BIG SANDY NEWS.

Aut inveniam viam, aut faciam.

VOL. IX, NO. 13 — LOUISA, LAWRENCE COUNTY, KENTUCKY, NOVEMBER 24, 1893. — M. F. CONLEY, Publishe

NEWS ITEMS.

Russia is negotiating for a naval station off the coast of Greece.

The Newberry library has been moved into its magnificent new quarters at Chicago.

Emperor William formerly opened the German reichstag Thursday. He thanked members for passing the army bill.

A gang of thieves, similar to the one recently broken up, is operating extensively in Preston and Barbour counties, W. Va.

Daniel Frish, separated from his family for 30 years and given up for dead, has turned up at their home, at Frankton, Ind.

At Charleston, W. Va., thirty United States prisoners were fined $100 for illicit whisky distilling, and four were acquitted.

James W. Carter, of Carrollton, Ky., was Friday sentenced to five years in the penitentiary for passing forged checks in Madison, Ind.

The United States grand jury, Wednesday, began an investigation of the wrecking of the Indianapolis bank by the Haugheys and Coffin.

At Hancock, Mich., M. J. Andrews was killed by a mass of falling rock, and Henry Trevenow was fatally injured. Both men have families.

A license to wed has been issued to J. L. Collison and Maud M. Parking, of Mt. Vernon, O. They were divorced at a recent term of court.

Mrs. Imogene Hyatt has sued Alfred Tucker, a wealthy widower, of Peru, Ind., for $[illegible] for breach of promise. She was formerly his housekeeper.

An attempt will probably be made to hold over the old city council, Frankfort, Ky., for two years on the ground that the new one was illegally elected.

The Wisconsin Marine and Fire Insurance Co., bank, of Milwaukee, better known as the "Blackholl," will resume. Its creditors will receive dollar for dollar.

The date for holding the special meeting of the Ohio state board of pardons has been changed from November 30, Thanksgiving day, to December 7, one week later.

Ira Kruik, living near Phoenixia, Pa., insane from religion, announced that in a revelation God had commended him to fast. He proceeded to do so, and died on the fifty-first day.

Ex-President Harrison has accepted the invitation to become the guest of the Union league, Philadelphia, and has named the evening of December 21 as the time for the affair.

Over five hundred United states prisoners are confined in Charleston, W. Va., awaiting trial. The jail being unable to accommodate them, they are scattered at various places throughout the town.

A coal car ran over Dan McCarty at Elm Alr mines near Clarksville, Tenn., mangling him horribly, causing death instantly. Half his head was mashed off and found sticking to the car wheels.

Higher prices were the rule at the stock exchange, New York, at the opening Friday morning. The improvement ranged from ⅛ to 1 per cent., and was most marked in the case of the industrials.

Diphtheria has broken out at Bloomdale, Wood county, O., and the contagion is spreading. Many critical cases are reported, and the schools have been closed on account of the prevalence of the disease.

Gen. Jos. Marti, representative of the independent party of Cuba in the United States, received a dispatch Thursday to the effect that the Cuban rebellion is at an end, and that the insurgents have surrendered.

The British government has yielded to the claim of the Christian Brothers and other Catholic communities in Ireland that they may participate in the educational grants without removing the religious emblems from their schools.

Wm. Blanckheim, an old and highly respected German resident, was instantly killed by falling from the second story of the new Lutheran school building, Laporte, Ind., where he was at work. He leaves a widow and six children.

"Sally" Donovan, the horse-trainer, Thursday pleaded guilty of manslaughter at Freehold, N. J., for the killing of John Chew at the Monmouth race track August 6 last, and was sentenced to ten years' imprisonment in the state prison.

An immense gathering of people from the country districts Wednesday witnessed the unveiling of the new soldiers' monument. The ceremony was presided over by Gov. Werts, and several regiments of state militia added eclat to the event.

Helen Gould, the 21-year-old daughter of the late wizard of Wall street, the heiress of $10,000,000, has followed in the footsteps of her brother George, and chosen a life partner from the stage. The fortunate man is said to be Harry Woodruff, a young actor.

A passenger train on the Eastern Alabama railroad was derailed and wrecked near Lafayette Thursday morning. The coaches caught fire, and Thomas Driver, a passenger, was burned to death in the smoking car. Several passengers were injured.

A bronze life statue of Gen. James Shields, of Missouri, hero of two wars, and United States senator from Illinois, Minnesota and Missouri, was received at Washington Friday, and will soon be placed in Statuary hall, beside the statues of Lincoln and Hamilton.

The United States court of appeals, Chicago, will soon be removed to the Masonic Temple. Apartments in that building were secured as a result of the refusal of the court to further endanger their lives by occupying their old chambers in the government building.

