the international conventions hereafter biennially instead of annually so that there will be no other great gathering until 1903.

The twentieth anniversary of the United Society will be celebrated here next July.

CHIEF OF POLICE IN PERIL.

Prisoner Was Burning Him to Death When Help Arrived.

Georgetown, Ky. (Special).—A severe fight between two officers and a prisoner took place here when Chief of Police Lusby and Deputy Vaughan went to recapture Newt Nelson, who had broken out of the lockup, after they had shot and wounded him while arresting him. Lusby entered the front door, while Vaughan went to the rear door of Nelson's house.

When Lusby entered the negro sprang upon him, and throwing him across a redhot stove was burning him to death when Vaughan entered the room. Vaughan fired four shots into the prisoner, one of which penetrated the lungs, inflicting a fatal wound.

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