

EVENING BULLETIN

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ONE VOTE FOR Capt. THE MOST POPULAR CAPTAIN OF THE ISLAND FLEET.

VOL. VIII. No. 1431.

HONOLULU, H. I., THURSDAY, JANUARY 18 1900

PRICE 5 CENTS.

TRAM CARS ARE STOPPED

Board of Health Defers Action Relative to the Queen Hotel.

Important Meeting This Morning Small Fires Today - General Conditions Two Cases Today - One in Town.

2 p. m.—A case of plague at the corner of Palace Walk and Punchbowl street has just been reported. The victim is a German woman, Mrs. Hermina Franz by name, wife of the caretaker of the drill shed, who himself reported the case this morning. Upon being examined by a Board of Health physician it was found that the woman had a temperature of 106 1/2 and that her pulse was 150. A well defined bubo was found in the right femoral region and the case was pronounced one of the plague. The unfortunate woman was sent to the pest hospital and the place surrounded by guards. It is supposed that the woman became infected by some Chinese freight from Chinatown stowed away in the Chinese shop directly on the corner.

This was the second case today. The first was a Chinaman Fo Sew by name, aged 46 years, who died at his home in Block 15 Kamanuwa, back of Kaunakapili and near Nuuanu street, this morning. An autopsy was held and the body cremated at once.

The housekeeper and book-keeper at the Kobayashi place have been reported sick, but there are no symptoms of the plague.

It has been found that the case of the native woman at the corner of Achi lane and Kukui street is not suspicious.

At a meeting of the Board of Health this forenoon there were present the following: President Wood, Dr. Day, F. M. Hatch and Geo. W. Smith. Consul Yang Wei Pin was one of the visitors.

The first business of the meeting was the reading by Dr. Wood of a letter from Mr. Lydecker, the recently appointed inspector of street cars and other public conveyances, in which he says that the street cars in Honolulu are generally very dirty and that there is no evidence of their having been cleaned in any other manner except with a dry broom or a dampened mop. Mr. Lydecker recommends a thorough scrubbing of the cars and, in the case of dirty and weather stained curtains, a substitution of new ones for the same. He further recommends that, after such scrubbing and a thorough disinfection, the cars be submitted to a daily cleaning.

Dr. Wood favored stopping the street car traffic on account of such public conveyances being continually used by a class of people that should be watched, thus making them a source of danger and a menace to the community inasmuch as plague cases have appeared on the outside of what is known as the infected district.

The report was accepted. A resolution ordering the cessation of street car traffic in Honolulu until further orders was then introduced by Mr. Smith and unanimously adopted. Manager Pain was immediately notified and street car traffic has ceased.

President Wood brought up the matter of the c.-y mill on Queen street and petitions asking that the place be saved on account of the valuable machinery and the fact that it is a very new building. He had been to the mill and had found that there were certain parts such as the mill proper that, on account of the possibility of thorough disinfection, might be saved. There were other parts such as the lavatory in the rear that should be destroyed. The whole place had been condemned, but a special motion could be made to save such parts as the Board might decide on.

The next matter brought up was the taking of the Queen hotel as a place of detention. President Wood explained that the occupants of the Boardman place had already been taken there and placed in a cottage adjoining the main building. The Boardman house was not yet ready for the flames as a great many articles capable of being made innocuous were now being treated with antiseptic fluids. President Wood stated that there was quite a lot of lumber on the place, far away from the infected house, that might be used to put up a small building in the corner of the lot for storage of the articles taken from the house and treated with proper disinfectants.

On motion of Mr. Hatch it was voted that the main building at the Queen hotel be not used until further negotiations with the owner of the property are made.

The matter of the choice of a site for a detention camp for people from the outside districts was left with President Wood who will put this work into the hands of a committee outside of the Board of Health.

Mr. Smith—By the way, I do not like the way the owner of the Queen hotel

acted in the matter of the action of the president of the Board. He was perfectly willing to do all in his power to assist the Board, but as soon as it was a matter affecting his own property he made objections.

President Wood—I wrote a letter to the owner explaining matters and received back a communication saying that he was perfectly satisfied with the action of the Board. When he passed by the place and saw the soldiers he was a little angry. I made arrangements with the proprietor of the hotel who agreed to my proposition of taking the hotel as a place of detention after he had had sufficient time to consult with the owner of the property.

The Board advised President Wood to appoint Mr. Thurston a committee of one to take charge of the work at all the burned places.