The first work of the baseball convention at New York, Friday, was to readopt the resolution adopted last year allowing each club to issue twenty-five passes for the season, good on any league field in the country. The association also readopted the resolution allowing each club 5 per cent. free admission.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Hamlin has issued a circular to customs officers stating that the senate regulations which govern the collection of customs for the World's fair at Chicago will apply to the World's Fair Prize Winners' exposition to be held in New York.

At Tacoma, Wash., Albert Lauren[illegible] Mrs. John Peterson, in the abo[illegible] mill area, and then went to the [illegible] near Peterson's home and blew [illegible] brains out with a revolver. [illegible] was in love with Mrs. Peterson [illegible] her marriage [illegible] three [illegible]

WRATHFUL.

The Democracy of the Pacific Slope Heard From on the Hawaiian Affair.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 18.—The Examiner (democratic) prints the following:

Reliable residents in this city say it is not true that Blount took statements of most of the prominent people there who were opposed to the monarchy. Full statements, making by monarchists, were sent to Blount, prepared with care of labor the utmost art of specious lawyers, in the subject, or here back, facts as to make the most plausible showing of their claims. On the other hand the provisional government adherents did not call until they were called for before making statements, and in most instances they were not called for. Those who appeared before Blount included the unsuccessful scholarly Alexander, the vascular Serene Helson, besides Chief Justice Judd, Cabinet Officers Damon and W. O. Smith and a few others whose statements to Blount were largely in answer to such questions as he thought fit to ask. Not one was called of the cabinet composed of P. C. Jones, Mark Robinson, Cecil Brown and Geo. N. Wilcox, whom the ex-queen had dismissed in defiance of public opinion and by the aid of a bribed vote in the legislature. Such men as J. B. Moreno, James T. Burnett, John Ena, F. M. Hatch, Alfred S. Barnard, Judge Hartwell, Frear, Cooper and Whiting, J. B. Atherton, of Castle & Cooke, C. M. Cooke, of Lewers & Cooke, W. W. Hall, Wm. R. Castle and R. O. Hall and son, Wm. G. Walker, Wm. Allen and numerous other prominent men were not asked for statements. Blount was requested to send for several of them and knew what they had to say, but answered that when he wanted them he would let them know. Our Honolulu informants further say that when all the facts about the deposition of Liliuokalani and the establishment of the provisional government shall be fully known a torrent of indignation will set in overwhelmingly against Cleveland's efforts to destroy the existing government of Hawaii and restore the queen, who was deposed because the intelligent classes and property owners could no longer trust themselves to her wholesale, reckless government.

"It is not enough, they say, if Cleveland has not instructed Willis to order the United States marines to Brown Americans, his public disavowal of the official action of Stevens and Willis and of the Harrison administration, and his request or demand, it matters not which, for one practically includes the other, that the ex-queen be put back into power, is instrument to all evil elements in Hawaii to acts of violence against the government and against law and order. If such acts shall follow, and if innocent women and children shall suffer, God and all American people, including the bulk of the democratic party, will hold President Cleveland and his administration responsible. Hundreds of homes all over the country have been filled with consternation and with anxiety for the fate of their relatives and friends in Honolulu since the publication of the Gresham letter. If harm shall come to one American in Honolulu from the conduct or threats of President Cleveland, the sensation that was caused by the gun fired on Fort Sumter will be duplicated and this time not in the north alone. President Cleveland and his cabinet have plainly failed to grasp either the legal position or critical nature of the Hawaiian situation. The estimated population of the Hawaiian islands October 1, 1891, was 89,825. The actual census taken December 28, 1890, showed 89,990 including or excluding of about 40,000 Hawaiians, 15,000 Chinese, 12,360 (since increased to 20,000) Japanese and 1,928 Americans, Portuguese, 8,670; Hawaiians born of foreign parents, Mostly Americans, 7,495; Britons, 1,749; Germans, 1,548, and a few hundred foreigners of other nationalities. With the population so made up, it is nothing short of insane, insane, wicked folly to take the course of caps by the small foreign population to the terrors of anarchy. What can a few hundred marines do to stop incendiarism and secret assassination? If Cleveland's orders do not go now to the whole world as far as may be the dire effects of the wicked suggestions in the Gresham letter he may find that the curses, both loud and deep, of the American people will soon be upon him."

A MYSTERIOUS CRANK

Destroys the Upholstering in the Green Room at the White House.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—In spite of all precautions that have been taken for protection of the president and to keep cranks away from the white house, the sacred precincts of the mansion have been entered in some mysterious manner, and the president's household is greatly excited. For many weeks past there has been a series of robberies of a mysterious and peculiar kind in Washington. The burglars have stolen but few things, but have at each visit destroyed a considerable amount of furniture, slashing pianos and chairs and cutting up table linen and clothing. Every effort to trace the criminals has failed.

