

EVENING BULLETIN

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Territory of Hawaii, Honolulu,) as: County of Oahu,)

C. G. BOCKUS, Business Manager of the Bulletin Publishing Company, Limited, being first duly sworn, on oath deposes and says: That the following is a true and correct statement of circulation for the week ending March 23rd, 1906, of the Daily and Weekly Editions of the Evening Bulletin: Saturday, Mar. 17, 2418 Sunday, Mar. 18, 2172 Monday, Mar. 19, 2168 Tuesday, Mar. 20, 2168 Wednesday, Mar. 21, 2182 Thursday, Mar. 22, 2185 Friday, Mar. 23, 2167 Average Daily Circulation 2215 Circulation of Weekly Bulletin, Tuesday, March 20th, 1906 2365 Number of Weeklies delivered on the island of Hawaii alone 1058 Combined guaranteed average circulation 4580 BULLETIN PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED. By C. G. BOCKUS, Business Manager.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 24th day of [SEAL] March, A. D. 1906. P. H. BURNETTE, Notary Public, First Judicial Circuit.

FRIDAY, MARCH 30, 1906.

IMMIGRATION OR GALLERY PLAY

Responding to The Bulletin's query as to the sincerity of Secretary Atkinson's methods in dealing with European immigration, publication is made of the clipping produced in this paper from the San Francisco Call. The Call article is paralleled with a news-story that was published in The Bulletin of a previous date. The assumption is made that the correspondent of the Call took his article from The Bulletin news-article. We assume that this is a statement of fact, as the correspondent is probably responsible for it. This brings the whole matter right down to the facts and incidents which have either furnished increasing evidence that the Secretary of the Territory in lambasting the planters was playing fast and loose—with the Governorship taking precedence over the immigrant—or was and has been wonderfully misunderstood.

The article published as a news-story in The Bulletin was the direct result of a conversation of the Secretary of the Territory with an acknowledged opponent of plantation interests. While direct questions were not used, the statements therein contained were the reflection of the definite impression conveyed by the talk of the Territorial Secretary. There was no question of the Secretary's attitude on that occasion. Furthermore, there can be no question that the Secretary in his remarks to a Bulletin representative gave the impression that he was well pleased with the general atmosphere of the article published by The Bulletin. Yet within two hours after the Secretary of the Territory repudiated through the columns of another paper, certain of the assertions for which his words furnished the basis.

Not only this. When the editorial comment of The Bulletin did not follow along the same lines as the news-story, the Secretary delivered himself of expressions unprintable but to the effect that the Bulletin is sucking at planters' pap. Such changes of front may represent a policy that will bring European immigrants to the Territory. If they do, then The Bulletin confesses that it has misunderstood the real purpose of the Secretary. They are, nevertheless, matters of fact.

It is all very well to cry out that The Bulletin is striving to discredit the Territorial Administration, but the record of events points more strongly to the Territorial Administration discrediting itself.

Whether the Secretary intends it or not—we assume that he doesn't—he is creating the impression that the only definite immigration policy is to be all things to all men. Meanwhile the European immigrants are just as many miles from Hawaii as they ever were. The only result is bluster at the planters one day, variation or repudiation of the bluster the next.

If the people have erred in assuming that all this is a play to the gallery for the supposed purpose of feeding personal ambition, the error is entirely human. No competent policy of state is ever one thing today and directly opposite the next, according to real or supposed views of the individuals encountered. Since the kaleidoscopic changes are not in keeping with a competent policy of state, the apparent explanation turns naturally in the direc-

tion of personal aspirations or folly. There is no necessity for damning the planters in public and a few days thereafter allowing it to be understood in private that only a little damn was meant. That will not bring European immigrants nor solve the vital labor and social problems of this Territory.

Either the planters are acting in good faith or they are not. From all The Bulletin can observe, they have not only acted in good faith thus far but have backed their faith with coin that has been expended by the Secretary of the Territory. If, indeed, they are not doing what is right, there is a fair, straightforward way of stating their error. This has not been done, but directly the reverse.

