

BY AUTHORITY.



Irrigation Notice.

OFFICE WATER WORKS,
Honolulu, H. I., July 27, 1888.
Holders of water privileges or those paying water rates are hereby notified that the hours for using water for irrigating purposes are from 6 to 8 o'clock a. m., and from 4 to 6 o'clock p. m.

CHAS. B. WILSON,
Superintendent Water Works.
Approved: L. A. THURSTON,
Minister of Interior,
04 tf

BISHOP & Co., BANKERS

Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.
Draw Exchange on the
Bank of California, S. F.
And their agents in
NEW YORK, BOSTON, HONG KONG,
Messrs. N. M. Rothschild & Son, London
The Commercial Bank Co., of Sydney,
London.
The Commercial Bank Co., of Sydney,
Sydney.
The Bank of New Zealand: Auckland,
Christchurch, and Wellington.
The Bank of British Columbia, Vic-
toria, B. C., and Portland, Or.

— AND —
Transact a General Banking Business.
669 1v

THE

Daily Bulletin

Pledged to neither Sect nor Party,
But established for the benefit of all.

MONDAY, AUGUST 20, 1888.

THE COMING ELECTION.

The election of a Noble, to fill the vacancy caused by the demise of the late S. G. Wilder, will be held to-morrow. For the district of Honolulu there will be three polling places. Wards 1, 2, and 3 will vote at the House of Engine Company No. 4; Wards 4 and 5 at the Bell Tower; and Wards 6, 7, 8, and 9 at the Honolulu Rifles' Armory. The polls will open at 8 o'clock a. m. and close at 5 o'clock p. m.

There are two candidates in the field. Mr. W. C. Wilder and Mr. J. L. Kaulukou. The former represents the Reform party, and the latter the Opposition. Both gentlemen are well known.

Mr. Wilder's record in this country is that of a shrewd, straight, and honorable business man, in connection with the firm which bears his name, and of which the late S. G. Wilder was the founder and head. He now seeks for the first time, at the request of electors, a public position, which is a responsible position, a position to which is attached no pay but a certain liability to all kinds of criticism, a position in which no man can ever give entire satisfaction to all.

The gentleman, in our opinion, is qualified for the position to which he aspires. A practical business man, a man of good common sense, a man who thinks for himself and does not depend upon others to perform that task for him, a man of few words who is not likely to waste the time of the House on trifles, but to go straight to the point without circumlocution. These are qualifications not always to be found in candidates or members. Mr. Wilder has them all, and they recommend him to the consideration of the electors.

Some voters express unconcern about going to the polls, asserting that there is only this one man in the field entitled to support, and he is bound to be elected, anyhow. Don't be so sure of that. The way to make Mr. Wilder's election secure is to go to the polls and cast your votes for him.

OUTSIDE VIEW OF THE SESSION.

EDITOR BULLETIN:—The Advertiser of the 17th inst. regrets that the Legislature has not taken decisive action on the bill to reorganize the Judiciary, and amongst other reasons for its disappointment, says that there is no knowing what the composition of the Legislature of 1890 (to whom the House has bequeathed the measure) may be.

Now, Sir, judging the mental calibre of this House by the acts that have been passed, the tone of the debates that have taken place, the constant changes in the votes, without any apparent reason; for it is not unusual to see the majority voting like a flock of sheep in favor of some particular measure in the morning, and in the afternoon with the unanimity that characterizes the movements of those useful but certainly unintelligent quadrupeds, all

voting in directly the opposite way; it strikes me that the committee which recommended the postponement of the bill did the very wisest thing possible under the circumstances, as they evidently realized how hopeless a task it would be to explain the provisions of this important measure to the House, and how impossible to get an intelligent expression of opinion on a question of its magnitude.

Bills of the importance of the one under discussion, which contemplate a radical change in so important a department as the Supreme Court, can only be intelligently handled by persons of education and experience, or those who are possessed of the powers of reasoning and reflection, two attributes that in the composition of the present House are conspicuously absent. I therefore think, Sir, that the Editor of the Advertiser need give himself no further anxiety about the next Legislature, as I maintain that it will be almost impossible to select one that will be the intellectual inferior of that now in session.