Without any thought about burglars but solely for the protection of the president, who is greatly afraid of cranks, the white House has been guarded by special detectives and policemen in addition to the regular watchmen, and every precaution has been taken to prevent any unauthorized person from entering the building. The East room only has been open to visitors. No one has been permitted to enter there who looks suspicious, and those who have been permitted to examine the room have been in charge of watchmen. All other parts of the house have been closed to visitors except on special occasions. Notwithstanding all these precautions it has been demonstrated that some one has entered without the knowledge of the guardians.

It has been discovered that some person or persons, possibly a crank, has entered the green room where visitors are not allowed except with a guard in attendance, and slashed the furniture with a knife. Great slashes in the form of a cross have been cut in the beautiful satin upholstery, and other acts of vandalism with no other object in view, or whether it was done by some crank as a warning or threat against the president is not known. The supposition is that the cutting of crosses in the furniture is intended as a threat such as senders of bloodthirsty letters convey by crossbones and skulls. Whatever may be the motive, the fact that an entrance could be made to the building and vandalism committed and the culprit escape without being discovered, has sent cold chills down the back of the president's household.

Diamond Robbery.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Nov. 18.—Three men entered the jewelry store of August Loch, of Federal street, Allegheny, Friday afternoon, and, while two engaged the attention of the clerk, the third grabbed a tray from the window, on which were twenty-four diamonds, valued at $6,000, and ran from the store. The alarm was given at once and the thief was chased to Montgomery avenue and captured. While running he tried to throw the tray into a sewer, but failed. All the diamonds but two were recovered. The thief was identified as Harry Schlatter, of Chicago. His confederates escaped.

Republican Majorities in Iowa.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 18.—The total count of election returns, now completed, shows: Jackson (R.), received 207,139; Boies (D.), 174,599; Josephs (Pop.), 23,811; Mitchell, (Pro.), 10,107. The house will stand republican 79 to 21, and the senate republican 34 to 16.

New Glass Combine.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 18.—Flint glass manufacturers not connected with the United States Glass Co. have decided to form an independent association and start their factories at once. This will give employment to about two thousand men.

THE AUSTRALIA

Arrives in San Francisco and Reports No Change.

No Intention Indicated on the Part of the United States Government to Insist Upon the Restoration of the Queen—Minister Willis' Address.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 20.—The steamship Australia from Honolulu arrived inside the Golden Gate at 8:40 o'clock Saturday forenoon. She brought the news from Honolulu that there had been no change in the political situation. The new United States minister, Willis, presented his credential to President Dole of the provisional government and had not indicated prior to the departure of the Australia any intention on the part of the United States government to insist upon the restoration of Queen Liliuokalani.

HONOLULU, Nov. 11.—But little of a definite nature has transpired since advices by the steamer China were sent. Perhaps the most significant was one of the remarks of Minister Willis, when he presented his credentials on the 7th instant together with the reply of President Dole.

Minister Willis' remarks were as follows:

"MR. PRESIDENT—Mr. Blount, the late envoy extraordinary of the United States to your government, having resigned his office while absent from his post, I have the honor to now present his letter of recall and to express for him his sincere regret that he is unable in person to make known his continued good wishes on behalf of your people and his grateful appreciation of the many courtesies both personal and official, of which while here he was the honored recipient. I desire at the same time to place in your hands a letter accrediting me as his successor. In doing this I am directed by the president to give renewed assurance of friendship, interest and hearty good will which our government entertains for you and for the people of this island realm. Invoking that spirit of peace, friendship and hospitality which has ever been the shield and sword of this country, I now, upon behalf of the United States of America, tender to your people the right hand of good will, which I trust may be as lasting, as I know it to be sincere, expressing the hope that every year will promote and perpetuate that good will to the honor, happiness and prosperity of both governments."

BLOUNT'S REPORT.

Testimony Taken by Him at Honolulu—Minister Stevens Blamed.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Special Commissioner Blount's report, including the testimony taken by him at Honolulu, was made public Sunday by the state department. Among the papers was a long interview had by the commissioner with W. S. A. Damon, who is president of the advisory counsel of the provisional government.

He said he was one of the men who went up to the government house on Monday afternoon, January 17, to read the proclamation declaring the queen deposed and new government in control. He said the queen's ministers practically gave up at the first visit.

They said if they had only the forces of the provisional government to contend with—the forces of the provisional government to fight—they would not surrender. They thought they could meet the emergency as far as the provisional government was concerned, but were willing to yield if the queen was.