On being asked by Mr. Smith if any cases had been reported today, President Wood said that one case had been reported privately to him by one of the doctors, but as there was nothing definite yet, the latter had not turned in a report.

President Wood communicated the report of Mr. Carter on the matter of a choice of a site for special quarantine of Chinese. Puna had been mentioned but this had been found inadvisable. President Wood then mentioned a site near the Wakamilo camp which Mr. Brooks had reported favorably on. The Board was of the opinion that this would be a good place but took no action.

Adjourned until 3 p. m.

Today's Fires.

President Wood of the Board of Health consulted with the Fire Superintendent this morning and found the men at the head of affairs unwilling to start in on Block 11 today on account of the high wind and the danger to other buildings. It was therefore decided to burn the cottage and out-houses near Peck's stables. This afternoon the stables at the corner of King and Liliha streets will be attended to and by tomorrow, if there is a cessation of the strong wind, Block 11 will be burned. The torch will not be applied to the Boardman place until the articles of value are removed and disinfected.

Was Not Sudden Death.

Many people are under the impression that the death of Ah Kee, the big pork Chinaman, in Nuuanu yesterday, was very sudden, but such is not the case. The plague victim had been ailing for a couple of days but no report of his illness had been turned in. It was not until his death that an inspector was notified and by that time the people living in and about the place had departed for other parts. This sort of thing shows the absolute necessity for a rigid inspection of the whole city twice a day, the work that has been undertaken by the Citizens' Sanitary Committee. More sub-inspectors are needed and names and addresses should be turned in at once.

Dr. Peterson a Call Doctor.

Dr. Peterson, whose active work on the other islands as inspector of immigrants has been brought to a standstill by the quarantine regulations incident to the plague, has been made a call doctor of the Board of Health. Dr. Peterson started in on his new duties yesterday.

How Block 1 Was Infected.

It is understood that infection was carried into Block 1 from Block 10 by a lot of stuff from Ah Hee's in the latter place. Piled in the room where Pang see Cheong was found dead yesterday morning were any amount of different articles positively identified as having belonged to Ah Hee. There is then no question as to how the unfortunate Chinaman contracted the disease.

Native Did Not Have Plague.

The brother of the native girl who died of the plague at Peck's stables the other day, and who was watched as a suspect, has been discharged from the hospital, it being found that he has absolutely no signs of the plague. However, he and the other members of the family are still held in detention.

Ladies Can Help.

The ladies of Honolulu are requested to send to Dr. Bowman's office on Beretania street near Fort, what old white cloth and infants' clothes they may have no use for, this for use at the detention camps in Kaunakapili where, during the past week or so, quite a number of Japanese and Chinese children have been born into the world.

Chinese Acknowledge Gifts.

The United Chinese Society is in receipt of the following contributions: C. M. Cooke, \$500; W. R. Castle (trustee), \$250; and desires publicly to express its thanks. This money will be used to aid those Chinese persons who have recently lost their homes, and who are unable to provide for themselves.

Miss Muir Allowed to Land.

According to latest advices from Hilo Miss Muir, sister of the bookkeeper at Honokaa, who was transferred from the Aorangi to the Kinau last Saturday, was allowed to land in the Rainy City.

The infected shack near the corner of Nuuanu and Wylie streets was burned yesterday afternoon.

HILO GARRISON HOLDS OUT

Vigorously Repels All Advances

Made from Honolulu.

Kinau Passengers Landed—Hilo Doesn't

Want Any More—Other Districts

Anxious to Have Business

With Honolulu to

Continue.

(Special to the Bulletin.)

Hilo, Jan. 16.—Hilo has had a few days of genuine excitement and has passed through it without disaster. The arrival of the Kinau on Sunday with advices from Honolulu and a number of Japanese immigrants was the signal for more meetings and street corner discussions. The newspapers contained accounts of four more deaths from plague in Honolulu, but as only two or three of these papers reached shore the facts were not generally known; the report that had the greatest currency was that seven persons, three of whom were whites, had died of the disease. This report was snatched from the deck of one of the island steamers to people in shore boats lying alongside.

At the request of the Sheriff, delegates had been sent in from the other districts and these gentlemen began to arrive on Saturday. Messrs. Hind and King, representing Kohala, Dr. Holland and Mr. Kauhane representing Kau, and Messrs. Lydgate and Lyndsay from Hamakua; Messrs. McStocker and Lee, Olan, Messrs. Paris and Kamanuwa, who were to represent the Kona, did not arrive until Monday morning.