In conclusion I would recommend the worthy gentlemen now assembled to devote their few remaining days to the consideration alone of questions that they are competent to grapple with, such as Pound matters, and stray pigs; let them convulse themselves again over the height of the fence to their neighbor's back yard, and if these subjects are exhausted there is the "Turkey Act" of 1884. Cannot that be amended? It ought to afford an excellent medium for the display of forensic glibness and cackling. Then again there is the burning question of how much freight the steamers ought to charge for bananas. Where, oh, where is the champion of this great industry? In by-gone sessions his melodious voice was often raised in eloquent denunciation of the heartless monopolist who used to charge a dollar a bunch as freight, and then only deliver the stumps. He is not heard from now.—No.

"The harp that once through Tara's halls
The soul of music shed,
Now hangs as mute on Tara's walls
As if that soul were fled."

A Reverend correspondent of the "Advertiser" the other day, recommended tinkering the "Act to mitigate," by all means. The "unco guide" could no doubt extract many a toothsome morsel from a dissection of its savory details, and its repeal might possibly mitigate the dangers that may be said to constantly impend whilst this Legislature continues in session. Z.

Legislative Assembly.

67TH DAY—Aug. 17.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Noble Smith said that when Minister Ashford dawned on this world there must have been some constitutional derangement, as everything that he opposes is on the grounds of its unconstitutionality. He said he hoped this bill, which is of vital importance to the country, would not be killed, but that the committee when they rose would refer it back to the Special Committee for revision.

Rep. Nakaleka spoke in favor of referring it back to the Committee for revision.

Rep. Kauli said we have been discussing this matter about 4 hours. We have been talking and fishing, but have caught nothing but a small crab.

Noble Townsend said we may have caught a crab, but we are fishing for a whale. He thought this was one of the most important matters that had come before this House and he was decidedly against laying the bill on the table, but would like to see the bill go back to the committee. He did not like the bill as it was, but believed it could be amended.

The ayes and noes were called to table the bill.

Ayes 19, noes 20.

Rep. Kinney moved to refer to a Select Committee: Composed of the Attorney-General, Nobles Young, Castle and Rep. Nakaleka. Carried.

The committee then rose and reported that the motion to refer the bill to a Select Committee, composed of the Attorney-General, Nobles Young, Castle and Rep. Nakaleka, had carried. The report was adopted.

Minister Thurston under suspension of the rules gave notice of a bill to facilitate the settlement of homesteads.

Minister Ashford moved to reconsider the vote on Sections 42, 46, 49, 50, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57 58 of the Election Bill.

Before a vote could be taken on this, a motion to adjourn until 10 a. m. Saturday, was carried.

68TH DAY—August 18th.

MORNING SESSION.

The House opened at 10 a. m. President W. R. Castle in the chair. Roll called and absentees noted.

RESOLUTIONS AND BILLS.

The Attorney-General answered the questions of Noble Widemann, propounded last week, in connection with the collecting of taxes by the banking houses of Bishop & Co. and Spreckels & Co.

"In reply to the first of those questions, I would respectfully sug-

gest that the retention by bankers of a percentage of the money deposited with them, under pretext of reimbursing themselves for taxes paid upon such deposits, is a matter of purely private right between the bankers and their depositors in the adjustment of which the Attorney-General has no official concern. In reply to the second of said questions I would state that it is the undoubted duty of the Attorney-General to prevent the unauthorized assumption of the functions of Government by individuals, and it is a duty which he will perform whenever facts are brought to his notice, presenting such state of affairs."

Minister Thurston read a first time a bill to facilitate the settlement of homesteads. On motion the bill was read a second time by its title and referred to the Committee on Public Lands and Internal Improvements.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

The first in order was the appointment of another member to the special committee to whom was referred the labor licence bill. The President asked to be excused from serving on the committee. The request was granted and Nobles Smith and Townsend were appointed to complete the committee.