It was the queen's idea that she could surrender, pending a settlement at Washington, and it was on that condition that she gave up. He said he knew it was the queen's idea that Mr. Stevens was in sympathy with the movement. The queen reluctantly signed the abdication, and did so on the ground that it would all come up again for review at Washington.

Commissioner Blount had a long interview with Mr. Waterhouse, who was also a member of the committee on safety, and who though also an unwilling witness, corroborated Mr. Damon in most of his statements.

The fact that Mr. Stevens recognized the new government forces before it was in possession of the station house, and before the abdication of the queen, this recognition being used as a weapon to intimidate the queen, is shown by an affidavit of Charles L. Hopkins, who carried a letter from Antoine Ross to Mr. Stevens at 2:45 o'clock January 17.

CUBAN REVOLT.

The Insurgents Well Armed—Skirmishes, With Many Killed on Both Sides.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—In a conversation with one of the Cuban delegates sent to Cuba in disguise by the Cuban societies in this city and Brooklyn, he states: "It is a well-known fact that the Spanish government controls both the telegraph and cable lines, and it is its policy in this political trouble to withhold all authentic news from the outside world. It is a fact that there has been fighting going on for the past few weeks between the insurgents and the Spanish troops. Many lives have been lost on both sides. The insurgents are headed by honorable and brave soldiers. The leader is Higinio Esquerra, a veteran of the war of 1868. A number of arrests have been made by the Spanish government, but from last reports Esqerra is still at the head of the insurgents.

The Rebel Fort Well Prepared.

BUENOS AYRES, Nov. 20.—A Rio de Janeiro journalist named Murat arrived here Sunday. He is a refugee. He says that the revolutionists have ten first-class war ships, twenty-two minor war ships and 3,000 men in their fleet. They have provisions in abundance. The damage caused by the bombardment has already been enormous. Nietheroy is almost completely destroyed.

He says that the report that Admiral Mello favors the restoration of the monarchy and has proclaimed Prince Pedro as emperor of Brazil is a foul calumny.

Afraid of the Anarchists.

MARSEILLES, Nov. 20.—The investigation made by the police into the plot to blow up the residence of Gen. Mathelin, commander of the Fifteenth army corps, has resulted in the discovery of several persons who saw the anarchist criminals on Wednesday night, while the latter were taking steps to carry out the outrage they had planned. The police, however, are unable, it is said, to obtain much information from these people as they fear to risk drawing upon themselves the vengeance of the anarchists. All of the anarchists who have been arrested expressed approval of the outrage.

THE TARIFF BILL.

The Measure Nearly Ready for the Full Committee—Wilson's Ideas Follow Very Closely the Chicago Platform.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Before the sub-committee of ways and means committee having in charge the schedules of the tariff bill adjourn Monday afternoon from their little dark lantern room at the capitol they will have put into shape the new tariff bill. Chairman Wilson has sent out word to a number of personal friends who called to see him, among them three or four interested persons from New York, that he can not see any one Monday, as the last touches are being placed upon the measure, which has been keeping him busy for three months.

The bill will be somewhat revised by the full democratic membership of the committee on ways and means before it will be laid before the entire committee the first of next week, but it may be stated that it will have few material changes from its present figures. The Wilson tariff bill will fairly represent the pledges of the Chicago platform.

It will recognize the assertion that a tariff for protective purposes is unconstitutional and will levy duties only for revenue. The bill will make what might well be termed a "slashing cut." The aim has been, as far as possible, to make horizontal reductions. Where labor has most largely entered into the product the reduction has been less than where capital has been the consideration.

Glass and steel receive the deepest cuts. Blown glass is reduced about one-half, but plate glass is reduced about fifteen per cent. only. Steel rails are heavily cut, and the duties are made ad valorem instead of specific. The many additions to the free list are well known. The principal ones being wool, iron ore, copper, silver, lead ore, salt, lumber, coal and pig iron. As the bill now stands, the bounty on sugar is abolished. It will probably emerge from the committee without any duty being placed upon raw sugar. It is understood, however, that the senate will be expected to place a duty of one cent a pound on raw sugar. The committee have practically abandoned the idea of increasing the tax on malt liquors or whisky. It will leave that as a separate matter. Manufacturers and dealers can make up their minds to see a most extreme tariff bill when this measure is next week given to the public. It is the most sweeping step in the direction of free trade that has been proposed by the democratic party. The publication of the bill should not, however, excite commercial interests, as there is a well matured understanding that while the bill will go through the house in much the same form in which it will be reported to that body, the senate will make radical modifications.