During Sunday forenoon Sheriff Andrews received visits from delegates and a number of citizens and it was decided that the local committee meet at 2 p. m., the delegates at 3 p. m., and the citizens at 4 p. m. that day, but the meeting of the delegates occupied so long a time that the citizens' meeting which was to be held at Hall church did not take place. At the meeting of delegates Messrs. A. B. Loebenstein and C. C. Kennedy were selected to represent Hilo. The discussions were confined to delegates and members of the medical profession. Dr. Phillip Rice made some very strong remarks and urged cutting off communication with Honolulu. He read the opinion of Dr. Taylor of Honolulu on the situation, in which that gentleman spoke of the dangers to be expected. Dr. Russell urged the appointment of a committee of health to be presided over by a physician, arguing that a civilian is never placed at the head of an army. A resolution was put that such a committee be appointed, but owing to the absence of the Kona delegation final action was deferred until their arrival. On motion it was decided that the delegates meet at 9 a. m. on Monday. The meeting then adjourned.

Immediately afterward some one in the audience wanted to know what had become of the citizens' meeting. The answer not being satisfactory it was decided to call a meeting of citizens at once. All or nearly all of the delegates left the room and A. B. Loebenstein was called to the chair and Keith F. Mackie was elected secretary. The sheriff then stated that the members of the Board of Health, according to reports in the newspapers received that morning, considered that he had assumed arbitrary powers in turning back steamers with passengers, contrary to instructions from the Board of Health. A number of citizens had asked him to get the views of the citizens on the subject.

G. F. Alfonso, speaking for the Portuguese, said he did not consider that powers had been assumed by the sheriff; on the contrary, according to the letter from the president of the Board of Health, they were conferred upon him at a meeting of that body. So far as burning envelopes was concerned, he considered it cheaper than to follow the course taken in Honolulu and burn blocks of buildings.

J. L. Carter thought the action of the sheriff should be endorsed and if the people present were of that opinion a committee should be selected for the purpose of draughting a resolution. Mr. Bush suggested that the chair appoint the committee. At this point Mr. Loebenstein took the floor and remarked that such a resolution had been come from a committee at large.

Mr. Carter said it was the sense of the meeting that Sheriff Andrews' action should be endorsed in every respect.

Mr. Bole—"I think that we can kill, as we say, two birds with one stone and one communication answer instead of two or three. Let us send a resolution endorsing the sheriff and expressing confidence in the delegates appointed at the meeting this afternoon."

J. U. Smith then presented the following: "Resolved, by the people of Hilo in mass meeting assembled, that the action of L. A. Andrews, special agent of the Board of Health in es-

tablishing absolute quarantine against Honolulu be unqualifiedly sustained. That a copy of these resolutions be given the press, and copies sent to the president of the Board of Health at Honolulu; that we will continue to support the sheriff in his regulations whether approved in Honolulu or not." To this was added: "That the sense of this meeting that the representatives of Hilo district to the meeting to be held tomorrow be instructed to secure absolute quarantine against Honolulu." These resolutions were carried unanimously and the meeting adjourned. Before the people got away from the courthouse the rumor was circulated that Minister Cooper was a passenger on the Kinau and the course of action in the event of his coming ashore discussed. The general opinion seemed to be that he would not leave the steamer but would ask for a committee to wait upon him.

MR. COOPER GREETED.

When the Kinau was seen coming around the point a crowd gathered at Long wharf and at Waikanae wharf awaiting developments. By the time the Kinau had dropped her anchor the Long wharf contained approximately two hundred people waiting to hear the news. Sheriff Andrews and Irving Schoen went out in a shore boat to meet the steamer and on reaching the side of the vessel found a half dozen more shore boats containing people from town. Upon invitation of Purser Beckley the sheriff went upon deck to meet Minister Cooper and they were closeted in the latter's stateroom for nearly an hour. At the close of the conference the sheriff left the steamer and proceeded with the other shore boats to Waikanae landing. As the boats passed the long wharf a shout went up from the crowd and the people could be seen leaving the wharf and running in the direction of Waikanae bridge. By the time the sheriff and the rest of the party reached there the crowd was waiting and they showed in no uncertain tones that they did not want any one of the passengers of the Kinau to land here.