Consideration of the motion to reconsider the vote of the House on the several sections of the election bill passed on Thursday last.

The ayes and noes were called. Ayes 28, noes 10.

Minister Ashford then moved that these sections be referred to the select committee to whom were referred sections 47 and 48. Carried.

Consideration of the bill to amend the Constitution.

Noble Smith moved that the bill be considered in committee of the whole. Carried.

The House then went into committee of the whole. Noble Richardson in the chair.

Rep. Kinney moved to amend the bill by substituting the word "article" in place of "section" whenever it occurs in this bill. Carried.

He also moved that when they rise they recommend to the House the passage of this bill.

Rep. Kinney spoke at length on the amendment, and how under it, laws could be passed to regulate and restrict Chinese immigration.

Noble Widemann said that as by this law we shall not allow the Chinese the same privileges we enjoy, would it not in fairness be in order to relieve them of some of the burdens they bear in common with us, such as taxes?

Minister Austin referred to Webster for a definition to Mongolian. There he found the word to mean the yellow race, inhabitants of China, Tartary and Japan. He therefore thought if we don't wish to exclude the Japanese, we should be careful how we act.

The Minister of the Interior offered an amendment to the effect "that nothing herein contained shall pertain to the Japanese, either by birth or descent."

Rep. Helekunihi said that it had been urged last session and this one, don't let us meddle with the Constitution. He wanted to bring in an amendment to the Constitution early in the session, but was afraid to do so, as the cry was, "don't tinker with the Constitution." Consequently he did not know about the propriety of supporting this amendment.

Noble Smith moved an amendment that "provided no law shall be passed to prohibit the Chinese from carrying on the rice or sugar industry, and also that no law should be passed to compel the Chinese now here to leave the Kingdom."

Rep. Kamaoia offered an amendment which will allow the Legislature to enact laws to prohibit the introduction of Chinese.

Minister Green said that the question was not how shall we accomplish this object, but is this House now willing to adopt the principal involved in this amendment? He asked, does not this law aim to legislate out of the business of cane culture such men as Mr. Afong?

Rep. Kinney answered, "it does," and asked, "does not Great Britain's Parliament have the same right?"

Minister Ashford offered the following amendment, add to second paragraph of proposed article the words "compelled to depart the same," the following words, "except such Chinese as shall be legally sentenced by a court of competent jurisdiction or deportation from this Kingdom as a penalty for a felony of which such Chinese shall have been convicted."

Noble Smith moved to refer the bill with all the amendments to the select committee to whom was referred the labor licence bill.

Rep. Kinney moved that it be referred to a special committee composed of seven members. Carried.

The committee then rose, reported progress, and asked leave to sit again.

The House adopted the report of the committee, and the chair appointed the following: Minister Thurston, Nobles Castle, Smith, Townsend, Baldwin, Reps. Kinney and Kawaiuni.

Rep. Nakaleka asked the Minister of the Interior the following questions in regard to the item of \$2,000 for the cultivation of cinchona:

1st. What was this money paid out for, and how? 2d. How long has he been under pay of the Government, and how much has been paid him? 3d. Is it true that under the authority of the Minister of the In-

terior, that I. O. U.'s have been issued pledging the good name of the Government for his pay. 4th. How much do these I. O. U.'s cover? 5th. What has Mr. Forsyth done that entitles him to draw a large salary from the Treasury? 6th. From what appropriation does the Minister propose to take the money to meet these obligations?

Noble Widemann, under suspension of the rules, presented a petition from the Chinese merchants, praying that further legislation be had to relieve them from the unjust law just passed regarding the keeping of books of account in English, Hawaiian, or some European language.

Noble Foster moved the bill be laid on the table.

Noble Widemann moved to refer the petition to the Judiciary Committee.

Noble Foster moved as there was no quorum that the House adjourn until 10 a. m. Monday.

69TH DAY—August 20th.

MORNING SESSION.