The house bill is to be the party measure, and will be pointed to as the embodiment of the Chicago platform pledges. It will be so liberal that democrats in protection districts will be given an opportunity to save themselves by the introduction of amendments which will be adopted, and then the senate will make certain amendments intended to protect those democratic senators who feel that they can not afford to support the extreme reductions made by the house bill. It is stated that the tariff bill as it will go to the house will affect only import duties, that the internal revenue features and the proposition to levy an income tax will be submitted to the house apart from the tariff bill proper, and that they will come up on their individual merits. There may be a caucus upon one or the other propositions, but it is understood that the tariff bill and an income and internal revenue tax will not be caucussed upon in connection with the tariff bill proper.

ENGLAND SNOWBOUND.

Railway Trains Buried in Twenty-Foot Drifts—Lives and Property Lost.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—The gale in the English channel was renewed with fury Monday. All the boats running between Calais and Dover are storm bound at these two ports, and vessels which are arriving at Dover every hour report having experienced the most fearful weather in the channel and in the North sea. Disasters and fatalities are reported on all sides. The storm has also caused great havoc inland and is continuing its work of destruction. The Great Eastern railroad is blocked with snow, and snow has also stopped all traffic on the Great Northern railroad between Ashwell and Haraton. Near Ashwell a railroad train is embedded in a twenty-foot drift of snow, and a gang of one hundred men with a snow-plow have been at work all day trying to get the way clear.

Eight fishing boats, belonging to Hastings, each carrying a crew of from five to eight men, were still unreported Monday afternoon and but little hope is entertained that they have survived the storm.

The body of Edward Moore, a well-known Staffordshire farmer, was found frozen in the snowdrifts at Scarborough.

Another large portion of the pier at Calais, France, was washed away Monday, and the piers at Dieppe are also so severely damaged that steamboats can not enter the harbor. Channel traffic is now stopped at all points, and many passengers who have been waiting since Saturday to cross the channel, have been put to great inconvenience.

Big Blow in Halifax.

HALIFAX, N. S., Nov. 21.—Mail advices from Newfoundland state that much damage was done by the recent storm. In St. John's half-finished houses were wrecked and fences and trees prostrated. The sea, however, has not been heard from, but it is said its tale will be a mournful one. A few days ago two young women were drowned at Exploit's bay while taking passage to Twillingate in the schooner Tamoran. The schooner met with a heavy squall near Gregs, which threw her on her beam ends, and the two women, who were in the cabin, drowned before they could escape.

Self-Butchery.

ELK RIVER, Minn., Nov. 21.—Fred White, living in the town of Otsego, Wright county, who, while insane two or three months ago, gouged out his eye and was committed to the asylum at St. Peter, escaped from there some three weeks ago. Sunday morning he cut off his right leg above the ankle, then, with his left hand, cut off the right hand at the wrist, using an ax. When found he had partially bound them up with a cord, saying they were bleeding too much. It is a case of religious insanity. He will probably die.

COUNTERFEITS.

Several Railroads Lose a Large Sum by Bogus Tickets.

Scores of Passengers Buy Them of Brokers and Lose Their Money—Not Until the Tickets Reached the Auditing Department Was It Discovered.

CHICAGO, Nov. 20.—Counterfeit tickets to the amount of $100,000 have been honored in the last four weeks by the B. and O., Erie, Pittsburgh and Western, Nickle-Plate and other roads. There was absolutely nothing on the face of the tickets to indicate they were counterfeit. They were accepted without question by conductors, passed readily by the ticket counters and passed off as of legal issue. The tickets are the most perfect counterfeit of any kind ever issued.

The first intimation of any crookedness cropped out in the auditor's office of one of the victimized lines nearly three weeks ago.

In checking two tickets of the same form the same numbers were found. The auditor satisfied himself that both tickets were genuine and sent a stinging note to his printer, scoring him severely for his carelessness. The printer appeared in person with an indignant denial of the charges, but when shown the two tickets of the same number was compelled to acknowledge that the error was made in his office.

The next day the ticket auditor discovered sixty-seven duplicated tickets in the collections. There seemed no possibility of the tickets being counterfeit.

They were exact duplicates. The next day nearly 200 duplicated tickets showed up in the collections, and a panic reigned in the auditing department.

Each of the tickets read from Chicago to New York, and was worth $18. The one day's collections showed the company had honored at least $5,400 worth of tickets for which it had not received a cent of revenue.

Experts were immediately called in. At the end of three days, during which time over three hundred more duplicated tickets piled up in the auditor's office, one of the experts declared that the duplication was a counterfeit. With the aid of a powerful microscope he had at last discovered a minute imperfection in a small letter "o," which showed in just half the duplicated tickets. The imperfection was in the casting of the type, by which it was made nearly ten-thousandths of an inch longer than the rest, or else a particle of dust had raised the type in the form used by the counterfeiters.