Shortly after reaching his office, the sheriff notified members of the local committee of a meeting to be held at 9 p. m. to consider plans for meeting Minister Cooper. When the hour arrived three rooms in the building were filled with people anxious to learn what was taking place. Several of the delegates from outside districts were present and were invited to take their seats. When the meeting was called to order Sheriff Andrews stated that Minister Cooper was on the Kinau and that he came here for the purpose of arranging matters so that quarantine regulations could be carried on without friction with the Board of Health. It was his wish to meet a committee and delegates, but would wait until after the meeting. He came to Hilo in his capacity of Attorney General and to meet the people. The sheriff believed the courtesy of the town should be extended. Minister Cooper said he would not come ashore unless it was the wish of the people. The discussion at the meeting was at times very warm, and the end was that final action be taken upon the matter after the physicians could be consulted.

MET ON THE PATHFINDER.

On Monday the committee met at the wharf, as it had been arranged that they should meet Minister Cooper on board the Pathfinder. Before they went out they were notified that the Portuguese would resist their landing. Men stopped their work and gathered in groups on the various landings waiting for the sheriff and the committee to come into view after the conference, but as the hours passed they grew restless. Twelve o'clock found them without the object of their wrath and an aching void in the neighborhood of their vest buckles. Many of them retired to their boarding places for refreshments, some of them did not come back.

At 2 p. m. the launch bearing the sheriff and committee left the Pathfinder and one of the policemen on shore harangued the crowd on the long wharf while the official party stepped ashore at the new boat landing.

The following Board of Health had been selected. The outside delegates appointing Hilo men to look after their interests: Dr. John Grace, president; Dr. W. L. Moore, Dr. N. Russell, Dr. A. Archer, John T. Moir, C. C. Kennedy and A. B. Loebenstein. A meeting was held at 3 p. m. and it was decided to restrict shipments of freight to certain articles, but following the custom of the national Board in Honolulu this was afterwards revoked at a later meeting and the quarantine made absolute. It is thought that "absolutism" is a ruse and that the Board will play the "joker" when excitement dies down.

All Japanese were landed from the vessel, those for Oloa being taken to Puna, from which place they will walk about three miles to Hackfeld's coffee plantations. General satisfaction is expressed at the strict quarantine.

A meeting of the Board is being held now, 3:30 p. m., and other changes may be made.

ROCKS FOR ANDREWS.

A Hilo correspondent writes as follows in regard to the recent Kinau difficulty at the Rainy City: Sheriff

Andrews came aboard the Kinau Monday morning to see Minister Cooper and, on going back to the wharf a crowd of some 200 people stood by and refused to allow him a landing. Seeing that he was bent on making a landing they pelted him with rocks as did the Kaonaniis in the time of Marsha Parke. One of these fell into the boat and Sheriff Andrews now has this preserved among his souvenirs.

MINISTER COOPER'S TRIP.

Attorney General Cooper made the following statement to a Bulletin reporter:

"I left on board the steamship Kinau Saturday evening at 11:15. We went direct to Hilo and arrived there about 7 o'clock Sunday evening. On arrival we were met by Sheriff Andrews in a shore boat and were told by him to bring the ship to anchor.

"After the ship was anchored I asked him to come aboard and discuss the situation with me. He said the island was united in support of his quarantine regulations and if any attempt was made to come ashore there would be bloodshed. I thoroughly canvassed the situation with him.

"Early Monday morning I sent for Sheriff Andrews and informed him that it would be necessary to rescind all of his regulations, and I would accept his resignation as agent of the Board of Health. He went ashore and posted a proclamation rescinding his regulations, and later he submitted his resignation. Also he arranged a meeting on board the U. S. S. Pathfinder.

"Shortly afterward I received a call from Captain Perkins of the Pathfinder to come on board his ship. About 9:30 the party arrived and went below to the wardrooms, where Captain Perkins had chairs and tables arranged for the meeting.

"The committee was composed of two delegates from each outside district and five from the central committee of Hilo. A general discussion of the situation took place and I informed the agent that no division of authority would be countenanced for a moment, and that the Board of Health at Honolulu was in entire command of the situation.

"They requested that commissions be issued to their committee with full power to act so far as their island was concerned. I told them it would be impossible unless under authority of the Board of Health at Honolulu. They intimated that the time had arrived for 'home rule' so far as health was concerned.

"The outer districts with one accord expressed their confidence in the Board of Health at Honolulu, saying they would abide by the rules and regulations of the Board.

"After considerable debate it was decided to form a central committee at Hilo, each delegation to elect one member thereof. A committee of seven was accordingly elected, the outer districts requesting that the committee would consider the desires of the outside districts.