The Bulletin does not believe there is a plantation interest in the Islands that does not prefer a homesteaded laborer to the transitory individual laborer at any time to take up his bed and walk. This paper does not believe any good-sized number of intelligent people will hold that an agricultural class of white citizen-labor can be built up in the Territory, except through the cooperation of the sugar plantations. Assuming that this is the situation, what has the head of the Territorial Board of Immigration done to get the immigrants, beyond twisting the tail of the sugar-plantation lion and then sit still and declare that the beast must come to HIS policy.

What is HIS policy? The unexpected illness of the Governor prevented the trip of the Chairman of the Board of Immigration to the Azores. He was about to sail. What sudden change has come over the condition of affairs when, after returning to the Territory, it is apparently discovered that everything is all wrong and must be done over again in order to square with the Chairman's "policy"?

If the swashbuckling attitude assumed by the Acting-Governor is not to curry favor with the alleged ideas of the President, then it doesn't rise above the plane of monkeyshine. The question then arises whether the President fully understands conditions or is being "educated" with a purpose. Regardless of what has been done or hasn't, the straightforward method is the only proper, prompt and effective means of landing European immigrants in Hawaii, and that method has not been adopted.

Until this is the characteristic of the Immigration policy, inspired articles, whether published in the news-columns of The Bulletin or grasped with avidity by certain foreign correspondents, can make only one impression on the community. Citizens of average intelligence can understand the difference between business and business-like policies, and the wonder of it all is that there should be so much time wasted in shifting from pillar to post, saying one thing to one man and another to the next, when there are so many earnest men and honorable interests ready to back the clear-cut policy that requires no quibbling over whether it belongs to the planters or is the result of the Secretary of the Territory's alleged whipping-into-line tactics.

If there is any doubt of the plan to create the impression that the Secretary is "winding-up" the sugar-planters, the following dispatch, published by the Chronicle of March 7 furnishes whatever deficiency might exist in the Call item. Hawaii knows that previous to the meeting at which Secretary Atkinson exploded with bombast against the planters, the one-acre homestead clause had already been accepted. Honolulu, March 6. — Several leading plantations have agreed to meet the terms insisted upon by Secretary Atkinson for the importation of European settlers, including an allowance of at least an acre homestead for each family. It is believed that enough planters have accepted Secretary Atkinson's terms to insure a heavy immigration of Portuguese or other Europeans. A committee is working on a revision of the planters' offers and terms to meet the demands of Secretary Atkinson. Hawaii needs immigrants. It can get Governors any day.



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- Furnished house, Pacific Heights. Four Bedrooms \$75 00 Emma St. 30 00 Gandall Lane 25 00 Cor. Young and Aloha Lane 18 00 Cor. King and Aloha Lane 20 00 Maikiki Beach 40 00 College Hills 40 00 Kinau Street 27 50 Lunalilo Street 50 00

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The drudgery of house work seems never ending to tired-out, dispirited women who suffer from female complaints or irregularities. Inflammation and ulceration cause fearful bearing-down pains which are aggravated by much standing on the feet, and lifting necessary in house work.

But let no woman despair of relief from this torture. That famous tonic reconstructor of diseased or disordered female organism, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

has cured more than one million American Women, and it will cure you. When troubled with painful irregularities, when back-aches and headaches drive out all ambition, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will bring back health, strength, and happiness.

It Gave Me New Life and Vigor DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Last spring, while we were moving, I did considerable more work than my strength permitted, and, having mental trouble at the same time, my health broke down completely and I found myself unable to rest or eat. My nervous system became shattered and I was pale and emaciated and had to take to my bed. My sister advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and, although I had no faith in patent medicines, I was so miserable that I would take anything for relief. I found that it made a complete change for the better, inducing appetite and restful sleep and imparting new life and vigor to my entire system. I gained nearly fourteen pounds, my complexion looked fresh and clear, and my best friends were surprised and pleased at the change and could hardly credit the fact that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had accomplished it.