In all other respects the jobs were exactly alike. The paper, ink, type and press work could not have been nearer the same if both were printed consecutively with exactly the same materials. Meantime the other roads had been going through the same experience. In each case the tickets were passed without question by all the handlers, including the auditors, and not one was detected until the duplicate numbering appeared.

Each of the roads promptly issued minute instructions to their conductors to take up all the counterfeit tickets and enforce payment of passage from persons holding them.

Each conductor was furnished means to recognize the counterfeits, and the first day the four roads named took up over 600 of them. The passengers were naturally indignant, but each was compelled to acknowledge he had bought the tickets of a Chicago scalper. Nine or ten of the passengers who made written statements of the circumstances declared they had bought the tickets of a notorious ticket-scalper doing business on Clark street. The rest were bought in various offices.

SOUTHERN PROTECTION.

The Iron Men Issue an Appeal Against Free Trade.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Southern manufacturers have issued a public statement appealing to the democratic party for protection.

The statement is an appeal to democrats generally and to the manufacturers of the west and south for co-operation in resisting any legislation having for its object the placing of iron ore and coal upon the free list.

"It is far more important," says the appeal, "to defend the money that has already been invested under the tariff on ore and coal, than to attempt to build up the manufacture of iron in those parts of the country from which it was slowly passing by the operation of natural causes. The state of Michigan produces more iron ore today than all the states put together, omitting Minnesota, and if free iron ore is to be the issue she will need to look to her supremacy.

"The southern iron men have resolved to resist the repeal, forgetting for the moment all differences of political belief and mindful only of that better and more stable thing, to-wit: domestic prosperity. Millions of dollars have been invested in the south in the mining of iron ore and coal on the supposition—and a reasonable one, too—that they would not be put in jeopardy in the house of their friends. If the duty is repealed, and there should follow the erection of furnaces on the coast, as is now anticipated, what is to become of the investment already made? It is easy enough to say, after furnaces have been blown out and rolling-mills closed down, that a mistake has been made, but that will not repair the wrong."

Editor Patroclno Shot.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—A dispatch from Lisbon, received here Saturday, says that a messenger who has arrived there from Brazil announces that Senhor Jose Patrocinio, the editor of a newspaper, who has been continually and strongly opposed to President Peixoto, has been shot by order of the president.

Moonshiners' Cases.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Nov. 20.—Many of the alleged moonshiners who have been dragged from their homes by U. S. Marshals and imprisoned for months are being discharged for lack of evidence.

What Emperor William Wants.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—A dispatch to the times from Berlin says the Germania declares that the Emperor, in his address to the recruits, said: "I want Christian soldiers who say their Lord's prayer. Soldiers are not to have a will of their own. You must have but one will, and that is my will, one law, and that is my law."

Fell Over a Cliff.

SENECA, W. Va., Nov. 20.—Frank Amato, an Italian laborer on the new county road, fell over a cliff at noon, crushing his skull and breaking his back. He only lived a few minutes.

KENTUCKY STATE NEWS.

THE Kentucky Malting Co., of Louisville, has assigned to the German Trust Co. in order to prevent heavy attachments. Assets, $300,000; liabilities $160,000.

REV. ROBERT HENDERSON CALDWELL died at his home in Boyle county, a few nights ago, after a short illness. He was a prominent minister of the Cumberland Presbyterian church and had been pastor of one church for forty years. He leaves a widow and eleven grown children. He was sixty-eight years old.

W. MOSES WEBY, a prominent democratic politician and for four years past sheriff of Christian county, died suddenly of pneumonia at his home, in Madisonville, a few days ago, aged about forty years. He moved to Madisonville only a few days before.

PENSIONS were issued the other day as follows: Restoration and Re-issue—John W. Stump, Mafne, Pendleton county. Renewal—Peter Fellen, Newport, Campbell county. Reissue—Jas. H. Blankinship, Willowtown, Taylor county; Hiram Jones, Louisville. Original Widows, etc.—Alice E. Kennen, Newport, Campbell county. Mexican War survivors, Increase—Hiram Whitman, Bonnieville, Hart county. Survivor Indian Wars—Meriden Melton, Crafton, Christian county.

JAMES F. WALSH, a well known citizen of Eminence, a former merchant and an ex-confederate soldier who served four years with a Mississippi regiment during the late war and bore honorable wounds, died at his home in Eminence a few days since, aged sixty-eight years.

WILL VOWELLS, a compositor, who shot Joe Williams, also a printer, in the leg with a revolver a few nights since while drunk, was the other day indicted by the grand jury at Paducah, for willful and malicious shooting with intent to kill.

F. G. MULLER and W. B. Zoeller, each of whom received 82 votes for council in South Louisville, appeared before the election board and agreed to settle the tie by cutting for the middle page of a book. At the first trial each missed it three pages. On the second trial Miller won.