The House opened at 10 a. m., President W. R. Castle in the chair. Roll called and absentees noted.

PETITIONS.

The petition from the Chinese merchants introduced on Saturday and action deferred on account of adjournment, was taken up and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Rep. Kinney presented a petition from Hamakua, containing several prayers. Referred to the Committee on Miscellaneous subjects.

Noble Widemann presented a petition from the Chinese residents who have been here more than ten years, praying that the proposed amendment to the Constitution be not passed, as it will work great hardships to those who are contemplated in the amendment. Referred to the special committee on the Constitutional amendment.

REPORTS OF COMMITTEES.

Noble Smith read the following report from the committee to whom was referred the item of \$15,000 illegally retained in London, as also the \$704 interest on the loan:

"Hon. W. R. Castle, President of the Legislature: The select committee appointed to confer with the Cabinet in regard to what steps should be taken in the matter of the \$15,000 illegally retained in London out of the proceeds of the \$200,000 loan, and the amount of \$704 interest unaccounted for, beg leave to report.

That we have conferred with the Minister of Finance upon the subject and have examined all the correspondence and records relating to the matters referred to us, and have carefully considered the same. To present the facts of the case we submit herewith, as part of our report, a statement prepared by the Minister of Finance, at our request. This statement covers the main facts as appear from the correspondence on file.

The action of the agents of the Hawaiian Government at London, who had to do with the loan and matters incidental thereto, appears to the committee to be deserving of unqualified condemnation. One serious difficulty encountered in seeking to ascertain the facts, is the evasive statements and indefinite accounts rendered by those agents.

From a critical examination of the correspondence and the accounts rendered, we cannot refrain from the conclusion that there has been intentional concealment on the part of those who have been representing this Government in London.

We believe we are safe in saying that no business house would submit to be treated by its agents as the Hawaiian Government has been treated by these agents. And we are of opinion that it is humiliating to this Government to longer continue relations with these so-called agents.

After all the investigations made and the information obtained we feel it our duty to recommend that the Cabinet at once withdraw all business placed in the hands of H. R. Armstrong, and revoke all and every authority heretofore vested in him by the Hawaiian Government. We believe also that the conduct of Matheson & Co., as shown by their own correspondence, is unbusiness-like and reprehensible. And we recommend that if legal and practicable, their authority to represent the Hawaiian Government in any matter relating to the bonds, be revoked.

It is humiliating to contemplate the treatment which the Government has received at the hands of its agents in the matter of the loan. And we feel that suits should be entered against the parties responsible for the wrongs perpetrated upon this Government, but as the Government is not yet in possession of all the information which is desired, we do not recommend such suits at present. Respectfully submitted,

W. O. SMITH,
H. P. BALDWIN,
W. H. DANIELS.

I concur generally in the views of the committee, but desire to leave myself free to act as may seem best in carrying out the details.

W. L. GREEN.

The report was accepted and ordered translated and printed.

ORDER OF THE DAY.

Third reading of the bill relating to the street railway of Honolulu. On account of mistakes in engrossing the bill was recommitted for correction.

Consideration of the bill to authorize the construction of the steam railway on the island of Oahu. The bill was read by its title, and the House went into committee of the whole, Rep. Rice in the chair, to discuss it. Bill 122 was taken up and considered section by section.

Rep. Kamaoia moved to strike out section 1 of the bill and insert section 1 of bill 47, which grants the franchise to B. F. Dillingham.

Rep. Kinney spoke in favor of such a change.

The Attorney-General spoke in favor of the bill as it is, but most decidedly wanted Mr. Dillingham to have the first chance to obtain the franchise.

Rep. C. Brown spoke in favor of granting the franchise to B. F. Dillingham, and moved to amend section 1 by inserting after the word "organized" the words "by B. F. Dillingham and his associates or with such other corporation or corporations." Also to give the exclusive right for three years.