HONORA LILLIAN HENRY, Director Seattle Dramatic Club. 1118 31st Ave., South, Seattle, Wash.

Do not let disease make headway. Write at once to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free and will contain information of great value to you. Mrs. Pinkham is daughter-in-law of Lydia E. Pinkham, and for twenty-five years under her direction and since her decease, she has been advising sick women free of charge.

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EHLERS Good Goods

CLOSED CHE-FA BANKS

(Continued from Page 1.) At the beginning of our inquiry there were four banks running full blast, each having two drawings daily, and the winning word for each of these banks for each drawing was being almost publicly announced. Tickets for this lottery were being purchased by both sexes of practically all nationalities, and the amount of money staked each day must have reached thousands of dollars. This is shown by the fact that the agents' tickets deposited at only one of several designated places, for one drawing, represented an amount exceeding \$800. Agents of these banks were located in all parts of the city, and in many instances openly solicited residents to purchase chances.

"These banks are no longer doing business so far as we can ascertain, and it is to be hoped they will remain closed, for they are a serious menace to the moral and financial welfare of the community. As the efforts of the Grand Jury in getting at the root of the gambling evil have resulted in the cessation of these games and the closing of the che fa banks, it is now up to the proper authorities to be alert in their duties, as by so doing the gambling games and che fa banks can be kept forever closed.

"Operating as a Grand Jury it was extremely difficult to obtain sufficient evidence to indict in che fa cases, due to the operation of the game upon our institution of the investigation, but we firmly believe that constant vigilance and vigorous prosecution on the part of the proper authorities will result in the desired end being attained. The amounts played in these banks reach such vast proportions that the Grand Jury feels that this community should be informed and become aware of the menace which this evil presents, in order that it in future insist upon the stamping out of these nefarious institutions. We believe this can be accomplished by the means above suggested, and by the infliction of the maximum penalty provided by law in cases where conviction may be obtained.

"In this connection we also desire to report that valuable assistance would have been rendered this Grand Jury had the Supreme Court, after its decision in the case of Y. Ah Nin, amended its rule governing the proceedings of Grand Jurors, so that an oath of secrecy might lawfully be administered by the Grand Jury to witnesses appearing before it. Without such an oath it is often impossible to accomplish the object intended by the inquiry or investigation and the work of the Grand Jury is unnecessarily hampered and impeded.

"In conclusion we desire to express our appreciation of the able assistance and cooperation rendered by the Attorney General and his efficient staff during the course of our investigations." The eight indictments placed on the secret file are not thought to contain any charges against gamblers. As a matter of fact it is safe to say that none

of the big che-fa men, whose presence before the inquisition caused such a stir, have been indicted. As it is generally understood that the four big banks closed until the Grand Jury has reported, in order to determine just what their position was, it will be interesting to notice whether they will now start in business again or will remain dormant.

JOHNSON SHOWED ANGER

(Continued from Page 1.) would be full evidence in this regard, and that cross-examination of Mrs. Wharton on the point would be unnecessary.

"Did Johnson sleep at your place on the night of Jan. 27? (the night preceding the day of the murder) asked Harrison.

"After he left the house on Jan. 2 Johnson was not at supper," said Mrs. Wharton. "We sleep in different parts of the house and I cannot say if he slept at home or not. I judged from the looks of the bed clothes on Wednesday morning, that he had slept there. I went there after breakfast, which we had at about 8 o'clock. I did not hear him come into his room during the night."

Harrison further tried to obtain some information regarding the defendant's habits, whether he stayed home

at nights, what meals he had at the house, etc. Mrs. Wharton answered that Johnson had his breakfast and supper at the house, but otherwise she could not tell about his habits, as she was a busy woman and had had no time to observe them. "What I know is this," she said, "sometimes when he goes to work I have to wait for him with his meals. On Sundays he sometimes came home late, about 9 o'clock, and in such cases I did not wait supper for him, as I had told him that there would always be something prepared for him in the safe."