THE following fourth-class postmasters were appointed a few days since: J. F. Jones, Ritner, Wayne county, vice Isaac Jones, deceased; William Hatfield, Woodbine, Whitley county, vice G. W. Litteral, removed; M. M. Kelsey, Steubenville, Wayne county, vice J. H. Kelsey, deceased.

MISS IRENA KELLY, aged 18, a servant, was fatally burned the other morning at the home of C. A. Ray, of Valley View, by her clothing taking fire at the stove in the dining-room. All her clothing was burned from her body, which was badly charred. The terrible accident recalls the death of Miss Kelly's grandmother, who lost her life in the same tragic manner there a few years ago.

CAPT. STEPHEN E. JONES filed a deed of trust in the circuit court, Louisville, for the benefit of his creditors. He turns all his property over to the Columbia Finance and Trust Co. Mr. Jones is regarded as one of the wealthiest men in the city, and his assets are three times greater than his liabilities, but he is unable to realize on them on account of the present financial depression.

FIRE the other night destroyed the Chesapeake and Ohio and Southwestern freight depot, Owensboro, ten cars of coal, six cars merchandise, two large tobacco warehouses, the property of J. Hardy and E. A. Jones, two residences and a small grocery. Loss will probably reach $150,000.

AT Frankfort the republican candidates for councilmen the other night filed notice of contest against the democrats who hold the certificates.

COUNTY JUDGE SHINN, the other night appointed Daniel Kingley, present city collector, as sheriff of Kenton county, to succeed Pickett Wilson, deceased. The appointment is a surprise, as it was generally expected that Deputy Thomas Dunn, who has been managing the office, would get the place of his dead chief.

GOV. BUCKNER has issued his proclamation fixing Thursday, November 30, as Thanksgiving day.

A seemingly insignificant but really a very material typographical error has just been discovered in section 88 of the corporation act, as printed in the bound copy of the acts recently issued by the public printer. It was first learned of by the insurance commissioner, who, in attempting to construct the law, found himself confronted by the word "or" in the bound copy of the acts, and the word "on" in the pamphlet edition of the corporation act. The part of the section in question reads: "The capital stock and accumulations of all insurance corporations may be invested in bonds and mortgages, lien notes or deeds of trust or unincumbered real estate within the state." The error lies in the last "or" which, from the original bill in the secretary's office, should have been "on." As a company is not applying for organization that has the land itself and not the liens on the lands, a doubt has been sprung as to which word ought to govern the case. The matter will be referred to the attorney general for his opinion.

AT Stanton Mrs. S. B. Blackburn has secured damages against the Kentucky Railroad Co. because a telegraph operator inserted the word "not" in a message, thus causing her to lose the sale of some property.

THE Tobacco Manufacturers' and Buyers' association met in annual session in Louisville, and, after electing officers, adopted a resolution asking congress to put a tax upon leaf tobacco in broken packages.

THE secretary of the treasury has made the following internal revenue appointments in Kentucky: Harry G. Gardiner, gauger in the Louisville district; Edward Duncan, A. L. McDowell and David Harp, storekeepers; Geo. P. Berry and G. G. Bryan, gaugers in the Lexington district.

THE C. and O. S. W. railroad at Paducah has laid off one hundred workmen.

THE secretary of state has asked the attorney general to begin proceedings for the appointment of a receiver for the bank of Middlesboro, alleging that it is insolvent.

LEE HOLLAND, a farm-hand, of McCracken county, was stabbed to death at Boaz, the other evening, by a man named Anderson, who he had found beating a young fellow named Noland had endeavored to pull away. The murderer escaped.

A FOUR-YEAR-OLD child of John F. White, of Richmond, fell into the fire and was burned to death before assistance came.

CUT OUT THIS TICKET.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO R. R.

WILL TAKE YOU FROM LOUISA TO CINCINNATI

34250

if you pay your fare. But if it is Dry Goods, Notions or Footwear that you want, you can save your fare and your time by calling at our store and making your selections from our large stock of choice goods, which we are selling at Cincinnati prices.

BORDERS & STEWARTS.

Does your newest suit suit the season?

Isn't it a trifle shabby—just a little passe?

Doesn't it bears signs of days gone by?

And it doesn't harmonize with the weather?

And it somehow reminds you of a back number?

Isn't it time you had a new dress?

We don't mean to be personal, but really---

Don't you know you want a new dress?

Better call in and see our stock in that line.

We can suit you in price and style

BORDERS & STEWARTS

ONE PRICE CASH HOUSE,

LOUISA, KENTUCKY.

CURRENT TOPICS.

WORTH received $30,000 for one gown.