Noble Widemann was at a loss to know how the name of B. F. Dillingham had been lost from this bill. It was in it when presented to the House, and when it came from the committee. He should support the motion to again insert the name of B. F. Dillingham, but he could not make up his mind to support the amendment to grant an exclusive franchise for a period of thirty years, because then Mr. Dillingham could be thirty years building this road.

Noble Smith spoke against the amendments.

The committee rose, reported progress, and asked leave to sit again at 1 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The House re-assembled at 1:30 p. m., and went into committee of the whole, Rep. Rice in the chair, to resume consideration of the Oahu Steam Railway bill.

Noble Young spoke in favor of the bill as it is. He was not in favor of an exclusive franchise for 30 years. As to inserting the name of B. F. Dillingham in Section 1, he saw no great objection to it. But if B. F. Dillingham could not carry out the scheme, the Minister of the Interior should have authority to contract with other parties who may be able to carry out the work successfully.

Noble Smith moved that section 1 of the bill recommended by the committee pass.

Rep. Kinney introduced the following resolution:

Be it resolved that this committee rise and recommend to the House that bills numbered 40 and 121 be recommitted, with instructions that bill 121 be reconstructed so far as to incorporate the following points. 1st. That the franchise be granted to B. F. Dillingham and his associates alone with an alternative, that if within a given time said Dillingham fail to make use of said franchise the Government may proceed to grant the same franchise with attendant privileges to any other parties, for 20 years. 2d. That the franchise be exclusive as to all roads completed by the holder of the franchise within five years after receiving the same, as in such bill to be specified.

Minister Thurston spoke favorably of the resolution, and advised the House to adopt it.

Noble Smith spoke against it, as it will compel the committee to draft a bill that grants an exclusive franchise.

Rep. Kamaoia asked to withdraw his motion to substitute section 1 of bill 40 for section 1 of bill 121, and supported the resolution introduced by Rep. Kinney.

Rep. Kinney's resolution was adopted, and the committee rose and reported to the house what had been done. The report of the committee was adopted.

Consideration of the bill to facilitate the segregation of lepers. The bill was read by title.

Rep. Kamaoia moved to indefinitely postpone the bill.

Several members spoke in favor of the bill, and several against it.

The vote on indefinite postponement stood: Ayes 5; Noes 25.

The House then adjourned until 10 o'clock Tuesday.

TO LET

BRICK STORE on Nuuanu street, fitted with shelving, counters, etc., next to Nowlin's corner. Rent very moderate. Apply to J. E. BROWN & CO., 25 tf 28 Merchant street.

LOST

ON Saturday afternoon, Aug. 18th, on Fort or Queen street, between Hollister & Co's and J. F. Morgan's auction room, a Gold Glove Buttoner. Finder will be rewarded on leaving same at the auction room of J. F. Morgan. 24 tf

LOST

ON August 14th, 1 Veterinary Cattle. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at the office of A. R. Rowat, King street. 21 1w

WANTED

A WOMAN to take care of a child and make herself useful, good wages to a responsible person. Apply to 217 Fort street. 20 1w

NOTICE.

ON account of the limited patronage of the Na'aua Bus, the management will discontinue the route after the end of the present month.

S. I. SHAW,
Pantheon Stables.

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Patent Elastic Seam Drawers

Jean, Nainsook, Linen, Canton Flannel and Flannelette.

Something New and Suitable for this Climate.

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July 28-88 1m

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The above Goods are New, Fresh and of the Latest Design, having been imported ex recent arrivals and were selected expressly for the trade.

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BARGAINS New Line of BARGAINS

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At Lower Prices than ever before. New invoice of

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Aug. 2-88

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Will sail for the above port on or about

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Cabin accommodations superior. For freight or passage apply to

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The splendid

Steamship "ARABIC."

Of the Occidental & Oriental Steamship Co. will sail for the above ports on or about

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Just the thing for collectors of Island Views.

A complete assortment just received direct from New York.

All Sizes & Prices.

Intended purchasers will do well to examine this line before purchasing elsewhere. Sizes from 2 1/2 by 4 1/2 to 10 1/2 by 13 1/2. For Sale only by the

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