Just Received Willcox & Gibbs New Automatic Sewing Machines THE FAVORITE FAMILY MACHINE. GARLAND STOVES and RANGES A CARLOAD JUST TO HAND. GET THE BEST. COFFEE and TEA POTS CHAFING DISHES NICKEL-PLATED ON PLANISHED COPPER. WHITE CHINA for Decorating EDDYS REFRIGERATORS and Ice Chests THE OLD ORIGINAL DIRECT FROM THE FACTORY. STILL UNEQUALED. Pacific Hardware Co., Ltd. FORT AND MERCHANT STREETS.

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AL 11:30 o'clock Harrison finished his cross-examination and Prosser began his re-direct, his first question being what Mrs. Wharton had meant by "dirty" when she had said that Johnson's clothes were dirty. "When I saw him at 12 o'clock there was a certain amount of dust about his knees. It was not, however like the dirt on his sleeves. These were stains which had worked into the cloth. I did not notice any stains about the front of his trousers. I could not tell if the dirt on his hands was the result of blood-stains or not. I noticed they were dirty."

"The conversations I had with Johnson were in English. I had never permitted Johnson to take the children away from the premises, and he had never done so. He did not present the children with any candies after I had the trouble with him on Christmas Day, and he did not play with them before on the day he played with the children at the swing. I could not tell you how long he played with them on that day. It was at 9 o'clock that I sent Simeon down to the slope to play with the children, and when I returned later on to see where the children were, I saw Simeon with Johnson at the swing. I do not know how long he had been playing with him then. The only difference I saw in Johnson's demeanor was that during the Christmas week he did not have as much to say to me as he generally had."

WEATHER REPORT

U. S. Weather Bureau, Local Office, Honolulu, March 30. Temperatures—6 a. m., 68; 8 a. m., 70; 10 a. m., 72; noon, 73; morning minimum, 67. Barometer, 8 a. m., 30.08; absolute humidity, 8 a. m., 5.187 grains per cubic foot; relative humidity, 8 a. m., 65 per cent; dew point, 8 a. m., 58. Wind—6 a. m., velocity 10, direction E; 8 a. m., velocity 14, direction E; 10 a. m., velocity 12, direction E; noon, velocity 19, direction E. Rainfall during 24 hours ended 5 a. m., trace. Total wind movement during 24 hours ended at noon, 305 miles. ALEX. McC. ASHLEY, Section Director, U. S. Weather Bureau.

The house of a native beyond the Rodiek residence in Nuanuan valley burned today. The house had been built only five months. The house with its contents were destroyed.

TO ENTERTAIN SEAMEN.

The Seamen's Institute cordially invite the men from the cruisers and all other vessels in port to an impromptu entertainment to be held in the Castle & Cooke hall, corner of Bethel and King streets, tomorrow, Saturday, evening at 8 o'clock. Supper will be served.

YOU SHOULD READ SATURDAY'S BULLETIN. MILITARY AMERICA.

Washington, March 6.—The question of the enlargement of the medical department of the army occupied the major portion of the time of the Senate today. The question arose in connection with the consideration of a bill for the displacement of contract surgeons by physicians, who shall be given the rank of army officers and for the reorganization of the medical corps. Hale criticized the bill as an entering wedge for an increase of the army and as a part of a general plan of the general staff, which he charged with a purpose to increase the army's importance. The Senator said the general staff was disposed to encourage an invasion of China. Carter and Gallinger spoke in somewhat the same vein, while the bill was defended by Warren, Blackburn and other Senators. Speaking of the general staff, Hale said: "All these bills have their root there. I find that this staff, dealing with an army of 60,000 men, is disporting itself as the general staffs in Europe do, whereas in Germany, for instance, there is an army of 700,000 or 800,000 men. While the plans pursued are proper there, where each country is surrounded by powerful neighbors, it is not proper here, where there is no danger."

Hale said that the general staff had prepared plans for the invasion of China by an American army, but he added that he did not mean to go into the subject. He added: "With the Secretary of State sitting on the lid, I do not believe we are likely to have war."

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