HALF of Mexico's population are Indians.

PORTUGAL'S royal crown is worth $6,500,000.

A PIE factory in New York city turns out 20,000 pies a day.

A MAINE man recently ate thirty raw eggs in five minutes.

A MISSOURI girl has a foot fifteen and one-half inches long.

TWENTY or more women are practicing law in Chicago.

A WINTER carnival will be held in Quebec next February.

THERE are 2,000 licensed dramshops in the city of St. Louis.

MRS. FRANCES HODGSON BURNETT has leased a house in London.

THE young earl of Dudley's valuable life is insured for $6,000,000.

THE Spanish caravels are to remain in Chicago during the winter.

EX-SECRETARY ROBERT T. LINCOLN has been visiting New Orleans.

GERMANY prohibits the employment of union men on government works.

THE first baby born in the Cherokee strip has been named in honor of Hoke Smith.

THE Philadelphia Record takes note of a cat fight that was won by a scratch.

THE most disastrous flood was that of Holland, 1530; 400,000 persons were drowned.

A CHICAGO plumber has bought for $100 the Vermont state building, which cost $15,000.

ROSE-LEAF JAM is a common dish in Roumania, where roses are grown by the million.

THIEVES at Tecumseh, Mich., lately carried away a bee hive—honey, bees, stings and all.

A NEW YORK firm is constructing an electric launch for the Grand Duke Alexis, of Russia.

THERE are forty-eight diseases of the eye. No other organ of the human body has so many.

J. S. HARRISON, brother of the ex-president, is a candidate for surveyor of port in Kansas City.

FRENCH scientists have devised an artificial larnyx which is claimed to enable the dumb to speak.

THE biggest wooden ship afloat is the clipper Roanoke, 3,400 tons gross measurement and 335 feet long.

GEORGETOWN, Mo., has a female jeweler. There are said to be but two others in the United States.

MISS RYE, the English philanthropist, has introduced 4,000 English pauper children into Canadian homes.

SINCE the reduction of cab fares in London the ratio of patronage to population has risen from 14.6 to 77.

A MISSOURI man wants a silver-gray jack, a shepherd dog and a light Brahma chicken carved on his tombstone.

BARBERS in the senate barber's shop are not allowed to talk to senatorial customers unless the latter speak first.

SPRINGVILLE, Mich., has a minister named Divine, but Nashville, Mich., has two preachers named Trott and Hotier.

AMBER, often classed among gems, is a fossil product. Most of the specimens inclosing insects are manufactured from gum copal.

THE schooner Gov. Ames, Capt. C. A. Davis, will shortly load 1,803,000 feet of lumber at Seattle, Wash., for the United Kingdom.

PETROLEUM has fallen in price to one cent a gallon on the east coast of Siberia by reason of an immense deposit just found there.

FIREMEN at Tallahassee, Fla., are paid $2 each for every fire at which they unreel the hose and $1 when the hose is not needed.

THE king chicken hatcher of this country is a denizen of New Jersey. He runs a hatchery which turns out 250,000 chicks a year.

MRS. HARRIET VAN DERBURG, colored, a life-long resident of Illinois, died recently at Springfield, at the reputed age of 110 years.

HENRY HOVER, a Washington county (N. Y.) constable, is six feet, four and one-half inches tall, weighs 280 pounds and is a giant in strength.

A MEMORIAL window to Gen. Stonewall Jackson is to be placed in the Presbyterian church at Lexington, Va., of which he was formerly a member.

TEXAS is a big and still a roomy state. Of its 250 counties, 26 have less than 100 inhabitants; 37 others have less than 1,000, and only 81 have over 10,000.

DWIGHT L. MOODY, the evangelist, is to conduct a series of revival meetings in Washington this winter if sufficient money can be raised to meet the expenses.

A SACRAMENTO policeman was held up and robbed of $1.50 while on his beat a few days ago, and the audacious footpads who accomplished the feat got safe away.

HOYT, the playwright, is said to be worth a million or two. When he entered upon his managerial career he and his partner had a combined capital of $5,000.

IT is reported from Japan that a syndicate of Americans has a project on foot for the establishment of a gigantic clock and watch manufactory in Tokio, which is to employ over 10,000 workmen, labor being so cheap in Japan.

THE stockholders interested in the railroad from Acre to Damascus are making propheeies about the time when it will be possible to go from London to India in eight days.

THE birth of a son to the Crown Princess of Roumania makes the heir to that crown, and to the crowns of Germany, Britain, Greece, Hesse and Saxe-Coburg, all descendants of Queen Victoria.

TWO NEGRO thieves at Asheville, N. C., stole among other things a keg of powder. One of them threw a handful on the fire to see if it was good. It was. The two Negroes did not recover.