"The meeting then adjourned for lunch, Captain Perkins entertaining Representatives Paris and Loebenstein with myself on board ship. "I met the committee of seven again in the afternoon and after considerable debate they decided to present no objection to landing the Japanese immigrants and certain articles of freight.

"In the meantime Sheriff Andrews met with opposition from some of the people, owing to his having been aboard the Kinau, also, I presume, to the fact that he had rescinded his regulations. Several attempts at assault on him were made. They threw stones at him in the boat and chased him from wharf to wharf. He reported Monday afternoon that he was unable to control the situation from a police standpoint.

"On Tuesday 517 Japanese were landed—some at Paauhau and Pohoiki, the remainder at Coconut Island, from whence they were released on Wednesday morning.

"There were six of Wilder's steamers at Hilo. The Kilauea Hou and the Hawaii being in local service were not inconvenienced. The others were the Helene, Maui, Kalulani and Kinu. The Kinu did not discharge all of her freight, as the consignees would not accept it. Captain Freeman offered to discharge the freight and was notified by the consignees not to do it. The freight which was refused by the consignees consisted chiefly of sugar bags, liquors and a large consignment of oil.

"After the committee left the Pathfinder on Monday afternoon they went ashore and passed this resolution:

"Hilo, Hawaii, H. I., Jan. 15th, 1900. To Hon. H. E. Cooper, Honolulu, H. I. Sir—I have the honor to inform you that it has been decided by the committee appointed by delegates from the several districts of the island of Hawaii to suspend communication with the port of Honolulu until further notice. I am, sir, your obedient servant, "JOHN G. GRACE," "Chairman."

"Before I left Hawaii, however, I received assurances from nearly all the delegates of the outer districts that they did not approve of the action of the central committee, and that they were willing to abide by the decisions of the Board of Health of Honolulu in all matters pertaining to the situation. "I made no attempt whatever to land at Hilo."

Parker and the President.

When United States Senator Clark was in San Francisco recently he stated that Col. Sam Parker was doing more good work in Washington for Hawaii than Hartwell, Smith and their whole combination put together.

He also told a good story on Mr. Parker that will be appreciated by those who know Parker's half-fellow-well-m-t ways. When Parker called upon the President the latter said, "I suppose you knew my brother Abner."

"Oh yes" returned Parker "I knew him very well. He used to tell me I never went East to stop at C. T. and call on his brother Billy."

The President turned the conversation to another matter making no response to the pleasant y. After the interview, the Senator worried Parker by telling him he had given offense by being too familiar. As a matter of fact, while Mr. McKinley as President could hardly respond to the remark, Col. Parker by his straightforward unassuming manner quite won the heart of the Chief executive.

BUILD GARBAGE CREMATORY

At the Executive Council meeting today, thanks were voted to Col. Mills and Col. Ruhlén for kindly co-operation in supplying material for the National Guard of which they were in need and unable to procure from other sources.

The Minister of the Interior was authorized to proceed with the construction of further accommodation in some suitable locality, for people released from quarantine. The Richards lot on the other side of Nuuanu stream was suggested as a good site.

The Minister was also authorized to build a shed for storing cement, and the Collector General a similar structure for the storage of oil and inflammable material, the expense to come out of the emergency appropriation, as the storehouses for those purposes had been taken by the Board of Health.

Further, the Minister was instructed to procure suitable plans and erect a garbage crematory of proper size, drawing on the \$30,000 appropriated by the Council of State for that purpose.

DEATHS ON MOLOKAI.

News comes from Molokai that early in the week the death of R. T. Wilbur, bookkeeper at the Kamalo plantation occurred. In addition to this the deaths of Kawenui and Libby Nahinu as well as a number of Japanese, is recorded. It is said that all these resulted from typhoid fever, but nevertheless, the people of Molokai are considerably stirred up.

Surgeons for Honolulu.

Upon the recommendation of the chief surgeon of the department eleven enlisted men of the hospital corps will be sent by their respective commanding officers to Honolulu, H. I., by regular mail steamer, it being impracticable to furnish transportation on Government transports. Upon arrival in Honolulu they will report for duty at the United States Military Hospital and at Camp McKinley, Honolulu.—S. F. Bulletin.

The Evening Bulletin, 75 cents per month.

Just received the very thing to gladden the hearts of the ladies.

The most acceptable Xmas gift your wives, sisters or daughters is a pair of our BEADED STRAP SLIPPERS



These are included in the 7000 pairs shoes just opened ex S. S. Austria in an hold premier place for beauty.

The Manufacturers' Shoe Co